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Foreword

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

Version x.y.z

where:

- x the first digit:
 - 1 presented to TSG for information;
 - 2 presented to TSG for approval;
 - 3 or greater indicates TSG approved document under change control.
- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

In the present document, modal verbs have the following meanings:

- shall** indicates a mandatory requirement to do something
- shall not** indicates an interdiction (prohibition) to do something

The constructions "shall" and "shall not" are confined to the context of normative provisions, and do not appear in Technical Reports.

The constructions "must" and "must not" are not used as substitutes for "shall" and "shall not". Their use is avoided insofar as possible, and they are not used in a normative context except in a direct citation from an external, referenced, non-3GPP document, or so as to maintain continuity of style when extending or modifying the provisions of such a referenced document.

- should** indicates a recommendation to do something
- should not** indicates a recommendation not to do something
- may** indicates permission to do something
- need not** indicates permission not to do something

The construction "may not" is ambiguous and is not used in normative elements. The unambiguous constructions "might not" or "shall not" are used instead, depending upon the meaning intended.

- can** indicates that something is possible
- cannot** indicates that something is impossible

The constructions "can" and "cannot" are not substitutes for "may" and "need not".

- will** indicates that something is certain or expected to happen as a result of action taken by an agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document
- will not** indicates that something is certain or expected not to happen as a result of action taken by an agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document
- might** indicates a likelihood that something will happen as a result of action taken by some agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

might not indicates a likelihood that something will not happen as a result of action taken by some agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

In addition:

is (or any other verb in the indicative mood) indicates a statement of fact

is not (or any other negative verb in the indicative mood) indicates a statement of fact

The constructions "is" and "is not" do not indicate requirements.

1 Scope

The present document specifies the signalling control protocols needed to support Mission Critical Data (MCData) communications as specified by 3GPP TS 23.282 [2]. The present document specifies both on-network and off-network protocols.

The present document utilises the common functional architecture to support mission critical services as specified in 3GPP TS 23.280 [3], in support of MCData communications.

The MCData service can be used for public safety applications and also for general commercial applications e.g. utility companies and railways.

The present document is applicable to User Equipment (UE) supporting the MCData client functionality, and to application servers supporting the MCData server functionality.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.

- [1] 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".
- [2] 3GPP TS 23.282: "Functional architecture and information flows to support Mission Critical Data (MCData); Stage 2".
- [3] 3GPP TS 23.280: "Common functional architecture to support mission critical services; Stage 2".
- [4] IETF RFC 3261 (June 2002): "SIP: Session Initiation Protocol".
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- [6] IETF RFC 3428 (December 2002): "Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Extension for Instant Messaging".
- [7] IETF RFC 6050 (November 2010): "A Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Extension for the Identification of Services".
- [8] IETF RFC 3841 (August 2004): "Caller Preferences for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)".
- [9] IETF RFC 4826 (May 2007): "Extensible Markup Language (XML) Formats for Representing Resource Lists".
- [10] 3GPP TS 24.379: "Mission Critical Push To Talk (MCPTT) call control Protocol specification".
- [11] 3GPP TS 24.481: "Mission Critical Services (MCS) group management Protocol specification".
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- [13] IETF RFC 4483 (May 2006): "A Mechanism for Content Indirection in Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Messages".
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- [15] 3GPP TS 24.582: "Mission Critical Data (MCData) media plane control Protocol specification".
- [16] IETF RFC 3840 (August 2004): "Indicating User Agent Capabilities in the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)".
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- [18] IETF RFC 5366 (October 2008): "Conference Establishment Using Request-Contained Lists in the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)".
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- [21] IETF RFC 6086 (January 2011): "Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) INFO Method and Package Framework".
- [22] IETF RFC 7230: "Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP/1.1): Message Syntax and Routing".
- [23] IETF RFC 7231: "Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP/1.1): Semantics and Content".
- [24] 3GPP TS 24.482: "Mission Critical Services (MCS) identity management Protocol specification.
- [25] 3GPP TS 24.334: "Proximity-services (ProSe) User Equipment (UE) to Proximity-services (ProSe) Function Protocol aspects; Stage 3".
- [26] 3GPP TS 33.180: "Security of the Mission Critical Service".
- [27] Void.
- [28] W3C: "XML Encryption Syntax and Processing Version 1.1", <https://www.w3.org/TR/xmlenc-core1/>.
- [29] W3C: "XML Signature Syntax and Processing (Second Edition)", <http://www.w3.org/TR/xmldsig-core/>.
- [30] IETF RFC 4648 (October 2006): "The Base16, Base32, and Base64 Data Encodings".
- [31] 3GPP TS 23.003: "Numbering, addressing and identification".
- [32] IETF RFC 2045 (November 1996): "Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) Part One: Format of Internet Message Bodies".
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3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

An MCDData user is affiliated to an MCDData group: The MCDData user has expressed interest in an MCDData group it is a member of, and both the MCDData server serving the MCDData user and the MCDData server owning the MCDData group have authorized the MCDData user's interest in the MCDData group communication.

An MCDData user is affiliated to an MCDData group at an MCDData client: The MCDData user is affiliated to the MCDData group, the MCDData client has a registered IP address for an IMPU related to the MCDData ID, and the MCDData server serving the MCDData user has authorised the MCDData user's interest in the MCDData group at the MCDData client.

Affiliation status: Applies for an MCDData user to an MCDData group and has one of the following states:

- a) the "not-affiliated" state indicating that the MCDData user is not interested in the MCDData group and the MCDData user is not affiliated to the MCDData group;
- b) the "affiliating" state indicating that the MCDData user is interested in the MCDData group but the MCDData user is not affiliated to the MCDData group yet;
- c) the "affiliated" state indicating that the MCDData user is affiliated to the MCDData group and there was no indication that MCDData user is no longer interested in the MCDData group; and
- d) the "deaffiliating" state indicating that the MCDData user is no longer interested in the MCDData group but the MCDData user is still affiliated to the MCDData group.

Group document: when the group is not a regroup based on a preconfigured regroup, the term "group document" used within the present document refers to the group document for that group within the GMS as specified in 3GPP TS 24.481 [11]; when the group is a regroup based on a preconfigured group, the term "group document" used within the present document refers to the group document for the preconfigured group as specified in 3GPP TS 24.481 [11] restricted to the users or groups included in the regroup stored by the MCDData server at the time of the regroup creation, see clause 23.

Group identity: An MCDData group identity or a temporary MCDData group identity.

In-progress emergency private communication state: the state of two participants when an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication is in progress.

In-progress imminent peril group state: the state of a group when an MCDData imminent peril group communication is in progress.

MCDData client ID: is a globally unique identification of a specific MCDData client instance. MCDData client ID is a UUID URN as specified in IETF RFC 4122 [14].

MCDData emergency alert: A notification from the MCDData client to the MCDData service that the MCDData user has an emergency condition.

MCDData emergency alert state: MCDData client internal perspective of the state of an MCDData emergency alert.

MCDData emergency group state: MCDData client internal perspective of the in-progress emergency state of an MCDData group maintained by the controlling MCDData function.

MCDData emergency group communication: An urgent MCDData group communication that highlights a situation of potential death or serious injury.

MCDData emergency group communication state: MCDData client internal perspective of the state of an MCDData emergency group communication.

MCDData emergency state: MCDData client internal perspective of the state of an MCDData emergency associated with an alert, group communication or one-to-one (private) communication.

MCDData emergency private communication state: MCDData client internal perspective of the state of an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication, initiated with emergency indication, or without emergency indication, when the MCDData emergency state is already set.

MCDData emergency private priority state: MCDData client internal perspective of the in-progress emergency private communication state of the two participants of an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication maintained by the controlling MCDData function.

MCDData imminent peril group communication state: MCDData client internal perspective of the state of an MCDData imminent peril group communication.

MCDData imminent peril group state: MCDData client internal perspective of the state of an MCDData imminent peril group.

MCDATA private emergency alert state: MCDATA client internal perspective of the state of an MCDATA private one-to-one emergency alert targeted to an MCDATA user.

Functional alias status: Applies for the status of a functional alias for an MCDATA user and has one of the following states:

- a) the "not-activated" state indicating that the MCDATA user has not activated the functional alias;
- b) the "activating" state indicating that the MCDATA user is interested in using the functional alias but the functional alias is not yet activated for the MCDATA user;
- c) the "activated" state indicating that the MCDATA user has activated the functional alias;
- d) the "deactivating" state indicating that the MCDATA user is no longer interested in using the functional alias but the functional alias is still activated for the MCDATA user; and
- e) the "take-over-possible" state indicating that the MCDATA user is interested in using the functional alias but the functional alias is already activated and used by another MCDATA user.

User Requested Application Priority: The requested priority as defined in 3GPP TS 23.280 [3]. How the server determines the priority for the requested communication based on requested priority and in combination with other factors is up to MCDATA server implementation.

For the purpose of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26] apply:

Client Server Key (CSK)
 Multicast Signalling Key (MuSiK)
 Multicast Signalling Key Identifier (MuSiK-ID)
 MBMS subchannel control key (MSCCK)
 MBMS subchannel control key identifier (MSCCK-ID)
 Private Call Key (PCK)
 Signalling Protection Key (SPK)
 XML Protection Key (XPK)

For the purpose of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in 3GPP TS 22.280 [68] apply:

Functional alias

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

CSK	Client-Server Key
IMPU	P Multimedia Public User identity
IPEG	In-Progress Emergency Group
IPEPC	In-Progress Emergency Private Call
IPIG	In-Progress Imminent peril Group
MBMS	Multimedia Broadcast and Multicast Service
MBS	Multicast/Broadcast Service
MC	Mission Critical
MCS	Mission Critical Service
MCDATA	Mission Critical Data
MCDATA group ID	MCDATA group Identity
MDEA	MCDATA Emergency Alert
MDEG	MCDATA Emergency Group
MDEGC	MCDATA Emergency Group Communication
MDEPC	MCDATA Emergency Private (one-to-one) Communication
MDEPP	MCDATA Emergency Private (one-to-one) Priority
MDES	MCDATA Emergency State
MDIG	MCDATA Imminent peril Group
MDIGC	MCDATA Imminent peril Group Communication
MDPEA	MCDATA Private (one-to-one) Emergency Alert

MIME	Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions
MONP	MCPTT Off-Network Protocol
PPPP	ProSe Per-Packet Priority
PQI	PC5 5QI
QCI	QoS Class Identifier
RTP	Real-time Transport Protocol
SAI	Service Area Identifier
SDP	Session Description Protocol
SIP	Session Initiation Protocol
SPK	Signalling Protection Key
URI	Uniform Resource Identifier
URN	Uniform Resource Name
UUID	Universally Unique Identifier
XPK	XML Protection Key

4 General

4.1 MCDData overview

The MCDData service supports communication between a pair of users (i.e. one-to-one communication) and several users (i.e. group communication), where each user has the ability to:

- share data using Short Data Service (SDS);
- share files using File Distribution (FD) service; and
- exchange Data using IP Connectivity service.

SDS is provided in both, on-network and off-network while FD and IP Connectivity is provided only in on-network in this release of the present document.

The present document provides the signalling control protocol enhancements to support the MCDData architectural procedures specified in 3GPP TS 23.282 [2].

For on-network communications, the present document makes use of the existing IMS procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

The on-network procedures in this document allow an MCDData user to:

- send a standalone SDS using signalling control plane;
- send a standalone SDS using media plane;
- initiate a SDS session;
- send a file using HTTP;
- send a file using media plane;
- establish an IP Connectivity session to exchange Data;
- access the MCDData message store; and
- use a functional alias to identify the MCDData user.

For off-network communications in EPS, the present document utilises the procedures for ProSe direct discovery for Public Safety and the procedures for one-to-one ProSe direct communication for Public Safety and one-to-many ProSe direct communication for Public Safety, as specified in 3GPP TS 24.334 [25], and allows an MCDData user to:

- send a standalone SDS using signalling control plane.

The MCDData procedures provided by the present document refer to:

- the media plane procedures defined in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15];
- the group management procedures defined in 3GPP TS 24.481 [11];
- the identity management procedures defined in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24]; and
- the security procedures defined in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26].

The MCDData procedures provided by the present document access the configuration parameters provided by 3GPP TS 24.483 [42] and 3GPP TS 24.484 [12].

The following procedures are provided within this document:

- common procedures are specified in clause 6;
- procedures for registration in the IM CN subsystem and service authorisation are specified in clause 7;
- procedures for affiliation are specified in clause 8;
- procedures for on-network and off-network SDS are specified in clause 9;
- procedures for on-network FD are specified in clause 10;
- procedures for transmission and reception control are specified in clause 11;
- procedures for dispositions and notifications are specified in clause 12;
- procedures for communication release are specified in clause 13;
- procedures for location reporting are specified in clause 17;
- procedure for using MBMS transmission are specified in clause 19;
- procedure for using MBS transmission are specified in clause 19A;
- procedures for establishing an IP Connectivity session are specified in clause 20;
- procedures for the MCDData message store are specified in clause 21; and
- procedures for the use of functional alias are specified in clause 22.

The MCDData UE primarily obtains access to the MCDData service via E-UTRAN or NG-RAN, using the procedures defined in 3GPP TS 24.301 [43] and 3GPP TS 24.501 [81].

4.2 Identity, URI and address assignments

4.2.1 Public Service identities

In order to support MCDData, the following URI and address assignments are assumed:

- 1) the participating MCDData function is configured to be reachable using:
 - a) the public service identity of the participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user.

The MCDData client should use the <Server-URI> element of the <MCDData-Service-Details> element of the <anyExt> element of the <on-network> element in the MCS UE initial configuration document, as defined in reference 3GPP TS 24.484 [12] as public service identity of the participating function of the MCDData client.

4.2.2 MCDData session identity

The MCDData session identity is a SIP URI, which identifies the MCDData session between:

- the MCDData client and the participating MCDData function; and
- the participating MCDData function and the controlling MCDData function.

The MCDData session identity shall be a GRUU as defined in IETF RFC 5627 [44] assigned by the MCDData server as per 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

The MCDData session identity identifies the MCDData session in such a way that e.g.:

- the IM CN subsystem is able to route an initial SIP request to the controlling MCDData function.

The controlling MCDData function allocates a unique MCDData session identity hosted at the controlling MCDData function for the MCDData session at the time of session establishment.

When protection of sensitive application data is required by the MCDData operator, the MCDData session identity cannot contain identity information that is classified as sensitive such as the MCDData ID or the MCDData Group ID, as specified in clause 4.6.

The controlling MCDData function sends the MCDData session identity towards the MCDData client during MCDData session establishment by including it in the Contact header field of the final SIP response to a session initiation request.

The participating MCDData function allocates a unique MCDData session identity hosted at the participating MCDData function for the MCDData session when it receives a MCDData session identity in the Contact header field of a SIP request or a SIP response from the controlling MCDData function and includes it in the Contact header field of the SIP request or SIP response sent towards the MCDData client. The participating MCDData function maintains a mapping of the MCDData session identities it sends to the MCDData client to the corresponding MCDData session identities received from the controlling MCDData function.

The MCDData client can cache the MCDData session identity until a time when it is no longer needed.

4.2.3 MCDData client ID

MCDData client ID is described in clause 4.8 of the present document.

4.3 Pre-established sessions

When establishing a pre-established session, the MCDData client negotiates the media parameters, including establishing IP addresses and ports using interactive connectivity establishment (ICE) as specified in IETF RFC 8445 [77] and IETF RFC 8839 [78] with the participating MCDData function, prior to using the pre-established session for establishing MCDData communication with other MCDData users. The procedures for establishing, modifying and releasing a pre-established session are defined in clause 18.

The pre-established session can later be used in MCDData communication. This avoids the need to negotiate media parameters (including evaluating ICE candidates) and reserving bearer resources during the MCDData communication establishment that results in delayed MCDData communication establishment.

4.4 Emergency Alerts

MCDData emergency alerts can be initiated or cancelled as described in the procedures of clause 16 which include:

- MCDData emergency alert initiation, on-network;
- MCDData emergency alert cancellation, on-network;
- MCDData emergency alert initiation, off-network; and
- MCDData emergency alert cancellation, off-network.

MCDData emergency alerts are initiated to a target MCDData group, and, if successful and not already affiliated to that group, will result in the initiator being implicitly affiliated to that MCDData group.

Key aspects of MCDData emergency alerts include:

- **MCDData emergency alert (MDEA) state:** the MCDData client maintains the internal MCDData emergency alert state (MDEA, see clause G.4.1). The initial setting is "MDEA 1: no-alert".

- **MCDData private emergency alert (MDPEA) state:** the MCDData client maintains the internal MCDData private emergency alert state (MDPEA, see clause G.4.12). The initial setting is "MDPEA 1: no-alert".
- **Authorisations for emergency alerts:** MCDData users need to be authorised to initiate MCDData emergency alerts and additionally need to be authorised to cancel MCDData emergency alerts initiated by them or by others. The parameters related to these authorisations are specified in 3GPP TS 24.483 [42] and 3GPP TS 24.484 [12].

4.5 MCDData Protocol

Clause 15 describes the TLV based message formats used in MCDData communications. Each message consists of a series of information elements. Annex I of 3GPP TS 24.379 [10] describes the standard format of the messages and the encoding rules for each type of information element.

4.6 Protection of sensitive XML application data

In certain deployments, for example, in the case that the MCDData operator uses the underlying SIP core infrastructure from the carrier operator, the MCDData operator can prevent certain sensitive application data from being visible in the clear to the SIP layer. The following data are classed as sensitive application data:

- MCDData ID;
- MCDData group ID;
- user location information;
- alert indicator;
- access token (containing the MCDData ID);
- MCDData client ID; and
- functional alias.

The above data is transported as XML content in SIP messages, in XML elements or XML attributes.

Data is transported in attributes in the following circumstances in the procedures in the present document:

- an MCDData ID, an MCDData Group ID, and an MCDData client ID in an XML document published in SIP PUBLISH request for affiliation according to IETF RFC 3856 [39];
- an MCDData ID or an MCDData Group ID in XML document notified in a SIP NOTIFY request for affiliation according to IETF RFC 3856 [39];
- an MCDData ID in application/resource-lists+xml document included in a SIP MESSAGE or SIP INVITE request for one-to-one SDS or one-to-one FD, according to IETF RFC 5366 [18];
- an MCDData ID in XML document provided in SIP NOTIFY request of a conference event package according to IETF RFC 4575 [KK];
- an MCDData ID and functional alias in an XML document published in SIP PUBLISH request for functional alias management according to IETF RFC 3856 [39]; and
- an MCDData ID and functional alias in an XML document notified in a SIP NOTIFY request for functional alias management according to IETF RFC 3856 [39].

3GPP TS 33.180 [26] describes a method to provide confidentiality protection of sensitive application data in elements by using XML encryption (i.e. xmlenc) and in attributes by using an attribute confidentiality protection scheme described in clause 6.6.2.3 of the present document. Integrity protection can also be provided by using XML signatures (i.e. xmlsig).

Protection of the data relies on a shared XML protection key (XPK) used to encrypt and sign data:

- between the MCDData client and the MCDData server, the XPK is a client-server key (CSK); and

- between MCDData servers, the XPK is a signalling protection key (SPK).

The CSK (XPK) and a key-id CSK-ID (XPK-ID) are generated from keying material provided by the key management server. Identity based public key encryption based on MIKEY-SAKKE is used to transport the CSK between SIP end-points. The encrypted CSK is transported from the MCDData client to the MCDData server when the MCDData client performs service authorisation as described in clause 7 and is also used during service authorisation to protect the access token.

The SPK (XPK) and a key-id SPK-ID (XPK-ID) are directly provisioned in the MCDData servers.

Configuration in the MCDData client and MCDData server is used to determine whether one or both of confidentiality protection and integrity protection are required.

The following four examples give a brief overview of the how confidentiality and integrity protection is applied to application data in this specification.

EXAMPLE 1: Pseudo code showing how confidentiality protection is represented in the procedures in the document for sensitive data sent by the originating client.

```
IF configuration is set for confidentiality protection of sensitive data
THEN
  Encrypt data element using the CSK (XPK);
  Include in an <EncryptedData> element of the XML MIME body:
    (1) the encryption method;
    (2) the key-id (XPK-ID);
    (3) the cipher data;
  Encrypt URIs in attribute using the CSK (XPK) by following clause 6.6.2.3;
ELSE
  include application data into XML MIME body in clear text;
ENDIF;
```

EXAMPLE 2: Pseudo code showing how integrity protection is represented in the procedures in the present document for data sent by the originating client.

```
IF configuration is set for integrity protection of application data
THEN
  Use a method to hash the content;
  Generate a signature for the hashed content using the CSK (XPK);
  Include within a <Signature> XML element of the XML MIME body:
    (1) a canonicalisation method to be applied to the signed information;
    (2) the signature method used for generating the signature;
    (3) a reference to the content to be signed;
    (4) the hashing method used;
    (5) the hashed content;
    (6) the key-id (XPK-ID);
    (7) the signature value;
ENDIF;
```

EXAMPLE 3: Pseudo code showing how confidentiality protection is represented in the procedures in the present document at the server side when receiving encrypted content.

```
IF configuration is set for confidentiality protection of sensitive data
THEN
  Check that the XML content contains the <EncryptedData> element;
  Check that the XML document contains a URI with the domain name for MC Services
confidentiality protection;
  Return an error if the <EncryptedData> element or domain name for MC Services confidentiality
protection are not found;
  Otherwise:
    (1) obtain the CSK (XPK) using the CSK-ID (XPK-ID) in the received XML body;
    (2) for encrypted data in elements, decrypt the data elements using the CSK;
    (3) for encrypted URIs in attributes, decrypt the URIs using the CSK;
ENDIF;
```

EXAMPLE 4: Pseudo code showing how integrity protection is represented in the procedures in the present document at the server side when receiving signed content.

```
IF configuration is set for integrity protection of application data
THEN
  Check that the XML content contains the <Signature> element;
```

```

Return an error if the <Signature> element is not found;
Otherwise:
    (1) obtain the CSK (XPK) using the CSK-ID (XPK-ID) in the received XML body;
    (2) verify the signature of the content using the CSK;
Return an error if the validation of the signature fails;
IF validation of the signature passes
THEN
    decrypt any data found in <EncryptedData> elements;
    decrypt any encrypted URIs found in attributes;
ENDIF;
ENDIF;

```

The content can be re-encrypted and signed again using the SPK between MCDATA servers.

The following examples show the difference between normal and encrypted data content. In this example consider the MCDATA client initiating a group standalone SDS message using the signalling control plane.

EXAMPLE 5: <mcddata-info> MIME body represented with data elements in the clear:

```

Content-Type: application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<mcddata-info>
  <mcddata-Params>
    <request-type>group-sds</request-type>
    <mcddata-request-uri type="Normal">
      <mcddataURI>sip:group123@mcddataoperator1.com</mcddataURI>
    </mcddata-request-uri>
  </mcddata-Params>
</mcddata-info>

```

EXAMPLE 6: <mcddata-info> MIME body represented with the <mcddata-request-uri> encrypted:

```

Content-Type: application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<mcddata-info>
  <mcddata-Params>
    <request-type>group-sds</request-type>
    <mcddata-request-uri type="Encrypted">
      <EncryptedData xmlns='http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#'
        Type='http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#Content '
        <EncryptionMethod Algorithm='http://www.w3.org/2009/xmlenc11#aes128-gcm' />
        <ds:KeyInfo>
          <ds:KeyName>base64XpkId</KeyName>
        </ds:KeyInfo>
        <CipherData>
          <CipherValue>A23B45C5657689090</CipherValue>
        </CipherData>
      </EncryptedData>
    </mcddata-request-uri>
  </mcddata-Params>
</mcddata-info>

```

EXAMPLE 7: pdf+xml MIME body represented with clear URIs in attributes:

```

Content-Type: application/pdf+xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<presence entity="sip:somebody@mcddata.org">
  <tuple id="acD4rhU87bK">
    <status>
      <affiliation group="sip:thegroup@mcddata.org"/>
    </status>
  </tuple>
</presence>

```

EXAMPLE 8: pdf+xml MIME body represented with encrypted URIs in attributes:

```

Content-Type: application/pdf+xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<presence entity="sip:c4Hrt45XG8IohRFT67vfdR3V;iv=45RtFvGHy23k8Ihy;xpk-id=b7UJv9;alg=128-aes-gcm@mcl-encryption.3gppnetwork.org">
  <tuple id="acD4rhU87bK">
    <status>
      <affiliation group="sip:98yudFG45tx_89TYGedb4ujF;iv=FGD567kjhfH7d4-D;key-id=eV9k17;alg=128-aes-gcm@mcl-encryption.3gppnetwork.org"/>
    </status>
  </tuple>
</presence>

```



```
</status>  
</tuple>  
</presence>
```

4.7 Protection of TLV signalling and media content

The protection of TLV signalling and media content is based on 3GPP MCDData security solution as defined in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26].

For different security requirements of different information elements of a MCDData message, the information elements of MCDData messages are bifurcated in the following components:

- **MCDData Data signalling payload:** information elements necessary for identification and management of the MCDData messages e.g. conversation identifiers, session identifiers, transaction identifiers, disposition requests, etc. This payload is confidentiality and integrity protected between the MCDData Client and the MCDData server.
- **MCDData Data payload:** the actual user payload for MCDData user or application consumption. This payload is end-to-end confidentiality and integrity protected.

An SDS message can be sent over both, signalling plane and media plane. When an SDS message is sent using signalling plane, the body included in the SIP MESSAGE request, which carries MCDData Data signalling payload, is protected between each entity separately if protection is applied. On the other hand the body included in the SIP MESSAGE request which carries the MCDData Data payload is end-to-end protected. The procedures for the protection of the SDS messages over the signalling plane are specified in this document. Protection of SDS message over media control plane is specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15].

For FD using HTTP and FD using media plane, the MCDData Data signalling payload sent over the signalling plane is protected between each entity separately if protection is applied. The procedure for the protection of the file is specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15].

The ciphering algorithm indicated in the Key Download procedure by the MCDData server shall be used to protect the MCDData signalling fields (i.e. MCDData signaling parameters, Data signaling payload and end-to-end security parameters).

4.7A Signalling security when using MBMS

Signalling security is established between the participating MCDData function and the MCDData client.

The protection of MBMS subchannel control messages on the general purpose MBMS subchannels can be done with MSCCKs (each identified by a corresponding MSCCK-ID), distributed during MBMS bearer announcement (see clause 19.2.2). Each general purpose MBMS subchannel is associated with an MSCCK and a corresponding MSCCK-ID. There can be multiple general purpose MBMS subchannels deployed, each associated with its own MSCCK and corresponding MSCCK-ID. The (MSCCK-ID, MSCCK) pair is provided for each general purpose MBMS subchannel separately.

According to 3GPP TS 33.180 [26] clause 8.2, the MCDData Payload Protection Key (DPPK) referenced in clause 6.6 is a Multicast Signalling Keys (MuSiK), (identified by a corresponding (MuSiK-ID)), distributed via MuSiK download messages. The MSCCK and MuSiKs can be distributed independently of each other and in any order and can also be used independently. Signalling supports initial keying, as well as repeated re-keying and un-keying for both MSCCK and MuSiKs.

The MuSiK download message contains an embedded MIME payload which is the MIKEY payload containing the MuSiK and MuSiK-ID, as well as an embedded XML payload potentially containing an explicit list of MCDData group ids to which the key applies. Both payloads are protected as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26], as they are transferred between the participating MCDData function and the MCDData client. Within the XML payload, the list of MCDData group ids is protected as application sensitive data (see clause 4.8). Within the MIKEY payload, the MuSiK is encrypted using the MCDData ID of the served MCDData client. The payload is signed using a key associated to the identity of the participating MCDData function.

To distribute MuSiK, the participating MCDData function uses the I_MESSAGE format from clause 5.2.4 of 3GPP TS 33.180 [26], which includes associated parameters. The participating function sets the Status associated parameter to values defined in clause E.6.9 of 3GPP TS 33.180 [26], namely "Not-revoked" when keying or rekeying and "Revoked" when unkeying, respectively. Upon receipt, the MCDData client validates the signature and, if valid, the

MCDATA client first examines the Status attribute and either marks the associated security functions as "not in use" or stores the MuSiK and the MuSiK-ID, and then replies with a success code; otherwise, the MCDATA client can reply with a failure code. If a success code is not received from the MCDATA client in response to the MuSiK download message, the participating MCDATA function starts using only unicast towards the respective MCDATA client for the listed groups.

The security context is initiated when the MBMS bearer is announced to the MCDATA clients. The procedure involves the participating MCDATA function creating an MBMS subchannel control key (MSCCK) and a corresponding key identifier (MSCCK-ID) associated with the MBMS bearer when the MBMS bearer is activated, and then transferring the MSCCK and the MSCCK-ID associated with the MBMS bearer to served MCDATA clients using SIP signalling. The MSCCK is encrypted using the MCDATA ID of the served MCDATA client and domain-specific material provided from the KMS.

The MSCCK and the MSCCK-ID associated with the MBMS bearer are distributed within a MIKEY payload within the SDP describing the general purpose MBMS subchannel of the MBMS bearer. This payload is called a MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE, as defined in IETF RFC 6509 [55], which ensures the confidentiality, integrity and authenticity of the payload. The encoding of the MIKEY payload in the SDP is described in IETF RFC 4567 [45] using an "a=key-mgmt" attribute. The payload is signed using a key associated to the identity of the participating MCDATA function. To distribute MSCCK, the participating MCDATA function uses the I_MESSAGE format from clause 5.2.4 of 3GPP TS 33.180 [26], which includes associated parameters.

The participating function sets the Status associated parameter to values defined in clause E.6.9 of 3GPP TS 33.180 [26], namely "Not-revoked" when keying or rekeying and "Revoked" when unkeying, respectively. Upon receipt, the MCDATA client validates the signature and, if the signature is found valid and the I_MESSAGE contains a Status attribute, the MCDATA client first examines the Status attribute and either marks the associated security functions as "not in use" or extracts and stores the encapsulated MSCCK and the corresponding MSCCK-ID. The decrypted key is used as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]. With the MSCCK successfully shared between the participating MCDATA function and the served UEs, the participating MCDATA function is able to securely send MBMS subchannel control messages to the MCDATA clients.

4.8 MCDATA client ID

The MCDATA client assigns the MCDATA client ID when the MCDATA client is used for the first time. The MCDATA client generates the MCDATA client ID as specified in clause 4.2 of IETF RFC 4122 [14].

The MCDATA client preserves the MCDATA client ID:

- while the MCDATA client is SIP registered as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- while the MCDATA client is not SIP registered as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and the UE serving the MCDATA client is switched on;
- while the UE serving the MCDATA client is switched off; and
- while the UE serving the MCDATA client is power-cycled.

NOTE: MCDATA client ID is not preserved when the UE is reset to factory settings.

4.9 Warning Header Field

4.9.1 General

The MCDATA server can include a free text string in a SIP response to a SIP request. When the MCDATA server includes a text string in a response to a SIP MESSAGE or SIP INVITE request the text string is included in a Warning header field as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4]. The MCDATA server includes the Warning code set to 399 (miscellaneous warning) and includes the host name set to the host name of the MCDATA server.

EXAMPLE: Warning: 399 "200 user not authorised to transmit data"

4.9.2 Warning texts

The text string included in a Warning header field consists of an explanatory text preceded by a 3-digit text code, according to the following format in Table 4.9.2-1.

Table 4.9.2-1 ABNF for the Warning text

```
warn-text      =/ DQUOTE mdata-warn-code SP mdata-warn-text DQUOTE
mdata-warn-code = DIGIT DIGIT DIGIT
mdata-warn-text = *( qdtext | quoted-pair )
```

Table 4.9.2-2 defines the warning texts that are defined for the Warning header field when a Warning header field is included in a response to a SIP request as specified in clause 4.9.1.

Table 4.9.2-2: Warning texts defined for the Warning header field

Code	Explanatory text	Description
101	service authorisation failed	The service authorisation of the MCDData ID against the IMPU failed at the MCDData server.
102	too many simultaneous affiliations	The MCDData user already has N2 maximum number of simultaneous affiliations.
104	isfocus not assigned	A controlling MCDData function has not been assigned to the MCDData session.
110	user declined the call invitation	The MCDData user declined to accept the call for the file distribution.
113	group document does not exist	The group document requested from the group management server does not exist.
114	unable to retrieve group document	The group document exists on the group management server but the MCDData server was unable to retrieve it.
115	group is disabled	The group has the <disabled> element set to "true" in the group management server.
116	user is not part of the MCDData group	The group exists on the group management server, but the requesting user is not part of this group.
120	user is not affiliated to this group	The MCDData user is not affiliated to the group.
136	authentication of the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE failed	Security context establishment failed.
137	the indicated group communication does not exist	The participating MCDData function cannot find an ongoing group session associated with the received MCDData session identity.
138	subscription of conference events not allowed	The controlling MCDData function could not allow the MCDData user to subscribe to the conference event package.
139	integrity protection check failed	The integrity protection of an XML MIME body failed.
140	unable to decrypt XML content	The XML content cannot be decrypted.
141	user unknown to the participating function	The participating function is unable to associate the public user identity with an MCDData ID.
142	unable to determine the controlling function	The participating function is unable to determine the controlling function for the group call or private call.
145	unable to determine called party	The participating function was unable to determine the called party from the information received in the SIP request.
148	group is regrouped	The group hosted by a non-controlling function is part of a temporary group session as the result of the group regroup function.
149	SIP-INFO request pending	The MCDData client needs to wait for a SIP-INFO request with specific content, before taking further action.
150	invalid combinations of data received in MIME body	The MCDData client included invalid combinations of data in the SIP request.
160	user not authorised to request creation of a regroup	The user is not authorised to request creation of a regroup.
161	user not authorised to request removal of a regroup	The user is not authorised to request removal of a regroup.
162	group call abandoned due to required group members not affiliated	The group call was abandoned as the required number of affiliated group members is not met or some required members are not affiliated.
163	the group identity indicated in the request does not exist	The server determines that the group identity indicates a user or group regroup based on a preconfigured group that does not exist.
165	group ID for regroup already in use	The group ID proposed by the client for the user/group regroup based on a preconfigured group is already in use.
167	call is not allowed on the preconfigured group	Calls are not allowed on this group that is administratively designated for preconfigured group use only.

168	alert is not allowed on the preconfigured group	Alerts are not allowed on this group that is administratively designated for preconfigured group use only.
176	user not authorized to request for binding/unbinding of a functional alias with the MCDData group(s) for the MCDData user	The function is not allowed to this user.
177	unable to determine target functional alias or group for creating/removing a binding information for the MCDData user	The MCDData server is unable to determine the targeted functional alias or group for creating/removing a binding information for the MCDData user.
178	MCDData group binding already exists with other functional alias for the MCDData user	The requested functional alias binding with MCDData group already exist with other functional alias for the MCDData user.
179	service not authorized with the interconnected system	The MCDData service is not authorized between the local and the interconnected system and is rejected in the local system.
180	service not authorized by the interconnected system	The MCDData service is not authorized between the local and the interconnected system and is rejected by the interconnected system.
198	no users are affiliated to this group	No users in the group are affiliated.
199	expected MIME bodies not in the request"	The expected MIME bodies were not received in the SIP request.
200	user not authorised to transmit data	The MCDData user is not authorised to transmit data.
201	user not authorised to transmit data on this group identity	The MCDData user is not authorised to transmit data on the group identity included in the request.
202	user not authorised for one-to-one MCDData communications due to exceeding the maximum amount of data that can be sent in a single request	The MCDData user is not authorised for one-to-one MCDData communications due to exceeding the maximum amount of data that can be sent in a single request.
203	message too large to send over signalling control plane	The MCDData client sent data that is greater than the size that can be handled by the signalling control plane.
204	unable to determine targeted user for one-to-one SDS	The MCDData server is unable to determine the targeted user for one-to-one SDS.
205	unable to determine targeted user for one-to-one FD	The MCDData server is unable to determine the targeted user for one-to-one FD.
206	short data service not allowed for this group	SDS is not allowed on the group indicated in the SDS request.
207	SDS services not supported for this group	SDS services not supported for this group.
208	user not authorised for MCDData communications on this group identity due to exceeding the maximum amount of data that can be sent in a single request	The MCDData user is not authorised for group MCDData communications due to exceeding the maximum amount of data that can be sent in a single request.
209	one FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD or FD HTTP TERMINATION message only must be present in FD request	Only one FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD or FD HTTP TERMINATION message must be present in FD request.
210	Only one File URL must be present in the FD request	Only one File URL must be present in the FD request.
211	payload for an FD request is not FILEURL	The payload in the FD request did not contain a FILEURL.
212	file referenced by file URL does not exist	The MCDData server was unable to locate the file referenced by the file URL.
213	file distribution not allowed for this group	FD is not allowed on the group indicated in the FD request.
214	FD services not supported for this group	FD services not supported for this group.
215	request to transmit is queued by the server	The MCDData request was queued by the server for later transmission.
216	unable to correlate the disposition notification	The MCDData server was unable to correlate the disposition notification to a MCDData message.
217	user not authorised for SDS communications on this group identity due to message size	The size of the message exceeded the maximum data allowed for SDS communications on this group identity.

218	user not authorised for one-to-one SDS communications due to message size	The size of the message exceeded the maximum data allowed for one-to-one SDS communications.
219	user not authorised for FD communications on this group identity due to file size	The size of the file exceeded the maximum data allowed for FD communications on this group identity.
220	user not authorised for FD communications due to file size	The size of the file exceeded the maximum data allowed for one-to-one FD communications.
221	user not authorised to initiate one-to-one SDS session	The MCDData user is not authorised to initiate a one-to-one SDS session.
222	user not authorised to initiate group SDS session on this group identity	The MCDData user is not authorised to initiate a SDS session on the group identity included in the request.
223	No Conversation ID or Message ID present	Conversation ID and Message ID required to identify transmission.
224	No Transmission available	No transmission identified with given Conversation ID, Message Id and file URL.
225	User not authorized to initiate pre-established session	The MCDData user is not authorised to initiate a pre-established MCDData session.
226	function not allowed due to pre-established session not supported	Pre-established session is not supported by MCDData participating function.
227	unable to determine targeted user for one-to-one IP Connectivity	The MCDData server is unable to determine the targeted user for one-to-one IP Connectivity.
228	maximum number of service authorizations reached	The number of maximum simultaneous service authorizations for the MCDData user has been reached.
229	one-to-one MCDData communication not authorised to the targeted user	The user is not authorised to initiate one-to-one MCDData communication to this targeted user.
230	one-to-one MCDData communication not authorised from this originating user	The user is not authorised to receive one-to-one MCDData communication from this originating user.
231	user deferred the call invitation	The MCDData user deferred the call invitation for the file distribution.
232	communication is stored for later delivery	The participating MCDData function stores the communication for later delivery if the receiving MCDData user is not available at the time of data delivery or the network is congested, or the request is deferred by the MCDData user. If the communication is for file distribution, then the file content is also stored.
233	user not authorised to initiate emergency communication	The user is not authorised to initiate emergency MCDData communication.
234	user not authorized to enable or disable the storage of MCDData communications into the MCDData message store	The function is not allowed to this user.
235	unable to determine target user or group for enabling or disabling the storage of MCDData communications into the MCDData message store	The MCDData server is unable to determine the targeted user or group for enabling or disabling the storage of MCDData communications.
236	user not authorised to initiate imminent peril communication	The user is not authorised to initiate imminent peril MCDData communication.
237	user not authorised to make adhoc group data communications	The MCDData user is not authorised to make adhoc group data communications.
238	user not authorised to initiate the adhoc group data communication	The MCDData user identified by the MCDData ID is not authorised to initiate the adhoc group data communication.
239	the MCDData system do not support adhoc group data communication	The MCDData system doesn't support the adhoc group data communication or support of adhoc group data communication is turned off
240	Can't determine the adhoc group participants	The MCDData server can not determine the adhoc group participants based on the input parameters.

241	user is not allowed to participate in adhoc group data communication	The MCDData user is not allowed to participate in adhoc group data communication e.g. user no longer meets the criteria.
242	maximum number of allowed adhoc group participants exceeded	The maximum number of allowed adhoc group participants exceeded the configured limit.
243	user is not authorised to initiate modify adhoc group data communication participants	The MCDData user is not allowed to modify the participants list of the adhoc group data communication.
244	Invalid location request target client list	The MCDData server cannot determine the target client of the location information or location configuration change request.
245	user not authorized to request location information	The MCDData user is not allowed to request location information of other MCDData clients.
ccc	user not authorized to request location configuration changes	The MCDData user is not allowed to request changes in the location reporting configuration of other MCDData clients.
NNN	can't determine the adhoc group	The MCDData server cannot determine that target adhoc group.

4.10 MCDData emergency groups and emergency group communications

MCDData emergency groups and emergency group communications as defined by 3GPP TS 23.282 [2] are supported by the procedures in this specification. There are a number of state variables used to manage MCDData emergencies, including:

- **MCDData emergency (MED) state:** in accordance with 3GPP TS 23.282 [2], indicates (see clause G.4.2) that the MCDData user is in a life-threatening situation. This MCDData client state variable is changed via action by the MCDData user of the device or by an authorised MCDData user. While the MCDData emergency state is set on the client, all communications originated by the client will be MCDData emergency communications, assuming the MCDData user is authorised for MCDData emergency communications.
- **in-progress emergency group (IPEG) state:** in accordance with 3GPP TS 23.282 [2], this state variable (see clause G.4.3) indicates whether or not there is an MCDData emergency group communication ongoing on the specified group. This state is managed by the controlling MCDData function. All group communications originated on this MCDData group when in an in-progress emergency state are MCDData emergency group communications until this state is cancelled, regardless of the originator being (or not) in an MCDData emergency state.
- **MCDData emergency group (MDEG) state:** this is an internal state (see clause G.4.4) managed by the MCDData client which tracks the in-progress emergency state of the group (see 3GPP TS 23.282 [2]) managed by the controlling MCDData function. Ideally, the MCDData client would not need to track the in-progress emergency group state, but doing so enables the MCDData client to request MCDData emergency-level priority earlier than otherwise possible. For example, if the MCDData user wishes to join an MCDData emergency group communication and is not in MCDData emergency state itself, the MCDData client should have emergency level priority. If it has knowledge of the in-progress emergency state of the group, it can request priority by including a Resource-Priority header field set to the MCPTT namespace specified in IETF RFC 8101 [67], and appropriate priority level in the SIP INVITE request (or SIP re-INVITE request).
- **MCDData emergency group communication (MDEGC) state:** this is an internal state (see clause G.4.5) corresponding to an ongoing group communication. The state is managed by the MCDData client, which in conjunction with the MCDData emergency alert state (see clause 4.4), aids in managing the MCDData emergency state and related actions.

4.11 MCDData imminent peril group communications

MCDData imminent peril group communications as defined by 3GPP TS 23.282 [2] are supported by the procedures in this specification. The following MCDData imminent peril group communications functionalities are specified in the present document:

- MCDData imminent peril group communications origination;

- upgrade of an MCDData group communication to an MCDData imminent peril group communication;
- upgrade from an MCDData imminent peril group communication to an MCDData emergency group communication; and
- cancellation of the in-progress imminent peril state of the group.

Key aspects of MCDData imminent peril include:

- adjusted EPS bearer priority for all participants when the in-progress imminent peril state of the group is set whether or not they themselves initiated an imminent peril group communication. For unicast bearers this is achieved by using the Resource-Priority header field as specified in IETF RFC 4412 [74] with namespaces defined for use by MCPTT specified in IETF RFC 8101 [67], and for MBMS bearers this is achieved by having the participating MCDData function adjust the ARP (priority, PVI, PCI) and executing the Modify MBMS Bearer Procedure per 3GPP TS 29.468 [57];
- restoration of normal EPS bearer priority to the communication when the in-progress imminent peril group state is cancelled; and
- requires the MCDData user to be authorised to either originate or cancel an MCDData imminent peril group communication.

Relationship to other MCDData priority group communication types:

- A normal MCDData group communication can be upgraded to an MCDData imminent peril group communication;
- An MCDData imminent peril group communication can be upgraded to an MCDData emergency group communication;
- An MCDData imminent peril group communication or an MCDData emergency group communication (i.e., their respective "in-progress" states) can be downgraded to a normal MCDData group communication, but it is not possible to directly downgrade an MCDData emergency group communication to an MCDData imminent peril group communication;
- MCDData imminent peril functionality is only applicable to MCDData group communications, not MCDData private communications; and
- MCDData imminent peril group communications have no associated alert capabilities such as the MCDData emergency alert capability which is associated with MCDData emergency group communications.

There are a number of states that are key in managing these aspects of MCDData imminent peril group communications, which include:

- **MCDData imminent peril group (MDIG) state:** this is an internal state of the MCDData client which in conjunction with the MCDData imminent peril group communication state aids the client in managing the use of the Resource-Priority header field and related actions.
- **MCDData imminent peril group communication (MIGC) state:** this is an internal state managed by the MCDData client which in conjunction with the MCDData imminent peril group state aids the client in managing the use of the Resource-Priority header field and related actions.
- **In-progress imminent peril group (IPIG) state:** this is a state of the MCDData group which is managed by the controlling MCDData function. While an MCDData group is in an in-progress imminent peril group state, all participants in group communications using this group will receive elevated priority.

The above states and their transitions are described in Annex G.

4.12 MCDData emergency private communications

MCDData emergency private communications refer to emergency one-to-one communications. The following MCDData emergency private communication functionalities are specified in the present document:

- MCDData emergency private communication origination with optional MCDData emergency alert initiation;
- upgrade of an MCDData private communication to an MCDData emergency private; and

- cancellation of the MCDData emergency private communication priority.

Key aspects of MCDData emergency private communications include:

- adjusted EPS bearer priority for both participants whether or not they are both in an emergency condition (i.e. both have their MCDData emergency state set). This is achieved by using the Resource-Priority header field as specified in IETF RFC 4412 [74] with namespaces defined for use by MCPTT specified in IETF RFC 8101 [67];
- the initiator of the MCDData emergency private communication can override the other MCDData user in the MCDData emergency private communication unless that user also has their MCDData emergency state set;
- restoration of normal EPS bearer priority to the communication according to system policy (e.g., configured time limit for the emergency priority of an MCDData emergency private communication or cancellation of the emergency condition of the private communication);
- requires the MCDData user to be authorised to either originate or cancel an MCDData emergency private communication;
- requires the targeted MCDData user to be authorised to receive an MCDData emergency private communication;
- requests to originate MCDData emergency private communications may also include an indication of an MCDData emergency alert; and

There are a number of states that are key in managing these aspects of MCDData emergency private communications, which include:

- **MCDData private emergency alert (MDPEA) state:** this is an internal state of the MCDData client which in conjunction with the MCDData emergency private communication state aids in managing the MCDData emergency state and related actions.
- **MCDData emergency private communication (MDEPC) state:** this is an internal state managed by the MCDData client which in conjunction with the MCDData emergency alert state aids in managing the MCDData emergency state and related actions.
- **In-progress emergency private communication (IPEPC) state:** indicates whether or not there is an MCDData emergency private communication in-progress for the two participants. This state is managed by the controlling MCDData function. All private communications originated between these two participants when in an in-progress emergency private communication state are MCDData emergency private communications until this state is cancelled, whether or not the originator is in an MCDData emergency state.
- **MCDData emergency private priority (MDEPP) state:** this is an internal state managed by the MCDData client which tracks the in-progress emergency private communication state of the private communication managed by the controlling MCDData function. Ideally, the MCDData client would not need to track the in-progress emergency private priority state, but doing so enables the MCDData client to request MCDData emergency-level priority earlier than otherwise possible. For example, if the MCDData user wishes to join an MCDData emergency private communication and is not in the MCDData emergency state, the MCDData client should have emergency level priority. If it has knowledge of the in-progress emergency private priority state of the private communication (i.e., the two participants), it can request priority by including a Resource-Priority header field set to the MCPTT namespace specified in IETF RFC 8101 [67], and appropriate priority level in the SIP INVITE request (or SIP re-INVITE request).

NOTE: The above states and their transitions are described in Annex G.

4.13 MCDData Resource Management

MCDData utilizes the QoS functionality of a 3GPP network. For MCDData calls dedicated bearers are used for the media plane and could be used for the control plane. To do this the MCDData system shall request resources from the 3GPP network over:

- Rx interface for 4G and 5G networks as defined in 3GPP TS 29.214 [49];
- N5 interface for 5G networks with a trusted application function as defined in 3GPP TS 29.514 [89]; or
- indirectly via N33 interface for 5G networks with an untrusted application function as defined in 3GPP TS 29.522 [90];

When the MCDData client uses an access network in which dedicated bearers cannot be established, the MCDData system may decide to not request resources via Rx, N5 or N33. The MCDData system may determine which access network the MCDData client is using from the SIP header P-Access-Network-Info, see reference 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

5 Functional entities

5.1 Introduction

This clause associates the functional entities with the MCDData roles described in the stage 2 architecture document (see 3GPP TS 23.282 [2]).

5.2 MCDData client

To be compliant with the procedures in the present document, an MCDData client shall:

- act as the user agent for all MCDData application transactions (e.g. initiation of a group standalone SDS message); and
- support handling of the MCDData client ID as described in clause 4.8.

To be compliant with the on-network procedures in the present document, an MCDData client shall:

- support the MCDData client on-network procedures defined in 3GPP TS 23.282 [2];
- support the GCS UE procedures defined in 3GPP TS 23.468 [56] for unicast delivery, MBMS delivery and service continuity;
- support 5G multicast-broadcast services defined in 3GPP TS 23.247 [84];
- support the on-network MCDData message formats specified in clause 15 for the short data service (SDS) and the file distribution service (FD);
- act as a SIP UA as defined in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- generate SDP offer and SDP answer in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and:
 - a) clause 9.2.3 and clause 9.2.4 for short data service; and
 - b) clause 10.2.5 for file distribution.
- for registration and service authorisation, implement the procedures specified in clause 7.2;
- for affiliation, implement the procedures specified in clause 9.2;
- for short data service (SDS) functionality implement the MCDData client procedures specified in:
 - a) clause 9.2; and
 - b) clause 6 of 3GPP TS 24.582 [15];
- for file distribution (FD) functionality implement the MCDData client procedures specified in:
 - a) clause 10.2; and
 - b) clause 7 of 3GPP TS 24.582 [15];
- for transmission and reception control functionality implement the MCDData client procedures specified in clause 11;
- for disposition notification functionality implement the MCDData client procedures specified in clause 12.2;

- for communication release functionality implement the MCDData client procedures specified in clause 13.2;
- for MBMS transmission usage, implement the procedures in clause 19;
- for MBS transmission usage, implement the procedures in clause 19A; and
- for functional alias management, implement the procedures specified in clause 22.2.1.

To be compliant with the off-network procedures in the present document, an MCDData client shall:

- support the off-network procedures defined in 3GPP TS 23.282 [2];
- support the off-network MONP MCDData message formats specified in clause 15;
- implement the procedures for ProSe direct discovery for public safety use as specified in 3GPP TS 24.334 [25];
- implement the procedures for one-to-one ProSe direct communication for Public Safety use as specified in 3GPP TS 24.334 [25]; and
- for short data service (SDS) functionality implement the MCDData client procedures specified in clause 9.3.

To be compliant with the on-network and off-network procedures in the present document requiring end-to-end security key distribution, an MCDData client shall support the procedures specified in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26].

To be compliant with the procedures for confidentiality protection of XML elements in the present document, the MCDData client shall implement the procedures specified in clause 6.5.2.

To be compliant with the procedures for integrity protection of XML MIME bodies in the present document, the MCDData client shall implement the procedures specified in clause 6.5.3.

5.3 MCDData server

5.3.0 General

An MCDData server can perform the controlling role for short data service and file distribution as defined in 3GPP TS 23.282 [2].

An MCDData server can perform the participating role for short data service and file distribution as defined in 3GPP TS 23.282 [2].

An MCDData server performing the participating role can serve an originating MCDData user.

An MCDData server performing the participating role can serve a terminating MCDData user.

The same MCDData server can perform the participating role and controlling role for the same group short data service transaction or group file distribution transaction.

When referring to the procedures in the present document for the MCDData server acting in a participating role for the served user, the term, "participating MCDData function" is used.

When referring to the procedures in the present document for the MCDData server acting in a controlling role for the served user, the term "controlling MCDData function" is used.

To be compliant with the procedures in the present document, an MCDData server shall:

- support the MCDData server procedures defined in 3GPP TS 23.282 [2];
- support the GCS AS procedures defined in 3GPP TS 23.468 [56] for unicast delivery, MBMS delivery and service continuity;
- support 5G multicast-broadcast services defined in 3GPP TS 23.247 [84];
- implement the role of an AS performing 3rd party call control acting as a routing B2BUA as defined in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];

- generate SDP offer and SDP answer in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and:
 - a) clause 9.2.3 and clause 9.2.4 for short data service; and
 - b) clause 10.2.5 for file distribution.
- for registration and service authorisation, implement the procedures specified in clause 7.3;
- for affiliation, implement the procedures specified in clause 9.2.2;
- for short data service (SDS) functionality implement the MCDData server procedures specified in:
 - a) clause 9.2; and
 - b) clause 6 of 3GPP TS 24.582 [15];
- for file distribution (FD) functionality implement the MCDData server procedures specified in:
 - a) clause 10.2; and
 - b) clause 7 of 3GPP TS 24.582 [15];
- for transmission and reception control functionality implement the MCDData server procedures specified in clause 11;
- for disposition notification functionality implement the MCDData server procedures specified in clause 12.2;
- for communication release functionality implement the MCDData server procedures specified in clause 13.2;
- for MBMS transmission usage, implement the procedures in clause 19;
- for MBS transmission usage, implement the procedures in clause 19A; and
- for functional alias management, implement the procedures specified in clause 22.2.2.

To be compliant with the procedures in the present document requiring the distribution of keying material between MCDData clients as specified in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26], an MCDData server shall ensure that the keying material is copied from the incoming MCDData messages into the outgoing MCDData messages.

To be compliant with the procedures for confidentiality protection of XML elements in the present document, the MCDData server shall implement the procedures specified in clause 6.5.2.

To be compliant with the procedures for integrity protection of XML MIME bodies in the present document, the MCDData server shall implement the procedures specified in clause 6.5.3.

5.3.1 SIP failure case

When initiating a SIP failure response to any received SIP request, depending on operator policy, the MCDData server may insert a SIP Response-Source header field in accordance with the procedures in clause 5.7.1.0 of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], where the "role" header field parameter is set to "pf-mcddata-server" or "cf-mcddata-server" depending on the current role endorsed by the MCDData server.

5.3.1A SIP provisional response

When sending SIP provisional responses, with the exception of the SIP 100 (Trying) response to the SIP INVITE request, the MCDData server acting in the controlling MCDData function role:

- 1) shall generate the SIP provisional response;
- 2) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field with the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function;
- 3) shall include an MCDData session identity in the Contact header field; and
- 4) shall include the following in the Contact header field:

- a) the g.3gpp.mcdata media feature tag;
- b) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata"; and
- c) the isfocus media feature tag.

5.3.2 Management of MBMS bearers

When providing services over MBMS, an MCDData server acting in the participating MCDData function role shall:

- allocate TMGIs and activate MBMS bearers in MBMS service areas to be used for MCDData media plane transmissions via multicast, per 3GPP TS 23.468 [56] and 3GPP TS 29.468 [57];
- deactivate MBMS bearers and deallocate TMGIs when no longer necessary, per 3GPP TS 23.468 [56] and 3GPP TS 29.468 [57];
- handle MBMS bearers related notifications per 3GPP TS 23.468 [56] and 3GPP TS 29.468 [57]; and
- adjust the priority / pre-emption characteristics of MBMS bearers, as appropriate, in response to relevant events, using procedures specified in per 3GPP TS 23.468 [56] and 3GPP TS 29.468 [57].

5.3.3 Management of MBS sessions

When providing services over MBS, an MCDData server acting in the participating MCDData function role shall:

- create MBS sessions in MBS service areas to be used for MCDData media plane transmissions via multicast and broadcast, per 3GPP TS 23.247 [84];
- delete the MBS sessions when no longer necessary, per 3GPP TS 23.247 [84];
- update the MBS sessions to be used for updating the MBS service areas and/or MBS Service Information, per 3GPP TS 23.247 [84].

5.4 MCDData gateway server

5.4.1 General

To allow interconnection between MCDData system in different trust domains, MC Gateway Servers can be optionally added on the path between controlling and participating MCDData functions and between controlling and non-controlling MCDData functions.

An MCDData gateway server acts as a SIP and HTTP proxy for signalling with an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain.

An MCDData gateway server acts as an application and security gateway with an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain.

An MCDData gateway server provides topology hiding to the interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain.

An MCDData gateway server enforces local policies and local security.

An MCDData gateway server can be an exit point from its MCDData system to an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, an entry point to its MCDData system from an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, or both.

An MCDData gateway server is transparent to controlling and participating MCDData functions and to controlling and non-controlling MCDData functions. When required for interconnection, MC gateway servers URIs are known and used by MCDData servers in place of the PSIs of the interconnected MCDData server. The MCDData server does not need to know if it finally addresses directly a controlling MCDData function or an intermediate MCDData gateway server.

To be compliant with the procedures in the present document, an MCDData gateway server shall:

- support the MC gateway server procedures defined in 3GPP TS 23.280 [3] and 3GPP TS 23.282 [2]; and

- support the MC gateway server procedures defined in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
- implement the procedures specified in clause 6.8.

To be compliant with the procedures for confidentiality protection in the present document, the MCDData gateway server shall implement the procedures specified in clause 6.5.2, acting on behalf of the MCDData server when sending or receiving confidentiality protected content to or from an MCDData server in another trust domain.

To be compliant with the procedures for integrity protection of XML MIME bodies in the present document, the MCDData gateway server shall implement the procedures specified in clause 6.5.3, acting on behalf of the MCDData server when sending or receiving integrity protected content to or from an MCDData server in another trust domain.

5.5 MCDData gateway UE

5.5.1 General

An MCDData gateway UE enables MCDData service access for a MCDData user utilizing non-3GPP device connected to the MCDData gateway UE via non-3GPP access network.

NOTE: A UE that is not using 3GPP network access is also considered a non-3GPP device in this context.

An MCDData gateway UE provides the following MCDData gateway functions:

- Relay of signaling between and media an MCDData client in the non-3GPP device and MCDData servers; and
- Access to a MCDData system with required quality of service using 3GPP network.

5.5.2 Functional connectivity models

The following figures give an overview of the connectivity between the different functional entities when using a MCDData gateway. One MCDData client can only utilize one MCDData gateway UE at the same time.

NOTE: MC clients for other service types (e.g. MCVideo or MCPTT) can utilize the MC gateway UE supporting the corresponding service types. MC gateway UEs for different service types can be deployed in the same UE.

Figure 5.5.2-1 shows the scenario when the MCDData client resides in the MCDData gateway UE. Handling of the MCDData service by the MCDData client on the MCDData gateway UE follows the procedures defined in this document for MCDData clients hosted on regular MCDData UEs. How the non-3GPP device interacts with the MCDData client over a non-3GPP access technology is not part of the current specification.

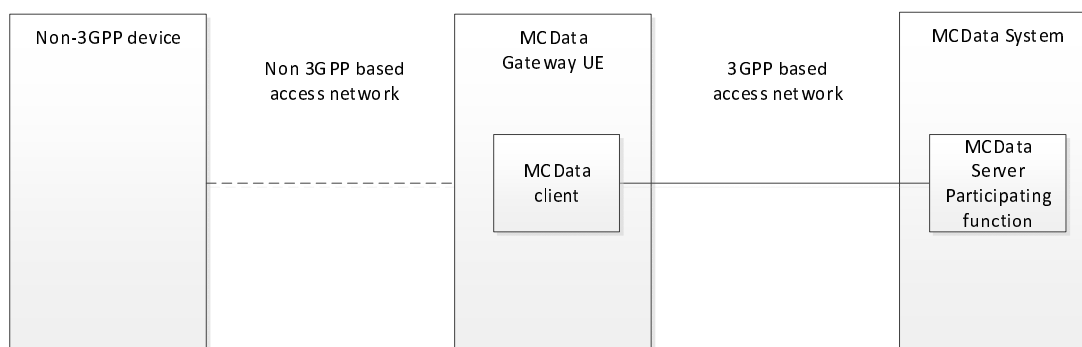


Figure 5.5.2-1: Relationship between non-3GPP device, MCDData gateway UE and the MCDData server with the MCDData client located in the MCDData gateway UE

Figure 5.5.2-2 shows the scenario when the MCDData client resides in the non-3GPP device that uses a non-3GPP access technology to access the MCDData service. In this case the MCDData gateway UE will relay the signalling between the MCDData client and the MCDData System as well as forward the media plane.

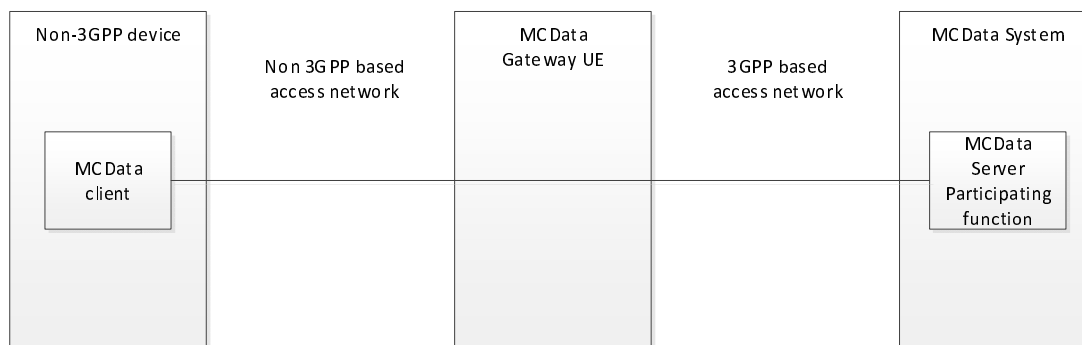


Figure 5.5.2-2: Relationship between non-3GPP device, MCDData gateway UE and the MCDData server with the MCDData client located in the non-3GPP device

5.5.3 QoS for MCDData gateway UE

When the MCDData client is on a non-3GPP device the use of the MCDData gateway UE requires an IP network behind the MCDData gateway UE. In a 5G network this can be achieved by the use of framed routing (see reference 3GPP TS 23.501 [88]). In a 4G and 5G network this can be achieved by using local IP network behind the MCDData gateway UE. In the case that a local IP network is used, MCDData gateway UE needs to handle routing including network address translation (NAT).

When using a MCDData gateway UE, the 3GPP QoS and priority functions shall be utilized between the MCDData gateway UE and the packet gateway. QoS between the non 3GPP device and the MCDData gateway UE is out of scope of 3GPP.

In the case that MCDData clients are hosted in non 3GPP devices the following applies. The MCDData system may use the P-Access-Network-Info header to determine the type of access network. However, the P-Access-Network-Info header does not include sufficient information for the MCDData system to determine that the MCDData is client using a MCDData gateway UE. Hence, the MCDData client shall additionally inform the MCDData system that the MCDData client uses a MCDData gateway UE for which the MCDData system shall request network resources.

In the case that MCDData clients are instantiated in a MCDData gateway UE, the MCDData clients shall utilize the existing quality of services functions.

6 Common procedures

6.1 Introduction

This clause describes the common procedures for each functional entity.

6.2 MCDData client procedures

6.2.1 Distinction of requests at the MCDData client

6.2.1.1 SIP MESSAGE request

The MCDData client needs to distinguish between the following SIP MESSAGE request for originations and terminations:

- SIP MESSAGE request routed to the MCDData client containing a Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-location-info+xml" and includes an XML body containing a Location root element containing a Configuration element. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for location report configuration";

- SIP MESSAGE request routed to the MCDData client containing a Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml" and includes an XML body containing a Location root element containing a Request element. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for location report request";
- SIP MESSAGE request routed to the MCDData client containing a Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml" and including an <alert-ind> element set to a value of "true" or "false" and/or an <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "true" or "false". Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for emergency notification";
- SIP MESSAGE request routed to the MCDData client with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" in a P-Asserted-Service header field. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for standalone SDS for terminating MCDData client";
- SIP MESSAGE request routed to the MCDData client with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" in a P-Asserted-Service header field. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for FD using HTTP for terminating MCDData client";
- SIP MESSAGE request routed to the MCDData client with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" in a P-Asserted-Service header field, and with an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body containing an SDS NOTIFICATION message Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for SDS disposition notification for terminating MCDData client"; and
- SIP MESSAGE request routed to the MCDData client with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" in a P-Asserted-Service header field, and with an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body containing an FD NOTIFICATION message Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for FD disposition notification for terminating MCDData client";
- SIP MESSAGE request routed to the MCDData client with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" in a P-Asserted-Service header field, and with an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body containing a <request-type> element in of the SIP MESSAGE request contains the value "msf-disc-res". Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for absolute URI discovery response";
- SIP MESSAGE request routed to the MCDData client with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" in a P-Asserted-Service header field, and with an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body containing an DEFERRED DATA RESPONSE message. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE response for the list of deferred group communications request"
- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the MCDData client with the Request-URI set to a public user identity of the MCDData user that contains a <preconfigured-group> element in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body and a <regroup-action> element set to "create". Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request to the MCDData client to request creation of a regroup using preconfigured group" in the procedures in the present document;
- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the MCDData client with the Request-URI set to a public user identity of the MCDData user that contains a <preconfigured-group> element in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body and a <regroup-action> element set to "remove". Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request to the MCDData client to request removal of a regroup using preconfigured group" in the procedures in the present document.
- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the MCDData client containing a Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml" and including an XML body containing a <mcdata-info> root element containing the <mcdata-Params> element and an <emergency-alert-area-ind> element. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for notification of entry into or exit from an emergency alert area"; and

- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the MCDData client containing a Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml" and including an XML body containing a <mcdata-info> root element containing the <mcdata-Params> element and a <group-geo-area-ind> element. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for notification of entry into or exit from a group geographic area".

6.2.1.2 SIP INVITE request

The MCDData client needs to distinguish between the following initial SIP INVITE requests for terminations:

- SIP INVITE request routed to the terminating MCDData client with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" in a P-Asserted-Service header field and a <request-type> element set to "one-to-one-sds" or "group-sds" contained in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body. Such requests are known as "SIP INVITE request for standalone SDS over media plane for terminating MCDData client";
- SIP INVITE request routed to the terminating MCDData client with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" in a P-Asserted-Service header field and a <request-type> element set to "one-to-one-sds-session" or "group-sds-session" contained in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body. Such requests are known as "SIP INVITE request for SDS session for terminating MCDData client";
- SIP INVITE request routed to the terminating MCDData client with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" in a P-Asserted-Service header field and a <request-type> element set to "one-to-one-fd" or "group-fd" contained in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body. Such requests are known as "SIP INVITE request for file distribution for terminating MCDData client"; and
- SIP INVITE request routed to the terminating MCDData client with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.ipconn", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.ipconn" in a P-Asserted-Service header field and a <request-type> element set to "one-to-one-ipconn" contained in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body. Such requests are known as "SIP INVITE request for IP Connectivity session for terminating MCDData client".

6.2.2 MCDData conversation items

6.2.2.1 Generating an SDS Message

In order to generate an SDS message, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate an SDS SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message as specified in clause 15.1.2;
- 2) shall generate a DATA PAYLOAD message as specified in clause 15.1.4;
- 3) shall include in the SIP request, the SDS SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body as specified in clause E.1; and
- 4) shall include in the SIP request, the DATA PAYLOAD message in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-payload MIME body as specified in clause E.2.

When generating an SDS SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message as specified in clause 15.1.2, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall set the Date and time IE to the current time as specified in clause 15.2.8;
- 2) if the SDS message starts a new conversation, shall set the Conversation ID IE to a newly generated Conversation ID value as specified in clause 15.2.9;
- 3) if the SDS message continues an existing unfinished conversation, shall set the Conversation ID IE to the Conversation ID value of the existing conversation as specified in clause 15.2.9;
- 4) shall set the Message ID IE to a newly generated Message ID value as specified in clause 15.2.10;

- 5) if the SDS message is in reply to a previously received SDS message, shall include the InReplyTo message ID IE with the Message ID value in the previously received SDS message;
- 6) if the SDS message is for user consumption, shall not include an Application ID IE as specified in clause 15.2.7 and shall not include an Extended application ID IE as specified in clause 15.2.24;
- 7) if the SDS message is intended for an application on the terminating MCDData client, shall include:
 - a) an Application ID IE with a Application ID value representing the intended application as specified in clause 15.2.7; or
 - b) an Extended application ID IE with an Extended application ID value representing the intended application as specified in clause 15.2.24;

NOTE: The value chosen for the Application ID value is decided by the mission critical organisation.

- 8) if only a delivery disposition notification is required shall include a SDS disposition request type IE set to "DELIVERY" as specified in clause 15.2.3;
- 9) if only a read disposition notification is required shall include a SDS disposition request type IE set to "READ" as specified in clause 15.2.3;
- 10) if both a delivery and read disposition notification is required shall include a SDS disposition request type IE set to "DELIVERY AND READ" as specified in clause 15.2.3;
- 11) may set the User location IE to the current location of the UE as specified in clause 15.2.25; and
- 12) may include an Application metadata container IE as specified in clause 15.2.28.

When generating an DATA PAYLOAD message for SDS as specified in clause 15.1.4, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall set the Number of payloads IE to the number of Payload IEs that needs to be encoded, as specified in clause 15.2.12;
- 2) if end-to-end security is required for a one-to-one communication, shall include the Security parameters and Payload IE with security parameters as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]. Otherwise, if end-to-end security is not required for a one-to-one communication, shall include the Payload IE as specified in clause 15.1.4; and
- 3) for each Payload IE included:
 - a) if the payload is text; and
 - i) if the payload is using a character set as determined by either MCDData client configuration or the availability of the element <mcddata-default-charset> under the <list-service> element in the group document for a group SDS, shall set the Payload content type as "TEXT" as specified in clause 15.2.13 and use the charset as configured or identified in the <mcddata-default-charset> under the <list-service> element, interpreting the value of the element as the MIBenum value of the charset as defined in the IANA Character Sets [x];
 - ii) else if using a character set available from a list available in the MCDData client configuration shall encode the MIBenum value of the charset being used for the payload as defined in the IANA Character Sets [x] as a two octet positive integer and prepend it to the the payload, and shall set the Payload content type as "CODED TEXT" as specified in clause 15.2.13;
 - b) if the payload is binary data, shall set the Payload content type as "BINARY" as specified in clause 15.2.13;
 - c) if the payload is hyperlinks, shall set the Payload content type as "HYPERLINKS" as specified in clause 15.2.13;
 - d) if the payload is location, shall set the Payload content type as "LOCATION" as specified in clause 15.2.13;
 - e) if payload is enhanced status for a group, shall set the Payload content type as "ENHANCED STATUS" as specified in subclass 15.2.13; and
 - f) shall include the data to be sent in the Payload data.

6.2.2.2 Generating an FD Message for FD using HTTP

In order to generate an FD message, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate an FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message as specified in clause 15.1.3; and
- 2) shall include in the SIP request, the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body as specified in clause E.1.

When generating an FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message as specified in clause 15.1.3, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall set the Date and time IE to the current time as specified in clause 15.2.8;
- 2) if the FD message starts a new conversation, shall set the Conversation ID IE to a newly generated Conversation ID value as specified in clause 15.2.9;
- 3) if the FD message continues an existing unfinished conversation, shall set the Conversation ID IE to the Conversation ID value of the existing conversation as specified in clause 15.2.9;
- 4) shall set the Message ID IE to a newly generated Message ID value as specified in clause 15.2.10;
- 5) if the FD message is in reply to a previously received MCDData message, shall include the InReplyTo message ID IE with the Message ID value in the previously received MCDData message;
- 6) if the FD message is for user consumption, shall not include an Application ID IE as specified in clause 15.2.7 and shall not include an Extended application ID IE as specified in clause 15.2.24;
- 7) if the FD message is intended for an application on the terminating MCDData client, shall include:
 - a) an Application ID IE with a Application ID value representing the intended application as specified in clause 15.2.7; or
 - b) an Extended application ID IE with an Extended application ID value representing the intended application as specified in clause 15.2.24;

NOTE: The value and field chosen for coding the identity of the application are coordinated by the mission critical organisation.

- 8) may include an FD disposition request type IE set to "FILE DOWNLOAD COMPLETE UPDATE" as specified in clause 15.2.4;
- 9) if requiring mandatory download at the recipient side, shall include a Mandatory download IE as specified in clause 15.2.16 set to the value of "MANDATORY DOWNLOAD";
- 10) shall include a Payload IE with:
 - a) the Payload content type set to "FILEURL" as specified in clause 15.2.13; and
 - b) the URL of the file in the Payload data as as specified in clause 15.2.13;
- 11) may include a Metadata IE with the required file description information and file availability information, as specified in clause 15.2.17; and
- 12) may include an Application metadata container IE as specified in clause 15.2.28.

6.2.2.3 Generating an FD Message for FD using media plane

In order to generate an FD message, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate an FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message as specified in clause 15.1.3; and
- 2) shall include in the SIP request, the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body as specified in clause E.1.

When generating an FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message as specified in clause 15.1.3, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall set the Date and time IE to the current time as specified in clause 15.2.8;

- 2) if the file starts a new conversation, shall set the Conversation ID IE to a newly generated Conversation ID value as specified in clause 15.2.9;
- 3) if the file continues an existing conversation, shall set the Conversation ID IE to the Conversation ID value of the existing conversation as specified in clause 15.2.9;
- 4) shall set the Message ID IE to a newly generated Message ID value as specified in clause 15.2.10;
- 5) if the file is in reply to a previously received SDS message or file, shall include the InReplyTo message ID IE with the Message ID value in the previously received SDS message or file;
- 6) if the file is for user consumption, shall not include an Application ID IE as specified in clause 15.2.7 and shall not include an Extended application ID IE as specified in clause 15.2.24;
- 7) if the file is intended for an application on the terminating MCDData client, shall include:
 - a) an Application ID IE with a Application ID value representing the intended application as specified in clause 15.2.7; or
 - b) an Extended application ID IE with an Extended application ID value representing the intended application as specified in clause 15.2.24;

NOTE: The value and field chosen for coding the identity of the application are coordinated by the mission critical organisation.

- 8) if a file download complete notification is required shall include a FD disposition request type IE set to "FILE DOWNLOAD COMPLETED UPDATE" as specified in clause 15.2.4;
- 9) if mandatory download of a file is required, shall include and set the Mandatory download IE to "MANDATORY DOWNLOAD" as described in clause 15.2.16; and
- 10) may include an Application metadata container IE as specified in clause 15.2.28.

6.2.2.4 Client generating message to terminate FD over HTTP

In order to generate an message to terminate FD using HTTP, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate an FD HTTP TERMINATION message as specified in clause 15.1.13; and
- 2) shall include in the SIP request, the FD HTTP TERMINATION message in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-signalling MIME body as specified in clause E.1.

When generating an FD HTTP TERMINATION message as specified in clause 15.1.13, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall set the Conversation ID IE to a value identifying the conversation, as specified in clause 15.2.9;
- 2) shall set the Message ID IE to a value identifying the message as specified in clause 15.2.10;
- 3) may set:
 - a) the Application ID IE to the stored value if applicable; or
 - b) the Extended Application ID IE to the stored value if applicable;
- 4) shall include a Payload IE with:
 - a) shall set the Payload content type set to "FILEURL" as specified in clause 15.2.13; and
 - b) shall set the URL of the file same as of FD transmission; and
- 5) Shall set the Termination information type IE set to "TERMINATION REQUEST" as specified in clause 15.2.22.

6.2.3 Disposition Notifications

6.2.3.1 Generating an SDS Notification

In order to generate an SDS notification, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate an SDS NOTIFICATION message as specified in clause 15.1.5; and
- 2) shall include in the SIP request, the SDS NOTIFICATION message in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body as specified in clause E.1.

When generating an SDS NOTIFICATION message as specified in clause 15.1.5, the MCDData client:

- 1) if sending a delivered notification, shall set the SDS disposition notification type IE as "DELIVERED" as specified in clause 15.2.5;
- 2) if sending a read notification, shall set the SDS disposition notification type IE as "READ" as specified in clause 15.2.5;
- 3) if sending a delivered and read notification, shall set the SDS disposition notification type IE as "DELIVERED AND READ" as specified in clause 15.2.5;
- 4) if the SDS message could not be delivered to the user or application (e.g. due to lack of storage), shall set the SDS disposition notification type IE as "UNDELIVERED" as specified in clause 15.2.5;
- 5) shall set the Date and time IE to the current time to as specified in clause 15.2.8;
- 6) shall set the Conversation ID to the value of the Conversation ID that was received in the SDS message as specified in clause 15.2.9;
- 7) shall set the Message ID to the value of the Message ID that was received in the SDS message as specified in clause 15.2.10;
- 8) if the SDS message was destined for the user, shall not include an Application ID IE (as specified in clause 15.2.7) and shall not include an Extended application ID IE (as specified in clause 15.2.24); and
- 9) if the SDS message was destined for an application, shall include:
 - a) an Application ID IE set to the value of the Application ID that was included in the SDS message as specified in clause 15.2.3; or
 - b) an Extended application ID IE set to the value of the Extended application ID that was included in the SDS message as specified in clause 15.2.24.

6.2.3.2 Generating an FD Notification

In order to generate an FD notification, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate an FD NOTIFICATION message as specified in clause 15.1.6; and
- 2) shall include in the SIP request, the FD NOTIFICATION message in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body as specified in clause E.1.

When generating an FD NOTIFICATION message as specified in clause 15.1.6, the MCDData client:

- 1) if sending a file download accept notification, shall set the FD disposition notification type IE as "FILE DOWNLOAD REQUEST ACCEPTED" as specified in clause 15.2.6;
- 2) if sending a file download reject notification, shall set the FD disposition notification type IE as "FILE DOWNLOAD REQUEST REJECTED" as specified in clause 15.2.6;
- 3) if sending a file download deferred notification, shall set the FD disposition notification type IE as "FILE DOWNLOAD REQUEST DEFERRED" as specified in clause 15.2.6;

- 4) shall set the Conversation ID to the value of the Conversation ID that was received in the FD message as specified in clause 15.2.9;
- 5) shall set the Date and time IE to the current time as specified in clause 15.2.8; and
- 6) if sending a file download completed notification:
 - a) shall set the FD disposition notification type IE as "FILE DOWNLOAD COMPLETED" as specified in clause 15.2.6;
 - b) shall set the Message ID to the value of the Message ID that was received in the FD message as specified in clause 15.2.10;
 - c) if the FD message was destined for the user, shall not include an Application ID IE as specified in clause 15.2.7 and shall not include a Extended application ID IE as specified in clause 15.2.24; and
 - d) if the FD message was destined for an application, shall include:
 - i) an Application ID IE set to the value of the Application ID that was included in the FD message as specified in clause 15.2.3; or
 - ii) an Extended application ID IE set to the value of the Extended application ID that was included in the FD message as specified in clause 15.2.24.

6.2.4 Sending SIP requests and receiving SIP responses

6.2.4.1 Generating a SIP MESSAGE request towards the originating participating MCDData function

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

In a SIP MESSAGE request, the MCDData client:

- 1) when sending SDS messages or SDS disposition notifications:
 - a) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
 - b) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8]; and
 - c) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7] in the SIP MESSAGE request;
- 2) when sending FD messages, FD disposition notifications, FD media storage function discovery or access a list of deferred group communications messages:
 - a) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
 - b) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8]; and
 - c) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7] in the SIP MESSAGE request;
- 3) may include a P-Preferred-Identity header field in the SIP MESSAGE request containing a public user identity as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 4) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity identifying the participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user.

6.2.5 Location information

6.2.5.1 Location information for location reporting

This procedure is initiated by the MCDData client when it is including location report information:

- 1) as part of a SIP request for a specified location trigger;
- 2) as part of a SIP request containing an MCDData emergency alert ; or
- 3) as part of a SIP request unrelated to location triggers or emergency situations (for example, responding to a location information request).

Editor's Note: [eMCDData3, CR 0291R1, C1-221908] Text in this spec where location information is included for reporting may need to be reviewed/revised/updated to functionally harmonize with text in this procedure or, possibly, to reference this procedure directly.

The MCDData client:

- 1) shall include, unless already present, an application/vnd.3gpp.location-info+xml MIME body as specified in clause D.4, with a <Report> element included in the <location-info> root element;
- 2) if the location information is being included because of the firing of a trigger configured in a <TriggeringCriteria> element or in an <EmergencyTriggeringCriteria> element of a <Configuration> element contained in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-location-info+xml MIME body, as specified in clause D.4:
 - a) shall set the <ReportType> attribute to the "Emergency" value if the activated trigger was configured in the <EmergencyTriggeringCriteria>, otherwise shall set the <ReportType> attribute to the "NonEmergency" value;
 - b) shall include the <TriggerId> child elements, where each element is set to the value of the <Trigger-Id> attribute associated with the trigger that has fired;
 - c) shall include the location reporting elements corresponding to the triggers that have fired;
 - d) shall set the minimumReportInterval timer to the minimumReportInterval time and start the timer;
 - e) shall reset all triggers; and
 - f) shall skip the rest of the steps of this procedure;
- 3) if the location information is being included to enable processing for an emergency related situation (such as an emergency alert, emergency group communication or emergency one-to-one communication):
 - a) shall set the <ReportType> attribute to the "Emergency" value;
 - b) shall populate the <CurrentLocation> element of the <Report> element to contain values for the <longitude>, <latitude>, <CurrentServingEcgi> and <locTimestamp> elements, as well as other not already included elements indicated by the <EmergencyLocationInformation> element, if present in the <Configuration> element contained in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-location-info+xml MIME body, per clause D.4; and
 - c) shall skip the rest of the steps of this procedure; and
- 4) if the location information is being included as a result of a location information request:
 - a) shall set the <ReportType> attribute to the "NonEmergency" value;
 - b) shall include the <ReportID> attribute set to the value of the <RequestID> attribute in the received location request; and
 - c) shall populate the <CurrentLocation> element of the <Report> element containing at least a <CurrentCoordinate> element.

6.2.6 Void

6.2.7 Handling of in-progress emergency and imminent peril conditions

6.2.7.1 MCDATA upgrade to in-progress emergency or in-progress imminent peril

This clause covers both on-demand session and pre-established sessions.

Upon receiving a request from an MCDATA user to upgrade the MCDATA group session to either an emergency condition or an imminent peril condition on an MCDATA prearranged group, the MCDATA client shall generate a SIP re-INVITE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], with the clarifications given below:

- 1) if the MCDATA user is requesting to upgrade the MCDATA group session to an in-progress emergency group state and this is an unauthorised request for an MCDATA emergency communication as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.1.8, the MCDATA client:
 - a) should indicate to the MCDATA user that they are not authorised to upgrade the MCDATA group session to an in-progress emergency group state; and
 - b) shall skip the remaining steps of the current clause;
- 2) if the MCDATA user is requesting to upgrade the MCDATA group session to an in-progress imminent peril state and this is an unauthorised request for an MCDATA imminent peril group communication as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.1.8, the MCDATA client:
 - a) should indicate to the MCDATA user that they are not authorised to upgrade the MCDATA group session to an in-progress imminent peril group state; and
 - b) shall skip the remaining steps of the current clause;
- 3) if the MCDATA user has requested to upgrade the MCDATA group session to an MCDATA emergency communication, the MCDATA client:
 - a) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body by following the procedures in clause 6.2.8.1.1; and
 - b) shall include a Resource-Priority header field and comply with the procedures in clause 6.2.8.1.2;
- 4) if the MCDATA user has requested to upgrade the MCDATA group session to an MCDATA imminent peril communication, the MCDATA client:
 - a) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body by following the procedures in clause 6.2.8.1.9; and
 - b) shall include a Resource-Priority header field and comply with the procedures in clause 6.2.8.1.12;
- 5) if the SIP re-INVITE request is to be sent within an on-demand session, shall include in the SIP re-INVITE request an SDP offer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications specified in clause 9.2.4.2.1 (for SDS session), or 10.2.5.2.1 (for FD using media plane), as appropriate;
- 6) if the SIP re-INVITE request is to be sent within a pre-established session, shall include an SDP offer in the SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], based upon the parameters already negotiated for the pre-established session;

NOTE: The SIP re-INVITE request can be sent within an on-demand session or a pre-established session. If the SIP re-INVITE request is sent within a pre-established session, the SDP offer for the media parameters is expected to be the same as was negotiated in the existing pre-established session.

- 7) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body with a <Report> element included in the <location-info> root element (see clause D.4) and include in the <Report> element the specific location information configured for the MCDATA emergency alert location trigger; and
- 8) shall send the SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receiving a SIP 2xx response to the SIP re-INVITE request, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall interact with the user plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15]; and
- 2) shall perform the actions specified in clause 6.2.8.1.4.

On receiving a SIP INFO request where the Request-URI contains an MCDData session ID identifying an ongoing group session, the MCDData client shall follow the actions specified in clause 6.2.8.1.13.

On receiving a SIP 4xx response, SIP 5xx response or a SIP 6xx response to the SIP re-INVITE request the MCDData client shall perform the actions specified in clause 6.2.8.1.5.

6.2.7.2 MCDData in-progress emergency cancel

This clause covers both on-demand session and pre-established sessions.

Upon receiving a request from an MCDData user to cancel the in-progress emergency condition on a prearranged MCDData group, the MCDData client shall generate a SIP re-INVITE request while in an ongoing prearranged group communication by following the UE originating session procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], with the clarifications given below, otherwise generate a SIP MESSAGE request by following client procedure of clause 16.2.1.4 of present document.

The MCDData client:

- 1) if the MCDData user is not authorised to cancel the in-progress emergency group state of the MCDData group as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.1.7, the MCDData client:
 - a) should indicate to the MCDData user that they are not authorised to cancel the in-progress emergency group state of the MCDData group; and
 - b) shall skip the remaining steps of the current clause;
- 2) shall, if the MCDData user is cancelling an in-progress emergency condition and optionally an MCDData emergency alert originated by the MCDData user, include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body populated as specified in clause 6.2.8.1.3;
- 3) shall, if the MCDData user is cancelling an in-progress emergency condition and an MCDData emergency alert originated by another MCDData user, include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body populated as specified in clause 6.2.8.1.14;
- 4) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element:
 - a) the <session-type> element set to a value of "prearranged"; and
 - b) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the group identity;

NOTE 1: The MCDData ID of the originating MCDData user is not included in the body, as this will be inserted into the body of the SIP INVITE request that is sent by the originating participating MCDData function.

- 5) shall include the g.3gpp.mcdata media feature tag in the Contact header field of the SIP re-INVITE request according to IETF RFC 3840 [16];
- 6) if the SIP re-INVITE request is to be sent within an on-demand session, shall include in the SIP re-INVITE request an SDP offer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications specified in clause 9.2.4.2.1 (for SDS session), or 10.2.5.2.1 (for FD using media plane), as appropriate;
- 7) if the SIP re-INVITE request is to be sent within a pre-established session, shall include an SDP offer in the SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], based upon the parameters already negotiated for the pre-established session;

NOTE 2: The SIP re-INVITE request can be sent within an on-demand session or a pre-established session. If the SIP re-INVITE request is sent within a pre-established session, the SDP offer for the media parameters is expected to be the same as was negotiated in the existing pre-established session.

- 8) shall include a Resource-Priority header field and comply with the procedures in clause 6.2.8.1.2; and

9) shall send the SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receiving a SIP 2xx response to the SIP re-INVITE request, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall interact with the user plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15];
- 2) shall set the MCDData emergency group state of the group to "MDEG 1: no-emergency";
- 3) shall set the MCDData emergency group communication state of the group to "MDEGC 1: emergency-gc-capable"; and
- 4) if the MCDData emergency alert state is set to "MDEA 4: Emergency-alert-cancel-pending", the sent SIP re-INVITE request did not contain an <originated-by> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body and the SIP 2xx response to the SIP request for a priority group communication does not contain a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 with the warning text containing the mcdata-warn-code set to "149", shall set the MCDData emergency alert state to "MDEA 1: no-alert".

On receiving a SIP INFO request where the Request-URI contains an MCDData session ID identifying an ongoing group session, the MCDData client shall follow the actions specified in clause 6.2.8.1.13.

On receiving a SIP 4xx response, SIP 5xx response or SIP 6xx response to the SIP re-INVITE request:

- 1) shall set the MCDData emergency group state as "MDEG 2: in-progress";
- 2) if the SIP 4xx response, SIP 5xx response or SIP 6xx response contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with an <alert-ind> element set to a value of "true" and the sent SIP re-INVITE request did not contain an <originated-by> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, the MCDData client shall set the MCDData emergency alert state to "MDEA 3: emergency-alert-initiated"; and
- 3) if the SIP 4xx response, SIP 5xx response or SIP 6xx response did not contain an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with an <alert-ind> element and did not contain an <originated-by> element, the MCDData emergency alert (MDEA) state shall revert to its value prior to entering the current procedure.

NOTE 3: If the in-progress emergency group state cancel request is rejected, the state of the session does not change, i.e. continues with MCDData emergency group communication level priority.

6.2.7.3 MCDData in-progress imminent peril cancel

This clause covers both on-demand session and pre-established sessions.

Upon receiving a request from an MCDData user to cancel the in-progress imminent peril condition on a prearranged MCDData group, the MCDData client shall generate a SIP re-INVITE request by following the procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], with the clarifications given below:

The MCDData client:

- 1) if the MCDData user is not authorised to cancel the in-progress imminent peril group state of the MCDData group as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.1.10, the MCDData client:
 - a) should indicate to the MCDData user that they are not authorised to cancel the in-progress imminent peril group state of the MCDData group; and
 - b) shall skip the remaining steps of the current clause;
- 2) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body populated as specified in clause 6.2.8.1.11;
- 3) shall include a Resource-Priority header field and comply with the procedures in clause 6.2.8.1.12;
- 4) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element:
 - a) the <session-type> element set to a value of "prearranged"; and
 - b) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the group identity;

NOTE 1: The MCDData ID of the originating MCDData user is not included in the body, as this will be inserted into the body of the SIP re-INVITE request that is sent by the originating participating MCDData function.

- 5) shall include the g.3gpp.mcdata media feature tag in the Contact header field of the SIP re-INVITE request according to IETF RFC 3840 [16];
- 6) if the SIP re-INVITE request is to be sent within an on-demand session, shall include in the SIP re-INVITE request an SDP offer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications specified in clause 9.2.4.2.1 (for SDS session), or 10.2.5.2.1 (for FD using media plane), as appropriate;
- 7) if the SIP re-INVITE request is to be sent within a pre-established session, shall include an SDP offer in the SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], based upon the parameters already negotiated for the pre-established session; and

NOTE 2: The SIP re-INVITE request can be sent within an on-demand session or a pre-established session. If the SIP re-INVITE request is sent within a pre-established session, the SDP offer for the media parameters is expected to be the same as was negotiated in the existing pre-established session.

- 8) shall send the SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receiving a SIP 2xx response to the SIP re-INVITE request, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall interact with the user plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15];
- 2) shall set the MCDData imminent peril group state of the group to "MDIG 1: no-imminent-peril"; and
- 3) shall set the MCDData imminent peril group communication state of the group to "MDIGC 1: imminent-peril-gc-capable".

On receiving a SIP 4xx, SIP 5xx response or SIP 6xx response to the SIP re-INVITE request:

- 1) if the SIP 4xx response, SIP 5xx response or SIP 6xx response:
 - a) contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with an <imminentperil-ind> element set to a value of "true"; or
 - b) does not contain an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with an <imminentperil-ind> element;

then the MCDData client shall set the MCDData imminent peril group state as "MDIG 2: in-progress".

NOTE 3: This is the case where the MCDData client requested the cancellation of the MCDData imminent peril in-progress state and was rejected.

6.2.7.4 MCDData client receives SIP re-INVITE request

This clause covers both on-demand session and pre-established sessions.

Upon receipt of a SIP re-INVITE request, the MCDData client:

- 1) if the SIP re-INVITE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with the <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "true":
 - a) should display to the MCDData user the MCDData ID of the originator of the MCDData emergency group communication and an indication that this is an MCDData emergency group communication;
 - b) if the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element contains an <alert-ind> element set to "true", should display to the MCDData user an indication of the MCDData emergency alert and associated information;
 - c) shall set the MCDData emergency group state to "MDEG 2: in-progress";
 - d) shall set the MCDData imminent peril group state to "MDIG 1: no-imminent-peril"; and
 - e) shall set the MCDData imminent peril group communication state to "MDIGC 1: imminent-peril-gc-capable";

- 2) if the SIP re-INVITE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with the <imminentperil-ind> element set to a value of "true":
 - a) should display to the MCDData user the MCDData ID of the originator of the MCDData imminent peril group communication and an indication that this is an MCDData imminent peril group communication; and
 - b) shall set the MCDData imminent peril group state to "MDIG 2: in-progress";
- 3) if the SIP re-INVITE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with the <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "false":
 - a) should display to the MCDData user the MCDData ID of the MCDData user cancelling the MCDData emergency group communication;
 - b) if the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element contains an <alert-ind> element set to "false":
 - i) should display to the MCDData user an indication of the MCDData emergency alert cancellation and the MCDData ID of the MCDData user cancelling the MCDData emergency alert; and
 - ii) if the SIP re-INVITE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body including an <originated-by> element:
 - A) should display to the MCDData user the MCDData ID contained in the <originated-by> element of the MCDData user that originated the MCDData emergency alert; and
 - B) if the MCDData ID contained in the <originated-by> element is the MCDData ID of the receiving MCDData user shall set the MCDData emergency alert state to "MDEA 1: no-alert";
 - c) shall set the MCDData emergency group state to "MDEG 1: no-emergency"; and
 - d) if the MCDData emergency group communication state of the group is set to "MDEGC 3: emergency-communication-granted", shall set the MCDData emergency group communication state of the group to "MDEGC 1: emergency-gc-capable";
- 4) if the SIP re-INVITE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with the <imminentperil-ind> element set to a value of "false":
 - a) should display to the MCDData user the MCDData ID of the MCDData user cancelling the MCDData imminent peril group communication and an indication that this is an MCDData imminent peril group communication;
 - b) shall set the MCDData imminent peril group state to "MDIG 1: no-imminent-peril"; and
 - c) shall set the MCDData imminent peril group communication state to "MDIGC 1: imminent-peril-gc-capable";
- 5) shall check if a Resource-Priority header field is included in the incoming SIP re-INVITE request and may perform further actions outside the scope of this specification to act upon an included Resource-Priority header field as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 6) shall accept the SIP re-INVITE request and generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 7) shall include the g.3gpp.mcdata media feature tag in the Contact header field of the SIP 200 (OK) response;
- 8) shall include the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" in the Contact header field of the SIP 200 (OK) response;
- 9) if the SIP re-INVITE request was received within an on-demand session, shall include an SDP answer in the SIP 200 (OK) response to the SDP offer in the incoming SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications given in clause 9.2.4.2.2 (for SDS session), or 10.2.5.2.2 (for FD using media plane), as appropriate;

10) if the SIP re-INVITE request was received within a pre-established session, shall include an SDP answer in the SIP 200 (OK) response to the SDP offer in the incoming SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], based upon the parameters already negotiated for the pre-established session;

NOTE: The SIP re-INVITE request can be received within an on-demand session or a pre-established session. If the SIP re-INVITE request is sent within a pre-established session, the SDP offer for the media parameters is expected to be the same as was negotiated in the existing pre-established session.

11) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response towards the MCDData server according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and

12) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15].

6.2.7.5 MCDData group in-progress emergency group state cancel

Upon receiving a request from an MCDData user to cancel the in-progress emergency condition on a MCDData group on which there is no communication ongoing, the MCDData client shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6] with the clarifications given below.

NOTE 1: This SIP MESSAGE request is assumed to be sent out-of-dialog.

The MCDData client:

- 1) if the MCDData user is not authorised to cancel the in-progress emergency group state of the MCDData group as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.1.7, the MCDData client:
 - a) should indicate to the MCDData user that they are not authorised to cancel the in-progress emergency group state of the MCDData group; and
 - b) shall skip the remaining steps of the current clause;
- 2) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7] in the SIP MESSAGE request;
- 3) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 4) may include a P-Preferred-Identity header field in the SIP MESSAGE request containing the public user identity of the originator as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 5) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as specified in clause D.1 with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with:
 - a) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData group identity; and
 - b) the <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "false";
- 6) if the MCDData user has additionally requested the cancellation of an MCDData emergency alert originated by MCDData user, shall include an <alert-ind> element set to a value of "false" in the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element;
- 7) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity identifying the participating MCDData function serving the group identity;
- 8) if the generated SIP MESSAGE request contains an <alert-ind> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall set the MCDData emergency alert state to "MDEA 4: Emergency-alert-canceled"; and
- 9) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receipt of a SIP MESSAGE request containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with an <emergency-ind-rcvd> element set to a value of "true" and an <mcdata-client-id> matching the MCDData client ID included in the sent SIP MESSAGE request:

- 1) if an <emergency-ind> element is present in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of received SIP MESSAGE request and is set to a value of "false":
 - a) shall set the MCDData emergency group state of the group to "MDEG 1: no-emergency".

NOTE 3: The case where an <emergency-ind> element is set to true is possible but not handled specifically above as it results in no state changes.

- 2) if the <alert-ind> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the received SIP MESSAGE request is set to a value of "true" and if the MCDData emergency alert state is set to "MDEA 4: emergency-alert-cancel-pending" and the sent SIP MESSAGE request contained an <alert-ind> element set to value "false" in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall set the MCDData emergency alert state to "MDEA 3: emergency-alert-initiated"; and

NOTE 4: It would appear to be an unusual situation for the initiator of an MCDData emergency alert to not be able to clear their own alert. Nevertheless, an MCDData user can be configured to be authorised to initiate MCDData emergency alerts but not have the authority to clear them. Hence, the case is covered here.

- 3) if the <alert-ind> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the received SIP MESSAGE request is set to a value of "false" and if the MCDData emergency alert state is set to "MDEA 4: emergency-alert-cancel-pending" and the sent SIP MESSAGE request contained an <alert-ind> element set to value "false" in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall:
 - a) set the MCDData emergency alert state to "MDEA 1: no-alert"; and
 - b) clear the MCDData emergency state if not already cleared.

On receiving a SIP 4xx response, SIP 5xx response or SIP 6xx response to the sent SIP MESSAGE request, the MCDData client:

- 1) if the received SIP 4xx response, SIP 5xx response or SIP 6xx response contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as specified in clause D.1 with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with the <alert-ind> element set to a value of "true" and the sent SIP MESSAGE request contained an <alert-ind> element set to value "false" in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body and the MCDData emergency alert state is set to "MDEA 4: emergency-alert-cancel-pending", shall set the MCDData emergency alert state to "MDEA 3: emergency-alert-initiated".

NOTE 5: In this case, <emergency-ind> element is set to true is possible but not handled specifically above as it results in no state changes.

6.2.8 Priority communication conditions

6.2.8.1 MCDData emergency group communication and imminent peril communication conditions

6.2.8.1.1 SIP INVITE request or SIP REFER request for originating MCDData emergency group communications

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

When the MCDData emergency state is set and the MCDData user is authorised to initiate an MCDData emergency group communication on the targeted MCDData group as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.1.8, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the SIP INVITE request or SIP REFER request, an <emergency-ind> element set to "true";
- 2) if the MCDData emergency group communication state is set to "MDEGC 1: emergency-gc-capable", shall set the MCDData emergency group communication state to "MDEGC 2: emergency-communication-requested";
- 3) if the MCDData user has also requested an MCDData emergency alert to be sent and this is an authorised request for MCDData emergency alert as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.1.6, and the MCDData emergency alert state is set to "MDEA 1: no-alert", shall:

- a) set the <alert-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body to "true" and set the MCDData emergency alert state to "MDEA 2: emergency-alert-confirm-pending"; and
- b) include in the SIP INVITE request the specific location information for MCDData emergency alert as specified in clause 6.2.5.1;
- 4) if the MCDData user has not requested an MCDData emergency alert to be sent and the MCDData emergency alert state is set to "MDEA 1: no-alert", shall set the <alert-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body to "false"; and
- 5) if the MCDData client emergency group state of the group is set to a value other than "MDEG 2: in-progress", set the MCDData client emergency group state of the MCDData group to "MDEG 4: confirm-pending".

NOTE 1: This is the case of an MCDData user already being in the MCDData emergency state it initiated previously while originating an MCDData emergency group communication or MCDData emergency alert. All group communications the MCDData user originates while in MCDData emergency state will be MCDData emergency group communications.

When the MCDData emergency state is clear and the MCDData emergency group communication state is set to "MDEGC 1: emergency-gc-capable" and the the MCDData user is authorised to initiate an MCDData emergency group communication on the targetted MCDData group as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.1.8, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall set the MCDData emergency state;
- 2) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the SIP INVITE request or SIP REFER request an <emergency-ind> element set to "true" and set the MCDData emergency group communication state to "MDEGC 2: emergency-communication-requested" state;
- 3) if the MCDData user has also requested an MCDData emergency alert to be sent and this is an authorised request for MCDData emergency alert as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.1.6, shall:
 - a) include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body the <alert-ind> element set to "true" and set the MCDData emergency alert state to "MDEA 2: emergency-alert-confirm-pending"; and
 - b) include in the SIP INVITE request the specific location information for MCDData emergency alert as specified in clause 6.2.5.1;
- 4) if the MCDData user has not requested an MCDData emergency alert to be sent, shall set the <alert-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body to "false"; and
- 5) if the MCDData client emergency group state of the group is set to a value other than "MDEG 2: in-progress", shall set the MCDData client emergency group state of the MCDData group to "MDEG 4: confirm-pending".

NOTE 2: This is the case of an initial MCDData emergency group communication and optionally an MCDData emergency alert being sent. As the MCDData emergency state is not sent, there is no MCDData emergency alert outstanding.

NOTE 3: An MCDData group communication originated by an affiliated member of an MCDData group which is in an in-progress emergency state (as tracked on the MCDData client by the MCDData client emergency group state), but is not in an MCDData emergency state of their own, will also be an MCDData emergency group communication. The <emergency-ind> and <alert-ind> elements of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body do not need to be included in this case and hence, no action needs to be taken in this clause.

6.2.8.1.2 Resource-Priority header field for MCDData emergency group communications

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

If the MCDData emergency group communication state is set to either "MDEGC 2: emergency-communication-requested" or "MDEGC 3: emergency-communication-granted" and this is an authorised request for an MCDData emergency group communication as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.1.8, or the MCDData client emergency group state of the group is set to "MDEG 2: in-progress", the MCDData client shall include in the SIP INVITE request or SIP REFER request a Resource-Priority header field populated with the values for an MCDData emergency group communication as specified in clause 6.2.8.1.15.

NOTE: The MCDData client ideally would not need to maintain knowledge of the in-progress emergency state of the group (as tracked on the MCDData client by the MCDData client emergency group state) but can use this knowledge to provide a Resource-Priority header field set to emergency level priority, which starts the infrastructure priority adjustment process sooner than otherwise would be the case.

If this is an authorised request to cancel the MCDData emergency group communication as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.1.7, and the MCDData client emergency group state of the group is "no-emergency" or "cancel-pending", the MCDData client shall include in the SIP INVITE request or SIP REFER request a Resource-Priority header field populated with the values for a normal MCDData group communication as specified in clause 6.2.8.1.15.

6.2.8.1.3 SIP re-INVITE request for cancelling MCDData in-progress emergency group state

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

If the MCDData emergency group communication state is set to "MDEGC 3: emergency-communication-granted" and the MCDData emergency alert state is set to "MDEA 1: no-alert", the MCDData client shall generate a SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications given below.

NOTE 1: This procedure assumes that the calling procedure has verified that the MCDData user has made an authorised request for cancelling MCDData in-progress emergency group state of the group.

The MCDData client:

- 1) shall include in the SIP re-INVITE request an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as defined in clause D.1 with the <emergency-ind> element set to "false";
- 2) shall clear the MCDData emergency state; and
- 3) shall set MCDData emergency group state of the MCDData group to "MDEG 3: cancel-pending"

NOTE 2: This is the case of an MCDData user who has initiated an MCDData emergency group communication and wants to cancel it.

If the MCDData emergency group communication state is set to "MDEGC 3: emergency-communication-granted" and the MCDData emergency alert state is set to a value other than "MDEA 1: no-alert" and the MCDData user has indicated only the MCDData emergency group communication should be cancelled, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall include in the SIP re-INVITE request an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as defined in clause D.1 with the <emergency-ind> element set to "false"; and
- 2) shall set the MCDData emergency group state of the MCDData group to "MDEG 3: cancel-pending".

NOTE 3: This is the case of an MCDData user has initiated both an MCDData emergency group communication and an MCDData emergency alert and wishes to only cancel the MCDData emergency group communication. This leaves the MCDData emergency state set.

If the MCDData emergency group communication state is set to "MDEGC 3: emergency-communication-granted" and the MCDData emergency alert state is set to a value other than "MDEA 1: no-alert" and the MCDData user has indicated that the MCDData emergency alert on the MCDData group should be cancelled in addition to the MCDData emergency group communication, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall include in the SIP re-INVITE request an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as defined in clause D.1 with the <emergency-ind> element set to "false";
- 2) if this is an authorised request to cancel an MCDData emergency alert as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.1.6, shall:
 - a) include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body an <alert-ind> element set to "false";
 - b) set the MCDData emergency alert state to "MDEA 4: Emergency-alert-cancel-pending"; and
 - c) clear the MCDData emergency state;
- 3) should, if this is not an authorised request to cancel an MCDData emergency alert as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.1.6, indicate to the MCDData user that they are not authorised to cancel the MCDData emergency alert; and

4) shall set the MCDData emergency group state of the MCDData group to "MDEG 3: cancel-pending".

NOTE 4: This is the case of an MCDData user that has initiated both an MCDData emergency group communication and an MCDData emergency alert and wishes to cancel both.

6.2.8.1.4 Receiving a SIP 2xx response to a SIP request for a priority communication

In the procedures in this clause, a priority group communication refers to an MCDData emergency group communication or an MCDData imminent peril group communication.

On receiving a SIP 2xx response to a SIP request for a priority group communication, the MCDData client:

- 1) if the MCDData emergency group communication state is set to "MDEGC 2: emergency-communication-requested" or "MDEGC 3: emergency-communication-granted":
 - a) shall set the MCDData client emergency group state of the group to "MDEG 2: in-progress";
 - b) if the MCDData emergency alert state is set to "MDEA 2: emergency-alert-confirm-pending" and the SIP 2xx response to the SIP request for a priority group communication does not contain a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 with the warning text containing the mcdata-warn-code set to "149", shall set the MCDData emergency alert state to "MDEA 3: emergency-alert-initiated";
 - c) shall set the MCDData emergency group communication state to "MDEGC 3: emergency-communication-granted"; and
 - d) shall set the MCDData imminent peril group communication state to "MDIGC 1: imminent-peril-capable" and the MCDData imminent peril group state to "MDIG 1: no-imminent-peril"; or
- 2) if the MCDData imminent peril group communication state is set to "MDIGC 2: imminent-peril-communication-requested" or "MDIGC 3: imminent-peril-communication-granted" and the SIP 2xx response to the SIP request for an imminent peril group communication does not contain a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, with the warning text containing the mcdata-warn-code set to "149":
 - a) set the MCDData imminent peril group communication state to "MDIGC 3: imminent-peril-communication-granted"; and
 - b) set the MCDData imminent peril group state to "MDIG 2: in-progress".

6.2.8.1.5 Receiving a SIP 4xx response, SIP 5xx response or SIP 6xx response to a SIP request for a priority group communication

In the procedures in this clause, a priority group communication refers to an MCDData emergency group communication or an MCDData imminent peril group communication.

Upon receiving a SIP 4xx response, a SIP 5xx response or a SIP 6xx response to a SIP request for a priority group communication the MCDData client:

- 1) if the MCDData emergency group communication state is set to "MDEGC 2: emergency-communication-requested" or "MDEGC 3: emergency-communication-granted":
 - a) shall set the MCDData emergency group communication state to "MDEGC 1: emergency-gc-capable";
 - b) if the MCDData client emergency group state of the group is "MDEG 4: confirm-pending", shall set the MCDData client emergency group state of the group to "MDEG 1: no-emergency"; and
 - c) if the sent SIP request for a priority group communication contained an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with an <alert-ind> element set to a value of "true", shall set the MCDData emergency alert state to "MDEA 1: no-alert"; and
- 2) if the MCDData imminent peril group communication state is set to "MDIGC 2: imminent-peril-communication-requested" or "MDIGC 3: imminent-peril-communication-granted":
 - a) shall set the MCDData imminent peril group state to "MDIG 1: no-imminent-peril"; and
 - b) shall set the MCDData imminent peril group communication state to "MDIGC 1: imminent-peril-gc-capable".

6.2.8.1.6 Determining authorisation for initiating or cancelling an MCDATA emergency alert

If the MCDATA client receives a request from the MCDATA user to send an MCDATA emergency alert and:

- 1) if the <allow-activate-emergency-alert> element of the <actions> element of a <rule> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDATA user profile document identified by the MCDATA ID of the calling MCDATA user (see the MCDATA user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "true" and the group document (see 3GPP TS 24.481 [11]) of the MCDATA group indicated by the MCDATA user does not contain a <list-service> element that contains a <preconfigured-group-use-only> element set to the value "true"; and
- 2) if the "entry-info" attribute of the <entry> element of the <GroupEmergencyAlert> element contained within the <Common> element of the <mcddata-user-profile> element within MCDATA user profile document (see the MCDATA user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of:
 - a) "DedicatedGroup", and if the <uri-entry> element of the <entry> element of the <GroupEmergencyAlert> element of the <Common> element of the <mcddata-user-profile> element within MCDATA user profile document (see the MCDATA user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) contains the MCDATA group identity of the MCDATA group targeted by the calling MCDATA user; or
 - b) "UseCurrentlySelectedGroup" and the <mcddata-allow-emergency-alert> element of the <actions> element of a <rule> element of the <ruleset> element of the <list-service> element of the group document identified by the MCDATA group identity targeted for the emergency alert is set to a value of "true" as specified in 3GPP TS 24.481 [11];

then the MCDATA emergency alert request shall be considered to be an authorised request for an MCDATA emergency alert. In all other cases, it shall be considered to be an unauthorised request for originating an MCDATA emergency alert.

If the MCDATA client receives a request from the MCDATA user to cancel an MCDATA emergency alert to an MCDATA group, and if the <allow-cancel-emergency-alert> element of the <actions> element of a <rule> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDATA user profile document identified by the MCDATA ID of the calling MCDATA user (see the MCDATA user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "true", then the MCDATA emergency alert cancellation request shall be considered to be an authorised request to cancel an MCDATA emergency alert. In all other cases, it shall be considered to be an unauthorised request to cancel an MCDATA emergency alert.

6.2.8.1.7 Determining authorisation for cancelling the in-progress emergency state of an MCDATA group

When the MCDATA client receives a request from the MCDATA user to cancel the in-progress emergency state of a group, the MCDATA client determines, based on local policy (e.g., if the requester is dispatcher or initiator of the MCDATA emergency group communication, etc.), whether to send the emergency group state cancel request or not.

6.2.8.1.8 Determining authorisation for originating a priority group communication

When the MCDATA client receives a request from the MCDATA user to originate an MCDATA emergency group communication the MCDATA client shall check the following:

- 1) if the <allow-emergency-group-call> element of the <actions> element of a <rule> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDATA user profile document identified by the MCDATA ID of the calling user (see the MCDATA user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "true" and
 - a) if the "entry-info" attribute of the <entry> element of the <MCDATAGroupInitiation> element of the <EmergencyCall> element contained within the <MCDATA-group-call> element of the MCDATA user profile document (see the MCDATA user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "DedicatedGroup" and if the <uri-entry> element of the <entry> element of the <MCDATAGroupInitiation> element contains the identity of the MCDATA group targeted by the calling MCDATA user; or
 - b) if the "entry-info" attribute of the <entry> element of the <MCDATAGroupInitiation> element of the <EmergencyCall> element contained within the <MCDATA-group-call> element of the MCDATA user profile document (see the MCDATA user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "UseCurrentlySelectedGroup";

then the MCDData emergency group communication request shall be considered to be an authorised request for an MCDData emergency group communication only for SDS session, SDS pre-established session or FD using media plane.

Editor's note: The restriction stated above, to limit the authorization for emergency group communications and/or imminent peril group communication only to certain types of MCDData services is FFS.

In all other cases, the request to originate an MCDData emergency group communication shall be considered to be an unauthorised request to originate an MCDData emergency group communication.

When the MCDData client receives a request from the MCDData user to originate an MCDData imminent peril group communication the MCDData client shall check the following:

- 1) if the <allow-imminent-peril-call> element of the <actions> element of a <rule> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDData user profile document identified by the MCDData ID of the calling user (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "true" and:
 - a) if the "entry-info" attribute of the <entry> element of the <MCDDataGroupInitiation> element contained within the <ImminentPerilCall> element contained within the <MCDData-group-call> element of the MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "DedicatedGroup" and if the <MCDDataGroupInitiation> element contains the identity of the MCDData group targeted by the calling MCDData user; or
 - b) if the "entry-info" attribute of the <entry> element of the <MCDDataGroupInitiation> element contained within the <ImminentPerilCall> element contained within the <MCDData-group-call> element of the MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "UseCurrentlySelectedGroup";

then the MCDData imminent peril group communication request shall be considered to be an authorised request for an MCDData imminent peril group communication only for SDS session, SDS pre-established session or FD using media plane.

Editor's note: The restriction stated above, to limit the authorization for emergency group communications and/or imminent peril group communication only to certain types of MCDData services is FFS.

In all other cases, the request to originate an MCDData imminent peril group communication shall be considered to be an unauthorised request to originate an MCDData imminent peril group communication.

6.2.8.1.9 SIP request for originating MCDData imminent peril group communications

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

When the MCDData client receives a request from the MCDData user to originate an MCDData imminent peril group communication, and this is an authorised request for an MCDData imminent peril group communication as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.1.8, the MCDData client:

- 1) if the MCDData client imminent peril group state is set to "MDIGC 1: imminent-peril-gc-capable" and the in-progress emergency state of the group is set to a value of "false":
 - a) shall include in the SIP request an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as defined in Annex D.1 with the <imminentperil-ind> element set to "true" and set the MCDData emergency group communication state to "MDIGC 2: imminent-peril-call-requested" state; and
 - b) if the MCDData client imminent peril group state of the group is set to a value other than "MDIG 2: in-progress" shall set the MCDData client emergency group state of the MCDData group to "MDIG 4: confirm-pending".

NOTE: An MCDData group communication originated by an affiliated member of an MCDData group which is in an in-progress imminent peril state (as tracked on the MCDData client by the MCDData client imminent peril group state) will also have the priority associated with MCDData imminent peril group communications. The <imminentperil-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body does not need to be included in this case, nor do any state changes result, and hence no action needs to be taken in this clause.

6.2.8.1.10 Determining authorisation for cancelling an imminent peril group communication

When the MCDData client receives a request from the MCDData user to cancel an MCDData imminent peril group communication the MCDData client shall:

- 1) if the <allow-cancel-imminent-peril> element of the <actions> element of a <rule> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDData user profile document identified by the MCDData ID of the calling user (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "true" the MCDData imminent peril communication cancellation request shall be considered to be an authorised request to cancel the MCDData imminent peril group communication; or
- 2) if the <allow-cancel-imminent-peril> element of the <actions> element of a <rule> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDData user profile document identified by the MCDData ID of the calling user (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "false" the MCDData imminent peril communication cancellation request shall be considered to be an unauthorised request to cancel the MCDData imminent peril group communication.

6.2.8.1.11 SIP re-INVITE request for cancelling MCDData in-progress imminent peril group state

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

If the MCDData imminent peril group communication state is set to "MDIGC 3: imminent-peril-call-granted" or the MCDData imminent peril group state of the MCDData group is set to "MDIG 2: in-progress", the MCDData client shall generate a SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications given below.

NOTE 1: This procedure assumes that the calling procedure has verified that the MCDData user has made an authorised request for cancelling the in-progress imminent peril group state of the group.

The MCDData client:

- 1) shall include in the SIP re-INVITE request an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body as defined in clause D.1 with the <imminent-peril-ind> element set to "false"; and
- 2) shall set MCDData imminent peril group state of the MCDData group to "MDIG 3: cancel-pending".

NOTE 2: This is the case of an MCDData user who has initiated an MCDData imminent peril group communication and wants to cancel it, or another authorised member of the group who wishes to cancel the in-progress imminent peril state of the group.

6.2.8.1.12 Resource-Priority header field for MCDData imminent peril group communications

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

When the MCDData imminent peril group communication state is set to "MDIGC 2: imminent-peril-call-requested" or "MDIGC 3: imminent-peril-call-granted" and the MCDData user is authorised to initiate an MCDData imminent peril group communication on the targeted MCDData group as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.1.8, or the MCDData client imminent peril state of the group is set to "MDIG 2: in-progress", the MCDData client:

- 1) shall include in the SIP INVITE request or SIP REFER request a Resource-Priority header field populated with the values for an MCDData imminent peril group communication as specified in clause 6.2.8.1.15.

NOTE: The MCDData client ideally would not need to maintain knowledge of the in-progress imminent peril state of the group (as tracked on the MCDData client by the MCDData client imminent peril group state) but can use this knowledge to provide a Resource-Priority header field set to imminent peril level priority, which starts the infrastructure priority adjustment process sooner than otherwise would be the case.

When the MCDData imminent peril group communication state is set to "MDIGC 1: imminent-peril-gc-capable" and the MCDData user is authorised to cancel MCDData imminent peril group communications as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.1.10, or the MCDData client imminent peril group state of the group is "MDIG 1: no-imminent-peril" or "MDIG 3: cancel-pending", the MCDData client:

- 1) shall include in the SIP INVITE request or SIP REFER request a Resource-Priority header field populated with the values for a normal MCDData group communication as specified in clause 6.2.8.1.15.

6.2.8.1.13 Receiving a SIP INFO request in the dialog of a SIP request for a priority group communication

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

Upon receiving a SIP INFO request within the dialog of the SIP request for a priority group communication:

- with the Info-Package header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdata-info package name;
- with the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body associated with the info package according to IETF RFC 6086 [21]; and
- with one or more of the <alert-ind>, <imminentperil-ind> and <emergency-ind> elements set in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body;

the MCDData client:

- 1) shall send a SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP INFO request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) if the MCDData emergency group communication state is set to "MDEGC 3: emergency-call-granted":
 - a) if the MCDData emergency alert state is set to "MDEA 2: emergency-alert-confirm-pending":
 - i) if the <alert-ind> element is set to a value of "false", shall set the MCDData emergency alert state to "MDEA 1: no-alert"; and
 - ii) if the <alert-ind> element is set to a value of "true", shall set the MCDData emergency alert state to "MDEA 3: emergency-alert-initiated";
- 3) if the MCDData imminent peril group communication state is set to "MDIGC 2: imminent-peril-call-requested" or "MDIGC 3: imminent-peril-call-granted":
 - a) if the <imminentperil-ind> element is set to a value of "false" and an <emergency-ind> element is set to a value of "true", shall:
 - i) set the MCDData imminent peril group state to "MDIG 1: no-imminent-peril";
 - ii) set the MCDData imminent peril group communication state to "MDIGC 1: imminent-peril-capable"; and
 - iii) set the MCDData client emergency group state of the group to "MDEG 2: in-progress"; and

NOTE 1: This is the case of an MCDData client attempting to make an imminent peril group communication when the group is in an in-progress emergency group state. The MCDData client will then receive a notification that the imminent peril communication request was denied, however they will be participating at the emergency level priority of the group. This could occur for example when an MCDData client requests an imminent peril communication to a group that they are not currently affiliated with.

NOTE 2: the MCDData client emergency group state above is the MCDData client's view of the in-progress emergency state of the group.

- 4) if the SIP request for a priority group communication sent by the MCDData client did not contain an <originated-by> element and if the MCDData emergency alert state is set to "MDEA 4: Emergency-alert-cancel-pending":
 - a) if the <alert-ind> element contained in the SIP INFO request is set to a value of "true", shall set the MCDData emergency alert state to "MDEA 3: emergency-alert-initiated"; and
 - b) if the <alert-ind> element contained in the SIP INFO request is set to a value of "false", shall set the MCDData emergency alert state to "MDEA 1: no-alert".

6.2.8.1.14 SIP re-INVITE request for cancelling the in-progress emergency group state of a group by a third-party

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

Upon receiving an authorised request to cancel an in-progress emergency group state of a group as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.1.7 from an MCDData user, the MCDData client shall generate a SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications given below.

The MCDData client:

- 1) shall include in the SIP re-INVITE request an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as defined in clause D.1 with the <emergency-ind> element set to "false";
- 2) shall set MCDData emergency group state of the MCDData group to "MDEG 3: cancel-pending"; and
- 3) if the MCDData user has indicated that an MCDData emergency alert on the MCDData group originated by another MCDData user should be cancelled and this is an authorised request for an MCDData emergency alert cancellation as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.1.6:
 - a) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body an <alert-ind> element set a value of "false"; and
 - b) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body an <originated-by> element set to the MCDData ID of the MCDData user who originated the MCDData emergency alert.

NOTE: When an MCDData emergency alert is cancelled by a MCDData user other than its originator, the <originated-by> element is needed to identify which MCDData emergency alert is being cancelled, as more than one MCDData user could have originated emergency alerts to the same group.

6.2.8.1.15 Retrieving Resource-Priority header field values

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

When determining the Resource-Priority header field MCPTT namespace and priority values as specified in IETF RFC 8101 [67] to be applied to an MCDData emergency group communication or an MCDData emergency private (one-to-one) communication, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall retrieve the value of the <resource-priority-namespace> element contained in the <emergency-resource-priority> element of the MCDData service configuration document (see the service configuration document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]); and
- 2) shall retrieve the value of the <resource-priority-priority> element contained in the <emergency-resource-priority> element of the MCDData service configuration document (see the service configuration document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]).

When determining the Resource-Priority header field MCPTT namespace and priority values as specified in IETF RFC 8101 [67] to be applied to an MCDData imminent peril group communication, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall retrieve the value of the <resource-priority-namespace> element contained in the <imminent-peril-resource-priority> element of the MCDData service configuration document (see the service configuration document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]); and
- 2) shall retrieve the value of the <resource-priority-priority> element contained in the <imminent-peril-resource-priority> element of the MCDData service configuration document (see the service configuration document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]).

When determining the Resource-Priority header field MCPTT namespace and priority values as specified in IETF RFC 8101 [67] to be applied to a normal MCDData group or private (one-to-one) communication, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall retrieve the value of the <resource-priority-namespace> element contained in the <normal-resource-priority> element of the MCDData service configuration document (see the service configuration document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]); and
- 2) shall retrieve the value of the <resource-priority-priority> element contained in the <normal-resource-priority> element of the MCDData service configuration document (see the service configuration document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]).

NOTE: The "normal" Resource-Priority header field value is needed to return to a normal priority value from a priority value adjusted for an MCDData emergency group or private (one-to-one) communication or an MCDData imminent peril group communication. The "normal" priority received from the EPS by use of the "normal" Resource-Priority header field value is expected to be the same as the "normal" priority received from the EPS when initiating a communication with no Resource-Priority header field included.

6.2.8.1.16 Handling receipt of a SIP re-INVITE request for priority group communication origination status within a pre-established session

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

Upon receipt of a SIP re-INVITE request within the pre-established session targeted by the sent SIP REFER request, and if the sent SIP REFER request was a request for an MCDData emergency group communication or an MCDData imminent peril group communication, the MCDData client:

- 1) if the MCDData emergency group communication state is set to "MDEGC 2: emergency-call-requested":
 - a) if there is no <emergency-ind> element or an <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "true" contained in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body received in the SIP re-INVITE request, and if no <imminentperil-ind> element is included:
 - i) shall set the MCDData client emergency group state of the group to "MDEG 2: in-progress" if it was not already set; and
 - ii) shall set the MCDData emergency group communication state to "MDEGC 3: emergency-call-granted"; and
 - b) if the MCDData emergency alert state is set to "MDEA 2: emergency-alert-confirm-pending":
 - i) if the SIP re-INVITE request contains an <alert-ind> element set to a value of "true" or does not contain an <alert-ind> element, shall set the MCDData emergency alert state to "MDEA 3: emergency-alert-initiated"; or
 - ii) if the SIP re-INVITE request contains an <alert-ind> element set to a value of "false", shall set the MCDData emergency alert state to "MDEA 1: no-alert"; and
- 2) if the MCDData imminent peril group communication state is set to "MDIGC 2: imminent-peril-call-requested":
 - a) if the sip re-INVITE request contains an <imminentperil-ind> element set to a value of "true" or does not contain an <imminentperil-ind> element, shall:
 - i) set the MCDData imminent peril group communication state to "MDIGC 3: imminent-peril-call-granted"; and
 - ii) set the MCDData imminent peril group state to "MDIG 2: in-progress"; or
 - b) if the SIP re-INVITE request contains <imminentperil-ind> element set to a value of "false" and an <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "true", shall set the MCDData client emergency group state of the group to "MDEG 2: in-progress".

NOTE: This is the case of an MCDData client attempting to make an imminent peril group communication when the group is in an in-progress emergency group state. The MCDData client will then receive a notification that the imminent peril communication request was denied, however they will be participating at the emergency level priority of the group. This could occur, for example, when an MCDData client requests an imminent peril communication to a group that they are not currently affiliated with.

6.2.8.1.17 Priority group communication conditions upon receiving communication release

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

Upon receiving a request to release the MCDData emergency group communication or an MCDData imminent peril group communication in an MCDData group session is in-progress or is in the process of being established:

- 1) if the MCDData emergency group communication state is set to "MDEGC 2: emergency-call-requested":

- a) shall set the MCDData emergency group communication state to "MDEGC 1: emergency-gc-capable";
 - b) if the MCDData client emergency group state of the group is "MDEG 3: confirm-pending" shall set the MCDData client emergency group state of the group to "MDEG 1: no-emergency"; and
 - c) if the MCDData emergency alert state is set to "MDEA 2: emergency-alert-confirm-pending" shall set the MCDData emergency alert state to "MDEA 1: no-alert"; and
- 2) if the MCDData imminent peril group communication state is set to "MDIGC 2: imminent-peril-call-requested":
- a) if the MCDData imminent peril group communication state of the group is "MDIG 4: confirm-pending", shall set the MCDData imminent peril group state to "MDIG 1: no-imminent-peril"; and
 - b) shall set the MCDData imminent peril group communication state to "MDIGC 1: imminent-peril-capable".

6.2.8.1.18 Emergency private (one-to-one) communication conditions upon receiving communication release

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

Upon receiving a request to release the MCDData session when an MCDData emergency private communication is in-progress or is in the process of being established:

- 1) if the MCDData emergency private communication state is set to "MDEPC 2: emergency-call-requested":
 - a) shall set the MCDData emergency private communication state to "MDEPC 1: emergency-pc-capable";
 - b) if the MCDData emergency private priority state of the private communication is "MDEPP 3: confirm-pending" shall set the MCDData emergency private priority state of the private communication to "MDEPP 1: no-emergency"; and
 - c) if the MCDData private emergency alert state is set to "MDPEA 2: emergency-alert-confirm-pending" shall set the MCDData private emergency alert state to "MDPEA 1: no-alert".

6.2.8.1.19 Determining authorisation for initiating or cancelling an MCDData adhoc group emergency alert

If the MCDData client receives a request from the MCDData user to send an MCDData adhoc group emergency alert and:

- 1) if the <allow-activate-adhoc-group-emergency-alert> element of the <actions> element of a <rule> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDData user profile document identified by the MCDData ID of the initiating user (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "true";

then the MCDData adhoc group emergency alert origination request shall be considered to be an authorised request to originate the MCDData adhoc group emergency alert. In all other cases, it shall be considered to be an unauthorised request for the origination of the MCDData adhoc group emergency alert.

If the MCDData client receives a request from the MCDData user to cancel an MCDData adhoc group emergency alert to an MCDData adhoc group, and:

- 1) if the <allow-cancel-adhoc-group-emergency-alert> element of the <actions> element of a <rule> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDData user profile document identified by the MCDData ID of the initiating MCDData user (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "true";

then the MCDData adhoc group emergency alert cancellation request shall be considered to be an authorised request to cancel an MCDData adhoc group emergency alert. In all other cases, it shall be considered to be an unauthorised request for cancellation of an MCDData adhoc group emergency alert.

6.2.8.2 Void

6.2.8.3 MCDATA emergency private (one-to-one) communication conditions

6.2.8.3.1 Authorisations

6.2.8.3.1.1 Determining authorisation for initiating an MCDATA emergency private communication

If the MCDATA client receives a request from the MCDATA user to originate an MCDATA emergency private communication and:

- 1) if the <allow-emergency-private-call> element of the <actions> element of a <rule> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDATA user profile document identified by the MCDATA ID of the calling user (see the MCDATA user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "true"; and
 - a) if the "entry-info" attribute of the <entry> element of the <MCDATAPrivateRecipient> element of the <EmergencyCall> element contained within the <One-to-One-Communication> element of the MCDATA user profile document (see the MCDATA user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "UsePreConfigured" and if the <uri-entry> element of the <entry> element of the <MCDATAPrivateRecipient> element contains the MCDATA ID of the MCDATA user targeted by the calling MCDATA user; or
 - b) if the "entry-info" attribute of the <entry> element of the <MCDATAPrivateRecipient> element of the <EmergencyCall> element contained within the <One-to-One-Communication> element of the MCDATA user profile document (see the MCDATA user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "LocallyDetermined";

then the MCDATA client shall consider the MCDATA emergency private communication request to be an authorised request for an MCDATA emergency private communication. In all other cases the MCDATA client shall consider the MCDATA emergency private communication request to be an unauthorised request for an MCDATA emergency private communication.

6.2.8.3.1.2 Determining authorisation for cancelling an MCDATA emergency private communication

If the MCDATA client receives a request from the MCDATA user to cancel an MCDATA emergency private communication and if the <allow-cancel-private-emergency-call> element of the <actions> element of a <rule> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDATA user profile document identified by the MCDATA ID of the calling user (see the MCDATA user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "true", then the MCDATA emergency private communication cancellation request shall be considered to be an authorised request for an MCDATA emergency private communication cancellation.

In all other cases, the MCDATA emergency private communication cancellation request shall be considered to be an unauthorised request for an MCDATA emergency private communication cancellation.

6.2.8.3.1.3 Determining authorisation for initiating or cancelling an MCDATA emergency alert to a MCDATA user

If the MCDATA client receives a request from the MCDATA user to send an MCDATA emergency alert to an MCDATA user and:

- 1) if the <allow-activate-emergency-alert> element of the <actions> element of a <rule> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDATA user profile document identified by the MCDATA ID of the calling MCDATA user as specified in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12] is set to a value of "true"; and
- 2) if the "entry-info" attribute of the <entry> element of the <One-to-One-EmergencyAlert> element contained within the <OnNetwork> element of the <mcddata-user-profile> element within the MCDATA user profile document (see the MCDATA user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of:
 - a) "UsePreConfigured", and if the <uri-entry> element of the <entry> element of the <One-to-One-EmergencyAlert> element of the <OnNetwork> element of the <mcddata-user-profile> element within the MCDATA user profile document (see the MCDATA user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) contains the MCDATA ID of the targeted MCDATA user; or

- b) "LocallyDetermined";

then the MCDData emergency alert request shall be considered to be an authorised request for an MCDData emergency alert. In all other cases, it shall be considered to be an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency alert.

If the MCDData client receives a request from the MCDData user to cancel an MCDData emergency alert to an MCDData user, and if the <allow-cancel-emergency-alert> element of the <actions> element of a <rule> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDData user profile document identified by the MCDData ID of the calling MCDData user, as specified in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12], is set to a value of "true", then the MCDData emergency alert cancellation request shall be considered to be an authorised request to cancel an MCDData emergency alert. In all other cases, it shall be considered to be an unauthorised request to cancel an MCDData emergency alert.

6.2.8.3.2 SIP request for originating MCDData emergency private communications

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

When the MCDData emergency private communication state is set to "MDEPC 1: emergency-pc-capable" and this is an authorised request for an MCDData emergency private communication, as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.3.1.1, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall set the MCDData emergency state if not already set;
- 2) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the SIP request an <emergency-ind> element set to "true" and set the MCDData emergency private communication state to "MDEPC 2: emergency-pc-requested";
- 3) if the MCDData user has also requested an MCDData emergency alert to be sent and this is an authorised request for MCDData emergency alert, as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.3.1.3, shall:
 - a) include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body the <alert-ind> element set to "true" and set the MCDData private emergency alert state to "MDPEA 2: emergency-alert-confirm-pending"; and
 - b) include in the SIP request the specific location information for MCDData emergency alert as specified in clause 6.2.5.1;
- 4) if the MCDData user has not requested an MCDData emergency alert to be sent, shall set the <alert-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body to "false"; and
- 5) if the MCDData emergency private priority state of this private communication is set to a value other than "MDEPP 2: in-progress" shall set the MCDData emergency private priority state to "MDEPP 3: confirm-pending".

6.2.8.3.3 Resource-Priority header field for MCDData emergency private communications

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

If the MCDData emergency private communication state is set to either "MDEPC 2: emergency-pc-requested" or "MDEPC 3: emergency-pc-granted" and this is an authorised request for an MCDData emergency private communication as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.3.1.1, or the MCDData emergency private priority state of the communication is set to "MDEPP 2: in-progress", the MCDData client shall include in the SIP request a Resource-Priority header field populated with the values for an MCDData emergency private communication as specified in clause 6.2.8.1.15.

NOTE: The MCDData client ideally would not need to maintain knowledge of the in-progress emergency state of the communication (as tracked on the MCDData client by the MCDData client emergency private state) but can use this knowledge to provide a Resource-Priority header field set to emergency level priority, which starts the infrastructure priority adjustment process sooner than otherwise would be the case.

If this is an authorised request to cancel the MCDData emergency private communication as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.3.1.2, or the MCDData emergency private priority state of the private communication is "MDEPP 1: no-emergency" or "MDEPP 3: cancel-pending", the MCDData client shall include in the SIP request a Resource-Priority header field populated with the values for a normal MCDData private communication as specified in clause 6.2.8.1.15.

6.2.8.3.4 Receiving a SIP 2xx response to a SIP request for an MCDData emergency private communication

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

On receiving a SIP 2xx response to a SIP request for an MCDData emergency private communication, and, if the MCDData emergency private communication state is set to "MDEPC 2: emergency-pc-requested" or "MDEPC 3: emergency-pc-granted", the MCDData client:

- 1) shall set the MCDData emergency private priority state of the communication to "MDEPP 2: in-progress" if it was not already set;
- 2) shall set the MCDData emergency private communication state to "MDEPC 3: emergency-pc-granted"; and
- 3) if the MCDData private emergency alert state is set to "MDPEA 2: emergency-alert-confirm-pending" and the SIP 2xx response to the SIP request for a priority private communication does not contain a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 with the warning text containing the mcdata-warn-code set to "149", shall set the MCDData private emergency alert state to "MDPEA 3: emergency-alert-initiated".

6.2.8.3.5 Receiving a SIP 4xx response, SIP 5xx response or SIP 6xx response to a SIP request for an MCDData emergency private communication

Upon receiving a SIP 4xx response, SIP 5xx response or a SIP 6xx response to a SIP request for an MCDData emergency private communication, and, if the MCDData emergency private communication state is set to "MDEPC 2: emergency-pc-requested" or "MDEPC 3: emergency-pc-granted", the MCDData client:

- 1) shall set the MCDData emergency private communication state to "MDEPC 1: emergency-pc-capable";
- 2) if the MCDData emergency private priority state of the private communication is "MDEPP 3: confirm-pending" shall set the MCDData emergency private priority state of the private communication to "MDEPP 1: no-emergency"; and
- 3) if the sent SIP request for an MCDData emergency private communication contained an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with an <alert-ind> element set to a value of "true", shall set the MCDData private emergency alert state to "MDPEA 1: no-alert".

6.2.8.3.6 SIP re-INVITE request for cancelling MCDData emergency private communication state

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

When the MCDData emergency private communication state is set to "MDEPC 3: emergency-pc-granted" and the MCDData emergency alert state is set to "MDPEA 1: no-alert", the MCDData client shall generate a SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications given below.

NOTE 1: This procedure assumes that the MCDData client in the calling procedure has verified that the MCDData user has made an authorised request for cancelling MCDData the in-progress emergency private communication state of the communication.

The MCDData client:

- 1) shall include in the SIP re-INVITE request an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, as defined in clause D.1, with the <emergency-ind> element set to "false";
- 2) shall clear the MCDData emergency state; and
- 3) shall set MCDData emergency private priority state of the MCDData emergency private communication to "MDEPP 3: cancel-pending".

NOTE 2: This is the case of an MCDData user who has initiated an MCDData emergency private communication and wants to cancel it.

When the MCDData emergency private communication state is set to "MDEPPC 3: emergency-pc-granted" and the MCDData emergency alert state is set to a value other than "MDPEA 1: no-alert" and the MCDData user has indicated only the MCDData emergency private communication should be cancelled, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall include in the SIP re-INVITE request an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, as defined in clause D.1, with the <emergency-ind> element set to "false"; and
- 2) shall set the MCDData emergency private priority state of the MCDData emergency private communication to "MDEPP 3: cancel-pending";

NOTE 3: This is the case of an MCDData user has initiated both an MCDData emergency private communication and an MCDData emergency alert and wishes to only cancel the MCDData emergency private communication. This leaves the MCDData emergency state set.

When the MCDData emergency private communication state is set to "MDEPC 3: emergency-pc-granted" and the MCDData emergency alert state is set to a value other than "MDPEA 1: no-alert" and the MCDData user has indicated that the MCDData emergency alert on the MCDData private communication should be cancelled in addition to the MCDData emergency private communication, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall include in the SIP re-INVITE request an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as defined in annex D.1 with the <emergency-ind> element set to "false";
- 2) shall, if this is an authorised request to cancel an MCDData emergency alert as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.3.1.3:
 - a) include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body an <alert-ind> element set to "false"; and
 - b) set the MCDData private emergency alert state to "MDPEA 4: emergency-alert-cancel-pending";
- 3) if this is not an authorised request to cancel an MCDData emergency alert as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.3.1.3, should indicate to the MCDData user they are not authorised to cancel the MCDData emergency alert;
- 4) shall set the MCDData emergency private priority state of the MCDData to "MDEPP 3: cancel-pending"; and
- 5) shall clear the MCDData emergency state.

NOTE 4: This is the case of an MCDData user that has initiated both an MCDData emergency private communication and an MCDData emergency alert and wishes to cancel both.

6.2.8.3.7 Receiving a SIP INFO request in the dialog of a SIP request for a priority private communication

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

Upon receiving a SIP INFO request within the dialog of the SIP request for a priority private communication:

- with the Info-Package header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdatainfo package name;
- with the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body associated with the info package according to IETF RFC 6086 [21]; and
- with one or more of the <alert-ind>, <imminentperil-ind> and <emergency-ind> elements set in the <mcdata-Params> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body;

the MCDData client:

- 1) if the MCDData private emergency alert state is set to "MDPEA 2: emergency-alert-confirm-pending":
 - a) if the <alert-ind> element is set to a value of "false", shall set the MCDData private emergency alert state to "MDPEA 1: no-alert"; and
 - b) if the <alert-ind> element set to a value of "true", shall set the MCDData private emergency alert state to "MDPEA 3: emergency-alert-initiated"; and
- 2) if the MCDData private emergency alert state is set to "MDPEA 4: Emergency-alert-cancel-pending":

- a) if the <alert-ind> element is set to a value of "true", shall set the MCDData private emergency alert state to "MDPEA 3: emergency-alert-initiated"; and
- b) if the <alert-ind> element is set to a value of "false", shall set the MCDData private emergency alert state to "MDPEA 1: no-alert".

6.2.8.3.8 SIP re-INVITE request for cancelling the MCDData emergency private communication state by a third-party

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

Upon receiving a request to cancel the MCDData emergency private communication state from an MCDData user other than the originator of the MCDData emergency private communication, the MCDData client shall generate a SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], with the clarifications given below.

The MCDData client:

NOTE 1: This procedure assumes that the calling procedure has verified that the MCDData user has made an authorised request for cancelling the MCDData emergency private communication state of the communication.

- 1) shall include in the SIP re-INVITE request an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body, as defined in clause D.1, with the <emergency-ind> element set to "false";
- 2) shall set the MCDData emergency private priority state of the MCDData emergency private communication to "MDEPP 3: cancel-pending"; and
- 3) if the MCDData user has indicated that an MCDData emergency alert associated with the MCDData emergency private communication originated by another MCDData user should be cancelled and this is an authorised request for an MCDData emergency alert cancellation, as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.3.1.3:
 - a) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body an <alert-ind> element set to a value of "false"; and
 - b) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body an <originated-by> element set to the MCDData ID of the MCDData user who originated the MCDData emergency alert.

NOTE 2: When an MCDData emergency alert is cancelled by a MCDData user other than its originator, the <originated-by> element is needed to identify which MCDData emergency alert is being cancelled, as conceivably each participant in the MCDData emergency private communication could have originated an MCDData emergency alert.

6.2.8.3.9 Retrieving a KMS URI associated with an MCDData ID

If the MCDData client needs to retrieve a KMS URI associated to an identified MCDData ID for on network operation, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall search for the <One-to-One-CommunicationListEntry> entry of the <One-to-One-Communication> element of the <Common> element of the <mcddata-user-profile> element within the MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) where the <One-to-One-CommunicationListEntry> entry includes a <MCDData-ID> element with the <uri-entry> element containing the identified MCDData ID;
 - a) if the <One-to-One-CommunicationListEntry> entry identified by MCDData ID is found and contains in the <anyExt> element a non-empty <MCDData-ID-KMSURI> element, shall retrieve the KMS URI contained therein; or
 - b) if the <One-to-One-CommunicationListEntry> entry identified by MCDData ID is not found or the <MCDData-ID-KMSURI> element is empty, shall retrieve the <kms> element of the <App-Server-Info> element of the <on-network> element of the UE initial configuration document (see the UE initial configuration document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) and consider that to be the KMS URI associated with the MCDData ID.

If the MCDData client needs to retrieve a KMS URI associated to an identified MCDData ID for off network operation, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall search for `/<x>/<x>/Common/OneToOne/UserList/<x>/Entry/MCDDataID` leaf node containing the identified MCDData ID (see the MCDData user profile MO in 3GPP TS 24.483 [42]);
 - a) if the identified MCDData ID is found:
 - i) shall retrieve the `/<x>/<x>/Common/OneToOne/UserList/<x>/Entry/MCDDataIDKMSURI` leaf node (see the MCDData user profile MO in 3GPP TS 24.483 [42]); and
 - ii) if the MCDDataIDKMSURI leaf node in the same `/<x>/<x>/Common/OneToOne/UserList/<x>/Entry/` interior node as the MCDDataID leaf node containing the identified MCDData ID is not empty, shall consider its value to be the KMS URI associated with the MCDData ID; and
 - b) if the identified MCDData ID is not found or if the `/<x>/<x>/Common/OneToOne/UserList/<x>/Entry/MCDDataIDKMSURI` leaf node is empty:
 - i) shall retrieve `/<x>/OnNetwork/AppServerInfo/KMS` leaf node (see the MCS UE initial configuration document in 3GPP TS 24.483 [42]); and
 - ii) shall consider the value of the `/<x>/OnNetwork/AppServerInfo/KMS` leaf node to be the KMS URI associated with the MCDData ID.

6.2.8.4 Procedures for modifying ongoing communications

6.2.8.4.1 Cancelling or ending ongoing client terminating procedures

Upon receiving a SIP CANCEL request cancelling a received SIP INVITE request for which a dialog exists at the MCDData client and if a SIP 200 (OK) response has not yet been sent to the received SIP INVITE request, then the MCDData client:

- 1) shall send a SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP CANCEL request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) if the values of the MDEG, MDIG or MDEPP were changed due to the processing of the received SIP INVITE, shall restore those variable to the values they held prior to the processing of the received SIP INVITE; and
- 3) shall send a SIP 487 (Request Terminated) response to the received SIP INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP BYE request for an established dialog, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall release the associated allocated resources; and
- 2) shall send SIP 200 (OK) response towards the received SIP BYE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

6.2.8.4.2 Client terminating procedures for handling SIP re-INVITE for an existing one-to-one communication session

This clause covers both on-demand session and pre-established sessions.

Upon receipt of a SIP re-INVITE request for an existing one-to-one communication session, the MCDData client shall:

- 1) if the SIP re-INVITE request contains an `application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml` MIME body with the `<mcdatainfo>` element containing the `<mcdata-Params>` element with the `<emergency-ind>` element set to a value of "true":
 - a) should display to the MCDData user an indication that this is a SIP re-INVITE request to upgrade this MCDData one-to-one communication to an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication, and:
 - i) should display the MCDData ID of the originator of the MCDData emergency one-to-one communication contained in the `<mcdata-calling-user-id>` element of the `<mcdata-Params>` element of the `application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml` MIME body; and

- ii) if the <alert-ind> element of the <mcdData-Params> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml MIME body is set to "true", should display to the MCDData user an indication of the MCDData emergency alert and associated information; and
 - b) shall set the MCDData emergency private priority state to "MDEPP 2: in-progress" for this one-to-one communication;
- 2) if the SIP re-INVITE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdData-info> element containing the <mcdData-Params> element with the <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "false":
- a) should display to the MCDData user an indication that this is a SIP re-INVITE request to downgrade this emergency one-to-one communication to a normal priority one-to-one communication, and:
 - i) should display the MCDData ID of the sender of the SIP re-INVITE request contained in the <mcdData-calling-user-id> element of the <mcdData-Params> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml MIME body; and
 - ii) if the <alert-ind> element of the <mcdData-Params> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml MIME body is set to "false", should display to the MCDData user an indication that the MCDData emergency alert is cancelled;
 - iii) if the SIP re-INVITE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml MIME body including an <originated-by> element:
 - A) should display to the MCDData user the MCDData ID of the originator of the MCDData emergency alert, as indicated by the <originated-by> element; and
 - B) if the MCDData ID contained in the <originated-by> element is the MCDData ID of the receiving MCDData user, shall set the MCDData emergency alert state to "MDPEA 1: no-alert";
 - b) shall set the MCDData emergency private priority state to "MDEPP 1: no-emergency" for this one-to-one communication; and
 - c) if the MCDData emergency private communication state of the communication is set to "MDEPC 3: emergency-pc-granted", shall set the MCDData emergency private communication state of the communication to "MDEPC 1: emergency-pc-capable";
- 3) may display to the MCDData user the MCDData ID of the inviting MCDData user, if not already done so in the preceding steps;
- 4) may display to the MCDData user the functional alias of the inviting MCDData user, if provided;
- 5) shall accept the SIP re-INVITE request and generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 6) if the SIP re-INVITE request was received within an on-demand session, shall include an SDP answer in the SIP 200 (OK) response to the SDP offer in the incoming SIP INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], with the clarifications given in clauses 9.2.4.2.2 (for SDS) or 10.2.5.2.2 (for FD);
- 7) if the SIP re-INVITE request was received within a pre-established session, shall include an SDP answer in the SIP 200 (OK) response to the SDP offer in the incoming SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], based upon the parameters already negotiated for the pre-established session;
- NOTE: The SIP re-INVITE request can be received within an on-demand session or a pre-established session. If the SIP re-INVITE request is received within a pre-established session, the value settings for the media are expected to be the same as was negotiated in the existing pre-established session.
- 8) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response towards the MCDData server according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 9) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15].

6.2.8.4.3 MCDData in-progress emergency one-to-one communication cancellation

This clause covers both on-demand session and pre-established sessions.

Upon receiving a request from an MCDData user to cancel the in-progress emergency condition on an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication, the MCDData client shall generate a SIP re-INVITE request by following the UE session procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], with the clarifications given below.

The MCDData client:

- 1) if the MCDData user is not authorised to cancel the in-progress emergency condition on an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.3.1.2:
 - a) should indicate to the MCDData user that they are not authorised to cancel the in-progress emergency condition on an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication; and
 - b) shall skip the remaining steps of the current clause;
- 2) shall, if the MCDData user is cancelling an in-progress emergency condition and optionally an MCDData emergency alert originated by the MCDData user, include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body by executing the procedure in clause 6.2.8.3.6;
- 3) shall, if the MCDData user is cancelling an in-progress emergency condition and optionally an MCDData emergency alert originated by another MCDData user, include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body by executing the procedure in clause 6.2.8.3.8;
- 4) shall include a Resource-Priority header field and comply with the procedures in clause 6.2.8.3.3;
- 5) shall include in the SIP re-INVITE request an SDP offer with the media parameters set as currently established;

NOTE 1: The SIP re-INVITE request can be sent within an on-demand session or a pre-established session associated with an MCDData communication. If the SIP re-INVITE request is sent within a pre-established session, the settings of the media parameters are expected to be the same as it was negotiated in the existing pre-established session.

- 6) shall send the SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receiving a SIP 2xx response to the SIP re-INVITE request, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall interact with the user plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15];
- 2) shall set the MCDData emergency private priority state of the MCDData private call to "MDEPP 1: no-emergency";
- 3) shall set the MCDData emergency private communication state of the call to "MDEPC 1: emergency-pc-capable"; and
- 4) if the MCDData emergency alert state is set to "MDPEA 4: emergency-alert-cancel-pending", the sent SIP re-INVITE request did not contain an <originated-by> element of the <mcdata-Params> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body and the SIP 2xx response to the SIP request for a priority communication does not contain a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 with the warning text containing the <mcdata-warn-code> element set to "149", shall set the MCDData emergency alert state to "MDPEA 1: no-alert".

On receiving a SIP 4xx response, SIP 5xx response or SIP 6xx response to the SIP re-INVITE request:

- 1) if the SIP 4xx response, SIP 5xx response or SIP 6xx response contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with an <mcdata-Params> element containing an <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "true", the MCDData client shall set the MCDData emergency private priority state as "MDEPP 2: in-progress";
- 2) if the SIP 4xx response, SIP 5xx response or SIP 6xx response contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with an <mcdata-Params> element containing an <alert-ind> element set to a value of "true" and the sent SIP re-INVITE request did not contain an <originated-by> element in the <mcdata-Params> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, the MCDData client shall set the MCDData emergency alert state to "MDPEA 3: emergency-alert-initiated"; and

- 3) if the SIP 4xx response, SIP 5xx response or SIP 6xx response did not contain an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall set the MCDData emergency private priority state as "MDEPP 2: in-progress" and the MCDData emergency alert (MDPEA) state shall revert to its value prior to entering the current procedure.

NOTE 2: If the in-progress emergency private priority state cancel request is rejected, the state of the session does not change, i.e., continues with MCDData emergency private communication level priority.

On receiving a SIP INFO request where the Request-URI contains an MCDData session ID identifying an ongoing session, the MCDData client shall follow the actions specified in clause 6.2.8.3.7.

6.2.8.4.4 Upgrade to MCDData emergency one-to-one communication

This clause covers both on-demand sessions and pre-established sessions.

Upon receiving a request from an MCDData user to upgrade the ongoing MCDData one-to-one communication to an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication, if this is an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.3.1.1, the MCDData client should indicate to the MCDData user that the upgrade request is not authorised and shall exit the procedure. Otherwise, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate a SIP re-INVITE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body populated as specified in clause 6.2.8.3.2;
- 3) shall include a Resource-Priority header field and comply with the procedures in clause 6.2.8.3.3;
- 4) shall include an SDP offer with the media parameters as currently established according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];

NOTE: The SIP re-INVITE request can be sent within an on-demand session or a pre-established session associated with an MCDData private call. If the SIP re-INVITE request is sent within a pre-established session, the settings of the media parameters are expected to be the same as it was negotiated in the existing pre-established session.

- 5) shall perform the actions specified in clause 6.2.5.1, to include the specific location information for the emergency communication; and
- 6) shall send the SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receiving a SIP 2xx response to the SIP re-INVITE request the MCDData client:

- 1) shall interact with the user plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15]; and
- 2) shall perform the actions specified in clause 6.2.8.3.4.

On receiving a SIP 4xx response, SIP 5xx response or SIP 6xx response to the SIP re-INVITE request, the MCDData client shall perform the actions specified in clause 6.2.8.3.5.

On receiving a SIP INFO request where the Request-URI contains an MCDData session ID identifying an ongoing session, the MCDData client shall follow the actions specified in clause 6.2.8.3.7.

6.3 MCDData server procedures

6.3.1 Distinction of requests at the MCDData server

6.3.1.1 SIP MESSAGE request

Editor's note: In the current release, support for emergency groups and emergency group communications (in particular the use of the <emergency-ind> element) may be absent, partial or limited, namely only provided to the extent of facilitating emergency alert functionality.

The MCDData server needs to distinguish between the following SIP MESSAGE request for originations and terminations:

- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the participating MCDData function with the Request-URI set to the MBMS public service identity of the participating MCDData function. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for an MBMS listening status update";
- SIP MESSAGE request routed to the participating MCDData function containing a Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml" and includes an XML body containing a Location root element containing a Report element. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for location reporting";
- SIP MESSAGE request routed to the MCDData client containing a Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml" and includes an XML body containing a Location root element containing a Configuration element. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for location report configuration";
- SIP MESSAGE request routed to the MCDData client containing a Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml" and includes an XML body containing a Location root element containing a Request element. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for location report request";
- SIP MESSAGE request routed to the originating participating MCDData function with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" in a P-Asserted-Service header field. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for standalone SDS for originating participating MCDData function";
- SIP MESSAGE request routed to the originating participating MCDData function with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" in a P-Asserted-Service header field, and with an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body containing a <request-type> element containing the value "msf-disc-req". Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for absolute URI discovery request for participating MCDData function";
- SIP MESSAGE request routed to the terminating participating MCDData function with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" in a P-Asserted-Service header field, and with an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body containing a <request-type> element containing the value "msf-disc-res". Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for absolute URI discovery response for participating MCDData function";
- SIP MESSAGE request routed to the controlling MCDData function with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" in a P-Asserted-Service header field, and with an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body containing a <request-type> element containing the value "msf-disc-req". Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for absolute URI discovery request for controlling MCDData function";
- SIP MESSAGE request routed to the originating participating MCDData function with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" in a P-Asserted-Service header field. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for FD using HTTP for originating participating MCDData function";
- SIP MESSAGE request routed to the terminating participating MCDData function with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" in a P-Asserted-Service header field, and with an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body containing an FD NETWORK NOTIFICATION message. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE network notification for FD using HTTP for terminating participating MCDData function";
- SIP MESSAGE request routed to the terminating participating MCDData function with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" in a P-Asserted-Service header field. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for standalone SDS for terminating participating MCDData function";

- SIP MESSAGE request routed to the terminating participating MCDData function with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.fd", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.fd" in a P-Asserted-Service header field. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for FD using HTTP for terminating participating MCDData function";
- SIP MESSAGE request routed to an MCDData server with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.sds", an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.sds" in a P-Asserted-Service header field, and with an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-signalling MIME body containing an SDS NOTIFICATION message. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for SDS disposition notification for MCDData server";
- SIP MESSAGE request routed to an MCDData server with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.fd", an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.fd" in a P-Asserted-Service header field, and with an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-signalling MIME body containing an FD NOTIFICATION message. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for FD disposition notification for MCDData server";
- SIP MESSAGE request routed to the controlling MCDData function with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.sds", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.sds" in a P-Asserted-Service header field. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for standalone SDS for controlling MCDData function";
- SIP MESSAGE request routed to the controlling MCDData function with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.fd", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.fd" in a P-Asserted-Service header field. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for FD using HTTP for controlling MCDData function";
- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the controlling MCDData function with the Request-URI set to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function and containing a Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml" and including an XML body containing a <mcdainfo> root element containing a <mcddata-Params> element containing an <emergency-ind> element or an <alert-ind> element. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE requests for emergency notification for controlling MCDData function";
- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the originating participating MCDData function with the Request-URI set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function and containing a Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml" and including an XML body containing a <mcdainfo> root element containing a <mcddata-Params> element containing an <emergency-ind> element or an <alert-ind> element. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE requests for emergency notification for originating participating MCDData function";
- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the terminating participating MCDData function with the Request-URI set to the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function and containing a Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml" and including an XML body containing a <mcdainfo> root element containing a <mcddata-Params> element containing an <emergency-ind> element or an <alert-ind> element. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE requests for emergency notification for terminating participating MCDData function";
- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the terminating participating MCDData function with the Request-URI set to the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function and containing an "application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml" MIME body with an <alert-ind-rcvd> element present. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE requests indicating delivery of emergency notification";
- SIP MESSAGE request routed to the terminating participating MCDData function with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.fd", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.fd" in a P-Asserted-Service header field, and with an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-signalling MIME body containing a DEFERRED DATA REQUEST message. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for list of deferred group communications"
- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the originating participating MCDData function and the Request-URI is set to a public service identity of the originating participating MCDData function that contains a <preconfigured-group> element in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-regroup+xml MIME body, a <regroup-action> element set to "create", and a non-empty <groups-for-regroup> element. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request

to the originating participating MCDData function to request creation of a group regroup using preconfigured group" in the procedures in the present document;

- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the originating participating MCDData function and the Request-URI is set to a public service identity of the originating participating MCDData function that contains a <preconfigured-group> element in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body, a <regroup-action> element set to "create", and a non-empty <users-for-regroup> element. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request to the originating participating MCDData function to request creation of a user regroup using preconfigured group" in the procedures in the present document;
- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the originating participating MCDData function and the Request-URI is set to a public service identity of the originating participating MCDData function that contains a <preconfigured-group> element in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body and a <regroup-action> element set to "remove". Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request to the originating participating MCDData function to remove a regroup using preconfigured group" in the procedures in the present document;
- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the terminating participating MCDData function and the Request-URI is set to a public service identity of the participating MCDData function that contains a <preconfigured-group> element in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body, a <regroup-action> element set to "create", and a non-empty <groups-for-regroup> element. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request to the terminating participating MCDData function to create a group regroup using preconfigured group" in the procedures in the present document;
- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the terminating participating MCDData function and the Request-URI is set to a public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function that contains a <preconfigured-group> element in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body, a <regroup-action> element set to "create" and a non-empty <users-for-regroup> element. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request to the terminating participating MCDData function to create a user regroup using preconfigured group" in the procedures in the present document;
- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the terminating participating MCDData function and the Request-URI is set to a public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function that contains a <preconfigured-group> element in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body and a <regroup-action> element set to "remove". Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request to the terminating participating MCDData function to remove a regroup using preconfigured group" in the procedures in the present document;
- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the controlling MCDData function and the Request-URI is set to a public service identity of the controlling MCDData function that contains a <preconfigured-group> element in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body, a <regroup-action> element set to "create", and a non-empty <groups-for-regroup> element. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request to the controlling MCDData function to request creation of a group regroup using preconfigured group" in the procedures in the present document;
- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the controlling MCDData function and the Request-URI is set to a public service identity of the controlling MCDData function that contains a <preconfigured-group> element in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body, a <regroup-action> element set to "create", and a non-empty <users-for-regroup> element. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request to the controlling MCDData function to request creation of a user regroup using preconfigured group" in the procedures in the present document;
- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the controlling MCDData function and the Request-URI is set to a public service identity of the controlling MCDData function that contains a <preconfigured-group> element in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body and a <regroup-action> element set to "remove". Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request to the controlling MCDData function to remove a regroup using preconfigured group" in the procedures in the present document;
- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to a non-controlling MCDData function and the Request-URI is set to a public service identity of the non-controlling MCDData function that contains a <preconfigured-group> element in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body, a <regroup-action> element set to "create", and a non-empty <groups-for-regroup> element. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request to a non-controlling MCDData function to request creation of a group regroup using preconfigured group" in the procedures in the present document;

- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the non-controlling MCDATA function and the Request-URI is set to a public service identity of the non-controlling MCDATA function that contains a <preconfigured-group> element in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body and a <regroup-action> element set to "remove". Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request to the non-controlling MCDATA function to remove a group regroup using preconfigured group" in the procedures in the present document;

SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the originating participating MCDATA function with the Request-URI set to the public service identity of the participating MCDATA function and containing a Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml" and including an XML body containing a <mcdatainfo> root element containing a <mcdata-Params> element containing an <anyExt> element with the <request-type> element set to a value of "fa-group-binding-req". Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for binding of a functional alias with the MCDATA group(s) for the MCDATA user for originating participating MCDATA function" in the procedures in the present document;
- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the controlling participating MCDATA function with the Request-URI set to the public service identity of the participating MCDATA function and containing a Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml" and including an XML body containing a <mcdatainfo> root element containing a <mcdata-Params> element containing an <anyExt> element with the <request-type> element set to a value of "fa-group-binding-req". Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for binding of a functional alias with the MCDATA group(s) for the MCDATA user for controlling MCDATA function" in the procedures in the present document;
- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the participating MCDATA function with the Request-URI set to the public service identity of the participating MCDATA function and containing a Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml" and including an XML body containing a <mcdatainfo> root element containing a <mcdata-Params> element containing an <anyExt> element with the <request-type> element set to a value of "store-comms-in-msgstore-ctrl-req". Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for controlling the storage of the MCDATA communications into MCDATA message store";
- SIP MESSAGE requests which is routed to the primary MCDATA system with the Request-URI set to the public service identity of the participating MCDATA function in the primary MCDATA system and includes an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdata-Params> element containing a <request-type> element set to "migration-service-authorization-request". Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for migration service authorization request" in the procedures in the present document;
- SIP MESSAGE requests which is routed to the partner MCDATA system with the Request-URI set to the public service identity of the participating MCDATA function in the partner MCDATA system and includes an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdata-Params> element containing a <response-type> element set to "migration-service-authorization-response". Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for migration service authorization response" in the procedures in the present document;
- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the terminating participating MCDATA function in the primary MCDATA system with the Request-URI set to the public service identity of the participating MCDATA function and containing a Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml" and including an XML body containing a <mcdatainfo> root element with a <mcdata-Params> element containing an <anyExt> element with the <request-type> element set to a value of "mc-service-authorisation-notify-request". Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request to notify about MCDATA service authorisation result for terminating participating MCDATA function in primary MCDATA system"; and
- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the terminating participating MCDATA function with the Request-URI set to the public service identity of the participating MCDATA function and containing a Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml" and including an XML body containing a <mcdatainfo> root element with a <mcdata-Params> element element with the <request-type> element set to a value of "get-userlist-adhoc-group-data-comn-request". Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request to get userlist for adhoc group data communication request for participating MCDATA function";
- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the controlling MCDATA function with the Request-URI set to the public service identity of the controlling MCDATA function and containing a Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml" and including an XML body containing a <mcdatainfo> root element with a <mcdata-Params> element containing an <anyExt> element with the <response-type> element set to a value of "get-userlist-adhoc-group-data-comn-response". Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request to get userlist for adhoc group data communication response for controlling MCDATA function";

- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the controlling MCDData function with the Request-URI set to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function and containing a Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml" and including an XML body containing a <mcdatainfo> root element with a <mcdata-Params> element with the <request-type> element set to a value of "adhoc-group-data-comm-add-participants-request". Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request to add user to adhoc group data communication notification for controlling MCDData function";
- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the controlling MCDData function with the Request-URI set to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function and containing a Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml" and including an XML body containing a <mcdatainfo> root element with a <mcdata-Params> element with the <request-type> element set to a value of "adhoc-group-data-comm-remove-participants-request". Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request to remove user from adhoc group data communication notification for controlling MCDData function";
- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the terminating participating MCDData function with the Request-URI set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function and containing a Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml" and including an XML body containing a <mcdatainfo> root element with a <mcdata-Params> element with the <request-type> element set to a value of "adhoc-group-data-comm-release-notification-request". Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request to stop determining the participant list for participating MCDData function";
- SIP MESSAGE requests which is routed to the partner MCDData function with the Request-URI set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function in the partner MCDData system and includes an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdata-Params> element containing a <request-type> element set to "migration-service-deauthorization-notification". Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for migration service deauthorization notification" in the procedures in the present document; and
- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the originating participating MCDData function with the Request-URI set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function and containing a Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml" and including an XML body containing a <mcdatainfo> root element containing a <mcdata-Params> element containing an <anyExt> element containing an <adhoc-alert-ind> element. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for adhoc emergency notification for originating participating MCDData function" in the procedures in the present document;
- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the terminating participating MCDData function with the Request-URI set to the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function and containing a Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml" and including an XML body containing a <mcdatainfo> root element containing a <mcdata-Params> element containing an <anyExt> element containing an <adhoc-alert-ind> element. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for adhoc emergency notification for terminating participating MCDData function" in the procedures in the present document;
- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the originating participating MCDData function with the Request-URI set to the public service identity of the originating participating MCDData function and containing a Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml" and including an XML body containing a <mcdatainfo> root element containing a <mcdata-Params> element containing an <anyExt> element containing an <adhoc-alert-ind-rcvd> element. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request indicating successful delivery of adhoc group emergency notification of originating MCDData client" in the procedures in the present document; and
- SIP MESSAGE requests routed to the controlling MCDData function with the Request-URI set to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function and containing a Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml" and including an XML body containing a <mcdatainfo> root element containing a <mcdata-Params> element containing an <anyExt> element containing an <adhoc-alert-ind> element. Such requests are known as "SIP MESSAGE request for adhoc emergency notification for controlling MCDData function" in the procedures in the present document.

If a SIP MESSAGE request is received at an MCDData server that is not in accordance with the SIP MESSAGE requests listed above, then the MCDData server shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response.

6.3.1.2 SIP INVITE request

The MCDData server needs to distinguish between the following SIP INVITE requests for originations and terminations:

- SIP INVITE requests routed to the participating MCDATA function with the Request-URI set to a public service identity of the participating MCDATA function and contain in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdDataInfo> element containing the <mcdData-Params> element with the <anyExt> element an <pre-established-session-ind> element set to a value of "true". Such requests are known as "SIP INVITE request for establishing a pre-established session" in the procedures in the present document;
- SIP INVITE request routed to the originating participating MCDATA function with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.sds", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.sds" in a P-Asserted-Service header field and a <request-type> element set to "one-to-one-sds" or "group-sds" contained in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body. Such requests are known as "SIP INVITE request for standalone SDS over media plane for originating participating MCDATA function";
- SIP INVITE request routed to the terminating participating MCDATA function with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.sds", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.sds" in a P-Asserted-Service header field and a <request-type> element set to "one-to-one-sds" or "group-sds" contained in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body. Such requests are known as "SIP INVITE request for standalone SDS over media plane for terminating participating MCDATA function";
- SIP INVITE request routed to the controlling MCDATA function with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.sds", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.sds" in a P-Asserted-Service header field and a <request-type> element set to "one-to-one-sds" or "group-sds" contained in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body. Such requests are known as "SIP INVITE request for controlling MCDATA function for standalone SDS over media plane";
- SIP INVITE request routed to the originating participating MCDATA function with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.sds", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.sds" in a P-Asserted-Service header field and a <request-type> element set to "one-to-one-sds-session" or "group-sds-session" contained in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body. Such requests are known as "SIP INVITE request for SDS session for originating participating MCDATA function";
- SIP INVITE request routed to the terminating participating MCDATA function with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.sds", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.sds" in a P-Asserted-Service header field and a <request-type> element set to "one-to-one-sds-session" or "group-sds-session" contained in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body. Such requests are known as "SIP INVITE request for SDS session for terminating participating MCDATA function";
- SIP INVITE request routed to the controlling MCDATA function with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.sds", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.sds" in a P-Asserted-Service header field and a <request-type> element set to "one-to-one-sds-session" or "group-sds-session" contained in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body. Such requests are known as "SIP INVITE request for controlling MCDATA function for SDS session";
- SIP INVITE request routed to the originating participating MCDATA function with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.fd", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.fd" in a P-Asserted-Service header field and a <request-type> element set to "one-to-one-fd" or "group-fd" contained in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body. Such requests are known as "SIP INVITE request for file distribution for originating participating MCDATA function";
- SIP INVITE request routed to the terminating participating MCDATA function with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.fd", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.fd" in a P-Asserted-Service header field and a <request-type> element set to "one-to-one-fd" or "group-fd" contained in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body. Such requests are known as "SIP INVITE request for file distribution for terminating participating MCDATA function"; and
- SIP INVITE request routed to the controlling MCDATA function with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.fd", and an

ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" in a P-Asserted-Service header field and a <request-type> element set to "one-to-one-fd" or "group-fd" contained in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body. Such requests are known as "SIP INVITE request for controlling MCDData function for file distribution";

- SIP INVITE request routed to the originating participating MCDData function with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.ipconn", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.ipconn" in a P-Asserted-Service header field and a <request-type> element set to "one-to-one-ipconn" contained in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body. Such requests are known as "SIP INVITE request for IP Connectivity session for originating participating MCDData function";.
- SIP INVITE request routed to the terminating participating MCDData function with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.ipconn", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.ipconn" in a P-Asserted-Service header field and a <request-type> element set to "one-to-one-ipconn" contained in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body. Such requests are known as "SIP INVITE request for IP Connectivity session for terminating participating MCDData function"; and
- SIP INVITE request routed to the controlling MCDData function with an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.ipconn", and an ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.ipconn" in a P-Asserted-Service header field and a <request-type> element set to "one-to-one-ipconn" contained in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body. Such requests are known as "SIP INVITE request for controlling MCDData function for IP Connectivity session".

6.3.1.3 SIP SUBSCRIBE request

The MCDData server needs to distinguish between the following SIP SUBSCRIBE request for originations and terminations:

- SIP SUBSCRIBE requests routed to the participating MCDData function with the Request-URI set to the MCDData session identity identifying the participating MCDData function and the Event header field set to "conference". Such requests are known as "SIP SUBSCRIBE request for conference event status subscription in the participating function" in the procedures in the present document; and
- SIP SUBSCRIBE requests routed to the controlling MCDData function with the Request-URI set to the MCDData session identity identifying the controlling MCDData function and containing an Event header field set to "conference". Such requests are known as "SIP SUBSCRIBE request for conference event status subscription in the controlling MCDData function" in the procedures in the present document;

6.3.2 Sending SIP requests and receiving SIP responses

6.3.2.1 Generating a SIP MESSAGE request towards the terminating MCDData client

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

The participating MCDData function shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6] and:

- 1) shall include in the SIP MESSAGE request all Accept-Contact header fields and all Reject-Contact header fields, with their feature tags and their corresponding values along with parameters according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 3841 [8] that were received (if any) in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request;
- 2) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public user identity associated to the MCDData ID of the terminating MCDData user;
- 3) shall populate the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request MIME bodies as specified in clause 6.4 and
- 4) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function.

6.3.2.2 Generating a SIP MESSAGE request towards the controlling MCDData function

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

When generating a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6], the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall set the Request-URI of the SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function;

NOTE 1: The public service identity can identify the controlling MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 2: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 4: How the participating MCDData function determines the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 5: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- 2) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.fd" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), into the P-Asserted-Service header field of the SIP MESSAGE request; and
- 3) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function.

6.3.2.3 Generating a SIP NOTIFY request

The controlling MCDData function shall generate a SIP NOTIFY request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarification in this clause.

In the SIP NOTIFY request, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall set the P-Asserted-Identity header field to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function;
- 2) shall include an Event header field set to "conference";
- 3) shall include an Expires header field set to 3600 seconds according to IETF RFC 4575 [KK], as default value;
- 4) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7]; and
- 5) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcddatainfo> element containing the <mcddata-Params> element with:
 - a) the <mcddata-calling-group-id> set to the value of the MCDData group ID; and
 - b) if the target is a MCDData user, the value of <mcddata-request-uri> element set to the value of MCDData ID of the targeted MCDData user;

In the SIP NOTIFY request, the controlling MCDData function shall include an application/conference-info+xml MIME body according to IETF RFC 4575 [KK] with the following limitations:

- 1) the controlling MCDData function shall include the MCDData group ID of the MCDData group in the "entity" attribute of the <conference-info> element;

- 2) for each participant in the MCDATA session, the controlling MCDATA function shall include a <user> element. The <user> element shall:
 - a) include the "entity" attribute. The "entity" attribute:
 - i) shall for the MCDATA client, which initiated, joined or rejoined an MCDATA session, include the MCDATA ID of the MCDATA user which originates SIP INVITE request; and
 - ii) shall for an invited MCDATA client include the MCDATA ID of the invited MCDATA user in case of a adhoc group communication;
 - b) shall include a single <endpoint> element. The <endpoint> element:
 - i) shall include the "entity" attribute;
 - ii) shall include the <status> element indicating the status of the MCDATA session according to IETF RFC 4575 [KK]; and
 - iii) may include one <functional-alias> element indicating the functional alias bound by the MCDATA user with the MCDATA group for which the notification is being sent as defined in the XML schema of clause 25.6.1; and

NOTE 1: The functional alias binding by the MCDATA user with the MCDATA group is done through either using an explicit procedure or as a part of call setup procedure.

- c) may include <roles> element.

NOTE 2: The usage of <roles> is only applicable for human consumption.

6.3.3 Retrieving a group document

This clause describes how an MCDATA server accesses a group document from a group management server.

NOTE 1: The group document for a user or group regroup based on a preconfigured group is the group document for the preconfigured group restricted to the users or groups included in the regroup stored by the MCDATA server at the time of the regroup creation and does not include a <preconfigured-group-use-only> element.

Upon receipt of a SIP request:

- 1) if the MCDATA server is not yet subscribed to the group document for the group identity in the <mcddata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP request, the MCDATA server shall subscribe to the "xcap-diff" event-package for the group document of this group identity as specified in 3GPP TS 24.481 [11];

NOTE 2: As a group document can potentially have a large content, the MCDATA server can subscribe to the group document indicating support of content-indirection as defined in IETF RFC 4483 [13], by following the procedures in 3GPP TS 24.481 [11].

- 2) upon receipt of a SIP 404 (Not Found) response as a result of attempting to subscribe to the "xcap-diff" event-package for the group document of the group identity in the <mcddata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.481 [11], the MCDATA server shall send the SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text set to "113 group document does not exist" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps; and
- 3) upon receipt of any other SIP 4xx, SIP 5xx or SIP 6xx response as a result of attempting to subscribe to the "xcap-diff" event-package for the group document of the group identity in the <mcddata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP INVITE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.481 [11], the MCDATA server shall send the SIP final response with the warning text set to "114 unable to retrieve group document" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;

6.3.4 Determining targeted group members for MCDData communications

The MCDData server shall only send MCDData messages to affiliated group members.

The MCDData server determines whether a user is affiliated to a group by following the procedures in clause 6.3.5.

If the group is not a regroup based on a preconfigured group, the MCDData server determines the affiliated members from the entries contained in the <list> element of the group document by following the procedures specified in clause 6.3.5.

If the group is a regroup based on a preconfigured group, the MCDData server determines the affiliated members from the list of users that was stored during successful processing of the creation of the regroup per clause 23 by following the procedures specified in clause 6.3.5.

NOTE 1: The term "affiliated group members" used above also includes those members that are implicitly affiliated by the controlling MCDData function.

6.3.5 Affiliation check

The MCDData server shall determine that the MCDData user, with MCDData User ID, is affiliated to the MCDData group, with MCDData Group ID, at the MCDData client, with MCDData client ID, if the elements, as described in clause 8.3.3.2, exist with their expected values, as below:

1. an MCDData group information entry with MCDData group ID same as the MCDData group ID under consideration;
2. in the MCDData group information entry found in 1, an MCDData user information entry with the MCDData ID same as the MCDData ID under consideration;
3. in the MCDData user information entry found in 2, an MCDData client information entry with MCDData Client ID same as the MCDData client ID under consideration; and
4. in the MCDData user information entry found in 2, an expiration time, which has not expired.

6.3.6 MCDData conversation items

6.3.6.1 Server generating a FD HTTP TERMINATION message for FD over HTTP

In order to generate an terminating response message for FD over HTTP, the MCDData server:

- 1) shall generate an FD HTTP TERMINATION message as specified in clause 15.1.13; and
- 2) shall include in the SIP request, the FD HTTP TERMINATION message in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body as specified in clause E.1.

When generating an FD HTTP TERMINATION message as specified in clause 15.1.13, the MCDData server:

- 1) shall set the Conversation ID IE to a value identifying the conversation, as specified in clause 15.2.9;
- 2) shall set the Message ID IE to a value identifying the message as specified in clause 15.2.10;
- 3) may set the Application ID IE ID to the stored value if applicable;
- 4) shall include a Payload IE with:
 - a) Shall set the Payload content type set to "FILEURL" as specified in clause 15.2.13; and
 - b) Shall set the URL of the file same as payload of FD transmission; and
- 5) Shall set the Termination information type IE set to "TERMINATION RESPONSE" as specified in clause 15.2.22.

6.3.7 Procedures referenceable from other procedures

6.3.7.1 Emergency alert and emergency communications procedures

6.3.7.1.1 Sending a SIP re-INVITE request for MCDData emergency alert or emergency group communication

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

The controlling MCDData function shall generate a SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

The controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall include an SDP offer with the media parameters as currently established with the terminating MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element set to the MCDData ID of the initiating MCDData user;
- 3) if the in-progress emergency group state of the group is set to a value of "true" the controlling MCDData function:
 - a) shall include a Resource-Priority header field with the namespace populated with the values for an MCDData emergency group communication as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.4;
 - b) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body the <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "true";
 - c) if the <alert-ind> element is set to "true" in the received SIP re-INVITE request and MCDData emergency alerts are authorised for this group and MCDData user as determined by the procedures of clause 6.3.7.2.1, shall populate the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body and application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.3. Otherwise, shall set the <alert-ind> element to a value of "false" in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and
 - d) if the in-progress imminent peril state of the group is set to a value of "true", shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body an <imminentperil-ind> element set to a value of "false"; and

NOTE: If the imminent peril state of the group is "true" at this point, the controlling function will be setting it to "false" as part of the calling procedure. This is, in effect, an upgrade of an MCDData imminent peril group communication to an MCDData emergency group communication.

- 4) if the in-progress emergency group state of the group is set to a value of "false":
 - a) shall include a Resource-Priority header field populated with the values for a normal MCDData group communication as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.4; and
 - b) if the received SIP re-INVITE request contained an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "false" and this is an authorised request to cancel an MCDData emergency group communication as determined by the procedures of clause 6.3.7.2.3:
 - i) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "false"; and
 - ii) if the received SIP re-INVITE request contained an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <alert-ind> element set to a value of "false" and this is an authorised request to cancel an MCDData emergency alert as determined by the procedures of clause 6.3.7.2.2, shall:
 - A) include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body an <alert-ind> element set to a value of "false"; and
 - B) if the received SIP request contains an <originated-by> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, copy the contents of the received <originated-by> element to an <originated-by> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP re-INVITE request.

6.3.7.1.2 Generating a SIP MESSAGE request for notification of in-progress emergency status change

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

This clause describes the procedures for generating a SIP MESSAGE request to notify affiliated but not participating members of an MCDData group the status of the in-progress emergency state, emergency alert status of an MCDData adhoc group or emergency alert status of an MCDData group. The procedure is initiated by the controlling MCDData function when there has been a change of state, or to notify of a current outstanding in-progress emergency, emergency alert status of an MCDData adhoc group or the emergency alert status of an MCDData group.

The controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 2) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcddata media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 3) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 4) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity of the terminating participating function associated with the MCDData ID of the targeted MCDData user;

NOTE 1: The public service identity can identify the terminating participating MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 2: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 4: How the controlling MCDData function determines the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 5: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- 5) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field set to the public service identity of controlling MCDData function;
- 6) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service-Id header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 7) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcddatainfo> element containing the <mcddata-Params> element with the <mcddata-request-uri> element set to the value of the MCDData ID of the targeted MCDData user; and
- 8) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body an <mcddata-calling-group-id> element set to the MCDData group ID of the MCDData group on which the MCDData emergency communication or the emergency alert state has changed or already exists.

6.3.7.1.3 Populate mcddata-info and location-info MIME bodies for emergency alert

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

This clause describes the procedures for populating the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml and application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-location-info+xml MIME bodies for an MCDData emergency alert. The procedure is initiated by the controlling MCDData function when it has received a SIP request initiating an MCDData emergency alert and generates a message containing the MCDData emergency alert information required by 3GPP TS 23.282 [2].

The controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall include, if not already present, an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body as specified in Annex D.1, and set the <alert-ind> element to a value of "true";
- 2) shall determine the value of the MCDData user's Mission Critical Organization from the <MissionCriticalOrganization> element, of the MCDData user profile document identified by the MCDData ID and profile index associated with MCDData user (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]);
- 3) shall include in the <mcdainfo> element containing the <mcddata-Params> element an <mc-org> element set to the value of the MCDData user's Mission Critical Organization; and
- 4) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-location-info+xml MIME body in the received SIP request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-location-info+xml MIME body included in the outgoing SIP request.

6.3.7.1.4 Retrieving Resource-Priority header field values for emergency communications

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

When determining the Resource-Priority header field namespace and priority values as specified in IETF RFC 8101 [67] for an MCDData emergency (group or one-to-one) communication, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall retrieve the value of the <resource-priority-namespace> element contained in the <emergency-resource-priority> element contained in the <on-network> element of the MCDData service configuration document (see the service configuration document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]); and
- 2) shall retrieve the value of the <resource-priority-priority> element contained in the <emergency-resource-priority> element contained in the <on-network> element of the MCDData service configuration document (see the service configuration document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]).

When determining the Resource-Priority header field namespace and priority values as specified in IETF RFC 8101 [67] for an MCDData imminent peril group communication, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall retrieve the value of the <resource-priority-namespace> element contained in the <imminent-peril-resource-priority> element contained in the <on-network> element of the MCDData service configuration document (see the service configuration document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) and
- 2) shall retrieve the value of the <resource-priority-priority> element contained in the <imminent-peril-resource-priority> element contained in the <on-network> element of the MCDData service configuration document (see the service configuration document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]).

When determining the Resource-Priority header field namespace and priority values as specified in IETF RFC 8101 [67] for a normal MCDData (group or one-to-one) communication, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall retrieve the value of the <resource-priority-namespace> element contained in the <normal-resource-priority> element contained in the <on-network> element of the MCDData service configuration document (see the service configuration document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]); and
- 2) shall retrieve the value of the <resource-priority-priority> element contained in the <normal-resource-priority> element contained in the <on-network> element of the MCDData service configuration document (see the service configuration document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]).

NOTE: The "normal" Resource-Priority header field value is needed to return to a normal priority value from a priority value adjusted for an MCDData emergency communication (group or one-to-one). The "normal" priority received from the EPS by use of the "normal" Resource-Priority header field value is expected to be the same as the "normal" priority received from the EPS when initiating a communication with no Resource-Priority header field included.

6.3.7.1.5 Generating a SIP MESSAGE request to indicate successful receipt of an emergency alert or emergency cancellation

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

This clause describes the procedures for generating a SIP MESSAGE request to notify the originator of an emergency alert or emergency cancellation that the request was successfully received.

The controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 2) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdata media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 3) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 4) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity of the terminating participating function associated with the MCDData ID of the targeted MCDData user;

NOTE 1: The public service identity can identify the terminating participating MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 2: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 4: How the controlling MCDData function determines the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 5: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- 5) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field set to the public service identity of controlling MCDData function; and
- 6) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the value of the MCDData ID of the targeted MCDData user.

6.3.7.1.6 Generating a SIP MESSAGE request for notification of entry into or exit from an emergency alert area

This clause describes the procedures for generating a SIP MESSAGE request to notify an MCDData client that it has entered a pre-defined emergency alert area or exited from a pre-defined emergency alert area. The procedure is initiated by the participating MCDData function when the participating MCDData function determines that the MCDData client has entered a pre-defined emergency alert area or exited from a pre-defined emergency alert area.

NOTE: The participating MCDData function can use additional implementation-specific selection criteria to decide the recipients of the notification, i.e., whether and when an entry/exit notification is sent. The additional criteria can be the activated functional alias, ongoing emergency or conditions related to position such as speed, heading etc. The determination of the specific region is left to implementation.

The participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 2) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdata media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 3) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];

- 4) shall set the Request-URI to the public user identity associated to the MCDData ID of the targeted MCDData user;
- 5) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function;
- 6) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service-Id header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 7) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the value of the MCDData ID of the targeted MCDData user;
- 8) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body an <emergency-alert-area-ind> element:
 - a) set to a value of "true", if the MCDData client has entered a pre-defined emergency alert area; or
 - b) set to a value of "false", if the MCDData client has exited from a pre-defined emergency alert area; and
- 9) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request towards the MCDData client according to the rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP MESSAGE request, if the <emergency-alert-area-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the SIP MESSAGE request was:

- 1) set to a value of "true", shall record that the MCDData client has received the notification that it has entered the pre-defined emergency alert area; and
- 2) set to a value of "false", shall record that the MCDData client has received the notification that it has exited the pre-defined emergency alert area.

6.3.7.1.7 Generating a SIP MESSAGE request for notification of entry into or exit from a group geographic area

This clause describes the procedures for generating a SIP MESSAGE request to notify an MCDData client that it has entered a pre-defined group geographic area or exited from a pre-defined group geographic area requiring affiliation to or de-affiliation from a group. The procedure is initiated by the participating MCDData function when the participating MCDData function determines that the MCDData client has entered a pre-defined group geographic area or exited from a pre-defined group geographic area.

NOTE: The participating MCDData function can use additional implementation-specific selection criteria to decide the recipients of the notification, i.e., whether and when an entry/exit notification is sent. The additional criteria can be the activated functional alias, ongoing emergency or conditions related to position such as speed, heading etc. The determination of the specific region is left to implementation.

The participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 2) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdata media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 3) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 4) shall set the Request-URI to the public user identity associated to the MCDData ID of the targeted MCDData user;
- 5) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function;
- 6) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service-Id header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 7) void;

- 8) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with an <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with
 - a) an <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the value of the MCDData ID of the targeted MCDData user;
 - b) an <associated-group-id> element set to the MCDData group ID of the group for which a pre-defined group geographic area has been entered or exited; and
 - c) a <group-geo-area-ind> element:
 - i) set to a value of "true", if the MCDData client has entered a pre-defined group geographic area; or
 - ii) set to a value of "false", if the MCDData client has exited from a pre-defined group geographic area; and
- 9) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request towards the MCDData client according to the rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP MESSAGE request, if the <group-geo-area-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the SIP MESSAGE request was:

- 1) set to a value of "true", shall record that the MCDData client has received the notification that it has entered the pre-defined group geographic area; and
- 2) set to a value of "false", shall record that the MCDData client has received the notification that it has exited the pre-defined group geographic area.

6.3.7.1.8 Sending a SIP re-INVITE request for MCDData imminent peril group communication

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

The controlling MCDData function shall generate a SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

The controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall include in the Contact header field an MCDData session identity for the MCDData session with the g.3gpp.mcdata media feature tag and the isfocus media feature tag according to IETF RFC 3840 [16];
- 2) shall include an SDP offer with the media parameters as currently established with the terminating MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 3) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element set to the MCDData ID of the initiating MCDData user;
- 4) if the in-progress imminent peril state of the group is set to a value of "true":
 - a) shall include a Resource-Priority header field populated with the values for an MCDData imminent peril group communication as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.4; and
 - b) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body an <imminentperil-ind> element set to a value of "true"; and
- 5) if the in-progress imminent peril state of the group is set to a value of "false":
 - a) shall include a Resource-Priority header field populated with the values for a normal MCDData group communication as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.4; and
 - b) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body an <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "false" and the <imminentperil-ind> element set to a value of "false".

6.3.7.1.9 Validate priority request parameters

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

This procedure validates the combinations of <emergency-ind>, <imminentperil-ind> and <alert-ind> in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body included in:

- 1) a SIP INVITE request or SIP re-INVITE request; or
- 2) the body "URI" header field of the SIP URI included in the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body which is pointed to by a "cid" URL located in the Refer-To header of a SIP REFER request;

Upon receiving a SIP request as specified above with the <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "true", the controlling MCDATA function shall only consider the following as valid combinations:

- 1) <imminentperil-ind> not included and <alert-ind> included.

Upon receiving a SIP request as specified above with the <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "false", the controlling MCDATA function shall only consider the following as valid combinations:

- 1) <imminentperil-ind> not included and <alert-ind> not included; or
- 2) <imminentperil-ind> not included and <alert-ind> included.

Upon receiving a SIP request as specified above with the <imminentperil-ind> element included the controlling MCDATA function shall only consider the request as valid if both the <emergency-ind> and <alert-ind> are not included.

If the combination of the <emergency-ind>, <imminentperil-ind> or <alert-ind> indicators is invalid, the controlling MCDATA function shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "150 invalid combinations of data received in MIME body" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9.

6.3.7.1.10 Sending a SIP INFO request in the dialog of a SIP request for a priority communication

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

This procedure describes how the controlling MCDATA function generates a SIP INFO request due to the receipt of a SIP request for a priority communication.

The controlling MCDATA function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP INFO request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 6086 [21];
- 2) shall include the Info-Package header field set to g.3gpp.mcdata-info in the SIP INFO request;
- 3) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the SIP INFO request and:
 - a) if the received SIP request contained application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <alert-ind> element set to a value of "true" and this is an unauthorised request for an MCDATA emergency alert as specified in clause 6.3.7.2.1, shall set the <emergency-ind> element to a value of "true" and the <alert-ind> element to a value of "false";
 - b) if the received SIP request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <alert-ind> element set to a value of "false" and if this is an unauthorised request for an MCDATA emergency alert cancellation, shall set <alert-ind> element to a value of "true"; and
 - c) if the received SIP request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <imminentperil-ind> element set to a value of "true", this is an authorised request for an MCDATA imminent peril group communication and the in-progress emergency state of the group is set to a value of "true", shall set the <imminentperil-ind> element to a value of "false" and the <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "true"; and
- 4) shall send the SIP INFO request towards the inviting MCDATA client in the dialog created by the SIP request from the inviting MCDATA client, as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

6.3.7.1.11 Sending a SIP INVITE request for MCDATA emergency group communication

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

This clause describes the procedures for inviting an MCDATA user to an MCDATA session associated with an MCDATA emergency group communication or MCDATA imminent peril group communication.

The controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP INVITE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function associated with the MCDData ID of the targeted MCDData user;

NOTE 1: The public service identity can identify the terminating participating MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 2: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 4: How the controlling MCDData function determines the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 5: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- 3) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element populated as follows:
 - a) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the value of the MCDData ID of the targeted MCDData user;
 - b) the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element set to the value of the MCDData ID of the calling MCDData user; and
 - c) the <mcdata-calling-group-id> element set to the value of the MCDData group ID of the emergency group communication.
- 4) shall include in the P-Asserted-Identity header field the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function;
- 5) shall include in the SIP INVITE request an SDP offer based on the SDP offer in the received SIP INVITE request from the originating network according to the procedures specified in clause 9.2.4.4.1 (SDS communication) or 10.2.5.4.1 (FD communication);
- 6) if the in-progress emergency group state of the group is set to a value of "true" the controlling MCDData function:
 - a) shall include a Resource-Priority header field populated with the values for an MCDData emergency group communication as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.4;
 - b) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body an <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "true";
 - c) if the <alert-ind> element is set to "true" in the received SIP INVITE request and the requesting MCDData user and MCDData group are authorised for the initiation of MCDData emergency alerts as determined by the procedures of clause 6.3.7.2.1, shall populate the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body and the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.3. Otherwise, shall set the <alert-ind> element to a value of "false" in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and
 - d) if the in-progress imminent peril state of the group is set to a value of "true" shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body an <imminentperil-ind> element set to a value of "false"; and

NOTE 6: If the imminent peril state of the group is true at this point, the controlling function will set it to false as part of the calling procedure.

- 7) if the in-progress emergency state of the group is set to a value of "false" and the in-progress imminent peril state of the group is set to a value of "true", the controlling MCDData function:

- a) shall include a Resource-Priority header field populated with the values for an MCDATA imminent peril group communication as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.4; and
- b) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <imminentperil-ind> element set to a value of "true".

6.3.7.1.12 Sending a SIP UPDATE request for Resource-Priority header field correction

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

This clause describes the procedures for updating an MCDATA session associated with an MCDATA emergency group communication or MCDATA imminent peril group communication when the received SIP INVITE request did not include a correctly populated Resource-Priority header field. The procedure is initiated by the controlling MCDATA function for the purpose of providing the correct Resource-Priority header field.

- 1) shall generate a SIP 183 (Session Progress) response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications provided specified in clause 5.3.1A;
- 2) shall include the option tag "100rel" in a Require header field in the SIP 183 (Session Progress) response;
- 3) shall include in the SIP 183 (Session Progress) response an SDP answer to the SDP offer in the incoming SIP INVITE request as specified in the clause 9.2.4.4.2 (SDS communication) or 10.2.5.4.2 (FD communication); and
- 4) shall send the SIP 183 (Session Progress) response towards the MCDATA client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP PRACK request to the SIP 183 (Session Progress) response the controlling MCDATA function:

- 1) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP PRACK request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].
- 2) shall generate a SIP UPDATE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the following clarifications:
- 3) shall include in the SIP UPDATE request an SDP offer based on the SDP offer in the received SIP INVITE request from the originating network according to the procedures specified in clause 9.2.4.4.1 (SDS communication) or 10.2.5.4.1 (FD communication);
- 4) if the in-progress emergency group state of the group is set to a value of "true" the controlling MCDATA function shall include a Resource-Priority header field populated for an MCDATA emergency group communication as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.4; and

NOTE 1: This is the case when the sending MCDATA client did not send a Resource-Priority header field populated appropriately to receive emergency-level priority. In this case, the Resource-Priority header field is populated appropriately to provide emergency-level priority.

- 5) if the in-progress emergency group state of the group is set to a value of "false" the controlling MCDATA function:
 - a) if the in-progress imminent peril state of the group is set to a value of "false", shall include a Resource-Priority header field populated for a normal priority MCDATA group communication as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.4; and
 - b) if the in-progress imminent peril state of the group is set to a value of "true", shall include a Resource-Priority header field populated for an MCDATA imminent peril group communication as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.4.

NOTE 2: This is the case when the sending MCDATA client incorrectly populated a Resource-Priority header field for emergency-level or imminent peril-level priority and the controlling MCDATA function re-populates it as appropriate to an imminent peril level priority or normal priority level.

6.3.7.1.13 Generating a SIP re-INVITE request

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

This clause describes the procedures for generating a SIP re-INVITE request to be sent by the controlling MCDATA function.

The controlling MCDATA function:

- 1) shall generate an SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 2) shall include an SDP offer with the media parameters as currently established with the terminating MCDATA client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications specified in clause 9.2.4.4.1 (SDS communication) or 10.2.5.4.1 (FD communication).

6.3.7.1.14 Generating a SIP re-INVITE request to cancel an in-progress emergency

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

This clause describes the procedures for generating a SIP re-INVITE request to cancel the in-progress emergency state of an MCDATA group. The procedure is initiated by the controlling MCDATA function when it determines the cancellation of the in-progress emergency state of an MCDATA group is required.

The controlling MCDATA function:

- 1) shall execute the procedure in clause 6.3.7.1.13;
- 2) in the generated SIP re-INVITE, shall include a Resource-Priority header field populated with the values for a normal MCDATA group communication as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.4; and
- 3) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "false".

6.3.7.1.15 Receipt of SIP re-INVITE request by terminating participating function

This clause covers the on-demand session case only.

Upon receipt of a SIP re-INVITE request for an existing MCDATA one-to-one communication session, the participating MCDATA function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or if a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP re-INVITE with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDATA function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;

NOTE: If the SIP re-INVITE request contains an emergency indication, the participating MCDATA function can choose to accept the request.

- 2) shall use the MCDATA ID present in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP re-INVITE request to retrieve the binding between the MCDATA ID and public user identity;
- 3) if the binding between the MCDATA ID and public user identity does not exist, then the participating MCDATA function shall reject the SIP re-INVITE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response and skip the rest of the steps;
- 4) shall generate a SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 5) shall include in the SIP re-INVITE request an SDP offer containing the current media parameters used by the existing session; and
- 6) shall send the SIP re-INVITE request towards the MCDATA client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving the SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP re-INVITE request, the participating MCDATA function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response and include an SDP answer consistent with the SDP answer in the received SIP 200 (OK) response;
- 2) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response set to the public service identity of the participating MCDATA function;
- 3) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15]; and

4) shall forward the SIP 200 (OK) response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

The participating MCDATA function shall forward any other SIP response that does not contain SDP along the signalling path towards the originating side according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

6.3.7.1.16 Generating a SIP re-INVITE request for emergency private (one-to-one) communication origination within a pre-established session

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

Upon receipt by the participating MCDATA function of a SIP 2xx response from the controlling MCDATA function which:

- 1) does not contain a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 with the warning text containing the mcdata-warn-code set to "149"; and
- 2) is in response to a SIP INVITE request previously sent by the participating MCDATA function to the controlling MCDATA function, containing a Resource-Priority header field populated for an MCDATA emergency private communication;

the participating MCDATA function shall:

- 1) execute the procedures in clause 6.3.7.1.4, where references to the controlling MCDATA function are replaced with references to the participating MCDATA function;
- 2) generate a SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] to be sent within the SIP dialog of the pre-established session;
- 3) include in the SIP re-INVITE request an SDP offer consistent with the previously negotiated SDP for the pre-established session;
- 4) include in the SIP re-INVITE request a Resource-Priority header field with the contents set as in the Resource-Priority header field included in the SIP INVITE request sent to the controlling MCDATA function;
- 5) send the SIP re-INVITE request to the controlling MCDATA function; and
- 6) skip the remaining steps in this procedure;

NOTE 1: This is the case where the MCDATA client's previously sent SIP REFER request was either a request for an MCDATA emergency private communication or the MCDATA emergency private priority state was already set to "in-progress". In either case no SIP INFO pending warning was expected or received.

Upon receipt by the participating MCDATA function of a SIP 2xx response from the controlling MCDATA function which:

- 1) contains a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 with the warning text containing the mcdata-warn-code set to "149"; and
- 2) is in response to a SIP INVITE request previously sent by the participating MCDATA function to the controlling MCDATA function;

the participating MCDATA function shall wait for the receipt of a SIP INFO request from the controlling MCDATA function.

Upon receipt of a SIP INFO request from the controlling MCDATA function within the dialog of the SIP INVITE request for an MCDATA emergency one-to-one communication, the participating MCDATA function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] to be sent within the SIP dialog of the pre-established session;
- 2) shall include in the SIP re-INVITE request an SDP offer consistent with the previously negotiated SDP for the pre-established session;
- 3) shall include in the SIP re-INVITE request a Resource-Priority header field with the contents set as in the Resource-Priority header field included in the SIP INVITE request sent to the controlling MCDATA function;
- 4) shall include in the SIP re-INVITE request an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body containing:

- a) an <alert-ind> element, if included in the <mcdData-Params> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml MIME body contained in the received SIP INFO request, set to the value of the <alert-ind> in the SIP INFO request; and

5) send the SIP re-INVITE request to the controlling MCDData function.

NOTE 2: This is the case where the MCDData client's previously sent SIP REFER request was a request for an MCDData emergency private communication and a SIP INFO request was received in the dialog with the controlling MCDData function for the MCDData emergency private communication.

6.3.7.1.17 Receiving a SIP re-INVITE request by the terminating participating function

This clause applies to the terminating participating function and is part of processing of an in-progress emergency communication cancellation or an upgrade of an ongoing communication. The incoming SIP re-INVITE request is sent by the controlling MCDData function, and the outgoing SIP re-INVITE is sent towards the MCDData client.

On receipt of a SIP re-INVITE request, the terminating participating MCDData function shall generate a SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and further:

- 1) if the incoming SIP re-INVITE request contained an application/sdp MIME body, shall copy the application/sdp MIME body;
- 2) if the incoming SIP re-INVITE request contained an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body, shall copy the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body;
- 3) if the incoming SIP re-INVITE request contained a Resource-Priority header field, shall include in the outgoing SIP re-INVITE request a Resource-Priority header field according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], set to the value indicated in the Resource-Priority header field of the received SIP re-INVITE request;
- 4) if the incoming SIP re-INVITE request contained an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml MIME body, shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml MIME body;
- 5) if the incoming SIP re-INVITE request contained an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-location-info+xml MIME body, shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-location-info+xml MIME body; and
- 6) shall send the SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

6.3.7.1.18 Receipt of SIP re-INVITE for MCDData one-to-one communication from the served user

This clause covers both on-demand sessions and pre-established sessions.

Upon receipt of a SIP re-INVITE request for an existing MCDData one-to-one communication session, the originating participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion, may reject the SIP request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error);

NOTE: If the SIP re-INVITE request contains an emergency indication, the participating MCDData function can choose to accept the request.

- 2) shall determine the MCDData ID of the calling user from the public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP re-INVITE request;
- 3) if the participating MCDData function cannot find a binding between the public user identity and an MCDData ID or if the validity period of an existing binding has expired, shall reject the SIP re-INVITE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text set to "141 user unknown to the participating function" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with any of the remaining steps;
- 4) shall generate a SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], and proceed as follows:

- a) if the incoming SIP re-INVITE request contained an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with the MCDData ID of the invited MCDData user, shall copy the MIME application/resource-lists+xml body into the generated SIP re-INVITE;
 - b) if the incoming SIP re-INVITE request contained an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body into the generated SIP re-INVITE; and
 - c) if the incoming SIP re-INVITE request contained an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body, shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body into the generated SIP re-INVITE;
- 5) shall set the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP re-INVITE request to the MCDData ID of the calling user;
 - 6) if the received SIP re-INVITE request contains a <functional-alias-URI> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, then shall check if the status of the functional alias is activated for the MCDData ID. If the functional alias status is activated, then the participating MCDData function shall set the <functional-alias-URI> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the generated SIP re-INVITE request to the received value, otherwise shall not include a <functional-alias-URI> element;
 - 7) shall include in the SIP re-INVITE request an SDP containing the SDP currently used by the existing session;
 - 8) shall include a Resource-Priority header field according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] set to the value indicated in the Resource-Priority header field, if included in the SIP re-INVITE request from the MCDData client; and
 - 9) shall forward the SIP re-INVITE request, according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) if the received SIP 200 (OK) response contained an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body into the generated SIP 200 (OK) response;
- 3) if the received SIP 200 (OK) included Warning header field(s), shall copy the Warning header field(s) into the generated SIP 200 (OK) response;
- 4) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function;
- 5) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 6) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15].

6.3.7.1.19 Controlling MCDData function receiving a SIP re-INVITE for upgrade to emergency one-to-one communication

In the procedures in this clause:

- 1) emergency indication in an incoming SIP re-INVITE request refers to the <emergency-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and
- 2) alert indication in an incoming SIP re-INVITE request refers to the <alert-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body.

Upon receiving a SIP re-INVITE request with an emergency indication set to a value of "true", the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall validate that the received SDP is acceptable by the controlling MCDData function and if not, reject the request with a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response and skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall validate the request as described in clause 6.3.7.1.9, and if invalid, shall skip the rest of the steps;

- 3) if the SIP re-INVITE request contains an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication as determined by clause 6.3.7.2.6:
 - a) shall reject the SIP re-INVITE request by generating a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response and applying the procedure in clause 6.3.7.2.7; and
 - b) shall send the SIP 403 (Forbidden) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 4) if a Resource-Priority header field is included in the received SIP re-INVITE request and if the Resource-Priority header field is set to the value indicated for emergency communications, shall reject the SIP re-INVITE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response and skip the remaining steps if neither of the following conditions are true:
 - a) the SIP re-INVITE request contains an authorised request for an MCDData emergency communication as determined in step 2 above; or
 - b) the originating MCDData user is in an in-progress emergency private communication state with the targeted MCDData user;
- 5) if the SIP re-INVITE request contains an emergency indication set to a value of "true" and the originating MCDData user is not in an in-progress emergency private communication state with the targeted MCDData user:
 - a) shall cache the information that the MCDData user is in an in-progress emergency private communication state with the targeted MCDData user; and
 - b) if the SIP re-INVITE request contains an alert indication set to "true" and this is an authorised request for an MCDData emergency alert as specified in clause 6.3.7.2.1, shall cache the information that the MCDData user has sent an MCDData emergency alert to the targeted user; and
- 6) shall execute the procedure in clause 6.3.7.1.21 in order to send a SIP re-INVITE request towards the MCDData user listed in the "uri" attribute of the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body of the received SIP re-INVITE request .

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response for the sent SIP re-INVITE request and if a SIP response has not yet been sent to the inviting MCDData client, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall invoke the procedure in clause 6.3.7.1.23 with the received indication of the applicable MCDData subservice, in order to generate a SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP re-INVITE request;
- 2) if the received SIP re-INVITE request contains an alert indication set to a value of "true" and this is an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency alert as specified in clause 6.3.7.2.1, shall include in the SIP 200 (OK) response the warning text set to "149 SIP INFO request pending" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9; and

NOTE: When a SIP 200 (OK) response sent to the originator as a response to a SIP INVITE or a SIP re-INVITE request that contained authorised request(s) for an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication and optionally an MCDData emergency alert, the originator will consider a SIP 200 (OK) response populated in this manner as confirmation that its request(s) for an upgrade to an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication and optionally an MCDData emergency alert were accepted by the controlling function.

- 3) shall send the generated SIP 200 (OK) response towards the inviting MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP ACK to the SIP 200 (OK) response sent towards the inviting MCDData client, and the SIP 200 (OK) response was sent with the warning text set to "149 SIP INFO request pending" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, the controlling MCDData function shall follow the procedures in clause 6.3.7.1.10.

6.3.7.1.20 Controlling MCDData function receiving a SIP re-INVITE for cancellation of emergency one-to-one communication

In the procedures in this clause:

- 1) emergency indication in an incoming SIP re-INVITE request refers to the <emergency-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and

- 2) alert indication in an incoming SIP re-INVITE request refers to the <alert-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body.

Upon receiving a SIP re-INVITE request with an emergency indication set to a value of "false", the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall validate the request as described in clause 6.3.7.1.9, and if invalid, shall skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) if the SIP re-INVITE request contains an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency private (one-to-one) communication cancellation, as determined by clause 6.3.7.2.3:
 - a) shall generate a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to reject the SIP re-INVITE request;
 - b) shall include in the SIP 403 (Forbidden) response an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as specified in annex D.1, with an <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "true";
 - c) if the SIP re-INVITE request contains an alert indication set to "false" and this is an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency alert cancellation as specified in clause 6.3.7.2.2, shall include in the SIP 403 (Forbidden) response an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with an <alert-ind> element set to "true"; and
 - d) shall send the SIP 403 (Forbidden) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 4) shall reject the SIP re-INVITE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response if a Resource-Priority header field is included in the received SIP re-INVITE request set to the value configured for emergency communications, and skip the remaining steps;
- 5) if the SIP re-INVITE request contains an authorised request for an MCDData emergency private communication cancellation as determined by clause 6.3.7.2.3:
 - a) shall clear the cache of the MCDData ID of the originator of the MCDData emergency private communication that is no longer in an in-progress emergency private communication state with the targeted MCDData user; and
 - b) if the SIP re-INVITE request contains an alert indication set to "false" and this is an authorised request for an MCDData emergency alert cancellation meeting the conditions specified in clause 6.3.7.2.2:
 - i) if the received SIP re-INVITE request contains an <originated-by> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall clear the cache of the MCDData ID of MCDData user identified by the <originated-by> element as having an outstanding MCDData emergency alert; and
 - ii) if the received SIP re-INVITE request does not contain an <originated-by> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, clear the cache of the MCDData ID of the sender of the SIP re-INVITE request, as having an outstanding MCDData emergency alert; and
- 6) shall execute the procedure in clause 6.3.7.1.22 in order to generate a SIP re-INVITE request and send it towards the MCDData user listed in the "uri" attribute of an <entry> element of a <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body of the received SIP re-INVITE request.

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response for the sent SIP re-INVITE request and if a SIP response has not yet been sent to the inviting MCDData client, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall invoke the procedure in clause 6.3.7.1.23 with the received indication of the applicable MCDData subservice, in order to generate a SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP re-INVITE request;
- 2) if the received SIP re-INVITE request contains an alert indication set to a value of "false" and this is an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency alert cancellation as specified in clause 6.3.7.2.2, shall include in the SIP 200 (OK) response the warning text set to "149 SIP INFO request pending" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9; and

NOTE: When a SIP 200 (OK) response sent to the originator as a response to a SIP re-INVITE request that contained authorised request(s) for an MCDData emergency private communication cancellation and optionally an MCDData emergency alert cancellation, the originator will consider a SIP 200 (OK) response populated in this manner as confirmation that its request(s) for cancellation of an MCDData emergency private communication and optionally an MCDData emergency alert were accepted by the controlling function.

- 3) shall send the generated SIP 200 (OK) response towards the inviting MCDATA client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP ACK to the SIP 200 (OK) response sent towards the inviting MCDATA client, and the SIP 200 (OK) response was sent with the warning text set to "149 SIP INFO request pending" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, the controlling MCDATA function shall follow the procedures in clause 6.3.7.1.10.

6.3.7.1.21 Controlling MCDATA function sending a SIP re-INVITE for upgrade to emergency one-to-one communication

This clause describes the procedures for the controlling MCDATA function sending a re-INVITE request to an MCDATA user in an MCDATA private (one-to-one) communication for the purpose of upgrading the session to an emergency private communication session. The procedure is initiated by the controlling MCDATA function as the result of receiving a SIP re-INVITE request, as described in clause 6.3.7.1.19.

The controlling MCDATA function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP re-INVITE request as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.13;
- 2) if the received SIP re-INVITE request contained an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body to the outgoing SIP re-INVITE request;
- 3) if the received SIP re-INVITE request contains an authorised request for an MCDATA emergency one-to-one communication, as determined by clause 6.3.7.2.6:
 - a) shall set the <emergency-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP re-INVITE request to a value of "true";
 - b) if the received SIP re-INVITE request contains an alert indication set to a value of "true" and this is an authorised request for an MCDATA emergency alert meeting the conditions specified in clause 6.3.7.2.1, perform the procedures specified in clause 6.3.7.1.3; and
 - c) if the received SIP re-INVITE request did not contain an alert indication or contains an alert indication set to a value of "true" and is not an authorised request for an MCDATA emergency alert meeting the conditions specified in clause 6.3.7.2.1, shall set the <alert-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body to a value of "false";
- 4) shall include a Resource-Priority header field populated with the values for an MCDATA emergency communication as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.4, if the received SIP re-INVITE request contains an authorised request for an MCDATA emergency private communication as determined in clause 6.3.7.2.6; and
- 5) shall send the SIP re-INVITE request towards the core network according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving SIP 200 (OK) response for the SIP re-INVITE request, the controlling MCDATA function:

- 1) shall cache the contact received in the Contact header field.

6.3.7.1.22 Controlling MCDATA function sending a SIP re-INVITE for cancellation of emergency one-to-one communication

This clause describes the procedures for the controlling MCDATA function sending a re-INVITE request to an MCDATA user in an MCDATA emergency private (one-to-one) communication for the purpose of downgrading the session to a normal priority private communication session. The procedure is initiated by the controlling MCDATA function as the result of receiving a SIP re-INVITE request, as described in clause 6.3.7.1.20.

The controlling MCDATA function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP re-INVITE request as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.13;
- 2) if the received SIP re-INVITE request contained an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body to the outgoing SIP re-INVITE request;
- 3) if the received SIP re-INVITE request contains an authorised request for an MCDATA emergency private communication cancellation as determined by clause 6.3.7.2.3;

- a) shall set the <emergency-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body to a value of "false";
- b) if the received SIP re-INVITE request contains an alert indication set to a value of "false" and this is an authorised request for an MCDData emergency alert cancellation, meeting the conditions specified in clause 6.3.7.2.2:
 - i) shall set the <alert-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body to a value of "false"; and
 - ii) if the received SIP request contains an <originated-by> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, copy the contents of the received <originated-by> element to an <originated-by> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP re-INVITE request; and
- c) if the received SIP INVITE request contains an alert indication set to a value of "false" and is not an authorised request for an MCDData emergency alert cancellation meeting the conditions specified in clause 6.3.7.2.3, shall set the <alert-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body to a value of "true";
- 4) shall include a Resource-Priority header field populated with the values for a normal MCDData private communication as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.4, if the received SIP re-INVITE request contains an authorised request for an MCDData emergency private communication cancellation as determined in clause 6.3.7.2.3; and
- 5) shall send the SIP re-INVITE request towards the core network according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving SIP 200 (OK) response for the SIP re-INVITE request, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall cache the contact received in the Contact header field.

6.3.7.1.23 Controlling MCDData function generates a SIP 200 (OK) response

This procedure is invoked by other procedures in the controlling MCDData function with an indication of the MCDData subservice for which it is to be applied (Short Data Service using media plane or using session, File Distribution or IP Connectivity). The procedure is initiated by the controlling MCDData function as the result of receiving a SIP INVITE or a SIP re-INVITE request.

The controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP INVITE or SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include the option tag "timer" in a Require header field;
- 3) shall include the Session-Expires header field and start supervising the SIP session according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38], "UAS Behavior". The "refresher" parameter in the Session-Expires header field shall be set to "uac";
- 4) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field set to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function;
- 5) shall include a SIP URI for the MCDData session identity in the Contact header field identifying the MCDData session at the controlling MCDData function;
- 6) shall include one of the the following in the Contact header field:
 - a) if the indicated MCDData subservice is Short Data Service using media plane or using session:
 - i) the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag;
 - ii) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds"; and
 - iii) the isfocus media feature tag;
 - b) if the indicated MCDData subservice is File Distribution:

- i) the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag;
 - ii) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd"; and
 - iii) the isfocus media feature tag; or
- c) if the indicated MCDData subservice is IP Connectivity:
- i) the g.3gpp.mcdata.ipconn media feature tag;
 - ii) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.ipconn"; and
 - iii) the isfocus media feature tag;
- 7) in response to the SDP offer in the incoming SIP INVITE or SIP re-INVITE request, shall include in the SIP 200 (OK) response an SDP answer specified as follows:
- a) as in clause 9.2.3.4.2, if the MCDData subservice is Short Data Service using media plane; or
 - b) as in clause 9.2.4.4.2, if the indicated MCDData subservice is Short Data Service using session; or
 - c) as in clause 10.2.5.4.2, if the indicated MCDData subservice is File Distribution; or
 - d) as in clause 20.4.0b, if the indicated MCDData subservice is IP Connectivity;
- 8) shall include Warning header field(s) received in incoming responses to the SIP INVITE or SIP re-INVITE request;
- 9.) if the incoming SIP 200 (OK) response contained an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body to the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response; and
- 10) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 6.3.1.

6.3.7.1.24 Populate mcdata-info and location-info MIME bodies for adhoc group emergency alert

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

This clause describes the procedures for populating the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml and application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME bodies for an MCDData adhoc group emergency alert. The procedure is initiated by the controlling MCDData function when it has received a SIP request initiating an MCDData adhoc group emergency alert and generates a message containing the MCDData adhoc group emergency alert information required by 3GPP TS 23.282 [2].

The controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall include, if not already present, an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as specified in Annex D.1;
- 2) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element set to the value of the MCDData ID of the user that has initiated the ongoing adhoc group emergency alert;
- 3) shall determine the value of the MCDData user's Mission Critical Organization from the <MissionCriticalOrganization> element, of the MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]);
- 4) shall include in the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element containing an <mc-org> element set to the value of the MCDData user's Mission Critical Organization; and
- 5) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body in the received SIP request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body included in the outgoing SIP request.

6.3.7.1.25 Generating a SIP MESSAGE request to containing the participant lists of an MCDData adhoc group emergency alert

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

This clause describes the procedures for generating a SIP MESSAGE request to notify the authorized users of an MCDData adhoc group emergency alert with the list of users participating in the MCDData adhoc group emergency alert.

The controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 2) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdata media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 3) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 4) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity of the terminating participating function associated with the MCDData ID of the targeted MCDData user;

NOTE 1: The public service identity can identify the terminating participating MCDData function in the primary MCDData system or in a partner MCDData system.

NOTE 2: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in a partner MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the partner MCDData system from the primary MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in a partner MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the primary MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the primary MCDData system to the partner MCDData system.

NOTE 4: How the controlling MCDData function determines the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function associated with the targeted MCDData user or of the MCDData gateway server in the partner MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 5: How the primary MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- 5) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as specified in Annex D.1 with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element containing:
 - a) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the value of the MCDData ID of the targeted MCDData user;
 - b) the <mcdata-calling-group-id> element set to the adhoc group identity; and
 - c) an <anyExt> element containing:
 - i) the <adhoc-alert-participant-list> containing the total list of MCDData users who belong to the adhoc group irrespective if they have acknowledged the adhoc group emergency alert or not; and
 - ii) the <adhoc-alert-participant-not-ack-list> containing the list of MCDData users who belong to the adhoc group but have not acknowledged the adhoc group emergency alert;

NOTE 6: These lists are populated with data cached clause 16.2A.3.1 and clause 16.2A.3.3.

- 6) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field set to the public service identity of controlling MCDData function.

6.3.7.2 Authorisations

6.3.7.2.1 Determining authorisation for initiating an MCDData emergency alert

If the controlling MCDData function has received a SIP request targeted to an MCDData group and if the group document contains a <list-service> element that contains a <preconfigured-group-use-only> element that is set to the value "true",

shall reject the SIP request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "168 alert is not allowed on the preconfigured group" as specified in clause 4.9 "Warning header field" and shall skip the rest of this procedure.

If the controlling MCDData function has received a SIP request targeted to an MCDData group with the <alert-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body set to a value of "true", the controlling MCDData function shall check the following conditions:

- 1) if the <allow-activate-emergency-alert> element of the <actions> element of a <rule> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDData user profile document identified by the MCDData ID and profile index of the calling user (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "true":
 - a) if the "entry-info" attribute of the <entry> element of the <EmergencyAlert> element contained within the <MCDData-group-call> element of the MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "DedicatedGroup" and:
 - i) if the MCDData group identity targeted for the emergency alert is contained in the <uri-entry> element of the <entry> element of the <EmergencyAlert> element contained within the <MCDData-group-call> element of the MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]); and
 - ii) if the <mcddata-allow-emergency-alert> element of the <actions> element of a <rule> element of the <ruleset> element of the <list-service> element of the group document identified by the MCDData group identity is set to a value of "true" as specified in 3GPP TS 24.481 [11]; or
 - b) if the "entry-info" attribute of the <entry> element of the <EmergencyAlert> element contained within the <MCDData-group-call> element of the MCDData user profile (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "UseCurrentlySelectedGroup" and the <mcddata-allow-emergency-alert> element of the <actions> element of a <rule> element of the <ruleset> element of the <list-service> element of the group document identified by the MCDData group identity targeted for the emergency alert is set to a value of "true" as specified in 3GPP TS 24.481 [11];

then the MCDData emergency alert request shall be considered to be an authorised request for an MCDData emergency alert targeted to a MCDData group. In all other cases, the MCDData emergency alert request shall be considered to be an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency alert targeted to an MCDData group.

If the controlling MCDData function has received a SIP request targeted to an MCDData user with the <alert-ind> element of the <mcddata-Params> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body set to a value of "true", the controlling MCDData function shall check the following conditions:

- 1) if the <allow-activate-emergency-alert> element of the <actions> element of the <rule> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDData user profile document identified by the MCDData ID and profile index of the calling user (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "true"; and
 - a) if the "entry-info" attribute of the <entry> element of the <One-to-One-EmergencyAlert> element contained within the <OnNetwork> element of the <mcddata-user-profile> element within MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "UsePreConfigured" and the MCDData ID of the MCDData user targeted for the communication is contained in the <uri-entry> element of the <entry> element of the <One-to-One-EmergencyAlert> element contained within the <OnNetwork> element (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]); or
 - b) if the "entry-info" attribute of the <entry> element of the <One-to-One-EmergencyAlert> element contained within the <OnNetwork> element of the <mcddata-user-profile> element within MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "LocallyDetermined";

then the MCDData emergency alert request shall be considered to be an authorised request for an MCDData emergency alert targeted to an MCDData user. In all other cases, it shall be considered to be an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency alert targeted to an MCDData user.

6.3.7.2.2 Determining authorisation for cancelling an MCDData emergency alert

If the controlling MCDData function has received a SIP request with the <alert-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body set to a value of "false" and:

- 1) if the <allow-cancel-emergency-alert> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDData user profile document identified by the MCDData ID and profile index of the calling user (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "true", then the MCDData emergency alert cancellation request shall be considered to be an authorised request for an MCDData emergency alert cancellation; and
- 2) if the <allow-cancel-emergency-alert> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDData user profile document identified by the MCDData ID and profile index of the calling user (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "false", then the MCDData emergency alert cancellation request shall be considered to be an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency alert cancellation.

6.3.7.2.3 Determining authorisation for cancelling an MCDData emergency communication

If the controlling MCDData function has received a SIP request for an MCDData group communication with the <emergency-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body set to a value of "false" and:

- 1) if the <allow-cancel-group-emergency> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDData user profile document identified by the MCDData ID and profile index of the calling user (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "true", then the MCDData emergency communication cancellation request shall be considered to be an authorised request for an MCDData emergency group communication cancellation; and
- 2) If the <allow-cancel-group-emergency> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDData user profile document identified by the MCDData ID and profile index of the calling user (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "false", then the MCDData emergency group communication cancellation request shall be considered to be an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency group communication cancellation.

If the controlling MCDData function has received a SIP request for an MCDData private communication with the <emergency-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body set to a value of "false" and:

- 1) if the <allow-cancel-private-emergency-call> element of the <actions> element of a <rule> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDData user profile document identified by the MCDData ID and profile index of the calling user (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "true", then the MCDData emergency private communication cancellation request shall be considered to be an authorised request for an MCDData emergency private communication cancellation; and
- 2) if the <allow-cancel-private-emergency-call> element of the <actions> element of a <rule> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDData user profile document identified by the MCDData ID and profile index of the calling user (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "false" or is not present, then the MCDData emergency private communication cancellation request shall be considered to be an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency private communication cancellation.

Editor's Note: Whether the controlling MCDData function examines the <allow-cancel-private-emergency-call> element or uses local policy to determine whether the calling user is authorised to cancel a private emergency communication is FFS.

6.3.7.2.4 Determining authorisation for initiating an MCDData imminent peril communication

When the participating MCDData function receives a request from the MCDData client to initiate an imminent peril MCDData group communication or if the controlling MCDData function has received a SIP request with the <imminent-peril-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body set to a value of "true" and:

- 1) if the <allow-imminent-peril-call> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDData user profile document identified by the MCDData ID of the calling user (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value other than "true" the request for initiating an MCDData imminent peril communication shall be considered to be an unauthorised request for an MCDData imminent peril communication and skip the remaining steps;
- 2) if the <allow-imminent-peril-call> element of the <list-service> element of the group document identified by the targeted MCDData group identity is set to a value other than "true" as specified in 3GPP TS 24.481 [11], the request for initiating an MCDData imminent peril communication shall be considered to be an unauthorised request for an MCDData imminent peril communication and skip the remaining steps;

- 3) if the "entry-info" attribute of the <entry> element of the <MCDataGroupInitiation> element contained within the <ImminentPerilCall> element of the MCData user profile document (see the MCData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "DedicatedGroup" and if the MCData group identity targeted for the communication is contained in the <uri-entry> element of the <entry> element of the <MCDataGroupInitiation> element contained within the <ImminentPerilCall> element (see the MCData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]); or
- 4) if the "entry-info" attribute of the <entry> element of the <MCDataGroupInitiation> element contained within the <ImminentPerilCall> element of the MCData user profile document (see the MCData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "UseCurrentlySelectedGroup";

then the MCData imminent peril communication request shall be considered to be an authorised request for an MCData imminent peril communication. In all other cases, it shall be considered to be an unauthorised request for an MCData imminent peril communication.

6.3.7.2.5 Determining authorisation for cancelling an MCData imminent peril communication

If the controlling MCData function has received a SIP request with the <imminentperil-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body set to a value of "false" and:

- 1) if the <allow-cancel-imminent-peril> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCData user profile document identified by the MCData ID of the calling user (see the MCData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "true", then the MCData emergency communication cancellation request shall be considered to be an authorised request for an MCData imminent peril communication cancellation; and
- 2) if the <allow-cancel-imminent-peril> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCData user profile document identified by the MCData ID of the calling user (see the MCData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "false" or not present, then the MCData emergency communication cancellation request shall be considered to be an unauthorised request for an MCData imminent peril communication cancellation.

6.3.7.2.6 Determining authorisation for initiating an MCData emergency group or private communication

When the participating MCData function receives a request from the MCData client to originate an MCData emergency group communication or if the controlling MCData function receives a SIP request for an MCData group communication with the <emergency-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body set to a value of "true":

- 1) if the <allow-emergency-group-call> element of the <actions> element of a <rule> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCData user profile document identified by the MCData ID of the calling user (see the MCData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "true" and:
 - a) if the "entry-info" attribute of the <entry> element of the <MCDataGroupInitiation> element of the <EmergencyCall> element contained within the <MCData-group-call> element of the MCData user profile document (see the MCData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "DedicatedGroup" and:
 - i) if the <uri-entry> element of the <entry> element of the <MCDataGroupInitiation> element of the <EmergencyCall> contained within the <MCData-group-call> element of the MCData user profile document (see the MCData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) contains the identity of the MCData group targeted by the calling MCData user and if the <allow-MCData-emergency-call> element of the <list-service> element of the group document identified by the targeted MCData group identity is set to a value of "true" as specified in 3GPP TS 24.481 [11], then the participating MCData function or the controlling MCData function shall consider the MCData emergency group communication request to be an authorised request for an MCData emergency group communication and skip the remaining steps;
- or
- b) if the "entry-info" attribute of the <entry> element of the <MCDataGroupInitiation> element of the <EmergencyCall> element contained within the <MCData-group-call> element of the MCData user profile document (see the MCData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "UseCurrentlySelectedGroup" and if the <allow-MCData-emergency-call> element of the <list-service>

element of the group document identified by the targeted MCDData group identity is set to a value of "true" as specified in 3GPP TS 24.481 [11], then the participating MCDData function or the controlling MCDData function shall consider the MCDData emergency group communication request to be an authorised request for an MCDData emergency group communication and skip the remaining steps; or

- 2) if the participating MCDData function or the controlling MCDData function does not consider the MCDData emergency group communication request to be an authorised request for an MCDData emergency group communication by step 1) above, then the participating MCDData function or the controlling MCDData function shall consider the MCDData emergency group communication request to be an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency group communication.

When the participating MCDData function receives a request from the MCDData client to originate an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication or if the controlling MCDData function receives a SIP request for an MCDData private call with the <emergency-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body set to a value of "true":

- 1) if the <allow-emergency-private-call> element of the <actions> element of a <rule> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDData user profile document identified by the MCDData ID of the calling user (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "true"; and
 - a) if the "entry-info" attribute of the <entry> element of the <MCDDataPrivateRecipient> element of the <EmergencyCall> element contained within the <One-to-One-Communication> element of the MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "UsePreConfigured" and if the MCDData ID targeted for the communication is contained in the <uri-entry> element of the <entry> element of the <MCDDataPrivateRecipient> element (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]); or
 - b) if the "entry-info" attribute of the <entry> element of the <MCDDataPrivateRecipient> element of the <EmergencyCall> element contained within the <One-to-One-Communication> element of the MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "LocallyDetermined";

then the participating MCDData function or the controlling MCDData function shall consider the MCDData emergency private communication request to be an authorised request for an MCDData emergency private communication and skip step 2) below; or

- 2) if the participating MCDData function or the controlling MCDData function does not consider the MCDData emergency private communication request to be an authorised request for an MCDData emergency private communication by step 1) above, then the participating MCDData function or the controlling MCDData function shall consider the MCDData emergency private communication request to be an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency private communication.

6.3.7.2.7 Generating a SIP 403 response for priority communication request rejection

If the controlling MCDData function has received a SIP request with the <emergency-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body is set to "true" and this is an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency communication as determined by the procedures of clause 6.3.7.2.6, the controlling MCDData function shall:

- 1) include in the SIP 403 (Forbidden) response an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as specified in Annex D.1 with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with the <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "false" and the <alert-ind> element set to a value of "false".

6.3.7.2.8 Determining authorisation for initiating an MCDData adhoc group emergency alert

If the controlling MCDData function has received a SIP request for initiating an MCDData adhoc group emergency alert with the <adhoc-alert-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body set to a value of "true", the controlling MCDData function shall check the following conditions:

- 1) if the <allow-activate-adhoc-group-emergency-alert> element of the <actions> element of a <rule> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDData user profile document identified by the MCDData ID of the calling user (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "true"; then the MCDData adhoc group emergency alert request shall be considered to be an authorised request for an MCDData adhoc group emergency alert targeted to a MCDData group.

- 2) if the <allow-activate-adhoc-group-emergency-alert> element of the <actions> element of a <rule> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDData user profile document identified by the MCDData ID of the calling user (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "false", or is not present; then the MCDData adhoc group emergency alert request shall be considered to be an unauthorised request for an MCDData adhoc group emergency alert targeted to a MCDData group.

6.3.7.2.9 Determining authorisation for cancelling an MCDData adhoc group emergency alert

If the controlling MCDData function has received a SIP request with the <adhoc-alert-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body set to a value of "false" and:

- 1) if the <allow-cancel-adhoc-group-emergency-alert> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDData user profile document identified by the MCDData ID of the calling user (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "true", then the MCDData adhoc group emergency alert cancellation request shall be considered to be an authorised request for an MCDData adhoc group emergency alert cancellation; and
- 2) if the <allow-cancel-adhoc-group-emergency-alert> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDData user profile document identified by the MCDData ID of the calling user (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "false", or is not present, then the MCDData adhoc group emergency alert cancellation request shall be considered to be an unauthorised request for an MCDData adhoc group emergency alert cancellation.

6.3.7.2.10 Determining MCDData users that are authorized for receiving MCDData adhoc group emergency alert participant information

If the controlling MCDData function has received a SIP request with the <adhoc-alert-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body set to a value of "true" and:

- 1) if the <allow-to-recv-adhoc-group-emergency-alert-participants-info> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDData user profile document identified by the MCDData ID of the handled MCDData user (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "true", then the MCDData user shall be considered to be authorised for MCDData adhoc group emergency alert participant information; and
- 2) if the <allow-to-recv-adhoc-group-emergency-alert-participants-info> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDData user profile document identified by the MCDData ID of the handled MCDData user (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "false", or is not present, then the MCDData user shall be considered to be unauthorised for MCDData adhoc group emergency alert participant information.

6.3.8 Disposition Notifications

6.3.8.1 Generating an FD Notification

In order to generate an FD notification, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate an FD NOTIFICATION message as specified in clause 15.1.6; and
- 2) shall include in the SIP request, the FD NOTIFICATION message in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body as specified in clause E.1.

When generating an FD NOTIFICATION message as specified in clause 15.1.6, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) if sending a file download accept notification, shall set the FD disposition notification type IE as "FILE DOWNLOAD REQUEST ACCEPTED" as specified in clause 15.2.6;
- 2) if sending a file download reject notification, shall set the FD disposition notification type IE as "FILE DOWNLOAD REQUEST REJECTED" as specified in clause 15.2.6;
- 3) if sending a file download deferred notification, shall set the FD disposition notification type IE as "FILE DOWNLOAD REQUEST DEFERRED" as specified in clause 15.2.6;

- 4) shall set the Conversation ID to the value of the Conversation ID that was received in the FD message as specified in clause 15.2.9;
- 5) shall set the Date and time IE to the current time as specified in clause 15.2.8; and
- 6) if sending a file download completed notification:
 - a) shall set the FD disposition notification type IE as "FILE DOWNLOAD COMPLETED" as specified in clause 15.2.6;
 - b) shall set the Message ID to the value of the Message ID that was received in the FD message as specified in clause 15.2.10;
 - c) if the FD message was destined for the user, shall not include an Application ID IE as specified in clause 15.2.7 and shall not include a Extended application ID IE as specified in clause 15.2.24; and
 - d) if the FD message was destined for an application, shall include:
 - i) an Application ID IE set to the value of the Application ID that was included in the FD message as specified in clause 15.2.3; or
 - ii) an Extended application ID IE set to the value of the Extended application ID that was included in the FD message as specified in clause 15.2.24.

6.4 Handling of MIME bodies in a SIP message

The MCDData client and the MCDData server shall support several MIME bodies in SIP requests and SIP responses.

When the MCDData client or the MCDData server sends a SIP message and the SIP message contains more than one MIME body, the MCDData client or the MCDData server:

- 1) shall, as specified in IETF RFC 2046 [82], include one Content-Type header field with the value set to multipart/mixed and with a boundary delimiter parameter set to any chosen value;
- 2) for each MIME body:
 - a) shall insert the boundary delimiter;
 - b) shall insert the Content-Type header field with the MIME type of the MIME body; and
 - c) shall insert the content of the MIME body;
- 3) shall insert a final boundary delimiter; and
- 4) if an SDP offer or an SDP answer is one of the MIME bodies, shall insert the application/sdp MIME body as the first MIME body.

NOTE: The reason for inserting the application/sdp MIME body as the first body is that if a functional entity in the underlying SIP core does not understand multiple MIME bodies, the functional entity will ignore all MIME bodies with the exception of the first MIME body. The order of multiple MCDData application MIME bodies in a SIP message is irrelevant.

When the MCDData client or the MCDData server sends a SIP message and the SIP message contains only one MIME body, the MCDData client or the MCDData server:

- 1) shall include a Content-Type header field set to the MIME type of the MIME body; and
- 2) shall insert the content of the MIME body.

6.5 Confidentiality and Integrity Protection of sensitive XML content

6.5.1 General

6.5.1.1 Applicability and exclusions

The procedures in clauses 6.5 apply in general to all procedures described in clause 9, clause 10, clause 12 and clause 13 with the exception that the confidentiality and integrity protection procedures for the registration and service authorisation procedures are described in clause 7.

6.5.1.2 Performing XML content encryption

Whenever the MCDData UE includes XML elements or attributes pertaining to the data specified in clause 4.6 in SIP requests or SIP responses, the MCDData UE shall perform the procedures in clause 6.5.2.3.1.

Whenever the MCDData server includes XML elements or attributes pertaining to the data specified in clause 4.6 in SIP requests or SIP responses, the MCDData server shall perform the procedures in clause 6.5.2.3.2, with the exception that when the MCDData server receives a SIP request with XML elements or attributes in an MIME body that need to be copied from the incoming SIP request to an outgoing SIP request without modification, the MCDData server shall perform the procedures specified in clause 6.5.2.5.

NOTE: The procedures in clause 6.5.2.3.1 and clause 6.5.2.3.2 first determine (by referring to configuration) if confidentiality protection is enabled and then call the necessary procedures to encrypt the contents of the XML elements if confidentiality protection is enabled.

6.5.1.3 Performing integrity protection on an XML body

The functional entity shall perform the procedures in this clause just prior to sending a SIP request or SIP response.

- 1) The MCDData UE shall perform the procedures in clause 6.5.3.3.1; and
- 2) The MCDData server shall perform the procedures in clause 6.5.3.3.2.

NOTE: The procedures in clause 6.5.3.3.1 and clause 6.5.3.3.2 first determine if integrity protection of XML MIME bodies is required and then calls the necessary procedures to integrity protect each XML MIME body if integrity protection is required. Each XML MIME body has its own signature.

6.5.1.4 Verifying integrity of an XML body and decrypting XML elements

Whenever the functional entity (i.e. MCDData UE or MCDData server) receives a SIP request or a SIP response, the functional entity shall perform the following procedures before performing any other procedures.

- 1) The functional entity shall determine if integrity protection has been applied to an XML MIME body by following the procedures in clause 6.5.3.4.1 and if integrity protection has been applied:
 - a) shall use the keying information described in clause 6.5.3.2 and the procedures described in clause 6.5.3.4.2 to verify the integrity of the XML MIME body; and
 - b) if the integrity protection checks fail shall not perform any further procedures in this clause;
- 2) The functional entity shall determine whether confidentiality protection has been applied to XML elements in XML MIME bodies in a SIP request or SIP response, pertaining to the data specified in clause 4.6, by following the procedures in clause 6.5.2.4.1, and if confidentiality protection has been applied:
 - a) shall use the keying information described in clause 6.5.2.2 along with the procedures described in clause 6.5.2.4.2 to decrypt the received values; and
 - b) if any decryption procedures fail, shall not perform any further procedures in this clause.

6.5.2 Confidentiality Protection

6.5.2.1 General

In general, confidentiality protection is applied to specific XML elements and attributes in XML MIME bodies in SIP requests and responses as specified in clause 4.6.

Configuration for applying confidentiality protection is not selective to a specific XML element or attribute of the data described in clause 4.6. If configuration for confidentiality protection is turned on, then all XML elements and attributes described in clause 4.6 are confidentiality protected. If configuration for confidentiality protection is turned off, then no XML content in SIP requests and SIP responses are confidentiality protected.

6.5.2.2 Keys used in confidentiality protection procedures

Confidentiality protection uses an XPK to encrypt the data which (depending on who is the sender and who is the receiver of the encrypted information) can be a CSK or an SPK as specified in clause 4.6. An XPK-ID (CSK-ID/SPK-ID) is used to key the XPK (CSK/SPK). It is assumed that before the procedures in this clause are called, the CSK/CSK-ID and/or SPK/SPK-ID are available on the sender and recipient of the encrypted content as described in clause 4.6.

The procedures in clause 6.5.2.3 and clause 6.5.2.4 are used with a XPK equal to the CSK and a XPK-ID equal to the CSK-ID in the following circumstances as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]:

- 1) MCDData client sends confidentiality protected content to an MCDData server; and
- 2) MCDData server sends confidentiality protected content to an MCDData client.

The procedure in clause 6.5.2.3 and clause 6.5.2.4 are used with a XPK equal to the SPK and a XPK-ID equal to the SPK-ID when the MCDData server sends confidentiality protected content to an MCDData server.

6.5.2.3 Procedures for sending confidentiality protected content

6.5.2.3.1 MCDData client

If the <confidentiality-protection> element in the MCDData Service Configuration document as specified in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12] is set to "true" or no <confidentiality-protection> element is present in the MCDData Service Configuration document, then sending confidentiality protected content from the MCDData client to the MCDData server is enabled, and the MCDData client:

- 1) shall use the appropriate keying information specified in clause 6.5.2.2;
- 2) shall perform the procedures in clause 6.5.2.3.3 to confidentiality protect XML elements containing the content described in clause 4.6; and
- 3) shall perform the procedures in clause 6.5.2.3.4 to confidentiality protect URIs in XML attributes for URIs described in clause 4.6.

If the <confidentiality-protection> element in the MCDData Service Configuration document as specified in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12] is set to "false", then sending confidentiality protected content from the MCDData client to the MCDData server is disabled, and content is included in XML elements and attributes without encryption.

6.5.2.3.2 MCDData server

If the <confidentiality-protection> element in the MCDData Service Configuration document as specified in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12] is set to "true" or no <confidentiality-protection> element is present in the MCDData Service Configuration document, then sending confidentiality protected content from the MCDData server to the MCDData client is enabled. If the <allow-signalling-protection> element of the <protection-between-mcddata-servers> element is set to "true" in the MCDData Service Configuration document as specified in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12] or no <allow-signalling-protection> element is present in the MCDData Service Configuration document, then sending confidentiality protected content between MCDData servers is enabled.

When sending confidentiality protected content, the MCDData server:

- 1) shall use the appropriate keying information specified in clause 6.5.2.2;
- 2) shall perform the procedures in clause 6.5.2.3.3 to confidentiality protect XML elements containing the content described in clause 4.6, and
- 3) shall perform the procedures in clause 6.5.2.3.4 to confidentiality protect URIs in XML attributes for URIs described in clause 4.6.

If the <confidentiality-protection> element in the MCDData Service Configuration document as specified in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12] is set to "false", then sending confidentiality protected content from the MCDData server to the MCDData client is disabled, and then content is included in XML elements and attributes without encryption.

If the <allow-signalling-protection> element of the <protection-between-mcddata-servers> element in the MCDData Service Configuration document as specified in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12] is set to "false", then sending confidentiality protected content between MCDData servers is disabled, and content is included in XML elements and attributes without encryption.

6.5.2.3.3 Content Encryption in XML elements

The following procedures shall be performed by an MCDData client or an MCDData server:

- 1) perform encryption as specified in W3C: "XML Encryption Syntax and Processing Version 1.1", <https://www.w3.org/TR/xmlenc-core1/> [28] clause 4.3, using the "AES-128-GCM algorithm HMAC" as the encryption algorithm and the XPK as the key; and
- 2) follow the semantic for the element of the MIME body as described in Annex F of the present document, to include the encrypted content in the MIME body ensuring that the necessary XML elements required for confidentiality protection are included as specified in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26].

6.5.2.3.4 Attribute URI Encryption

The following procedures shall be performed by an MCDData client or an MCDData server:

- 1) perform encryption as specified in [aes-gcm], using the "AES-128-GCM algorithm HMAC" as the encryption algorithm and the XPK as the key, with a 96 bit randomly selected IV; and
- 2) replace the URI to be protected in the attribute by a URI constructed as follows:
 - a) the URI schema is "[sip:](#)";
 - b) the first part of the userinfo part is the base64 encoded result of the encryption of the original attribute value;
 - c) the string ";iv=" is appended to the result of step b);
 - d) the base64 encoding of the IV (section 5 of IETF RFC 4648 [30]) is appended to the result of step c);
 - e) the string ";key-id=" is appended to the result of step d);
 - f) the base64 encoding of the XPK-ID according to 3GPP 33.180 [26] is appended to the result of step e);
 - g) the string ";alg=128-aes-gcm" is appended to the result of step f); and
 - h) the string "@" followed by the domain name for MC Services confidentiality protection as specified in 3GPP TS 23.003 [31] is appended to the result of step g).

6.5.2.4 Procedures for receiving confidentiality protected content

6.5.2.4.1 Determination of confidentiality protected content

The following procedure is used by the MCDData client or MCDData server to determine if an XML element is confidentiality protected.

- 1) if an XML element contains the <EncryptedData> XML element, then the content of the XML element is confidentiality protected; and

- 2) if an XML element does not contain the <EncryptedData> XML element, then the content of the XML element is not confidentiality protected.

The following procedure is used by the MCDData client or MCDData server to determine if a URI in the XML attribute is confidentiality protected.

- 1) if an XML attribute is a URI with the domain name for MC Services confidentiality protection as specified in the 3GPP TS 23.003 [31], then the URI is confidentiality protected; and
- 2) if an XML attribute is a URI without the domain name for MC Services confidentiality protection as specified in the 3GPP TS 23.003 [31], then the URI is not confidentiality protected.

6.5.2.4.2 Decrypting confidentiality protected content in XML elements

The following procedure shall be performed by an MCDData client or an MCDData server to decrypt an individual XML element that has a type of "encrypted" within an XML MIME body:

- 1) if the <EncryptedData> XML element or any of its sub-elements as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26] are not present in the MIME body then send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "140 unable to decrypt XML content" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and exit this procedure. Otherwise continue with the rest of the steps;
- 2) perform decryption on the <EncryptedData> element as specified in W3C: "XML Encryption Syntax and Processing Version 1.1", <https://www.w3.org/TR/xmlenc-core1/> [28] clause 4.4 to decrypt the contents of the <CipherValue> element contained within the <CipherData> element;
- 3) if the decryption procedure fails, then send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "140 unable to decrypt XML content" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9. Otherwise continue with the rest of the steps; and
- 4) return success of this procedure together with the decrypted XML element.

6.5.2.4.3 Decrypting confidentiality protected URIs in XML attributes

The following procedure shall be performed by an MCDData client or an MCDData server to decrypt a URI in an attribute in a XML document:

- 1) the value between ";iv=" and the next ";" provides the base64 encoded value of the 96 bit IV and the value between ";=key-id" and the next ";" defines the key which has been used for encryption, i.e. "CSK" or "SPK"; and
- 2) the original URI is obtained by decrypting the base64 encoded string between the "sip:" URI prefix and the next ";" using the "AES-128-GCM algorithm HMAC" as the decryption algorithm with IV and key as determined in step 1). This value replaces the encrypted URI as the value of the XML attribute.

6.5.2.5 MCDData server copying received XML content

The following procedure is executed when an MCDData server receives a SIP request containing XML MIME bodies, where the content needs to be copied from the incoming SIP request to the outgoing SIP request.

The MCDData server:

- 1) shall copy the XML elements from the XML MIME body of the incoming SIP request that do not contain a <EncryptedData> XML element, to the same XML body in the outgoing SIP request;
- 2) for each encrypted XML element in the XML MIME body of the incoming SIP request as determined by clause 6.5.2.4.1:
 - a) shall use the keying information described in clause 6.5.2.2 to decrypt the content within the XML element by following the procedures specified in clause 6.5.2.4.2, and shall continue with the steps below if the encrypted XML element was successfully decrypted;
 - b) if confidentiality protection is enabled as specified in clause 6.5.2.3.2, then for each decrypted XML element:

- i) shall re-encrypt the content within the XML element using the keying information described in clause 6.5.2.2 and by following the procedures specified in clause 6.5.2.3.3; and
 - ii) shall include the re-encrypted content into the same XML MIME body of the outgoing SIP request; and
 - c) if confidentiality protection is disabled as specified in clause 6.5.2.3.2, shall include the decrypted content in the same XML MIME body of the outgoing SIP request.
- 3) for each encrypted XML URI attribute in the XML MIME body of the incoming SIP request as determined by clause 6.5.2.4.1:
- a) shall use the keying information described in clause 6.5.2.2 to decrypt the URI value of the XML attribute by following the procedures specified in clause 6.5.2.4.3, and shall continue with the steps below if the encrypted XML attribute value was successfully decrypted;
 - b) if confidentiality protection is enabled as specified in clause 6.5.2.3.2, then for each decrypted XML element:
 - i) shall re-encrypt the URI value of the XML attribute using the keying information described in clause 6.5.2.2 and by following the procedures specified in clause 6.5.2.3.4; and
 - ii) shall include the re-encrypted attribute value into the same XML MIME body of the outgoing SIP request; and
 - c) if confidentiality protection is disabled as specified in clause 6.5.2.3.2, shall include the decrypted value in the same XML MIME body of the outgoing SIP request.

6.5.3 Integrity Protection of XML documents

6.5.3.1 General

Integrity protection can be applied to a whole XML MIME body. When integrity protection is enabled, all XML MIME bodies transported in SIP requests and responses are integrity protected. The following XML MIME bodies used in the present specification in SIP signalling can be integrity protected:

- application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml;
- application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-mbms-usage-info+xml;
- application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-mbs-usage-info+xml;
- application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml;
- application/poc-settings+xml;
- application/resource-lists+xml;
- application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-affiliation-command+xml;
- application/conference-info+xml;
- application/pidf+xml;
- application/xcap-diff+xml;
- application/simple-filter+xml; and
- application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml.

If integrity protection is enabled, and one or more of the XML MIME bodies complying to the types listed above are included in a SIP request or SIP response, then a MIME body of type application/vnd.3gpp.mcptt-signed+xml specified in 3GPP TS 24.379 [10] is included in the SIP request or SIP response containing one or more signatures pointing to those XML MIME bodies as illustrated in Figure 6.5.3.1-1.

In order to integrity protect the XML MIME bodies listed above in this clause in SIP requests and SIP responses, the MCDData client and MCDData server shall, for each MIME body, include the Content-ID header field as specified in

IETF RFC 2045 [32] containing a Content-ID ("cid") Uniform Resource Locator (URL) as specified in IETF RFC 2392 [33].

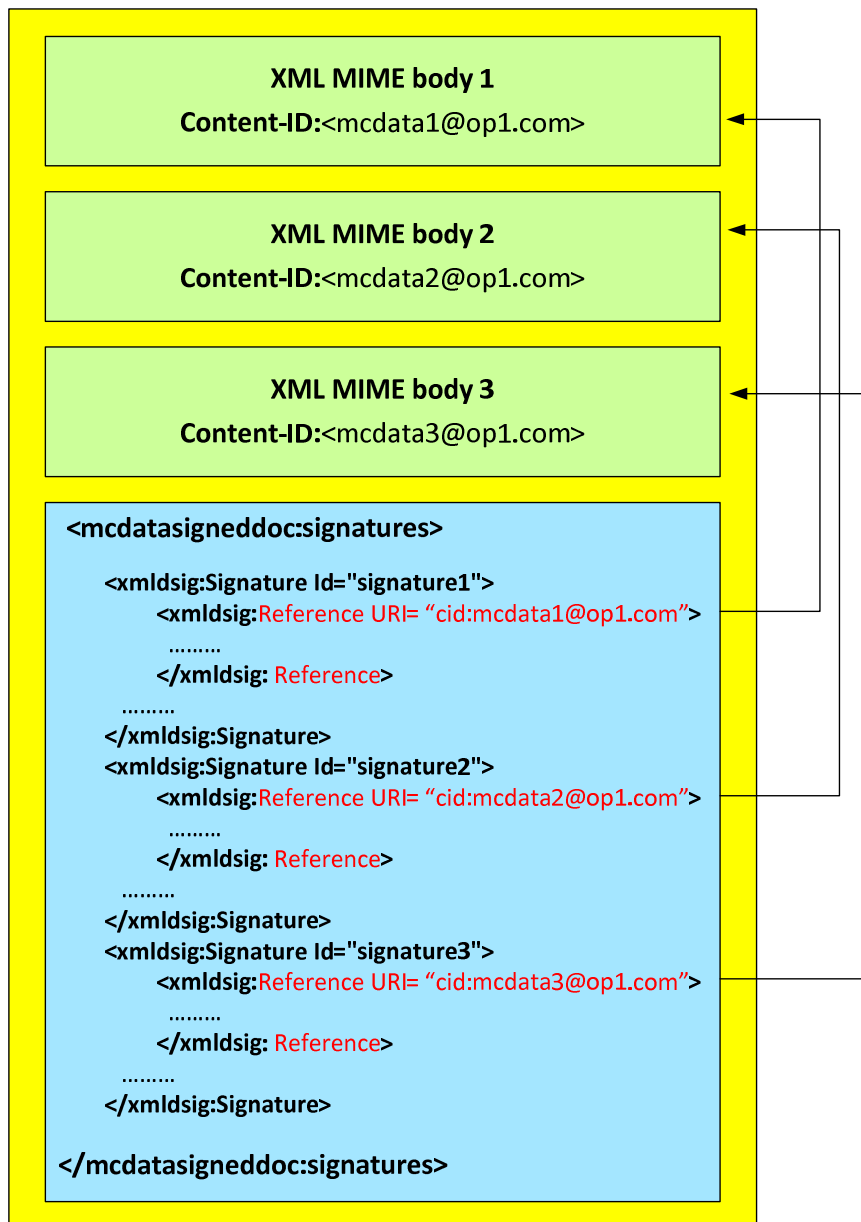


Figure 6.5.3.1-1: Integrity Protection of XML MIME bodies in SIP requests and SIP responses

Each MIME body that is integrity protected is assigned a unique signature.

Configuration for applying integrity protection is not selective to a specific MIME body. If configuration for integrity protection is turned on, then all XML MIME bodies in SIP requests and responses are integrity protected. If configuration for integrity protection is turned off, then no XML MIME bodies in SIP requests and SIP responses are integrity protected.

6.5.3.2 Keys used in integrity protection procedures

Integrity protection uses an XPK to sign the data which (depending on who is the sender and who is the receiver of the signed information) can be a CSK or an SPK as specified in clause 4.6. An XPK-ID (CSK-ID/SPK-ID) is used to key the XPK (CSK/SPK). It is assumed that before the procedures in clause 6.5.3.3 and clause 6.5.3.4 are called, the CSK/CSK-ID and/or SPK/SPK-ID are available on the sender and recipient of the integrity protected content, as described in clause 4.6.

The procedures in clause 6.5.3.3 and clause 6.5.3.4 shall be used with a XPK equal to the CSK and a XPK-ID equal to the CSK-ID in the following circumstances as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]:

- 1) MCDData client sends integrity protected content to an MCDData server; and
- 2) MCDData server sends integrity protected content to an MCDData client.

The procedure in clause 6.5.3.3 and clause 6.5.3.4 shall be used with a XPK equal to the SPK and a XPK-ID equal to the SPK-ID when the MCDData server sends integrity protected content to an MCDData server

6.5.3.3 Sending integrity protected content

6.5.3.3.1 MCDData client

If the <integrity-protection> element in the MCDData Service Configuration document as specified in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12] is set to "true" or no <integrity-protection> element is present in the MCDData Service Configuration document, then sending integrity protected content from the MCDData client to the MCDData server is enabled, and the MCDData client shall use the appropriate keying information specified in clause 6.5.3.2 and shall perform the procedures in clause 6.5.3.3.3 to integrity protect XML MIME bodies.

NOTE: Each XML MIME body is integrity protected separately.

If the <integrity-protection> element in the MCDData Service Configuration document as specified in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12] is set to "false", then sending integrity protected content from the MCDData client to the MCDData server is disabled, and all XML MIME bodies are sent without integrity protection.

6.5.3.3.2 MCDData server

If the <integrity-protection> element in the MCDData Service Configuration document as specified in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12] is set to "true", or no <integrity-protection> element is present in the MCDData Service Configuration document, then sending integrity protected content from the MCDData server to the MCDData client is enabled. If the <allow-signalling-protection> element of the <protection-between-mcddata-servers> element is set to "true" in the MCDData Service Configuration document as specified in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12] or no <allow-signalling-protection> element is present in the MCDData Service Configuration document, then sending integrity protected content between MCDData servers is enabled.

When sending integrity protected content, the MCDData server shall use the appropriate keying information specified in clause 6.5.3.2 and shall perform the procedures in clause 6.5.3.3.3 to integrity protect XML MIME bodies.

NOTE: Each XML MIME body is integrity protected separately.

If the <integrity-protection> element in the MCDData Service Configuration document as specified in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12] is set to "false", then sending integrity protected content from the MCDData server to the MCDData client is disabled, and all XML MIME bodies are sent without integrity protection.

If the <allow-signalling-protection> element of the <protection-between-mcddata-servers> element in the MCDData Service Configuration document as specified in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12] is set to "false", then sending integrity protected content between MCDData servers is disabled, and content is included in XML elements without encryption.

6.5.3.3.3 Integrity protection procedure

The following procedure shall be performed by the MCDData client and MCDData server to integrity protect the XML bodies defined by the MIME types listed in clause 6.5.3.1:

- 1) include a Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcptt-signed+xml" defined in 3GPP TS 24.379 [10];
- 2) for each of the MIME types defined in clause 6.5.3.1 where the content defined by these MIME types is to be integrity protected:
 - a) perform reference generation as specified in W3C: "XML Signature Syntax and Processing (Second Edition)", <http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlsig-core> [29] clause 3.1.1 using the SHA256 algorithm to produce a hash of the MIME body and continue with the procedures below if reference generation is successful;

- b) perform signature generation as specified in W3C: "XML Signature Syntax and Processing (Second Edition)", <http://www.w3.org/TR/xmldsig-core> [29] clause 3.1.2 using the HMAC-SHA256 signature method and the XPK as the key and continue with the procedures below if signature generation is successful; and
- 3) follow the schema defined in Annex F.6.2 and the semantic described in Annex F.6.3 to create the application/vnd.3gpp.mcptt-signed+xml MIME body, defined in 3GPP TS 24.379 [10], containing signatures referring to the XML MIME bodies included in the SIP request or SIP response.

6.5.3.4 Receiving integrity protected content

6.5.3.4.1 Determination of integrity protected content

The following procedure is used by the MCDData client or MCDData server to determine if an XML MIME body is integrity protected.

- 1) if the <Signature> XML element is not present in the XML MIME body, then the content is not integrity protected; and
- 2) if the <Signature> XML element is present in the XML MIME body, then the content is integrity protected.

6.5.3.4.2 Verification of integrity protected content

The following procedure is used by the MCDData client or MCDData server to verify the integrity of an XML MIME body:

- 1) if the required sub-elements of the <Signature> as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26] are not present in the MIME body and if not present, are not known to the sender and recipient by other means, then the integrity protection procedure fails and exit this procedure. Otherwise continue with the rest of the steps;
- 2) perform reference validation on the <Reference> element as specified in W3C: "XML Signature Syntax and Processing (Second Edition)", <http://www.w3.org/TR/xmldsig-core> [29] clause 3.2.1;
- 3) if reference validation fails, then send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response towards the functional entity with the warning text set to: "139 integrity protection check failed" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and do not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
- 4) obtain the XPK using the XPK-ID in the received XML body and use it to perform signature validation of the value of the <SignatureValue> element as specified in W3C: "XML Signature Syntax and Processing (Second Edition)", <http://www.w3.org/TR/xmldsig-core> [29] clause 3.2.2;
- 5) if signature validation fails, then send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response towards the functional entity with the warning text set to: "139 integrity protection check failed" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and do not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause; and
- 6) return success of the integrity protection of the XML document passes the integrity protection procedure.

6.6 Confidentiality and Integrity Protection of TLV messages

6.6.1 General

Signalling plane provides confidentiality and integrity protection for the MCDData Data signalling and MCDData Data messages sent over the signalling plane. Signalling plane security also provides the authentication of MCDData Data messages.

The signalling plane security is based on 3GPP MCDData security solution including key management and end-to-end protection as defined in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26].

Various keys and associated key identifiers protect the MCDData Data signalling and MCDData Data messages carried on the signalling plane.

The MCDData Data signalling messages may be:

1. SDS SIGNALLING PAYLOAD;
2. FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD;
3. SDS NOTIFICATION;
4. FD NOTIFICATION;
5. FD NETWORK NOTIFICATION;
6. COMMUNICATION RELEASE;
7. SDS OFF-NETWORK MESSAGE; or
8. SDS OFF-NETWORK NOTIFICATION.

The MCDData Data messages may be:

1. DATA PAYLOAD.

In an on-network MCDData communication for an MCDData group, if protection of MCDData Data messages is negotiated, the GMK and the GMK-ID of the MCDData group protect the MCDData Data messages sent and received by MCDData clients;

In an on-network one-to-one MCDData communications, if protection of MCDData Data messages is negotiated, the PCK and the PCK-ID protect the MCDData Data messages sent and received by MCDData clients;

If protection of MCDData Data signalling messages sent using unicast between the MCDData client and the participating MCDData function serving the the MCDData client is negotiated, the CSK and the CSK-ID protect the MCDData Data signalling messages sent and received using unicast by the MCDData client and by a participating MCDData function;

If protection of MCDData Data signalling messages between the participating MCDData function and the controlling MCDData function is configured, the SPK and the SPK-ID protect the MCDData Data signalling messages sent and received between the participating MCDData function and the controlling MCDData function; and

If protection of MCDData is configured for an on-network MBMS MCDData communication, a MuSiK and the corresponding MuSiK-ID may be used to protect transmissions on an MBMS bearer to and from MCDData clients.

The GMK and the GMK-ID are distributed to the MCDData clients using the group document subscription and notification procedure specified in 3GPP TS 24.481 [11].

The PCK and the PCK-ID are generated by the MCDData client initiating the standalone SDS using signalling control plane or standalone one-to-one SDS using media plane or one-to-one SDS session or one-to-one FD using media plane and provided to the MCDData client receiving the SIP signalling.

The CSK and the CSK-ID are generated by the MCDData client and provided to the participating MCDData function serving the MCDData client using SIP signalling.

The SPK and the SPK-ID are configured in the participating MCDData function and the controlling MCDData function.

The MuSiK and the MuSiK-ID are distributed to the MCDData clients as described in clause 19.

The key material for creating and verifying the authentication signature (SSK, PVT and KPAK) is provisioned to the MCDData clients by the KMS as specified in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26].

6.6.2 Derivation of master keys for media and media control

Each MCDData Payload Protection Key (DPPK) (i.e. GMK, PCK, CSK, SPK) and its associated key identifier DPPK-ID (i.e. GMK-ID, PCK-ID, CSK-ID, SPK -ID) described in clause 6.6.1 are used to derive a MCDData Payload Cipher Key (DPCK) and its associated DPCK-ID as specified in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26].

DPCK and DPCK-ID are used in the protection of MCDData Data signalling and MCDData Data messages as specified in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26].

6.6.3 Protection of MCDData Data signalling and MCDData Data messages

6.6.3.1 General

The MCDData Data messages may be encrypted and integrity protected. When encryption is applied to the entire message, the MCDData Data message shall be encrypted as specified in clause 8.5.4 in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]. When encryption is applied to the Payload IEs of the MCDData Data message the Payload IEs shall be encrypted as specified in clause 8.5.4 in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26].

The MCDData Data signalling messages may be encrypted and integrity protected. When encryption is applied the MCDData Data signalling shall be encrypted as specified in clause 8.5.4 in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26].

The MCDData Data messages and the protected MCDData Data messages may also be end-to-end authenticated as specified in clause 8.5.5 in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26].

The MCDData Protected Payload message as specified in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26] inherits the message type from the MCDData Data signalling messages and the MCDData Data messages with bits 7, 8 set according to clause 8.5.1 of 3GPP TS 33.180 [26] when entire MCDData Data signalling messages and the MCDData Data messages protected.

6.6.3.2 The MCDData client

A MCDData client transmitting MCDData Data messages shall protect the MCDData Data messages using the related DPPK and DPPK-ID according to the negotiated protection method. For one-to-one communications PCK and PCK-ID shall be used as DPPK and DPPK-ID. For group communications GMK and GMK-ID shall be used as DPPK and DPPK-ID.

A MCDData client transmitting MCDData Data messages shall use the key material provisioned by the KMS when generating the authentication signature.

A MCDData client which receives protected MCDData Data messages shall decrypt and authenticate the protected MCDData Data messages using the related DPPK and DPPK-ID according to the negotiated protection method.

A MCDData client which receives signed MCDData Data messages shall verify the signature using the signature, the identity of the originating MCDData client and the KPAK provisioned by the KMS.

A MCDData client transmitting MCDData Data signalling messages shall encrypt the MCDData Data signalling messages using CPK and CPK-ID if MCDData Data signalling messages protection is negotiated.

A MCDData client which receives encrypted MCDData Data signalling messages shall decrypt the media control using CPK and CPK-ID.

6.6.3.3 The participating MCDData function

A participating MCDData function which receives protected MCDData Data messages shall forward it to the next entity without any additional action related to the security framework.

A participating MCDData function, when receiving an encrypted MCDData Data signalling messages from a MCDData client shall decrypt the encrypted MCDData Data signalling messages using the CSK and CSK-ID negotiated with the MCDData client which has sent the MCDData Data signalling message. Then, the participating MCDData function shall forward the MCDData Data signalling messages to the controlling MCDData function by encrypting the MCDData Data signalling messages using SPK and SPK-ID, if protection is configured between the participating MCDData function and the controlling MCDData function.

A participating MCDData function, when receiving an encrypted MCDData Data signalling messages from the controlling MCDData function shall decrypt the encrypted MCDData Data signalling messages using the SPK and SPK-ID configured between the participating MCDData function and the controlling MCDData function. Then, the participating MCDData function shall forward the MCDData Data signalling messages to the destination MCDData client using the CSK and CSK-ID if protection is negotiated between the participating MCDData function and the MCDData client.

6.6.3.4 The controlling MCDData function

A controlling MCDData function which receives protected MCDData Data messages shall forward it to the next entity without any additional action related to the security framework.

A controlling MCDData function, when receiving an encrypted MCDData Data signalling messages from a participating MCDData function shall decrypt the encrypted MCDData Data signalling messages using the SPK and SPK-ID configured between the participating MCDData function and the controlling MCDData function. Then, the controlling MCDData function shall forward the MCDData Data signalling messages to the participating MCDData function serving the destination MCDData client by encrypting the MCDData Data signalling messages using SPK and SPK-ID, if protection is configured between the participating MCDData function and the controlling MCDData function.

6.7 Stored files operational procedures

6.7.1 General

This clause describes the various operational procedures (e.g. retrieval of a file, retrieval of a file's metadata, checking the availability of a file) of the stored files for the general clients. The following procedures are common for the functional entities which are required to fulfil the operational requirements using the HTTP interface and support the role of both HTTP Client and HTTP Server as defined in annex A of 3GPP TS 24.482 [24].

6.7.2 Retrieve the stored file procedure

6.7.2.1 General client procedures

In order to retrieve a file from the functional entity acting as an HTTP server, the functional entity in the network, acting as an HTTP client:

- 1) shall generate an HTTP GET request as specified in IETF RFC 7230 [22] and IETF RFC 7231 [23] with the following clarifications:
 - a) a Request-URI set to an absolute URI identifying the URL of the file being requested to download;
 - b) the Host header field shall be set to a URI identifying the functional entity acting as an HTTP server; and
 - c) shall include a valid access token in the Authorization header; and
- 2) shall send the HTTP GET request as specified for the HTTP client in the network entity in annex A of 3GPP TS 24.482 [24].

On receipt of an HTTP 200 OK response containing the requested file, the HTTP client shall store the file for further processing.

6.7.2.2 General server procedures

On receipt of an HTTP GET request with a Request-URI identifying a file, the functional entity acting as an HTTP server:

- 1) shall handle the HTTP request as specified for the HTTP server in annex A of 3GPP TS 24.482 [24] with the following clarifications:
 - a) shall validate the access token received in the Authorization header of the request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24];
 - b) if the HTTP client is not allowed to download files due to operator policy, shall return an HTTP 403 Forbidden response; and
 - c) if the requested file is not available to download, shall return an HTTP 404 Not Found; and
- 2) shall process the HTTP GET request by following the procedures in IETF RFC 7230 [22] and IETF RFC 7231 [23], and shall return a HTTP 200 OK response containing the requested file.

6.7.3 Verify the stored file availability procedure

6.7.3.1 General client procedures

In order to verify whether the corresponding file is available in the functional entity acting as an HTTP server, the functional entity in the network, acting as an HTTP client:

- 1) shall generate an HTTP HEAD request as specified in IETF RFC 7230 [22] and IETF RFC 7231 [23] with the following clarifications:
 - a) a Request-URI set to an absolute URI identifying the URL of the file being requested to verification of its availability;
 - b) the Host header field shall be set to the functional entity acting as an HTTP server; and
 - c) shall include a valid access token in the Authorization header; and
- 2) shall send the HTTP HEAD request as specified for the HTTP client in the network entity in annex A of 3GPP TS 24.482 [24].

On receipt of an HTTP 404 Not Found response, the HTTP client shall invoke further corresponding procedure when the stored file is not available in the functional entity acting as an HTTP server.

On receipt of an HTTP 200 OK response, the HTTP client shall invoke further corresponding procedure when the stored file is available in the functional entity acting as an HTTP server.

6.7.3.2 General server procedures

On receipt of an HTTP HEAD request with a Request-URI identifying a file, the functional entity acting as an HTTP server:

- 1) shall handle the HTTP request as specified for the HTTP server in annex A of 3GPP TS 24.482 [24] with the following clarifications:
 - a) shall validate the access token received in the Authorization header of the request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24];
 - b) if the HTTP client is not allowed to request to verify the file availability due to operator policy, shall return an HTTP 403 Forbidden response; and
 - c) if the requested file is not available in the server, shall return an HTTP 404 Not Found; and
- 2) shall process the HTTP HEAD request by following the procedures in IETF RFC 7230 [22] and IETF RFC 7231 [23], and shall return a HTTP 200 OK response or any other appropriate response based on the result of the requested operation.

6.8 Procedures at the MCDData gateway

6.8.1 General

As described in clause 5.4, the MCDData gateway servers are inserted in the path between MCDData functions that reside in MCDData systems from different trust domains.

This clause specifies the behavior of an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from an MCDData system or as an entry point in an MCDData system.

Local policies enforcement covers a wide variety of actions that are left to implementation. An example of local policies enforcement is given in clause 6.8.4.

6.8.2 MCDATA gateway server acting as an exit point from an MCDATA system

When acting as an exit point from a local MCDATA system to an interconnected MCDATA system, the MCDATA gateway server receives SIP requests and SIP responses intended for the controlling, non-controlling or participating function in the interconnected MCDATA system.

When receiving an outgoing SIP message, the MCDATA gateway server acting as an exit point:

- 1) shall identify the MCDATA system identity of the interconnected MCDATA system from information elements in the outgoing SIP message, e.g., the Request-URI;
- 2) may enforce local policy, and if local policy enforcement results in rejecting a SIP request (e.g., not having a mutual aid relationship), the MCDATA gateway shall reject the request by sending back a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including a warning text "1xx service not authorized with the interconnected system", and the MCDATA gateway server shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 3) may replace in the outgoing SIP message any addressing information linked to the local MCDATA system topology with its own addressing information; this includes:
 - a) the P-Asserted-Identity header field may be set to the MCDATA gateway server's own URI; and
 - b) the Request-URI may be set to the public service identity of the targeted function in the interconnected MCDATA system, or to the URI of the MCDATA gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDATA system; and

NOTE: How the MCDATA gateway server determines the public service identity of the targeted MCDATA function in the interconnected MCDATA system or the URI of the MCDATA gateway server in the interconnected MCDATA system is out of the scope of the present document.

- 4) shall forward the outgoing SIP message according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

6.8.3 MCDATA gateway server acting as an entry point in an MCDATA system

When acting as an entry point in an MCDATA system from an interconnected MCDATA system, the MCDATA gateway receives SIP requests and SIP responses intended for the controlling, non-controlling or participating function in the local MCDATA system.

When receiving an incoming SIP message, the MCDATA gateway server acting as an entry point:

- 1) shall identify the MCDATA system identity of the interconnected MCDATA system from the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the incoming SIP messages;
- 2) may enforce local policy and, if local policy enforcement results in rejecting a SIP request (e.g., not having a mutual aid relationship), the MCDATA gateway shall reject the request by sending back a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including a warning text "180 service not authorized by the interconnected system", and the MCDATA gateway server shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 3) should replace in the incoming SIP message its own addressing information with the addressing information of the targeted MCDATA function in the local MCDATA system:
 - a) the Request-URI should be set to the public service identity of the targeted MCDATA function in the local MCDATA system; and

NOTE: How the MCDATA gateway server determines the public service identity of the targeted MCDATA function in the local MCDATA system is out of the scope of the present document.

- 4) shall forward the incoming SIP message according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

6.8.4 Local policies enforcement

Below is one example of local policy enforcement that can be handled by an MCDATA gateway server.

If an MCDData gateway server acting as an exit point receives a SIP request or a SIP response that contains sensitive information that cannot be exposed to the targeted interconnected system based on local policies but does not prevent the service from being delivered (e.g. a functional alias), the MCDData gateway server can remove that information from the outgoing SIP message before forwarding it.

7 Registration and service authorisation

7.1 General

This clause describes the procedures for SIP registration and MCDData service authorization for the MCDData client and the MCDData service. The MCDData UE can use SIP REGISTER or SIP PUBLISH for MCDData service settings to perform service authorization for MCDData. The decision which method to use is based on implementation and on availability of an access-token received as outcome of the user authentication procedure as described in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24].

If another MC service client (e.g. MCPTT, MCVideo) is operating at the same time on the same MC UE as the MCDData client, then the MCDData client shares the same SIP registration as the other MC service clients. The SIP REGISTER procedures in this clause are combined with the SIP REGISTER procedures for the other operating MC service clients to create a single SIP REGISTER request. If other MC service clients are already operating when the MCDData client registers then a re-registration is performed containing the parameters for the other operating MC services.

Although the access-token can be the same for the MCDData service as for other MC services when performing service authorization for MCDData along with other MC services using SIP REGISTER multipart MIME bodies for each MC service are included in the SIP REGISTER request. The MCDData server can therefore receive multipart MIME bodies in the SIP REGISTER request. Multiple contact addresses (one per MC service client) can be included in a SIP REGISTER request provided they all contain the same IP address and port number (see 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] for further details of including multiple contact addresses in a single SIP REGISTER request).

If the MCDData client logs off from the MCDData service but other MC service clients are to remain registered the MC UE performs a re-registration as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] without the supported g.3gpp.mcdata media feature tags and the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tags containing the values of the supported MCDData service ICSIs in the Contact header field of the SIP REGISTER request but with the parameters for the remaining operating MC service clients.

7.2 MCDData client procedures

7.2.1 SIP REGISTER request for service authorisation

When the MCDData client performs SIP registration for service authorisation the MCDData client shall perform the registration procedures as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

The MCDData client shall include the following media feature tags in the Contact header field of the SIP REGISTER request:

- 1) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata";
- 2) if SDS is supported then:
 - a) the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag; and
 - b) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds"; and
- 3) if FD service is supported then:
 - a) the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag; and
 - b) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd"; and
- 4) if IPCONN service is supported then:

- a) the g.3gpp.mcdata.ipconn media feature tag; and
- b) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.ipconn".

NOTE 1: If the MCDData client logs off from the MCDData service but the MCDData UE remains registered the MCDData UE performs a re-registration as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] without the supported g.3gpp.mcdata media feature tags and the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the supported MCDData service ICSIs in the Contact header field of the SIP REGISTER request.

If the MCDData client, upon performing SIP registration:

- 1) has successfully finished the user authentication procedure as described in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24];
- 2) has available an access-token;
- 3) based on implementation decides to use SIP REGISTER for service authorization;
- 4) confidentiality protection is disabled as specified in clause 6.5.2.3.1; and
- 5) integrity protection is disabled as specified in clause 6.5.3.3.1;

then the MCDData client shall include in the SIP REGISTER request an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as defined in Annex D.1 with:

- 1) the <mcdata-access-token> element set to the value of the access token received during the user authentication procedures;
- 2) the <mcdata-client-id> element set to the value of the MCDData client ID of the originating MCDData client; and

NOTE 2: the access-token contains the MCDData ID of the user.

- 3) if the MCDData client uses a MCDData gateway UE to access the MCDData system, the MCDData client shall set the <gw-mcdata-usage> element to true.

If the MCDData client, upon performing SIP registration:

- 1) has successfully finished the user authentication procedure as described in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24];
- 2) has an available access-token;
- 3) based on implementation decides to use SIP REGISTER for service authorization; and
- 4) either confidentiality protection is enabled as specified in clause 6.5.2.3.1 or integrity protection is enabled as specified in clause 6.5.3.3.1;

then the MCDData client:

- 1) shall include an application/mikey MIME body with the CSK as MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE as specified in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26] in the body of the SIP REGISTER request;
- 2) if confidentiality protection is enabled as specified in clause 6.5.2.3.1, shall include in the body of the SIP REGISTER request an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the following clarifications:
 - a) shall encrypt the received access-token using the CSK and include the <mcdata-access-token> element set to the encrypted access-token, as specified in clause 6.5.2.3.1;
 - b) shall encrypt the MCDData client ID of the originating MCDData client using the CSK and include the <mcdata-client-id> element set to the encrypted MCDData client ID; and
 - c) if the MCDData client uses a MCDData gateway UE to access the MCDData system, the MCDData client shall set the <gw-mcdata-usage> element to true.
- 3) if confidentiality protection is disabled as specified in clause 6.5.2.3.1, shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as defined in Annex D.1 with:
 - a) the <mcdata-access-token> element set to the value of the access token received during the user authentication procedures;

- b) the <mcdata-client-id> element set to the value of the MCDData client ID of the originating MCDData client; and
- c) if the MCDData client uses a MCDData gateway UE to access the MCDData system, the MCDData client shall set the <gw-mcdata-usage> element to true; and
- 4) if integrity protection is enabled as specified in clause 6.5.3.3.1, shall use the CSK to integrity protect the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body by following the procedures in clause 6.6.3.3.3.

7.2.1AA SIP REGISTER request without service authorisation

When the MCDData client performs SIP registration without service authorisation the MCDData client shall perform the registration procedures as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

The MCDData client shall include the following media feature tags in the Contact header field of the SIP REGISTER request:

- 1) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata";
- 2) if SDS is supported then:
 - a) the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag; and
 - b) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds"; and
- 3) if FD service is supported then:
 - a) the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag; and
 - b) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd"; and
- 4) if IPCONN service is supported then:
 - a) the g.3gpp.mcdata.ipconn media feature tag; and
 - b) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.ipconn".

NOTE: If the MCDData client logs off from the MCDData service but the MCDData UE remains registered the MCDData UE performs a re-registration as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], without the supported g.3gpp.mcdata media feature tags and the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the supported MCDData service ICSIs in the Contact header field of the SIP REGISTER request.

7.2.1A Common SIP PUBLISH procedure

This procedure is only referenced from other procedures.

When populating the SIP PUBLISH request, the MCDData client shall:

- 1) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity identifying the participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;
- 2) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 3) shall set the Event header field to the "poc-settings" value; and
- 4) shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 3903 [34], to 4294967295, if the MCDData user is not removing the MCDData service settings, otherwise to remove the MCDData service settings the MCDData client shall set the Expires header field to zero.

NOTE 1: 4294967295, which is equal to $2^{32}-1$, is the highest value defined for Expires header field in IETF RFC 3261 [4].

NOTE 2: The expiration timer of the MCDData client service settings is only applicable for the MCDData client service settings from the MCDData client that matches the Instance Identifier URN. The expiration timer of MCDData user service settings is also updated in the MCDData server if expiration timer of MCDData client service settings is updated in the MCDData server.

NOTE 3: Removing the MCDData service settings by setting the Expires header field to zero, logs off the MCDData client from the MCDData service.

7.2.2 SIP PUBLISH request for service authorisation and MCDData service settings

If based on implementation the MCDData client decides to use SIP PUBLISH for MCDData server settings to also perform service authorization and

- 1) has successfully finished the user authentication procedure as described in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24]; and
- 2) has available an access-token;

then the MCDData client:

- 1) shall perform the procedures in clause 7.2.1A;
- 2) if confidentiality protection is disabled as specified in clause 6.5.2.3.1 and integrity protection is disabled, shall include in the body of the SIP PUBLISH request, an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as specified in Annex D.1 with the <mcdata-access-token> element set to the value of the access token received during the user authentication procedures;
- 3) if either confidentiality protection is enabled as specified in clause 6.5.2.3.1 or integrity protection is enabled as specified in clause 6.5.3.3.1 shall include an application/mikey MIME body with the CSK as MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE as specified in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26] in the body of the SIP PUBLISH request;
- 4) if confidentiality protection is enabled as specified in clause 6.5.2.3.1, shall include in the body of the SIP PUBLISH request an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with:
 - a) the <mcdata-access-token> element set to the received access-token encrypted using the CSK, as specified in clause 6.5.2.3.3;
 - b) the <mcdata-client-id> element set to the encrypted MCDData client ID of the originating MCDData client, as specified in clause 6.5.2.3.3; and
 - c) if the MCDData client uses a MCDData gateway UE to access the MCDData system, the MCDData client shall set the <gw-mcdata-usage> element to true.
- 5) if confidentiality protection is disabled as specified in clause 6.5.2.3.1, shall include in the body of the SIP PUBLISH request, an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as specified in Annex D.1 with:
 - a) the <mcdata-access-token> element set to the value of the access token received during the user authentication procedures in the body of the SIP PUBLISH request;
 - b) the <mcdata-client-id> element set to the value of the MCDData client ID of the originating MCDData client; and
 - c) if the MCDData client uses a MCDData gateway UE to access the MCDData system, the MCDData client shall set the <gw-mcdata-usage> element to true.
- 6) shall include an application/poc-settings+xml MIME body as defined in 3GPP TS 24.379 [10] containing:
 - a) the <selected-user-profile-index> element set to the value contained in the "user-profile-index" attribute of the selected MCDData user profile as defined in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]; and
- 7) if integrity protection is enabled as specified in clause 6.5.3.3.1, shall use the CSK to integrity protect the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body and application/poc-settings+xml MIME body by following the procedures in clause 6.5.3.3.3.

The MCDData client shall send the SIP PUBLISH request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

7.2.3 Sending SIP PUBLISH for MCDData service settings only

To set, update, remove or refresh the MCDData service settings, the MCDData client shall generate a SIP PUBLISH request according 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3903 [34] and IETF RFC 4354 [35]. In the SIP PUBLISH request, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall perform the procedures in clause 7.2.1A;
- 2) if confidentiality protection is enabled as specified in clause 6.5.2.3.1, shall include in the body of the SIP PUBLISH request, an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with:
 - a) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the targeted MCDData ID encrypted using the CSK, as specified in clause 6.5.2.3.3; and
 - b) the <mcdata-client-id> element set to the encrypted MCDData client ID of the originating MCDData client, as specified in clause 6.5.2.3.3;
- 3) if confidentiality protection is disabled as specified in clause 6.5.2.3.1, shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as specified in Annex D.1 with:
 - a) the <mcdata-request-uri> set to the cleartext targeted MCDData ID; and
 - b) the <mcdata-client-id> element set to the value of the MCDData client ID of the originating MCDData client;
- 4) shall include an application/poc-settings+xml MIME body as defined in 3GPP TS 24.379 [10] containing:
 - a) the <selected-user-profile-index> element set to the value contained in the "user-profile-index" attribute of the selected MCDData user profile as defined in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]; and
- 5) if integrity protection is enabled as specified in clause 6.5.3.3.1, shall use the CSK to integrity protect the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body and application/poc-settings+xml MIME body by following the procedures in clause 6.5.3.3.3.

The MCDData client shall send the SIP PUBLISH request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receiving the SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP PUBLISH request the MCDData client may indicate to the MCDData User the successful communication of the MCDData service settings to the MCDData server.

7.2.4 Determination of MCDData service settings

In order to discover MCDData service settings of another MCDData client of the same MCDData user or to verify the currently active MCDData service settings of this MCDData client, the MCDData client shall generate an initial SIP SUBSCRIBE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 6665 [36], and IETF RFC 4354 [35].

In the SIP SUBSCRIBE request, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity identifying the originating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;
- 2) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body. In the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, the MCDData client shall include the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData ID of the MCDData user;
- 3) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 4) shall set the Event header field to the 'poc-settings' value;
- 5) shall include an Accept header field containing the "application/poc-settings+xml" MIME type;
- 6) if the MCDData client wants to receive the current status and later notification, shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 6665 [36], to 4294967295; and

NOTE 1: 4294967295, which is equal to $2^{32}-1$, is the highest value defined for Expires header field in IETF RFC 3261 [4].

- 7) if the MCDData client wants to fetch the current state only, shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 6665 [36], to zero.

In order to re-subscribe or de-subscribe, the MCDData client shall generate an in-dialog SIP SUBSCRIBE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 6665 [36], IETF RFC 4354 [35]. In the SIP SUBSCRIBE request, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall set the Event header field to the 'poc-settings' value;
- 2) shall include an Accept header field containing the "application/poc-settings+xml" MIME type;
- 3) if the MCDData client wants to receive the current status and later notification, shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 6665 [36], to 4294967295; and

NOTE 2: 4294967295, which is equal to $2^{32}-1$, is the highest value defined for Expires header field in IETF RFC 3261 [4].

- 4) if the MCDData client wants to de-subscribe, shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 6665 [36], to zero.

Upon receiving a SIP NOTIFY request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 6665 [36] and IETF RFC 4354 [35], that contains an application/poc-settings+xml MIME body the MCDData client shall cache:

- 1) the <am-settings> element of the poc-settings+xml MIME body for each MCDData client identified by the "id" attribute according to IETF RFC 4354 [35] as the current Answer-mode indication of that MCDData client; and
- 2) the <selected-user-profile-index> element of the poc-settings+xml MIME body for each MCDData client identified by the "id" attribute according to IETF RFC 4354 [35] as the active MCDData user profile of that MCDData client.

7.2.5 Receiving a CSK key download message

When the MCDData client receives a SIP MESSAGE request containing:

- 1) a P-Asserted-Service header field containing the "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata"; and
- 2) an application/mikey MIME body;

Then, if the key identifier within the CSB-ID of the MIKEY payload is a CSK-ID (4 most-significant bits have the value '2'), the MCDData client:

- 1) shall follow the security procedures in clause 9.2.1 of 3GPP TS 33.180 [26] to extract the CSK. The client:
 - a) if the initiator field (IDRi) has type 'URI' (identity hiding is not used), the client:
 - i) shall extract the initiator URI from the initiator field (IDRi) of the I_MESSAGE as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]. If the initiator URI deviates from the public service identity of the participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response as specified in IETF RFC 4567 [45], and include warning text set to "136 authentication of the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE failed" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps; and
 - ii) shall convert the initiator URI to a UID as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - b) if the initiator field (IDRi) has type 'UID' (identity hiding in use), the client:
 - i) shall convert the public service identity of participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user to a UID as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]; and
 - ii) shall compare the generated UID with the UID in the initiator field (IDRi) of the I_MESSAGE as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]. If the two initiator UIDs deviate from each other, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response as specified in IETF RFC 4567 [45], and include warning text set to "136 authentication of the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE failed" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;

- c) shall use the UID to validate the signature of the I_MESSAGE as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
- d) if authentication verification of the I_MESSAGE fails, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response as specified in IETF RFC 4567 [45], and include warning text set to "136 authentication of the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE failed" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
 - e) shall extract and decrypt the encapsulated CSK using the participating MCDData function's (KMS provisioned) UID key as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - f) shall extract and store the algorithm to be used to protect the MCDData signalling fields; and
 - g) shall extract the CSK-ID, from the payload as specified in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]; and
- 2) Upon successful extraction, the client shall replace the existing CSK and CSK-ID associated with the participating MCDData function, with the extracted CSK and CSK-ID in the 'key download' message.

7.3 MCDData server procedures

7.3.1 General

The MCDData server obtains information that it needs to implement service authorization specific requirements from:

- a) any received third-party SIP REGISTER request (e.g. including information contained in the body of the third-party SIP REGISTER request) as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]. The body will carry the SIP REGISTER request as sent by the MCDData client and may contain information needed for service authorization; or
- b) any received SIP PUBLISH request for MCDData server settings containing the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters. The body of the SIP PUBLISH request will contain information needed for service authorization.

7.3.1A Confidentiality and Integrity Protection

When the MCDData server receives a SIP REGISTER request sent from the MCDData client contained within a message/sip MIME body of a received third-party SIP REGISTER request or a SIP PUBLISH request, it first determines whether XML MIME bodies included in the request are integrity protected. If XML MIME bodies are integrity protected the MCDData server validates the signature of each of the XML MIME bodies. If the integrity protection check(s) pass or the XML MIME bodies are not integrity protected, the MCDData server then determines whether the content in specific XML elements is confidentiality protected. If XML content is confidentiality protected, the MCDData server decrypts the protected content.

Upon receiving:

- a SIP REGISTER request containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body within a message/sip MIME body of the SIP REGISTER request sent from the MCDData client; or
- a SIP PUBLISH request containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body and an application/poc-settings+xml MIME body;

the MCDData server:

- 1) shall determine if integrity protection has been applied to XML MIME bodies in the SIP request by following the procedures in clause 6.5.3.4.1 for each XML MIME body;
- 2) if integrity protection has been applied, shall use the keying data described in clause 6.5.3.2 and the procedures described in clause 6.5.3.4.2 to verify the integrity of each of the XML MIME bodies; and
- 3) if all integrity protection checks succeed, shall continue with the remaining steps of this clause.

Upon receiving:

- a SIP REGISTER request containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with an <mcdata-access-token> element and an <mcdata-client-id> element within a message/sip MIME body of the SIP REGISTER request sent from the MCDData client; or
- a SIP PUBLISH request containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with an <mcdata-access-token> element and an <mcdata-client-id> element, and an application/poc-settings+xml MIME body;

the MCDData server:

- 1) shall determine if confidentiality protection has been applied to the <mcdata-access-token> element and the <mcdata-client-id> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, by following the procedures in clause 6.5.2.4.1;
- 2) if confidentiality protection has been applied to the <mcdata-access-token> element and <mcdata-client-id> element:
 - a) shall use the keying information received in the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE as specified in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26], along with the procedures described in clause 6.5.2.4.2 to:
 - i) decrypt the received access token in the <mcdata-access-token> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and
 - ii) decrypt the received MCDData client ID in the <mcdata-client-id> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body;
 - b) if the decryption procedure succeeds, shall identify the MCDData ID and the MCDData client ID from the decrypted values; and
 - c) if the decryption procedure fails, shall determine that confidentiality protection has not been successful;
- 3) if confidentiality protection has been applied to only one of the <mcdata-access-token> element or the <mcdata-client-id> element:
 - a) shall determine that confidentiality protection has not been successful;
- 4) if confidentiality protection has not been applied:
 - a) shall identify the MCDData ID from <mcdata-access-token> element received in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and
 - b) shall identify the MCDData client ID from the <mcdata-client-id> element received in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body.

Upon receiving a SIP PUBLISH request containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with an <mcdata-request-uri> element, an <mcdata-client-id> element, and an application/poc-settings+xml MIME body, the MCDData server:

- 1) shall determine if confidentiality protection has been applied to the <mcdata-request-uri> element and the <mcdata-client-id> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body by following the procedures in clause 6.5.2.4.1;
- 2) if confidentiality protection has been applied to the <mcdata-request-uri> element and the <mcdata-client-id> element:
 - a) shall use the keying information described in clause 6.5.2.2 along with the procedures described in clause 6.5.2.4.2 to:
 - i) decrypt the received encrypted MCDData ID in the <mcdata-request-uri> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and
 - ii) decrypt the received encrypted MCDData client ID in the <mcdata-client-id> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body;
 - b) if all decryption procedures succeed, shall identify the MCDData ID and MCDData client ID from the decrypted values; and

- c) if the decryption procedure fails, shall determine that confidentiality protection has not been successful;
- 3) if confidentiality protection has been applied to only one of the <mcddata-request-uri> element or <mcddata-client-id> element:
 - a) shall determine that confidentiality protection has not been successful;
- 4) if confidentiality protection has not been applied:
 - a) shall identify the MCDData ID from the contents of the <mcddata-request-uri> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body; and
 - b) shall identify the MCDData client ID from the <mcddata-client-id> element received in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body.

7.3.2 SIP REGISTER request for service authorisation

The MCDData server shall support obtaining service authorization specific information from the SIP REGISTER request sent from the MCDData client and included in the body of a third-party SIP REGISTER request.

NOTE 1: 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] defines how based on initial filter criteria the SIP REGISTER request sent from the UE is included in the body of the third-party SIP REGISTER request.

Upon receiving a third party SIP REGISTER request with a message/sip MIME body containing the SIP REGISTER request sent from the MCDData client containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body with an <mcddata-access-token> element and an <mcddata-client-id> element within a message/sip MIME body of the SIP REGISTER request sent from the MCDData client, the MCDData server:

- 1) shall identify the IMS public user identity from the third-party SIP REGISTER request;
- 2) shall identify the MCDData ID from the SIP REGISTER request sent from the MCDData client and included in the message/sip MIME body of the third-party SIP REGISTER request by following the procedures in clause 7.3.1A;
- 2A) shall check if the number of maximum simultaneous authorizations supported for the MCDData user is specified in the <user-max-simultaneous-authorizations> element of the <anyExt> element contained in the <OnNetwork> element of the MCDData user profile (see the user profile configuration document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) and if present shall check whether it has been reached. If reached, the MCDData server shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
- 2B) if the <user-max-simultaneous-authorizations> element of the <anyExt> element is not present in the <OnNetwork> element of the MCDData user profile (see the user profile configuration document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]), shall check if the number of maximum simultaneous authorizations supported for any MCDData user as specified in the <max-simultaneous-authorizations> element of the <anyExt> element contained in the <OnNetwork> element of the MCDData service configuration document (see the service configuration document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) has been reached. If reached, the MCDData server shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
- 2C) if the <gw-mcddata-usage> element is present and set to true, the MCDData server shall check that the MCDData gateway UE used is service authorized. If the MCDData gateway UE is not service authorized, the MCDData server shall reject the request and not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;

NOTE 2: The <gw-mcddata-usage> element indicates to the MCDData system that this client uses a MCDData gateway UE in 3GPP network and resources can be allocated over Rx, N5 or N33.

- 3) shall perform service authorization for the identified MCDData ID as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
- 4) if service authorization was successful, shall bind the MCDData ID and the MCDData client ID to the IMS public user identity;
- 4a) if service authorization was successful and if the service authorization request was from an MCDData user who is previously MCDData service authorized on another MCDData client (as determined by a comparison of the received MCDData client ID with the MCDData client ID of existing bindings), keep the current bindings and create a new binding between the MCDData ID, the MCDData client ID and the IMS public user identity;

NOTE 3: The MCDData server will store the binding MCDData ID, MCDData client ID, IMS public user identity and an identifier addressing the MCDData server in an external database.

- 5) if a Resource-Share header field with the value "supported" is contained in the "message/sip" MIME body of the third-party REGISTER request, shall bind the MCDData ID and the MCDData client ID to the identity of the MCDData UE identified by the "+g.3gpp.registration-token" header field parameter in the Contact header field of the incoming third-party REGISTER request;
- 6) if more than one binding exists for the MCDData ID, shall include in the SIP 200 (OK) response an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body as specified in annex D.1 with a <multiple-devices-ind> element set to the value "true"; and
- 7) if the service authorization was successful in the partner MCDData system to which the MCDData user is migrating, shall follow the procedures in clause 7A.3.6.

7.3.3 SIP PUBLISH request for service authorisation and service settings

The MCDData server shall support obtaining service authorization specific information from a SIP PUBLISH request for MCDData server settings.

Upon receiving a SIP PUBLISH request containing:

- 1) an Event header field set to the "poc-settings" value;
- 2) an application/poc-settings+xml MIME body; and
- 3) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body containing an <mcddata-access-token> element and an <mcddata-client-id> element;

the MCDData server:

- 1) shall identify the IMS public user identity from the P-Asserted-Identity header field;
- 2) shall perform the procedures in clause 7.3.1A;
- 3) if the procedures in clause 7.3.1A were not successful shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response towards the MCDData client with the warning text set to: "140 unable to decrypt XML content " in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
- 3A) shall check if the number of maximum simultaneous authorizations supported for the MCDData user as specified in the <user-max-simultaneous-authorizations> element of the <anyExt> element contained in the <OnNetwork> element of the MCDData user profile (see the MCDData user profile service configuration document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) has been reached. If reached, the MCDData server shall send a SIP 486 (Busy Here) response towards the MCDData client with the warning text set to: "228 maximum number of service authorizations reached" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
- 3B) if the <user-max-simultaneous-authorizations> element of the <anyExt> element is not present in the <OnNetwork> element of the MCDData user profile (see the user profile configuration document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]), shall check if the number of maximum simultaneous authorizations supported for any MCDData user as specified in the <max-simultaneous-authorizations> element of the <anyExt> element contained in the <OnNetwork> element of the MCDData service configuration document (see the service configuration document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) has been reached. If reached, the MCDData server shall send a SIP 486 (Busy Here) response towards the MCDData client with the warning text set to: "228 maximum number of service authorizations reached" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
- 2C) if the <gw-mcddata-usage> element is present and set to true, the MCDData server shall check that the MCDData gateway UE used is service authorized. If the MCDData gateway UE is not service authorized, the MCDData server shall reject the request and not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;

NOTE 1: The <gw-mcddata-usage> element indicates to the MCDData system that this client uses a MCDData gateway UE in 3GPP network and resources can be allocated over Rx, N5 or N33.

- 4) shall perform service authorization for the identified MCDData ID as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];

- 5) if service authorization was successful:
 - a) shall bind the MCDData ID and MCDData client ID to the IMS public user identity;
 - b) if the service authorization request was from an MCDData user who is previously MCDData service authorized on another MCDData client (as determined by a comparison of the received MCDData client ID with the MCDData client ID of existing bindings), keep the current bindings and create a new binding between the MCDData ID, MCDData client ID and the IMS public user identity; and
 - c) if a Resource-Share header field with the value "supported" was included in the "message/sip" MIME body of the third-party REGISTER request, shall bind the MCDData ID and MCDData client ID to the identity of the MCDData UE identified by the "+g.3gpp.registration-token" header field parameter in the Contact header field of the third-party REGISTER request that contained this IMS public user identity;

NOTE 2: The MCDData server will store the binding MCDData ID, MCDData client ID, IMS public user identity and an identifier addressing the MCDData server in an external database.

- 6) if service authorization was not successful, shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response towards the MCDData client with the warning text set to: "101 service authorisation failed" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
- 7) shall process the SIP PUBLISH request according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 3903 [34] and if processing of the SIP request was not successful, do not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 8) shall cache the received MCDData service settings until the MCDData service settings expiration timer expires;
- 9) shall send a SIP 200 (OK) response according 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with:
 - a) if more than one binding exists for the MCDData ID, an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body as specified in annex D.1 with a <multiple-devices-ind> element set to the value "true";
- 10) shall download the MCDData user profile from the MCDData user database as defined in 3GPP TS 29.283 [37] if not already stored at the MCDData server and use the <selected-user-profile-index> element of the poc-settings event package if included to identify the active MCDData user profile for the MCDData client;

NOTE 3: If the <selected-user-profile-index> element of the poc-settings event package is included then only that MCDData user profile is needed to be downloaded from the MCDData user database.

- 11) if there is no <selected-user-profile-index> element included in the poc-settings event package then if multiple MCDData user profiles are stored at the MCDData server or downloaded for the MCDData user from the MCDData user database, shall determine the pre-selected MCDData user profile to be used as the active MCDData user profile by identifying the MCDData user profile (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) in the collection of MCDData user profiles that contains a <Pre-selected-indication> element;

NOTE 4: If only one MCDData user profile is stored at the MCDData server or only one MCDData user profile is downloaded from the MCDData user database, then by default this MCDData user profile is the pre-selected MCDData user profile.

- 12) if an <ImplicitAffiliations> element is contained in the <OnNetwork> element of the MCDData user profile document with one or more <entry> elements containing an MCDData group ID (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) for the served MCDData ID, shall perform implicit affiliation as specified in clause 8.3.2.15; and
- 13) if the service authorization was successful in the partner MCDData system to which the MCDData user is migrating, shall follow the procedures in clause 7A.3.6.

7.3.4 Receiving SIP PUBLISH request for MCDData service settings only

Upon receiving a SIP PUBLISH request containing:

- 1) an Event header field set to the "poc-settings" value;
- 2) an application/poc-settings+xml MIME body; and

- 3) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body containing an <mcdata-request-uri> element and an <mcdata-client-id> element;

The MCDData server:

- 1) shall identify the IMS public user identity from the P-Asserted-Identity header field;
- 2) shall perform the procedures in clause 7.3.1A;
- 3) if the procedures in clause 7.3.1A were not successful, shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response towards the MCDData client with the warning text set to: "140 unable to decrypt XML content" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
- 4) shall verify that a binding between the IMS public user identity in the Request-URI and the MCDData ID in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml exists at the MCDData server;
- 5) if a binding exists between the IMS public user identity and the MCDData ID in the request and the validity period of the binding has not expired shall download the MCDData user profile from the MCDData user database as defined in 3GPP TS 29.283 [37] if not already stored at the MCDData server;
- 6) if a binding does not exist between the IMS public user identity and the MCDData ID in the request or the binding exists, but the validity period of the binding has expired, shall reject the SIP PUBLISH request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response and not continue with any of the remaining steps;
- 7) shall process the SIP PUBLISH request according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 3903 [34] and if processing of the SIP request was not successful, do not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 8) shall cache the received MCDData service settings until the MCDData service settings expiration timer expires;
- 9) shall send a SIP 200 (OK) response according 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 10) shall download the MCDData user profile from the MCDData user database as defined in 3GPP TS 29.283 [37] if not already stored at the MCDData server and use the <selected-user-profile-index> element of the poc-settings event package if included to identify the active MCDData user profile for the MCDData client;

NOTE 1: If the <selected-user-profile-index> element of the poc-settings event package is included then only that MCDData user profile is needed to be downloaded from the MCDData user database.

- 11) if there is no <selected-user-profile-index> element included in the poc-settings event package then if multiple MCDData user profiles are stored at the MCDData server or downloaded for the MCDData user from the MCDData user database, shall determine the pre-selected MCDData user profile to be used as the active MCDData user profile by identifying the MCDData user profile (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) in the collection of MCDData user profiles that contains a <Pre-selected-indication> element; and

NOTE 2: If only one MCDData user profile is stored at the MCDData server or only one MCDData user profile is downloaded from the MCDData user database, then by default this MCDData user profile is the pre-selected MCDData user profile.

- 12) if an <ImplicitAffiliations> element is contained in the <OnNetwork> element of the MCDData user profile document with one or more <entry> elements containing an MCDData group ID (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) for the served MCDData ID, shall perform implicit affiliation as specified in clause 8.3.2.15.

7.3.5 Receiving SIP PUBLISH request with "Expires=0"

Upon receiving a SIP PUBLISH request containing:

- 1) an Event header field set to the "poc-settings" value; and
- 2) an Expires header field set to 0;

the MCDData server:

- 1) shall identify the IMS public user identity from the P-Asserted-Identity header field;

- 2) shall process the SIP PUBLISH request according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 3903 [34] and if processing of the SIP request was successful, continue with the rest of the steps;
- 3) shall remove the MCDData service settings;

NOTE: Removal of MCDData service settings includes removal of all group affiliations.

- 4) shall remove the binding between the MCDData ID and public user identity; and
- 5) shall send a SIP 200 (OK) response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

7.3.6 Subscription to and notification of MCDData service settings

7.3.6.1 Receiving subscription to MCDData service settings

Upon receiving a SIP SUBSCRIBE request such that:

- 1) Request-URI of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains the public service identity identifying the participating MCDData function of the served MCDData user;
- 2) the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body containing the <mcddata-request-uri> element which identifies an MCDData ID served by the MCDData server;
- 3) the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata,sds" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7]; and
- 3) the Event header field of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains the 'poc-settings' event type.

the MCDData server:

- 1) shall identify the served MCDData ID in the <mcddata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request;
- 2) if the Request-URI of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains the public service identity identifying the participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user, shall identify the originating MCDData ID from public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request;
- 3) if the originating MCDData ID is different than the served MCDData ID, shall send a 403 (Forbidden) response and shall not continue with the rest of the steps; and
- 4) shall generate a 200 (OK) response to the SIP SUBSCRIBE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 6665 [36] and IETF RFC 4354 [35].

For the duration of the subscription, the MCDData server shall notify subscriber about changes of the MCDData service settings of the subscribed MCDData user, as described in clause 7.3.6.2.

7.3.6.2 Sending notification of change of MCDData service settings

In order to notify the subscriber about changes of the MCDData service settings of the subscribed MCDData client of the subscribed MCDData user, the MCDData server:

- 1) shall generate an application/poc-settings+xml MIME body as defined in 3GPP TS 24.379 [10] containing:
 - a) the <selected-user-profile-index> element identifying the active MCDData user profile; and
- 2) send a SIP NOTIFY request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 6665 [36] and IETF RFC 4354 [35] with the constructed application/poc-settings+xml MIME body.

7.3.7 Sending a CSK key download message

If confidentiality protection is enabled as specified in clause 6.5.2.3.1, and if the participating MCDData function received a Client Server Key (CSK) within a SIP REGISTER request for service authorisation or SIP PUBLISH request for service authorisation, the participating MCDData function may decide to update the CSK. In this case, the

participating MCDData function shall perform a key download procedure for the CSK. The participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 2) shall set the Request-URI to the URI received in the To header field in the third-party SIP REGISTER request;
- 3) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media-feature tag with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 4) shall include a P-Asserted-Service header field with the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata";
- 5) shall include an application/mikey MIME body containing the algorithm to be used to protect the MCDData signalling fields, the CSK-ID and the CSK encrypted within a MIKEY message to the MC client as specified in clause 9.2.1 of 3GPP TS 33.180 [26] in the body of the SIP MESSAGE request; and
- 6) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request towards the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

7A Migration procedures

7A.1 General

This clause describes the migration service authorization procedure and the migration service deauthorization procedure for the MCDData client. The MCDData client uses SIP REGISTER to perform authorization for migration.

This clause also covers the notification handling about the successful completion of MCDData user service authorization during migration to the partner MCDData system.

7A.2 MCDData client procedures

7A.2.1 SIP REGISTER request for migration service authorization

When the MCDData client performs SIP registration for migration service authorization, the MCDData client shall perform the registration procedures as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

The MCDData client shall include the following media feature tags in the Contact header field of the SIP REGISTER request:

- 1) the g.3gpp.mcdata media feature tag; and
- 2) if SDS is supported then:
 - a) the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag; and
 - b) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds";
- 3) if FD service is supported then:
 - a) the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag; and
 - b) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd"; and
- 4) if IPCONN service is supported then:
 - a) the g.3gpp.mcdata.ipconn media feature tag; and
 - b) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.ipconn".

NOTE 1: If the MCDData client logs off from the MCDData service but the MCDData UE remains registered, the MCDData UE performs a re-registration as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] without the supported g.3gpp.mcdata media feature tags and the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the supported MCDData service ICSIs in the Contact header field of the SIP REGISTER request.

If the MCDData client, upon performing SIP registration:

- 1) has successfully finished the user authentication procedure with the partner IdM server as described in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24];
- 2) has available an access token from the partner IdM server;
- 4) confidentiality protection is disabled as specified in clause 6.5.2.3.1; and
- 5) integrity protection is disabled as specified in clause 6.5.3.3.1;

then the MCDData client shall include in the SIP REGISTER request an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as defined in annex D.1 with:

- 1) the <mcdata-access-token> element set to the value of the access token received from the partner IdM server;

NOTE 2: The access token contains the MCDData ID of the user in the partner MCDData system.

- 2) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the value of the MCDData ID of the user in the primary MCDData system; and
- 3) the <selected-user-profile-index> element set to the value contained in the "user-profile-index" attribute of the MCDData user profile selected according to clause 4.2.2.1.2.3 of 3GPP TS 24.484 [12].

If the MCDData client, upon performing SIP registration:

- 1) has successfully finished the user authentication procedure as described in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24];
- 2) has an available access token; and
- 3) either confidentiality protection is enabled as specified in clause 6.5.2.3.1 or integrity protection is enabled as specified in clause 6.5.3.3.1;

then the MCDData client:

- 1) shall include an application/mikey MIME body with the CSK as MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE as specified in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26] in the body of the SIP REGISTER request;
- 2) if confidentiality protection is enabled as specified in clause 6.5.2.3.1, shall include in the body of the SIP REGISTER request, an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the following clarifications:
 - a) shall encrypt the received access-token using the client server key (CSK) and include the <mcdata-access-token> element set to the encrypted access-token, as specified in clause 6.5.2.3.3;
 - b) shall encrypt the MCDData ID of the user in the primary MCDData system and include the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the encrypted MCDData ID; and
 - c) shall encrypt the value contained in the "user-profile-index" attribute of the MCDData user profile selected according to clause 4.2.2.1.2.3 of 3GPP TS 24.484 [12] and include the <selected-user-profile-index> element set to the encrypted value;
- 3) if confidentiality protection is disabled as specified in clause 6.5.2.3.1, shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as defined in Annex D.1 with:
 - a) the <mcdata-access-token> element set to the access token received from the partner IdM server;
 - b) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData ID of the user in the primary MCDData system; and
 - c) the <selected-user-profile-index> element set to the value contained in the "user-profile-index" attribute of the MCDData user profile selected according to clause 4.2.2.1.2.3 of 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]; and

- 4) if integrity protection is enabled as specified in clause 6.5.3.3.1, shall use the CSK to integrity protect the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body by following the procedures in clause 6.6.3.3.3.

7A.2.2 Receiving a CSK key download message

The MCDData client server shall operate as specified in clause 7.2.5.

7A.2.3 Receiving a SIP MESSAGE for migration service deauthorization notification

When the MCDData client receives a SIP MESSAGE request containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdata-Params> element containing:

- 1) the <request-type> element set to "migration-service-deauthorization-notification";
- 2) the <primary-mcdata-id> element set to the MCDData ID of the user in the primary MCDData system; and
- 3) the <partner-mcdata-id> element set to the MCDData ID of the user in the partner MCDData system;

the MCDData client shall consider that the MCDData client is deauthorized from migration service.

7A.3 Partner MCDData server procedures

7A.3.1 General

In order to perform initial authorization to verify whether the MCDData user is permitted to migrate to the partner MCDData system, the partner MCDData server obtains information from any received third-party SIP REGISTER request (e.g., including information contained in the body of the third-party SIP REGISTER request) as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]. The body will carry the SIP REGISTER request as sent by the MCDData client and may contain information needed for initial authorization.

7A.3.2 Confidentiality and integrity protection

When the partner MCDData server receives a SIP REGISTER request sent from the MCDData client contained within a message/sip MIME body of a received third-party SIP REGISTER request, it first determines whether XML MIME bodies included in the request are integrity protected. If XML MIME bodies are integrity protected the MCDData server validates the signature of each of the XML MIME bodies. If the integrity protection check(s) pass or the XML MIME bodies are not integrity protected, the partner MCDData server then determines whether the content in specific XML elements is confidentiality protected. If XML content is confidentiality protected, the partner MCDData server decrypts the protected content.

Upon receiving a SIP REGISTER request containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body within a message/sip MIME body of the SIP REGISTER request sent from the MCDData client, the MCDData server:

- 1) shall determine if integrity protection has been applied to XML MIME bodies in the SIP request by following the procedures in clause 6.5.3.4.1 for each XML MIME body;
- 2) if integrity protection has been applied, shall use the keying data described in clause 6.5.3.2 and the procedures described in clause 6.5.3.4.2 to verify the integrity of each of the XML MIME bodies; and
- 3) if all integrity protection checks succeed, shall continue with the remaining steps of this clause.

Upon receiving a SIP REGISTER request containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with an <mcdata-access-token> element, an <mcdata-request-uri> element, and a <selected-user-profile-index> element within a message/sip MIME body of the SIP REGISTER request sent from the MCDData client, the MCDData server:

- 1) shall determine if confidentiality protection has been applied to the <mcdata-access-token> element, the <mcdata-request-uri> element, and the <selected-user-profile-index> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, by following the procedures in clause 6.5.2.4.1;

- 2) if confidentiality protection has been applied to the <mcddata-access-token> element, the <mcddata-request-uri> element, and the <selected-user-profile-index> element:
 - a) shall use the keying information received in the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE as specified in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26], along with the procedures described in clause 6.5.2.4.2 to:
 - i) decrypt the received access token in the <mcddata-access-token> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body;
 - ii) decrypt the received MCDData ID of the user in the primary MCDData system in the <mcddata-request-uri> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body; and
 - iii) decrypt the received selected user profile index in the <selected-user-profile-index> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body;
 - b) if the decryption procedure succeeds, shall identify:
 - i) the MCDData ID of the user in the partner MCDData system from the decrypted access token;
 - ii) the MCDData ID of the user in the primary MCDData system from the decrypted MCDData ID of the user in the primary MCDData system; and
 - iii) the selected user profile index from the decrypted selected user profile index; and
 - c) if the decryption procedure fails, shall determine that confidentiality protection has not been successful;
- 3) if confidentiality protection has been applied to only one or two of the <mcddata-access-token> element, the <mcddata-request-uri> element, and the <selected-user-profile-index> element:
 - a) shall determine that confidentiality protection has not been successful; and
- 4) if confidentiality protection has not been applied:
 - a) shall identify the MCDData ID of the user in the partner MCDData system from <mcddata-access-token> element received in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body;
 - b) shall identify the MCDData ID of the user in the primary MCDData system from the <mcddata-request-uri> element received in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body; and
 - c) shall identify the selected user profile index from the <selected-user-profile-index> element received in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body.

7A.3.3 SIP REGISTER request for initial authorization

The partner MCDData server shall support obtaining migration service authorization specific information from the SIP REGISTER request sent from the MCDData client and included in the body of a third-party SIP REGISTER request.

NOTE 1: 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] defines how based on initial filter criteria the SIP REGISTER request sent from the UE is included in the body of the third-party SIP REGISTER request.

Upon receiving a third party SIP REGISTER request with a message/sip MIME body containing the SIP REGISTER request sent from the MCDData client containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body with an <mcddata-access-token> element, an <mcddata-request-uri> element, and a <selected-user-profile-index> within a message/sip MIME body of the SIP REGISTER request sent from the MCDData client, the MCDData server:

- 1) shall perform initial authorization to verify whether the MCDData user is permitted to migrate to the partner MCDData system; and

NOTE 2: The criteria for the initial authorization is outside the scope of the present document.

- 2) if the initial authorization was successful:
 - a) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
 - b) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity identifying the participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user in the primary MCDData system;

- c) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdata-Params> element containing:
 - o) the <request-type> element set to "migration-service-authorization-request";
 - i) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData ID of the user in the primary MCDData system identified in clause 7A.3.2;
 - ii) the <partner-mcdata-id> element set to the MCDData ID of the user in the partner MCDData system identified in clause 7A.3.2; and
 - iii) the <selected-user-profile-index> element set to the selected user profile index identified in clause 7A.3.2; and
- d) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request towards the partner MCDData gateway according to the rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

7A.3.4 Sending a CSK key download message

The partner MCDData server shall operate as specified in clause 7.3.7.

7A.3.5 SIP MESSAGE request for migration service authorization response

The partner MCDData server shall support obtaining migration service authorization specific information from a SIP MESSAGE request sent from the partner MCDData gateway server containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdata-Params> element containing:

- 0) the <response-type> element set to "migration-service-authorization-response";
- 1) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData ID of the user in the primary MCDData system;
- 2) the <partner-mcdata-id> element set to the MCDData ID of the user in the partner MCDData system; and
- 3) the <migration-auth-result> element.

Upon receiving a SIP MESSAGE request from the partner MCDData gateway server, if the <migration-auth-result> is set to "true", the partner MCDData server shall:

- 1) store the mapping between the MCDData IDs of the user in the primary MCDData system and the partner MCDData system; and
- 2) generate and send a SIP 200 OK response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

7A.3.6 Sending SIP MESSAGE for MCDData service authorization notification

To update the primary MCDData system of the MCDData user about the successful completion of MCDData user service authorization at the partner MCDData system as described in clause 7.3.2 and clause 7.3.3, after migrating to the partner MCDData system, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 2) set the Request-URI in the SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity identifying the participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user in the primary MCDData system;

NOTE 1: If the participating MCDData function is in a primary MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the primary MCDData system from the partner MCDData system.

NOTE 2: If the participating MCDData function is in a primary MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the partner MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the partner MCDData system to the primary MCDData system.

NOTE 3: How the participating MCDData function determines the public service identity of the participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user in the primary MCDData system or of the MCDData gateway server in the primary MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 4: How the partner MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- 3) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with:
 - a) the <request-type> element set to a value of "mc-service-authorisation-notify-request";
 - b) the <primary-mcdata-id> element set to the MCDData ID of the user in the primary MCDData system;
 - c) the <partner-mcdata-id> element set to the MCDData ID of the user in the partner MCDData system; and
 - d) the <mc-service-auth-result> element set to "true"; and
- 4) send the SIP MESSAGE request towards the primary MCDData gateway according to the rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [4].

Upon receipt of SIP 2xx responses to the outgoing SIP MESSAGE requests, the participating MCDData function shall follow the procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

7A.3.6 SIP MESSAGE request for migration service deauthorization notification

The partner MCDData server shall support obtaining migration service deauthorization specific information from a SIP MESSAGE request sent from the partner MCDData gateway server containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdata-Params> element containing:

- 1) the <request-type> element set to "migration-service-deauthorization-notification";
- 2) the <primary-mcdata-id> element set to the MCDData ID of the user in the primary MCDData system; and
- 3) the <partner-mcdata-id> element set to the MCDData ID of the user in the partner MCDData system.

Upon receiving the SIP MESSAGE request from the partner MCDData gateway server, the partner MCDData server shall:

- 1) delete the mapping between the MCDData IDs of the user in the primary MCDData system and the partner MCDData system; and

NOTE: The MCDData server does not have to delete mapping immediately after the MCDData server received the SIP MESSAGE request. The period of how long the mapping is maintained is left for implementation.

- 2) send the SIP MESSAGE to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

7A.4 Partner MCDData gateway server procedures

7A.4.1 SIP MESSAGE from the partner MCDData server

The partner MCDData gateway server shall operate as specified in clause 6.8.2.

7A.4.2 SIP MESSAGE request from the primary MCDData gateway server

The partner MCDData gateway server shall operate as specified in clause 6.8.3.

7A.5 Primary MCDData gateway server procedures

7A.5.1 SIP MESSAGE from the partner MCDData gateway

The primary MCDData gateway server shall operate as specified in clause 6.8.3.

7A.5.2 SIP MESSAGE request from the primary MCDData server

The partner MCDData gateway server shall operate as specified in clause 6.8.2.

7A.6 Primary MCDData server procedures

7A.6.1 SIP MESSAGE request for migration service authorization request

The primary MCDData server shall support obtaining migration service authorization specific information from a SIP MESSAGE request sent from the primary MCDData gateway server containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdata-Params> element containing:

- the <request-type> element set to "migration-service-authorization-request";
- the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData ID of the user in the primary MCDData system;
- the <partner-mcdata-id> element set to the MCDData ID of the user in the partner MCDData system; and
- the <selected-user-profile-index> element set to the selected user profile index.

Upon receiving a SIP MESSAGE request from the primary MCDData gateway server, the primary MCDData server shall:

- 1) perform an authorization check to verify whether the user identified by the <mcdata-request-uri> element is permitted to migrate to the partner MCDData system whose identity can be derived using the <partner-mcdata-id> element, the <selected-user-profile-index> element, and the MCDData user profile configuration document for the user; and
- 2) if the migration is permitted:
 - a) mark the user identified by the <mcdata-request-uri> element as having migrated;
 - b) store the partner MCDData system ID derived according to bullet 1) above;
 - c) store the mapping between the MCDData IDs of the user in the primary MCDData system and the partner MCDData system;
 - d) generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
 - e) set the Request-URI in the SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity identifying the participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user in the partner MCDData system;
 - f) include, in the SIP MESSAGE request, an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdata-Params> element containing:
 - 0) the <response-type> element set to "migration-service-authorization-response";
 - i) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData ID of the user in the primary MCDData system;
 - ii) the <partner-mcdata-id> element set to the MCDData ID of the user in the partner MCDData system; and
 - iii) the <migration-auth-result> element set to "true"; and
 - g) send the SIP MESSAGE request towards the primary MCDData gateway according to the rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

7A.6.2 Receiving SIP MESSAGE for MCData service authorization notification

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request to notify about MCData service authorisation result for terminating participating MCData function in primary MCData system", the participating MCData function:

- 1) shall identify the stored information using `primary-mcdata-id` and `partner-mcdata-id` elements included in an `application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml` MIME body and update the determined stored information with MCData user's MC service authorisation at partner MCData system;
- 2) shall use the stored necessary information for proper MCData call redirection;
- 3) shall generate and send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP MESSAGE according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 4) shall execute the procedures as defined in the clause 7A.6.2 for sending the migration service deauthorization notification.

7A.6.2 SIP MESSAGE request for migration service deauthorization notification

If an MCData client that has been authorized for migration service in the partner MCData system is to be deauthorized because the MCData client completes the MCData service authorization in the primary MCData system or a different partner MCData system, the primary MCData server shall:

- 1) generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 2) set the Request-URI in the SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity identifying the participating MCData function serving the MCData user in the partner MCData system;
- 3) include, in the SIP MESSAGE request, an `application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml` MIME body with the `mcdata-Params` element containing:
 - a) the `request-type` element set to "migration-service-deauthorization-notification";
 - b) the `primary-mcdata-id` element set to the MCData ID of the user in the primary MCData system; and
 - c) the `partner-mcdata-id` element set to the MCData ID of the user in the partner MCData system; and
- 4) send the SIP MESSAGE request towards the primary MCData gateway according to the rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

8 Affiliation

8.1 General

Clause 8.2 contains the procedures for explicit affiliation at the MCData client.

Clause 8.3 contains the procedures for explicit affiliation at the MCData server serving the MCData user and the MCData server owning the MCData group.

Clause 8.3 contains the procedures for implicit affiliation at the MCData server serving the MCData user and the MCData server owning the MCData group.

Clause 8.4 describes the coding used for explicit affiliation.

The procedures for implicit affiliation in this clause are triggered at the MCData server serving the MCData user in the following circumstances:

- on receipt of a SIP MESSAGE request from an MCData client when initiating an MCData emergency alert targeted to an MCData group and the MCData client is not already affiliated to the MCData group; and

- on receipt of a SIP REGISTER request for service authorisation (as described in clause 7.3.2) or SIP PUBLISH request for service authorisation and service settings (as described in clause 7.3.3), as determined by configuration in the MCDData user profile document as specified in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12].

The procedures for implicit affiliation in this clause are triggered at the MCDData server owning the MCDData group in the following circumstances:

- on receipt of a SIP MESSAGE request from the MCDData server serving the MCDData user when the MCDData user initiates an MCDData emergency alert targeted to an MCDData group and the MCDData client is not already affiliated to the MCDData group.

8.2 MCDData client procedures

8.2.1 General

The MCDData client procedures consist of:

- an affiliation status change procedure;
- an affiliation status determination procedure;
- a procedure for sending affiliation status change request in negotiated mode to target MCDData user;
- a procedure for receiving affiliation status change request in negotiated mode from authorized MCDData user; and
- a rules based affiliation status change procedure.

In order to obtain information about success or rejection of changes triggered by the affiliation status change procedure for an MCDData user, the MCDData client needs to initiate the affiliation status determination procedure for the MCDData user before starting the affiliation status change procedure for the MCDData user.

8.2.2 Affiliation status change procedure

In order:

- to indicate that an MCDData user is interested in one or more MCDData group(s) at an MCDData client;
- to indicate that the MCDData user is no longer interested in one or more MCDData group(s) at the MCDData client;
- to refresh indication of an MCDData user interest in one or more MCDData group(s) at an MCDData client due to near expiration of the expiration time of an MCDData group with the affiliation status set to the "affiliated" state received in a SIP NOTIFY request in clause 8.2.3;
- to send an affiliation status change request in mandatory mode to another MCDData user;
- to indicate that an MCDData user is interested in one or more MCDData group(s) at an MCDData client triggered by a location or functional alias activation criteria;
- to indicate that the MCDData user is no longer interested in one or more MCDData group(s) at the MCDData client triggered by location or functional alias deactivation criteria; or
- any combination of the above;

the MCDData client shall generate a SIP PUBLISH request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3903 [34], and IETF RFC 3856 [39].

When the MCDData user indicates that he is no longer interested in one or more MCDData group(s) at the MCDData client, the MCDData client shall first check value of the <manual-deaffiliation-not-allowed-if-affiliation-rules-are-met> element if present within the MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document specified in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]). If the affiliation to the group has been activated due to a rule being fulfilled and the <manual-deaffiliation-not-allowed-if-affiliation-rules-are-met> element is present and is set to a value of "true", the MCDData client shall suppress the MCDData user's request.

NOTE 0: If the request is suppressed, a notification message can be displayed to the user.

In the SIP PUBLISH request, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity identifying the originating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;
- 2) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body. In the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, the MCDData client shall include the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData ID of the MCDData user;
- 3) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 4) if the targeted MCDData user is interested in at least one MCDData group at the targeted MCDData client, shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 3903 [34], to 4294967295;

NOTE 1: 4294967295, which is equal to $2^{32}-1$, is the highest value defined for Expires header field in IETF RFC 3261 [4].

- 5) if the targeted MCDData user is no longer interested in any MCDData group at the targeted MCDData client, shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 3903 [34], to zero; and
- 6) shall include an application/pdf+xml MIME body indicating per-user affiliation information according to clause 8.4.1. In the MIME body, the MCDData client:
 - a) shall include all MCDData groups where the targeted MCDData user indicates its interest at the targeted MCDData client;
 - b) shall include the MCDData client ID of the targeted MCDData client;
 - c) shall not include the "status" attribute and the "expires" attribute in the <affiliation> element; and
 - d) shall set the <p-id> child element of the <presence> root element to a globally unique value.

The MCDData client shall send the SIP PUBLISH request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

8.2.3 Affiliation status determination procedure

NOTE 1: The MCDData UE also uses this procedure to determine which MCDData groups the MCDData user successfully affiliated to.

In order to discover MCDData groups:

- 1) which the MCDData user at an MCDData client is affiliated to; or
- 2) which another MCDData user is affiliated to;

the MCDData client shall generate an initial SIP SUBSCRIBE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3856 [39], and IETF RFC 6665 [36].

In the SIP SUBSCRIBE request, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity identifying the originating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;
- 2) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body. In the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, the MCDData client shall include the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData ID of the targeted MCDData user;
- 3) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 4) if the MCDData client wants to receive the current status and later notification, shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 6665 [36], to 4294967295;

NOTE 2: 4294967295, which is equal to $2^{32}-1$, is the highest value defined for Expires header field in IETF RFC 3261 [4].

- 5) if the MCDData client wants to fetch the current state only, shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 6665 [36], to zero; and
- 6) shall include an Accept header field containing the application/pidf+xml MIME type; and
- 7) if requesting MCDData groups where the MCDData user is affiliated to at the MCDData client, shall include an application/simple-filter+xml MIME body indicating per-client restrictions of presence event package notification information according to clause 8.4.2, indicating the MCDData client ID of the MCDData client.

In order to re-subscribe or de-subscribe, the MCDData client shall generate an in-dialog SIP SUBSCRIBE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3856 [39], and IETF RFC 6665 [36]. In the SIP SUBSCRIBE request, the MCDData client:

- 1) if the MCDData client wants to receive the current status and later notification, shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 6665 [36], to 4294967295;

NOTE 3: 4294967295, which is equal to $2^{32}-1$, is the highest value defined for Expires header field in IETF RFC 3261 [4].

- 2) if the MCDData client wants to de-subscribe, shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 6665 [36], to zero; and
- 3) shall include an Accept header field containing the application/pidf+xml MIME type.

Upon receiving a SIP NOTIFY request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3856 [39], and IETF RFC 6665 [36], if SIP NOTIFY request contains an application/pidf+xml MIME body indicating per-user affiliation information constructed according to clause 8.4.1, then the MCDData client shall determine affiliation status of the MCDData user for each MCDData group at the MCDData client(s) in the MIME body. If the <p-id> child element of the <presence> root element of the application/pidf+xml MIME body of the SIP NOTIFY request is included, the <p-id> element value indicates the SIP PUBLISH request which triggered sending of the SIP NOTIFY request.

8.2.4 Procedure for sending affiliation status change request in negotiated mode to target MCDData user

NOTE: Procedure for sending affiliation status change request in negotiated mode to several target MCDData users is not supported in this version of the specification.

Upon receiving a request from the MCDData user to send an affiliation status change request in negotiated mode to a target MCDData user, the MCDData client shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6]. In the SIP MESSAGE request, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity identifying the originating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;
- 2) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body. In the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, the MCDData client shall include the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData ID of the target MCDData user;
- 3) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7] in the SIP MESSAGE request;
- 4) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-affiliation-command+xml MIME body as specified in Annex D.3; and
- 5) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receiving a SIP 2xx response to the SIP MESSAGE request, the MCDData client shall indicate to the user that the request has been delivered to an MCDData client of the target MCDData user.

8.2.5 Procedure for receiving affiliation status change request in negotiated mode from authorized MCDData user

Upon receiving a SIP MESSAGE request containing:

- 1) the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7]; and
- 2) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-affiliation-command+xml MIME body with a list of MCDData groups for affiliation under the <affiliate> element and a list of MCDData groups for de-affiliation under the <de-affiliate> element;

then the MCDData client:

- 1) shall send a 200 (OK) response to the SIP MESSAGE request;
- 2) shall seek confirmation of the list of MCDData groups for affiliation and the list of MCDData groups for de-affiliation, resulting in an accepted list of MCDData groups for affiliation and an accepted list of MCDData groups for de-affiliation; and
- 3) if the user accepts the request:
 - a) shall perform affiliation for each entry in the accepted list of MCDData groups for affiliation for which the MCDData client is not affiliated, as specified in clause 8.2.2; and
 - b) shall perform de-affiliation for each entry in the accepted list of MCDData groups for de-affiliation for which the MCDData client is affiliated, as specified in clause 8.2.2.

8.2.6 Rules based affiliation status change procedure

8.2.6.1 General

The MCDData client can based on configuration decide to affiliate or de-affiliate to a group.

8.2.6.2 User profile defined rules

User profile based affiliation rules are controlled by the elements <RulesForAffiliation> or <RulesForDeaffiliation> of the MCDData user profile document identified by the MCDData ID of the MCDData user (see the MCDData user profile document specified in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]). The rules can be composed of location criteria (including heading and speed) or functional alias based criteria. A rule is fulfilled if any of the location criteria and any of the functional alias based criteria are met. These rules are evaluated whenever a change of location occurs and whenever a functional alias is activated or deactivated. If any defined rule is fulfilled, the MCDData client shall initiate the affiliation status change procedure as specified in clause 8.2.2.

NOTE: Hysteresis can be applied to location changes to avoid too frequent affiliation changes. In addition, the definition of area entry and exit criteria can be specified to provide a buffer space to minimize ping-ponging into and out of an area.

8.2.6.3 Group configuration defined rules

If the <permitted-geographic-area> element of the <list-service> element of an MCS group document is present and the MCDData client is within the area specified in the <permitted-geographic-area> element, the MCDData client is allowed to affiliate to the group.

If the <mandatory-geographic-area> element of the <list-service> element of an MCS group document is present and the MCDData client is not within the area specified in the <mandatory-geographic-area> element the MCDData client shall de-affiliate from the group.

8.3 MCDData server procedures

8.3.1 General

The MCDData server procedures consist of:

- procedures of MCDData server serving the MCDData user; and
- procedures of MCDData server owning the MCDData group.

8.3.2 Procedures of MCDData server serving the MCDData user

8.3.2.1 General

The procedures of MCDData server serving the MCDData user consist of:

- a receiving affiliation status change from MCDData client procedure;
- a receiving subscription to affiliation status procedure;
- a sending notification of change of affiliation status procedure;
- a sending affiliation status change towards MCDData server owning MCDData group procedure;
- an affiliation status determination from MCDData server owning MCDData group procedure;
- a procedure for authorizing affiliation status change request in negotiated mode sent to served MCDData user;
- a forwarding affiliation status change towards another MCDData user procedure;
- a forwarding subscription to affiliation status towards another MCDData user procedure
- an affiliation status determination procedure;
- an affiliation status change by implicit affiliation procedure;
- an implicit affiliation status change completion procedure;
- an implicit affiliation status change cancellation procedure; and
- an implicit affiliation to configured groups procedure.

8.3.2.2 Stored information

The MCDData server shall maintain a list of MCDData user information entries. The list of the MCDData user information entries contains one MCDData user information entry for each served MCDData ID.

In each MCDData user information entry, the MCDData server shall maintain:

- 1) an MCDData ID. This field uniquely identifies the MCDData user information entry in the list of the MCDData user information entries; and
- 2) a list of MCDData client information entries.

In each MCDData client information entry, the MCDData server shall maintain:

- 1) an MCDData client ID. This field uniquely identifies the MCDData client information entry in the list of the MCDData client information entries; and
- 2) a list of MCDData group information entries.

In each MCDData group information, the MCDData server shall maintain:

- 1) an MCDData group ID. This field uniquely identifies the MCDData group information entry in the list of the MCDData group information entries;
- 2) an affiliation status;
- 3) an expiration time;
- 4) an affiliating p-id; and
- 5) a next publishing time.

8.3.2.3 Receiving affiliation status change from MCDData client procedure

Upon receiving a SIP PUBLISH request such that:

- 1) Request-URI of the SIP PUBLISH request contains either the public service identity identifying the originating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user, or the public service identity identifying the terminating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;
- 2) the SIP PUBLISH request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body containing the <mcdata-request-uri> element which identifies an MCDData ID served by the MCDData server;
- 3) the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 4) the Event header field of the SIP PUBLISH request contains the "presence" event type; and
- 5) SIP PUBLISH request contains an application/pidf+xml MIME body indicating per-user affiliation information according to clause 8.4.1;

then the MCDData server:

- 1) shall identify the served MCDData ID in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP PUBLISH request;
- 2) if the Request-URI of the SIP PUBLISH request contains the public service identity identifying the originating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user, shall identify the originating MCDData ID from public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP PUBLISH request;
- 3) if the Request-URI of the SIP PUBLISH request contains the public service identity identifying the terminating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user, shall identify the originating MCDData ID in the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP PUBLISH request;
- 4) if the originating MCDData ID is different than the served MCDData ID and the originating MCDData ID is not authorized to modify affiliation status of the served MCDData ID, shall send a 403 (Forbidden) response and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 5) if the Expires header field of the SIP PUBLISH request is not included or has nonzero value lower than 4294967295, shall send a SIP 423 (Interval Too Brief) response to the SIP PUBLISH request, where the SIP 423 (Interval Too Brief) response contains a Min-Expires header field set to 4294967295, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 6) if the Expires header field of the SIP PUBLISH request has nonzero value, shall determine the candidate expiration interval to according to IETF RFC 3903 [34];
- 7) if the Expires header field of the SIP PUBLISH request has zero value, shall set the candidate expiration interval to zero;
- 8) shall respond with SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP PUBLISH request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3903 [34]. In the SIP 200 (OK) response, the MCDData server:
 - a) shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 3903 [34], to the candidate expiration time;
- 9) if the "entity" attribute of the <presence> element of the application/pidf+xml MIME body of the SIP PUBLISH request is different than the served MCDData ID, shall not continue with the rest of the steps;

10) shall identify the served MCDData client ID in the "id" attribute of the <tuple> element of the <presence> element of the application/pidf+xml MIME body of the SIP PUBLISH request;

11) shall consider an MCDData user information entry such that:

- a) the MCDData user information entry is in the list of MCDData user information entries described in clause 8.3.2.2; and
- b) the MCDData ID of the MCDData user information entry is equal to the served MCDData ID;

as the served MCDData user information entry;

12) shall consider an MCDData client information entry such that:

- a) the MCDData client information entry is in the list of MCDData client information entries of the served MCDData user information entry; and
- b) the MCDData client ID of the MCDData client information entry is equal to the served MCDData client ID;

as the served MCDData client information entry;

13) shall consider a copy of the list of the MCDData group information entries of the served MCDData client information entry as the served list of the MCDData group information entries;

14) if the candidate expiration interval is nonzero:

a) shall construct the candidate list of the MCDData group information entries as follows:

- i) for each MCDData group ID which has an MCDData group information entry in the served list of the MCDData group information entries, such that the expiration time of the MCDData group information entry has not expired yet, and which is indicated in a "group" attribute of an <affiliation> element of the <status> element of the <tuple> element of the <presence> root element of the application/pidf+xml MIME body of the SIP PUBLISH request:

A) shall copy the MCDData group information entry into a new MCDData group information entry of the candidate list of the MCDData group information entries;

B) if the affiliation status of the MCDData group information entry is "deaffiliating" or "deaffiliated", shall set the affiliation status of the new MCDData group information entry to the "affiliating" state and shall set the affiliating p-id of the new MCDData group information entry to the value of the <p-id> element of the <presence> root element of the application/pidf+xml MIME body of the SIP PUBLISH request; and

C) shall set the expiration time of the new MCDData group information entry to the current time increased with the candidate expiration interval;

- ii) for each MCDData group ID which has an MCDData group information entry in the served list of the MCDData group information entries, such that the expiration time of the MCDData group information entry has not expired yet, and which is not indicated in any "group" attribute of the <affiliation> element of the <status> element of the <tuple> element of the <presence> root element of the application/pidf+xml MIME body of the SIP PUBLISH request:

A) shall copy the MCDData group information entry into a new MCDData group information entry of the candidate list of the MCDData group information entries; and

B) if the affiliation status of the MCDData group information entry is "affiliated" or "affiliating":

- shall set the affiliation status of the new MCDData group information entry to the "de-affiliating" state; and

- shall set the expiration time of the new MCDData group information entry to the current time increased with twice the value of timer F; and

- iii) for each MCDData group ID:

- A) which does not have an MCDData group information entry in the served list of the MCDData group information entries; or
- B) which has an MCDData group information entry in the served list of the MCDData group information entries, such that the expiration time of the MCDData group information entry has already expired;

and which is indicated in a "group" element of the <affiliation> element of the <status> element of the <tuple> element of the <presence> root element of the application/pidf+xml MIME body of the SIP PUBLISH request:

- A) shall add a new MCDData group information entry in the candidate list of the MCDData group information list for the MCDData group ID;
 - B) shall set the affiliation status of the new MCDData group information entry to the "affiliating" state;
 - C) shall set the expiration time of the new MCDData group information entry to the current time increased with the candidate expiration interval; and
 - D) shall set the affiliating p-id of the new MCDData group information entry to the value of the <p-id> element of the <presence> root element of the application/pidf+xml MIME body of the SIP PUBLISH request;
- b) determine the candidate number of MCDData group IDs as number of different MCDData group IDs which have an MCDData group information entry:
- i) in the candidate list of the MCDData group information entries; or
 - ii) in the list of the MCDData group information entries of an MCDData client information entry such that:
 - A) the MCDData client information entry is in the list of the MCDData client information entries of the served MCDData user information entry; and
 - B) the MCDData client ID of the MCDData client information entry is not equal to the served MCDData client ID;
 with the affiliation status set to the "affiliating" state or the "affiliated" state and with the expiration time which has not expired yet; and
- c) if the candidate number of MCDData group IDs is bigger than N2 value of the served MCDData ID, shall based on MCDData service provider policy reduce the candidate MCDData group IDs to that equal to N2;

NOTE: The MCDData service provider policy can determine to remove an MCDData group ID based on the order it appeared in the PUBLISH request or based on the importance or priority of the MCDData group or some other policy to determine which MCDData groups are preferred.

15) if the candidate expiration interval is zero, constructs the candidate list of the MCDData group information entries as follows:

- a) for each MCDData group ID which has an entry in the served list of the MCDData group information entries:
 - i) shall copy the MCDData group entry of the served list of the MCDData group information into a new MCDData group information entry of the candidate list of the MCDData group information entries;
 - ii) shall set the affiliation status of the new MCDData group information entry to the "de-affiliating" state; and
 - iii) shall set the expiration time of the new MCDData group information entry to the current time increased with twice the value of timer F;

16) shall replace the list of the MCDData group information entries stored in the served MCDData client information entry with the candidate list of the MCDData group information entries;

17) shall perform the procedures specified in clause 8.3.2.6 for the served MCDData ID and each MCDData group ID:

- a) which does not have an MCDData group information entry in the served list of the MCDData group information entries and which has an MCDData group information entry in the candidate list of the MCDData group information entries with the affiliation status set to the "affiliating" state;

- b) which has an MCDData group information entry in the served list of the MCDData group information entries with the expiration time already expired, and which has an MCDData group information entry in the candidate list of the MCDData group information entries with the affiliation status set to the "affiliating" state;
 - c) which has an MCDData group information entry in the served list of the MCDData group information entries with the affiliation status set to the "deaffiliating" state or the "deaffiliated" state and with the expiration time not expired yet, and which has an MCDData group information entry in the candidate list of the MCDData group information entries with the affiliation status set to the "affiliating" state; or
 - d) which has an MCDData group information entry in the served list of the MCDData group information entries with the affiliation status set to the "affiliated" state and with the expiration time not expired yet, and which has an MCDData group information entry in the candidate list of the MCDData group information entries with the affiliation status set to the "de-affiliating" state;
- 18) shall identify the handled p-id in the <p-id> child element of the <presence> root element of the application/pdf+xml MIME body of the SIP PUBLISH request; and
- 19) shall perform the procedures specified in clause 8.3.2.5 for the served MCDData ID.

8.3.2.4 Receiving subscription to affiliation status procedure

Upon receiving a SIP SUBSCRIBE request such that:

- 1) Request-URI of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains either the public service identity identifying the originating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user, or the public service identity identifying the terminating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;
- 2) the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body containing the <mcdata-request-uri> element which identifies an MCDData ID served by the MCDData server;
- 3) the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7]; and
- 4) the Event header field of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains the "presence" event type;

the MCDData server:

- 1) shall identify the served MCDData ID in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request;
- 2) if the Request-URI of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains the public service identity identifying the originating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user, shall identify the originating MCDData ID from public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request;
- 3) if the Request-URI of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains the public service identity identifying the terminating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user, shall identify the originating MCDData ID in the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request;
- 4) if the originating MCDData ID is different than the served MCDData ID and the originating MCDData ID is not authorized to modify affiliation status of the served MCDData ID, shall send a 403 (Forbidden) response and shall not continue with the rest of the steps; and
- 5) shall generate a 200 (OK) response to the SIP SUBSCRIBE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 6665 [36].

For the duration of the subscription, the MCDData server shall notify the subscriber about changes of the information of the served MCDData ID, as described in clause 8.3.2.5.

8.3.2.5 Sending notification of change of affiliation status procedure

In order to notify the subscriber about changes of the served MCDData ID, the MCDData server:

- 1) shall consider an MCDData user information entry such that:

- a) the MCDData user information entry is in the list of MCDData user information entries described in clause 8.3.2.2; and
 - b) the MCDData ID of the MCDData user information entry is equal to the served MCDData ID;
as the served MCDData user information entry;
- 2) shall consider the list of the MCDData client information entries of the served MCDData user information entry as the served list of the MCDData client information entries;
 - 3) shall generate an application/pidf+xml MIME body indicating per-user affiliation information according to clause 8.4.1 and the served list of the MCDData client information entries with the following clarifications:
 - a) the MCDData server shall not include information from an MCDData group information entry with the expiration time already expired;
 - b) the MCDData server shall not include information from an MCDData group information entry with the affiliation status set to the "deaffiliated" state;
 - c) if the SIP SUBSCRIBE request creating the subscription of this notification contains an application/simple-filter+xml MIME body indicating per-client restrictions of presence event package notification information according to clause 8.4.2, the MCDData server shall restrict the application/pidf+xml MIME body according to the application/simple-filter+xml MIME body; and
 - d) if this procedure is invoked by procedure in clause 8.3.2.3 where the handled p-id value was identified, the MCDData server shall set the <p-id> child element of the <presence> root element of the application/pidf+xml MIME body of the SIP NOTIFY request to the handled p-id value; and
 - 4) send a SIP NOTIFY request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], and IETF RFC 6665 [36] for the subscription created in clause 8.3.2.4. In the SIP NOTIFY request, the MCDData server shall include the generated application/pidf+xml MIME body indicating per-user affiliation information.

8.3.2.6 Sending affiliation status change towards MCDData server owning MCDData group procedure

NOTE 1: Usage of one SIP PUBLISH request to carry information about change of affiliation state of several MCDData users served by the same MCDData server is not supported in this version of the specification.

In order:

- to send an affiliation request of a served MCDData ID to a handled MCDData group ID;
- to send an de-affiliation request of a served MCDData ID from a handled MCDData group ID; or
- to send an affiliation request of a served MCDData ID to a handled MCDData group ID due to near expiration of the previously published information;

the MCDData server shall generate a SIP PUBLISH request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3903 [34] and IETF RFC 3856 [39]. In the SIP PUBLISH request, the MCDData server:

- 1) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function associated with the handled MCDData group ID;

NOTE 2: The public service identity can identify the controlling MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 4: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 5: How the MCDATA server determines the public service identity of the controlling MCDATA function serving the target MCDATA ID or of the MCDATA gateway server in the interconnected MCDATA system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 6: How the local MCDATA system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDATA gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

2) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body. In the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, the MCDATA server:

- a) shall include the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the handled MCDATA group ID; and
- b) shall include the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element set to the served MCDATA ID;

3) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];

4) if sending an affiliation request, shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 3903 [34], to 4294967295;

NOTE 7: 4294967295, which is equal to $2^{32}-1$, is the highest value defined for Expires header field in IETF RFC 3261 [4].

5) if sending an de-affiliation request, shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 3903 [34], to zero;

6) shall include an P-Asserted-Identity header field set to the public service identity of the MCDATA server according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];

7) shall set the current p-id to a globally unique value;

8) shall consider an MCDATA user information entry such that:

- a) the MCDATA user information entry is in the list of MCDATA user information entries described in clause 8.3.2.2; and
 - b) the MCDATA ID of the MCDATA user information entry is equal to the served MCDATA ID;
- as the served MCDATA user information entry;

9) for each MCDATA group information entry such that:

- a) the MCDATA group information entry has the "affiliating" affiliation status, the MCDATA group ID set to the handled MCDATA group ID, the expiration time has not expired yet and the affiliating p-id is not set;
- b) the MCDATA group information entry is in the list of the MCDATA group information entries of an MCDATA client information entry; and
- c) the MCDATA client information entry is in the list of the MCDATA client information entries of the served MCDATA user information entry;

shall set the affiliating p-id of the MCDATA group information entry to the current p-id; and

10) shall include an application/pidf+xml MIME body indicating per-group affiliation information constructed according to clause 8.4.1. The MCDATA server shall indicate all served MCDATA client IDs, such that:

- a) the affiliation status is set to "affiliating" or "affiliated", and the expiration time has not expired yet in an MCDATA group information entry with the MCDATA group ID set to the handled MCDATA group;
- b) the MCDATA group information entry is in the list of the MCDATA group information entries of an MCDATA client information entry;
- c) the MCDATA client information entry has the MCDATA client ID set to the served MCDATA client ID; and
- d) the MCDATA client information entry is in the list of the MCDATA client information entries of the served MCDATA user information entry.

The MCDATA server shall set the <p-id> child element of the <presence> root element to the current p-id.

The MCDData server shall not include the "expires" attribute in the <affiliation> element.

The MCDData server shall send the SIP PUBLISH request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

If timer F expires for the SIP PUBLISH request sent for a (de)affiliation request of served MCDData ID to the MCDData group ID or upon receiving a SIP 3xx, 4xx, 5xx or 6xx response to the SIP PUBLISH request, the MCDData server:

- 1) shall remove each MCDData group ID entry such that:
 - a) the MCDData group information entry has the MCDData group ID set to the handled MCDData group ID;
 - b) the MCDData group information entry is in the list of the MCDData group information entries of an MCDData client information entry; and
 - c) the MCDData client information entry is in the list of the MCDData client information entries of the served MCDData user information entry.

8.3.2.7 Affiliation status determination from MCDData server owning MCDData group procedure

NOTE 1: Usage of one SIP SUBSCRIBE request to subscribe for notification about change of affiliation state of several MCDData users served by the same MCDData server is not supported in this version of the specification.

In order to discover whether a served MCDData user was successfully affiliated to a handled MCDData group in the MCDData server owning the handled MCDData group, the MCDData server shall generate an initial SIP SUBSCRIBE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3856 [39], and IETF RFC 6665 [36].

In the SIP SUBSCRIBE request, the MCDData server:

- 1) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function associated with the handled MCDData group ID;

NOTE 2: The public service identity can identify the controlling MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 4: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 5: How the MCDData server determines the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 6: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- 2) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body. In the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, the MCDData server:
 - a) shall include the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the handled MCDData group ID; and
 - b) shall include the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element set to the served MCDData ID;
- 3) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 4) if the MCDData server wants to receive the current status and later notification, shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 6665 [36], to 4294967295;

NOTE 7: 4294967295, which is equal to $2^{32}-1$, is the highest value defined for Expires header field in IETF RFC 3261 [4].

- 5) if the MCDData server wants to fetch the current state only, shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 6665 [36], to zero;
- 6) shall include an Accept header field containing the application/pidf+xml MIME type; and
- 7) shall include an application/simple-filter+xml MIME body indicating per-user restrictions of presence event package notification information according to clause 8.4.2, indicating the served MCDData ID.

In order to re-subscribe or de-subscribe, the MCDData server shall generate an in-dialog SIP SUBSCRIBE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3856 [39], and IETF RFC 6665 [36]. In the SIP SUBSCRIBE request, the MCDData server:

- 1) if the MCDData server wants to receive the current status and later notification, shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 6665 [36], to 4294967295;

NOTE 8: 4294967295, which is equal to $2^{32}-1$, is the highest value defined for Expires header field in IETF RFC 3261 [4].

- 2) if the MCDData server wants to de-subscribe, shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 6665 [36], to zero; and
- 3) shall include an Accept header field containing the application/pidf+xml MIME type.

Upon receiving a SIP NOTIFY request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3856 [39], and IETF RFC 6665 [36], if SIP NOTIFY request contains an application/pidf+xml MIME body indicating per-group affiliation information constructed according to clause 8.4.1, then the MCDData server:

- 1) for each served MCDData ID and served MCDData client ID such that the application/pidf+xml MIME body of SIP NOTIFY request contains:
 - a) a <tuple> element of the root <presence> element;
 - b) the "id" attribute of the <tuple> element indicating the served MCDData ID;
 - c) an <affiliation> child element of the <status> element of the <tuple> element;
 - d) the "client" attribute of the <affiliation> element indicating the served MCDData client ID; and
 - d) the "expires" attribute of the <affiliation> element indicating expiration of affiliation;

perform the following:

- a) if an MCDData group information entry exists such that:
 - i) the MCDData group information entry has the "affiliating" affiliation status, the MCDData group ID set to the handled MCDData group ID, and the expiration time has not expired yet;
 - ii) the MCDData group information entry is in the list of the MCDData group information entries of an MCDData client information entry with the MCDData client ID set to the served MCDData client ID;
 - iii) the MCDData client information entry is in the list of the MCDData client information entries of a served MCDData user information entry with the MCDData ID set to the served MCDData ID; and
 - iv) the MCDData user information entry is in the list of MCDData user information entries described in clause 8.3.2.2; and

shall set the affiliation status of the MCDData group information entry to "affiliated"; and

shall set the next publishing time of the MCDData group information entry to the current time and half of the time between the current time and the expiration of affiliation; and

- 2) for each MCDData group information entry such that:

- a) the MCDData group information entry has the "affiliated" affiliation status or the "deaffiliating" affiliation status, the MCDData group ID set to the handled MCDData group ID, and the expiration time has not expired yet;
- b) the MCDData group information entry is in the list of the MCDData group information entries of an MCDData client information entry with the MCDData client ID set to a served MCDData client ID;
- c) the MCDData client information entry is in the list of the MCDData client information entries of the served MCDData user information entry with the MCDData ID set to a served MCDData ID; and
- d) the MCDData user information entry is in the list of MCDData user information entries described in clause 8.3.2.2; and

for which the application/pidf+xml MIME body of SIP NOTIFY request does not contain:

- a) a <tuple> element of the root <presence> element;
- b) the "id" attribute of the <tuple> element indicating the served MCDData ID;
- c) an <affiliation> child element of the <status> child element of the <tuple> element; and
- d) the "client" attribute of the <affiliation> element indicating the served MCDData client ID.

perform the following:

- a) shall set the affiliation status of the MCDData group information entry to "deaffiliated"; and
 - b) shall set the expiration time of the MCDData group information entry to the current time; and
- 3) if a <p-id> element is included in the <presence> root element of the application/pidf+xml MIME body of the SIP NOTIFY request, then for each MCDData group information entry such that:
- a) the MCDData group information entry has the "affiliating" affiliation status, the MCDData group ID set to the handled MCDData group ID, the expiration time has not expired yet and with the affiliating p-id set to the value of the <p-id> element;
 - b) the MCDData group information entry is in the list of the MCDData group information entries of an MCDData client information entry with the MCDData client ID set to a served MCDData client ID;
 - c) the MCDData client information entry is in the list of the MCDData client information entries of the served MCDData user information entry with the MCDData ID set to a served MCDData ID; and
 - d) the MCDData user information entry is in the list of MCDData user information entries described in clause 8.3.2.2; and

for which the application/pidf+xml MIME body of SIP NOTIFY request does not contain:

- a) a <tuple> element of the root <presence> element;
- b) the "id" attribute of the <tuple> element indicating the served MCDData ID;
- c) an <affiliation> child element of the <status> child element of the <tuple> element; and
- d) the "client" attribute of the <affiliation> element indicating the served MCDData client ID;

perform the following:

- a) shall set the affiliation status of the MCDData group information entry to "deaffiliated"; and
- b) shall set the expiration time of the MCDData group information entry to the current time.

8.3.2.8 Procedure for authorizing affiliation status change request in negotiated mode sent to served MCDData user

Upon receiving a SIP MESSAGE request such that:

- 1) Request-URI of the SIP MESSAGE request contains the public service identity identifying the terminating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;
- 2) the SIP MESSAGE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body containing the <mcdata-request-uri> element and the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element;
- 3) the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7]; and
- 4) the SIP MESSAGE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-affiliation-command+xml MIME body;

then the MCDData server:

- 1) shall identify the served MCDData ID in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP MESSAGE request;
- 2) shall identify the originating MCDData ID in the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP MESSAGE request;
- 3) if the originating MCDData ID is not authorized to send an affiliation status change request in negotiated mode to the served MCDData ID, shall send a 403 (Forbidden) response and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 4) shall set the Request-URI of the SIP MESSAGE request to the public user identity bound to the served MCDData ID in the MCDData server; and
- 5) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];

before forwarding the SIP MESSAGE request further.

8.3.2.9 Forwarding affiliation status change towards another MCDData user procedure

Upon receiving a SIP PUBLISH request such that:

- 1) Request-URI of the SIP PUBLISH request contains the public service identity identifying the originating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;
- 2) the SIP PUBLISH request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body containing the <mcdata-request-uri> element which identifies an MCDData ID not served by the MCDData server;
- 3) the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 4) the Event header field of the SIP PUBLISH request contains the "presence" event type; and
- 5) SIP PUBLISH request contains an application/pidf+xml MIME body indicating per-user affiliation information according to clause 8.4.1;

then the MCDData server:

- 1) shall identify the target MCDData ID in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body of the SIP PUBLISH request;
- 2) shall identify the originating MCDData ID from public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP PUBLISH request;
- 3) shall generate a SIP PUBLISH request from the received SIP PUBLISH request. In the generated SIP PUBLISH request, the MCDData server:
 - a) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity identifying the terminating participating MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID;

NOTE 1: The public service identity can identify the terminating participating MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 2: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 4: How the MCDData server determines the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 5: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- b) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field containing the public service identity identifying the originating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;
- c) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body. In the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, the MCDData server:
 - A) shall include the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the target MCDData ID; and
 - B) shall include the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element set to the originating MCDData ID; and
- d) shall include other signalling elements from the received SIP PUBLISH request; and
- 4) shall send the generated SIP PUBLISH request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

The MCDData server shall forward received SIP responses to the SIP PUBLISH request.

8.3.2.10 Forwarding subscription to affiliation status towards another MCDData user procedure

Upon receiving a SIP SUBSCRIBE request such that:

- 1) Request-URI of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains the public service identity identifying the originating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;
- 2) the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body containing the <mcdata-request-uri> element which identifies an MCDData ID not served by MCDData server;
- 3) the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7]; and
- 4) the Event header field of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains the "presence" event type;

then the MCDData server:

- 1) shall identify the target MCDData ID in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request;
- 2) shall identify the originating MCDData ID from public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request;
- 3) shall generate a SIP SUBSCRIBE request from the received SIP SUBSCRIBE request. In the generated SIP SUBSCRIBE request, the MCDData server:
 - a) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity identifying the terminating participating MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID;

NOTE 1: The public service identity can identify the terminating participating MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 2: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 4: How the MCDData server determines the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 5: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- b) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field containing the public service identity identifying the originating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;
 - c) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body. In the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, the MCDData server:
 - A) shall include the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the target MCDData ID; and
 - B) shall include the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element set to the originating MCDData ID; and
 - d) shall include other signalling elements from the received SIP SUBSCRIBE request; and
- 4) shall send the generated SIP SUBSCRIBE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

The MCDData server shall forward any received SIP responses to the SIP SUBSCRIBE request, any received SIP NOTIFY request and any received SIP responses to the SIP NOTIFY request.

8.3.2.11 Affiliation status determination

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

If the participating MCDData function needs to determine the affiliation status of an MCDData user to an MCDData group, the participating function:

- 1) shall find the user information entry in the list of MCDData user information entries described in clause 8.3.2.2 such that the MCDData ID of the MCDData user information entry is equal to the MCDData ID of the originator of the received SIP request;
 - a) if the applicable MCDData group information entry cannot be found, then the participating MCDData function shall determine that the MCDData user is not affiliated to the MCDData group at the MCDData client and the skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall find the MCDData client information entry in the list of MCDData client information entries of MCDData user information entry found in step 1) in which the MCDData client id matches the value of the <mcdata-client-id> element contained in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the received SIP request;
 - a) if the applicable MCDData client information entry cannot be found, then the participating MCDData function shall determine that the MCDData user is not affiliated to the MCDData group at the MCDData client and the skip the rest of the steps;
- 3) shall find the MCDData group information entry in the list of MCDData group information entries of MCDData client information entry found in step 2) such that the MCDData group identity matches the value of the identity of the targeted MCDData group;
 - a) if the applicable MCDData group information entry was found in step 3) and the affiliation status of the MCDData group information entry is "affiliating" or "affiliated", shall determine that the MCDData user at the MCDData client to be affiliated to the targeted MCDData group and skip the rest of the steps;

- b) if the applicable MCDData group information entry was found in step 3) and the affiliation status of the MCDData group information entry is "deaffiliating" or "deaffiliated", shall determine that the MCDData user at the MCDData client to not be affiliated to the targeted MCDData group and skip the rest of the steps; or
- c) if the applicable MCDData group information entry was not found in step 3), shall determine that the MCDData user at the MCDData client is not affiliated to the targeted MCDData group.

8.3.2.12 Affiliation status change by implicit affiliation

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

Upon receiving a SIP request that requires implicit affiliation of the sending MCDData client to an MCDData group, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall determine the served MCDData client ID from the <mcdata-client-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the received SIP request;
- 2) shall determine the MCDData group ID from the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the received SIP request;
- 3) shall determine the served MCDData ID by using the public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP request;

NOTE 1: The MCDData ID of the calling user is bound to the public user identity at the time of service authorisation, as documented in clause 7.3.

- 4) shall consider an MCDData user information entry such that:
 - a) the MCDData user information entry is in the list of MCDData user information entries described in clause 8.3.2.2; and
 - b) the MCDData ID of the MCDData user information entry is equal to the served MCDData ID;
as the served MCDData user information entry;
- 5) shall consider an MCDData client information entry such that:
 - a) the MCDData client information entry is in the list of MCDData client information entries of the served MCDData user information entry; and
 - b) the MCDData client ID of the MCDData client information entry is equal to the served MCDData client ID;
as the served MCDData client information entry;
- 6) shall consider a copy of the list of the MCDData group information entries of the served MCDData client information entry as the served list of the MCDData group information entries;
- 7) shall construct the candidate list of the MCDData group information entries as follows:
 - a) for each MCDData group ID which has an MCDData group information entry in the served list of the MCDData group information entries shall copy the MCDData group information entry into a new MCDData group information entry of the candidate list of the MCDData group information entries; and
 - b) if the determined MCDData group ID does not have an MCDData group information entry in the served list of the MCDData group information entries or has an MCDData group information entry in the served list of the MCDData group information entries, such that the expiration time of the MCDData group information entry has already expired:
 - i) shall add a new MCDData group information entry in the candidate list of the MCDData group information list for the determined MCDData group ID;
 - ii) shall set the affiliation status of the new MCDData group information entry to the "affiliating" state; and
 - iii) shall set the expiration time of the new MCDData group information entry to the current time increased with the candidate expiration interval;

- 8) determine the candidate number of MCDData group IDs as the number of different MCDData group IDs which have an MCDData group information entry:
 - a) in the candidate list of the MCDData group information entries; or
 - b) in the list of the MCDData group information entries of an MCDData client information entry such that:
 - i) the MCDData client information entry is in the list of the MCDData client information entries of the served MCDData user information entry; and
 - ii) the MCDData client ID of the MCDData client information entry is not equal to the served MCDData client ID;with the affiliation status set to the "affiliating" state or the "affiliated" state and with the expiration time which has not expired yet; and
- 9) if the candidate number of MCDData group IDs is bigger than the N2 value of the served MCDData ID, shall based on MCDData service provider policy reduce the candidate MCDData group IDs to that equal to N2;
- 10) if the determined MCDData group ID cannot be added to the the candidate list of the MCDData group information entries due to exceeding the MCDData user's N2 limit, shall discard the candidate list of the MCDData group information entries and skip the remaining steps of the current procedure; and
- 11) shall replace the list of the MCDData group information entries stored in the served MCDData client information entry with the candidate list of the MCDData group information entries.

8.3.2.13 Implicit affiliation status change completion

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

If the participating MCDData function has received a SIP 2xx response from the controlling MCDData function to a SIP request that had triggered performing the procedures of clause 8.3.2.12, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall set the affiliation status of the MCDData group information entry added to the candidate list of the MCDData group information entries by the procedures of clause 8.3.2.12 to "affiliated"; and
- 2) shall perform the procedures specified in clause 8.3.2.5 for the served MCDData ID.

8.3.2.14 Implicit affiliation status change cancellation

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

If the participating MCDData function determines that a received SIP request that had triggered performing the procedures of clause 8.3.2.12 needs to be rejected or if the participating MCDData function receives a SIP 4xx, 5xx or 6xx response from the controlling MCDData function for the received SIP request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall remove the MCDData group ID entry added by the procedures of clause 8.3.2.12 such that:
 - a) the MCDData group information entry has the MCDData group ID set to the MCDData group ID of the MCDData group targeted by the received SIP request;
 - b) the MCDData group information entry is in the list of the MCDData group information entries of an MCDData client information entry containing the MCDData client ID included in the received SIP request; and
 - c) the MCDData client information entry is in the list of the MCDData client information entries of the MCDData user information entry containing the MCDData ID of the sender of the received SIP request.

8.3.2.15 Implicit affiliation to configured groups procedure

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

If the participating MCDData function has successfully performed service authorization for the MCDData ID identified in the service authorisation procedure as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26], the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall identify the MCDData ID included in the SIP request received for service authorisation procedure as the served MCDData ID;
- 2) shall identify the MCDData client ID from the <mcddata-client-id> element contained in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body included in the SIP request received for service authorisation as the served MCDData client ID;
- 3) shall download the MCDData user profile from the MCDData user database as defined in 3GPP TS 29.283 [37] if not already stored at the participating MCDData function;
- 4) if no <ImplicitAffiliations> element is contained in the <OnNetwork> element of the MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) for the served MCDData ID or the <ImplicitAffiliations> element contains no <entry> elements containing an MCDData group ID, shall skip the remaining steps;
- 5) shall consider an MCDData user information entry such that:
 - a) the MCDData user information entry is in the list of MCDData user information entries described in clause 8.3.2.2; and
 - b) the MCDData ID of the MCDData user information entry is equal to the served MCDData ID;
as the served MCDData user information entry;
- 6) shall consider an MCDData client information entry such that:
 - a) the MCDData client information entry is in the list of MCDData client information entries of the served MCDData user information entry; and
 - b) the MCDData client ID of the MCDData client information entry is equal to the served MCDData client ID;
as the served MCDData client information entry;
- 7) shall consider a copy of the list of the MCDData group information entries of the served MCDData client information entry as the served list of the MCDData group information entries;
- 8) shall construct the candidate list of the MCDData group information entries as follows:
 - a) for each MCDData group ID which has an MCDData group information entry in the served list of the MCDData group information entries shall copy the MCDData group information entry into a new MCDData group information entry of the candidate list of the MCDData group information entries;
 - b) for each MCDData group ID contained in an <entry> element of the <ImplicitAffiliations> element in the <OnNetwork> element of the MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) for the served MCDData ID that does not have an MCDData group information entry in the served list of the MCDData group information entries or has an MCDData group information entry in the served list of the MCDData group information entries such that the expiration time of the MCDData group information entry has already expired:
 - i) shall add a new MCDData group information entry in the candidate list of the MCDData group information list for the MCDData group ID;
 - ii) shall set the affiliation status of the new MCDData group information entry to the "affiliating" state; and
 - iii) shall set the expiration time of the new MCDData group information entry to the current time increased with the candidate expiration interval;
 - c) if in step b) above, no new MCDData group information entries were added to the candidate list of the MCDData group information list for the MCDData group ID:
 - i) shall discard the candidate list; and
 - ii) shall skip the remaining steps;
- 9) determine the candidate number of MCDData group IDs as the number of different MCDData group IDs which have an MCDData group information entry;

- a) in the candidate list of the MCDData group information entries; or
 - b) in the list of the MCDData group information entries of an MCDData client information entry such that:
 - i) the MCDData client information entry is in the list of the MCDData client information entries of the served MCDData user information entry; and
 - ii) the MCDData client ID of the MCDData client information entry is not equal to the served MCDData client ID;
with the affiliation status set to the "affiliating" state or the "affiliated" state and with the expiration time which has not expired yet; and
 - c) if the candidate number of MCDData group IDs is bigger than the N2 value of the served MCDData ID, shall based on MCDData service provider policy reduce the candidate MCDData group IDs to that equal to N2;
- 10) shall replace the list of the MCDData group information entries stored in the served MCDData client information entry with the candidate list of the MCDData group information entries; and
- 11) for each MCDData group ID contained in an <entry> element of the <ImplicitAffiliations> element in the <OnNetwork> element of the MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) for the served MCDData ID and which has an MCDData group information entry in the candidate list of the MCDData group information entries with an affiliation status of "affiliating", shall perform the procedures specified in clause 8.3.2.6 for the served MCDData ID and each MCDData group ID.

NOTE 2: To learn of the MCDData groups successfully affiliated to, the MCDData client can subscribe to that information by the procedures specified in clause 8.2.3.

8.3.3 Procedures of MCDData server owning the MCDData group

8.3.3.1 General

The procedures of MCDData server owning the MCDData group consist of:

- receiving group affiliation status change procedure;
- receiving subscription to affiliation status procedure;
- sending notification of change of affiliation status procedure;
- implicit affiliation eligibility check procedure; and
- affiliation status change by implicit affiliation procedure.

NOTE: Usage of CSC-3 part of MCDData group affiliation procedure and of CSC-3 part of MCDData group de-affiliation procedure is not specified in this version of the specification.

8.3.3.2 Stored information

The MCDData server shall maintain a list of MCDData group information entries.

In each MCDData group information entry, the MCDData server shall maintain:

- 1) an MCDData group ID. This field uniquely identifies the MCDData group information entry in the list of the MCDData group information entries; and
- 2) a list of MCDData user information entries.

In each MCDData user information entry, the MCDData server shall maintain:

- 1) an MCDData ID. This field uniquely identifies the MCDData user information entry in the list of the MCDData user information entries;
- 2) a list of MCDData client information entries; and

- 3) an expiration time.

In each MCDData client information entry, the MCDData server shall maintain:

- 1) an MCDData client ID. This field uniquely identifies the MCDData client information entry in the list of the MCDData client information entries.

8.3.3.3 Receiving group affiliation status change procedure

Upon receiving a SIP PUBLISH request such that:

- 1) Request-URI of the SIP PUBLISH request contains the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function associated with the served MCDData group;
- 2) the SIP PUBLISH request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body containing the <mcdata-request-uri> element and the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element;
- 3) the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 4) the Event header field of the SIP PUBLISH request contains the "presence" event type; and
- 5) SIP PUBLISH request contains an application/pidf+xml MIME body indicating per-group affiliation information constructed according to clause 8.4.1;

then the MCDData server:

- 1) shall identify the served MCDData group ID in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP PUBLISH request;
- 2) shall identify the handled MCDData ID in the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP PUBLISH request;
- 3) if the Expires header field of the SIP PUBLISH request is not included or has nonzero value lower than 4294967295, shall send a SIP 423 (Interval Too Brief) response to the SIP PUBLISH request, where the SIP 423 (Interval Too Brief) response contains a Min-Expires header field set to 4294967295, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 4) if an MCDData group for the served MCDData group ID does not exist in the group management server according to 3GPP TS 24.481 [11], shall reject the SIP PUBLISH request with SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP PUBLISH request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3903 [34] and IETF RFC 3856 [39] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 5) if the handled MCDData ID is not a member of the MCDData group identified by the served MCDData group ID, shall reject the SIP PUBLISH request with SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP PUBLISH request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3903 [34] and IETF RFC 3856 [39] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 6) shall respond with SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP PUBLISH request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3903 [34]. In the SIP 200 (OK) response, the MCDData server:
 - a) shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 3903 [34], to the selected expiration time;
- 7) if the "entity" attribute of the <presence> element of the application/pidf+xml MIME body of the SIP PUBLISH request is different than the served MCDData group ID, shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 8) if the handled MCDData ID is different from the MCDData ID in the "id" attribute of the <tuple> element of the <presence> root element of the application/pidf+xml MIME body of the SIP PUBLISH request, shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 9) shall consider an MCDData group information entry such that:
 - a) the MCDData group information entry is in the list of MCDData group information entries described in clause 8.3.3.2; and
 - b) the MCDData group ID of the MCDData group information entry is equal to the served MCDData group ID;

as the served MCDData group information entry;

10) if the selected expiration time is zero:

- a) shall remove the MCDData user information entry such that:
 - i) the MCDData user information entry is in the list of the MCDData user information entries of the served MCDData group information entry; and
 - ii) the MCDData user information entry has the MCDData ID set to the served MCDData ID;

11) if the selected expiration time is not zero:

- a) shall consider an MCDData user information entry such that:
 - i) the MCDData user information entry is in the list of the MCDData user information entries of the served MCDData group information entry; and
 - ii) the MCDData ID of the MCDData user information entry is equal to the handled MCDData ID;
as the served MCDData user information entry;
- b) if the MCDData user information entry does not exist:
 - i) shall insert an MCDData user information entry with the MCDData ID set to the handled MCDData ID into the list of the MCDData user information entries of the served MCDData group information entry; and
 - ii) shall consider the inserted MCDData user information entry as the served MCDData user information entry;
and
- c) shall set the following information in the served MCDData user information entry:
 - i) set the MCDData client ID list according to the "client" attributes of the <affiliation> elements of the <status> element of the <tuple> element of the <presence> root element of the application/pidf+xml MIME body of the SIP PUBLISH request; and
 - ii) set the expiration time according to the selected expiration time;

12) shall identify the handled p-id in the <p-id> child element of the <presence> root element of the application/pidf+xml MIME body of the SIP PUBLISH request;

13) shall perform the procedures specified in clause 8.3.3.5 for the served MCDData group ID; and

14) if there is an outstanding MCDData emergency alert on the MCDData group to which the user is affiliated, shall perform the procedures specified in clause 16.2.3.3.

8.3.3.4 Receiving subscription to affiliation status procedure

NOTE: Usage of one SIP SUBSCRIBE request to subscribe for notification about change of affiliation state of several MCDData users served by the same MCDData server is not supported in this version of the specification.

Upon receiving a SIP SUBSCRIBE request such that:

- 1) Request-URI of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function associated with the served MCDData group;
- 2) the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body containing the <mcdata-request-uri> element and the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element;
- 3) the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 4) the Event header field of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains the "presence" event type; and
- 5) the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains an application/simple-filter+xml MIME body indicating per-user restrictions of presence event package notification information according to clause 8.4.2 indicating the same

MCDData ID as in the <mcddata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request;

then the MCDData server:

- 1) shall identify the served MCDData group ID in the <mcddata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request;
- 2) shall identify the handled MCDData ID in the <mcddata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request;
- 3) if the Expires header field of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request is not included or has nonzero value lower than 4294967295, shall send a SIP 423 (Interval Too Brief) response to the SIP SUBSCRIBE request, where the SIP 423 (Interval Too Brief) response contains a Min-Expires header field set to 4294967295, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 4) if an MCDData group for the served MCDData group ID does not exist in the group management server according to 3GPP TS 24.481 [11], shall reject the SIP SUBSCRIBE request with SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP SUBSCRIBE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3903 [34] and IETF RFC 3856 [39] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 5) if the handled MCDData ID is not a member of the MCDData group identified by the served MCDData group ID, shall reject the SIP SUBSCRIBE request with SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP SUBSCRIBE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3903 [34] and IETF RFC 3856 [39] and skip the rest of the steps; and
- 6) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP SUBSCRIBE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 6665 [36].

For the duration of the subscription, the MCDData server shall notify subscriber about changes of the information of the served MCDData ID, as described in clause 8.3.3.5.

8.3.3.5 Sending notification of change of affiliation status procedure

In order to notify the subscriber identified by the handled MCDData ID about changes of the affiliation status of the served MCDData group ID, the MCDData server:

- 1) shall consider an MCDData group information entry such that:
 - a) the MCDData group information entry is in the list of MCDData group information entries described in clause 8.3.3.2; and
 - b) the MCDData group ID of the MCDData group information entry is equal to the served MCDData group ID;
- 2) shall consider an MCDData user information entry such:
 - a) the MCDData user information entry is in the list of the MCDData user information entries of the served MCDData group information entry; and
 - b) the MCDData ID of the MCDData user information entry is equal to the handled MCDData ID;
as the served MCDData user information entry;
- 3) shall generate an application/pidf+xml MIME body indicating per-group affiliation information according to clause 8.4.1 and the served list of the served MCDData user information entry of the MCDData group information entry with following clarifications:
 - a) the MCDData server shall include the "expires" attribute in the <affiliation> element; and
 - b) if this procedure is invoked by procedure in clause 8.3.3.3 where the handled p-id was identified, the MCDData server shall set the <p-id> child element of the <presence> root element of the application/pidf+xml MIME body of the SIP NOTIFY request to the handled p-id value; and

- 4) send a SIP NOTIFY request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], and IETF RFC 6665 [36] for the subscription created in clause 8.3.3.4. In the SIP NOTIFY request, the MCDData server shall include the generated application/pidf+xml MIME body indicating per-group affiliation information.

8.3.3.6 Implicit affiliation eligibility check procedure

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

Upon receiving a SIP request for an MCDData group that the MCDData user is not currently affiliated to and that requires the controlling MCDData function to check on the eligibility of the MCDData user to be implicitly affiliated to the MCDData group, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall identify the served MCDData group ID in the <mcddata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP request;
- 2) shall identify the handled MCDData ID in the <mcddata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP request;
- 3) if an MCDData group for the served MCDData group ID does not exist in the group management server according to 3GPP TS 24.481 [11], shall consider the MCDData user to be ineligible for implicit affiliation and skip the rest of the steps;
- 4) if the handled MCDData ID is not a member of the MCDData group identified by the served MCDData group ID, shall consider the MCDData user to be ineligible for implicit affiliation and skip the rest of the steps;
- 5) if there is no MCDData group information entry in the list of MCDData group information entries described in clause 8.3.3.2 with an MCDData group identity matching the served MCDData group ID, then shall consider the MCDData user to be ineligible for implicit affiliation and skip the rest of the steps; or
- 6) shall consider the MCDData user to be eligible for implicit affiliation.

8.3.3.7 Affiliation status change by implicit affiliation procedure

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

Upon receiving a SIP request for an MCDData group that the MCDData user is not currently affiliated to and that requires the controlling MCDData function to perform an implicit affiliation to, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall identify the served MCDData group ID in the <mcddata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP request;
- 2) shall identify the handled MCDData ID in the <mcddata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP request;
- 3) shall consider an MCDData group information entry such that:
 - a) the MCDData group information entry is in the list of MCDData group information entries described in clause 8.3.3.2; and
 - b) the MCDData group ID of the MCDData group information entry is equal to the served MCDData group ID; as the served MCDData group information entry;
- 4) shall consider an MCDData user information entry such that:
 - a) the MCDData user information entry is in the list of the MCDData user information entries of the served MCDData group information entry; and
 - b) the MCDData ID of the MCDData user information entry is equal to the handled MCDData ID; as the served MCDData user information entry;
 - c) if the MCDData user information entry does not exist:

- i) shall insert an MCDData user information entry with the MCDData ID set to the handled MCDData ID into the list of the MCDData user information entries of the served MCDData group information entry; and
- ii) shall consider the inserted MCDData user information entry as the served MCDData user information entry; and
- d) shall make the following modifications in the served MCDData user information entry:
 - i) add the MCDData client ID derived from the received SIP request to the MCDData client ID list if not already present; and
 - ii) set the expiration time as determined by local policy;
- 5) shall perform the procedures specified in clause 8.3.3.5 for the served MCDData group ID.

8.4 Coding

8.4.1 Extension of application/pdf+xml MIME type

8.4.1.1 Introduction

The clauses of the parent clause describe an extension of the application/pdf+xml MIME body specified in IETF RFC 3863 [40]. The extension is used to indicate:

- per-user affiliation information; and
- per-group affiliation information.

8.4.1.2 Syntax

The application/pdf+xml MIME body indicating per-user affiliation information is constructed according to IETF RFC 3863 [40] and:

- 1) contains a <presence> root element according to IETF RFC 3863 [40];
- 2) contains an "entity" attribute of the <presence> element set to the MCDData ID of the MCDData user;
- 3) contains one <tuple> child element according to IETF RFC 3863 [40] per each MCDData client of the <presence> element;
- 4) can contain a <p-id> child element defined in the XML schema defined in table 8.4.1.2-1, of the <presence> element set to an identifier of a SIP PUBLISH request;
- 5) contains an "id" attribute of the <tuple> element set to the MCDData client ID;
- 6) contains one <status> child element of each <tuple> element;
- 7) contains one <affiliation> child element defined in the XML schema defined in table 8.4.1.2-1, of the <status> element, for each MCDData group in which the MCDData user is interested at the MCDData client;
- 8) contains a "group" attribute of each <affiliation> element set to the MCDData group ID of the MCDData group in which the MCDData user is interested at the MCDData client;
- 9) can contain a "status" attribute of each <affiliation> element indicating the affiliation status of the MCDData user to MCDData group at the MCDData client; and
- 10) can contain an "expires" attribute of each <affiliation> element indicating expiration of affiliation of the MCDData user to MCDData group at the MCDData client.

The application/pdf+xml MIME body indicating per-group affiliation information is constructed according to IETF RFC 3856 [39] and:

- 1) contains the <presence> root element according to IETF RFC 3863 [40];

- 2) contains an "entity" attribute of the <presence> element set to the MCDData group ID of the MCDData group;
- 3) contains one <tuple> child element according to IETF RFC 3863 [40] of the <presence> element;
- 4) can contain a <p-id> child element defined in the XML schema defined in table 8.4.1.2-1, of the <presence> element set to an identifier of a SIP PUBLISH request;
- 5) contains an "id" attribute of the <tuple> element set to the MCDData ID of the MCDData user;
- 6) contains one <status> child element of each <tuple> element;
- 7) contains one <affiliation> child element defined in the XML schema defined in table 8.4.1.2-1, of the <status> element, for each MCDData client at which the MCDData user is interested in the MCDData group;
- 8) contains one "client" attribute defined in the XML schema defined in table 8.4.1.2-2, of the <affiliation> element set to the MCDData client ID;
- 9) can contain an "expires" attribute defined in the XML schema defined in table 8.4.1.2-2, of the <affiliation> element indicating expiration of affiliation of the MCDData user to MCDData group at the MCDData client. and
- 10) can contain one <functionalAlias> child element defined in the XML schema defined in table 8.4.1.2-1, of the <status> element, for each functional alias that the group member identified by the "id" attribute of the <tuple> element has activated with the "functionalAliasID" attribute set to the corresponding functional alias ID.

Table 8.4.1.2-1: XML schema with elements and attributes extending the application/pidf+xml MIME body

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xs:schema
  targetNamespace="urn:3gpp:ns:mcdatapresinfo:1.0"
  xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  xmlns:mcdatapI10="urn:3gpp:ns:mcdatapresinfo:1.0"
  elementFormDefault="qualified" attributeFormDefault="unqualified">

  <!-- MCDData specific child elements of tuple element -->
  <xs:element name="affiliation" type="mcdatapI10:affiliationType"/>
  <xs:complexType name="affiliationType">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:any namespace="##any" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:attribute name="group" type="xs:anyURI" use="optional"/>
    <xs:attribute name="client" type="xs:anyURI" use="optional"/>
    <xs:attribute name="status" type="mcdatapI10:statusType" use="optional"/>
    <xs:attribute name="expires" type="xs:dateTime" use="optional"/>
    <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
  </xs:complexType>

  <xs:simpleType name="statusType">
    <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
      <xs:enumeration value="affiliating"/>
      <xs:enumeration value="affiliated"/>
      <xs:enumeration value="deaffiliating"/>
    </xs:restriction>
  </xs:simpleType>

  <xs:element name="p-id" type="xs:string"/>

  <!-- MCDData specific child elements of status element -->
  <xs:element name="functionalAlias" type="mcdatapI10:functionalAliasType"/>
  <xs:complexType name="functionalAliasType">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:any namespace="##any" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:attribute name="functionalAliasID" type="xs:anyURI" use="optional"/>
    <xs:attribute name="expires" type="xs:dateTime" use="optional"/>
    <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
  </xs:complexType>

</xs:schema>

```

The application/pidf+xml MIME body refers to namespaces using prefixes specified in table 8.4.1.2-2.

Table 8.4.1.2-2: Assignment of prefixes to namespace names in the application/pidf+xml MIME body

Prefix	Namespace
mcdDataPI10	urn:3gpp:ns:mcdDataPresInfo:1.0
NOTE: The "urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:pidf" namespace is the default namespace so no prefix is used for it in the application/pidf+xml MIME body.	

8.4.2 Extension of application/simple-filter+xml MIME type

8.4.2.1 Introduction

The clauses of the parent clause describe an extension of the application/simple-filter+xml MIME body specified in IETF RFC 4661 [41].

The extension is used to indicate per-client restrictions of presence event package notification information and per-user restrictions of presence event package notification information.

8.4.2.2 Syntax

The application/simple-filter+xml MIME body indicating per-client restrictions of presence event package notification information is constructed according to IETF RFC 4661 [41] and:

- 1) contains a <filter-set> root element according to IETF RFC 4661 [41];
- 2) contains a <ns-bindings> child element according to IETF RFC 4661 [41], of the <filter-set> element;
- 3) contains a <ns-binding> child element according to IETF RFC 4661 [41], of the <ns-bindings> element where the <ns-binding> element:
 - A) contains a "prefix" attribute according to IETF RFC 4661 [41] set to "pidf"; and
 - B) contains a "urn" attribute set to the "urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:pidf" value;
- 4) contains a <ns-binding> child element according to IETF RFC 4661 [41], of the <ns-bindings> element where the <ns-binding> element:
 - A) contains a "prefix" attribute according to IETF RFC 4661 [41], set to "mcdDataPI10"; and
 - B) contains an "urn" attribute according to IETF RFC 4661 [41], set to the "urn:3gpp:ns:mcdDataPresInfo:1.0" value;
- 5) contains a <filter> child element according to IETF RFC 4661 [41], of the <filter-set> element where the <filter> element:
 - A) contains an "id" attribute set to a value constructed according to IETF RFC 4661 [41];
 - B) does not contain an "uri" attribute of the <filter> child element according to IETF RFC 4661 [41]; and
 - C) does not contain an "domain" attribute according to IETF RFC 4661 [41];
- 6) contains a <what> child element according to IETF RFC 4661 [41], of the <filter> element; and
- 7) contains an <include> child element according to IETF RFC 4661 [41], of the <what> element where the <include> element:
 - A) does not contain a "type" attribute according to IETF RFC 4661 [41]; and
 - B) contains the value, according to IETF RFC 4661 [41], set to concatenation of the "pidf:presence/pidf:tuple[@id=" string, the MCDData client ID, and the "]" string.

The application/simple-filter+xml MIME body indicating per-user restrictions of presence event package notification information is constructed according to IETF RFC 4661 [41] and:

- 1) contains a <filter-set> root element according to IETF RFC 4661 [41];

- 2) contains a <ns-bindings> child element according to IETF RFC 4661 [41], of the <filter-set> element;
- 3) contains a <ns-binding> child element according to IETF RFC 4661 [41], of the <ns-bindings> element where the <ns-binding> element:
 - A) contains a "prefix" attribute according to IETF RFC 4661 [41] set to "pidf"; and
 - B) contains a "urn" attribute set to the "urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:pidf" value;
- 4) contains a <ns-binding> child element according to IETF RFC 4661 [41], of the <ns-bindings> element where the <ns-binding> element:
 - A) contains a "prefix" attribute according to IETF RFC 4661 [41], set to "mcdDataPI10"; and
 - B) contains an "urn" attribute according to IETF RFC 4661 [41], set to the "urn:3gpp:ns:mcdDataPresInfo:1.0" value;
- 5) contains a <filter> child element according to IETF RFC 4661 [41], of the <filter-set> element where the <filter> element:
 - A) contains an "id" attribute set to a value constructed according to IETF RFC 4661 [41];
 - B) does not contain an "uri" attribute of the <filter> child element according to IETF RFC 4661 [41]; and
 - C) does not contain an "domain" attribute according to IETF RFC 4661 [41];
- 6) contains a <what> child element according to IETF RFC 4661 [41], of the <filter> element; and
- 7) contains an <include> child element according to IETF RFC 4661 [41], of the <what> element where the <include> element:
 - A) does not contain a "type" attribute according to IETF RFC 4661 [41]; and
 - B) contains the value, according to IETF RFC 4661 [41], set to concatenation of the `"/pidf:presence/pidf:tuple[@id=" string, the MCDData ID, and the "" string.`

9 Short Data Service (SDS)

9.1 General

The group administrator can disable the SDS service on a MCDData group by setting the <mcdData-allow-short-data-service> element under the <list-service> element, in the group document, to "false".

If the <mcdData-allow-short-data-service> element under the <list-service> element, in the group document, is set to "false" for a MCDData group:

- an MCDData client should not use the procedures in the clauses of the parent clause to send SDS to the said MCDData group.
- a terminating MCDData controlling function should reject the request to send SDS to the said MCDData group.

9.2 On-network SDS

9.2.1 General

9.2.1.1 Sending an SDS message

When the MCDData user wishes to send:

- a one-to-one standalone Short Data Service (SDS) message to another MCDData user; or

- a group standalone Short Data Service (SDS) message to a pre-arranged group ;

the MCDData client:

- 1) shall follow the procedures in clause 11.1 for transmission control; and
- 2) if the procedures in clause 11.1 are successful and the size of the payload the MCDData user wishes to send:
 - a) is less than or equal to the value contained in the <max-payload-size-sds-cplane-bytes> element in the MCDData service configuration document as specified in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12], shall follow the procedures specified in clause 9.2.2.2.1;
 - b) is greater than the value contained in the <max-payload-size-sds-cplane-bytes> element in the MCDData service configuration document as specified in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12], shall follow the procedures specified in clause 9.2.3.2.3.

When the MCDData user wishes to:

- initiate a Short Data Service (SDS) session with another MCDData user; or
- initiate a group Short Data Service (SDS) session to a pre-configured group or to particular members of the pre-configured group;

the MCDData client:

- 1) shall follow the procedures in clause 11.1 for transmission control; and
- 2) if the procedures in clause 11.1 are successful, shall follow the procedures specified in clause 9.2.4.2.3.

9.2.1.2 Handling of received SDS messages with or without disposition requests

When a MCDData client has received a SIP request containing:

- an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body as specified in clause E.1; and
- an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-payload MIME body as specified in clause E.2;

the MCDData Client:

- 1) shall decode the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body;
- 2) shall decode the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-payload MIME body;
- 3) if the SDS SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains a new Conversation ID, shall instantiate a new conversation with the Message ID in the SDS SIGNALLING PAYLOAD identifying the first message in the conversation thread;
- 4) if the SDS SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains an existing Conversation ID and:
 - a) if the SDS SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message does not contain an InReplyTo message ID, shall use the Message ID in the SDS SIGNALLING PAYLOAD to identify a new message in the existing conversation thread; and
 - b) if the SDS SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains an InReplyTo message ID, shall associate the message to an existing message in the conversation thread as identified by the InReplyTo message ID in the SDS SIGNALLING PAYLOAD, and use the Message ID in the SDS SIGNALLING PAYLOAD to identify the new message;
- 5) shall identify the number of Payload IEs in the DATA PAYLOAD message from the Number of payloads IE in the DATA PAYLOAD message;
- 6) if the SDS SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message does not contain an Application ID IE and does not contain an Extended application ID IE:
 - a) shall determine that the payload contained in the DATA PAYLOAD message is for user consumption
 - b) may notify the MCDData user;

- c) may display to the MCDData user the functional alias of the originating MCDData user, if provided; and
- d) shall render the contents of the Payload IE(s) to the MCDData user.

7) if the SDS SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains an Application ID IE:

- a) shall determine that the payload contained in the DATA PAYLOAD message is not for user consumption,
- b) shall not notify the MCDData user;
- c) if the Application ID value is unknown, shall discard the SDS message; and
- d) if the Application ID value is known, shall deliver the contents of the Payload IE(s) to the identified application;

NOTE 1: If required, the MCDData client decrypts the Payload IEs before rendering the SDS message to the user or delivering the SDS message to the application.

NOTE 2: The actions taken when the payload contains application data not meant for user consumption or command instructions are based upon the contents of the payload. If the payload content is addressed to a non-MCDData application that is not running, the MCDData client starts the local non-MCDData application and delivers the payload to that application.

NOTE 3: User consent is not required before accepting the data.

8) if the SDS SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains an Extended application ID IE:

- a) shall determine that the payload contained in the DATA PAYLOAD message is not for user consumption;
- b) shall not notify the MCDData user;
- c) if the Extended application ID value is unknown, shall discard the SDS message; and
- d) if the Extended application ID value is known, shall deliver the contents of the Payload IE(s) to the identified application;

NOTE 4: If required, the MCDData client decrypts the Payload IEs before rendering the SDS message to the user or delivering the SDS message to the application.

NOTE 5: The actions taken when the payload contains application data not meant for user consumption or command instructions are based upon the contents of the payload. If the payload content is addressed to a non-MCDData application that is not running, the MCDData client starts the local non-MCDData application and delivers the payload to that application.

NOTE 6: User consent is not required before accepting the data.

9) may store the message payload in local storage along with the Conversation ID, Message ID, InReplyTo message ID and Date and time;

10) if the received SDS SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains an SDS disposition request type IE shall follow the procedures in clause 9.2.1.3; and

11) if the received SDS SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains an Application metadata container IE, may process the content of that IE per local policy.

9.2.1.3 Handling of disposition requests

To handle the disposition requests, the MCDData client:

- 1) If the SDS disposition request type IE is set to:
 - a) "DELIVERY" then, shall send a delivered notification as described in clause 12.2.1.1;
 - b) "READ", shall send a read notification as described in clause 12.2.1.1, when a display indication is received; or
 - c) "DELIVERY AND READ" then, shall start timer TDU1 (delivery and read).

Upon receiving a display indication before timer TDU1 (delivery and read) expires, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall stop timer TDU1 (delivery and read); and
- 2) shall send a delivered and read notification as described in clause 12.2.1.1.

Upon expiry of timer TDU1 (delivery and read), the MCDData client:

- 1) shall send a delivered notification as described in clause 12.2.1.1; and
- 2) upon receiving a display indication, send a read notification as described in clause 12.2.1.1.

9.2.2 Standalone SDS using signalling control plane

9.2.2.1 General

The procedures in the clauses of the parent clause are used by a MCDData functional entity to send or receive:

- a one-to-one standalone SDS message using the signalling control plane; or
- a group standalone SDS message using the signalling control plane.

9.2.2.2 MCDData client procedures

9.2.2.2.1 MCDData client originating procedures

The MCDData client shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6] with the clarifications given below.

The MCDData client:

- 1) shall build the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in clause 6.2.4.1;
- 2) if a one-to-one standalone SDS message is to be sent, shall insert in the SIP MESSAGE request:
 - a) an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with the MCDData ID of the target MCDData user or the functional alias to be called in the "uri" attribute of an <entry> element of a <list> element of the <resource-lists> element, according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4826 [9];
 - b) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcddatainfo> element containing the <mcddata-Params> element with:
 - i) a <request-type> element set to a value of "one-to-one-sds"; and
 - ii) an <anyExt> element containing:
 - A) the <call-to-functional-alias-ind> element set to "true" if the functional alias is used as a target of the call request;
 - B) if the MCDData client is aware of active functional aliases and if an active functional alias is to be included in the SIP MESSAGE request, the <functional-alias-URI> element set to the URI of the used functional alias; and
 - C) if the MCDData user has requested an application priority, the <user-requested-priority> element set to the user provided value; and
 - c) if end-to-end security is required and the security context does not exist or if the existing security context has expired, an application/mikey MIME body with the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE as specified in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]. The MCDData client:
 - i) if necessary, shall instruct the key management client to request keying material from the key management server as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - ii) shall use the keying material to generate a PCK as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];

- iii) shall use the PCK to generate a PCK-ID with the four most significant bits set to "0001" to indicate that the purpose of the PCK is to protect one-to-one communications and with the remaining twenty-eight bits being randomly generated as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - iv) shall encrypt the PCK to a UID associated to the MCDData client using the MCDData ID of the invited user and a time related parameter as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - v) shall generate a MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE using the encapsulated PCK and PCK-ID as specified in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]; and
 - vi) shall add the MCDData ID of the originating MCDData to the initiator field (IDRi) of the I_MESSAGE as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - vii) shall sign the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE using the originating MCDData user's signing key provided in the keying material together with a time related parameter; and
 - viii) shall include the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE in an application/mikey MIME body as specified in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
- 3) if a group standalone SDS message is to be sent:
- a) if the <AllowedSDS> element present in the group document of the requested MCDData group as specified in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12] is set to "false", shall reject the request to send SDS and not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause; and

NOTE 1: The group document can either be known by the group management client in case of a normal group or of a temporary, or be known by the MCDData client from the group regroup based on a preconfigured group procedures in case of a group regroup based on a preconfigured group.

- b) shall insert in the SIP MESSAGE request an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with:
 - i) the <request-type> element set to a value of "group-sds";
 - ii) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData group identity;
 - iii) if the group identity identifies a temporary group or a group regroup based on a preconfigured group, the <anyExt> element with the <associated-group-id> element set to the MCDData group ID of a constituent group the MCDData client is member of;

NOTE 2: The MCDData client is informed about temporary groups regrouping MCDData groups that the user is a member of as specified in 3GPP TS 24.481 [11]. The MCDData client is informed about regroups based on a preconfigured group of MCDData groups that the user is member of and affiliated to as specified in clause 23.

NOTE 3: If the MCDData user selected a TGI or the identity of a group regroup based on a preconfigured group where there are several constituent MCDData groups where the MCDData user is a member, the MCDData client selects one of those MCDData groups.

- iv) the <mcdata-client-id> element set to the MCDData client ID of the originating MCDData client;
 - v) an <anyExt> element containing:
 - A) if the MCDData client is aware of active functional aliases, and an active functional alias is to be included in the SIP MESSAGE request, the <functional-alias-URI> element set to the URI of the used functional alias; and
 - B) if the MCDData user has requested an application priority, the <user-requested-priority> element set to the user provided value.
- 4) shall generate a standalone SDS message as specified in clause 6.2.2.1; and
- 5) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 300 (Multiple Choices) response to the SIP MESSAGE request the MCDData client shall use the MCDData ID contained in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the received application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME

body as the MCDData ID of the invited MCDData user and shall generate a new SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6], with the clarifications given in this clause and with the following additional clarifications:

- 1) shall insert in the newly generated SIP MESSAGE request an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with the MCDData ID of the invited MCDData user in the "uri" attribute of the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body where the MCDData ID is found in the <mcddata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info MIME body in the received SIP 300 (Multiple Choices) response;
- 2) shall not include a <call-to-functional-alias-ind> element into the <anyExt> element of the <mcddata-Params> element of the <mcddatainfo> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body; and
- 3) shall include a <called-functional-alias-URI> element into the <anyExt> element of the <mcddata-Params> element of the <mcddatainfo> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body with the target functional alias used in the initial SIP MESSAGE request for for sending one-to-one standalone SDS message.

9.2.2.2.2 MCDData client terminating procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for standalone SDS for terminating MCDData client", the MCDData client:

- 1) may reject the SIP MESSAGE request if there are not enough resources to handle the SIP MESSAGE request;
- 2) if the SIP MESSAGE request is rejected in step 1), shall respond toward participating MCDData function with a SIP 480 (Temporarily unavailable) response and skip the rest of the steps of this clause;
- 3) if the SIP MESSAGE request contains an application/mikey MIME body containing a MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE:
 - a) shall extract the MCDData ID of the originating MCDData user from the initiator field (IDRi) of the I_MESSAGE as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - b) shall convert the MCDData ID to a UID as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - c) shall use the UID to validate the signature of the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - d) if authentication verification of the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE fails, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 606 (Not Acceptable) response, and include warning text set to "136 authentication of the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE failed" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and not continue with rest of the steps in this clause; and
 - e) if the signature of the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE was successfully validated:
 - i) shall extract and decrypt the encapsulated PCK using the terminating user's (KMS provisioned) UID key as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]; and
 - ii) shall extract the PCK-ID, from the payload as specified in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];

NOTE: With the PCK successfully shared between the originating MCDData client and the terminating MCDData client, both clients are able to exchange end-to-end secure message.

- 4) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 5) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response towards the MCDData server according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 6) shall handle the received message as specified in clause 9.2.1.2.

9.2.2.3 Participating MCDData function procedures

9.2.2.3.1 Originating participating MCDData function procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for standalone SDS for originating participating MCDData function", the participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall determine the MCDData ID of the originating user from the public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP MESSAGE request, and shall authorise the calling user;

NOTE 1: The MCDData ID of the calling user is bound to the public user identity at the time of service authorisation, as documented in clause 7.3.

- 3) if the participating MCDData function cannot find a binding between the public user identity and an MCDData ID or if the validity period of an existing binding has expired, then the participating MCDData function shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text set to "141 user unknown to the participating function" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with any of the remaining steps;
- 4) if the <request-type> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP MESSAGE request is:
 - a) set to a value of "group-sds", shall determine the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function associated with:
 - i) if present, the MCDData group identity contained in the <associated-group-is> element in an <anyExt> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the SIP MESSAGE request; or

NOTE 2: If the incoming SIP MESSAGE request contains an <associated-group-id> element in an <anyExt> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, then the group identity contained in the <mcdata-request-uri> element is expected to be a TGI or the identity of a group regroup based on a preconfigured group and the participating MCDData function forwards the request to the non-controlling function serving the constituent MCDData group identity contained in the <associated-group-id> element.

- ii) the MCDData group identity contained in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the SIP MESSAGE request; or
 - b) set to a value of "one-to-one-sds", shall determine the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function hosting the one-to-one standalone SDS service for the calling user;
- 5) if unable to identify the controlling MCDData function for standalone SDS, it shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text "142 unable to determine the controlling function" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with any of the remaining steps;
- 6) shall determine whether the MCDData user identified by the MCDData ID is authorised for MCDData communications by following the procedures in clause 11.1;
- 7) if the procedures in clause 11.1 indicate that the user identified by the MCDData ID:
 - a) is not allowed to send MCDData communications as determined by step 1) of clause 11.1, shall reject the "SIP MESSAGE request for standalone SDS for originating participating MCDData function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP MESSAGE request, with warning text set to "200 user not authorised to transmit data" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
 - b) is not allowed to initiate one-to-one MCDData communications due to exceeding the maximum amount of data that can be sent in a single request as determined by step 7) of clause 11.1, shall reject the "SIP MESSAGE request for standalone SDS for originating participating MCDData function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP MESSAGE request, with warning text set to "202 user not authorised for one-to-one

MCDATA communications due to exceeding the maximum amount of data that can be sent in a single request" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause; and

- c) is not allowed to initiate one-to-one MCDATA communications to the targeted user as determined by step 1a) of clause 11.1, shall reject the "SIP MESSAGE request for standalone SDS for originating participating MCDATA function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "229 one-to-one MCDATA communication not authorised to the targeted user" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 8) if the payload size of the message is larger than the value contained in the <max-payload-size-sds-cplane-bytes> element in the MCDATA service configuration document as specified in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12], shall reject the "SIP MESSAGE request for standalone SDS for originating participating MCDATA function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP MESSAGE request, with warning text set to "203 message too large to send over signalling control plane" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9;

NOTE 3: The term "payload size" refers to the "Length of Payload contents" of the payload IE of the DATA PAYLOAD message transported in the SIP MESSAGE request, minus 1 (to account for the added "Payload content type" field).

- 9) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];

- 10) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity of the controlling MCDATA function as determined by step 4) in this clause;

NOTE 4: The public service identity can identify the controlling MCDATA function in the local MCDATA system or in an interconnected MCDATA system.

NOTE 5: If the controlling MCDATA function is in an interconnected MCDATA system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDATA gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDATA system from the local MCDATA system.

NOTE 6: If the controlling MCDATA function is in an interconnected MCDATA system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDATA system can route the SIP request through an MCDATA gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDATA system to the interconnected MCDATA system.

NOTE 7: How the participating MCDATA function determines the public service identity of the controlling MCDATA function serving the target MCDATA ID or of the MCDATA gateway server in the interconnected MCDATA system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 8: How the local MCDATA system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDATA gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- 11) shall copy all MIME bodies included in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request to the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;

- 12) shall include the MCDATA ID of the originating user in the <mcddata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;

12A) if the incoming SIP MESSAGE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body that contains a <functional-alias-URI> element, shall check if the status of the functional alias is activated for the MCDATA ID. If the functional alias status is activated, then the participating MCDATA function shall set the <functional-alias-URI> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP INVITE request to the received value, otherwise shall not include a <functional-alias-URI> element;

- 13) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.sds" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), into the P-Asserted-Service header field of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;

- 14) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDATA function; and

- 15) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 202 (Accepted) response in response to the SIP MESSAGE request in step 15):

- 1) shall generate a SIP 202 (Accepted) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and

- 2) shall send the SIP 202 (Accepted) response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 200 (OK) response in response to the SIP MESSAGE request in step 15):

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 2) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 4xx, 5xx or 6xx response to the SIP MESSAGE request in step 15) the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include Warning header field(s) that were received in the incoming SIP response; and
- 3) shall forward the SIP response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

9.2.2.3.2 Terminating participating MCDData function procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for standalone SDS for terminating participating MCDData function", the participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall use the MCDData ID present in the <mcddata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP MESSAGE request to retrieve the binding between the MCDData ID and public user identity of the terminating MCDData user;
- 3) if the binding between the MCDData ID and public user identity of the terminating MCDData user does not exist, then the participating MCDData function shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 3a) if the <IncomingOne-to-OneCommunicationList> element exists in the MCDData user profile document with one or more <One-to-One-CommunicationListEntry> elements (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) and:
 - i) if the <mcddata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP MESSAGE request does not match with the <entry> element of any of the <One-to-One-CommunicationListEntry> elements in the <IncomingOne-to-OneCommunicationList> element of the MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]); and
 - ii) if configuration is not set in the MCDData user profile document that allows the MCDData user to receive one-to-one MCDData communication from any user (see <allow-one-to-one-communication-from-any-user> element in MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]);

then:

- i) shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "230 one-to-one MCDData communication not authorised from this originating user" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 4) shall generate an outgoing SIP MESSAGE request as specified in clause 6.3.2.1;
- 5) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.sds" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), into the P-Asserted-Service header field of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request; and
- 6) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 200 (OK) response in response to the above SIP MESSAGE request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and

- 2) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the controlling MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 4xx, 5xx or 6xx response to the above SIP MESSAGE request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include Warning header field(s) that were received in the incoming SIP response; and
- 3) shall forward the SIP response to the controlling MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

9.2.2.4 Controlling MCDData function procedures

9.2.2.4.1 Originating controlling MCDData function procedures

9.2.2.4.1.1 SIP MESSAGE targeted to an MCDData clients

This clause describes the procedures for sending a SIP MESSAGE from the controlling MCDData function and is initiated by the controlling MCDData function as a result of an action in clause 9.2.2.4.2.

The controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 2) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8] in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- 3) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8] in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- 4) shall copy the following MIME bodies in the received SIP MESSAGE request into the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request by following the guidelines in clause 6.4:
 - a) application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body;
 - b) application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body; and
 - c) application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-payload MIME body
- 5) in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body:
 - a) shall set the <mcdata-request-uri> element to the MCDData ID of the terminating user; and
 - b) if the <request-type> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP MESSAGE request was set to a value of "group-sds", shall set the <mcdata-calling-group-id> element to the group identity;
- 6) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function associated to the MCDData user to be invited;

NOTE 1: The public service identity can identify the terminating participating MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 2: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 4: How the controlling MCDData function determines the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 5: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- 7) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function;
- 8) shall include a P-Asserted-Service header field with the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds"; and
- 9) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

9.2.2.4.1.2 SIP MESSAGE targeted to a non-controlling MCDData function

This clause describes the procedures for sending a SIP MESSAGE from the controlling MCDData function to a non-controlling MCDData function and is initiated by the controlling MCDData function as a result of an action in clause 9.2.2.4.2.

The controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 2) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters in accordance with IETF RFC 3841 [8] in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- 3) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" in accordance with IETF RFC 3841 [8] in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- 4) shall copy the following MIME bodies in the received SIP MESSAGE request into the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request by following the guidelines in clause 6.4:
 - a) application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body;
 - b) application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body; and
 - c) application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-payload MIME body
- 5) in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body:
 - a) shall set the <mcdata-request-uri> element to the group identity of the constituent group served by the non-controlling MCDData function; and
 - b) shall set the <mcdata-calling-group-id> element to the group identity of the group served by the controlling MCDData function;
- 6) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity of the non-controlling MCDData function associated with the constituent group;

NOTE 1: The public service identity can identify the terminating participating MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 2: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 4: How the controlling MCDData function determines the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 5: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- 7) shall include a P-Asserted-Service header field with the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.sds"; and
- 8) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

9.2.2.4.2 Terminating controlling MCDData function procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for standalone SDS for controlling MCDData function", the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The controlling MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4]. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps;
- 2) if the SIP MESSAGE does not contain:
 - a) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body;
 - b) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-signalling MIME body; and
 - c) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-payload MIME body;shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response, with warning text set to "199 expected MIME bodies not in the request" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
- 3) shall decode the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-signalling MIME body contained in the SIP MESSAGE;
- 4) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-signalling MIME body contains a SDS SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message with a SDS disposition request type IE, shall store the value of the Conversation ID IE and the value of the Message ID IE in the SDS SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message;

NOTE 1: The controlling MCDData function uses the Conversation ID and Message ID for correlation with disposition notifications.

- 5) if the <request-type> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP MESSAGE request is set to a value of "one-to-one-sds" and:
 - a) the conditions in clause 11.1 indicate that the MCDData user is not allowed to SDS communications due to message size as determined by step 3) of clause 11.1, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP MESSAGE request, with warning text set to "218 user not authorised for one-to-one SDS communications due to message size" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause; and
 - b) the SIP MESSAGE request:
 - i) does not contain an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body or contains an application/resource-lists MIME body with more than one <entry> element in the set of <list> elements in the <resource-lists> element, shall return a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "204 unable to determine targeted user for one-to-one SDS" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and skip the rest of the steps below;
 - ii) if the <anyExt> element of the <mcddata-Params> element of the <mcddatainfo> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body contains a <call-to-functional-alias-ind> element set to a value of "true":
 - A) shall identify the MCDData ID(s) of the MCDData user(s) that have activated the called functional alias received in the "uri" attribute of an <entry> element of a <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body of the SIP MESSAGE request by performing the actions specified in clause 22.2.2.2.8;

- D) if unable to determine any MCDData ID that has activated the called functional alias received in the "uri" attribute of an <entry> element of a <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body of the SIP MESSAGE, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including a warning text set to "145 unable to determine called party" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps; and
- II) selects one of the identified MCDData IDs, and shall send a SIP 300 (Multiple Choices) response to the SIP MESSAGE request with an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body containing an <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the selected MCDData ID and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause; and

NOTE 2: How the controlling MCDData function selects the MCDData ID is implementation-specific.

- iii) contains an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with exactly one <entry> element in the set of <list> elements of the <resource-lists> element, shall send a SIP MESSAGE request to the MCDData user identified in the "uri" attribute of the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body, as specified in clause 9.2.2.4.1.1;
- 6) if the <request-type> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP MESSAGE request is set to a value of "group-sds":
- a) if the group identity is associated with a group document maintained by the GMS:

NOTE 3: How the MCDData server determines that a group identity represents a group for which a group document is stored in the GMS is an implementation detail.

- i) shall retrieve the group document associated with the group identity in the SIP MESSAGE request by following the procedures in clause 6.3.3, and shall continue with the remaining steps if the procedures in clause 6.3.3 were successful; or
- b) if the group identity is associated with a user or group regroup based on a preconfigured group:
 - i) shall retrieve the stored information for the group identity; and
 - ii) if there is no stored information for the group identity, the controlling MCDData function:
 - A) shall return a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text set to "163 the group identity indicated in the request does not exist" as specified in clause 4.4 "Warning header field" and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;

NOTE 4: The user or group regroup can have been removed very recently and the client has sent the group call request prior to receiving the removal notification.

- c) if the group document contains a <list-service> element that contains a <preconfigured-group-use-only> element that is set to the value "true", shall reject the SIP request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "167 call is not allowed on the preconfigured group" as specified in clause 4.9 "Warning header field" and shall skip the rest of this procedure;
- d) if the <on-network-disabled> element is present in the group document, shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "115 group is disabled" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- e) if the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <list-service> element in the group document does not contain an <mcdata-mcdata-id> element with a "uri" attribute matching the MCDData ID of the originating user contained in the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the SIP MESSAGE request, shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "116 user is not part of the MCDData group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- f) if the <list-service> element contains a <mcdata-allow-short-data-service> element in the group document set to a value of "false", shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "206 short data service not allowed for this group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;

- g) if the <supported-services> element is not present in the group document or is present and contains a <service> element containing an "enabler" attribute which is not set to the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds", shall send a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable) response with the warning text set to "207 SDS services not supported for this group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- h) if the group referred to by the group identity has been regrouped:
 - i) send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "148 group is regrouped " in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
 - ii) if the group referred to by the group identity has been regrouped based on a preconfigured group, shall send a copy of the notifying SIP MESSAGE that was generated and sent per clause 23.2.4.1 to the participating function for the MCDData ID of the incoming SIP MESSAGE request; and
 - iii) skip the rest of the steps;
- i) if the MCDData server group SDS procedures in clause 11.1 indicate that the user identified by the MCDData ID:
 - i) is not allowed to send group MCDData communications on this group identity as determined by step 2) of clause 11.1, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response, with warning text set to "201 user not authorised to transmit data on this group identity" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
 - ii) is not allowed to send group MCDData communications on this group identity due to exceeding the maximum amount of data that can be sent in a single request as determined by step 8) of clause 11.1, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP MESSAGE request, with warning text set to "208 user not authorised for MCDData communications on this group identity due to exceeding the maximum amount of data that can be sent in a single request" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause; and
 - iii) is not allowed to send SDS communications on this group identity due to message size as determined by step 5) of clause 11.1, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP MESSAGE request, with warning text set to "217 user not authorised for SDS communications on this group identity due to message size" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
- j) if:
 - i) the originating user identified by the MCDData ID is not affiliated to the group identity contained in the SIP MESSAGE request, as specified in clause 6.3.5;
 - ii) the group identity contained in the SIP MESSAGE request refers to a user regroup based on a preconfigured group and the originating user is not a member of that user regroup; or
 - iii) the group identity contained in an <mcdata-calling-group-id> element of the SIP MESSAGE request is not a constituent group of the group identity contained in the SIP MESSAGE request;

NOTE 5: If the SIP MESSAGE is for a temporary group or a group regroup based on preconfigured group, the affiliation of the calling user to the constituent group has been assured by the non-controlling MCDData function of the constituent group before forwarding this SIP MESSAGE to the controlling function of the regroup.

shall return a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "120 user is not affiliated to this group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and skip the rest of the steps below;

- k) if the group identity in the SIP MESSAGE request for standalone SDS for controlling MCDData function is not a TGI nor the identity of a group regroup based on a preconfigured group:
 - i) shall determine the targeted group members for the MCDData standalone SDS by following the procedures in clause 6.3.4;

- ii) if the procedures in clause 6.3.4 result in no affiliated members found in the selected MCDData group, shall return a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "198 no users are affiliated to this group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and skip the rest of the steps below; and
- iii) shall send SIP MESSAGE requests to the targeted group members identified in step h) above by following the procedure in clause 9.2.2.4.1.1; and
- l) if the group identity in the SIP MESSAGE request for standalone SDS for controlling MCDData function is a TGI or the identity of a group regroup based on a preconfigured group:
 - i) shall, for each of the constituent MCDData groups except for the calling MCDData group identified in the <mcddata-calling-group-id> element of the incoming SIP MESSAGE, generate a SIP INVITE request towards the MCDData server that owns the constituent MCDData group identity by following the procedures in clause 9.2.2.4.1.2; and

NOTE 6: The MCDData server that the SIP MESSAGE request is sent to acts as a non-controlling MCDData function;

- 7) shall generate a SIP 202 (Accepted) response in response to the "SIP MESSAGE request for standalone SDS for controlling MCDData function"; and
- 8) shall send the SIP 202 (Accepted) response towards the originating participating or non-controlling MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

9.2.2.5 Non-controlling function of an MCVideo group procedures

9.2.2.5.1 Terminating procedure

Upon receiving a SIP MESSAGE for standalone SDS from the controlling MCDData function, the non-controlling MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response, may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4], and shall skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall retrieve the group document associated with the group identified in the <mcddata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-regroup+xml MIME body in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request by following the procedures in clause 6.3.3, and shall continue with the remaining steps if the procedures in clause 6.3.3 were successful;
- 3) shall send a SIP 200 (OK) response in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 4) shall determine the targeted group members of the constituent group for the MCDData standalone SDS by following the procedures in clause 6.3.4; and
- 5) for each of the targeted group members:
 - a) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
 - b) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcddata.sds media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters in accordance with IETF RFC 3841 [8] in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
 - c) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.sds" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" in accordance with IETF RFC 3841 [8] in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
 - d) shall copy the following MIME bodies in the received SIP MESSAGE request into the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request by following the guidelines in clause 6.4:
 - i) application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body;
 - ii) application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-signalling MIME body; and
 - iii) application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-payload MIME body

- e) in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body:
 - i) shall set the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData ID of the targeted terminating MCDData user;
 - ii) shall set the <associated-group-id> element to the group identity of the constituent group received in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the incoming SIP MESSAGE request; and
 - iii) shall set the <mcdata-calling-group-id> element to the group identity of the group regroup received in the <mcdata-calling-group-id> element of the incoming SIP MESSAGE request;
- f) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function associated to the targeted terminating MCDData user;

NOTE 1: The public service identity can identify the terminating participating MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 2: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 4: How the controlling MCDData function determines the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 5: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- g) shall include a P-Asserted-Service header field with the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds"; and
- h) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

9.2.2.5.2 Originating procedure

Upon receiving a SIP MESSAGE for group standalone SDS from the participating MCDData function, the non-controlling MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The controlling MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4]. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps;
- 2) if the SIP MESSAGE does not contain:
 - a) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body;
 - b) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body; and
 - c) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-payload MIME body;
 shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response, with warning text set to "199 expected MIME bodies not in the request" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
- 3) shall retrieve the group document associated with the group identified in the <associated-group-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP MESSAGE request by following the procedures in clause 6.3.3, and shall continue with the remaining steps if the procedures in clause 6.3.3 were successful;
 - a) if the group document contains a <list-service> element that contains a <preconfigured-group-use-only> element that is set to the value "true", shall reject the SIP request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with

- the warning text set to "167 call is not allowed on the preconfigured group" as specified in clause 4.9 "Warning header field" and shall skip the rest of this procedure;
- b) if the <on-network-disabled> element is present in the group document, shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "115 group is disabled" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
 - c) if the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <list-service> element in the group document does not contain an <mcddata-mcddata-id> element with a "uri" attribute matching the MCDData ID of the originating user contained in the <mcddata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body in the SIP MESSAGE request, shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "116 user is not part of the MCDData group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
 - d) if the <list-service> element contains a <mcddata-allow-short-data-service> element in the group document set to a value of "false", shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "206 short data service not allowed for this group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
 - e) if the <supported-services> element is not present in the group document or is present and contains a <service> element containing an "enabler" attribute which is not set to the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.sds", shall send a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable) response with the warning text set to "207 SDS services not supported for this group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
 - f) if the MCDData server group SDS procedures in clause 11.1 indicate that the user identified by the MCDData ID:
 - i) is not allowed to send group MCDData communications on this group identity as determined by step 2) of clause 11.1, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response, with warning text set to "201 user not authorised to transmit data on this group identity" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
 - ii) is not allowed to send group MCDData communications on this group identity due to exceeding the maximum amount of data that can be sent in a single request as determined by step 8) of clause 11.1, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP MESSAGE request, with warning text set to "208 user not authorised for MCDData communications on this group identity due to exceeding the maximum amount of data that can be sent in a single request" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause; and
 - iii) is not allowed to send SDS communications on this group identity due to message size as determined by step 5) of clause 11.1, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP MESSAGE request, with warning text set to "217 user not authorised for SDS communications on this group identity due to message size" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause; and
 - g) if the originating user identified by the MCDData ID is not affiliated to the group identity contained in the <associated-group-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP MESSAGE request, as specified in clause 6.3.5, shall return a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "120 user is not affiliated to this group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and skip the rest of the steps;
- 4) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 5) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function associated with the MCDData group identity in the <mcddata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body in the SIP MESSAGE request

NOTE 1: The public service identity can identify the controlling MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 2: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 4: How the participating MCDData function determines the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 5: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- 6) shall copy all MIME bodies included in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request to the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- 7) shall set the <mcddata-calling-group-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the identity of the group identified in the <associated-group-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP MESSAGE request;
- 8) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.sds" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), into the P-Asserted-Service header field of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- 9) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function; and
- 10) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request to the controlling MCDData function as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 4xx, 5xx or 6xx response to the SIP MESSAGE request sent to the controlling MCDData function in step 10) the non-controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall forward the SIP response to the originating participating MCDData function in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 202 (Accepted) response to the SIP MESSAGE request sent to the controlling MCDData function in step 10) the non-controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP 202 (Accepted) response to the received SIP MESSAGE for group standalone SDS from the participating MCDData function as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall determine the targeted group members of the constituent group for the MCDData standalone SDS by following the procedures in clause 6.3.4; and
- 3) for each of the targeted group members:
 - a) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
 - b) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcddata.sds media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters in accordance with IETF RFC 3841 [8] in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
 - c) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.sds" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" in accordance with IETF RFC 3841 [8] in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
 - d) shall copy the following MIME bodies in the received SIP MESSAGE request into the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request by following the guidelines in clause 6.4:
 - i) application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body;
 - ii) application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-signalling MIME body; and
 - iii) application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-payload MIME body
 - e) in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body:
 - i) shall set the <mcddata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData ID of the targeted terminating MCDData user;

- ii) shall set the <associated-group-id> element to the group identity of the constituent group received in the <associated-group-id> element of the incoming SIP MESSAGE request; and
- iii) shall set the <mcddata-calling-group-id> element to the group identity of the group regroup received in the <mcddata-request-uri> element of the incoming SIP MESSAGE request;
- f) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function associated with the targeted terminating MCDData user;

NOTE 6: The public service identity can identify the terminating participating MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 7: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 8: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 9: How the controlling MCDData function determines the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 10: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- g) shall include a P-Asserted-Service header field with the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.sds"; and
- h) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

9.2.3 Standalone SDS using media plane

9.2.3.1 General

The procedures in the clauses of the parent clause are used by a MCDData functional entity to send or receive:

- a one-to-one standalone SDS message using the media control plane; or
- a group standalone SDS message using the media control plane.

The procedures in the clauses of the parent clause are applicable to establish an on-demand standalone SDS using media plane.

9.2.3.2 MCDData client procedures

9.2.3.2.1 SDP offer generation

When composing an SDP offer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 4975 [17], IETF RFC 6135 [19] and IETF RFC 6714 [20] the MCDData client:

- 1) shall include an "m=message" media-level section for the MCDData media stream consisting of:
 - a) the port number;
 - b) a protocol field value of "TCP/MSRP", or "TCP/TLS/MSRP" for TLS;
 - c) a format list field set to '*';
 - d) an "a=sendonly" attribute;
 - e) an "a=path" attribute containing its own MSRP URI;

- f) set the content type as "a=accept-types:application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-payload"; and
 - g) set the a=setup attribute as "actpass"; and
- 2) if end-to-end security is required for a one-to-one communication and the security context does not exist or if the existing security context has expired, shall include the MIKEY-SAKKE_I_MESSAGE in an "a=key-mgmt" attribute as a "mikey" attribute value in the SDP offer as specified in IETF RFC 4567 [45].

9.2.3.2.2 SDP answer generation

When the MCDData client receives an initial SDP offer for an MCDData standalone SDS, the MCDData client shall process the SDP offer and shall compose an SDP answer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 4975 [17].

When composing an SDP answer, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall include an "m=message" media-level section for the accepted MCDData media stream consisting of:
 - a) the port number;
 - b) a protocol field value of "TCP/MSRP", or "TCP/TLS/MSRP" for TLS according to the received SDP offer;
 - c) a format list field set to '*';
 - d) an "a=recvonly" attribute;
 - e) an "a=path" attribute containing its own MSRP URI;
 - f) set the content type as a=accept-types: application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-payload; and
 - g) set the a=setup attribute according to IETF RFC 6135 [19].

9.2.3.2.3 MCDData client originating procedures

If a group standalone SDS message is to be sent, the MCDData client shall determine whether the group document contains a <list-service> element that contains a <preconfigured-group-use-only> element. If a <preconfigured-group-use-only> element exists and is set to the value "true", then the MCDData client:

- 1) should indicate to the MCDData user that a group standalone SDS message is not allowed on the indicated group; and
- 2) shall skip the remainder of this procedure.

The MCDData client shall generate a SIP INVITE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications given below.

The MCDData client:

- 1) shall include the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag and the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" in the Contact header field of the SIP INVITE request according to IETF RFC 3840 [16];
- 2) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 3) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 4) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7] in the SIP INVITE request;
- 5) should include the "timer" option tag in the Supported header field;

- 6) should include the Session-Expires header field according to IETF RFC 4028 [38]. It is recommended that the "refresher" header field parameter is omitted. If included, the "refresher" header field parameter shall be set to "uac";
- 7) if a one-to-one standalone SDS message is to be sent:
 - a) shall insert in the SIP INVITE request an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with the MCDData ID of the invited MCDData user or the functional alias to be called in the "uri" attribute of an <entry> element of a <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body, according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 5366 [18];

NOTE 1: The MCDData client indicates whether an MCDData ID or a functional alias is to be called as specified in step 7) b) below.

- b) shall contain an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with:
 - i) the <request-type> element set to a value of "one-to-one-sds"; and
 - ii) an <anyExt> element containing:
 - A) the <call-to-functional-alias-ind> element set to "true" if the functional alias is used as a target of the call request;
 - B) if the MCDData client is aware of active functional aliases and if an active functional alias is to be included in the SIP INVITE request, the <functional-alias-URI> element set to the URI of the used functional alias; and
 - C) if the MCDData user has requested an application priority, the <user-requested-priority> element set to the user provided value; and

NOTE 2: The MCDData client learns the functional aliases that are activated for an MCDData ID from procedures specified in clause 22.2.1.3.

- c) if an end-to-end security context needs to be established and the security context does not exist or if the existing security context has expired, then:
 - i) if necessary, shall instruct the key management client to request keying material from the key management server as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - ii) shall use the keying material to generate a PCK as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - iii) shall use the PCK to generate a PCK-ID with the four most significant bits set to "0001" to indicate that the purpose of the PCK is to protect one-to-one communications and with the remaining twenty eight bits being randomly generated as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - iv) shall encrypt the PCK to a UID associated to the MCDData client using the MCDData ID of the invited user and a time related parameter as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - v) shall generate a MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE using the encapsulated PCK and PCK-ID as specified in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - vi) shall add the MCDData ID of the originating MCDData to the initiator field (IDRi) of the I_MESSAGE as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]; and
 - vii) shall sign the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE using the originating MCDData user's signing key provided in the keying material together with a time related parameter, and add this to the MIKEY-SAKKE payload, as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
- 8) if a group standalone SDS message is to be sent:
 - a) if the "/<x>/<x>/Common/MCDData/AllowedSDS" leaf node present in the group document of the requested MCDData group as specified in 3GPP TS 24.483 [42] is set to "false", shall reject the request to send SDS and not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause; and

- b) shall contain in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with:
 - i) the <request-type> element set to a value of "group-sds";
 - ii) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData group identity;
 - iii) the <mcdata-client-id> element set to the MCDData client ID of the originating MCDData client;

NOTE 3: The MCDData client does not include the MCDData ID of the originating MCDData user in the body, as this will be inserted into the body of the SIP INVITE request that is sent from the originating participating MCDData function.

- iv) an <anyExt> element containing:
 - A) if the MCDData client is aware of active functional aliases and if an active functional alias is to be included in the SIP INVITE request, may include the <functional-alias-URI> element set to the URI of the used functional alias; and
 - B) if the MCDData user has requested an application priority, the <user-requested-priority> element set to the user provided value;
- 9) shall set the Request-URI of the SIP INVITE request to the public service identity identifying the participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;

NOTE 4: The MCDData client is configured with public service identity identifying the participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user.

- 10) may include a P-Preferred-Identity header field in the SIP INVITE request containing a public user identity as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 11) shall include an SDP offer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications given in clause 9.2.3.2.1; and
- 12) shall send the SIP INVITE request towards the MCDData server according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receipt of a SIP 2xx response to the SIP INVITE request, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall send a SIP ACK request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall start the SIP Session timer according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38]; and
- 3) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 6.1.1.2.

Upon receiving a SIP 300 (Multiple Choices) response to the SIP INVITE request the MCDData client shall use the MCDData ID of MCDData user contained in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the received application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body as the MCDData ID of the invited MCDData user and shall generate an initial SIP INVITE request by following the UE originating session procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], with the clarifications given in this clause and with the following additional clarifications:

- 1) shall insert in the newly generated SIP INVITE request an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with the MCDData ID of the invited MCDData user in the "uri" attribute of the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body where the MCDData ID is found in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body in the received SIP 300 (Multiple Choices) response;
- 2) shall not include a <call-to-functional-alias-ind> element into the <anyExt> element of the <mcdata-Params> element of the <mcdatainfo> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and
- 3) shall include a <called-functional-alias-URI> element into the <anyExt> element of the <mcdata-Params> element of the <mcdatainfo> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the target functional alias used in the initial SIP INVITE request for establishing a session for sending one-to-one standalone SDS message.

On receipt of a SIP 4xx response, a SIP 5xx response or a SIP 6xx response to the SIP INVITE request:

- 1) shall indicate to the MCDData user that the SDS message could not be sent; and

- 2) shall send a SIP ACK request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receipt of an indication from the media plane indicating that the standalone SDS message was not sent successfully, the MCDData client shall:

- 1) shall generate a SIP BYE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with:
 - a) Reason code set to "SIP";
 - b) cause set to "480"; and
 - c) text set to "transmission failed";
- 2) shall set the Request-URI to the MCDData session identity to release; and
- 3) shall send a SIP BYE request towards MCDData server according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receipt of an indication from the media plane indicating that the standalone SDS message has been successfully transferred, the MCDData client shall:

- 1) shall generate a SIP BYE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with:
 - a) Reason code set to "SIP";
 - b) cause set to "200"; and
 - c) text set to "transmission succeeded";
- 2) shall set the Request-URI to the MCDData session identity to release; and
- 3) shall send a SIP BYE request towards MCDData server according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP BYE request, the MCDData client shall interact with the media plane and indicate to terminate the session, as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15].

9.2.3.2.4 MCDData client terminating procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP INVITE request for standalone SDS over media plane for terminating MCDData client" request, the MCDData client shall follow the procedures for termination of multimedia sessions in the IM CN subsystem as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications below.

The MCDData client:

- 1) may reject the SIP INVITE request if either of the following conditions are met:
 - a) MCDData client does not have enough resources to handle the call; or
 - b) any other reason outside the scope of this specification;and skip the rest of the steps after step 2;
- 2) if the SIP INVITE request is rejected in step 1), shall respond toward participating MCDData function either with appropriate reject code as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and warning texts as specified in clause 4.9 or with SIP 480 (Temporarily unavailable) response not including warning texts if the user is authorised to restrict the reason for failure and skip the rest of the steps of this clause;
- 3) if the SDP offer of the SIP INVITE request contains an "a=key-mgmt" attribute field with a "mikey" attribute value containing a MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE:
 - a) shall extract the MCDData ID of the originating MCDData user from the initiator field (IDRi) of the I_MESSAGE as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - b) shall convert the MCDData ID to a UID as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - c) shall use the UID to validate the signature of the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];

- d) if authentication verification of the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE fails, shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response as specified in IETF RFC 4567 [45], and include warning text set to "136 authentication of the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE failed" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and not continue with rest of the steps in this clause; and
- e) if the signature of the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE was successfully validated:
 - i) shall extract and decrypt the encapsulated PCK using the terminating user's (KMS provisioned) UID key as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]; and
 - ii) shall extract the PCK-ID, from the payload as specified in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];

NOTE: With the PCK successfully shared between the originating MCDData client and the terminating MCDData client, both clients are able to create an end-to-end secure session.

- 3A) may display to the MCDData user the MCDData ID of the inviting MCDData user and the type of SDS request;
- 4) shall accept the SIP INVITE request and generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 5) shall include the option tag "timer" in a Require header field of the SIP 200 (OK) response;
- 6) shall include the Session-Expires header field in the SIP 200 (OK) response and start the SIP session timer according to IETF RFC 4028 [38]. The "refresher" parameter in the Session-Expires header field shall be set to "uas";
- 7) shall include the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag in the Contact header field of the SIP 200 (OK) response;
- 8) shall include the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" in the Contact header field of the SIP 200 (OK) response;
- 9) shall include an SDP answer in the SIP 200 (OK) response to the SDP offer in the incoming SIP INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications given in clause 9.2.3.2.2; and
- 10) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response towards the MCDData server according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receipt of an SIP ACK message to the sent SIP 200 (OK) message, the MCDData client shall:

- 1) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 6.1.1.3.

9.2.3.3 Participating MCDData function procedures

9.2.3.3.1 SDP offer generation

The SDP offer is generated based on the received SDP offer. The SDP offer generated by the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall contain only one SDP media-level section for SDS message as contained in the received SDP offer; and
- 2) shall contain an "a=key-mgmt" attribute field with a "mikey" attribute value, if present in the received SDP offer.

When composing the SDP offer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall replace the IP address and port number for the offered media stream in the received SDP offer with the IP address and port number of the participating MCDData function, if required; and

NOTE 1: Requirements can exist for the participating MCDData function to be always included in the path of the offered media stream, for example: for the support of features such as MBMS, lawful interception and recording. Other examples can exist.

NOTE 2: If the participating MCDData function and the controlling MCDData function are in the same MCDData server, and the participating MCDData function does not have a dedicated IP address or a dedicated port number for media stream, the replacement of the IP address or the port number is omitted.

- 2) if the IP address is replaced, shall insert its MSRP URI before the MSRP URI in the "a=path" attribute in the SDP offer.

9.2.3.3.2 SDP answer generation

When composing the SDP answer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], the participating MCDATA function:

- 1) shall replace the IP address and port number in the received SDP answer with the IP address and port number of the participating MCDATA function, for the accepted media stream in the received SDP offer, if required; and

NOTE 1: Requirements can exist for the participating MCDATA function to be always included in the path of the offered media stream, for example: for the support of features such as MBMS, lawful interception and recording. Other examples can exist.

NOTE 2: If the participating MCDATA function and the controlling MCDATA function are in the same MCDATA server, and the participating MCDATA function does not have a dedicated IP address or a dedicated port number for media stream, the replacement of the IP address or the port number is omitted.

- 2) if the IP address is replaced shall insert its MSRP URI before the MSRP URI in the "a=path" attribute in the SDP answer.

9.2.3.3.3 Originating participating MCDATA function procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP INVITE request for standalone SDS over media plane for originating participating MCDATA function", the participating MCDATA function:

- 1) if unable to process the request, may reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDATA function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;

NOTE 1: if the SIP INVITE request contains an emergency indication or an imminent peril indication set to a value of "true" and this is an authorised request for originating a priority communication as determined by clause 6.3.7.2.6, the participating MCDATA function can, according to local policy, choose to accept the request.

- 2) shall determine the MCDATA ID of the calling user from the public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP INVITE request, and shall authorise the calling user;

NOTE 2: The MCDATA ID of the calling user is bound to the public user identity at the time of service authorisation, as documented in clause 7.3.

- 3) if the participating MCDATA function cannot find a binding between the public user identity and an MCDATA ID or if the validity period of an existing binding has expired, then the participating MCDATA function shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text set to "141 user unknown to the participating function" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with any of the remaining steps;
- 4) if the <request-type> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP INVITE request is:
 - a) set to a value of "group-sds", shall determine the public service identity of the controlling MCDATA function associated with the MCDATA group identity in the <mcddata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body in the SIP INVITE request; or
 - b) set to a value of "one-to-one-sds", shall determine the public service identity of the controlling MCDATA function hosting the one-to-one standalone SDS over media plane service for the calling user;
- 5) if unable to identify the controlling MCDATA function for standalone SDS over media plane, it shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text "142 unable to determine the controlling function" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with any of the remaining steps;
- 6) shall determine whether the MCDATA user identified by the MCDATA ID
 - a) is authorised for MCDATA communications by following the procedures in clause 11.1; and

b) is not allowed to initiate one-to-one MCDATA communications to the targeted user as determined by step 1a) of clause 11.1, shall reject the "SIP INVITE request for standalone SDS over media plane for originating participating MCDATA function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "229 one-to-one MCDATA communication not authorised to the targeted user" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;

7) if the procedures in clause 11.1 indicate that the user identified by the MCDATA ID is not allowed to initiate MCDATA communications, shall reject the "SIP INVITE request for standalone SDS over media plane for originating participating MCDATA function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP INVITE request, with warning text set to "200 user not authorised to transmit data" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;

8) shall generate a SIP INVITE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];

9) shall include the option tag "timer" in the Supported header field;

10) should include the Session-Expires header field according to IETF RFC 4028 [38]. It is recommended that the "refresher" header field parameter is omitted. If included, the "refresher" header field parameter shall be set to "uac";

11) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP INVITE request to the public service identity of the controlling MCDATA function as determined by step 4) in this clause;

NOTE 3: The public service identity can identify the controlling MCDATA function in the local MCDATA system or in an interconnected MCDATA system.

NOTE 4: If the controlling MCDATA function is in an interconnected MCDATA system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDATA gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDATA system from the local MCDATA system.

NOTE 5: If the controlling MCDATA function is in an interconnected MCDATA system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDATA system can route the SIP request through an MCDATA gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDATA system to the interconnected MCDATA system.

NOTE 6: How the participating MCDATA function determines the public service identity of the controlling MCDATA function serving the target MCDATA ID or of the MCDATA gateway server in the interconnected MCDATA system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 7: How the local MCDATA system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDATA gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

12) shall include the MCDATA ID of the originating user in the <mcddata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the outgoing SIP INVITE request;

12A) if the incoming SIP INVITE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body that contains a <functional-alias-URI> element, shall check if the status of the functional alias is activated for the MCDATA ID. If the functional alias status is activated, then the participating MCDATA function shall set the <functional-alias-URI> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP INVITE request to the received value, otherwise shall not include a <functional-alias-URI> element;

13) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.sds" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), into the P-Asserted-Service header field of the outgoing SIP INVITE request;

14) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP INVITE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDATA function;

15) shall include in the SIP INVITE request an SDP offer based on the SDP offer in the received SIP INVITE request from the MCDATA client as specified in clause 9.2.3.3.1; and

16) shall send the SIP INVITE request as specified to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 200 (OK) response in response to the SIP INVITE request in step 16):

1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];

2) shall include in the SIP 200 (OK) response an SDP answer as specified in the clause 9.2.3.3.2;

- 3) shall include the option tag "timer" in a Require header field;
- 4) shall include the Session-Expires header field according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38], "UAS Behavior". If the "refresher" parameter is not included in the received request, the "refresher" parameter in the Session-Expires header field shall be set to "uac";
- 5) shall include the following in the Contact header field:
 - a) the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag;
 - b) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds";
and
 - c) the isfocus media feature tag;
- 6) shall include Warning header field(s) that were received in the incoming SIP 200 (OK) response;
- 7) shall include an MCDData session identity mapped to the MCDData session identity provided in the Contact header field of the received SIP 200 (OK) response;
- 8) if the incoming SIP 200 (OK) response contained an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body to the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response.
- 9) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function; and
- 10) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 6.2.1.4
- 11) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 12) shall start the SIP Session timer according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38].

Upon receipt of a SIP 4xx, 5xx or 6xx response to the SIP INVITE request in step 16) the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include Warning header field(s) that were received in the incoming SIP response; and
- 3) shall forward the SIP response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

9.2.3.3.4 Terminating participating MCDData function procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP INVITE request for standalone SDS over media plane for terminating participating MCDData function", the participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request, may reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;

NOTE: If the SIP INVITE request contains an emergency indication or an imminent peril indication set to a value of "true" and this is an authorised request for originating a priority communication as determined by clause 6.3.7.2.6, the participating MCDData function can, according to local policy, choose to accept the request.

- 2) shall check the presence of the isfocus media feature tag in the URI of the Contact header field and if it is not present then the participating MCDData function shall reject the request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "104 isfocus not assigned" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 3) shall use the MCDData ID present in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP INVITE request to retrieve the binding between the MCDData ID and public user identity of the terminating MCDData user;

- 4) if the binding between the MCDData ID and public user identity of the terminating MCDData user does not exist, then the participating MCDData function shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 4A) if the <IncomingOne-to-OneCommunicationList> element exists in the MCDData user profile document with one or more <One-to-One-CommunicationListEntry> elements (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) and:
 - i) if the <mcddata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP INVITE request does not match with the <entry> element of any of the <One-to-One-CommunicationListEntry> elements in the <IncomingOne-to-OneCommunicationList> element of the MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]); and
 - ii) if configuration is not set in the MCDData user profile document that allows the MCDData user to receive one-to-one MCDData communication from any user (see <allow-one-to-one-communication-from-any-user> element in MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]);then:
 - i) shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "230 one-to-one MCDData communication not authorised from this originating user" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 5) shall generate a SIP INVITE request accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 6) should include the Session-Expires header field according to IETF RFC 4028 [38]. It is recommended that the "refresher" header field parameter is omitted. If included, the "refresher" header field parameter shall be set to "uac";
- 7) shall include the option tag "timer" in the Supported header field;
- 8) shall include the following in the Contact header field:
 - a) the g.3gpp.mcddata.sds media feature tag;
 - b) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.sds";
 - c) the isfocus media feature tag;
 - d) an MCDData session identity mapped to the MCDData session identity provided in the Contact header field of the incoming SIP INVITE request; and
 - e) any other uri-parameter provided in the Contact header field of the incoming SIP INVITE request;
- 9) shall include in the SIP INVITE request all Accept-Contact header fields and all Reject-Contact header fields, with their feature tags and their corresponding values along with parameters according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 3841 [8] that were received (if any) in the incoming SIP INVITE request;
- 10) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP INVITE request to the public user identity associated to the MCDData ID of the terminating MCDData user;
- 11) shall populate the outgoing SIP INVITE request with the MIME bodies that were present in the incoming SIP INVITE request;
- 12) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP INVITE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function;
- 13) shall include in the SIP INVITE request an SDP offer based on the SDP offer in the received "SIP INVITE request for standalone SDS over media plane for terminating participating MCDData function" as specified in clause 9.2.3.3.1; and
- 14) shall send the SIP INVITE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 200 (OK) response in response to the above SIP INVITE request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include in the SIP 200 (OK) response an SDP answer based on the SDP answer in the received SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in clause 9.2.3.3.2;
- 3) shall include the option tag "timer" in a Require header field;
- 4) shall include the Session-Expires header field according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38], "UAS Behavior". If no "refresher" parameter was included in the SIP INVITE request, the "refresher" parameter in the Session-Expires header field shall be set to "uas";
- 5) shall include the following in the Contact header field:
 - a) the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag;
 - b) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds"; and
 - c) an MCDData session identity mapped to the MCDData session identity provided in the Contact header field of the received SIP INVITE request from the controlling MCDData function;
- 6) if the incoming SIP response contained an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body to the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response.
- 7) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function;
- 8) shall start the SIP Session timer according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38];
- 9) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 6.2.1.5; and
- 10) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the controlling MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 4xx, 5xx or 6xx response to the above SIP INVITE request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include Warning header field(s) that were received in the incoming SIP response; and
- 3) shall forward the SIP response to the controlling MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

9.2.3.4 Controlling MCDData function procedures

9.2.3.4.1 SDP offer generation

When composing an SDP offer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 4975 [17], IETF RFC 6135 [19] and IETF RFC 6714 [20] the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall include an "m=message" media-level section for the MCDData media stream received from the originating MCDData client consisting of:
 - a) the port number;
 - b) a protocol field value of "TCP/MSRP" or "TCP/TLS/MSRP" for TLS;
 - c) a format list field set to '*';
 - d) an "a=sendonly" attribute;
 - e) an "a=path" attribute containing its own MSRP URI;
 - f) set the content type as "a=accept-types:application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-payload"; and
 - g) set the a=setup attribute as "actpass".

9.2.3.4.2 SDP answer generation

When composing the SDP answer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall include an "m=message" media-level section for the accepted MCDData media stream consisting of:
 - a) the port number;
 - b) a protocol field value of "TCP/MSRP" or "TCP/TLS/MSRP" for TLS according to the received SDP offer;
 - c) a format list field set to '*';
 - d) an "a=recvonly" attribute;
 - e) an "a=path" attribute containing its own MSRP URI;
 - f) set the content type as a=accept-types: application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-payload; and
 - g) set the a=setup attribute set to "passive" according to IETF RFC 6135 [19].

9.2.3.4.3 Originating controlling MCDData function procedures

This clause describes the procedures for inviting an MCDData user to an MCDData session. The procedure is initiated by the controlling MCDData function as the result of an action in clause 9.2.3.4.4.

The controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include the Supported header field set to "timer";
- 3) should include the Session-Expires header field according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38]. The refresher parameter shall be omitted;
- 4) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 5) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 6) shall include a Referred-By header field with the public user identity of the inviting MCDData client;
- 7) shall include in the Contact header field an MCDData session identity for the MCDData session with the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag, the isfocus media feature tag and the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" according to IETF RFC 3840 [16];
- 8) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP INVITE request:
 - a) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData ID of the terminating user; and
 - b) the <mcdata-calling-group-id> element set to the group identity;
- 9) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function associated to the MCDData user to be invited;

NOTE 1: The public service identity can identify the terminating participating MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 2: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 4: How the controlling MCDData function determines the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 5: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

10) shall set the P-Asserted-Identity header field to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function;

11) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service-Id header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7] in the SIP INVITE request;

12) shall include in the SIP INVITE request an SDP offer based on the SDP offer in the received SIP INVITE request from the originating client according to the procedures specified in clause 9.2.3.4.1; and

13) shall send the SIP INVITE request towards the terminating client in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response for the SIP INVITE request the controlling MCDData function:

1) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 6.3.1.

NOTE 6: The procedures executed by the controlling MCDData function prior to sending a response to the inviting MCDData client are specified in clause 9.2.3.4.4.

9.2.3.4.4 Terminating controlling MCDData function procedures

In the procedures in this clause:

- 1) MCDData ID in an incoming SIP INVITE request refers to the MCDData ID of the originating user from the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP INVITE request;
- 2) group identity in an incoming SIP INVITE request refers to the group identity from the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP INVITE request; and
- 3) MCDData ID in an outgoing SIP INVITE request refers to the MCDData ID of the called user in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the outgoing SIP INVITE request;

Upon receipt of a "SIP INVITE request for controlling MCDData function for standalone SDS over media plane", the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The controlling MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 1A) if the group document contains a <list-service> element that contains a <preconfigured-group-use-only> element that is set to the value "true", shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "167 call is not allowed on the preconfigured group" as specified in clause 4.9 "Warning header field" and shall skip the rest of this procedure;
- 2) shall determine if the media parameters are acceptable and the MSRP URI is offered in the SDP offer and if not reject the request with a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response and skip the rest of the steps;
- 3) shall reject the SIP request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response and not process the remaining steps if:
 - a) an Accept-Contact header field does not include the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag; or
 - b) an Accept-Contact header field does not include the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds";
- 4) shall cache SIP feature tags, if received in the Contact header field and if the specific feature tags are supported;
- 5) shall start the SIP Session timer according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38];

- 6) if the <request-type> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP INVITE request is set to a value of "one-to-one-sds" and the SIP INVITE request:
- a) does not contain an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body or contains an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with more than one <entry> element in the set of <list> elements in the <resource-lists> element, shall return a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "204 unable to determine targeted user for one-to-one SDS" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and skip the rest of the steps below;
 - a1) if the <anyExt> element of the <mcdata-Params> element of the <mcdatainfo> element of an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body contains an <call-to-functional-alias-ind> element set to a value of "true":
 - i) shall identify the MCDData ID(s) of the MCDData user(s) that have activated the called functional alias received in the "uri" attribute of the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body of the SIP INVITE request by performing the actions specified in clause 22.2.2.2.8, and:
 - A) if unable to determine any MCDData ID that has activated the called functional alias received in the "uri" attribute of the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body of the SIP INVITE, shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "145 unable to determine called party" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps; and
 - B) selects one of the identified MCDData IDs, and shall send a SIP 300 (Multiple Choices) response to the SIP INVITE request populated according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3261 [4] with:
 - I) a Contact header field containing a SIP URI for the MCDData session identity; and
 - II) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body with a <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the selected MCDData ID and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;

NOTE 1: How the controlling MCDData function selects the appropriate MCDData ID is implementation-specific.

- b) contains an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with exactly one <entry> element in the set of <list> elements in the <resource-lists> element, shall invite the MCDData user identified by the "uri" attribute of the <entry> element in the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body, as specified in clause 9.2.3.4.3; and
 - c) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 6.3.1;
- 7) if the <request-type> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP INVITE request is set to a value of "group-sds":
- a) shall retrieve the necessary group document(s) from the group management server for the group identity contained in the SIP INVITE request and carry out initial processing as specified in clause 6.3.3, and shall continue with the remaining steps if the procedures in clause 6.3.3 were successful;
 - b) if the <on-network-disabled> element is present in the group document, shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "115 group is disabled" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
 - c) if the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <list-service> element in the group document does not contain an <mcdata-mcdata-id> element with a "uri" attribute matching the MCDData ID of the originating user contained in the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the SIP INVITE request, shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "116 user is not part of the MCDData group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
 - d) if the <list-service> element contains a <mcdata-allow-short-data-service> element in the group document set to a value of "false", shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "206 short data service not allowed for this group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;

- e) if the <supported-services> element is not present in the group document or is present and contains a <service> element containing an "enabler" attribute which is not set to the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds", shall send a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable) response with the warning text set to "207 SDS services not supported for this group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- f) if the MCDData server group SDS procedures in clause 11.1 indicate that the user identified by the MCDData ID is not allowed to send group MCDData communications on this group identity as determined by step 2) of clause 11.1, shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response, with warning text set to "201 user not authorised to transmit data on this group identity" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
- g) the originating user identified by the MCDData ID is not affiliated to the group identity contained in the SIP INVITE request, as specified in clause 6.3.5, shall return a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "120 user is not affiliated to this group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and skip the rest of the steps below;
- h) shall determine targeted group members for MCDData communications by following the procedures in clause 6.3.4;
- i) if the procedures in clause 6.3.4 result in no affiliated members found in the selected MCDData group, shall return a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "198 no users are affiliated to this group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and skip the rest of the steps below;
- j) shall invite each group member determined in step h) above, to the group session, as specified in clause 9.2.3.4.3; and
- k) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 6.3.1.

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response for a SIP INVITE request as specified in clause 9.2.3.4.3 and if the MCDData ID in the SIP 200 (OK) response matches to the MCDData ID in the corresponding SIP INVITE request. the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall invoke the procedure in clause 6.3.7.1.23 with an indication that the applicable MCDData subservice is Short Data Service using media, in order to generate a SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP INVITE request; and
- 2) shall send the generated SIP 200 (OK) response to the inviting MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

9.2.4 SDS session

9.2.4.1 General

The procedures in the clauses of the parent clause are used by a MCDData functional entity to establish:

- a one-to-one SDS session; or
- a group SDS session.

The procedures in the clauses of the parent clause are applicable to establish an on-demand SDS session.

9.2.4.2 MCDData client procedures

9.2.4.2.1 SDP offer generation

When composing an SDP offer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 4975 [17], IETF RFC 6135 [19] and IETF RFC 6714 [20] the MCDData client:

- 1) shall include an "m=message" media-level section for the MCDData media stream consisting of:
 - a) the port number;
 - b) a protocol field value of "TCP/MSRP" or "TCP/TLS/MSRP" for TLS;

- c) an "a=sendrecv" attribute;
 - d) an "a=path" attribute containing its own MSRP URI;
 - e) set the content type as "a=accept-types:application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-payload"; and
 - f) set the a=setup attribute as "actpass"; and
- 2) if end-to-end security is required for a one-to-one communication and the security context does not exist or if the existing security context has expired, shall include the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE in an "a=key-mgmt" attribute as a "mikey" attribute value in the SDP offer as specified in IETF RFC 4567 [45].

9.2.4.2.2 SDP answer generation

When the MCDData client receives an initial SDP offer for an MCDData SDS session, the MCDData client shall process the SDP offer and shall compose an SDP answer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 4975 [17].

When composing an SDP answer, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall include an "m=message" media-level section for the accepted MCDData media stream consisting of:
 - a) the port number;
 - b) a protocol field value of "TCP/MSRP" or "TCP/TLS/MSRP" for TLS according to the received SDP offer;
 - c) an "a=sendrecv" attribute;
 - d) an "a=path" attribute containing its own MSRP URI;
 - e) set the content type as a=accept-types: application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-payload; and
 - f) set the a=setup attribute according to IETF RFC 6135 [19].

9.2.4.2.3 MCDData client originating procedures

The MCDData client shall generate a SIP INVITE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications given below.

The MCDData client:

- 1) shall include the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag and the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" in the Contact header field of the SIP INVITE request according to IETF RFC 3840 [16];
- 2) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 3) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 4) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7] in the SIP INVITE request;
- 5) should include the "timer" option tag in the Supported header field;
- 6) should include the Session-Expires header field according to IETF RFC 4028 [38]. It is recommended that the "refresher" header field parameter is omitted. If included, the "refresher" header field parameter shall be set to "uac";
- 7) if a one-to-one SDS session is requested:

- a0) if the MCDData user has requested the origination of an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication or is originating an MCDData one-to-one communication and the MCDData emergency state is already set, then:
- i) if this is an authorised request for an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.3.1.1, shall comply with the procedures in clause 6.2.8.3.2; or
 - ii) if this is an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication as determined in step i) above, should indicate to the MCDData user that initiation of an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication is not authorized and shall release the generated SIP INVITE request and end the procedure;
- a) shall insert in the SIP INVITE request an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with the MCDData ID of the invited MCDData user or the functional alias to be called in the "uri" attribute of the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body, according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 5366 [18];

NOTE 0: The MCDData client indicates whether an MCDData ID or a functional alias is to be called as specified in step 7) b) below.

- b) shall contain an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with:
- i) the <request-type> element set to a value of "one-to-one-sds-session"; and
 - ii) an <anyExt> element containing:
 - A) the <call-to-functional-alias-ind> element set to "true" if the functional alias is used as a target of the call request;
 - B) if the MCDData client is aware of active functional aliases and if an active functional alias is to be included in the SIP INVITE request, the <functional-alias-URI> element set to the URI of the used functional alias; and

NOTE 0A: The MCDData client learns the functional aliases that are activated for an MCDData ID from procedures specified in clause 22.2.1.3.

- C) if the MCDData user has requested an application priority, the <user-requested-priority> element set to the user provided value;
- c) if an end-to-end security context needs to be established and the security context does not exist or if the existing security context has expired, then:
- i) if necessary, shall instruct the key management client to request keying material from the key management server as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - ii) shall use the keying material to generate a PCK as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - iii) shall use the PCK to generate a PCK-ID with the four most significant bits set to "0001" to indicate that the purpose of the PCK is to protect one-to-one communications and with the remaining twenty eight bits being randomly generated as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - iv) shall encrypt the PCK to a UID associated to the MCDData client using the MCDData ID of the invited user and a time related parameter as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - v) shall generate a MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE using the encapsulated PCK and PCK-ID as specified in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - vi) shall add the MCDData ID of the originating MCDData user to the initiator field (IDRi) of the I_MESSAGE as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]; and
 - vii) shall sign the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE using the originating MCDData user's signing key provided in the keying material together with a time related parameter, and add this to the MIKEY-SAKKE payload, as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]; and
- d) if the MCDData emergency private communication state is set to either "MDEPC 2: emergency-pc-requested" or "MDEPC 3: emergency-pc-granted" or if the MCDData emergency private priority state of this one-to-one

communication is set to a value other than "MDEPP 2: in-progress" or "MDEPP 3: confirm-pending", shall execute the procedures in clause 6.2.8.3.3 to include the Resource-Priority header field;

8) if a group SDS session is requested:

- a) if the "/<x>/<x>/Common/MCData/AllowedSDS" leaf node present in the group document of the requested MCData group as specified in 3GPP TS 24.483 [42] is set to "false", shall reject the request to send SDS and not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
 - a1) if the group document contains a <list-service> element that contains a <preconfigured-group-use-only> element that is set to the value "true":
 - i) should notify the MCData user that an SDS session is not allowed on this preconfigured group; and
 - ii) shall skip the rest of this procedure;
 - b) shall contain in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with:
 - i) the <request-type> element set to a value of "group-sds-session";
 - ii) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCData group identity;
 - iii) the <mcdata-client-id> element set to the MCData client ID of the originating MCData client; and

NOTE 1: The MCData client does not include the MCData ID of the originating MCData user in the body, as this will be inserted into the body of the SIP INVITE request that is sent from the originating participating MCData function.

- iv) if the MCData client is aware of active functional aliases, and an active functional alias is to be included in the SIP INVITE request, the <anyExt> element with the <functional-alias-URI> element set to the URI of the used functional alias;
- c) if the MCData user has requested the origination of an MCData emergency group communication or is originating an MCData pre-arranged group communication and the MCData emergency state is already set, the MCData client shall execute the procedures in clause 6.2.8.1.1;
- d) if the MCData user has requested the origination of an MCData imminent peril group communication, the MCData client shall execute the procedures in clause 6.2.8.1.9;
- e) if the MCData client emergency group state for this group is set to "MDEG 2: in-progress" or "MDEG 4: confirm-pending", the MCData client shall execute the procedures in clause 6.2.8.1.2 to include the Resource-Priority header field; and
- f) if the MCData client imminent peril group state for this group is set to "MDIG 2: in-progress" or "MDIG 4: confirm-pending", shall execute the procedures in clause 6.2.8.1.12 to include the Resource-Priority header field;

9) shall set the Request-URI of the SIP INVITE request to the public service identity identifying the participating MCData function serving the MCData user;

NOTE 2: The MCData client is configured with public service identity identifying the participating MCData function serving the MCData user.

10) may include a P-Preferred-Identity header field in the SIP INVITE request containing a public user identity as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];

11) shall include an SDP offer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications given in clause 9.2.4.2.1; and

12) shall send the SIP INVITE request towards the MCData server according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 183 (Session Progress) response to the SIP INVITE request, the MCData client:

- 1) may indicate the progress of the session establishment to the inviting MCData user.

On receipt of a SIP 2xx response to the SIP INVITE request, the MCData client:

- 0) if the response is to a SIP INVITE request for an MCDData emergency group communication or if an MCDData imminent peril group communication shall perform the actions specified in clause 6.2.8.1.4;
- 1) if the response is to a SIP INVITE request for an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication, shall perform the actions specified in clause 6.2.8.3.4;
- 2) shall send a SIP ACK request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 3) shall start the SIP Session timer according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38]; and
- 4) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 6.1.2.2.

Upon receiving a SIP 300 (Multiple Choices) response to the SIP INVITE request the MCDData client shall use the MCDData ID contained in the <mcddata-request-uri> element of the received application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info MIME body as the MCDData ID of the invited MCDData user and shall generate an initial SIP INVITE request by following the UE originating session procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], with the clarifications given in this clause and with the following additional clarifications:

- 1) shall insert in the newly generated SIP INVITE request an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with the MCDData ID of the invited MCDData user in the "uri" attribute of the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body set to the value found in the <mcddata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info MIME body in the received SIP 300 (Multiple Choices) response;
- 2) shall not include a <call-to-functional-alias-ind> element into the <anyExt> element with the <mcddata-Params> element of the <mcddatainfo> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body; and
- 3) shall include a <called-functional-alias-URI> element into the <anyExt> element with the <mcddata-Params> element of the <mcddatainfo> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body with the target functional alias used in the initial SIP INVITE request for establishing a session for sending one-to-one standalone SDS message.

On receipt of a SIP 4xx response, a SIP 5xx response or a SIP 6xx response to the SIP INVITE request, the MCDData client:

- 0) if the response is to a SIP INVITE request for an MCDData emergency group communication or an MCDData imminent peril group communication, shall perform the actions specified in clause 6.2.8.1.5;
- 1) if the response is to a SIP INVITE request for an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication, shall perform the actions specified in clause 6.2.8.3.5;
- 2) shall indicate to the MCDData user that the SDS message could not be sent; and
- 3) shall send a SIP ACK request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receipt of a SIP INFO request where the Request-URI contains an MCDData session ID identifying an ongoing group session, the MCDData client shall follow the actions specified in clause 6.2.8.1.13.

On receipt of a SIP INFO request where the Request-URI contains an MCDData session ID identifying an ongoing one-to-one session, the MCDData client shall follow the actions specified in clause 6.2.8.3.7.

On receipt of an indication from the media plane indicating that the SDS message was not sent successfully, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate a SIP BYE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with:
 - a) Reason code set to "SIP";
 - b) cause set to "480"; and
 - c) text set to "transmission failed";
- 2) shall set the Request-URI to the MCDData session identity to release; and
- 3) shall send a SIP BYE request towards MCDData server according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

9.2.4.2.4 MCDATA client terminating procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP INVITE request for SDS session for terminating MCDATA client" request, the MCDATA client shall follow the procedures for termination of multimedia sessions in the IM CN subsystem as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications below.

The MCDATA client:

- 1) may reject the SIP INVITE request if any of the following conditions are met:
 - a) MCDATA client does not have enough resources to handle the communication;
 - b) it is an emergency group SDS session request and the number of maximum simultaneous emergency group calls supported for the specific calling functional alias as specified in the <MaxSimultaneousEmergencyGroupCalls> element within the <FunctionalAliasList> list element of the MCDATA user profile document (see the MCDATA user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) has been reached; or
 - c) any other reason outside the scope of this specification;
 - 2) if the SIP INVITE request is rejected in step 1), shall respond toward the participating MCDATA function either with an appropriate reject code as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and warning texts as specified in clause 4.9 or with SIP 480 (Temporarily unavailable) response not including warning texts if the user is authorised to restrict the reason for failure and skip the rest of the steps of this clause;
 - 3) if the SDP offer of the SIP INVITE request contains an "a=key-mgmt" attribute field with a "mikey" attribute value containing a MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE:
 - a) shall extract the MCDATA ID of the originating MCDATA user from the initiator field (IDRI) of the I_MESSAGE as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - b) shall convert the MCDATA ID to a UID as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - c) shall use the UID to validate the signature of the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - d) if authentication verification of the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE fails, shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response as specified in IETF RFC 4567 [45], and include warning text set to "136 authentication of the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE failed" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and not continue with rest of the steps in this clause; and
 - e) if the signature of the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE was successfully validated:
 - i) shall extract and decrypt the encapsulated PCK using the terminating user's (KMS provisioned) UID key as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]; and
 - ii) shall extract the PCK-ID, from the payload as specified in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
- NOTE: With the PCK successfully shared between the originating MCDATA client and the terminating MCDATA client, both clients are able to create an end-to-end secure session.
- 4) may display to the MCDATA user one or more of the MCDATA ID of the inviting MCDATA user, the type of SDS request and the functional alias of the inviting MCDATA user, if provided;
 - 4A) if the SIP INVITE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing an <mcdata-Params> element containing an <mcdata-calling-group-id> element and containing a <request-type> element set to a value of "group-sds-session" and also containing an <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "true":
 - a) should display to the MCDATA user an indication that this is a SIP INVITE request for an MCDATA emergency group communication and:
 - i) should display the MCDATA ID of the originator of the MCDATA emergency group communication contained in the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the <mcdata-Params> of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body;

- ii) should display the MCDATA group identity of the group with the emergency condition contained in the <mcdata-calling-group-id> element of the <mcdata-Params> of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and
 - iii) if the <alert-ind> element within the <mcdata-Params> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body is set to "true", should display to the MCDATA user an indication of the MCDATA emergency alert and associated information;
- b) shall set the MCDATA emergency group state to "MDEG 2: in-progress";
 - c) shall set the MCDATA imminent peril group state to "MDIG 1: no-imminent-peril"; and
 - d) shall set the MCDATA imminent peril group communication state to "MDIGC 1: imminent-peril-gc-capable"; otherwise
- 4B) if the SIP INVITE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing an <mcdata-Params> element containing an <mcdata-calling-group-id> element and containing a <request-type> element set to a value of "group-sds-session" and also containing an <imminentperil-ind> element set to a value of "true":
- a) should display to the MCDATA user an indication that this is a SIP INVITE request for an MCDATA imminent peril group communication and:
 - i) should display the MCDATA ID of the originator of the MCDATA imminent peril group communication contained in the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the <mcdata-Params> of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and
 - ii) should display the MCDATA group identity of the group with the imminent peril condition contained in the <mcdata-calling-group-id> element of the <mcdata-Params> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and
 - b) shall set the MCDATA imminent peril group state to "MDIG 2: in-progress";
- 4C) if the SIP INVITE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element containing a <request-type> element set to a value of "one-to-one-sds-session" and also containing an <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "true":
- a) should display to the MCDATA user an indication that this is a SIP INVITE request for an MCDATA emergency private communication and:
 - i) should display the MCDATA ID of the originator of the MCDATA emergency private communication contained in the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the <mcdata-Params> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and
 - ii) if the <alert-ind> element within the <mcdata-Params> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body is set to "true", should display to the MCDATA user an indication of the MCDATA emergency alert and associated information; and
 - b) shall set the MCDATA emergency private priority state to "MDEPP 2: in-progress" for this private communication;
- 5) shall accept the SIP INVITE request and generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 6) shall include the option tag "timer" in a Require header field of the SIP 200 (OK) response;
- 7) shall include the Session-Expires header field in the SIP 200 (OK) response and start the SIP session timer according to IETF RFC 4028 [38]. The "refresher" parameter in the Session-Expires header field shall be set to "uas";
- 8) shall include the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag in the Contact header field of the SIP 200 (OK) response;
- 9) shall include the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" in the Contact header field of the SIP 200 (OK) response;

10) shall include an SDP answer in the SIP 200 (OK) response to the SDP offer in the incoming SIP INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications given in clause 9.2.4.2.2; and

11) if a SIP CANCEL request associated with the SIP INVITE request was received, shall execute the procedure in clause 6.2.8.4.1, otherwise shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response towards the MCDData server according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

If the SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP INVITE request was sent, on receipt of an SIP ACK message to the sent SIP 200 (OK) message, the MCDData client:

1) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 6.1.2.3.

To send a disposition notification after the media plane is released, the MCDData client:

1) shall follow the procedures described in clause 12.2.1.1.

9.2.4.2.5 MCDData client initiates cancellation for an in-progress emergency one-to-one communication using SDS session

The MCDData client shall execute the procedure in clause 6.2.8.4.3.

9.2.4.2.6 MCDData client initiates upgrade to emergency for an ongoing one-to-one communication using SDS session

The MCDData client shall execute the procedure in clause 6.2.8.4.4.

9.2.4.2.7 Terminating procedures for MCDData client to upgrade or cancel an emergency one-to-one communication using SDS session

The MCDData client shall execute the procedure in clause 6.2.8.4.2.

9.2.4.3 Participating MCDData function procedures

9.2.4.3.1 SDP offer generation

The SDP offer is generated based on the received SDP offer. The SDP offer generated by the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall contain only one SDP media-level section for SDS message as contained in the received SDP offer; and
- 2) shall contain an "a=key-mgmt" attribute field with a "mikey" attribute value, if present in the received SDP offer.

When composing the SDP offer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall replace the IP address and port number for the offered media stream in the received SDP offer with the IP address and port number of the participating MCDData function, if required; and

NOTE 1: Requirements can exist for the participating MCDData function to be always included in the path of the offered media stream, for example: for the support of features such as MBMS, lawful interception and recording. Other examples can exist.

NOTE 2: If the participating MCDData function and the controlling MCDData function are in the same MCDData server, and the participating MCDData function does not have a dedicated IP address or a dedicated port number for media stream, the replacement of the IP address or the port number is omitted.

- 2) if the IP address is replaced, shall insert its MSRP URI before the MSRP URI in the "a=path" attribute in the SDP offer.

9.2.4.3.2 SDP answer generation

When composing the SDP answer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall replace the IP address and port number in the received SDP answer with the IP address and port number of the participating MCDData function, for the accepted media stream in the received SDP offer, if required; and

NOTE 1: Requirements can exist for the participating MCDData function to be always included in the path of the offered media stream, for example: for the support of features such as MBMS, lawful interception and recording. Other examples can exist.

NOTE 2: If the participating MCDData function and the controlling MCDData function are in the same MCDData server, and the participating MCDData function does not have a dedicated IP address or a dedicated port number for media stream, the replacement of the IP address or the port number is omitted.

- 2) if the IP address is replaced shall insert its MSRP URI before the MSRP URI in the "a=path" attribute in the SDP answer.

9.2.4.3.3 Originating participating MCDData function procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP INVITE request for SDS session for originating participating MCDData function", the participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request, may reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;

NOTE 1: if the SIP INVITE request contains an emergency indication set to a value of "true" and this is an authorised request for originating a priority communication as determined by clause "6.3.7.2.6; or" if the SIP INVITE request contains an imminent peril indication set to a value of "true" and this is an authorised request for initiating an imminent peril communication as determined by clause 6.3.7.2.4; then the participating MCDData function can, according to local policy, choose to accept the request.

- 2) shall determine the MCDData ID of the calling user from the public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP INVITE request, and shall authorise the calling user;

NOTE 2: The MCDData ID of the calling user is bound to the public user identity at the time of service authorisation, as documented in clause 7.3.

- 3) if the participating MCDData function cannot find a binding between the public user identity and an MCDData ID or if the validity period of an existing binding has expired, then the participating MCDData function shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text set to "141 user unknown to the participating function" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with any of the remaining steps;

- 4) if the <request-type> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP INVITE request is:

- a) set to a value of "group-sds-session", shall determine the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function associated with the MCDData group identity in the <mcddata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body in the SIP INVITE request; or
- b) set to a value of "one-to-one-sds-session", shall determine the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function hosting the one-to-one SDS session service for the calling user;

NOTE 3: The public service identity can identify the controlling MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 4: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 5: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 6: How the participating MCDData function determines the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 7: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- 5) if unable to identify the controlling MCDData function for SDS session, it shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text "142 unable to determine the controlling function" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with any of the remaining steps;
- 6) shall determine whether the MCDData user identified by the MCDData ID is authorised for MCDData communications by following the procedures in clause 11.1;
- 7) if the procedures in clause 11.1 indicate that the user identified by the MCDData ID
 - a) is not allowed to send MCDData communications as determined by step 1) of clause 11.1, shall reject the "SIP INVITE request for SDS session for originating participating MCDData function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP INVITE request, with warning text set to "221 user not authorised to initiate one-to-one SDS session" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause; and
 - b) is not allowed to initiate one-to-one MCDData communications to the targeted user as determined by step 1a) of clause 11.1, shall reject the "SIP INVITE request for SDS session for originating participating MCDData function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "229 one-to-one MCDData communication not authorised to the targeted user" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 7A) if the user identified by the MCDData ID requests to initiate an emergency communication, but is not allowed to do so, as determined by executing the procedures in clause 6.3.7.2.6, shall reject the "SIP INVITE request for SDS session for originating participating MCDData function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "233 user not authorised to initiate emergency communication" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 7B) if the user identified by the MCDData ID requests to initiate an imminent peril communication, but is not allowed to do so, as determined by executing the procedures in clause 6.3.7.2.4, shall reject the "SIP INVITE request for SDS session for originating participating MCDData function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "236 user not authorised to initiate imminent peril communication" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 8) shall generate a SIP INVITE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 9) shall include the option tag "timer" in the Supported header field;
- 10) should include the Session-Expires header field according to IETF RFC 4028 [38]. It is recommended that the "refresher" header field parameter is omitted. If included, the "refresher" header field parameter shall be set to "uac";
- 11) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP INVITE request to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function as determined by step 4) in this clause;
- 11a) shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body from the incoming SIP INVITE request to the outgoing SIP INVITE request;
- 12) shall include the MCDData ID of the originating user in the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the outgoing SIP INVITE request;
- 12A) if the incoming SIP INVITE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body that contains a <functional-alias-URI> element, shall check if the status of the functional alias is activated for the MCDData ID. If the functional alias status is activated, then the participating MCDData function shall set the <functional-alias-URI> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP INVITE request to the received value, otherwise shall not include a <functional-alias-URI> element;
- 13) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), into the P-Asserted-Service header field of the outgoing SIP INVITE request;
- 14) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP INVITE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function;

- 15) shall include a Resource-Priority header field according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] set to the value indicated in the Resource-Priority header field, if included in the SIP INVITE request from the MCDData client;
- 16) shall include in the SIP INVITE request an SDP offer based on the SDP offer in the received SIP INVITE request from the MCDData client as specified in clause 9.2.4.3.1; and
- 17) shall send the SIP INVITE request as specified to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 200 (OK) response in response to the SIP INVITE request in step 16):

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include in the SIP 200 (OK) response an SDP answer as specified in the clause 9.2.4.3.2;
- 3) shall include the option tag "timer" in a Require header field;
- 4) shall include the Session-Expires header field according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38], "UAS Behavior". If the "refresher" parameter is not included in the received request, the "refresher" parameter in the Session-Expires header field shall be set to "uac";
- 5) shall include the following in the Contact header field:
 - a) the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag;
 - b) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds"; and
 - c) the isfocus media feature tag;
- 6) shall include Warning header field(s) that were received in the incoming SIP 200 (OK) response;
- 7) shall include an MCDData session identity mapped to the MCDData session identity provided in the Contact header field of the received SIP 200 (OK) response;
- 8) if the incoming SIP 200 (OK) response contained an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body to the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response.
- 9) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function; and
- 10) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 6.2.2.4;
- 11) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 12) shall start the SIP Session timer according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38].

Upon receipt of a SIP 4xx, 5xx or 6xx response to the SIP INVITE request in step 16) the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include Warning header field(s) that were received in the incoming SIP response; and
- 3) shall forward the SIP response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

9.2.4.3.4 Terminating participating MCDData function procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP INVITE request for SDS session for terminating participating MCDData function", the participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request, may reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;

NOTE: If the SIP INVITE request contains an emergency indication or an imminent peril indication set to a value of "true", the participating MCDData function can, according to local policy, choose to accept the request even if the maximum number of acceptable communications is exceeded.

- 2) shall check the presence of the isfocus media feature tag in the URI of the Contact header field and if it is not present then the participating MCDData function shall reject the request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "104 isfocus not assigned" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
 - 3) shall use the MCDData ID present in the <mcddata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP INVITE request to retrieve the binding between the MCDData ID and public user identity of the terminating MCDData user;
 - 4) if the binding between the MCDData ID and public user identity of the terminating MCDData user does not exist, then the participating MCDData function shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
 - 4A) if the <IncomingOne-to-OneCommunicationList> element exists in the MCDData user profile document with one or more <One-to-One-CommunicationListEntry> elements (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) and:
 - i) if the <mcddata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP INVITE request does not match with the <entry> element of any of the <One-to-One-CommunicationListEntry> elements in the <IncomingOne-to-OneCommunicationList> element of the MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]); and
 - ii) if configuration is not set in the MCDData user profile document that allows the MCDData user to receive one-to-one MCDData communication from any user (see <allow-one-to-one-communication-from-any-user> element in MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]);
- then:
- i) shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "230 one-to-one MCDData communication not authorised from this originating user" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 5) shall generate a SIP INVITE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 6) should include the Session-Expires header field according to IETF RFC 4028 [38]. It is recommended that the "refresher" header field parameter is omitted. If included, the "refresher" header field parameter shall be set to "uac";
- 7) shall include the option tag "timer" in the Supported header field;
- 8) shall include the following in the Contact header field:
 - a) the g.3gpp.mcddata.sds media feature tag;
 - b) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.sds";
 - c) the isfocus media feature tag;
 - d) an MCDData session identity mapped to the MCDData session identity provided in the Contact header field of the incoming SIP INVITE request; and
 - e) any other uri-parameter provided in the Contact header field of the incoming SIP INVITE request;
- 9) shall include in the SIP INVITE request all Accept-Contact header fields and all Reject-Contact header fields, with their feature tags and their corresponding values along with parameters according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 3841 [8] that were received (if any) in the incoming SIP INVITE request;
- 10) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP INVITE request to the public user identity associated to the MCDData ID of the terminating MCDData user;
- 11) shall populate the outgoing SIP INVITE request with the MIME bodies that were present in the incoming SIP INVITE request;

- 12) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP INVITE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function;
- 13) shall include in the SIP INVITE request an SDP offer based on the SDP offer in the received "SIP INVITE request for SDS session for terminating participating MCDData function" as specified in clause 9.2.4.3.1; and
- 14) shall send the SIP INVITE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 200 (OK) response in response to the above SIP INVITE request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include in the SIP 200 (OK) response an SDP answer based on the SDP answer in the received SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in clause 9.2.4.3.2;
- 3) shall include the option tag "timer" in a Require header field;
- 4) shall include the Session-Expires header field according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38], "UAS Behavior". If no "refresher" parameter was included in the SIP INVITE request, the "refresher" parameter in the Session-Expires header field shall be set to "uas";
- 5) shall include the following in the Contact header field:
 - a) the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag;
 - b) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds"; and
 - c) an MCDData session identity mapped to the MCDData session identity provided in the Contact header field of the received SIP INVITE request from the controlling MCDData function;
- 6) if the incoming SIP response contained an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body to the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response.
- 7) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function;
- 8) shall start the SIP Session timer according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38].
- 9) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 6.2.2.5; and
- 10) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the controlling MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 4xx, 5xx or 6xx response to the above SIP INVITE request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include Warning header field(s) that were received in the incoming SIP response; and
- 3) shall forward the SIP response to the controlling MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

9.2.4.3.5 Processing of request from the served user to upgrade or cancel an emergency one-to-one communication using SDS session

The participating MCDData function shall execute the procedure in clause 6.3.7.1.18.

9.2.4.3.6 Processing of request from controlling MCDData function to upgrade or cancel an emergency one-to-one communication using SDS session

The participating MCDData function shall execute the procedure in clause 6.3.7.1.17.

9.2.4.4 Controlling MCDData function procedures

9.2.4.4.1 SDP offer generation

When composing an SDP offer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 4975 [17], IETF RFC 6135 [19] and IETF RFC 6714 [20] the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall include an "m=message" media-level section for the MCDData media stream received from the originating MCDData client consisting of:
 - a) the port number;
 - b) a protocol field value of "TCP/MSRP" or "TCP/TLS/MSRP" for TLS;
 - c) an "a=sendrecv" attribute;
 - d) an "a=path" attribute containing its own MSRP URI;
 - e) set the content type as "a=accept-types:application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-payload"; and
 - f) set the a=setup attribute as "actpass".

9.2.4.4.2 SDP answer generation

When composing the SDP answer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall include an "m=message" media-level section for the accepted MCDData media stream consisting of:
 - a) the port number;
 - b) a protocol field value of "TCP/MSRP" or "TCP/TLS/MSRP" for TLS according to the received SDP offer;
 - c) an "a=sendrecv" attribute;
 - d) an "a=path" attribute containing its own MSRP URI;
 - e) set the content type as a=accept-types: application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-payload; and
 - f) set the a=setup attribute set to "passive" according to IETF RFC 6135 [19].

9.2.4.4.3 Originating controlling MCDData function procedures

This clause describes the procedures for inviting an MCDData user to an MCDData session. The procedure is initiated by the controlling MCDData function as the result of:

- an action in clause 9.2.4.4.4; or
- for group SDS session, when an MCDData client successfully affiliates the MCDData group after the SDS session has been established.

The controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP INVITE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body included;
- 1A) if the received SIP INVITE request contains an authorised request for an MCDData emergency communication as determined by clause 6.3.7.2.6, shall, in the generated SIP INVITE request:
 - a) set the <emergency-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body to a value of "true";
 - b) include a Resource-Priority header field populated with the values for an MCDData emergency communication as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.4;

- c) if the <alert-ind> element is set to "true" in the received SIP INVITE request and the initiation of MCDData emergency alerts is authorized, as determined by the procedures of clause 6.3.7.2.1, populate the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body and the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.3. Otherwise, set the <alert-ind> element to a value of "false" in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body;
- d) for a group communication, if the in-progress imminent peril state of the group is set to a value of "true", include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body an <imminentperil-ind> element set to a value of "false"; and

NOTE 1: If the imminent peril state of the group is true at this point, the controlling function will set it to false as part of the calling procedure.

- e) set the <request-type> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body to the value of the <request-type> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the received SIP INVITE request;
- 1B) for a group communication, if the in-progress emergency state of the group is set to a value of "false" and the in-progress imminent peril state of the group is set to a value of "true", the controlling MCDData function:
- a) shall include a Resource-Priority header field populated with the values for an MCDData imminent peril group communication as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.4; and
 - b) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body an <imminentperil-ind> element set to a value of "true".
- 2) shall include the Supported header field set to "timer";
- 3) should include the Session-Expires header field according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38]. The refresher parameter shall be omitted;
- 4) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 5) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 6) shall include a Referred-By header field with the public user identity of the inviting MCDData client;
- 7) shall include in the Contact header field an MCDData session identity for the MCDData session with the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag, the isfocus media feature tag and the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" according to IETF RFC 3840 [16];
- 8) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP INVITE request:
- a) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData ID of the terminating user;
 - b) the <mcdata-calling-group-id> element set to the group identity if the request is for group sds; and
 - c) the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element set to the calling user MCDData ID;
- 9) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function associated to the MCDData user to be invited;

NOTE 2: The public service identity can identify the terminating participating MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 4: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 5: How the controlling MCDData function determines the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 6: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

10) shall set the P-Asserted-Identity header field to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function;

11) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service-Id header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7] in the SIP INVITE request;

12) shall include in the SIP INVITE request an SDP offer based on the SDP offer in the received SIP INVITE request from the originating client according to the procedures specified in clause 9.2.4.4.1; and

13) shall send the SIP INVITE request towards the terminating client in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response for the SIP INVITE request the controlling MCDData function:

1) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 6.3.2.

NOTE 7: The procedures executed by the controlling MCDData function prior to sending a response to the inviting MCDData client are specified in clause 9.2.4.4.4.

9.2.4.4.4 Terminating controlling MCDData function procedures

In the procedures in this clause:

- 1) MCDData ID in an incoming SIP INVITE request refers to the MCDData ID of the originating user from the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP INVITE request;
- 2) group identity in an incoming SIP INVITE request refers to the group identity from the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP INVITE request; and
- 3) MCDData ID in an outgoing SIP INVITE request refers to the MCDData ID of the called user in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the outgoing SIP INVITE request;

Upon receipt of a "SIP INVITE request for controlling MCDData function for SDS session", the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The controlling MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;

NOTE: If the SIP INVITE request contains an emergency indication or an imminent peril indication set to a value of "true" and this is an authorised request originating an MCDData emergency group communication as determined by clause 6.3.7.2.6, or for originating an MCDData imminent peril group communication as determined by clause 6.3.7.2.4, the controlling MCDData function can, according to local policy, choose to accept the request.

2) shall determine if the media parameters are acceptable and the MSRP URI is offered in the SDP offer and if not reject the request with a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response and skip the rest of the steps;

3) shall reject the SIP request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response and not process the remaining steps if:

- a) an Accept-Contact header field does not include the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag; or
- b) an Accept-Contact header field does not include the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds";

- 3A) if the received SIP INVITE request includes an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with an <emergency-ind> element included or an <imminentperil-ind> element included, shall validate the request as described in clause 6.3.7.1.9;
- 3B) if the SIP INVITE request contains an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency communication as determined by clause 6.3.7.2.6:
- shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response as specified in clause 6.3.7.2.7; and
 - shall send the SIP 403 (Forbidden) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 3C) if the SIP INVITE request contains an unauthorised request for an MCDData imminent peril group communication as determined by clause 6.3.7.2.4, shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the following clarifications:
- shall include in the SIP 403 (Forbidden) response an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as specified in clause D.1 with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with the <imminentperil-ind> element set to a value of "false"; and
 - shall send the SIP 403 (Forbidden) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 3D) if a Resource-Priority header field is included in the SIP INVITE request:
- if the Resource-Priority header field is set to the value indicated for emergency communications and the SIP INVITE request does not contain an emergency indication and the in-progress emergency state of the group is set to a value of "false", shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response and skip the rest of the steps; or
 - if the Resource-Priority header field is set to the value indicated for imminent peril communications and the SIP INVITE request does not contain an imminent peril indication and the in-progress imminent peril state of the group is set to a value of "false", shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response and skip the rest of the steps;
- 4) shall cache SIP feature tags, if received in the Contact header field and if the specific feature tags are supported;
- 5) void;
- 6) shall start the SIP Session timer according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38];
- 7) if the <request-type> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP INVITE request is set to a value of "one-to-one-sds-session" and the SIP INVITE request:
- does not contain an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body or contains an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with more than one <entry> element in the set of <list> elements in the <resource-lists> element, shall return a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "204 unable to determine targeted user for one-to-one SDS" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and skip the rest of the steps below;
 - if the <anyExt> element of the <mcdata-Params> element of the <mcdatainfo> element of an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body contains an <call-to-functional-alias-ind> element set to a value of "true":
 - shall identify the MCDData ID(s) of the MCDData user(s) that have activated the received called functional alias in the MIME resource-lists body of the SIP INVITE request by performing the actions specified in clause 22.2.2.2.8, and:
 - if unable to determine any MCDData ID that has activated the called functional alias received in the "uri" attribute of the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body of the SIP INVITE request, shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "145 unable to determine called party" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps; and
 - selects one of the identified MCDData IDs, and shall send a SIP 300 (Multiple Choices) response to the SIP INVITE request populated according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3261 [4] with:

- I) a Contact header field containing a SIP URI for the MCDData session identity; and
- II) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body with a <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the selected MCDData ID and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;

NOTE 1: How the controlling MCDData function selects the appropriate MCDData ID is implementation-specific.

- b) contains an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with exactly one <entry> element in the set of <list> elements in the <resource-lists> element, shall invite the MCDData user identified by the "uri" attribute of the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body, as specified in clause 9.2.4.4.3; and
 - c) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 6.3.2;
- 8) if the <request-type> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP INVITE request is set to a value of "group-sds-session":
- a) shall retrieve the necessary group document(s) from the group management server for the group identity contained in the SIP INVITE request and carry out initial processing as specified in clause 6.3.3, and shall continue with the remaining steps if the procedures in clause 6.3.3 were successful;
 - b) if the <on-network-disabled> element is present in the group document, shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "115 group is disabled" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
 - b1) if the group document contains a <list-service> element that contains a <preconfigured-group-use-only> element that is set to the value "true", shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "167 call is not allowed on the preconfigured group" as specified in clause 4.9 "Warning header field" and shall skip the rest of this procedure;
 - c) if the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <list-service> element in the group document does not contain an <mcdata-mcdata-id> element with a "uri" attribute matching the MCDData ID of the originating user contained in the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the SIP INVITE request, shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "116 user is not part of the MCDData group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
 - d) if the <list-service> element contains a <mcdata-allow-short-data-service> element in the group document set to a value of "false", shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "206 short data service not allowed for this group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
 - e) if the <supported-services> element is not present in the group document or is present and contains a <service> element containing an "enabler" attribute which is not set to the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds", shall send a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable) response with the warning text set to "207 SDS services not supported for this group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
 - f) if the MCDData server group SDS procedures in clause 11.1 indicate that the user identified by the MCDData ID is not allowed to send group MCDData communications on this group identity as determined by step 2) of clause 11.1, shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response, with warning text set to "222 user not authorised to initiate group SDS session on this group identity" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
 - g) if the originating user identified by the MCDData ID is not affiliated to the group identity contained in the SIP INVITE request, as specified in clause 6.3.5, shall return a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "120 user is not affiliated to this group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and skip the rest of the steps below;
 - h) shall determine targeted group members for MCDData communications by following the procedures in clause 6.3.4;
 - i) if the procedures in clause 6.3.4 result in no affiliated members found in the selected MCDData group, shall return a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "198 no users are affiliated to this group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and skip the rest of the steps below;

- j) shall invite each group member determined in step g) above, to the group session, as specified in clause 9.2.4.4.3; and
- k) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 6.3.2.

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response for a SIP INVITE request as specified in clause 9.2.4.4.3 and, if the MCDData ID in the SIP 200 (OK) response matches to the MCDData ID in the corresponding SIP INVITE request, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall invoke the procedure in clause 6.3.7.1.23 with an indication that the applicable MCDData subservice is Short Data Service using session, in order to generate a SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) if the received SIP INVITE request contains an alert indication set to a value of "true" and this is an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency alert as specified in clause 6.3.7.2.1, shall include in the SIP 200 (OK) response the warning text set to "149 SIP INFO request pending" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9;
- 3) if the received SIP INVITE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <imminentperil-ind> element set to a value of "true" and if the in-progress emergency state of the group is set to a value of "true", shall include in the SIP 200 (OK) response the warning text set to "149 SIP INFO request pending" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9; and
- 4) shall send the generated SIP 200 (OK) response to the inviting MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

9.2.4.4.5 Controlling MCDData function receiving a request for upgrade to emergency of a one-to-one communication using SDS session

The controlling MCDData function shall execute the procedure in clause 6.3.7.1.19, with an indication that the applicable MCDData subservice is Short Data Service using session.

9.2.4.4.6 Controlling MCDData function receiving a request for cancellation of an emergency one-to-one communication using SDS session

The controlling MCDData function shall execute the procedure in clause 6.3.7.1.20, with an indication that the applicable MCDData subservice is Short Data Service using session.

9.2.4.4.7 Controlling MCDData function sending a request for upgrade to emergency of a one-to-one communication using SDS session

The controlling MCDData function shall execute the procedure in clause 6.3.7.1.21.

9.2.4.4.8 Controlling MCDData function sending a request for cancellation of an emergency one-to-one communication using SDS session

The controlling MCDData function shall execute the procedure in clause 6.3.7.1.22.

9.2.5 SDS communication using pre-established session

9.2.5.1 Common procedure

9.2.5.1.1 Generating an INVITE request on receipt of a REFER request

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

When generating an initial SIP INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], on receipt of an incoming SIP REFER request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall include in the SIP INVITE request all header fields included in the headers portion of the SIP URI contained in the "uri" attribute of the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the

application/resource-lists MIME+xml body, referenced by the "cid" URL in the Refer-To header field in the incoming SIP REFER request;

- 2) should include the Session-Expires header field according to IETF RFC 4028 [38].
- 3) shall include the option tag "timer" in the Supported header field;
- 4) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP INVITE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function;
- 5) shall include the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag and the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" into the Contact header field of the outgoing SIP INVITE request;
- 6) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), into the P-Asserted-Service header field of the outgoing SIP INVITE request;
- 7) shall include in the SIP INVITE request the option tag "tdialog" in a Supported header field according to the rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4538 [54];
- 8) shall include in the SIP INVITE request an SDP offer as specified in clause 9.2.3.3.1 based upon:
 - a) the SDP negotiated during the pre-established session establishment and any subsequent pre-established session modification;
 - b) the SDP offer (if any) included in the "body" URI parameter of the SIP URI contained in the "uri" attribute of the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body, referenced by the "cid" URL in the Refer-To header field in the incoming SIP REFER request for a pre-established session; and
 - c) the SDP offer (if any) included in an application/sdp MIME body of the incoming SIP REFER for adhoc group call request for a pre-established session;
- 9) shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body to the outgoing SIP INVITE request:
 - a) from the hname "body" parameter in the headers portion of the SIP URI in a "uri" attribute of an <entry> element of a <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body, referenced by the "cid" URL in the Refer-To header field of the SIP REFER request; or
 - b) from MIME body part of the incoming SIP REFER request for adhoc group call;
- 9A) if the incoming SIP REFER request contained a <functional-alias-URI> element in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall check if the status of the functional alias is activated for the MCDData ID. If the functional alias status is activated, then the participating MCDData function shall set the <functional-alias-URI> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP INVITE request to the received value, otherwise shall not include a <functional-alias-URI> element; and
- 10) shall copy the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body to the SIP INVITE request:
 - a) without the hname "body" parameter (if included) in the headers portion of the SIP URI contained in a "uri" attribute of an <entry> element of a <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body; or
 - b) from MIME body part of the incoming SIP REFER request for adhoc group call.

9.2.5.1.2 Generating Re-INVITE request towards originating MCDData client within pre-established session

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

The participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] to be sent within the SIP dialog of the pre-established session;
- 2) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing Re-INVITE request:

- a) the <mcdata-communication-state> element with a value set to "establish-success", if a SIP 2xx response is received to a SIP INVITE request sent to the controlling MCDData function; or
- b) the <mcdata-communication-state> element with a value set to "establish-fail", if an error response is received to a SIP INVITE request sent to the controlling MCDData function;

9.2.5.1.3 Generating Re-INVITE request towards terminating MCDData client within pre-established session

This clause is referenced from other procedures.

The participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] to be sent within the SIP dialog of the pre-established session;
- 2) should include the Session-Expires header field according to IETF RFC 4028 [38].
- 3) shall include the option tag "timer" in the Supported header field;
- 4) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 5) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 6) shall include in the Contact header field an MCDData session identity for the MCDData session with the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag, the isfocus media feature tag and the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" according to IETF RFC 3840 [16];

9.2.5.2 Initiating one-to-one SDS communication

9.2.5.2.0 General

The procedures in this clause are used to initiate one-to-one standalone SDS using media plane or one-to-one SDS session within the pre-established session.

9.2.5.2.1 MCDData client procedures

9.2.5.2.1.1 Client originating procedures

Upon receiving a request from an MCDData user to initiate one-to-one standalone SDS using media plane or one-to-one SDS session within the pre-established session:

If the MCDData user has requested the origination of an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication or the MCDData emergency state is already set, but this is an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.3.1.1, the MCDData client should indicate to the MCDData user that they are not authorised to initiate an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication and shall exit the procedure.

The MCDData client shall generate a SIP REFER request outside a dialog as specified in IETF RFC 3515 [51] as updated by IETF RFC 6665 [36] and IETF RFC 7647 [52], and in accordance with the UE procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

The MCDData client:

- 1) shall set the Request URI of the SIP REFER request to the session identity of the pre-established session;
- 1a) If the MCDData user has requested the origination of an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication or the MCDData emergency state is already set:
 - a) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the SIP REFER request; and

- b) shall execute the procedures in clause 6.2.8.3.2;
- 2) shall set the Refer-To header field of the SIP REFER request as specified in IETF RFC 3515 [51] with a Content-ID ("cid") Uniform Resource Locator (URL) as specified in IETF RFC 2392 [33] that points to an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body as specified in IETF RFC 5366 [18], and with the Content-ID header field set to this "cid" URL;
- 3) if an end-to-end security context needs to be established and the security context does not exist or if the existing security context has expired, then:
- i) if necessary, shall instruct the key management client to request keying material from the key management server as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - ii) shall use the keying material to generate a PCK as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - iii) shall use the PCK to generate a PCK-ID with the four most significant bits set to "0001" to indicate that the purpose of the PCK is to protect one-to-one communications and with the remaining twenty eight bits being randomly generated as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - iv) shall encrypt the PCK to a UID associated to the MCDData client using the MCDData ID of the invited user and a time related parameter as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - v) shall generate a MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE using the encapsulated PCK and PCK-ID as specified in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - vi) shall add the MCDData ID of the originating MCDData user to the initiator field (IDRi) of the I_MESSAGE as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]; and
 - vii) shall sign the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE using the originating MCDData user's signing key provided in the keying material together with a time related parameter, and add this to the MIKEY-SAKKE payload, as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
- 4) shall include in the application/resource-lists MIME+xml body a single <entry> element in a <list> element in the <resource-lists> element where the <entry> element contains a "uri" attribute set to MCDData ID of the called user or the functional alias to be called, extended with the following parameters in the headers portion of the SIP URI:

NOTE 1: Characters that are not formatted as ASCII characters are escaped in the following parameters in the headers portion of the SIP URI.

NOTE 2: The MCDData client indicates whether an MCDData ID or a functional alias is to be called as specified in step 4) a) ii) D).

- a) an hname "body" parameter populated with:
- i) an application/sdp MIME body containing an SDP offer with media attributes specified in clause 9.2.3.2.1 if a one-to-one standalone SDS message is requested or clause 9.2.4.2.1 if a one-to-one SDS session is requested; and
 - ii) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body with:
 - A) if a one-to-one standalone SDS message is requested, the <request-type> element set to a value of "one-to-one-sds". If a one-to-one SDS session is requested, the <request-type> element set to a value of "one-to-one-sds-session";
 - B) the <mcdata-client-id> element set to the MCDData client ID of the originating MCDData client; and
 - C) an <anyExt> element containing:
 - D) if the MCDData client is aware of active functional aliases and if an active functional alias is to be included in the SIP REFER request, the <functional-alias-URI> element set to the URI of the used functional alias;
 - II) with the <call-to-functional-alias-ind> element set to "true" if the functional alias is used as a target of the call request; and

III) if the MCDData user has requested an application priority, the <user-requested-priority> element set to the user provided value;

- 5) shall include a P-Preferred-Service header field set to the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 6) may include a P-Preferred-Identity header field in the SIP REFER request containing a public user identity as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 7) shall include the following according to IETF RFC 4488 [53]:
 - a) the option tag "norefersub" in the Supported header field; and
 - b) the value "false" in the Refer-Sub header field;
- 8) shall include a Target-Dialog header field as specified in IETF RFC 4538 [54] identifying the pre-established session;
- 9) shall include the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag in the Contact header field of the SIP REFER request according to IETF RFC 3840 [16]; and
- 10) shall send the SIP REFER request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 300 (Multiple Choices) response to the SIP REFER request the MCDData client shall use the MCDData ID of MCDData user contained in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the received application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body as the MCDData ID of the invited MCDData user and shall generate a SIP REFER request outside a dialog in accordance with the procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 4488 [53] and IETF RFC 3515 [51] as updated by IETF RFC 6665 [36] and IETF RFC 7647 [52], with the clarifications given below in this clause with following additional clarifications:

- 1) shall insert in the newly generated SIP REFER request an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with the MCDData ID of the invited MCDData user in the "uri" attribute of the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body where the MCDData ID is found in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body in the received SIP 300 (Multiple Choices) response to the initial SIP REFER request;
- 2) shall not include an <call-to-functional-alias-ind> element into the <anyExt> element of the <mcdata-Params> element of the <mcdatainfo> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and
- 3) shall include a <called-functional-alias-URI> element into the <anyExt> element of the <mcdata-Params> element of the <mcdatainfo> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the target functional alias URI used in the initial SIP REFER request for establishing a private call.

On receiving a final SIP 2xx response to the SIP REFER request, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15].

On receiving a SIP 4xx response, SIP 5xx response or a SIP 6xx response to the SIP REFER request for an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication:

- 1) if the MCDData emergency private communication state is set to "MDEPC 2: emergency-pc-requested", the MCDData client shall perform the actions specified in clause 6.2.8.3.5; and
- 2) shall skip the remaining steps.

On receiving a SIP re-INVITE request within the pre-established session targeted by the sent SIP REFER request, the MCDData client:

- 1) if the <mcdata-communication-state> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP re-INVITE request is set to a value of "establish-success":
 - i) shall notify the MCDData user about the successful MCDData communication establishment;
- 2) if the <mcdata-communication-state> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP re-INVITE request is set to a value of "establish-fail":

- i) shall notify the MCDData user about the MCDData communication establishment failure, restore the state variables to the values they held prior to the processing of the origination attempt and exit the procedure;
- 3) if the sent SIP REFER request was a request for an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication:
 - a) if the MCDData emergency private communication state is set to "MDEPC 2: emergency-pc-requested" or "MDEPC 3: emergency-pc-granted":
 - i) shall set the MCDData emergency private priority state of the communication to "MDEPP 2: in-progress" if it was not already set;
 - ii) shall set the MCDData emergency private communication state to "MDEPC 3: emergency-pc-granted"; and
 - iii) if the MCDData private emergency alert state is set to "MDPEA 2: emergency-alert-confirm-pending":
 - A) if the received SIP re-INVITE request contains an <alert-ind> element set to a value of "true" or does not contain an <alert-ind> element, shall set the MCDData private emergency alert state to "MDPEA 3: emergency-alert-initiated"; and
 - B) if the received SIP re-INVITE request contains an <alert-ind> element set to a value of "false", shall set the MCDData private emergency alert state to "MDPEA 1: no-alert "; and
- 4) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15].

On communication release, if the sent SIP REFER request was a request for an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication, the MCDData client shall perform the procedures specified in clause 6.2.8.1.18.

9.2.5.2.1.2 Client terminating procedures

Upon receiving a SIP re-INVITE request within a pre-established session, the MCDData client:

Editor's note: The ability of the terminating client to determine if there is an associated session or not needs to be verified.

- 1) if the pre-established session has an associated MCDData one-to-one communication session, shall execute the procedure in clause 6.2.8.4.2; or
- 2) if the pre-established session does not have an associated MCDData session and the <mcdata-communication-state> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP re-INVITE request is set to a value of "establish-request":
 - i) if the <request-type> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP re-INVITE request is set to a value of "one-to-one-sds", shall follow the procedures in clause 9.2.3.2.4; and
 - ii) if the <request-type> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP re-INVITE request is set to a value of "one-to-one-sds-session", shall follow the procedures in clause 9.2.4.2.4.

9.2.5.2.1.3 MCDData client initiates cancellation for an in-progress emergency SDS communication using pre-established session

The MCDData client shall execute the procedure in clause 6.2.8.4.3.

9.2.5.2.1.4 MCDData client initiates upgrade for an ongoing SDS communication using pre-established session

The MCDData client shall execute the procedure in clause 6.2.8.4.4.

9.2.5.2.1.5 Terminating procedures for MCDData client using pre-established session to upgrade or cancel an existing emergency one-to-one SDS communication

The MCDData client shall execute the procedure in clause 6.2.8.4.2.

9.2.5.2.2 Participating MCDData function procedures

9.2.5.2.2.1 Originating procedures

Editor's note: Clarifications on the identity of the pre-established session may be necessary.

Upon receiving a SIP REFER request, with:

- 1) the Request-URI set to a public service identity identifying the pre-established session on the participating MCDData function;
- 2) the Refer-To header field containing a Content-ID ("cid") URL as specified in IETF RFC 2392 [33] that points to an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body as specified in IETF RFC 5366 [18] containing one or more <entry> elements in one or more <list> elements in the <resource-lists> element where each <entry> element contains a "uri" attribute containing a SIP URI set to the MCDData ID of the called user(s);
- 3) an hname "body" parameter in the headers portion of the SIP URI specified above containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body with the <request-type> element set to "one-to-one-sds" or "one-to-one-sds-session"; and
- 4) a Content-ID header field set to the "cid" URL;

the participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP REFER request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;

NOTE 1: If the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body included in the SIP REFER request contains an <emergency-ind> element or <imminentperil-ind> element set to a value of "true", and this is an authorised request for originating a priority communication, as determined by clause 6.3.7.2.6 or by clause 6.3.7.2.4, the participating MCDData function can, according to local policy, choose to accept the request.

- 2) shall determine the MCDData ID of the calling user from public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP REFER request;
- 3) if the participating MCDData function cannot find a binding between the public user identity and an MCDData ID or if the validity period of an existing binding has expired, then the participating MCDData function shall reject the SIP REFER request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text set to "141 user unknown to the participating function" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and skip the rest of the steps;
- 4) shall determine whether the MCDData user identified by the MCDData ID is authorised for MCDData communications, as follows:
 - i) if the procedures in clause 11.1 indicate that the user identified by the MCDData ID is not allowed to initiate MCDData communications, shall reject the SIP REFER request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with warning text set to "200 user not authorised to transmit data" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
 - ii) if the MCDData user is not allowed to initiate emergency MCDData communications, as determined in clause 6.3.7.2.6, shall reject the SIP request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "233 user not authorised to initiate emergency communication" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps; and
 - iii) if the MCDData user is not allowed to initiate imminent peril MCDData communications, as determined in clause 6.3.7.2.4, shall reject the SIP request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "236 user not authorised to initiate imminent peril communication" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 5) if the received SIP REFER request does not contain an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body referenced by a "cid" URL in the Refer-To header field, shall reject the SIP REFER request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "145 unable to determine called party" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and skip the rest of the steps;

- 6) if the received SIP REFER request contains an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body referenced by a "cid" URL in the Refer-To header field with more than one <entry> element in one or more <list> elements in the <resource-lists> element where each <entry> element contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body with the <request-type> element set to "one-to-one-sds" or "one-to-one-sds-session", determine that the communication type is one-to-one standalone SDS or one-to-one SDS session;
- 7) shall determine the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function associated with the originating user's MCDData ID;
 - i) if the participating MCDData function is unable to identify the controlling MCDData function, it shall reject the REFER request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text "142 unable to determine the controlling function" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and skip the rest of the steps;

NOTE 2: The public service identity can identify the controlling MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 4: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 5: How the participating MCDData function determines the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 6: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- 8) if the SIP REFER request contained a Refer-Sub header field containing "false" value and a Supported header field containing "norefersub" value, shall handle the SIP REFER request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3515 [51] as updated by IETF RFC 6665 [36], and IETF RFC 4488 [53] without establishing an implicit subscription;

- 9) shall generate a final SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP REFER request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];

NOTE 7: In accordance with IETF RFC 4488 [53], the participating MCDData function inserts the Refer-Sub header field containing the value "false" in the SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP REFER request to indicate that it has not created an implicit subscription.

- 10) shall send the response to the SIP REFER request towards the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];

- 11) shall generate SIP INVITE request as described in clause 9.2.5.1.1;

- 12) if the communication is a one-to-one communication and if the received SIP REFER request contains a <functional-alias-URI> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, then shall check if the status of the functional alias is activated for the MCDData ID. If the functional alias status is activated, then the participating MCDData function shall set the <functional-alias-URI> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP INVITE request to the received value, otherwise shall not include a <functional-alias-URI> element;

- 13) shall set the Request-URI of the SIP INVITE request to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function serving the calling MCDData user as determined above in step 7); and

- 14) shall forward the SIP INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response for the SIP INVITE request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15];
- 2) if the received SIP 2xx response does not contain a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 with the warning text containing the mcdata-warn-code set to "149":

- a) shall generate a SIP re-INVITE request as specified in clause 9.2.5.1.2 and set the Request-URI to a public service identity identifying the pre-established session;
 - b) shall send the SIP re-INVITE request towards the originating MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - c) upon receipt of a SIP 2xx response to the SIP re-INVITE, shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15]; and
 - d) shall skip the remaining steps of the procedure; and
- 3) if the received SIP 2xx response contains a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 with the warning text containing the mcdata-warn-code set to "149", shall wait for the receipt of a SIP INFO request from the controlling MCDData function, and
- a) Upon receipt of a SIP INFO request from the controlling MCDData function within the dialog of the SIP INVITE request for an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication, the participating MCDData function:
 - i) shall generate a SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] to be sent within the SIP dialog of the pre-established session;
 - ii) shall include in the SIP re-INVITE request an SDP offer based upon the previously negotiated SDP for the pre-established session;
 - iii) shall include in the SIP re-INVITE request a Resource-Priority header field with the contents set as in the Resource-Priority header field included in the SIP INVITE request sent to the controlling MCDData function;
 - iv) shall include in the SIP re-INVITE request an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body containing an <alert-ind> element, if also included in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body contained in the received SIP INFO request, set to the value of the <alert-ind> in the SIP INFO request; and
 - v) send the SIP re-INVITE request towards the originating MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and wait for the response; and
 - b) Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response from the originating MCDData client for the SIP re-INVITE request, the participating MCDData function:
 - i) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15].

9.2.5.2.2.2 Terminating procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP INVITE request for standalone SDS over media plane for terminating participating MCDData function" or "SIP INVITE request for SDS session for terminating participating MCDData function", the participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the "SIP INVITE request for terminating participating MCDData function" with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4], and skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall use the MCDData ID present in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP INVITE request to retrieve the binding between the MCDData ID and public user identity;
 - i) if the binding between the MCDData ID and public user identity does not exist, then the participating MCDData function shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response, and skip the rest of the steps;
- 3) shall generate a SIP re-INVITE request as specified in clause 9.2.5.1.3 with following clarifications:
 - i) shall set the Request-URI to a public service identity identifying the pre-established session;

- ii) if the incoming SIP INVITE request contained an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body to the outgoing SIP INVITE request with following clarification:
 - a) shall include <mcdata-communication-state> element with a value set to "establish-request"; and
 - iii) shall include the following in the Contact header field:
 - a) the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag;
 - b) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds";
 - c) the isfocus media feature tag;
 - d) an MCDData session identity mapped to the MCDData session identity provided in the Contact header field of the incoming SIP INVITE request; and
 - e) any other uri-parameter provided in the Contact header field of the incoming SIP INVITE request;
- 4) shall send the SIP re-INVITE request towards the terminating MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 5) upon receipt of a SIP 2xx response to the SIP re-INVITE, shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15].

9.2.5.2.2.3 Processing of request from the served user to upgrade or cancel emergency one-to-one SDS communication

The participating MCDData function shall execute the procedure in clause 6.3.7.1.18.

9.2.5.2.2.4 Processing of request from controlling MCDData function to upgrade or cancel emergency one-to-one SDS communication

The participating MCDData function shall execute the procedure in clause 6.3.7.1.17.

9.2.5.2.3 Controlling MCDData function procedures

9.2.5.2.3.1 Originating controlling MCDData function procedures

The controlling MCDData function shall execute the procedure in clause 9.2.4.4.3.

9.2.5.2.3.2 Terminating controlling MCDData function procedures

The controlling MCDData function shall execute the procedure in clause 9.2.4.4.4.

9.2.5.2.3.3 Controlling MCDData function receiving a request for upgrade to emergency one-to-one SDS communication

The controlling MCDData function shall execute the procedure in clause 6.3.7.1.19, with an indication that the applicable MCDData subservice is Short Data Service using session.

9.2.5.2.3.4 Controlling MCDData function receiving a request for cancellation of emergency one-to-one SDS communication

The controlling MCDData function shall execute the procedure in clause 6.3.7.1.20, with an indication that the applicable MCDData subservice is Short Data Service using session.

9.2.5.2.3.5 Controlling MCDData function sending a request for upgrade to emergency one-to-one SDS communication

The controlling MCDData function shall execute the procedure in clause 6.7.3.1.21.

9.2.5.2.3.6 Controlling MCDData function sending a request for cancellation of emergency one-to-one SDS communication

The controlling MCDData function shall execute the procedure in clause 6.7.3.1.22.

9.2.5.3 Initiating group SDS communication

9.2.5.3.0 General

The procedures in this clause are used to initiate group standalone SDS using media plane or group SDS session within the pre-established session.

9.2.5.3.1 MCDData client procedures

9.2.5.3.1.1 Client originating procedures

Upon receiving a request from an MCDData user to initiate group SDS session within the pre-established session, the MCDData client shall determine whether the group document contains a <list-service> element that contains a <preconfigured-group-use-only> element. If a <preconfigured-group-use-only> element exists and is set to the value "true", then the MCDData client:

- 1) should indicate to the MCDData user that SDS sessions are not allowed on the indicated group; and
- 2) shall skip the remainder of this procedure.

Upon receiving a request from an MCDData user to initiate group SDS session within the pre-established session, the MCDData client shall generate a SIP REFER request outside a dialog as specified in IETF RFC 3515 [51] as updated by IETF RFC 6665 [36] and IETF RFC 7647 [52], and in accordance with the UE procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], with the clarifications given below.

The MCDData client:

- 1) shall set the Request URI of the SIP REFER request to the session identity of the pre-established session;
- 2) shall set the Refer-To header field of the SIP REFER request as specified in IETF RFC 3515 [51] with a Content-ID ("cid") Uniform Resource Locator (URL) as specified in IETF RFC 2392 [33] that points to an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body as specified in IETF RFC 5366 [18], and with the Content-ID header field set to this "cid" URL;
- 3) shall include in the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body a single <entry> element in a <list> element in the <resource-lists> element where the <entry> element contains a "uri" attribute set to the MCDData group identity, extended with the following parameters in the headers portion of the SIP URI:

NOTE: Characters that are not formatted as ASCII characters are escaped in the following parameters in the headers portion of the SIP URI.

- a) an hname "body" parameter populated with:
 - i) an application/sdp MIME body containing an SDP offer with media attributes specified in clause 9.2.3.2.1 if a group standalone SDS message is requested or clause 9.2.4.2.1 if a group SDS session is requested;
 - ii) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body with:
 - A) if a group standalone SDS message is requested, the <request-type> element set to a value of "group-sds". If a group SDS session is requested, the <request-type> element set to a value of "group-sds-session";
 - B) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData group identity;
 - C) the <mcdata-client-id> element set to the MCDData client ID of the originating MCDData client;

- D) if the MCDATA client is aware of active functional aliases and if an active functional alias is to be included in the SIP REFER request, the <anyExt> element of the <functional-alias-URI> element set to the URI of the used functional alias; and
 - E) if the MCDATA user has requested an application priority, the <anyExt> element with the <user-requested-priority> element set to the user provided value;
- 3A) if the MCDATA user has requested the origination of an MCDATA emergency group communication or is originating an MCDATA group communication and the MCDATA emergency state is already set:
- a) if this is an authorised request for an MCDATA emergency group communication as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.1.8, shall execute the procedures in clause 6.2.8.1.1; and
 - b) if this is an unauthorised request for an MCDATA emergency group communication as determined in step a) above, should indicate to the MCDATA user that they are not authorised to initiate an MCDATA emergency group communication;
- 3B) if the MCDATA client emergency group state for this group is set to "MDEG 2: in-progress" or "MDEG 4: confirm-pending", shall include the Resource-Priority header field and execute the procedures in clause 6.2.8.1.2;
- 3C) if the MCDATA user has requested the origination of an MCDATA imminent peril group communication:
- a) if this is an authorised request for an MCDATA imminent peril group communication as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.1.8, shall execute the procedures in clause 6.2.8.1.9; and
 - b) if this is an unauthorised request for an MCDATA imminent peril group communication as determined in step a) above, should indicate to the MCDATA user that they are not authorised to initiate an MCDATA imminent peril group communication;
- 3D) if the MCDATA client imminent peril group state for this group is set to "MDIG 2: in-progress" or "MDIG 4: confirm-pending", shall include the Resource-Priority header field and execute the procedures in clause 6.2.8.1.12;
- 4) shall include a P-Preferred-Service header field set to the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.sds" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 5) may include a P-Preferred-Identity header field in the SIP INVITE request containing a public user identity as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 6) shall include the following according to IETF RFC 4488 [53]:
- a) the option tag "norefersub" in the Supported header field; and
 - b) the value "false" in the Refer-Sub header field;
- 7) shall include a Target-Dialog header field as specified in IETF RFC 4538 [54] identifying the pre-established session;
- 8) shall include the g.3gpp.mcddata.sds media feature tag in the Contact header field of the SIP REFER request according to IETF RFC 3840 [16]; and
- 9) shall send the SIP REFER request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receiving a final SIP 2xx response to the SIP REFER request, the MCDATA client:

- 1) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15].

On receiving a SIP 4xx response, SIP 5xx response or a SIP 6xx response to the SIP REFER request:

- 1) if the MCDATA emergency group communication state is set to "MDEGC 2: emergency-communication-requested" or "MDEGC 3: emergency-communication-granted" or if the MCDATA imminent peril group communication state is set to "MDIGC 2: imminent-peril-communication-requested" or "MDIGC 3: imminent-peril-communication-granted", the MCDATA client shall perform the actions specified in clause 6.2.8.1.5 and shall skip the remaining steps.

On receiving a SIP re-INVITE request within the pre-established session targeted by the sent SIP REFER request, the MCDATA client:

- 0) if the sent SIP REFER request was a request for an MCDATA emergency group communication or an MCDATA imminent peril group communication, the MCDATA client:
 - a) shall perform the actions specified in clause 6.2.8.1.16;
 - b) shall check if a Resource-Priority header field is included in the incoming SIP re-INVITE request and may perform further actions outside the scope of this specification to act upon an included Resource-Priority header field as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - c) shall accept the SIP re-INVITE request and generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - d) shall include an SDP answer in the SIP 200 (OK) response to the SDP offer in the incoming SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], based upon the parameters already negotiated for the pre-established session; and
 - e) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response towards the participating MCDATA function according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 1) if the <mcddata-communication-state> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP INVITE request is set to a value of "establish-success":
 - i) shall notify MCDATA user about successful the MCDATA communication establishment;
- 2) if the <mcddata-communication-state> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP INVITE request is set to a value of "establish-fail":
 - i) shall notify MCDATA user about the MCDATA communication establishment failure; and
- 3) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15].

On communication release by interaction with the media, if the sent SIP REFER request was a request for an MCDATA emergency group communication or an MCDATA imminent peril group communication, the MCDATA client shall perform the procedures specified in clause 6.2.8.1.17.

On receiving a SIP INFO request where the Request-URI contains an MCDATA session ID identifying an ongoing group session, the MCDATA client shall perform the procedures specified in clause 6.2.8.1.13.

9.2.5.3.1.2 Client terminating procedures

Upon receiving a SIP re-INVITE request within a pre-established Session without an associated MCDATA session the MCDATA client:

- 1) if the <mcddata-communication-state> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP INVITE request is set to a value of "establish-request":
 - i) if the <request-type> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP INVITE request is set to a value of "group-sds", shall follow the procedures in clause 9.2.3.2.4;
 - ii) if the <request-type> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP INVITE request is set to a value of "group-sds-session", shall follow the procedures in clause 9.2.4.2.4;

9.2.5.3.2 Participating MCDATA function procedures

9.2.5.3.2.1 Originating procedures

Upon receiving a SIP REFER request, with:

- 1) the Request-URI set to a public service identity identifying the pre-established session on the participating MCDATA function;

- 2) the Refer-To header field containing a Content-ID ("cid") Uniform Resource Locator (URL) as specified in IETF RFC 2392 [33] that points to an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body as specified in IETF RFC 5366 [18] containing one or more <entry> elements in one or more <list> elements in the <resource-lists> element where each <entry> element contains a "uri" attribute containing a SIP URI set to the MCDData group identity;
- 3) an hname "body" parameter in the headers portion of the SIP URI specified above containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body with the <request-type> element set to "group-sds" or "group-sds-session"; and
- 4) a Content-ID header field set to the "cid" URL;

the participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP REFER request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;

NOTE 1: If the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body included in the SIP REFER request contains an <emergency-ind> element or <imminentperil-ind> element set to a value of "true" and this is an authorised request for originating a priority communication as determined by clause 6.3.7.2.6, the participating MCDData function can, according to local policy, choose to accept the request.

- 2) shall determine the MCDData ID of the calling user from public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP REFER request;
- 3) if the participating MCDData function cannot find a binding between the public user identity and an MCDData ID or if the validity period of an existing binding has expired, then the participating MCDData function shall reject the SIP REFER request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text set to "141 user unknown to the participating function" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and skip the rest of the steps;
- 4) shall determine whether the MCDData user identified by the MCDData ID is authorised for MCDData communications by following the procedures in clause 11.1;
 - i) if the procedures in clause 11.1 indicate that the user identified by the MCDData ID is not allowed to initiate MCDData communications, shall reject the SIP REFER request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with warning text set to "200 user not authorised to transmit data" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
- 5) if the received SIP REFER request does not contain an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body referenced by a "cid" URL in the Refer-To header field, shall reject the SIP REFER request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "145 unable to determine called party" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and skip the rest of the steps;
- 6) if the received SIP REFER request contains an application/resource-lists MIME+xml body referenced by a "cid" URL in the Refer-To header field with more than one <entry> element in one or more <list> elements in the <resource-lists> element where each <entry> element contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body with the <request-type> element set to "group-sds", determine that the communication type is group SDS session;
- 6A) if the received SIP REFER request includes an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with an <emergency-ind> element included or an <imminentperil-ind> element included, shall validate the request as described in clause 6.3.7.1.9;
- 6B) if the SIP REFER request contains in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body:
 - a) an <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "true" and this is an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency group communication as determined by clause 6.3.7.2.6;
 - b) an <alert-ind> element set to a value of "true" and this is an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency alert as determined by clause 6.3.7.2.1; or
 - c) an <imminentperil-ind> element set to a value of "true" and this is an unauthorised request for an MCDData imminent peril group communication as determined by clause 6.3.7.2.4;

then shall reject the SIP REFER request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response and skip the rest of the steps;

- 7) shall determine the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function associated with the originating user's MCDData ID;
 - i) if the participating MCDData function is unable to identify the controlling MCDData function, it shall reject the REFER request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text "142 unable to determine the controlling function" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and skip the rest of the steps;

NOTE 2: The public service identity can identify the controlling MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 4: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 5: How the participating MCDData function determines the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 6: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- 8) if the SIP REFER request contained a Refer-Sub header field containing "false" value and a Supported header field containing "norefersub" value, shall handle the SIP REFER request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3515 [51] as updated by IETF RFC 6665 [36], and IETF RFC 4488 [53] without establishing an implicit subscription;

- 9) shall generate a final SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP REFER request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];

NOTE 7: In accordance with IETF RFC 4488 [53], the participating MCDData function inserts the Refer-Sub header field containing the value "false" in the SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP REFER request to indicate that it has not created an implicit subscription.

- 10) shall send the response to the SIP REFER request towards the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];

- 11) shall generate SIP INVITE request as described in clause 9.2.5.1.1;

- 12) shall set the Request-URI of the SIP INVITE request to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function servicing for the calling MCDData user as determined above in step 7); and

- 13) shall forward the SIP INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response for the SIP INVITE request the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15];
- 2) shall generate a SIP re-INVITE request as specified in clause 9.2.5.1.2 with following clarifications:
 - i) shall set the Request-URI to a public service identity identifying the pre-established session;
- 3) shall send the SIP re-INVITE request towards the originating MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 4) upon receipt of a SIP 2xx response to the SIP re-INVITE, shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15].

9.2.5.3.2.2 Terminating procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP INVITE request for standalone SDS over media plane for terminating participating MCDData function" or "SIP INVITE request for SDS session for terminating participating MCDData function", the participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the "SIP INVITE request for terminating participating MCDData function" with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4], and skip the rest of the steps;

NOTE: If the SIP INVITE request contains an emergency indication or an imminent peril indication set to a value of "true" and this is an authorised request for originating a priority communication as determined by clause 6.3.7.2.6, the participating MCDData function can, according to local policy, choose to accept the request.

- 2) shall use the MCDData ID present in the <mcddata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP INVITE request to retrieve the binding between the MCDData ID and public user identity;
 - i) if the binding between the MCDData ID and public user identity does not exist, then the participating MCDData function shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response, and skip the rest of the steps;
- 3) shall generate a SIP re-INVITE request as specified in clause 9.2.5.1.3 with following clarifications:
 - i) shall set the Request-URI to a public service identity identifying the pre-established session;
 - ii) if the incoming SIP INVITE request contained an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body, shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body to the outgoing SIP INVITE request with following clarification:
 - a) shall include <mcddata-communication-state> element with a value set to "establish-request"; and
 - iii) shall include the following in the Contact header field:
 - a) the g.3gpp.mcddata.sds media feature tag;
 - b) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.sds";
 - c) the isfocus media feature tag;
 - d) an MCDData session identity mapped to the MCDData session identity provided in the Contact header field of the incoming SIP INVITE request; and
 - e) any other uri-parameter provided in the Contact header field of the incoming SIP INVITE request;
- 4) shall send the SIP re-INVITE request towards the terminating MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 5) upon receipt of a SIP 2xx response to the SIP re-INVITE, shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15].

9.2.5.4 Leaving SDS communication

9.2.5.4.1 MCDData client procedures

9.2.5.4.1.1 Client originating procedures

Upon receiving a request from an MCDData user to leave an MCDData session within a pre-established session, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15];
- 2) shall generate an initial SIP REFER request outside a dialog in accordance with the procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 4488 [53] and IETF RFC 3515 [51] as updated by IETF RFC 6665 [36] and IETF RFC 7647 [52];
- 3) shall set the Request-URI of the SIP REFER request to the public service identity identifying the pre-established session on the MCDData server serving the MCDData user;

- 4) shall include the Refer-Sub header field with value "false" according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4488 [53];
- 5) shall include the Supported header field with value "norefersub" according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4488 [53];
- 6) shall set the Refer-To header field of the SIP REFER request to the MCDData session identity to leave;
- 7) shall include the "method" SIP URI parameter with the value "BYE" in the URI in the Refer-To header field;
- 8) shall include a Target-Dialog header field as specified in IETF RFC 4538 [54] identifying the pre-established session; and
- 9) shall send the SIP REFER request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 2xx response to the SIP REFER request, the MCDData client shall interact with media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15].

On receiving a SIP re-INVITE request within the pre-established session targeted by the sent SIP REFER request, the MCDData client:

- 1) if the <mcdData-communication-state> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml MIME body of the SIP INVITE request is set to a value of "terminated":
 - i) shall notify MCDData user about successful the MCDData communication termination.

9.2.5.4.1.2 Client terminating procedures

Upon receiving a SIP re-INVITE request within a pre-established Session without an associated MCDData session, the MCDData client:

- 1) if the <mcdData-communication-state> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml MIME body of the SIP INVITE request is set to a value of "terminate-request":
 - i) shall send SIP 200 (OK) response towards MCDData server according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
 - ii) shall release all media plane resources corresponding to the MCDData communication being released.

9.2.5.4.2 Participating MCDData function procedures

9.2.5.4.2.1 Originating procedures

Upon receiving a SIP REFER request with the "method" SIP URI parameter set to value "BYE" in the URI in the Refer-To header field from the MCDData client, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall determine the MCDData ID of the calling user from public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP REFER request;
- 2) if the participating MCDData function cannot find a binding between the public user identity, then the participating MCDData function shall reject the SIP REFER request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text set to "141 user unknown to the participating function" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and skip the rest of the steps;
- 3) if the SIP REFER request contained a Refer-Sub header field containing "false" value and a Supported header field containing "norefersub" value, shall handle the SIP REFER request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3515 [51] as updated by IETF RFC 6665 [36], and IETF RFC 4488 [53] without establishing an implicit subscription;
- 4) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP REFER request, and in the SIP 200 (OK) response:
 - a) shall include the Supported header field with value "norefersub" according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4488 [53]; and

- b) shall check the presence of the Refer-Sub header field of the SIP REFER request and if it is present and set to the value "false" shall include the Refer-Sub header field with value "false" according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4488 [53];
- 5) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP REFER request towards MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 6) shall generate a SIP BYE request, and in the SIP BYE request:
 - a) shall set the Request-URI to the MCDData session identity which was included at the Refer-To header field of the received REFER request; and
 - b) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP BYE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function; and
- 7) shall send the SIP BYE request toward the controlling MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP BYE request the participating MCDData function shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] for releasing media plane resources associated with the SIP session with the controlling MCDData function. The participating MCDData function shall generate a SIP re-INVITE request as specified in clause 9.2.5.1.2 with following clarifications and send the request towards the originating MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]:

- 1) shall set the Request-URI to a public service identity identifying the pre-established session; and
- 2) shall set the <mcdData-communication-state> element with a value of "terminated".

9.2.5.4.2.2 Terminating procedures

Upon receiving a SIP BYE request from the controlling MCDData function, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15];
- 2) shall send a SIP 200 (OK) response to the controlling MCDData function;
- 3) shall generate a SIP re-INVITE request as specified in clause 9.2.5.1.2 with following clarifications:
 - i) shall set the Request-URI to a public service identity identifying the pre-established session; and
 - ii) shall set the <mcdData-communication-state> element with a value of "terminate-request";
- 4) shall send the SIP re-INVITE request towards the originating MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 5) upon receipt of a SIP 2xx response to the SIP re-INVITE, shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15].

9.2.6 SDS session using MBMS delivery in the media plane

The procedures for group SDS delivery using MBMS can be seen as extensions of group SDS delivery using unicast session via the media plane.

Group SDS delivery using MBMS enables dynamic toggling between unicast and MBMS delivery at any time during a session, assuming the proper bearers are available. Only the terminating MCDData clients and the respective associated MCDData terminating participating functions become aware of and involved in the potential MBMS delivery.

The terminating participating function can signal the start/stop/resume MBMS transmissions to the MCDData client by using the media control plane Map Group To Bearer and Unmap Group To Bearer messages, described in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15]. The media control plane signaling associates the TMGI of an announced MBMS bearer with the MCDData group ID of the communication and with the MBMS transmission parameters (IP address and UDP port).

Guaranteed delivery for SDS when using MBMS can be achieved by the SDS originator through use of dispositions (i.e. "DELIVERED") and SDS NOTIFICATION mechanisms. It is up to the terminating participating function to decide whether or not to use MBMS for a session, and it is possible that the terminating participating function will not use MBMS delivery for SDS messages without the "DELIVERED" disposition.

9.2.7 SDS session using MBS delivery in the media plane

All steps of clause 9.2.6 apply also for MBS, with the clarification that terminology mapping specified in clause I.3.4 applies.

9.3 Off-network SDS

9.3.1 General

9.3.1.1 Message transport to a MCDData Client

In order to transmit an off-network SDS message or SDS notification to an MCDData user, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall send the MONP MCDData message transported in a MONP MCDATA MESSAGE CARRIER message, specified in 3GPP TS 24.379 [10], as a UDP message to the local IP address of the MCDData user, on UDP port 8809 (as specified in TS 24.379 [10]), with an IP time-to-live set to 255; and
- 2) shall treat UDP messages received on the port 8809 as received MONP MCDATA MESSAGE CARRIER messages.

NOTE: An MCDData client that supports IPv6 shall listen to the IPv6 addresses.

9.3.1.2 Message transport to a MCDData Group

In order to transmit an off-network SDS message, an SDS notification or any one of the emergency alert messages mentioned in clause 16.3 to an MCDData group, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall send the MONP MCDData message transported in a MONP MCDATA MESSAGE CARRIER message, specified in 3GPP TS 24.379 [10], as a UDP message to the multicast IP address of the MCDData group, on UDP port 8809, with an IP time-to-live set to 255; and
- 2) shall treat UDP messages received on the multicast IP address of the MCDData group and on port 8809 as received MONP MCDATA MESSAGE CARRIER messages, with the IP address treated as mentioned in `"<x>/<x>/OffNetwork/MCPTTGroupParameter/<x>/IPMulticastAddress"` leaf node within the group configuration specified in 3GPP TS 24.483 [42].

The MONP MCDATA MESSAGE CARRIER message is the entire payload of the UDP message.

9.3.2 Standalone SDS using signalling control plane

9.3.2.1 General

9.3.2.2 Sending SDS message

Upon receiving an indication to send an SDS message, the MCDData client:

- 1) if the request to send the SDS message is for a MCDData group, shall check if the value of `"<x>/<x>/Common/MCDData/AllowedSDS"` leaf node, present in the group configuration as specified in 3GPP TS 24.483 [42], is set to "false". If the value is set to "false", shall reject the request to send the SDS message and not continue with the remaining procedures in this clause;
- 2) if:
 - a) a one-to-one SDS message is to be sent then, shall store the MCDData user ID of the intended recipient as the target MCDData user ID; or
 - b) a group SDS message is to be sent then, shall store the MCDData group ID as the target MCDData group ID;
- 3) may set the stored SDS disposition request type as:

- a) "DELIVERY", if only delivery disposition is requested;
 - b) "READ", if only read disposition is requested; or
 - c) "DELIVERY AND READ", if both delivery and read dispositions are requested;
- 4) if an existing conversation is indicated then, shall store the conversation identifier of the indicated conversation as SDS conversation ID. Otherwise, shall generate an UUID as described in IETF RFC 4122 [14] and store SDS conversation ID;
 - 5) shall generate an UUID as described in IETF RFC 4122 [14] and store as the SDS message ID;
 - 6) if indicated that the SDS message is in reply to another SDS message then, shall store the message identifier of the indicated message as SDS reply ID;
 - 7) if indicated that the target recipient of the SDS message is an application then, shall store the application ID of the indicated application as the SDS application ID or as the SDS extended application ID;
 - 8) shall store the received payload as the SDS payload;
 - 9) shall store the received payload type as the SDS payload type;
 - 10) shall store the current UTC time as the SDS transmission time;
 - 11) shall generate a SDS OFF-NETWORK MESSAGE message as specified in clause 15.1.7. In the SDS OFF-NETWORK MESSAGE message, the MCDData client:
 - a) shall set the Sender MCDData user ID IE to its own MCDData user ID;
 - b) if:
 - i) a one-to-one SDS message is to be sent then shall set the Recipient MCDData user ID IE to the stored target MCDData user ID as specified in clause 15.2.15; or
 - ii) a group SDS message is to be sent then, shall set the MCDData group ID IE to the stored target MCDData group ID as specified in clause 15.2.14;
 - c) may set the SDS disposition request type IE to the stored the SDS disposition request type as specified in clause 15.2.3;
 - d) shall set the Conversation ID IE to the stored conversation ID as specified in clause 15.2.9;
 - e) shall set the Message ID IE to the stored SDS message ID as specified in clause 15.2.10;
 - f) shall set the Date and time IE to the stored SDS transmission time as specified in clause 15.2.8;
 - g) may include the InReplyTo message ID IE set to the stored SDS reply ID as specified in clause 15.2.11;
 - h) may include:
 - i) the Application ID IE set to the stored SDS application ID as specified in clause 15.2.7; or
 - ii) the Extended application ID IE set to the stored SDS extended application ID as specified in clause 15.2.24;
 - i) if end-to-end security is required for a one-to-one communication and the security context does not exist or if the existing security context has expired, shall include the Security parameters and Payload IE with security parameters as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - j) if
 - i) end-to-end security is not required for a one-to-one communication, or
 - ii) sending the SDS OFF-NETWORK MESSAGE message to a MCDData group;may include the Payload IE as specified in clause 15.2.13 with:
 - i) the Payload content type to the stored SDS payload type; and

ii) the Payload data set to the stored SDS payload;

12) if:

- a) a one-to-one SDS message is to be sent then, shall send the SDS OFF-NETWORK MESSAGE message as specified in clause 9.3.1.1; or
- b) a group SDS message is to be sent then, shall send the SDS OFF-NETWORK MESSAGE message as specified in clause 9.3.1.2;

13) shall initialise the counter CFS1 (SDS retransmission) with the value set to 1; and

14) shall start timer TFS1 (SDS retransmission).

9.3.2.3 Retransmitting SDS message

Upon expiry of timer TFS1 (SDS retransmission), the MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate a SDS OFF-NETWORK MESSAGE message as specified in clause 15.1.7. In the SDS OFF-NETWORK MESSAGE message, the MCDData client:
 - a) shall set the Sender MCDData user ID IE to its own MCDData user ID;
 - b) if:
 - i) a one-to-one SDS message is to be sent then, shall set the Recipient MCDData user ID IE to the stored target MCDData user ID; or
 - ii) a group SDS message is to be sent then, shall set the MCDData group ID IE to the stored target MCDData group ID;
 - c) may set the SDS disposition request type IE to the stored the SDS disposition request type as specified in clause 15.2.3;
 - d) shall set the Conversation ID IE to the stored conversation ID as specified in clause 15.2.9;
 - e) shall set the Message ID IE to the stored SDS message ID as specified in clause 15.2.10;
 - f) shall set the Date and time IE to the stored the SDS transmission time as specified in clause 15.2.8;
 - g) may include the InReplyTo message ID IE set to the stored SDS reply ID as specified in clause 15.2.11;
 - h) may include:
 - i) the Application ID IE set to the stored SDS application ID as specified in clause 15.2.7; or
 - ii) the Extended application ID IE set to the stored SDS extended application ID as specified in clause 15.2.24;
 - i) if end-to-end security is required for a one-to-one communication and the security context does not exist or if the existing security context has expired, shall include the Security parameters IE with security parameters as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]; and
 - j) if:
 - i) end-to-end security is not required for a one-to-one communication, or
 - ii) sending the SDS OFF-NETWORK MESSAGE message to a MCDData group;
 may include the Payload IE as specified in clause 15.2.13 with:
 - i) the Payload content type to the stored SDS payload type; and
 - ii) the Payload data set to the stored SDS payload;
- 2) if:

- a) a one-to-one SDS message was sent then, shall send the SDS OFF-NETWORK MESSAGE message as specified in clause 9.3.1.1; or
- b) a group SDS message was sent then, shall send the SDS OFF-NETWORK MESSAGE message as specified in clause 9.3.1.2;
- 3) shall increment the counter CFS1(SDS retransmission) by 1; and
- 4) shall start timer TFS1 (SDS retransmission) if the associated counter CFS1 (SDS retransmission) has not reached its upper limit.

9.3.2.4 Receiving SDS message

Upon receiving an SDS OFF-NETWORK MESSAGE message with a SDS disposition request type IE, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall store the value of Sender MCDData user ID IE as the stored notification target MCDData user ID;
- 2) shall store the value of Conversation ID IE as the stored conversation ID;
- 3) shall store the value of Message ID IE as the stored SDS message ID;
- 4) shall store the current UTC time as the stored SDS notification time;
- 5) if present, shall store the value of Application ID IE as the stored SDS application ID;
- 6) if present, shall store the value of the Extended application ID IE as the stored SDS extended application ID;
- 7) if present, shall store the value of MCDData group ID IE to the stored target MCDData group ID; and
- 8) if the SDS disposition request type IE is set to:
 - a) "DELIVERY" then, shall send a SDS OFF-NETWORK NOTIFICATION message as described in clause 12.3.2;
 - b) "READ" then, shall send a SDS OFF-NETWORK NOTIFICATION message as described in clause 12.3.3; or
 - c) "DELIVERY AND READ" then, shall start timer TFS3 (delivery and read).

NOTE: Duplicate messages (re-transmissions) that are received by the MCDData client should not be processed again.

9.3.2.5 SDS Read while TFS3 (delivery and read) is running

Upon receiving a display indication before timer TFS3 (delivery and read) expires, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate and send a SDS OFF-NETWORK NOTIFICATION message as described in clause 12.3.4.

9.3.2.6 Timer TFS3 (delivery and read) expires

Upon expiry of timer TFS3 (delivery and read), the MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate and send a SDS OFF-NETWORK NOTIFICATION message as described in clause 12.3.2; and
- 2) upon receiving a display indication, shall generate and send a SDS OFF-NETWORK NOTIFICATION message as described in clause 12.3.3.

10 File Distribution (FD)

10.1 General

The group administrator can disable the FD service on a MCDData group by setting the <mcddata-allow-file-distribution> element under the <list-service> element, in the group document, to "false".

If the <mcddata-allow-file-distribution> element under the <list-service> element, in the group document, is set to "false" for a MCDData group:

- an MCDData client should not use the procedures in the clauses of the parent clause for FD to the said MCDData group.
- a terminating MCDData controlling function should reject the request for FD to the said MCDData group.

10.2 On-network FD

10.2.1 General

10.2.1.1 Sending an FD message

When the MCDData user wishes to send:

- a one-to-one standalone File Distribution (FD) message to another MCDData user; or
- a group standalone File Distribution (FD) message to a pre-configured group;

the MCDData client:

- 1) shall follow the procedures in clause 11.1 for transmission control; and
- 2) if the procedures in clause 11.1 are successful:
 - a) if the MCDData client decides to use HTTP, shall follow the procedures in clause 10.2.4; and
 - b) if the MCDData client decides to use the media plane, shall follow the the procedures in clause 10.2.5.

10.2.1.2 Handling of received FD messages

10.2.1.2.1 Initial processing of the received FD message

When a MCDData client has received a SIP request containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-signalling MIME body as specified in clause E.1, the MCDData Client:

- 1) shall decode the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-signalling MIME body;
- 2) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-signalling MIME body does not contain an FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message as specified in clause 15.1.3, shall exit this clause;
- 3) if more than one Payload IE is included in the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message, shall exit this clause;
- 4) if the Payload content type in the Payload IE in the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message is not set to "FILEURL", shall exit this clause;
- 5) if the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains a Mandatory download IE set to the value of "MANDATORY DOWNLOAD" shall follow the procedures in clause 10.2.1.2.2;
- 6) if the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message does not contain a Mandatory download IE, shall follow the procedures in clause 10.2.1.2.3; and

- 7) if the received FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains an Application metadata container IE, may process the content of that IE per local policy.

10.2.1.2.2 Mandatory Download

The MCDData client:

- 1) if the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains a new Conversation ID, shall instantiate a new conversation with the Message ID in the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD identifying the first message in the conversation thread;
- 2) if the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains an existing Conversation ID and:
 - a) if the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message does not contain an InReplyTo message ID, shall use the Message ID in the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD to identify a new message in the existing conversation thread; and
 - b) if the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains an InReplyTo message ID, shall associate the message to an existing message in the conversation thread as identified by the InReplyTo message ID in the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD, and use the Message ID in the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD to identify the new message;
- 3) may store the Conversation ID, Message ID, InReplyTo message ID and Date and time in local storage;
- 4) if the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message does not contain an Application ID IE and does not contain an Extended application ID IE:
 - a) shall determine that the payload contained in the Payload IE in the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message is for user consumption;
 - b) shall notify the user or application that the file identified by file URL in the Payload data in the Payload IE will be downloaded automatically; and
 - c) if the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains a Metadata IE, shall deliver the contents of the Metadata IE to the user or application;
- 5) if the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains an Application ID IE:
 - a) shall determine that the payload contained in the Payload IE in the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message is not for user consumption;
 - b) if the Application ID value is unknown, shall discard the FD message and exit this clause;
 - c) if the Application ID value is known, shall notify the application that the file identified by file URL in the Payload data in the Payload IE will be downloaded automatically; and

NOTE 1: If the FD request is addressed to a non-MCDData application that is not running, the MCDData client starts the local non-MCDData application. Subsequent automatic download of the file is then started and the file is delivered to that application.

- d) if the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains a Metadata IE, shall deliver the contents of the Metadata IE to the application;
- 6) if the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains an Extended application ID IE:
 - a) shall determine that the payload contained in the Payload IE in the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message is not for user consumption;
 - b) if the Extended application ID value is unknown, shall discard the FD message and exit this clause;
 - c) if the Extended application ID value is known, shall notify the application that the file identified by file URL in the Payload data in the Payload IE will be downloaded automatically; and

NOTE 2: If the FD request is addressed to a non-MCDData application that is not running, the MCDData client starts the local non-MCDData application. Subsequent automatic download of the file is then started and the file is delivered to that application.

- d) if the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains a Metadata IE, shall deliver the contents of the Metadata IE to the application;
- 7) shall generate an FD NOTIFICATION indicating acceptance of the FD request as specified in clause 12.2.1.1;
- 8) shall attempt to download the file as identified by the file URL in the Payload IE in the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message, as specified in clause 10.2.3.1;
- 9) if the received FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains an FD disposition request type IE requesting a file download completed update indication, then after the file has been successfully downloaded, shall generate an FD NOTIFICATION indicating file download completed, by following the procedures in clause 12.2.1.1 with following clarifications:
 - a) if the received FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message is not requested for a file download completed update indication in an FD disposition request type IE, shall not include the target MCDData user by skipping the step 3) of clause 12.2.1.1; and

NOTE 3: The FD disposition request will be sent irrespective of whether the received FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains an FD disposition request type IE requesting a file download completed update indication or not.

- 10) if the received FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains an Application metadata container IE, may process the content of that IE per local policy.

10.2.1.2.3 Non-Mandatory download

The MCDData client:

- 1) if the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message does not contain an Application ID IE and does not contain an Extended application ID IE:
 - a) shall determine that the payload contained in the Payload IE in the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message is for user consumption;
 - b) shall notify the user about the incoming FD request; and
 - c) if the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains a Metadata IE, shall deliver the contents of the Metadata IE to the user;
- 2) if the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains an Application ID IE:
 - a) shall determine that the payload contained in the Payload IE in the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message is not for user consumption;
 - b) if the Application ID value is unknown, shall discard the FD message and exit this clause;
 - c) if the Application ID value is known, shall notify the application of the incoming FD request; and

NOTE 1: If FD request is addressed to a non-MCDData application that is not running, the MCDData client starts the local non-MCDData application.

- d) if the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains a Metadata IE, shall deliver the contents of the Metadata IE to the application;
- 2A) if the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains an Extended application ID IE:
 - a) shall determine that the payload contained in the Payload IE in the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message is not for user consumption;
 - b) if the Extended application ID value is unknown, shall discard the FD message and exit this clause;
 - c) if the Extended application ID value is known, shall notify the application of the incoming FD request; and

NOTE 2: If the FD request is addressed to a non-MCDData application that is not running, the MCDData client starts the local non-MCDData application.

- d) if the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains a Metadata IE, shall deliver the contents of the Metadata IE to the application;
- 3) shall start a timer TDU2 (FD non-mandatory download timer) with the timer value as specified in clause F.2.3;
- 4) shall wait for the user or application to request to download the file indicated by file URL in the Payload data in the Payload IE in the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message;
- 5) if the user or application accepts or rejects or decides to defer the FD request, shall stop timer TDU2 (FD non-mandatory download timer);
- 6) if the user deferred the FD request while the timer TDU2 (FD non-mandatory download timer) was running, shall generate an FD NOTIFICATION indicating deferral of the FD request as specified in clause 12.2.1.1;

NOTE 3: Once the timer TDU2 (FD non-mandatory download timer) has expired the FD request can only be accepted or rejected with an appropriate action by the MCDData client.

NOTE 4: Once the timer TDU2 (FD non-mandatory download timer) has expired, no action is taken by the MCDData client if the FD request is deferred.

- 7) if the user or application rejects the FD request, shall generate an FD NOTIFICATION indicating rejection of the FD request as specified in clause 12.2.1.1 and shall exit this clause; and
 - 8) if the user accepts the FD request:
 - a) shall generate an FD NOTIFICATION indicating acceptance of the FD request as specified in clause 12.2.1.1;
 - b) if the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains a new Conversation ID, shall instantiate a new conversation with the Message ID in the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD identifying the first message in the conversation thread;
 - c) if the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains an existing Conversation ID and:
 - i) if the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message does not contain an InReplyTo message ID, shall use the Message ID in the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD to identify a new message in the existing conversation thread; and
 - ii) if the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains an InReplyTo message ID, shall associate the message to an existing message in the conversation thread as identified by the InReplyTo message ID in the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD, and use the Message ID in the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD to identify the new message;
 - d) may store the Conversation ID, Message ID, InReplyTo message ID and Date and time in local storage;
 - e) shall attempt to download the file as identified by the file URL in the Payload IE in the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message, as specified in clause 10.2.3.1;
 - f) if the received FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains an FD disposition request type IE requesting a file download completed update, then after the file download has been successfully downloaded, shall generate an FD NOTIFICATION by following the procedures in clause 12.2.1.1 with following clarifications:
 - i) if the received FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message is not requested for a file download completed update indication in an FD disposition request type IE, shall not include the target MCDData user by skipping the step 3) of clause 12.2.1.1; and
- NOTE 5: The FD disposition request will be sent irrespective of whether the received FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains an FD disposition request type IE requesting a file download completed update indication or not.
- g) if the received FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains an Application metadata container IE, may process the content of that IE per local policy.

10.2.1.3 Discovery of the Absolute URI of the media storage function

10.2.1.3.1 General

In order to upload a file to the media storage function on the controlling MCDData function, the MCDData UE if not aware of the absolute URI of the media storage function, discovers the absolute URI of the media storage function.

10.2.1.3.2 Void

10.2.1.3.3 Participating MCDData function procedures

On receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for absolute URI discovery request for participating MCDData function", the originating participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall determine the MCDData ID of the calling user from the public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP MESSAGE request;

NOTE 1: The MCDData ID of the calling user is bound to the public user identity at the time of service authorisation, as documented in clause 7.3.

- 3) if the participating MCDData function cannot find a binding between the public user identity and an MCDData ID or if the validity period of an existing binding has expired, then the participating MCDData function shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text set to "141 user unknown to the participating function" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with any of the remaining steps;
- 4) if the <request-type> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP MESSAGE request is "msf-disc-req":
 - a) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body does not contain a MCDData group ID, shall determine the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function hosting the one-to-one FD using HTTP service for the calling user; and
 - b) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body contains a MCDData group ID, shall determine the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function hosting the group standalone FD using HTTP service, associated with the MCDData group identity in the <mcdata-calling-group-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the SIP MESSAGE request;

NOTE 2: The public service identity can identify the controlling MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 4: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 5: How the originating participating MCDData function determines the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 6: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- 5) if unable to identify the controlling MCDData function, it shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text "142 unable to determine the controlling function" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with any of the remaining steps;
- 6) shall determine whether the MCDData user identified by the MCDData ID is authorised for MCDData communications by following the procedures in clause 11.1;
- 7) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP MESSAGE request does not contain a <mcdata-calling-group-id> element or the procedures in clause 11.1 indicate that the user identified by the MCDData ID is not allowed to send MCDData communications as determined by step 1) of clause 11.1, shall reject the "SIP MESSAGE request for and absolute URI discovery request for participating MCDData function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP MESSAGE request, with warning text set to "200 user not authorised to transmit data" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
- 8) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 9) shall copy all MIME bodies included in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request to the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- 10) shall include the MCDData ID of the originating user in the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- 11) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), into the P-Asserted-Service header field of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- 12) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public user identity of the controlling MCDData function as determined by step 4) in this clause;
- 13) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function; and
- 14) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 200 (OK) response in response to the SIP MESSAGE request in step 14):

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 2) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the originating MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for absolute URI discovery response for the participating function", the participating MCDData function shall: forward the SIP MESSAGE request to the originating MCDData client.

Upon receipt of a SIP 200 (OK) response in response to the forwarded SIP MESSAGE request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 2) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the controlling MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

10.2.1.3.4 Controlling MCDData function procedures

Upon receiving a "SIP MESSAGE request for absolute URI discovery request" message, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The controlling MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4]. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps;
- 2) if the SIP MESSAGE does not contain an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response, with warning text set to "199 expected MIME bodies not in the request" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;

- 3) shall decode the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body contained in the SIP MESSAGE;
- 4) if the <mcdata-calling-group-id> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP MESSAGE request is present:
 - a) shall retrieve the group document associated with the group identity in the SIP MESSAGE request by following the procedures in clause 6.3.3, and shall continue with the remaining steps if the procedures in clause 6.3.3 were successful;
 - b) if the <on-network-disabled> element is present in the group document, shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "115 group is disabled" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
 - b1) if the group document contains a <list-service> element that contains a <preconfigured-group-use-only> element that is set to the value "true", shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "167 call is not allowed on the preconfigured group" as specified in clause 4.9 "Warning header field" and shall skip the rest of this procedure;
 - c) if the <list> element of the <list-service> element in the group document does not contain an <entry> element with a "uri" attribute matching the MCDData ID of the originating user contained in the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the SIP MESSAGE request, shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "116 user is not part of the MCDData group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
 - d) if the <list-service> element contains a <mcdata-allow-file-distribution> element in the group document set to a value of "false", shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "213 file distribution not allowed for this group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
 - e) if the <supported-services> element is not present in the group document or is present and contains a <service> element containing an "enabler" attribute which is not set to the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd", shall send a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable) response with the warning text set to "214 FD services not supported for this group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
 - f) if the MCDData server group FD procedures in clause 11.1 indicate that the user identified by the MCDData ID:
 - i) is not allowed to send group MCDData communications on this group identity as determined by step 1) of clause 11.1, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response, with warning text set to "201 user not authorised to transmit data on this group identity" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause; and
 - ii) the originating user identified by the MCDData ID is not affiliated to the group identity contained in the SIP MESSAGE request, as specified in clause 6.x.x, shall return a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "120 user is not affiliated to this group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and skip the rest of the steps below;
- 5) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response in response to the "SIP MESSAGE request for absolute URI discovery request for controlling MCDData function";
- 6) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response towards the originating participating MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 7) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6]. In the generation of the SIP MESSAGE request, the controlling MCDData function:
 - a) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8] in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
 - b) shall identify the absolute URI of the media storage function associated with the controlling function;
 - c) shall include a P-Asserted-Service header field with the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd";

- d) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the SIP MESSAGE request, following the rules specified in clause 6.4 for the handling of MIME bodies in a SIP message, with:
 - i) a <request-type> element containing the value "msf-disc-res"; and
 - ii) an <mcdata-controller-psi> element set to the absolute URI of the media storage function if in step b) above;
- e) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function associated to the MCDData ID of the originating user mentioned in the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request; and

NOTE 1: The public service identity can identify the participating MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 2: If the participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 4: How the controlling MCDData function determines the public service identity of the participating MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 5: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- f) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function; and
- 8) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request towards the participating MCDData function as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

10.2.2 File upload using HTTP

10.2.2.1 Media storage client procedures

If the file upload is intended for group file distribution, the media storage client shall determine whether the group document contains a <list-service> element that contains a <preconfigured-group-use-only> element. If a <preconfigured-group-use-only> element exists and is set to the value "true", then the media storage client:

- 1) should indicate to the MCDData user that group file distribution is not allowed on the indicated group; and
- 2) shall skip the remainder of this procedure.

The media storage client shall determine the value of the absolute URI associated with the media storage function of the MCDData content server from the <MCDDataContentServerURI> element of the MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]).

The media storage client shall send HTTP requests over a TLS connection as specified for the HTTP client in the UE in annex A of 3GPP TS 24.482 [24].

NOTE 1: The HTTP client encodes the MCDData ID in the bearer access token of the Authorization header field of an HTTP request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24].

NOTE 2: The HTTP client always sends the HTTP requests to an HTTP proxy. Annex A of 3GPP TS 24.482 [24] indicates how the HTTP proxy forwards the HTTP request to the HTTP server.

To upload a UE-stored file to media storage function on the MCDData content server, the media storage client:

- 1) shall generate an HTTP POST request as specified in IETF RFC 7230 [22] and IETF RFC 7231 [23];

- 2) shall set the Request-URI to the absolute URI identifying the resource on a media storage function;
- 3) shall set the Host header field to a hostname identifying the media storage function;
- 4) shall set the Content-Type header field to multipart/mixed and with a boundary delimiter parameter set to any chosen value;
- 5) if the file upload is for one-to-one file distribution, shall insert an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with:
 - a) the <request-type> element set to a value of "one-to-one-fd"; and
 - b) the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element set to the originating MCDData ID;
- 6) if the file upload is for group file distribution, shall insert an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with:
 - a) the <request-type> element set to a value of "group-fd";
 - b) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData group identity; and
 - c) the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element set to the originating MCDData ID;
- 7) if end-to-end security is required for a one-to-one communication, the MCDData client protects the binary data representing the file and prefixes the protected binary data with security parameters as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
- 8) if
 - a) end-to-end security is not required for a one-to-one communication, or
 - b) the file upload is for group file distribution;shall include the binary data representing the file with Content-Type field set to application/octet-stream and Content-Length field set to the file size; and
- 9) shall send the HTTP POST request towards the media storage function.

To upload a network-stored file to media storage function on the MCDData content server, the media storage client:

- 1) shall generate an HTTP POST request as specified in IETF RFC 7230 [22] and IETF RFC 7231 [23];
- 2) shall set the Request-URI to the absolute URI identifying the resource on a media storage function;
- 3) shall set the Host header field to a hostname identifying the media storage function;
- 4) shall set the Content-Type header field to multipart/mixed and with a boundary delimiter parameter set to any chosen value;
- 5) if the file upload is for one-to-one file distribution, shall insert an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with:
 - a) the <request-type> element set to a value of "one-to-one-fd"; and
 - b) the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element set to the originating MCDData ID;
- 6) if the file upload is for group file distribution, shall insert an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with:
 - a) the <request-type> element set to a value of "group-fd";
 - b) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData group identity; and
 - c) the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element set to the originating MCDData ID;
- 7) shall insert a message/external-body MIME according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 2017 [80] with:
 - a) the Content-Type header field set to message/external-body with:

- i) the access-type parameter set to a value of "URL";
- ii) the URL parameter set to an absolute URI identifying the URL of the network-stored file being requested to download; and

NOTE 3: For the network-stored file available in the MCDData message store the above URL set as `//{serverRoot}/nms/{apiVersion}/{storeName}/{boxId}/objects/{objectId}/payload` as indicated by the object's `payloadURL` as described in the "Object" data structure in clause 5.3.2.1 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

- iii) the phantom body area of the message/external-body is not used and should be left blank; and

8) shall send the HTTP POST request towards the media storage function.

On receipt of a HTTP 201 Created containing a Location header field with a URL identifying the location of the resource where the file has been stored on the media storage function, the media storage client shall store this information.

10.2.2.2 Media storage function procedures

The media storage function on the MCDData content server shall act as an HTTP server as defined in annex A of 3GPP TS 24.482 [24].

NOTE 1: The HTTP server validates the MCDData ID in the bearer access token of the Authorization header field of an HTTP request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24].

On receipt of an HTTP POST request with a Request-URI identifying a resource on the media storage function and message/external-body MIME is not included, the media storage function:

- 1) shall decode the contents of application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body:
 - a) if the user indicated by `<mcdata-calling-user-id>` element is not allowed to upload files due to transmission control policy, shall return a HTTP 403 Forbidden response and not continue with the remaining steps in this clause;
 - b) If the `<request-type>` element is set to:
 - a) "one-to-one-fd" and the Content-Length header under application/octet-stream MIME is greater than `<max-data-size-fd-bytes>` element present in the service configuration document as specified in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12], shall generate and send a HTTP 413 Payload Too Large response and not continue with the remaining steps in this clause;
 - b) "group-fd":
 - i) shall retrieve the group document associated with the group identity indicated in the `<mcdata-request-uri>` element by following the procedures in clause 6.3.3, and shall continue with the remaining steps if the procedures in clause 6.3.3 were successful;
 - ii) if the Content-Length header under application/octet-stream MIME is greater than `<mcdata-on-network-max-data-size-for-FD>` element present in the group document retrieved in step i), shall generate and send a HTTP 413 Payload Too Large response and not continue with the remaining steps in this clause;

Editor's Note: [CR 0133, WI eMCDData2] it is FFS to determine how the MCDData content server will apply transmission control policy by accessing the configuration documents (e.g service configuration and group configuration) from the MCDData server.

2) shall process the HTTP POST request by following the procedures in IETF RFC 7230 [22] and IETF RFC 7231 [23] with the following clarifications:

- a) shall store the file in the resource location as identified by the Request-URI; and
- b) shall generate and send a HTTP 201 Created response containing a Location header field with a URL identifying the location of the stored file.

On receipt of an HTTP POST request with a Request-URI identifying a resource on the media storage function and message/external-body MIME is included, the media storage function:

- 1) shall decode the contents of application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body:
 - a) if the user indicated by <mcdata-calling-user-id> element is not allowed to upload files due to transmission control policy, shall return a HTTP 403 Forbidden response and not continue with the remaining steps in this clause; and
- 2) shall process the HTTP POST request by following the procedures in IETF RFC 7230 [22] and IETF RFC 7231 [23] with the following clarifications:
 - a) shall determine the resource location as identified by the Request-URI to store the file;
 - b) shall use the URL parameter value of the Content-Type header field set with message/external-body and fetch the file from the MCDData message store as described in clause 6.7, provided that the URL is pointing to a file in the MCDData message store account of the user; and

NOTE 2: For more information on fetching a file from the MCDData message store see clause 6.6 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

- c) shall generate and send a HTTP 201 Created response containing a Location header field with a URL identifying the location of the stored file in the media storage function of the MCDData content server.

10.2.3 File download using HTTP

10.2.3.1 Media storage client procedures

The media storage client shall send HTTP requests over a TLS connection as specified for the HTTP client in the UE, in annex A of 3GPP TS 24.482 [24].

NOTE 1: The HTTP client encodes the MCDData ID in the bearer access token of the Authorization header field of an HTTP request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24].

NOTE 2: The HTTP client always sends the HTTP requests to an HTTP proxy. Annex A of 3GPP TS 24.482 [24] indicates how the HTTP proxy forwards the HTTP request to the HTTP server.

To download a file from the media storage function on the MCDData content server, the media storage client:

- 1) shall generate an HTTP GET request as specified in IETF RFC 7230 [22] and IETF RFC 7231 [23] with a Request-URI set to an absolute URI identifying the URL of the file being requested from the media storage function on the MCDData content server; and
- 2) shall send the HTTP GET request towards the media storage function on the MCDData content server.

On receipt of a HTTP 200 OK response containing the requested file, the MCDData client shall notify the user or application that the file has been successfully downloaded.

10.2.3.2 Media storage function procedures

The media storage function on the MCDData content server shall act as an HTTP server as defined in annex A of 3GPP TS 24.482 [24].

NOTE 1: The HTTP server validates the MCDData ID in the bearer access token of the Authorization header field of an HTTP request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24].

On receipt of an HTTP GET request with a Request-URI identifying a file, the media storage function on the MCDData content server:

- 1) if the MCDData user is not allowed to download files due to reception control policy, shall return an HTTP 403 Forbidden response;
- 2) shall process the HTTP GET request by following the procedures in IETF RFC 7230 [22] and IETF RFC 7231 [23], and shall return a HTTP 200 OK response containing the requested file.

Editor's Note: [CR 0133, WI eMCDData2] it is FFS to determine how the MCDData content server will apply reception control policy by accessing the configuration documents (e.g service configuration and group configuration) from the MCDData server.

10.2.4 FD using HTTP

10.2.4.1 General

The procedures in the clauses of the parent clause describe the SIP signalling procedures for:

- one-to-one file distribution using HTTP; and
- group standalone file distribution using HTTP.

When the MCDData user wishes to perform file distribution via HTTP, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall check that the file size is less than or equal to the:
 - a) <mcdata-on-network-max-data-size-for-FD> element present in the group document retrieved by the group management client as specified in 3GPP TS 24.481 [11], if the file upload is for a group file distribution; or
 - b) <max-data-size-fd-bytes> element present in the service configuration document as specified in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12], if the file upload is for a one-to-one file distribution;
- 2) if the size of the file:
 - a) is acceptable for upload as determined by step 1), shall determine the value of the absolute URI associated with the media storage function of the MCDData content server from the <MCDDataContentServerURI> element of the MCPTT user profile document (see the MCPTT user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]);
 - b) is not acceptable for upload, shall not continue with the remaining steps in this clause;
- 3) shall request the media storage client to upload the file to the media storage function by following the procedures in clause 10.2.2.1; and
- 4) shall initiate an FD request containing a file URL as specified in clause 10.2.4.2.1.

10.2.4.2 MCDData client procedures

10.2.4.2.1 MCDData client originating procedures

If a group standalone FD message is to be sent, the MCDData client shall determine whether the group document contains a <list-service> element that contains a <preconfigured-group-use-only> element. If a <preconfigured-group-use-only> element exists and is set to the value "true", then the MCDData client:

- 1) should indicate to the MCDData user that group standalone FD is not allowed on the indicated group; and
- 2) shall skip the remainder of this procedure.

The MCDData client shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6] with the clarifications given below.

The MCDData client:

- 1) shall build the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in clause 6.2.4.1;
- 2) if a one-to-one standalone FD message is to be sent shall insert in the SIP MESSAGE request:
 - a) an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with the MCDData ID of the target MCDData user or the functional alias to be called in the "uri" attribute of the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body, according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4826 [9]; and

- b) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with:
 - i) a <request-type> element set to a value of "one-to-one-fd"; and
 - ii) an <anyExt> element containing:
 - A) a <call-to-functional-alias-ind> element set to "true" if the functional alias is used in the step a) above;
 - B) if the MCDData client is aware of active functional aliases and if an active functional alias is to be included in the SIP MESSAGE request, the <functional-alias-URI> element set to the URI of the used functional alias; and
 - C) if the MCDData user has requested an application priority, the <user-requested-priority> element set to the user provided value;
- 3) if a group standalone FD message is to be sent:
 - a) if the "/<x>/<x>/Common/MCDData/AllowedFD" leaf node present in the group document of the requested MCDData group as specified in 3GPP TS 24.483 [42] is set to "false", shall reject the request for FD and not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause; and
 - b) shall insert in the SIP MESSAGE request an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with:
 - i) the <request-type> element set to a value of "group-fd";
 - ii) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData group identity;
 - iii) the <mcdata-client-id> element set to the MCDData client ID of the originating MCDData client; and
 - iv) an <anyExt> element containing:
 - A) if the MCDData client is aware of active functional aliases and if an active functional alias is to be included in the SIP MESSAGE request, the <functional-alias-URI> element set to the URI of the used functional alias; and
 - B) if the MCDData user has requested an application priority, the <user-requested-priority> element set to the user provided value;
- 4) shall generate a standalone FD message as specified in clause 6.2.2.2; and
- 5) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 300 (Multiple Choices) response to the SIP MESSAGE request the MCDData client shall use the MCDData ID contained in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the received application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body as the MCDData ID of the invited MCDData user and shall generate a new SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6], with the clarifications given in this clause and with the following additional clarifications:

- 1) shall insert in the newly generated SIP MESSAGE request an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with the MCDData ID of the invited MCDData user in the "uri" attribute of the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body where the MCDData ID is found in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body in the received SIP 300 (Multiple Choices) response;
- 2) shall not include a <call-to-functional-alias-ind> element into the <anyExt> element of the <mcdata-Params> element of the <mcdatainfo> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and
- 3) shall include a <called-functional-alias-URI> element into the <anyExt> element of the <mcdata-Params> element of the <mcdatainfo> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the target functional alias used in the initial SIP MESSAGE request for sending one-to-one standalone FD message.

10.2.4.2.2 MCDData client terminating procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for FD using HTTP for terminating MCDData client", the MCDData client:

- 1) may reject the SIP MESSAGE request if there are not enough resources to handle the SIP MESSAGE request;
- 2) if the SIP MESSAGE request is rejected in step 1), shall respond towards the participating MCDData function with a SIP 480 (Temporarily unavailable) response and skip the rest of the steps of this clause;
- 3) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 4) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response towards the MCDData server according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 5) shall handle the received message as specified in clause 10.2.1.2.

10.2.4.3 Participating MCDData function procedures

10.2.4.3.1 Originating participating MCDData function procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for FD using HTTP for originating participating MCDData function", the participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall determine the MCDData ID of the originating user from the public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP MESSAGE request, and shall authorise the calling user;

NOTE 1: The MCDData ID of the calling user is bound to the public user identity at the time of service authorisation, as documented in clause 7.3.

- 3) if the participating MCDData function cannot find a binding between the public user identity and an MCDData ID or if the validity period of an existing binding has expired, then the participating MCDData function shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text set to "141 user unknown to the participating function" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with any of the remaining steps;
- 4) if <mcdData-controller-psi> element is present in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml, shall use its value as public service identity of the controlling MCDData function. Otherwise, if the <request-type> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml MIME body of the SIP MESSAGE request is:
 - a) set to a value of "group-fd", shall determine the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function hosting the group standalone FD using HTTP service, associated with the MCDData group identity in the <mcdData-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml MIME body in the SIP MESSAGE request; or
 - b) set to a value of "one-to-one-fd", shall determine the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function hosting the one-to-one FD using HTTP service for the calling user;

NOTE 2: The public service identity can identify the controlling MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 4: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 5: How the participating MCDData function determines the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 6: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- 5) if unable to identify the controlling MCDData function, it shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text "142 unable to determine the controlling function" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with any of the remaining steps;
- 6) shall determine whether the MCDData user identified by the MCDData ID is authorised for MCDData communications by following the procedures in clause 11.1;
- 7) if <mcddata-controller-psi> is not present in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml and if the procedures in clause 11.1 indicate that the user identified by the MCDData ID:
 - a) is not allowed to initiate MCDData communications as determined by step 1) of clause 11.1, shall reject the "SIP MESSAGE request for FD using HTTP for originating participating MCDData function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP MESSAGE request, with warning text set to "200 user not authorised to transmit data" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
 - b) is not allowed to initiate one-to-one MCDData communications due to exceeding the maximum amount of data that can be sent in a single request as determined by step 7) of clause 11.1, shall reject the "SIP MESSAGE request for FD using HTTP for originating participating MCDData function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP MESSAGE request, with warning text set to "202 user not authorised for one-to-one MCDData communications due to exceeding the maximum amount of data that can be sent in a single request" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause; and
 - c) is not allowed to initiate one-to-one MCDData communications to the targeted user as determined by step 1a) of clause 11.1, shall reject the "SIP MESSAGE request for FD using HTTP for originating participating MCDData function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "229 one-to-one MCDData communication not authorised to the targeted user" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 8) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 9) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function as determined by step 4) in this clause;
- 10) shall copy all MIME bodies included in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request to the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- 10A) if the incoming SIP MESSAGE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body that contains a <functional-alias-URI> element, shall check if the status of the functional alias is activated for the MCDData ID. If the functional alias status is activated, then the participating MCDData function shall set the <functional-alias-URI> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP INVITE request to the received value, otherwise shall not include a <functional-alias-URI> element;
- 11) shall include the MCDData ID of the originating user in the <mcddata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- 12) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.fd" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), into the P-Asserted-Service header field of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- 13) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function; and
- 14) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 202 (Accepted) response in response to the SIP MESSAGE request in step 14):

- 1) shall generate a SIP 202 (Accepted) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 2) shall send the SIP 202 (Accepted) response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 200 (OK) response in response to the SIP MESSAGE request in step 14):

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 2) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 4xx, 5xx or 6xx response to the SIP MESSAGE request in step 14) the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include Warning header field(s) that were received in the incoming SIP response; and
- 3) shall forward the SIP response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

10.2.4.3.2 Terminating participating MCDData function procedures

Upon receipt of a:

- "SIP MESSAGE request for FD using HTTP for terminating participating MCDData function"; or
- "SIP MESSAGE network notification for FD using HTTP for terminating participating MCDData function";

the participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall use the MCDData ID present in the <mcddata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP MESSAGE request to retrieve the binding between the MCDData ID and public user identity of the terminating MCDData user;
- 3) if the binding between the MCDData ID and public user identity of the terminating MCDData user does not exist, then the participating MCDData function shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 4) if the SIP MESSAGE is a "SIP MESSAGE request for FD using HTTP for terminating participating MCDData function", and if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-signalling MIME body contains an FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message with a FD disposition request type IE, shall store the value of the Conversation ID IE, the value of the Message ID IE and the payload IE in the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message;
- 5) if the SIP MESSAGE is a "SIP MESSAGE network notification for FD using HTTP for terminating participating MCDData function", and if FD NETWORK NOTIFICATION message within the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-signalling MIME body contains an FD notification type IE with value set as "FILE EXPIRED UNAVAILABLE TO DOWNLOAD" as specified in clause 15.2.6, the file identified using Conversation ID IE shall be removed from the stored file list;
- 5) shall generate an outgoing SIP MESSAGE request as specified in clause 6.3.2.1;
- 5A) if the <IncomingOne-to-OneCommunicationList> element exists in the MCDData user profile document with one or more <One-to-One-CommunicationListEntry> elements (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) and:
 - i) if the <mcddata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP message does not match with the <entry> element of any of the <One-to-One-CommunicationListEntry> elements in the <IncomingOne-to-OneCommunicationList> element of the MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]); and
 - ii) if configuration is not set in the MCDData user profile document that allows the MCDData user to receive one-to-one MCDData communication from any user (see <allow-one-to-one-communication-from-any-user> element in MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]);

then:

- i) shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "230 one-to-one MCDData communication not authorised from this originating user" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 6) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), into the P-Asserted-Service header field of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request; and
- 7) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 200 (OK) response in response to the above SIP MESSAGE request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 2) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the controlling MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 4xx, 5xx or 6xx response to the above SIP MESSAGE request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include Warning header field(s) that were received in the incoming SIP response; and
- 3) shall forward the SIP response to the controlling MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

10.2.4.4 Controlling MCDData function procedures

10.2.4.4.1 Originating controlling MCDData function procedures

This clause describes the procedures for sending a SIP MESSAGE from the controlling MCDData function and is initiated by the controlling MCDData function as a result of an action in clause 10.2.4.4.2.

The controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 2) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8] in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- 3) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8] in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- 4) shall copy the following MIME bodies in the received SIP MESSAGE request into the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request by following the guidelines in clause 6.4:
 - a) application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and
 - b) application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body;
- 5) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body in the received SIP MESSAGE request contained a FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message without the Mandatory download IE included, then:
 - a) shall execute the procedures in clause 11.2;
 - b) if the procedures in clause 11.2 indicate that the mandatory download indication needs to be included, shall include the Mandatory download IE set to a value of "MANDATORY DOWNLOAD" in the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- 6) in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body:
 - a) shall set the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData ID of the terminating user; and

- b) if the <request-type> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP MESSAGE request was set to a value of "group-fd", shall set the <mcdata-calling-group-id> element to the group identity;
- 7) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function associated to the MCDData user to be invited;
- NOTE 1: The public service identity can identify the terminating participating MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.
- NOTE 2: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.
- NOTE 3: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.
- NOTE 4: How the controlling MCDData function determines the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.
- NOTE 5: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.
- 8) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function;
- 9) shall include a P-Asserted-Service header field with the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd"; and
- 10) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

10.2.4.4.2 Terminating controlling MCDData function procedures

The procedures in this clause are executed upon:

- receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for FD using HTTP for controlling MCDData function", the controlling MCDData function; or
- a decision to now process a previously received "SIP MESSAGE request for FD using HTTP for controlling MCDData function" that had been queued for later transmission.

NOTE 1: The controlling MCDData function may postpone the continuation of an FD using HTTP procedure by queuing the received "SIP MESSAGE request for FD using HTTP for controlling MCDData function". The management of the queue is specified in Annex B of 3GPP TS 23.282 [2].

The controlling MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response or queue the received SIP MESSAGE. The controlling MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4];
- 2) if the received SIP MESSAGE request has been queued for later transmission, shall include warning text set to "215 request to transmit is queued by the server" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, in the SIP 202 (Accepted) response and not continue with the remaining steps in this clause. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps;
- 3) if the SIP MESSAGE does not contain:
 - a) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and
 - b) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body;

shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response, with warning text set to "199 expected MIME bodies not in the request" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;

- 4) shall decode the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body contained in the SIP MESSAGE;
- 5) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body does not contain only one FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message or FD HTTP TERMINATION message, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response, with warning text set to "209 one FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message or FD HTTP TERMINATION message only must be present in FD request" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
- 6) if the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message or FD HTTP TERMINATION message does not contain only one Payload IE, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response, with warning text set to "210 Only one File URL must be present in the FD request" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
- 7) if the Payload IE has Payload contents:
 - a) with a Payload content type set to a value other than "FILEURL" shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response, with warning text set to "211 payload for an FD request is not FILEURL" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause; and
 - b) with Payload data containing a file URL identifying a file that does not exist on the media storage function as determined by the procedures of clause 6.7.3, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response, with warning text set to "212 file referenced by file URL does not exist" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
- 8) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body contains an FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message with a FD disposition request type IE, shall store the value of the Conversation ID IE and the value of the Message ID IE in the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message;

NOTE 2: The controlling MCDData function uses the Conversation ID and Message ID for correlation with disposition notifications.

- 9) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body contains an FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message:
 - a) with a Metadata IE, shall derive a timer value for the file availability timer as the minimum of the file availability information in the metadata and the value contained in the <max-file-availability> element in the MCDData service configuration document as specified in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12];
 - b) without a Metadata IE, shall derive a timer value for the file availability timer as the value contained in the <default-file-availability> element in the MCDData service configuration document as specified in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]; and
 - c) if the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains an Application metadata container IE, shall keep the Application metadata container IE with the file, both in storage and in any subsequent transmissions;
- 10) if the <request-type> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP MESSAGE request is set to a value of "one-to-one-fd" and the SIP MESSAGE request:
 - a) does not contain an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body or contains an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with more than one <entry> element in the set of <list> elements in the <resource-lists> element, shall return a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "205 unable to determine targeted user for one-to-one FD" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and skip the rest of the steps below; and
 - b) if the <anyExt> element of the <mcdata-Params> element of the <mcdatainfo> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body contains a <call-to-functional-alias-ind> element set to a value of "true":
 - i) shall identify the MCDData ID(s) of the MCDData user(s) that have activated the called functional alias received in the uri" attribute of the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <resource-lists> element

of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body of the SIP MESSAGE request by performing the actions specified in clause 22.2.2.2.8;

- ii) if unable to determine any MCDATA ID that has activated the called functional alias received in the uri" attribute of the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body of the SIP MESSAGE, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including a warning text set to "145 unable to determine called party" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps; and
- iii) selects one of the identified MCDATA IDs, and shall send a SIP 300 (Multiple Choices) response to the SIP MESSAGE request with:
 - A) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body with an <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the selected MCDATA ID and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;

NOTE 3: How the controlling MCDATA function selects the MCDATA ID is implementation specific.

- c) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body contains an FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contains an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with exactly one <entry> element in the set of <list> elements in the <resource-lists> element, shall send a SIP MESSAGE request to the MCDATA user identified in the "uri" attribute of the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body, as specified in clause 10.2.4.4.1;
- 11) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body contains an FD HTTP TERMINATION message:
- a) if the FD HTTP TERMINATION message doesn't contain Conversation Id or Message Id, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response, with warning text set to "223 No Conversation ID or Message ID present" and shall not continue with rest of the steps; and
 - b) if not identified any transmission with given Conversation ID, Message ID shall send 404 with reason with warning text set to "224 No transmission available" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 12) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body contains an FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message and if the <request-type> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP MESSAGE request is set to a value of "group-fd":
- a) shall retrieve the group document associated with the group identity in the SIP MESSAGE request by following the procedures in clause 6.3.3, and shall continue with the remaining steps if the procedures in clause 6.3.3 were successful;
 - b) if the <on-network-disabled> element is present in the group document, shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "115 group is disabled" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
 - b1) if the group document contains a <list-service> element that contains a <preconfigured-group-use-only> element that is set to the value "true", shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "167 call is not allowed on the preconfigured group" as specified in clause 4.9 "Warning header field" and shall skip the rest of this procedure;
 - c) if the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <list-service> element in the group document does not contain an <mcdata-mcdata-id> element with a "uri" attribute matching the MCDATA ID of the originating user contained in the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the SIP MESSAGE request, shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "116 user is not part of the MCDATA group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
 - d) if the <list-service> element contains a <mcdata-allow-file-distribution> element in the group document set to a value of "false", shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "213 file distribution not allowed for this group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
 - e) if the <supported-services> element is not present in the group document or is present and contains a <service> element containing an "enabler" attribute which is not set to the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-

service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd", shall send a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable) response with the warning text set to "214 FD services not supported for this group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;

- f) if the MCDData server group FD procedures in clause 11.1 indicate that the user identified by the MCDData ID:
- i) is not allowed to initiate group MCDData communications on this group identity as determined by step 2) of clause 11.1, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response, with warning text set to "201 user not authorised to transmit data on this group identity" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
 - ii) is not allowed to initiate group MCDData communications on this group identity due to exceeding the maximum amount of data that can be sent in a single request as determined by step 8) of clause 11.1, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP MESSAGE request, with warning text set to "208 user not authorised for MCDData communications on this group identity due to exceeding the maximum amount of data that can be sent in a single request" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause; and
 - iii) is not allowed to initiate group MCDData communications on this group identity due to exceeding the maximum allowed file size as determined by step 6) of clause 11.1, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP MESSAGE request, with warning text set to "208 user not authorised for MCDData communications on this group identity due to exceeding the maximum amount of data that can be sent in a single request" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
- g) if the originating user identified by the MCDData ID is not affiliated to the group identity contained in the SIP MESSAGE request, as specified in clause 6.3.5, shall return a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "120 user is not affiliated to this group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and skip the rest of the steps below;
- h) shall determine targeted group members for MCDData communications by following the procedures in clause 6.3.4;
- i) if the procedures in clause 6.3.4 result in no affiliated members found in the selected MCDData group, shall return a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "198 no users are affiliated to this group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and skip the rest of the steps below; and
 - j) shall send SIP MESSAGE requests to the targeted group members identified in step j) above by following the procedure in clause 10.2.4.4.1;
- 13) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body contains an FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message, shall start TDC2 (file availability timer) with the value derived in step 9 of this clause;
- 14) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body contains an FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message, shall associate the running timer TDC2 (file availability timer) to the Conversation ID, Message ID, Application ID (if included), and Extended application ID (if included) contained in the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message;
- NOTE 4: Multiple file availability timers can be running for a file. Each file availability timer is uniquely associated to a Conversation ID and Message ID.
- 15) shall generate a SIP 202 (Accepted) response in response to the "SIP MESSAGE request for FD using HTTP for controlling MCDData function";
- 16) shall send the SIP 202 (Accepted) response towards the originating participating MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].
- 17) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body contains an FD HTTP TERMINATION message and Termination information type IE set to "TERMINATION REQUEST" then:
- a) shall identify the FILE transmission with Conversation ID and Message ID and "FILE URL". If any ongoing transmission exist then execute the procedure described in clause 12.4.2.1 with the following clarifications:
 - i) shall set the FD notification type IE as "FILE DELETED UNAVAILABLE TO DOWNLOAD" as specified in clause 15.2.18;

- b) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6]. In the generation of the SIP MESSAGE request, the controlling MCDData function:
- i) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.fd" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8] in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
 - ii) shall include a P-Asserted-Service header field with the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.fd";
 - iii) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function associated to the MCDData ID of the originating user mentioned in the <mcddata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP MESSAGE request;

NOTE 5: The public service identity can identify the participating MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 6: If the participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 7: If the participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 8: How the controlling MCDData function determines the public service identity of the participating MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 9: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- iv) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function;
 - v) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body in the SIP MESSAGE request, following the rules specified in clause 6.4 for the handling of MIME bodies in a SIP message:
 - A) fill <mcddata-request-uri> element from <mcddata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml in received SIP MESSAGE;
 - vi) shall generate FD HTTP TERMINATION message as described in clause 6.3.6.1;
 - vii) shall set the Termination information type IE set to "TERMINATION RESPONSE" as specified in clause 15.2.22.
 - viii) if clause is successful shall set Release response type IE of FD HTTP TERMINATION MESSAGE to "RELEASE SUCCESS" else set to "RELEASE FAILED" as described in clause 15.2.23; and
 - ix) shall include in the SIP request, the FD HTTP TERMINATION message in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-signalling MIME body as specified in clause E.1; and
- c) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request towards the originating participating MCDData function as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 18) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-signalling MIME body contains an FD HTTP TERMINATION message and Termination information type IE set to other than "TERMINATION REQUEST" then follow procedures described on clause 13.2.5 and clause 13.2.6.

10.2.5 FD using media plane

10.2.5.1 General

The procedures in the clauses of the parent clause describe the SIP signalling procedures for:

- one-to-one file distribution using media plane; and
- group standalone file distribution using media plane.

10.2.5.2 MCDATA client procedures

10.2.5.2.1 SDP offer generation

When composing an SDP offer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 5547 [69], IETF RFC 6135 [19], and IETF RFC 6714 [20], the MCDATA client:

- 1) shall include an "m=message" media-level section for the MCDATA media stream consisting of:
 - a) the port number;
 - b) a protocol field value of "TCP/MSRP" or "TCP/TLS/MSRP" for TLS;
 - c) an "a=sendonly" attribute;
 - d) an "a=path" attribute containing its own MSRP URI;
 - e) set the content type as "a=accept-types:application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling";
 - f) set the a=setup attribute as "actpass";
 - g) a file-selector attribute containing:
 - i) a 'name' selector;
 - ii) a 'type' selector;
 - iii) a 'size' selector; and
 - iv) a 'hash' selector;
 - h) a file-date attribute; and
 - i) a file-description attribute; and
- 2) if end-to-end security is required for a one-to-one communication and the security context does not exist or if the existing security context has expired, shall include the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE in an "a=key-mgmt" attribute as a "mikey" attribute value in the SDP offer as specified in IETF RFC 4567 [45].

10.2.5.2.2 SDP answer generation

When the MCDATA client receives an initial SDP offer for file distribution, the MCDATA client shall process the SDP offer and shall compose an SDP answer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 5547 [69].

When composing an SDP answer, the MCDATA client:

- 1) shall include an "m=message" media-level section for the accepted MCDATA media stream consisting of:
 - a) the port number;
 - b) a protocol field value of "TCP/MSRP" or "TCP/TLS/MSRP" for TLS according to the received SDP offer;
 - c) an "a=recvonly" attribute;
 - d) an "a=path" attribute containing its own MSRP URI;

- e) set the content type as a=accept-types:application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling;
- f) set the a=setup attribute according to IETF RFC 6135 [19]; and
- g) a file-selector attribute containing:
 - i) a 'name' selector;
 - ii) a 'type' selector;
 - iii) a 'size' selector; and
 - iv) a 'hash' selector.

10.2.5.2.3 MCDData client originating procedures

The MCDData client shall generate a SIP INVITE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications given below.

The MCDData client:

- 1) shall include the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag and the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" in the Contact header field of the SIP INVITE request according to IETF RFC 3840 [16];
- 2) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 3) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 4) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7] in the SIP INVITE request;
- 5) should include the "timer" option tag in the Supported header field;
- 6) should include the Session-Expires header field according to IETF RFC 4028 [38]. It is recommended that the "refresher" header field parameter is omitted. If included, the "refresher" header field parameter shall be set to "uac";
- 7) shall generate and contain an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body with the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD as described in clause 6.2.2.3;
- 8) if a one-to-one file distribution is requested:
 - a0) if the MCDData user has requested the origination of an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication or is originating an MCDData one-to-one communication and the MCDData emergency state is already set, then:
 - i) if this is an authorised request for an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication as determined by the procedures of clause 6.2.8.3.1.1, shall comply with the procedures in clause 6.2.8.3.2; or
 - ii) if this is an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication as determined in step i) above, should indicate to the MCDData user that initiation of an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication is not authorized and shall release the generated SIP INVITE request and end the procedure;
 - a) shall insert in the SIP INVITE request an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with the MCDData ID of the invited MCDData user or the functional alias to be called in the "uri" attribute of an <entry> element of the <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body, according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 5366 [18];

NOTE 0: The MCDData client indicates whether an MCDData ID or a functional alias is to be called as specified in step 8) b) below.

- b) shall contain an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with:
 - i) the <request-type> element set to a value of "one-to-one-fd"; and
 - ii) an <anyExt> element containing:
 - A) the <call-to-functional-alias-ind> element set to "true" if the functional alias is used as a target of the call request;
 - B) if the MCDData client is aware of active functional aliases and if an active functional alias is to be included in the SIP INVITE request, the <functional-alias-URI> element set to the URI of the used functional alias; and
 - C) if the MCDData user has requested an application priority, the <user-requested-priority> element set to the user provided value;
 - c) if an end-to-end security context needs to be established and the security context does not exist or if the existing security context has expired, then:
 - i) if necessary, shall instruct the key management client to request keying material from the key management server as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - ii) shall use the keying material to generate a PCK as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - iii) shall use the PCK to generate a PCK-ID with the four most significant bits set to "0001" to indicate that the purpose of the PCK is to protect one-to-one communications and with the remaining twenty eight bits being randomly generated as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - iv) shall encrypt the PCK to a UID associated to the MCDData client using the MCDData ID of the invited user and a time related parameter as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - v) shall generate a MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE using the encapsulated PCK and PCK-ID as specified in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - vi) shall add the MCDData ID of the originating MCDData user to the initiator field (IDRi) of the I_MESSAGE as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]; and
 - vii) shall sign the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE using the originating MCDData user's signing key provided in the keying material together with a time related parameter, and add this to the MIKEY-SAKKE payload, as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]; and
 - d) if the MCDData emergency private communication state is set to either "MDEPC 2: emergency-pc-requested" or "MDEPC 3: emergency-pc-granted" or if the MCDData emergency private priority state of this one-to-one communication is set to a value other than "MDEPP 2: in-progress" or "MDEPP 3: confirm-pending", shall execute the procedures in clause 6.2.8.3.3 to include the Resource-Priority header field;
- 9) if a group file distribution is requested:
- a) if the "/<x>/<x>/Common/MCDData/AllowedFD" leaf node present in the group document of the requested MCDData group as specified in 3GPP TS 24.483 [42] is set to "false", shall reject the request for FD and not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
 - a1) if the group document contains a <list-service> element that contains a <preconfigured-group-use-only> element. If a <preconfigured-group-use-only> element exists and is set to the value "true", then the MCDData client:
 - i) should indicate to the MCDData user that group file distribution is not allowed on the indicated group; and
 - ii) shall skip the remainder of this procedure; and
 - b) shall contain in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with:
 - i) the <request-type> element set to a value of "group-fd";

- ii) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData group identity;
- iii) the <mcdata-client-id> element set to the MCDData client ID of the originating MCDData client; and

NOTE 1: The MCDData client does not include the MCDData ID of the originating MCDData user in the body, as this will be inserted into the body of the SIP INVITE request that is sent from the originating participating MCDData function.

- iv) an <anyExt> element containing:
 - A) if the MCDData client is aware of active functional aliases and if an active functional alias is to be included in the SIP INVITE request, the <functional-alias-URI> element set to the URI of the used functional alias; and
 - B) if the MCDData user has requested an application priority, the <user-requested-priority> element set to the user provided value;
 - c) if the MCDData user has requested the origination of an MCDData emergency group communication or is originating an MCDData pre-arranged group communication and the MCDData emergency state is already set, the MCDData client shall execute the procedures in clause 6.2.8.1.1;
 - d) if the MCDData user has requested the origination of an MCDData imminent peril group communication, the MCDData client shall execute the procedures in clause 6.2.8.1.9;
 - e) if the MCDData client emergency group state for this group is set to "MDEG 2: in-progress" or "MDEG 4: confirm-pending", the MCDData client shall execute the procedures in clause 6.2.8.1.2 to include the Resource-Priority header field; and
 - f) if the MCDData client imminent peril group state for this group is set to "MDIG 2: in-progress" or "MDIG 4: confirm-pending", shall execute the procedures in clause 6.2.8.1.12 to include the Resource-Priority header field;
- 10) shall set the Request-URI of the SIP INVITE request to the public service identity identifying the participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;

NOTE 2: The MCDData client is configured with public service identity identifying the participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user.

- 11) may include a P-Preferred-Identity header field in the SIP INVITE request containing a public user identity as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 12) shall include an SDP offer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications given in clause 10.2.5.2.1; and
- 13) shall send the SIP INVITE request towards the MCDData server according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 300 (Multiple Choices) response to the SIP INVITE request the MCDData client shall use the MCDData ID of MCDData user contained in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the received application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body as the MCDData ID of the invited MCDData user and shall generate an initial SIP MCDData request by following the UE originating session procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], with the clarifications given in this clause and with the following additional clarifications:

- 1) shall insert in the newly generated SIP INVITE request an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with the MCDData ID of the invited MCDData user in the "uri" attribute of the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body where the MCDData ID is found in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body in the received SIP 300 (Multiple Choices) response;
- 2) shall not include a <call-to-functional-alias-ind> element into the <anyExt> element of the <mcdata-Params> element of the <mcdatainfo> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and
- 3) shall include a <called-functional-alias-URI> element into the <anyExt> element of the <mcdata-Params> element of the <mcdatainfo> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the target functional alias used in the initial SIP INVITE request for establishing a session for one-to-one file distribution.

On receipt of a SIP 2xx response to the SIP INVITE request, the MCDData client:

- 0) if the response is to a SIP INVITE request for an MCDData emergency group an MCDData imminent peril group communication, shall perform the actions specified in clause 6.2.8.1.4;
- 1) if the response is to a SIP INVITE request for an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication, shall perform the actions specified in clause 6.2.8.3.4;
- 2) shall send a SIP ACK request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 3) shall start the SIP Session timer according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38]; and
- 4) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 7.1.2.

On receipt of a SIP 4xx response, a SIP 5xx response or a SIP 6xx response to the SIP INVITE request, the MCDData client:

- 0) if the response is to a SIP INVITE request for an MCDData emergency group communication an MCDData imminent peril group communication, shall perform the actions specified in clause 6.2.8.1.5;
- 1) if the response is to a SIP INVITE request for an MCDData emergency one-to-one communication, shall perform the actions specified in clause 6.2.8.3.5;
- 2) shall indicate to the MCDData user that the file could not be sent; and
- 3) shall send a SIP ACK request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receipt of a SIP INFO request where the Request-URI contains an MCDData session ID identifying an ongoing group session, the MCDData client shall follow the actions specified in clause 6.2.8.1.13.

On receipt of a SIP INFO request where the Request-URI contains an MCDData session ID identifying an ongoing one-to-one session, the MCDData client shall follow the actions specified in clause 6.2.8.3.7.

On receipt of an indication from the media plane indicating that the file was not sent successfully, the MCDData client shall:

- 1) shall generate a SIP BYE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with:
 - a) Reason code set to "SIP";
 - b) cause set to "480"; and
 - c) text set to "transmission failed";
- 2) shall set the Request-URI to the MCDData session identity to release; and
- 3) shall send a SIP BYE request towards MCDData server according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

10.2.5.2.4 MCDData client terminating procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP INVITE request for file distribution for terminating MCDData client" request, the MCDData client shall follow the procedures for termination of multimedia sessions in the IM CN subsystem as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications below.

The MCDData client:

- 1) may reject the SIP INVITE request if any of the following conditions are met:
 - a) MCDData client does not have enough resources to handle the communication;
 - b) it is an emergency group file distribution request and the number of maximum simultaneous emergency group calls supported for the specific calling functional alias as specified in the <MaxSimultaneousEmergencyGroupCalls> element within the <FunctionalAliasList> list element of the MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) has been reached; or
 - c) any other reason outside the scope of this specification;

- 2) if the SIP INVITE request is rejected in step 1), shall respond toward the participating MCDATA function either with an appropriate reject code as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and warning texts as specified in clause 4.9 or with SIP 480 (Temporarily unavailable) response not including warning texts if the user is authorised to restrict the reason for failure and skip the rest of the steps of this clause;
- 3) if the SDP offer of the SIP INVITE request contains an "a=key-mgmt" attribute field with a "mikey" attribute value containing a MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE:
 - a) shall extract the MCDATA ID of the originating MCDATA user from the initiator field (IDRi) of the I_MESSAGE as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - b) shall convert the MCDATA ID to a UID as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - c) shall use the UID to validate the signature of the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - d) if authentication verification of the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE fails, shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response as specified in IETF RFC 4567 [45], and include warning text set to "136 authentication of the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE failed" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and not continue with rest of the steps in this clause; and
 - e) if the signature of the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE was successfully validated:
 - i) shall extract and decrypt the encapsulated PCK using the terminating user's (KMS provisioned) UID key as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]; and
 - ii) shall extract the PCK-ID, from the payload as specified in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];

NOTE 1: With the PCK successfully shared between the originating MCDATA client and the terminating MCDATA client, both clients are able to create an end-to-end secure session.

- 4) may display to the MCDATA user the MCDATA ID of the inviting MCDATA user;
- 4A) may display to the MCDATA user the functional alias of the inviting MCDATA user, if provided;
- 5) may display to the MCDATA user the file meta-data of the incoming file as described by the SDP included in the received SIP INVITE request;
- 5A) if the SIP INVITE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing an <mcdata-Params> element containing an <mcdata-calling-group-id> element and containing a <request-type> element set to a value of "group-fd" and also containing the <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "true":
 - a) should display to the MCDATA user an indication that this is a SIP INVITE request for an MCDATA emergency group communication and:
 - i) should display the MCDATA ID of the originator of the MCDATA emergency group communication contained in the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the <mcdata-Params> of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body;
 - ii) should display the MCDATA group identity of the group with the emergency condition contained in the <mcdata-calling-group-id> element of the <mcdata-Params> of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and
 - iii) if the <alert-ind> element within the <mcdata-Params> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body is set to "true", should display to the MCDATA user an indication of the MCDATA emergency alert and associated information;
 - b) shall set the MCDATA emergency group state to "MDEG 2: in-progress";
 - c) shall set the MCDATA imminent peril group state to "MDIG 1: no-imminent-peril"; and
 - d) shall set the MCDATA imminent peril group communication state to "MDIGC 1: imminent-peril-gc-capable"; otherwise

- 5B) if the SIP INVITE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing an <mcdata-Params> element containing an <mcdata-calling-group-id> element and containing a <request-type> element set to a value of "group-fd" and also containing an <imminentperil-ind> element set to a value of "true":
- a) should display to the MCDData user an indication that this is a SIP INVITE request for an MCDData imminent peril group communication and:
 - i) should display the MCDData ID of the originator of the MCDData imminent peril group communication contained in the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the <mcdata-Params> of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and
 - ii) should display the MCDData group identity of the group with the imminent peril condition contained in the <mcdata-calling-group-id> element of the <mcdata-Params> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body;
 - b) shall set the MCDData imminent peril group state to "MDIG 2: in-progress";
- 5C) if the SIP INVITE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element containing a <request-type> element set to a value of "one-to-one-fd" and also containing an <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "true":
- a) should display to the MCDData user an indication that this is a SIP INVITE request for an MCDData emergency private communication and:
 - i) should display the MCDData ID of the originator of the MCDData emergency private communication contained in the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the <mcdata-Params> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and
 - ii) if the <alert-ind> element within the <mcdata-Params> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body is set to "true", should display to the MCDData user an indication of the MCDData emergency alert and associated information; and
 - b) shall set the MCDData emergency private priority state to "MDEPP 2: in-progress" for this private communication;
- 6) if the Mandatory download IE of the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD contained in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body received in the SIP INVITE request is set to "MANDATORY DOWNLOAD" or if the user has accepted the file download request, then:
- a) shall accept the SIP INVITE request and generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - b) shall include the option tag "timer" in a Require header field of the SIP 200 (OK) response;
 - c) shall include the Session-Expires header field in the SIP 200 (OK) response and start the SIP session timer according to IETF RFC 4028 [38]. The "refresher" parameter in the Session-Expires header field shall be set to "uas";
 - d) shall include the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag in the Contact header field of the SIP 200 (OK) response;
 - e) shall include the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" in the Contact header field of the SIP 200 (OK) response;
 - f) shall include an SDP answer in the SIP 200 (OK) response to the SDP offer in the incoming SIP INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications given in clause 10.2.5.2.2;
 - g) if a SIP CANCEL request associated with the SIP INVITE request was received, shall execute the procedure in clause 6.2.8.4.1, otherwise, shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response towards the MCDData server according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
 - h) If the SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP INVITE request was sent, on receipt of an SIP ACK message to the sent SIP 200 (OK) message, the MCDData client shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 6.1.2.3;

otherwise, if the user has not accepted or has rejected the file download request:

- a) shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response towards the MCDData server according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and

NOTE 2: It is possible that the file download does not proceed, but state variables (e.g., group or private emergency, imminent peril, etc.) are modified as result of the processing of the received SIP INVITE request. In this case, it is the responsibility of the implementation and of the user to set the state variables appropriately.

- 7) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body in the received SIP INVITE request contained an FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message without the Mandatory download IE included, then:
 - a) shall notify the MCDData user about the incoming FD request and wait for the MCDData user to accept or reject or defer the FD request;
 - b) if the MCDData user declines the FD session invitation:
 - i) shall send a SIP 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response towards the MCDData server with the warning text set to "110 user declined the call invitation" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9; and skip the rest of the steps in this clause;
 - c) if the MCDData user defers the FD session invitation:
 - i) shall send a SIP 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response towards the MCDData server with the warning text set to "231 user deferred the call invitation" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9; and skip the rest of the steps in this clause; and
 - d) if the MCDData user accepts the FD session invitation:
 - i) shall accept the SIP INVITE request and generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - ii) shall include the option tag "timer" in a Require header field of the SIP 200 (OK) response;
 - iii) shall include the Session-Expires header field in the SIP 200 (OK) response and start the SIP session timer according to IETF RFC 4028 [38]. The "refresher" parameter in the Session-Expires header field shall be set to "uas";
 - iv) shall include the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag in the Contact header field of the SIP 200 (OK) response;
 - v) shall include the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" in the Contact header field of the SIP 200 (OK) response;
 - vi) shall include an SDP answer in the SIP 200 (OK) response to the SDP offer in the incoming SIP INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications given in clause 10.2.5.2.2;
 - vii) if a SIP CANCEL request associated with the SIP INVITE request was received, shall execute the procedure in clause 6.2.8.4.1, otherwise shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response towards the MCDData server according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - viii) may store the Conversation ID, Message ID, InReplyTo message ID and Date and time in local storage; and
 - ix) if the SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP INVITE request was sent, on receipt of an SIP ACK message to the sent SIP 200 (OK) message, the MCDData client shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 6.1.2.3;

otherwise, if the user has not accepted or has rejected the session invitation:

 - i) shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response towards the MCDData server according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receipt of an indication from the media plane of the successful download of the file:

- 1) if the received FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contained an Application metadata container IE, then the MCDData client may process the content of that IE per local policy.

10.2.5.2.5 MCDData client initiates cancellation for an in-progress emergency one-to-one communication using FD media plane

The MCDData client shall execute the procedure in clause 6.2.8.4.3.

10.2.5.2.6 MCDData client initiates upgrade to emergency for an ongoing one-to-one communication using FD media plane

The MCDData client shall execute the procedure in clause 6.2.8.4.4.

10.2.5.2.7 Terminating procedures for MCDData client to upgrade or cancel an emergency one-to-one communication using FD media plane

The MCDData client shall execute the procedure in clause 6.2.8.4.2.

10.2.5.3 Participating MCDData function procedures

10.2.5.3.1 SDP offer generation

The SDP offer is generated based on the received SDP offer. The SDP offer generated by the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall contain only one SDP media-level section for file distribution as contained in the received SDP offer; and
- 2) shall contain an "a=key-mgmt" attribute field with a "mikey" attribute value, if present in the received SDP offer.

When composing the SDP offer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall replace the IP address and port number for the offered media stream in the received SDP offer with the IP address and port number of the participating MCDData function, if required; and

NOTE 1: Requirements can exist for the participating MCDData function to be always included in the path of the offered media stream, for example: for the support of features such as MBMS, lawful interception and recording. Other examples can exist.

NOTE 2: If the participating MCDData function and the controlling MCDData function are in the same MCDData server, and the participating MCDData function does not have a dedicated IP address or a dedicated port number for media stream, the replacement of the IP address or the port number is omitted.

- 2) if the IP address is replaced shall insert its MSRP URI before the MSRP URI in the "a=path" attribute in the SDP answer.

10.2.5.3.2 SDP answer generation

When composing the SDP answer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall replace the IP address and port number in the received SDP answer with the IP address and port number of the participating MCDData function, for the accepted media stream in the received SDP offer, if required; and

NOTE 1: Requirements can exist for the participating MCDData function to be always included in the path of the offered media stream, for example: for the support of features such as MBMS, lawful interception and recording. Other examples can exist.

NOTE 2: If the participating MCDData function and the controlling MCDData function are in the same MCDData server, and the participating MCDData function does not have a dedicated IP address or a dedicated port number for media stream, the replacement of the IP address or the port number is omitted.

- 2) if the IP address is replaced shall insert its MSRP URI before the MSRP URI in the "a=path" attribute in the SDP answer.

10.2.5.3.3 Originating participating MCDData function procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP INVITE request for file distribution for originating participating MCDData function", the participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request, may reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;

NOTE 1: If the SIP INVITE request contains an emergency indication or an imminent peril indication set to a value of "true" and this is an authorised request for originating a priority communication as determined by clause 6.3.7.2.6 or clause 6.3.7.2.4, the participating MCDData function can, according to local policy, choose to accept the request.

- 2) shall determine the MCDData ID of the calling user from the public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP INVITE request, and shall authorise the calling user;

NOTE 2: The MCDData ID of the calling user is bound to the public user identity at the time of service authorisation, as documented in clause 7.3.

- 3) if the participating MCDData function cannot find a binding between the public user identity and an MCDData ID or if the validity period of an existing binding has expired, then the participating MCDData function shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text set to "141 user unknown to the participating function" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with any of the remaining steps;

- 4) if the <request-type> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP INVITE request is:

- a) set to a value of "group-fd", shall determine the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function associated with the MCDData group identity in the <mcddata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body in the SIP INVITE request; or
- b) set to a value of "one-to-one-fd", shall determine the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function hosting the file distribution service for the calling user;

NOTE 3: The public service identity can identify the controlling MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 4: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 5: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 6: How the participating MCDData function determines the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 7: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- 5) if unable to identify the controlling MCDData function for file distribution, it shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text "142 unable to determine the controlling function" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with any of the remaining steps;
- 6) shall determine whether the MCDData user identified by the MCDData ID is authorised for MCDData communications by following the procedures in clause 11.1;
- 7) if the procedures in clause 11.1 indicate that the user identified by the MCDData ID:

- a) is not allowed to initiate MCDATA communications as determined by step 1) of clause 11.1, shall reject the "SIP INVITE request for file distribution for originating participating MCDATA function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP INVITE request, with warning text set to "200 user not authorised to transmit data" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
 - b) is not allowed to initiate one-to-one MCDATA communications due to exceeding the maximum amount of data that can be sent in a single request as determined by step 7) of clause 11.1, shall reject the "SIP INVITE request for file distribution for originating participating MCDATA function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP INVITE request, with warning text set to "202 user not authorised for one-to-one MCDATA communications due to exceeding the maximum amount of data that can be sent in a single request" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause; and
 - c) is not allowed to initiate one-to-one MCDATA communications to the targeted user as determined by step 1a) of clause 11.1, shall reject the "SIP INVITE request for file distribution for originating participating MCDATA function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "229 one-to-one MCDATA communication not authorised to the targeted user" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 7A) if the user identified by the MCDATA ID requests to initiate an emergency communication, but is not allowed to do so, as determined by executing the procedures in clause 6.3.7.2.6, shall reject the "SIP INVITE request for file distribution for originating participating MCDATA function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "233 user not authorised to initiate emergency communication" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 7B) if the user identified by the MCDATA ID requests to initiate an imminent peril communication, but is not allowed to do so, as determined by executing the procedures in clause 6.3.7.2.4, shall reject the "SIP INVITE request for file distribution for originating participating MCDATA function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "236 user not authorised to initiate imminent peril communication" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 8) shall generate a SIP INVITE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 9) shall include the option tag "timer" in the Supported header field;
- 10) should include the Session-Expires header field according to IETF RFC 4028 [38]. It is recommended that the "refresher" header field parameter is omitted. If included, the "refresher" header field parameter shall be set to "uac";
- 11) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP INVITE request to the public service identity of the controlling MCDATA function as determined by step 4) in this clause;
- 11A) shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body from the incoming SIP INVITE request to the outgoing SIP INVITE request;
- 12) shall include the MCDATA ID of the originating user in the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the outgoing SIP INVITE request;
- 12A) if the incoming SIP INVITE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body that contains a <functional-alias-URI> element, shall check if the status of the functional alias is activated for the MCDATA ID. If the functional alias status is activated, then the participating MCDATA function shall set the <functional-alias-URI> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP INVITE request to the received value, otherwise shall not include a <functional-alias-URI> element;
- 13) shall include in the outgoing SIP INVITE request, the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body that was present in the incoming SIP INVITE request;
- 14) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), into the P-Asserted-Service header field of the outgoing SIP INVITE request;
- 15) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP INVITE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDATA function;

- 15A) shall include a Resource-Priority header field according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] set to the value indicated in the Resource-Priority header field, if included in the SIP INVITE request from the MCDData client;
- 16) shall include in the SIP INVITE request an SDP offer based on the SDP offer in the received SIP INVITE request from the MCDData client as specified in clause 10.2.5.3.1; and
- 17) shall send the SIP INVITE request as specified to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 200 (OK) response in response to the SIP INVITE request in step 16):

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include in the SIP 200 (OK) response an SDP answer as specified in the clause 10.2.5.3.2;
- 3) shall include the option tag "timer" in a Require header field;
- 4) shall include the Session-Expires header field according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38], "UAS Behavior". If the "refresher" parameter is not included in the received request, the "refresher" parameter in the Session-Expires header field shall be set to "uac";
- 5) shall include the following in the Contact header field:
 - a) the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag;
 - b) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd"; and
 - c) the isfocus media feature tag;
- 6) shall include Warning header field(s) that were received in the incoming SIP 200 (OK) response;
- 7) shall include an MCDData session identity mapped to the MCDData session identity provided in the Contact header field of the received SIP 200 (OK) response;
- 8) if the incoming SIP 200 (OK) response contained an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body to the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response.
- 9) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function; and
- 10) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 7.2.1;
- 11) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 12) shall start the SIP Session timer according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38].

Upon receipt of a SIP 4xx, 5xx or 6xx response to the SIP INVITE request in step 16) the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include Warning header field(s) that were received in the incoming SIP response; and
- 3) shall forward the SIP response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

10.2.5.3.4 Terminating participating MCDData function procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP INVITE request for file distribution for terminating participating MCDData function", the participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request, may reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;

NOTE 1: If the SIP INVITE request contains an emergency indication or an imminent peril indication set to a value of "true", the participating MCDData function can, according to local policy, choose to accept the request even if the maximum number of acceptable communications is exceeded.

- 2) shall check the presence of the isfocus media feature tag in the URI of the Contact header field and if it is not present then the participating MCDData function shall reject the request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "104 isfocus not assigned" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 3) shall use the MCDData ID present in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP INVITE request to retrieve the binding between the MCDData ID and public user identity of the terminating MCDData user;
- 3A) if the binding between the MCDData ID and public user identity of the terminating MCDData user does not exist (i.e. MCDData user is not available) or network congestion exists, and if later delivery is required, then the participating MCDData function shall store the communication for later delivery with following additional informations included:
 - a) shall include a Payload IE with:
 - i) the Payload content type set to "FILEURL" as specified in clause 15.2.13; and
 - ii) the URL of the file to be stored for later delivery in the Payload data as as specified in clause 15.2.13; and

NOTE 2: The file can be stored in the temporary storage of the MCDData server or in the MCDData content server. The URL of the stored file for later delivery is updated accordingly.

- b) may include a Metadata IE with the required file description information and file availability information;
- 3B) if the communication is stored in step 3A) above and to store the file content in the temporary storage, then the participating MCDData function:
 - a) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the following clarifications:
 - i) include an SDP answer in the SIP 200 (OK) response to the SDP offer in the incoming SIP INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the following clarifications:
 - A) if included in the SDP offer, shall include an "m=message" media-level section for the offered MCDData media stream consisting of:
 - I) the IP address and port number of the participating MCDData function;
 - II) a protocol field value of "TCP/MSRP" or "TCP/TLS/MSRP" for TLS;
 - III) a format list field set to '*';
 - IV) an "a=recvonly" attribute;
 - V) an "a=path" attribute containing its own MSRP URI;
 - VI) set the content type as a=accept-types:application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling; and
 - VII) set the a=setup attribute to "passive", according to IETF RFC 6135 [19];
 - ii) include the option tag "timer" in a Require header field;
 - iii) include the Session-Expires header field according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38], "UAS Behavior". If no "refresher" parameter was included in the SIP INVITE request, the "refresher" parameter in the Session-Expires header field shall be set to "uas";
 - iv) include the following in the Contact header field:
 - i) the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag;
 - ii) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd"; and
 - iii) an MCDData session identity mapped to the MCDData session identity provided in the Contact header field of the received SIP INVITE request from the controlling MCDData function;
 - v) start the SIP Session timer according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38];

- vi) include the warning text set to "232 communication is stored for later delivery" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9;
 - vii) interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 7.2.5.1 to receive the file from controlling MCDData function and clause 7.1.3.2 to receive the file content; and
 - viii) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the controlling MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- b) shall generate and send an FD NOTIFICATION indicating deferral of the FD request as specified in clause 12.2.2.3 with including the warning text set to "232 communication is stored for later delivery" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9;
- and skip the rest of the steps of this clause;
- 4) if the binding between the MCDData ID and public user identity of the terminating MCDData user does not exist, then the participating MCDData function shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 4A) if the <IncomingOne-to-OneCommunicationList> element exists in the MCDData user profile document with one or more <One-to-One-CommunicationListEntry> elements (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) and:
- i) if the <mcddata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP INVITE request does not match with the <entry> element of any of the <One-to-One-CommunicationListEntry> elements in the <IncomingOne-to-OneCommunicationList> element of the MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]); and
 - ii) if configuration is not set in the MCDData user profile document that allows the MCDData user to receive one-to-one MCDData communication from any user (see <allow-one-to-one-communication-from-any-user> element in MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]);
- then:
- i) shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "230 one-to-one MCDData communication not authorised from this originating user" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 5) shall generate a SIP INVITE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 6) should include the Session-Expires header field according to IETF RFC 4028 [38]. It is recommended that the "refresher" header field parameter is omitted. If included, the "refresher" header field parameter shall be set to "uac";
- 7) shall include the option tag "timer" in the Supported header field;
- 8) shall include the following in the Contact header field:
- a) the g.3gpp.mcddata.fd media feature tag;
 - b) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.fd";
 - c) the isfocus media feature tag;
 - d) an MCDData session identity mapped to the MCDData session identity provided in the Contact header field of the incoming SIP INVITE request; and
 - e) any other uri-parameter provided in the Contact header field of the incoming SIP INVITE request;
- 9) shall include in the SIP INVITE request all Accept-Contact header fields and all Reject-Contact header fields, with their feature tags and their corresponding values along with parameters according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 3841 [8] that were received (if any) in the incoming SIP INVITE request;
- 10) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP INVITE request to the public user identity associated to the MCDData ID of the terminating MCDData user;

- 11) shall populate the outgoing SIP INVITE request with the MIME bodies that were present in the incoming SIP INVITE request;
- 12) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP INVITE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function;
- 13) shall include in the SIP INVITE request an SDP offer based on the SDP offer in the received "SIP INVITE request for file distribution for terminating participating MCDData function" as specified in clause 10.2.5.3.1; and
- 14) shall send the SIP INVITE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 200 (OK) response in response to the above SIP INVITE request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include in the SIP 200 (OK) response an SDP answer based on the SDP answer in the received SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in clause 10.2.5.3.2;
- 3) shall include the option tag "timer" in a Require header field;
- 4) shall include the Session-Expires header field according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38], "UAS Behavior". If no "refresher" parameter was included in the SIP INVITE request, the "refresher" parameter in the Session-Expires header field shall be set to "uas";
- 5) shall include the following in the Contact header field:
 - a) the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag;
 - b) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd"; and
 - c) an MCDData session identity mapped to the MCDData session identity provided in the Contact header field of the received SIP INVITE request from the controlling MCDData function;
- 6) if the incoming SIP response contained an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body to the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response.
- 7) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function;
- 8) shall start the SIP Session timer according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38];
- 9) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 7.2.2;
- 10) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the controlling MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 11) shall generate and send an FD NOTIFICATION indicating acceptance of the FD request as specified in clause 12.2.2.3.

Upon receiving a SIP 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response with the warning text set to: "231 user deferred the call invitation" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 to the above SIP INVITE request and if later delivery is required, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall store the communication for later delivery with following additional information included:
 - a) shall include a Payload IE with:
 - i) the Payload content type set to "FILEURL" as specified in clause 15.2.13; and
 - ii) the URL of the file to be stored for later delivery is included in the Payload data as specified in clause 15.2.13; and

NOTE 3: The file can be stored in the temporary storage of the MCDData server or MCDData content server. The URL of stored file for later delivery is updated accordingly.

- b) may include a Metadata IE with the required file description information and file availability information;

- 2) if the communication is stored in step 1) above and to store the file content in the temporary storage, shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the following clarifications:
 - a) shall include an SDP answer in the SIP 200 (OK) response to the SDP offer in the incoming SIP INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the following clarifications:
 - i) shall include an "m=message" media-level section for the accepted MCDData media stream consisting of:
 - A) shall include the IP address and port number of the participating MCDData function, for the accepted media stream in the received SDP offer;
 - B) a protocol field value of "TCP/MSRP" or "TCP/TLS/MSRP" for TLS according to the received SDP offer;
 - C) a format list field set to '*';
 - D) an "a=recvonly" attribute;
 - E) an "a=path" attribute containing its own MSRP URI;
 - F) set the content type as a=accept-types:application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling; and
 - G) set the a=setup attribute set to "passive", according to IETF RFC 6135 [19];
 - b) shall include the option tag "timer" in a Require header field;
 - c) shall include the Session-Expires header field according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38], "UAS Behavior". If no "refresher" parameter was included in the SIP INVITE request, the "refresher" parameter in the Session-Expires header field shall be set to "uas";
 - d) shall include the following in the Contact header field:
 - i) the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag;
 - ii) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd"; and
 - iii) an MCDData session identity mapped to the MCDData session identity provided in the Contact header field of the received SIP INVITE request from the controlling MCDData function;
 - e) shall start the SIP Session timer according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38];
 - f) shall include the warning text set to "232 communication is stored for later delivery" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9;
 - g) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 7.2.5.1 to receive the file from controlling MCDData function and clause 7.1.3.2 to receive the file content; and
 - h) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the controlling MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
 - 3) shall generate and send an FD NOTIFICATION indicating deferral of the FD request as specified in clause 12.2.2.3.

Upon receipt of a SIP 4xx, 5xx or 6xx response to the above SIP INVITE request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include Warning header field(s) that were received in the incoming SIP response;
- 3) shall forward the SIP response to the controlling MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 4) shall generate and send an FD NOTIFICATION indicating rejection of the FD request as specified in clause 12.2.2.3.

On receipt of an indication from the media plane of the successful download of the file or on successful download of the file after retrieval of deferred FD request by the receiving MCDData client and if the received FD SIGNALLING

PAYLOAD message contained an FD disposition request type IE requesting a file download completed update indication in the sent SIP INVITE request, then, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall follow the procedures described in clause 12.2.2.3.

On receipt of an indication from the media plane of the successful download of the file for later delivery, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall update the URL of the stored file for later delivery in the Payload data.

10.2.5.3.5 Processing of request from the served user to upgrade or cancel an emergency one-to-one communication using FD media plane

The participating MCDData function shall execute the procedure in clause 6.3.7.1.18.

10.2.5.3.6 Processing of request from controlling MCDData function to upgrade or cancel an emergency one-to-one communication using FD media plane

The participating MCDData function shall execute the procedure in clause 6.3.7.1.17.

10.2.5.4 Controlling MCDData function procedures

10.2.5.4.1 SDP offer generation

When composing an SDP offer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 5547 [69], IETF RFC 6135 [19], and IETF RFC 6714 [20], the MCDData client:

- 1) shall include an "m=message" media-level section for the MCDData media stream consisting of:
 - a) the port number;
 - b) a protocol field value of "TCP/MSRP" or "TCP/TLS/MSRP" for TLS;
 - c) an "a=sendonly" attribute;
 - d) an "a=path" attribute containing its own MSRP URI;
 - e) set the content type as "a=accept-types:application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling";
 - f) set the a=setup attribute as "actpass";
 - g) a file-selector attribute containing:
 - i) a 'name' selector;
 - ii) a 'type' selector;
 - iii) a 'size' selector; and
 - iv) a 'hash' selector;
 - h) a file-date attribute; and
 - i) a file-description attribute.

10.2.5.4.2 SDP answer generation

When composing the SDP answer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall include an "m=message" media-level section for the accepted MCDData media stream consisting of:
 - a) the port number;
 - b) a protocol field value of "TCP/MSRP" or "TCP/TLS/MSRP" for TLS according to the received SDP offer;

- c) a format list field set to '*';
- d) an "a=recvonly" attribute;
- e) an "a=path" attribute containing its own MSRP URI;
- f) set the content type as a=accept-types:application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling; and
- g) set the a=setup attribute set to "passive", according to IETF RFC 6135 [19]; and
- h) a file-selector attribute containing:
 - i) a 'name' selector;
 - ii) a 'type' selector;
 - iii) a 'size' selector; and
 - iv) a 'hash' selector.

10.2.5.4.3 Originating controlling MCDData function procedures

This clause describes the procedures for inviting an MCDData user to an MCDData session. The procedure is initiated by the controlling MCDData function as the result of an action in clause 10.2.5.4.4.

The controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP INVITE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body included;
 - 1A) if the received SIP INVITE request contains an authorised request for an MCDData emergency communication as determined by clause 6.3.7.2.6, shall, in the generated SIP INVITE request:
 - a) set the <emergency-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body to a value of "true";
 - b) include a Resource-Priority header field populated with the values for an MCDData emergency communication as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.4;
 - c) if the <alert-ind> element is set to "true" in the received SIP INVITE request and the initiation of MCDData emergency alerts is authorized, as determined by the procedures of clause 6.3.7.2.1, populate the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body and the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.3. Otherwise, set the <alert-ind> element to a value of "false" in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and
 - d) for a group communication, if the in-progress imminent peril state of the group is set to a value of "true", include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body an <imminentperil-ind> element set to a value of "false";

NOTE 1: If the imminent peril state of the group is true at this point, the controlling function will set it to false as part of the calling procedure.

- e) set the <request-type> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body to the value of the <request-type> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the received SIP INVITE request;
- 1B) for a group communication, if the in-progress emergency state of the group is set to a value of "false" and the in-progress imminent peril state of the group is set to a value of "true", the controlling MCDData function:
 - a) shall include a Resource-Priority header field populated with the values for an MCDData imminent peril group communication as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.4; and
 - b) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body an <imminentperil-ind> element set to a value of "true".
- 2) shall include the Supported header field set to "timer";

- 3) should include the Session-Expires header field according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38]. The refresher parameter shall be omitted;
 - 4) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
 - 5) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
 - 6) shall include a Referred-By header field with the public user identity of the inviting MCDData client;
 - 7) shall include in the Contact header field an MCDData session identity for the MCDData session with the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag, the isfocus media feature tag and the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" according to IETF RFC 3840 [16];
 - 8) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP INVITE request:
 - a) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData ID of the terminating user;
 - b) the <mcdata-calling-group-id> element set to the group identity if the request is for group file distribution; and
 - c) the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element set to the calling user MCDData ID;
 - 9) shall include in the outgoing SIP INVITE request, the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body that was present in the incoming SIP INVITE request;
 - 9A) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body in the received SIP INVITE request contained a FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message without the Mandatory download IE included, then:
 - a) shall execute the procedures in clause 11.2; and
 - b) if the procedures in clause 11.2 indicate that the mandatory download indication needs to be included, shall include the Mandatory download IE set to a value of "MANDATORY DOWNLOAD" in the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message of the outgoing SIP INVITE request;
 - 10) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function associated to the MCDData user to be invited;
- NOTE 2: The public service identity can identify the terminating participating MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.
- NOTE 3: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.
- NOTE 4: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.
- NOTE 5: How the controlling MCDData function determines the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.
- NOTE 6: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.
- 11) shall set the P-Asserted-Identity header field to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function;
 - 12) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service-Id header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7] in the SIP INVITE request;
 - 13) shall include in the SIP INVITE request an SDP offer based on the SDP offer in the received SIP INVITE request from the originating client according to the procedures specified in clause 10.2.5.4.1; and

14) shall send the SIP INVITE request towards the terminating client in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response for the SIP INVITE request the controlling MCDData function:

1) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 7.3.

NOTE 7: The procedures executed by the controlling MCDData function prior to sending a response to the inviting MCDData client are specified in clause 10.2.5.4.4.

10.2.5.4.4 Terminating controlling MCDData function procedures

In the procedures in this clause:

- 1) MCDData ID in an incoming SIP INVITE request refers to the MCDData ID of the originating user from the <mcddata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP INVITE request;
- 2) group identity in an incoming SIP INVITE request refers to the group identity from the <mcddata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP INVITE request; and
- 3) MCDData ID in an outgoing SIP INVITE request refers to the MCDData ID of the called user in the <mcddata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the outgoing SIP INVITE request.

The procedures in this clause are executed upon:

- receipt of a "SIP INVITE request for controlling MCDData function for file distribution"; or
- a decision to now process a previously received "SIP INVITE request for controlling MCDData function for file distribution" that had been queued for later transmission.

NOTE 1: The controlling MCDData function may postpone the continuation of an FD using media plane procedure by queuing the received "SIP INVITE request for controlling MCDData function for file distribution". The management of the queue is specified in Annex B of 3GPP TS 23.282 [2].

The controlling MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response or queue the received SIP INVITE. The controlling MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4];

NOTE 1A: If the SIP INVITE request contains an emergency indication or an imminent peril indication set to a value of "true" and this is an authorised request originating an MCDData emergency group communication as determined by clause 6.3.7.2.6, or for originating an MCDData imminent peril group communication as determined by clause 6.3.7.2.4, the controlling MCDData function can, according to local policy, choose to accept the request.

- 2) if the received SIP INVITE request has been queued for later transmission, shall include warning text set to "215 request to transmit is queued by the server" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, in the SIP 100 (Trying) response, and shall send the SIP 100 (TRYING) response towards the originating participating MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and not continue with the remaining steps in this clause. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps;
- 3) shall determine if the media parameters are acceptable and the MSRP URI is offered in the SDP offer and if not reject the request with a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response and skip the rest of the steps;
- 3A) if the received SIP INVITE request includes an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body with an <emergency-ind> element included or an <imminentperil-ind> element included, shall validate the request as described in clause 6.3.7.1.9;
- 3B) if the SIP INVITE request contains an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency communication as determined by clause 6.3.7.2.6:
 - a) shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response as specified in clause 6.3.7.2.7; and

- b) shall send the SIP 403 (Forbidden) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 3C) if the SIP INVITE request contains an unauthorised request for an MCDATA imminent peril group communication as determined by clause 6.3.7.2.4, shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the following clarifications:
- a) shall include in the SIP 403 (Forbidden) response an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as specified in clause D.1 with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with the <imminentperil-ind> element set to a value of "false"; and
 - b) shall send the SIP 403 (Forbidden) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 3D) if a Resource-Priority header field is included in the SIP INVITE request:
- a) if the Resource-Priority header field is set to the value indicated for emergency communications and the SIP INVITE request does not contain an emergency indication and the in-progress emergency state of the group is set to a value of "false", shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response and skip the rest of the steps; or
 - b) if the Resource-Priority header field is set to the value indicated for imminent peril communications and the SIP INVITE request does not contain an imminent peril indication and the in-progress imminent peril state of the group is set to a value of "false", shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response and skip the rest of the steps;
- 4) if the incoming SIP INVITE request does not contain an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body with the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD as described in clause 6.2.2.3, shall reject the SIP INVITE request with appropriate reject code;
- 5) shall reject the SIP request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response and not process the remaining steps if:
- a) an Accept-Contact header field does not include the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag; or
 - b) an Accept-Contact header field does not include the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd";
- 6) shall cache SIP feature tags, if received in the Contact header field and if the specific feature tags are supported;
- 7) shall start the SIP Session timer according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38];
- 8) if the <request-type> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP INVITE request is set to a value of "one-to-one-fd" and:
- a) the conditions in clause 11.1 indicate that the MCDATA user is not allowed to initiate FD communications due to file size exceeding allowed limits as determined by step 4) of clause 11.1, shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP INVITE request, with warning text set to "220 user not authorised for FD communications due to file size" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause; and

NOTE 2: The size of the file intended for transfer over the media plane is obtained from the 'size' selector of the file-selector attribute in the received SDP offer.

- a1) if the <anyExt> element of the <mcdata-Params> element of the <mcdatainfo> element of an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body contains an <call-to-functional-alias-ind> element set to a value of "true":
 - i) shall identify the MCDATA ID(s) of the MCDATA user(s) that have activated the called functional alias received in the "uri" attribute of the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body of the SIP INVITE request by performing the actions specified in clause 22.2.2.2.8, and:
 - A) if unable to determine any MCDATA ID that has activated the called functional alias received in the "uri" attribute of the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body of the SIP INVITE request, shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including a warning text set to "145 unable to determine called party" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps; and

- B) selects one of the identified MCDData IDs, and shall send a SIP 300 (Multiple Choices) response to the SIP INVITE request populated according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3261 [4] with:
- I) a Contact header field containing a SIP URI for the MCDData session identity; and
 - II) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info MIME body with a <mcddata-request-uri> element set to the selected MCDData ID and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;

NOTE 2A: How the controlling MCDData function determines the appropriate MCDData ID is implementation-specific.

b) the SIP INVITE request:

- i) does not contain an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body or contains an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with more than one <entry> element in the set of <list> elements in the <resource-lists> element, shall return a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "205 unable to determine targeted user for one-to-one FD" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and skip the rest of the steps below; and
- ii) contains an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with exactly one <entry> element in a <list> element in the <resource-lists> element, shall invite the MCDData user identified by the "uri" attribute of the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body, as specified in clause 10.2.5.4.3; and

shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 7.3; and

9) if the <request-type> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP INVITE request is set to a value of "group-fd":

- a) shall retrieve the necessary group document(s) from the group management server for the group identity contained in the SIP INVITE request and carry out initial processing as specified in clause 6.3.3, and shall continue with the remaining steps if the procedures in clause 6.3.3 were successful;
- b) if the <on-network-disabled> element is present in the group document, shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "115 group is disabled" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- b1) if the group document contains a <list-service> element that contains a <preconfigured-group-use-only> element that is set to the value "true", shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "167 call is not allowed on the preconfigured group" as specified in clause 4.9 "Warning header field" and shall skip the rest of this procedure;
- c) if the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <list-service> element in the group document does not contain an <mcddata-mcddata-id> element with a "uri" attribute matching the MCDData ID of the originating user contained in the <mcddata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body in the SIP INVITE request, shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "116 user is not part of the MCDData group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- d) if the <list-service> element contains a <mcddata-allow-file-distribution> element in the group document set to a value of "false", shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "213 file distribution not allowed for this group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- e) if the <supported-services> element is not present in the group document or is present and contains a <service> element containing an "enabler" attribute which is not set to the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.fd", shall send a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable) response with the warning text set to "214 FD services not supported for this group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- f) if the user identified by the MCDData ID:
 - i) is not allowed to initiate group MCDData communications on this group identity as determined by step 2) of clause 11.1, shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response, with warning

text set to "201 user not authorised to transmit data on this group identity" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;

- ii) is not allowed to initiate group MCDData communications on this group identity due to exceeding the maximum amount of data that can be sent in a single request as determined by step 8) of clause 11.1, shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP INVITE request, with warning text set to "208 user not authorised for MCDData communications on this group identity due to exceeding the maximum amount of data that can be sent in a single request" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause; and
- iii) is not allowed to initiate FD communications on this group identity due to file size exceeding the allowed limits as determined by step 6) of clause 11.1, shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP INVITE request, with warning text set to "219 user not authorised for FD communications on this group identity due to file size" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;

NOTE 3: The size of the file intended for transfer over the media plane is obtained from the 'size' selector of the file-selector attribute in the received SDP offer.

- g) if the originating user identified by the MCDData ID is not affiliated to the group identity contained in the SIP INVITE request, as specified in clause 6.3.5, shall return a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "120 user is not affiliated to this group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and skip the rest of the steps below;
- h) shall determine targeted group members for MCDData communications by following the procedures in clause 6.3.4;
- i) if the procedures in clause 6.3.4 result in no affiliated members found in the selected MCDData group, shall return a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "198 no users are affiliated to this group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and skip the rest of the steps below;
- j) shall invite each group member determined in step h) above, to the group session, as specified in clause 10.2.5.4.3; and
- k) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 7.3.

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response for a SIP INVITE request as specified in clause 10.2.5.4.3 and, if the MCDData ID in the SIP 200 (OK) response matches to the MCDData ID in the corresponding SIP INVITE request, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall invoke the procedure in clause 6.3.7.1.23 with an indication that the applicable MCDData subservice is File Distribution, in order to generate a SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2A) if the received SIP INVITE request contains an alert indication set to a value of "true" and this is an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency alert as specified in clause 6.3.7.2.1, shall include in the SIP 200 (OK) response the warning text set to "149 SIP INFO request pending" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9;
- 2B) if the received SIP INVITE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <imminentperil-ind> element set to a value of "true" and if the in-progress emergency state of the group is set to a value of "true", shall include in the SIP 200 (OK) response the warning text set to "149 SIP INFO request pending" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9;

and

- 3) shall send the generated SIP 200 (OK) response to the inviting MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response for a SIP INVITE request as specified in clause 10.2.5.4.3 and if the warning text set to "232 communication is stored for later delivery" is received in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall invoke the procedure in clause 6.3.7.1.23 with an indication that the applicable MCDData subservice is File Distribution, in order to generate a SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];

- 2A) if the SIP INVITE request contains an alert indication set to a value of "true" and this is an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency alert as specified in clause 6.3.7.2.1, shall include in the SIP 200 (OK) response the warning text set to "149 SIP INFO request pending" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9;
- 2B) if the received SIP INVITE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <imminentperil-ind> element set to a value of "true" and if the in-progress emergency state of the group is set to a value of "true", shall include in the SIP 200 (OK) response the warning text set to "149 SIP INFO request pending" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9; and
- 3) shall send the generated SIP 200 (OK) response to the inviting MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

NOTE 4: When requested to release the associated media plane resources and to tear down the MCDData session, the controlling MCDData function stores the INVITE session information that is established between the participating function and the controlling function for later delivery.

10.2.5.4.5 Controlling MCDData function receiving a request for upgrade to emergency of a one-to-one communication using FD media plane

The controlling MCDData function shall execute the procedure in clause 6.3.7.1.19, with an indication that the applicable MCDData subservice is File Distribution.

10.2.5.4.6 Controlling MCDData function receiving a request for cancellation of an emergency one-to-one communication using FD media plane

The controlling MCDData function shall execute the procedure in clause 6.3.7.1.20, with an indication that the applicable MCDData subservice is File Distribution.

10.2.5.4.7 Controlling MCDData function sending a request for upgrade to emergency of a one-to-one communication using FD media plane

The controlling MCDData function shall execute the procedure in clause 6.3.7.1.21.

10.2.5.4.8 Controlling MCDData function sending a request for cancellation of an emergency one-to-one communication using FD media plane

The controlling MCDData function shall execute the procedure in clause 6.3.7.1.22.

10.2.6 FD using MBMS delivery via MB2 interface

The procedures for group FD using MBMS delivery via MB2 interface can be seen as extensions of group FD using unicast session for delivery via the media plane.

Group FD using MBMS enables dynamic toggling between unicast and MBMS delivery at any time during a session, assuming the proper bearers are available. Only the terminating MCDData clients and the respective associated MCDData terminating participating functions become aware of and involved in the potential MBMS delivery.

The terminating participating function can signal the start/stop/resume MBMS transmissions to the MCDData client by using the media control plane Map Group To Bearer and Unmap Group To Bearer messages, described in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15]. The media control plane signaling associates the TMGI of an announced MBMS bearer with the MCDData group ID of the communication and with the MBMS transmission parameters (IP address and UDP port).

File download completed notifications can be requested to assess if the file transfer was successful. It is up to the terminating participating function to decide whether or not to use MBMS for a session, and it is possible that the terminating participating function will not use MBMS delivery for FD unless a file repair or retransmission capability is available.

10.2.7 FD using MBS delivery via MB2 interface

All steps of clause 10.2.6 apply also for MBS, with the clarification that terminology mapping specified in clause I.3.4 applies.

11 Transmission and Reception Control

11.1 General

The MCDData functional entities (as specified in clause 5.2 and clause 5.3) check if the MCDData user is allowed to initiate MCDData communications by following the procedures specified below:

- 1) if the MCDData user wishes to send one-to-one MCDData communications and the <allow-transmit-data> element of an <actions> element is not present in the MCDData user profile document or is present with the value "false" (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]), the MCDData client and participating MCDData function shall determine that the MCDData user is not allowed to send MCDData communications and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 1A) if the MCDData user wishes to initiate one-to-one MCDData communications, the <One-to-One-Communication> element exists in the MCDData user profile document with one more <entry> elements, and the "uri" attribute of the <entry> element in a <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body does not match with one of the <entry> elements of the <One-to-One-Communication> element of the MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]), the MCDData client and participating MCDData function shall determine that the MCDData user is not allowed to initiate MCDData communication to the targeted user and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 2) if the MCDData user wishes to send group MCDData communications on an MCDData group identity and the <mcddata-allow-transmit-data-in-this-group> element of an <actions> element is not present in the MCDData group document or is present with the value "false" as specified in 3GPP TS 24.481 [11], the MCDData client and controlling MCDData function shall determine that the MCDData user is not allowed to send group MCDData communications on this group identity, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 3) if the MCDData user wishes to send one-to-one SDS communications and the size of the payload is greater than the value contained in the <max-data-size-sds-bytes> element in the MCDData service configuration document as specified in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12], the MCDData client and controlling MCDData function shall determine that the MCDData user is not allowed to send SDS communications due to message size and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 4) if the MCDData user wishes to send one-to-one FD communications and the size of the data that the MCDData user wishes to send is greater than the value contained in the <max-data-size-fd-bytes> element in the MCDData service configuration document as specified in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12], the MCDData client and controlling MCDData function shall determine that the MCDData user is not allowed to send FD communications due to file size and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 5) if the MCDData user wishes to send group SDS communications on an MCDData group identity and the size of the data that the MCDData user wishes to send is greater than the value contained in the <mcddata-on-network-max-data-size-for-SDS> element in the MCDData group document for the MCDData group ID as specified in 3GPP TS 24.481 [11], then the MCDData client and the controlling MCDData function shall determine that the MCDData user is not allowed to send SDS communications on this group identity due to message size and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 6) if the MCDData user wishes to send group FD communications on an MCDData group identity and the size of the data that the MCDData user wishes to send is greater than the value contained in the <mcddata-on-network-max-data-size-for-FD> element in the MCDData group document for the MCDData group ID as specified in 3GPP TS 24.481 [11], then the MCDData client and the controlling MCDData function shall determine that the MCDData user is not allowed to send FD communications on this group identity due to file size and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 7) if the MCDData user wishes to send one-to-one MCDData communications to another MCDData user and the size of the payload is greater than the maximum amount of data that the MCDData user can transmit in a single request during one-to-one communications contained in the <MaxData1To1> element of the MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]), the MCDData client and participating MCDData function shall determine that the MCDData user is not allowed to send one-to-one MCDData communications due to exceeding the maximum amount of data that can be sent in a single request and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;

- 8) if the MCDData user wishes to send group MCDData communications on an MCDData group identity and the size of the payload is greater than the maximum amount of data that the MCDData user can transmit in a single request during group communications in the group identified by the MCDData group identity in the request contained in the <mcddata-max-data-in-single-request> element of the <entry> element of the MCDData group document as specified in 3GPP TS 24.481 [11], the MCDData client and the controlling MCDData function shall determine that the MCDData user is not allowed to send group MCDData communications on this group identity due to exceeding the maximum amount of data that can be sent in a single request and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 9) if the MCDData user wishes to initiate a SDS session for later use with one-to-one MCDData communications there are no further checks for the MCDData client which shall continue at step 11). If, for either the originating user or the terminating user, the <allow-transmit-data> element of an <actions> element is not present in the MCDData user profile document or is present with the value "false" (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]), the participating MCDData function shall determine that the MCDData user is not allowed to initiate a SDS session and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 10) if the MCDData user wishes to initiate a SDS session on an MCDData group identity and the <mcddata-allow-short-data-service> element of a <list-service> element is not present in the MCDData group document or is present with the value "false" as specified in 3GPP TS 24.481 [11], the MCDData client and controlling MCDData function shall determine that the MCDData user is not allowed to initiate a SDS session on this group identity and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 11) if the MCDData user wishes to initiate an IP Connectivity session with one-to-one MCDData communications and the <allow-transmit-data> element of an <actions> element is not present in the MCDData user profile document or is present with the value "false" as specified in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12], the MCDData client and controlling MCDData function shall determine that the MCDData user is not allowed to initiate an IP Connectivity session and shall not continue with the rest of the steps; and
- 12) the MCDData functional entity shall determine that the MCDData user is allowed to initiate MCDData communications.

11.2 Auto-receive for File Distribution

If the controlling MCDData function receives a one-to-one file distribution using HTTP or a group standalone file distribution using HTTP without the mandatory download indication the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) if the file distribution request contained metadata, shall retrieve the filesize contained in the fileselector of the Metadata IE in the FD request;
- 2) if the file distribution request did not contain metadata, shall determine the size of the file referenced by the file URL contained in FD request;
- 3) for one-to-one file distribution using HTTP, shall determine if the filesize is less than or equal to the value contained in the <max-data-size-auto-recv-bytes> element of the MCDData service configuration document as specified in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12];
- 4) for group standalone file distribution using HTTP, shall determine if the filesize is less than or equal to the value contained in the <mcddata-on-network-max-data-size-auto-recv> element of the MCDData group document associated with the MCDData group identity in the request, as specified in 3GPP TS 24.481 [11]; and
- 5) if condition 3) or 4) is true, shall determine that the mandatory download indication needs to be included in the file distribution request sent to the terminating MCDData client.

If the controlling MCDData function receives a one-to-one file distribution using media plane or a group standalone file distribution using media plane without the mandatory download indication the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) if the file distribution request contained metadata, shall retrieve the filesize contained in the fileselector attribute contained in the "m=message" media-level section for the MCDData media stream of SDP offer in the FD request;
- 2) for one-to-one file distribution using media plane, shall determine if the filesize is less than or equal to the value contained in the <max-data-size-auto-recv-bytes> element of the MCDData service configuration document as specified in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12];

- 3) for group standalone file distribution using media plane, shall determine if the filesize is less than or equal to the value contained in the <mcdata-on-network-max-data-size-auto-recv> element of the MCDData group document associated with the MCDData group identity in the request, as specified in 3GPP TS 24.481 [11]; and
- 4) if condition 1) is true and 2) or 3) is true, shall determine that the mandatory download indication needs to be included in the file distribution request sent to the terminating MCDData client.

11.3 Accessing list of deferred data group communications

11.3.1 General

Accessing list of deferred data group communication allows a MCDData user to request for the list of files that have been deferred for future download. The procedures are applicable for FD using HTTP and FD using media plane.

11.3.2 MCDData client procedures

11.3.2.1 Sending a request to access a list of deferred group communications

Upon receiving a request from the MCDData user to access the list of deferred data group communications, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall build the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in clause 6.2.4.1;
- 2) shall generate DEFERRED DATA REQUEST message as specified in clause 15.1.11.1;
- 3) shall include in the SIP request, the DEFERRED DATA GROUP COMM message in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body as specified in clause E.1; and
- 4) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request towards the participating MCDData function according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

11.3.2.2 Receiving a list of deferred group communications

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE response for the list of deferred group communications request", the MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response towards the MCDData server according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 3) shall decode the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body:
 - a) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body contains DEFERRED DATA RESPONSE message as specified in clause 15.1.12:
 - i) for each deferred FD signalling payload, if payload type is set to "FILEURL", shall store the required data or entire FD signalling payload and the Group ID information; and
- 4) shall present to MCDData user, the list of file URLs which were deferred with other information optional such as Originator, Group ID, Conversation ID, Message ID, InReplyTo message ID and Date and time etc.

11.3.3 Participating MCDData function procedures

11.3.3.1 Receiving a request to access a list of deferred group communications

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for the list of deferred group communications", the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall send SIP 200 (OK) response towards MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and

- 3) shall follow the procedure described in clause 11.3.3.2 to send response.

11.3.3.2 Sending a list of deferred group communications

To send the list of deferred group communications, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall build the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in clause 6.3.2.1;
- 2) shall generate DEFERRED DATA RESPONSE message as specified in clause 15.1.12.1;
- 3) shall include in the SIP request, the DEFERRED DATA RESPONSE message in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body as specified in clause E.1; and
- 4) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request towards the MCDData client according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

When generating a DEFERRED DATA RESPONSE message as specified in clause 15.1.12, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall set the number of payloads IE to the number of FD using HTTP or FD using media plane communication which are deferred as per the stored file list:
 - a) for each deferred file from the list, shall copy the payload IE value from the stored list to the payload IE value of the outgoing message being generated; or
- 2) shall set the number of payloads IE to the number of FD using HTTP or FD using media plane communication which are deferred as per the stored deferred group communications:
 - a) for each deferred group communication, shall copy the deferred FD signalling payload IE value(s) from the stored list to the deferred FD signalling payload IE value(s) of the outgoing message being generated; and
 - b) shall copy the MCDData group ID(s) from the stored list to the MCDData group ID IE value(s) of the outgoing message.

NOTE: Only the 'payload' IE and its value population from the stored list of 'payload' IE and its value as described in step 1) applicability were specified in early versions of the present document from release 13 to release 16. The continued support for Payload element and its value is for backwards compatibility.

12 Dispositions and Notifications

12.1 General

The procedures in clause 12 describe:

- the on-network procedures for generating out-of-band dispositions for on-network SDS and on-network FD;
- the on-network procedures for generating network notifications for file distribution; and
- the off-network procedures for generating SDS dispositions.

The MCDData client can send a disposition notification as a direct result of receiving an MCDData message (e.g. delivery notification) or can send a disposition notification at a later time (e.g. read notification). In certain circumstances the delivery and read notification can be delivered in one notification message.

In-band dispositions are sent in the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15].

12.2 On-network disposition notifications

12.2.1 MCDData client procedures

12.2.1.1 MCDData client sends a disposition notification message

The MCDData client shall follow the procedures in this clause to:

- indicate to an MCDData client that an SDS message was delivered, read or delivered and read when the originating client requested a delivery, read or delivery and read report;
- indicate to the participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user that an SDS message was undelivered. The participating MCDData function can store the message for later re-delivery;
- indicate to an MCDData client that a request for FD was accepted, deferred or rejected; or
- indicate to an MCDData client that a file download has been completed;

Before sending a disposition notification the MCDData client needs to determine:

- the group identity related to an SDS or FD message request received as part of a group communication. The MCDData client determines the group identity from the contents of the <mcddata-calling-group-id> element contained in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SDS or FD message request; and
- the MCDData user targeted for the disposition notification. The MCDData client determines the targetted MCDData user from the contents of the <mcddata-calling-user-id> element contained in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SDS or FD message request.

The MCDData client shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6] with the clarifications given below.

The MCDData client:

- 1) shall build the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in clause 6.2.4.1;
- 2) shall follow the rules specified in clause 6.4 for the handling of MIME bodies in a SIP message when processing the remaining steps in this clause;
- 3) shall insert in the SIP MESSAGE request an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body containing the MCDData ID of the targeted MCDData user in the "uri" attribute of the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body, according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 5366 [18];
- 4) void;
- 5) if sending a disposition notification in response to an MCDData group data request, shall include an <mcddata-calling-group-id> element set to the MCDData group identity in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body;
- 6) if requiring to send an SDS notification, shall generate an SDS NOTIFICATION message and include it in the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in clause 6.2.3.1;
- 7) if requiring to send an FD notification, shall generate an FD NOTIFICATION message and include it in the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in clause 6.2.3.2; and
- 8) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

12.2.1.2 MCDData client receives a disposition notification message

Upon receipt of a:

"SIP MESSAGE request for SDS disposition notification for terminating MCDData client"; or

"SIP MESSAGE request for FD disposition notification for terminating MCDData client";

the MCDData client:

- 1) shall decode the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body; and
- 2) shall deliver the notification to the user or application.

12.2.2 Participating MCDData function procedures

12.2.2.1 Participating MCDData function receives disposition notification from a MCDData user

Upon receipt of a:

- "SIP MESSAGE request for SDS disposition notification for MCDData server"; or
- "SIP MESSAGE request for FD disposition notification for MCDData server";

the participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall determine the MCDData ID of the calling user from the public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP MESSAGE request;

NOTE 1: The MCDData ID of the calling user is bound to the public user identity at the time of service authorisation, as documented in clause 7.3.

- 3) if the participating MCDData function cannot find a binding between the public user identity and an MCDData ID or if the validity period of an existing binding has expired, then the participating MCDData function shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text set to "141 user unknown to the participating function" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with any of the remaining steps;
- 4) void;
- 5) if the SIP MESSAGE is a "SIP MESSAGE request for SDS disposition notification for MCDData server" containing an SDS disposition notification type set to a value of "UNDELIVERED", shall temporarily store the message for re-delivery, shall start timer TD1 (SDS re-delivery timer) with the timer value as specified in clause F.2.1, and shall not continue with the remaining steps;

NOTE 2: The participating MCDData function attempts re-delivery of the SDS message after timer TD1 (SDS re-delivery timer) expiry.

- 6) if the SIP MESSAGE is a "SIP MESSAGE request for SDS disposition notification for MCDData server" containing an SDS disposition notification type set to a value of "DELIVERED", "READ" or "DELIVERED AND READ" and the message was temporarily stored for re-delivery, shall delete the message from temporary store and shall stop TD1 (SDS re-delivery timer);
- 6a) if the SIP MESSAGE is a "SIP MESSAGE request for FD disposition notification for MCDData server", and the FD disposition notification type IE is set as "FILE DOWNLOAD COMPLETED" as specified in clause 15.2.6 and target MCDData user ID is not included as specified in the step 3) of clause 12.2.1.1, shall skip the rest of the steps of this clause after sending the response as follows:
 - a) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - b) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
 - c) shall clear the corresponding stored deferred group communication;
- 7) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];

8) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function;

NOTE 3: The public service identity can identify the controlling MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 4: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 5: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 6: How the participating MCDData function determines the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 7: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

9) shall copy all MIME bodies included in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request to the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;

10) if not already included as part of step 8) above, shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request, containing an <mcdata-calling-user-id> element set to the MCDData ID of the originating user;

11) if the SIP MESSAGE is a "SIP MESSAGE request for SDS disposition notification for MCDData server ", shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), into the P-Asserted-Service header field of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;

12) if the SIP MESSAGE is a "SIP MESSAGE request for FD disposition notification for MCDData server ", shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), into the P-Asserted-Service header field of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;

13) if the SIP MESSAGE is a "SIP MESSAGE request for FD disposition notification for MCDData server", and the FD disposition notification type IE is set as "FILE DOWNLOAD REQUEST ACCEPTED" or "FILE DOWNLOAD REQUEST REJECTED" as specified in clause 15.2.6, shall remove the file from the stored file list;

14) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function; and

15) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 202 (Accepted) response in response to the above SIP MESSAGE request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP 202 (Accepted) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 2) shall send the SIP 202 (Accepted) response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 200 (OK) response in response to the above SIP MESSAGE request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 2) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 4xx, 5xx or 6xx response to the above SIP MESSAGE request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include Warning header field(s) that were received in the incoming SIP response; and

- 3) shall forward the SIP response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

12.2.2.2 Participating MCDData function receives disposition notification from a Controlling MCDData function

Upon receipt of a:

- "SIP MESSAGE request for SDS disposition notification for terminating MCDData client"; or
- "SIP MESSAGE request for FD disposition notification for terminating MCDData client";

the participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or if a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response, optionally containing a Retry-After header field as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4]. In this case, the participating MCDData function shall skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall use the MCDData ID present in the <mcdData-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP MESSAGE request to retrieve the binding between the MCDData ID and the public user identity;
- 3) if the binding between the MCDData ID and the public user identity does not exist, then the participating MCDData function shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response and shall skip the rest of the steps;
- 4) shall generate an outgoing SIP MESSAGE request as specified in clause 6.3.2.1;
- 5) if sending an SDS disposition notification, shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdData.sds" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), into the P-Asserted-Service header field of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- 5) if sending an FD disposition notification, shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdData.fd" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), into the P-Asserted-Service header field of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- 6) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 2xx, 4xx, 5xx or 6xx response to the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request, the participating MCDData function shall forward the SIP response to the controlling MCDData function.

12.2.2.3 Participating MCDData function sends a disposition notification message

The participating MCDData function shall follow the procedures in this clause to:

- indicate to an MCDData client that a request for FD was accepted, deferred or rejected; or
- indicate to an MCDData client that a file download has been completed.

Before sending a disposition notification the participating MCDData function needs to determine:

- the group identity related to an FD message request received as part of a group communication. The participating MCDData function determines the group identity from the contents of the <mcdData-calling-group-id> element contained in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml MIME body of the incoming FD message request; and
- the MCDData user targeted for the disposition notification. The participating MCDData function determines the targeted MCDData user from the contents of the <mcdData-calling-user-id> element contained in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml MIME body of the incoming FD message request.

The participating MCDData function shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6] with the clarifications given below.

The participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall build the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in clause 6.3.2.2;

- 2) shall follow the rules specified in clause 6.4 for the handling of MIME bodies in a SIP message when processing the remaining steps in this clause;
- 3) shall insert in the SIP MESSAGE request an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body containing the MCDData ID of the targeted MCDData user in the "uri" attribute of the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body, according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 5366 [18];
- 4) if sending a disposition notification in response to an MCDData group data request, shall include an <mcddata-calling-group-id> element set to the MCDData group identity in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body;
- 5) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request, containing an <mcddata-calling-user-id> element set to the MCDData ID of the associated disposition notification of the MCDData user;
- 6) if requiring to send an FD notification, shall generate an FD NOTIFICATION message and include it in the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in clause 6.3.8.1; and
- 7) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

12.2.3 Controlling MCDData function procedures

Upon receipt of a:

- "SIP MESSAGE request for SDS disposition notification for MCDData server"; or
- "SIP MESSAGE request for FD disposition notification for MCDData server";

the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The controlling MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4]. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall reject the SIP request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response and not process the remaining steps if an Accept-Contact header field does not include the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.sds" or "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.fd";
- 3) if the incoming SIP MESSAGE request does not contain an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body or contains an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with more than one <entry> element in the set of <list> elements in the <resource-lists> element, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "145 unable to determine called party" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 4) shall attempt to correlate the disposition notification to the original SDS or FD request using the values contained in the Conversation ID and Message ID of the SDS NOTIFICATION message or FD NOTIFICATION message contained in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-signalling MIME body of the SIP MESSAGE;
- 5) if unable to correlate the disposition notification as determined by step 4), shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "216 unable to correlate the disposition notification" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 6) if:
 - a) a "SIP MESSAGE request for FD disposition notification for MCDData server" has been received;
 - b) the FD disposition notification type IE in the FD NOTIFICATION message is set to "FILE DOWNLOAD REQUEST REJECTED"; and
 - c) the SIP MESSAGE does not contain an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body with an <mcddata-calling-group-id> element, or the SIP MESSAGE contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-

info+xml MIME body with an <mcdata-calling-group-id> element and all other FD disposition notifications have been received from the invited group members and were all set to "FILE DOWNLOAD REQUEST REJECTED";

then:

- a) shall delete the file stored in the media storage function that is associated with the Conversation ID and Message ID that was included in the FD NOTIFICATION message if no other file availability timers are running for a file; and
 - b) shall stop the running timer TDC2 (file availability timer), which is associated to the Conversation ID, Message ID, Application ID (if associated), and Extended application ID (if associated) that is included in the FD NOTIFICATION message;
- 7) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 8) if sending an SDS disposition notification:
- a) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8] in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request; and
 - b) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8]] in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- 9) if sending an FD disposition notification:
- a) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8]; and
 - b) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 10) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function associated to the MCDData user to be invited;
- NOTE 1: The public service identity can identify the terminating participating MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.
- NOTE 2: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.
- NOTE 3: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.
- NOTE 4: How the controlling MCDData function determines the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.
- NOTE 5: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.
- 11) if sending an SDS disposition notification, shall include a P-Asserted-Service header field with the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds";
- 12) if sending an FD disposition notification, shall include a P-Asserted-Service header field with the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd";
- 13) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function;

- 14) shall copy the MCDData ID of the MCDData user listed in the MIME resources body of the incoming SIP MESSAGE request, into the <mcddata-request-uri> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- 15) if the incoming SIP MESSAGE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body with an <mcddata-calling-group-id> element:
- a) shall retrieve the group document for the MCDData group id contained in the <mcddata-calling-group-id> element from the group management server, if not already cached, and identify the group members;
 - b) shall verify that the MCDData ID contained in the <mcddata-calling-user-id> element matches to a group member. If there is no match, the controlling MCDData function shall reject the SIP request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "116 user is not part of the MCDData group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
 - c) if MCDData disposition notifications need to be aggregated and an aggregated disposition notification has not yet been sent:
 - i) if timer TDC1 (disposition aggregation timer) is not running, shall start timer TDC1 (disposition aggregation timer) with the timer value as specified in clause F.2.2;
 - ii) shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-signalling MIME body in the received SIP MESSAGE request to the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- NOTE 6: If the aggregated MCDData disposition notifications do not fit into one SIP MESSAGE request, then the controlling MCDData function needs to generate a new SIP MESSAGE request for the remaining disposition notifications.
- iii) on expiry of timer TDC1 (disposition aggregation timer) shall continue with step 16; and
 - iv) if all MCDData disposition notifications have been received from all group members shall continue with step 16; and
 - d) if MCDData disposition notifications do not need to be aggregated, shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-signalling MIME body in the received SIP MESSAGE request to the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request and shall continue with step 16;
- 16) if the incoming SIP MESSAGE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body without an <mcddata-calling-group-id> element shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-signalling MIME body in the received SIP MESSAGE request to the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- 17) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 18) shall generate a SIP 202 (Accepted) response in response to the
- "SIP MESSAGE request for SDS disposition notification for MCDData server"; or
 - "SIP MESSAGE request for FD disposition notification for MCDData server"; and
- 19) shall send the SIP 202 (Accepted) response towards the originating participating MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

12.3 Off-network dispositions

12.3.1 General

12.3.2 Sending off-network SDS delivery notification

To send an off-network SDS delivery notification, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall store "DELIVERED" as the disposition type;

- 2) shall generate a SDS OFF-NETWORK NOTIFICATION message as specified in clause 15.1.8. In the SDS OFF-NETWORK NOTIFICATION message, the MCDData client:
 - a) shall set the Sender MCDData user ID IE to its own MCDData user ID as specified in clause 15.2.15;
 - b) shall set the Conversation ID IE as the stored conversation ID as specified in clause 15.2.9;
 - c) shall set the Message ID IE as the stored SDS message ID as specified in clause 15.2.10;
 - d) shall set the Date and time IE as the stored SDS notification time as specified in clause 15.2.8;
 - e) shall set the SDS disposition notification type IE to the stored disposition type as specified in clause 15.2.5;
and
 - f) may set:
 - i) the Application ID IE to the stored SDS application ID as specified in clause 15.2.7; or
 - ii) the Extended application ID IE to the stored extended SDS application ID as specified in clause 15.2.24;
- 3) shall send the SDS OFF-NETWORK NOTIFICATION message to the stored notification target MCDData user ID as specified in clause 9.3.1.1;
- 4) shall initialise the counter CFS2 (SDS notification retransmission) with the value set to 1; and
- 5) shall start timer TFS2 (SDS notification retransmission).

12.3.3 Sending off-network SDS read notification

Upon receiving a display indication for the payload to the user or processing of the payload by the target application, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall store "READ" as the disposition type;
- 2) shall store the current UTC time as the stored SDS notification time;
- 3) shall generate SDS OFF-NETWORK NOTIFICATION message as specified in clause 15.1.8. In the SDS OFF-NETWORK NOTIFICATION message, the MCDData client:
 - a) shall set the Sender MCDData user ID IE to its own MCDData user ID as specified in clause 15.2.15;
 - b) shall set the Conversation ID IE as the stored conversation ID as specified in clause 15.2.9;
 - c) shall set the Message ID IE as the stored SDS message ID as specified in clause 15.2.10;
 - d) shall set the Data and time IE as the SDS notification time as specified in clause 15.2.8;
 - e) shall set the SDS disposition notification type IE to the stored disposition type as specified in clause 15.2.5;
and
 - f) may set:
 - i) the Application ID IE set to the stored SDS application ID as specified in clause 15.2.7; or
 - ii) the Extended application ID IE to the stored extended SDS application ID as specified in clause 15.2.24;
- 4) shall send the SDS OFF-NETWORK NOTIFICATION message to the stored sender MCDData user ID as specified in clause 9.3.1.1;
- 5) shall initialise the counter CFS2 (SDS notification retransmission) with the value set to 1; and
- 6) shall start timer TFS2 (SDS notification retransmission).

12.3.4 Sending off-network SDS delivered and read notification

Upon receiving a display indication for the payload to the user or processing of the payload by the target application, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall store "DELIVERED AND READ" as the disposition type and stop the timer TFS3 (display and read);
- 2) shall store the current UTC time as the stored SDS notification time;
- 3) shall generate SDS OFF-NETWORK NOTIFICATION message. In the SDS OFF-NETWORK NOTIFICATION message, the MCDData client:
 - a) shall set the Sender MCDData user ID IE to its own MCDData user ID as specified in clause 15.2.15;
 - b) shall set the Conversation ID IE as the stored conversation ID as specified in clause 15.2.9;
 - c) shall set the Message ID IE as the stored SDS message ID as specified in clause 15.2.10;
 - d) shall set the Date and time IE as the SDS notification time as specified in clause 15.2.8;
 - e) shall set the SDS disposition notification type IE to the stored disposition type as specified in clause 15.2.5; and
 - f) may set:
 - i) the Application ID IE to the stored SDS application ID as specified in clause 15.2.7; or
 - ii) the Extended application ID IE to the stored extended SDS application ID as specified in clause 15.2.24;
- 4) shall send the SDS OFF-NETWORK NOTIFICATION message to the stored sender MCDData user ID as specified in clause 9.3.1.1;
- 5) shall initialise the counter CFS2 (SDS notification retransmission) with the value set to 1; and
- 6) shall start timer TFS2 (SDS notification retransmission).

12.3.5 Off-network SDS notification retransmission

Upon expiry of timer TFS2 (SDS notification retransmission), the MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate a SDS OFF-NETWORK NOTIFICATION message as specified in clause 15.1.8. In the SDS OFF-NETWORK NOTIFICATION message, the MCDData client:
 - a) shall set the Sender MCDData user ID IE to its own MCDData user ID as specified in clause 15.2.15;
 - b) shall set the Conversation ID IE as the stored conversation ID as specified in clause 15.2.9;
 - c) shall set the Message ID IE as the stored SDS message ID as specified in clause 15.2.10;
 - d) shall set the Date and time IE as the stored SDS notification time as specified in clause 15.2.8;
 - e) shall set the SDS disposition type IE to the stored disposition type as specified in clause 15.2.5; and
 - f) may set:
 - i) the Application ID IE to the stored SDS application ID as specified in clause 15.2.7; or
 - ii) the Extended application ID IE to the stored extended SDS application ID as specified in clause 15.2.24;
- 2) shall send the SDS OFF-NETWORK NOTIFICATION message to the stored sender MCDData user ID as specified in clause 9.3.1.1;
- 3) shall increment the counter CFS2 (SDS notification retransmission) by 1; and
- 4) shall start timer TFS2 (SDS notification retransmission) if the associated counter CFS2 (SDS notification retransmission) has not reached its upper limit.

12.4 Network-triggered notifications for FD

12.4.1 General

12.4.1.1 File availability expiry

When the controlling MCDData function receives a "SIP MESSAGE request for FD using HTTP for controlling MCDData function" (referred to as FD request), it starts a timer TDC2 (file availability timer). The timer value is derived from the "file availability" information contained in metadata in the FD request (if included) or by local policy. The timer running for the file is uniquely associated to the Conversation ID and Message ID in the FD request.

The controlling MCDData function tracks which MCDData client(s) have downloaded the file referenced by the file URL received in an FD request which is associated to a Conversation ID and Message ID. On expiry of timer TDC2 (file availability timer), the controlling MCDData function sends a FD NETWORK NOTIFICATION message with a notification type set to "FILE EXPIRED UNAVAILABLE TO DOWNLOAD". The MCDData client is notified that the file associated with the Conversation ID and Message ID is no longer available to download.

12.4.2 Controlling MCDData function procedures

12.4.2.1 Generation of a SIP MESSAGE request for notification

This clause is referenced from other procedures and is not run standalone.

The controlling MCDData function

- 1) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 2) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8] in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- 3) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8] in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- 4) shall follow the rules specified in clause 6.4 for the handling of MIME bodies in a SIP message when processing the remaining steps in this clause;
- 5) shall include in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request:
 - the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData ID of the MCDData user; and
 - the <request-type> element set to a value of "notify";
- 6) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function associated to the MCDData user to be invited;

NOTE 1: The public service identity can identify the terminating participating MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 2: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 4: How the controlling MCDData function determines the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 5: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- 7) shall include the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function in the P-Asserted-Identity header field; and
- 8) shall include a P-Asserted-Service header field with the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.fd".

12.4.2.2 Expiry of timer TDC2 (file availability timer)

When timer TDC2 (file availability timer) associated to a specific Conversation ID and Message ID expires, the controlling MCDData function shall identify a target set of MCDData client(s) as being:

- the MCDData client that received a one-to-one file distribution using HTTP for the associated Conversation ID and Message ID, but has not yet downloaded the file; or
- each MCDData client that received a group standalone file distribution using HTTP for the associated Conversation ID and Message ID, but have not yet downloaded the file;

On expiry of timer TDC2 (file availability timer), for each identified MCDData client, the controlling MCDData function:

NOTE: The file availability timer is associated to the Conversation ID and Message ID that was present in the initial FD request.

- 1) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request as specified in clause 12.4.2.1;
- 2) shall include an FD NETWORK NOTIFICATION message in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-signalling MIME body of the SIP MESSAGE request with:
 - a) the FD notification type IE as "FILE EXPIRED UNAVAILABLE TO DOWNLOAD" as specified in clause 15.2.6;
 - b) shall set the Date and time IE to the current time as specified in clause 15.2.8;
 - c) the Conversation ID IE set to a value identifying the conversation, as specified in clause 15.2.9;
 - d) the Message ID IE set to a value identifying the message as specified in clause 15.2.10;
 - e) if an Application ID was stored against the expired timer TDC2 (file availability timer), shall set the Application ID to the stored value as specified in clause 15.2.7;
 - f) if an Extended application ID was stored against the expired timer TDC2 (file availability timer), shall set the Extended application ID to the stored value as specified in clause 15.2.7; and
- 3) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

12.4.3 Participating MCDData function procedures

The participating MCDData function shall follow the procedures in clause 10.2.4.3.2.

12.4.4 MCDData client terminating procedures

On receipt of a SIP MESSAGE request containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-signalling MIME body with a FD NETWORK NOTIFICATION message, the MCDData client:

- 1) may reject the SIP MESSAGE request if there are not enough resources to handle the SIP MESSAGE request;
- 2) if the SIP MESSAGE request is rejected in step 1), shall respond towards the participating MCDData function with a SIP 480 (Temporarily unavailable) response and skip the rest of the steps of this clause;
- 3) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 4) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response towards the MCDData server according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];

- 5) shall decode the contents of the FD NETWORK NOTIFICATION message contained in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body;
- 6) if the FD NETWORK NOTIFICATION message contains an Application ID or contains an Extended application ID, shall deliver the FD NETWORK NOTIFICATION message to the application; and
- 7) if the FD NETWORK NOTIFICATION message does not contain an Application ID and does not contain an Extended application ID, shall deliver the FD NETWORK NOTIFICATION message to the user.

13 Communication Release

13.1 General

Communication Release allows MCDData user or MCDData server to release MCDData communications on-demand or based on policies. These procedures are applicable for SDS and FD and can be initiated by communication originator or MCDData server.

13.2 On-network

13.2.1 General

13.2.1.1 Server generating message for release of communication over HTTP towards participating MCDData function

This procedure is only referenced from other procedures. In order to generate a SIP MESSAGE towards the participating MCDData function, the MCDData server:

- 1) shall generate SIP MESSAGE accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 2) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8] in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- 3) shall include a P-Asserted-Service header field with the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd";
- 4) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function associated to the originating MCDData ID user; and
- 5) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the SIP MESSAGE request, following the rules specified in clause 6.4 for the handling of MIME bodies in a SIP message:
 - a) fill <mcdata-request-uri> element with the MCDData ID of the target user.
- 6) shall include FD HTTP TERMINATION in application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling.

While generating an FD HTTP TERMINATION message as specified in clause 15.1.3.1, the MCDData server:

- 1) shall set the Conversation ID_IE to a value identifying the conversation, as specified in clause 15.2.9;
- 2) shall set the Message ID_IE to a value identifying the message as specified in clause 15.2.10;
- 3) may set:
 - i) the Application ID_IE to the stored value if applicable; or
 - ii) the Extended application ID IE to the stored value if applicable; and
- 4) shall include a Payload IE with:
 - a) the Payload content type set to "FILEURL" as specified in clause 15.2.13; and

- b) Shall set the URL of the file same as of FD transmission.

13.2.1.2 Authorised user generating FD HTTP TERMINATION MESSAGE towards participating MCDData function

This clause is referred from other clause only. In order to generate a SIP MESSAGE towards participating MCDData function:

- 1) Shall generate SIP MESSAGE accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 2) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8] in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- 3) shall include a P-preferred-Service header field with the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd";
- 4) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function associated to the MCDData ID user; and
- 5) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the SIP MESSAGE request, following the rules specified in clause 6.4 for the handling of MIME bodies in a SIP message:
 - a) set <mcdata-request-uri> element to the MCDData ID of the target user; and
 - b) shall include FD HTTP TERMINATION application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling. While including FD HTTP TERMINATION message according to clause E.1.

When generating an FD HTTP TERMINATION message as specified in clause 15.1.11, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall set the Conversation ID IE to a value identifying the conversation, as specified in clause 15.2.9;
- 2) shall set the Message ID IE to a value identifying the message as specified in clause 15.2.10;
- 3) may set:
 - i) the Application ID IE ID to the stored value if applicable; or
 - ii) the Extended Application ID IE to the stored value if applicable; and
- 4) shall include a Payload IE with:
 - a) the Payload content type set to "FILEURL" as specified in clause 15.2.13; and
 - b) the URL of the file same as of FD transmission.

13.2.2 MCDData originating user initiated communication release

13.2.2.1 General

The MCDData client can release the communication to indicate MCDData service that the user no longer wants to transmit.

13.2.2.2 Release of MCDData communication over media plane

13.2.2.2.1 General

The procedures described in this clause are applicable to MCDData SDS and MCDData FD using media plane where originating MCDData user initiates the communication release.

13.2.2.2.2 MCDData client procedures

13.2.2.2.2.1 MCDData client originating procedures

When the MCDData client wants to release a MCDData communication established over the media plane, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate a SIP BYE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall set the Request-URI to the MCDData session identity to be released; and
- 3) shall send the SIP BYE request towards MCDData server according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP BYE request, the MCDData client shall release all media plane resources corresponding to the MCDData communication being released.

13.2.2.2.2.2 MCDData client terminating procedures

Upon receiving a SIP BYE request, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall send SIP 200 (OK) response towards MCDData server according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 2) shall release all media plane resources corresponding to the MCDData communication being released.

NOTE: Partially received data can be stored and processed.

13.2.2.2.3 Participating MCDData function procedures

13.2.2.2.3.1 Originating participating MCDData function procedures

Upon receiving a SIP BYE request from the MCDData client, the originating participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP BYE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall set the Request-URI to the MCDData session identity mentioned in the received SIP BYE request;
- 3) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP BYE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function; and
- 4) shall send the SIP BYE request toward the controlling MCDData function, according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP BYE request the participating MCDData function;

- 1) shall forward the SIP 200 (OK) response to the originating MCDData client and release all media plane resources corresponding to the MCDData communication with the originating MCDData client; and
- 2) shall release all media plane resources corresponding to the MCDData communication with the controlling MCDData function.

13.2.2.2.3.2 Terminating participating MCDData function procedures

Upon receiving a SIP BYE request from the controlling MCDData function, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP BYE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP BYE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function; and
- 3) shall send the SIP BYE request to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP BYE request the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP BYE request received from the controlling MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and release all media plane resources corresponding to the MCDData communication with the controlling MCDData function; and

- 2) shall release all media plane resources corresponding to the MCDData communication with the terminating MCDData client.

13.2.2.2.4 Controlling MCDData function procedures

13.2.2.2.4.1 Communication release policy for group MCDData communication

The controlling MCDData function shall release the group MCDData communication, if:

- 1) the controlling MCDData function receives an indication from the media plane that the transmission time limit has reached;
- 2) the controlling MCDData function receives an indication from the media plane that the transmission data limit per request has reached;
- 3) there are only one or no participants in the MCDData communication;
- 4) according to a local policy, the initiator of the group call leaves the MCDData communication; or
- 5) the minimum number of affiliated MCDData group members is not present;

NOTE: Not applicable for adhoc group communications.

13.2.2.2.4.2 Communication release policy for one-to-one MCDData communication

The controlling MCDData function shall release the one-to-one MCDData communication if:

- 1) the controlling MCDData function receives an indication from the media plane that the transmission time limit has reached;
- 2) the controlling MCDData function receives an indication from the media plane that the transmission data limit per request has reached; or
- 3) there are only one or no participants in the MCDData communication.

13.2.2.2.4.3 Receiving a SIP BYE request

Upon receiving a SIP BYE request the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall release all media plane resources corresponding to the MCDData communication with the originating participating MCDData function;
- 2) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response and send the SIP response towards the originating MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 3) shall check the communication release policy as specified in clause 13.2.2.2.4.1 and clause 13.2.2.2.4.2 whether the MCDData communication needs to be released for each participant of the MCDData communication; and
- 4) if release of the MCDData communication is required, perform the procedures as specified in the clause 13.2.2.2.4.4.

13.2.2.2.4.4 Sending a SIP BYE request

When a participant needs to be removed from the MCDData communication, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] for the MCDData communication release;
- 2) shall generate a SIP BYE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 3) shall send the SIP BYE request to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

If group MCDData communication needs to be released, the controlling MCDData function shall send SIP BYE requests as described in this clause to all the participants of the communication.

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response to a SIP BYE request, the controlling MCDData function shall release all media plane resources corresponding to the MCDData communication with the terminating participating MCDData function.

13.2.2.3 Release of MCDData communication over HTTP

13.2.2.3.1 General

The procedures described in this clause are applicable to MCDData FD using HTTP where originating MCDData user initiates the communication release. This procedure applicable after file upload happened successfully and originating client sends SDS message towards server.

13.2.2.3.2 MCDData client procedures

13.2.2.3.2.1 MCDData client originating procedures

13.2.2.3.2.1.1 Initiating Release

When MCDData client wants to release MCDData communication either one-to-one FD or group-FD established over HTTP, the MCDData client shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6] with the clarifications given below.

The MCDData client:

- 1) shall build the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in clause 6.2.4.1;
- 2) if terminating one-to-one FD transmission, shall insert in the SIP MESSAGE request:
 - a) an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with the MCDData ID of the recipient of FD transmission in the "uri" attribute of the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body, according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4826 [9]; and
 - b) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with a <request-type> element set to a value of "one-to-one-fd";
- 3) if terminating group FD transmission:
 - a) shall insert in the SIP MESSAGE request an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with:
 - i) the <request-type> element set to a value of "group-fd";
 - ii) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData group identity for which FD transmission happening; and
 - iii) the <mcdata-client-id> element set to the MCDData client ID of the originating MCDData client;
- 4) shall generate a standalone FD message as specified in clause 6.2.2.4; and
- 5) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] towards originating participating function.

13.2.2.3.2.1.2 Receiving Release Response Type from server

Upon receiving SIP MESSAGE from server containing application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body with HTTP TERMINATION MESSAGE and FD signalling payload message identity value set as FD HTTP TERMINATION as described in clause 15.2.2 then

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall send SIP 200 (OK) response towards participating MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 3) if FD HTTP TERMINATION message contains an Application ID or contains an Extended Application ID, shall deliver the FD HTTP TERMINATION message to the application; and

- 4) if Termination information type IE in HTTP TERMINATION MESSAGE is set to "TERMINATION RESPONSE" as specified in clause 15.2.22 and If Release Response Type IE present then:
 - a) set to "RELEASE SUCCESS" as described in clause 15.2.23 the notify user that termination request is successful; or
 - b) set to "RELEASE FAILED" as described in clause 15.2.23 then notify user that termination request failed.

13.2.2.3.2.2 MCDData client terminating procedures

On receipt of a SIP MESSAGE request containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body with a FD NETWORK NOTIFICATION message, the MCDData client shall follow the procedure as described in clause 12.4.4.

13.2.2.3.3 Participating MCDData function procedures

13.2.2.3.3.1 Originating participating MCDData function procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for FD using HTTP for originating participating MCDData function", the participating MCDData function should follow the procedure as describe in clause 10.2.4.3.1.

13.2.2.3.3.2 Terminating participating MCDData function procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for FD using HTTP for terminating participating MCDData function", the participating MCDData function should follow the procedure as describe in clause 10.2.4.3.2.

13.2.2.3.4 Controlling MCDData function procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for FD using HTTP for controlling MCDData function", the controlling MCDData function should follow the procedure as describe in clause 10.2.4.4.2.

13.2.3 MCDData server initiated communication release without prior indication

13.2.3.1 General

Based on local policies and conditions explained in clause 13.2.2.2.4.1 and clause 13.2.2.2.4.2, MCDData server can release an ongoing MCDData communication. Based on the configuration, MCDData server can decide to release the communication without prior notification to MCDData client.

13.2.3.2 Release of MCDData communication over media plane

13.2.3.2.1 General

The procedures described in this clause are applicable to MCDData SDS and MCDData FD using media plane where MCDData server initiates communication release.

13.2.3.2.2 MCDData client procedures

Upon receiving a SIP BYE request from the MCDData server, the MCDData client should follow the procedure described in clause 13.2.2.2.2.2 with following clarification:

- 1) shall notify the MCDData user with reason for release of communication if SIP BYE request contains reason header.

13.2.3.2.3 Participating MCDData function procedures

Upon receiving SIP BYE request from controlling MCDData function, the participating MCDData function should follow the procedure described in clause 13.2.2.2.3.2 with following clarification:

- 1) if reason header is present in the incoming SIP BYE request, shall copy the contents of the reason header field of the incoming SIP BYE request to the reason header field of the outgoing SIP BYE request.

13.2.3.2.4 Controlling MCDData function procedures

Based on communication release policies and configuration, when controlling MCDData function wants to release communication, the controlling MCDData function should follow the procedure as described in clause 13.2.2.2.4.4 with following clarification:

- 1) shall add reason header with reason-text value as appropriate (e.g. data volume limit, time limit expiry).

13.2.3.3 Release of MCDData communication over HTTP

13.2.3.3.1 General

This procedure described in this clause are applicable to MCDData FD using HTTP where MCDData server initiates communication release.

13.2.3.3.2 MCDData client procedures

13.2.3.3.2.1 MCDData client originating procedure

Upon receiving SIP MESSAGE from MCDData server containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall decode the contents of application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body;
- 2) if application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body contains a FD HTTP TERMINATION message as specified in clause 15.1.11 and if the Termination Information Type IE is set to "TRANSMISSION STOPPED", then:
 - a) shall generate a SIP 200 OK response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
 - b) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response towards MCDData server according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 3) shall notify MCDData user about file transmission being stopped by identifying the corresponding file transmission local database based on conversation id, message id and FILE URL received in FD HTTP TERMINATION message, along with reason.

13.2.3.3.2.2 MCDData client terminating procedure

On receipt of a SIP MESSAGE request containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body with a FD NETWORK NOTIFICATION message, the MCDData client shall follow the procedures as described in clause 12.4.4.

13.2.3.3.3 Participating MCDData function procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for FD using HTTP for terminating participating MCDData function", the participating MCDData function shall follow the procedure as described in clause 10.2.4.3.2.

13.2.3.3.4 Controlling MCDData function procedures

Base on communication release policies and configuration, when controlling MCDData function wants to release communication, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall execute procedure as described in clause 12.4.2.1 to delete the file and notify to participants with following clarification:
 - a) shall set FD notification type IE as "FILE DELETED UNAVAILABLE TO DOWNLOAD" as specified in clause 15.2.18; and
- 2) shall generate SIP MESSAGE as described in clause 13.2.1.1 and

- a) shall add reason header with reason-text value as appropriate (e.g. data volume limit, time limit expiry);
- b) shall set Termination information type IE of FD HTTP TERMINATION MESSAGE to "TRANSMISSION STOPPED" as described in clause 15.2.22; and
- c) shall send the SIP MESSAGE to MCDData user who initiated the communication according to according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

13.2.4 MCDData server initiated communication release with prior indication

13.2.4.1 General

Based on local policies and conditions as mentioned in clause 13.2.2.2.4.1 and clause 13.2.2.2.4.2, the MCDData server can release an ongoing MCDData communication.

If configured to, the MCDData server can notify the originating MCDData user about the intent to release communication and may request for more data about the communication it intends to release. The procedures described in this clause are applicable to MCDData SDS and MCDData FD using media plane where the MCDData server initiates the communication release.

13.2.4.2 MCDData client procedures for communication over media plane

13.2.4.2.1 Receiving intent to release the communication

Upon receiving a SIP INFO request within the SIP dialog of a MCDData communication, with the Info-Package header field set to g.3gpp.mcdata-com-release package and containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body associated with the Info-Package, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall decode the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body;
- 2) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body contains a COMMUNICATION RELEASE message as specified in clause 15.1.10, with the Comm release information type IE set to "INTENT TO RELEASE", then:
 - a) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - b) shall send SIP 200 (OK) response towards MCDData server according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
 - c) if an Data query type IE is present and set to "REMAINING AMOUNT OF DATA", then:
 - i) shall generate a DATA PAYLOAD message as described in clause 15.1.4;
 - ii) shall generate a SIP INFO request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 6086 [21];
 - iii) shall include in the SIP INFO request, the DATA PAYLOAD message in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-payload MIME body as specified in clause E.2; and
 - A) shall set a Content-Disposition header field to "Info-Package" value; and
 - iv) shall send the SIP INFO request within the SIP dialog of the MCDData communication, towards the participating MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
 - 3) shall notify MCDData user and present the reason, if the reason header is present in incoming SIP INFO message.

When generating an DATA PAYLOAD message as specified in clause 15.1.4, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall set the Number of payloads IE to 1:
 - a) shall set the Payload content type as "TEXT" as specified in clause 15.2.13; and
 - b) shall include the remaining amount of data in bytes to be sent in the Payload data.

Once the MCDData user is notified about the MCDData server's intent to release the communication, the MCDData user may request for extension of communication as described in clause 13.2.4.2.2.

13.2.4.2.2 Request for extension of communication

Upon receiving a request from MCDData user for extension of the communication as a result of MCDData server's intent to release the communication, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate a SIP INFO request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 6086 [21];
- 2) shall include a Info-Package with header field set to g.3gpp.mcdata-com-release;
- 3) shall include in the SIP INFO request, a COMMUNICATION RELEASE message as specified in clause 15.1.10, in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body as specified in clause E.1; and
 - a) shall set a Content-Disposition header field to "Info-Package" value; and
- 4) shall send the SIP INFO request within the SIP dialog of the MCDData communication, towards the participating MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

When generating an COMMUNICATION RELEASE message as specified in clause 15.1.10, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall set the Comm release information type to "EXTENSION REQUEST".

13.2.4.2.3 Receiving response to communication extension request

Upon receiving a SIP INFO request within the SIP dialog of a MCDData communication, with the Info-Package header field set to g.3gpp.mcdata-com-release package and containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body associated with the Info-Package, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall decode the contents of application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body; and
- 2) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body contains a COMMUNICATION RELEASE message as specified in clause 15.1.10, with the Comm release information type IE set to "EXTENSION RESPONSE", then:
 - a) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - b) shall send SIP 200 (OK) response towards MCDData server according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
 - c) shall notify user about extension response based on Extension Response Type IE.

13.2.4.3 Participating MCDData function procedures for communication over media plane

13.2.4.3.1 Receiving SIP INFO request from the controlling MCDData function

Upon receiving a SIP INFO request with the Info-Package header field set to g.3gpp.mcdata-com-release package, from controlling MCDData function within the SIP dialog of the MCDData communication, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP INFO request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 6086 [21];
- 2) shall copy the contents of the Info-Package header field of the incoming SIP INFO request to the Info-Package header field of the outgoing SIP INFO request;
- 3) shall copy the MIME bodies present in the incoming SIP INFO request to the outgoing SIP INFO request; and
- 4) shall send the SIP INFO request to the MCDData client within the SIP dialog of the MCDData communication according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response from MCDData client to the SIP INFO request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 2) shall send a SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP INFO request received from the controlling MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

13.2.4.3.2 Receiving SIP INFO request from the MCDData client

Upon receiving a SIP INFO request with the Info-Package header field set to g.3gpp.mcdata-com-release package, from MCDData client within the SIP dialog of the MCDData communication, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP INFO request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 6086 [21];
- 2) shall copy the contents of the Info-Package header field of the incoming SIP INFO request to the Info-Package header field of the outgoing SIP INFO request;
- 3) shall copy the MIME bodies present in the incoming SIP INFO request to the outgoing SIP INFO request; and
- 4) shall send the SIP INFO request to the controlling MCDData function, within the SIP dialog of the MCDData communication, according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response from controlling MCDData function to the SIP INFO request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 2) shall send a SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP INFO request received from the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

13.2.4.4 Controlling MCDData function procedures for communication over media plane

13.2.4.4.1 Sending intent to release a communication

To send an intent to release a MCDData communication, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP INFO request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 6086 [21];
- 2) shall include the Info-Package header field set to g.3gpp.mcdata-com-release;
- 3) shall include in the SIP INFO request, a COMMUNICATION RELEASE message in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body as specified in clause E.1:
 - a) shall set a Content-Disposition header field to "Info-Package" value;
- 4) may add reason header with reason-text value as appropriate (e.g. data volume limit, time limit expiry); and
- 5) shall send a SIP request towards participating MCDData function within the SIP dialog of the MCDData communication, according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

When generating a COMMUNICATION RELEASE message, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a COMMUNICATION RELEASE message as defined in clause 15.1.10. In the COMMUNICATION RELEASE message, the controlling MCDData function:
 - a) shall set Comm Release Information type IE to "INTENT TO RELEASE"; and
 - b) if requesting for more information, shall include and set Data query type IE to the "REMAINING AMOUNT OF DATA".

Upon receiving SIP 200 OK, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall start Timer TDC3 (request for extension).

If timer TDC3 (request for extension) expires before controlling MCDData function receives a request for extension of communication from the MCDData client, the controlling MCDData function shall release MCDData communication as described in clause 13.2.2.2.4.4.

13.2.4.4.2 Receiving more information

Upon receiving a SIP INFO request within the SIP dialog of a MCDData communication, with the Info-Package header field set to g.3gpp.mcdata-com-release package and containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-payload MIME body associated with the Info-Package, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall decode the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-payload MIME body; and
- 2) shall identify the number of Payload IEs in the DATA PAYLOAD message from the Number of payloads IE in the DATA PAYLOAD message:
 - a) For each Payload IE:
 - i) shall store the contents of the Payload IE as remaining data information associated with ongoing MCDData communication;

13.2.4.4.3 Receiving request for extension of communication

Upon receiving a SIP INFO request within the SIP dialog of a MCDData communication, with the Info-Package header field set to g.3gpp.mcdata-com-release package and containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body associated with the Info-Package, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall decode the contents of application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body; and
- 2) if application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body contains COMMUNICATION RELEASE message with the comm release information type IE set to "EXTENSION REQUEST", the controlling MCDData function:
 - a) shall stop the timer TDC3 (request for extension);
 - b) shall generate SIP 200 (OK) response and send it towards participating MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
 - c) shall send response to communication extension request as described in clause 13.2.4.4.4.

13.2.4.4.4 Sending response to communication extension request

To send a response to communication extension request from MCDData client, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP INFO request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 6086 [21];
- 2) shall include the Info-Package header field set to g.3gpp.mcdata-com-release;
- 3) shall include in the SIP INFO request, a COMMUNICATION RELEASE message in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body as specified in clause E.1; and
 - a) Shall set a Content-Disposition header field to "Info-Package" value; and
- 4) shall send a SIP request towards participating MCDData function within the SIP dialog of the MCDData communication, according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

When generating a COMMUNICATION RELEASE message, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) Shall generate a COMMUNICATION RELEASE message as defined in clause 15.1.10. In the COMMUNICATION RELEASE message, the controlling MCDData function:
 - a) Shall set Comm Release Information type IE to "EXTENSION RESPONSE"; and
 - b) shall assert the local policy along with already stored remaining data information associated with the MCDData communication:
 - i) If controlling MCDData function decides to accept the request for extension, shall set extension request type information element to "ACCEPTED"; or
 - ii) If controlling MCDData function, decides to reject the request for extension, shall set extension request type information element to "REJECTED";

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response,

- 1) shall release the MCDData communication as described in clause 13.2.2.2.4.4, if controlling MCDData function, decides to reject the request for extension.

13.2.4.5 Release of MCDData communication over HTTP

13.2.4.5.1 General

Based on communication release policies and configuration, the MCDData server can release an ongoing MCDData communication.

If configured, the MCDData server can notify the originating MCDData user about the intent to release communication and may request for more data about the communication it intends to release. The procedures described in this clause are applicable to MCDData FD using HTTP where the MCDData server initiates the communication release.

13.2.4.5.2 MCDData client procedures

13.2.4.5.2.1 Receiving intent to release the communication

Upon receiving a SIP MESSAGE request containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body; the MCDData client:

- 1) shall decode the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body;
- 2) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body contains a FD HTTP TERMINATION message as specified in clause 15.1.11, with the Termination information type IE set to "INTENT TO RELEASE COMM OVER HTTP" then:
 - a) shall identify file transmission request with Conversation ID, Message ID, and FILE URL in FD HTTP TERMINATION message, if identified any transmission:
 - i) shall generate SIP 200 (OK) according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - ii) shall send SIP 200 (OK) response towards MCDData server according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - iii) shall store the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function from <mcdata-controller-psi> element of application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body; and
 - iv) shall notify MCDData user and present the reason; if the reason header is present in SIP MESSAGE.

Once the MCDData user is notified about the MCDData server's intent to release the communication, the MCDData user may request for extension of communication as described in clause 13.2.4.5.2.2

13.2.4.5.2.2 Request for extension of communication

Upon receiving a request from MCDData user for extension of the communication as a result of MCDData server's intent to release the communication, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate SIP MESSAGE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall generate a standalone FD message as specified in clause 6.2.2.4 with following clarifications:
 - a) shall set Termination information type IE to "EXTENSION REQUEST FOR COMM OVER HTTP";
- 3) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body:
 - a) shall set <mcdata-controller-psi> element to the store public service identity of controlling MCDData function; and
- 4) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] towards originating participating function.

13.2.4.5.2.3 Receiving response to communication extension request

Upon receiving a SIP MESSAGE request from MCDData server containing application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall decode the contents of application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body; and
- 2) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body contains a FD HTTP TERMINATION message as specified in clause 15.1.11, with the Termination information type IE set to "EXTENSION RESPONSE FOR COMM OVER HTTP", then:
 - a) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - b) shall send SIP 200 (OK) response towards MCDData server according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 3) shall notify user about extension response based on Extension response type IE.

13.2.4.5.3 Participating MCDData function procedures

13.2.4.5.3.1 Originating participating MCDData function procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for FD using HTTP for originating participating MCDData function", the participating MCDData function shall follow the procedure described in clause 10.2.4.3.1.

13.2.4.5.3.2 Terminating participating MCDData function procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE network notification for FD using HTTP for terminating participating MCDData function", the participating MCDData function shall follow the procedure described in clause 10.2.4.3.2

13.2.4.5.4 Controlling MCDData function procedures

13.2.4.5.4.1 Sending intent to release a communication

To send an intent to release a MCDData communication, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE as described in clause 13.2.1.1;
- 2) shall include <mcdata-controller-psi> element in application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with public service identity of controlling function;
- 3) shall set Termination information type IE in FD HTTP TERMINATION of application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body to "INTENT TO RELEASE COMM OVER HTTP";
- 4) may add reason header with reason-text value as appropriate (e.g. data volume limit, time limit expiry); and
- 5) shall send a SIP request towards participating MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving SIP 200 OK, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall start Timer TDC3 (request for extension).

If timer TDC3 (request for extension) expires before controlling MCDData function receives a request for extension of communication from the MCDData client, the controlling MCDData function shall release MCDData communication as described in clause 13.2.3.3.4.

13.2.4.5.4.2 Receiving request for extension of communication

Upon receiving a SIP MESSAGE request, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall decode the contents of application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body; and
- 2) if application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body contains FD HTTP TERMINATION message with the Termination information type IE set to "EXTENSION REQUEST FOR COMM OVER HTTP", the controlling MCDData function:

- a) shall stop the timer TDC3 (request for extension) for file transmission identified by Conversation ID and Message ID and FILE URL;
 - b) shall generate SIP 200 (OK) response and send it towards participating MCDATA function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 3) shall send response to communication extension request as described in clause 13.2.4.5.4.3.

13.2.4.5.4.3 Sending response to communication extension request

To send a response to communication extension request from MCDATA client, the controlling MCDATA function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE as described in clause 13.2.1.1;
- 2) shall set Termination information type IE in FD HTTP TERMINATION of application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body to "EXTENSION RESPONSE FOR COMM OVER HTTP";
- 3) shall assert the local policy associated with the MCDATA communication:
 - a) If controlling MCDATA function decides to accept the request for extension, shall set Extension response type IE to "ACCEPTED"; or
 - b) If controlling MCDATA function, decides to reject the request for extension, shall set Extension response type IE to "REJECTED"; and
- 4) shall send SIP MESSAGE towards participating MCDATA function according 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];

Upon receiving 200 OK response:

- 1) shall release the MCDATA communication as described in clause 13.2.3.3.4; if controlling MCDATA function decides to reject the request for extension.

13.2.5 Authorized MCDATA user initiated communication release without prior indication

13.2.5.1 General

An authorized MCDATA user at any point of time during an ongoing MCDATA communication decides to release communication. An authorized MCDATA user should be part of the ongoing MCDATA communication. The procedure in this clause describes the case where an authorized MCDATA user decides to release the communication without providing prior indication to originator MCDATA user.

13.2.5.2 Release of MCDATA communication over media plane

13.2.5.2.1 General

The procedures described in this clause are applicable to MCDATA SDS and MCDATA FD established using media plane.

13.2.5.2.2 Authorized MCDATA client procedures

13.2.5.2.2.1 Sending communication release request

Upon receiving request from an authorized MCDATA user to release the communication without prior indication to originating MCDATA user, the MCDATA client:

- 1) shall generate a SIP INFO request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 6086 [21];
- 2) shall include the Info-Package header field set to g.3gpp.mcdata-com-release;
- 3) shall include in the SIP INFO request, a COMMUNICATION RELEASE message in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body as specified in clause E.1:

- a) shall set a Content-Disposition header field to "Info-Package" value;
- 4) shall insert in the SIP INFO request an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with
 - a) the <mcdata-client-id> element set to the MCDData client ID of the authorized MCDData client;
- 5) may add reason header with reason-text value as appropriate; and
- 6) shall send a SIP request towards participating MCDData function within the SIP dialog of the MCDData communication, according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

When generating a COMMUNICATION RELEASE message, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate a COMMUNICATION RELEASE message as defined in clause 15.1.10. In the COMMUNICATION RELEASE message, the MCDData client:
 - a) shall set Comm Release Information type IE to "AUTH USER RELEASE REQ".

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response from participating MCDData function to the SIP INFO request, the MCDData client should inform the authorized MCDData user about acceptance of communication release request by MCDData server.

Upon receiving a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response from participating MCDData function to the SIP INFO request, the MCDData client should inform the authorized MCDData user about rejection of communication release request by MCDData server.

13.2.5.2.3 Participating MCDData function procedures

13.2.5.2.3.1 Receiving SIP INFO request from the authorized MCDData client

Upon receiving a SIP INFO request with the Info-Package header field set to g.3gpp.mcdata-com-release package, from MCDData client within the SIP dialog of the MCDData communication, the participating MCDData function should follow the procedure described in clause 13.2.4.3.2.

Upon receiving a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response from controlling MCDData function to the SIP INFO request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 2) shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP INFO request received from the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

13.2.5.2.4 Controlling MCDData function procedures

13.2.5.2.4.1 Receiving request to release the communication from authorized MCDData user

Upon receiving a SIP INFO request within the SIP dialog of a MCDData communication, with the Info-Package header field set to g.3gpp.mcdata-com-release package and containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body associated with the Info-Package, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall decode the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body;
- 2) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body contains a COMMUNICATION RELEASE message as specified in clause 15.1.10, with the Comm release information type IE set to "AUTH USER RELEASE REQ", then:
 - a) shall validate whether MCDData user from which communication release request is received is authorized or not based on configuration;
- 3) if MCDData user validation is not successful,
 - a) shall generate a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - b) shall send SIP 403 (Forbidden) response towards participating MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];

- c) shall skip further steps;
- 4) if MCDData user validation is successful,
 - a) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - b) shall send SIP 200 (OK) response towards MCDData server according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 5) shall follow the procedure as described in clause 13.2.3.2.4 to terminate the ongoing communication;

13.2.5.3 Release of MCDData communication over HTTP

13.2.5.3.1 General

The procedures described in this clause are applicable to MCDData FD over HTTP.

13.2.5.3.2 Authorized MCDData client procedures

13.2.5.3.2.1 Sending communication release request

Upon receiving request from an authorized MCDData user to release the communication without prior indication to originating MCDData user, the MCDData client

- 1) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE as specified in clause 13.2.1.2, then:
 - a) shall set the Termination information type IE if FD HTTP TERMINATION message to "AUTH USER TERMINATION REQUEST FOR COMM OVER HTTP" as specified in clause 15.2.22;
- 2) shall add application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in SIP MESSAGE with:
 - a) shall set <mcdata-controller-psi> element to the value received in incoming SIP MESSAGE; and
 - b) shall add <mcdata-client-id> element set to the MCDData client ID of the authorized MCDData client;
- 3) may add reason header with reason-text value as appropriate; and
- 4) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] towards originating participating function.

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response from participating MCDData function to the SIP MESSAGE request, the MCDData client should inform the authorized MCDData user about acceptance of communication release request by MCDData server.

Upon receiving a SIP 403 (Forbidden) or SIP 404 (Not found) response from participating MCDData function to the SIP MESSAGE request, the MCDData client should inform the authorized MCDData user about rejection of communication release request by MCDData server.

13.2.5.3.2.2 Receiving Release Response Type from server

Upon receiving SIP MESSAGE from server containing application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body with HTTP TERMINATION MESSAGE and FD signalling payload message identity value set as FD HTTP TERMINATION as described in clause 15.2.2, the authorized MCDData client shall follow the procedure as described in clause 13.2.2.3.2.1.2.

13.2.5.3.3 Participating MCDData function procedures

13.2.5.3.3.1 Originating participating MCDData function procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for FD using HTTP for originating participating MCDData function", the participating MCDData function shall follow the procedure as described in clause 10.2.4.3.1.

13.2.5.3.3.2 Terminating participating MCDData function procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE network notification for FD using HTTP for terminating participating MCDData function", the participating MCDData function shall follow the procedure as described in clause 10.2.4.3.2.

13.2.5.3.4 Controlling MCDData function procedures

13.2.5.3.4.1 Receiving request to release the communication from authorized MCDData user

Upon receiving a SIP MESSAGE request and containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall decode the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body;
- 2) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body contains FD HTTP TERMINATION message as specified in clause 15.1.11 then:
 - a) if Termination information type IE set to "AUTH USER TERMINATION REQUEST FOR COMM OVER HTTP", then:
 - i) shall validate whether MCDData user identified in <mcdata-calling-userid> element of application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml, is authorized or not based on configuration;
 - b) if MCDData user validation is not successful:
 - i) shall generate a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - ii) shall send SIP 403 (Forbidden) response towards participating MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
 - iii) shall skip further steps;
 - c) if MCDData user validation is successful:
 - i) if not able to identify file transmission using the Conversation ID, Message ID and file URL, shall send SIP 404 (Not Found) with reason with warning text set to "224 No transmission available" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
 - ii) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
 - ii) shall send SIP 200 (OK) response towards MCDData server according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
 - d) shall follow the procedure as described in clause 13.2.3.3.4 to terminate the ongoing communication.

The controlling MCDData function should follow procedure as described in clause 6.3.6.1 to generate response to the authorized user initiated request for release of MCDData communication with following clarifications:

- 1) shall set Release response type IE to:
 - a) "RELEASE SUCCESS" if communication release request is successful; or
 - b) "RELEASE FAILED" if communication release request is not successful; and
- 2) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request towards the authorized MCDData client as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

13.2.6 Authorized MCDData user initiated communication release with prior indication

13.2.6.1 General

An authorized MCDData user at any point of time during an ongoing MCDData communication decides to release communication. An authorized MCDData user should be part of the ongoing MCDData communication. The procedure in this clause describes the case where an authorized MCDData user decides to release the communication with providing prior indication to originator MCDData user.

13.2.6.2 Release of MCDData communication over media plane

13.2.6.2.1 General

The procedures described in this clause are applicable to MCDData SDS and MCDData FD established using media plane.

13.2.6.2.2 Authorized MCDData client procedures

13.2.6.2.2.1 Sending intent to release a communication

Upon receiving request from an authorized MCDData user to release the communication without prior indication to originating MCDData user, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate a SIP INFO request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 6086 [21];
- 2) shall include the Info-Package header field set to g.3gpp.mcdata-com-release;
- 3) shall include in the SIP INFO request, a COMMUNICATION RELEASE message in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body as specified in clause E.1:
 - a) shall set a Content-Disposition header field to "Info-Package" value;
- 4) shall insert in the SIP INFO request an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with:
 - a) the <mcdata-client-id> element set to the MCDData client ID of the authorized MCDData client;
- 5) may add reason header with reason-text value as appropriate; and
- 6) shall send a SIP request towards participating MCDData function within the SIP dialog of the MCDData communication, according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

When generating a COMMUNICATION RELEASE message, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate a COMMUNICATION RELEASE message as defined in clause 15.1.10. In the COMMUNICATION RELEASE message, the MCDData client:
 - a) shall set Comm Release Information type IE to "INTENT TO RELEASE"; and
 - b) if requesting for more information, shall include and set Data query type IE to the "REMAINING AMOUNT OF DATA".

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response from participating MCDData function to the SIP INFO request, the MCDData client should inform the authorized MCDData user about acceptance of communication release request by MCDData server.

Upon receiving a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response from participating MCDData function to the SIP INFO request, the MCDData client should inform the authorized MCDData user about rejection of communication release request by MCDData server.

13.2.6.2.2.2 Receiving more information

Upon receiving a SIP INFO request within the SIP dialog of a MCDData communication, with the Info-Package header field set to g.3gpp.mcdata-com-release package and containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-payload MIME body associated with the Info-Package, the authorized MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall send SIP 200 (OK) response towards participating MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 3) shall decode the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-payload MIME body; and
- 4) shall identify the number of Payload IEs in the DATA PAYLOAD message:
 - a) for each Payload IE:

- i) shall store the contents of the Payload IE as remaining data information associated with ongoing MCDData communication.

13.2.6.2.2.3 Receiving request for extension of communication

Upon receiving a SIP INFO request within the SIP dialog of a MCDData communication, with the Info-Package header field set to g.3gpp.mcdata-com-release package and containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body associated with the Info-Package, the authorized MCDData client:

- 1) shall decode the contents of application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body; and
- 2) if application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body contains COMMUNICATION RELEASE message with the comm release information type IE set to "EXTENSION REQUEST", the MCDData client:
 - a) shall generate SIP 200 (OK) response and send it towards participating MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
 - b) shall notify authorized MCDData user about extension request and also present more information received previously to authorized MCDData user; and
- 3) based on authorized MCDData user's response, shall send response to communication extension request as described in clause 13.2.6.2.4.

13.2.6.2.2.4 Sending response to communication extension request

To send a response to communication extension request from originator MCDData client, the authorized MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate a SIP INFO request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 6086 [21];
- 2) shall include the Info-Package header field set to g.3gpp.mcdata-com-release;
- 3) shall include in the SIP INFO request, a COMMUNICATION RELEASE message in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body as specified in clause E.1;
 - a) Shall set a Content-Disposition header field to "Info-Package" value; and
- 4) shall send a SIP request towards participating MCDData function within the SIP dialog of the MCDData communication, according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

When generating a COMMUNICATION RELEASE message, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate a COMMUNICATION RELEASE message as defined in clause 15.1.10. In the COMMUNICATION RELEASE message, the MCDData client:
 - a) shall set Comm Release Information type IE to "EXTENSION RESPONSE"; and
 - b) shall set extension request type information element as follows:
 - i) if authorized MCDData user decides to accept the request for extension, shall set extension request type information element to "ACCEPTED"; or
 - ii) if authorized MCDData user decides to reject the request for extension, shall set extension request type information element to "REJECTED".

13.2.6.2.3 Participating MCDData function procedures

13.2.6.2.3.1 Receiving SIP INFO request from the authorized MCDData client

Upon receiving a SIP INFO request with the Info-Package header field set to g.3gpp.mcdata-com-release package, from MCDData client within the SIP dialog of the MCDData communication, the participating MCDData function should follow the procedure described in clause 13.2.4.3.2.

Upon receiving a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response from controlling MCDData function to the SIP INFO request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 2) shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP INFO request received from the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

13.2.6.2.3.2 Receiving SIP INFO request from the controlling MCDData function

Upon receiving a SIP INFO request with the Info-Package header field set to g.3gpp.mcdata-com-release package, from controlling MCDData function within the SIP dialog of the MCDData communication, the participating MCDData function shall follow the procedure described in clause 13.2.4.3.1.

13.2.6.2.4 Controlling MCDData function procedures

13.2.6.2.4.1 Receiving request to release the communication from authorized MCDData user

Upon receiving a SIP INFO request within the SIP dialog of a MCDData communication, with the Info-Package header field set to g.3gpp.mcdata-com-release package and containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body associated with the Info-Package, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall decode the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body;
- 2) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body contains a COMMUNICATION RELEASE message as specified in clause 15.1.10, with the Comm release information type IE set to AUTH USER RELEASE REQ, then:
 - a) shall validate whether MCDData user, from which communication release request is received, is authorized or not based on configuration;
- 3) if MCDData user is not authorized to release the MCDData communication,
 - a) shall generate a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - b) shall send SIP 403 (Forbidden) response towards participating MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
 - c) shall skip further steps;
- 4) if MCDData user is authorized to release the MCDData communication,
 - a) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
 - b) shall send SIP 200 (OK) response towards participating MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 5) shall follow the procedure as described in clause 13.2.4.4.1 with following clarifications;
 - a) shall copy reason header from SIP INFO message received from participant MCDData function.

The controlling MCDData function should store the information related to initiator of MCDData communication release process.

13.2.6.2.4.2 Receiving more information

Upon receiving a SIP INFO request within the SIP dialog of a MCDData communication, with the Info-Package header field set to g.3gpp.mcdata-com-release package and containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-payload MIME body associated with the Info-Package, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall send SIP 200 (OK) response towards participating MCDData server according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

If controlling MCDData function is not the initiator of the MCDData communication release process, the controlling MCDData function should send more information received in SIP INFO message to authorized MCDData user who is the initiator of the MCDData communication release process. The controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP INFO request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 6086 [21];
- 2) shall generate a DATA PAYLOAD message as described in clause 15.1.4;
- 3) shall include in the SIP INFO request, the DATA PAYLOAD message in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-payload MIME body as specified in clause E.2;
 - a) shall set a Content-Disposition header field to "Info-Package" value;
- 4) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP INVITE request:
 - a) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData ID of the authorized MCDData user; and
- 5) shall send the SIP INFO request within the SIP dialog of the MCDData communication, towards the participating MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

When generating an DATA PAYLOAD message as specified in clause 15.1.4, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall set the Number of payloads IE to the same number which it received in SIP INFO message from participating function:
 - a) shall copy every payload IE from SIP INFO message received from participating function.

13.2.6.2.4.3 Receiving request for extension of communication

Upon receiving a SIP INFO request within the SIP dialog of a MCDData communication, with the Info-Package header field set to g.3gpp.mcdata-com-release package and containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body associated with the Info-Package, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 2) shall send SIP 200 (OK) response towards participating MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

If controlling MCDData function is not the initiator of the MCDData communication release process, the controlling MCDData function should send request for extension of communication received in SIP INFO message to authorized MCDData user who is the initiator of the MCDData communication release process. The controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP INFO request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 6086 [21];
- 2) shall include a Info-Package with header field set to g.3gpp.mcdata-com-release;
- 3) shall include in the SIP INFO request, a COMMUNICATION RELEASE message as specified in clause 15.1.10, in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body as specified in clause E.1; and
 - a) shall set a Content-Disposition header field to "Info-Package" value;
- 4) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP INVITE request:
 - a) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData ID of the authorized MCDData user;
- 5) shall send the SIP INFO request within the SIP dialog of the MCDData communication, towards the participating MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

When generating an COMMUNICATION RELEASE message as specified in clause 15.1.10, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall set the Comm release information type to "EXTENSION REQUEST".

13.2.6.2.4.4 Receiving response to communication extension request

Upon receiving a SIP INFO request within the SIP dialog of a MCDData communication, with the Info-Package header field set to g.3gpp.mcdata-com-release package and containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body associated with the Info-Package, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall decode the contents of application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body; and

- 2) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body contains a COMMUNICATION RELEASE message as specified in clause 15.1.10, with the Comm release information type IE set to "EXTENSION RESPONSE", then:
 - a) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
 - b) shall send SIP 200 (OK) response towards participating MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

If controlling MCDData function is not the initiator of the MCDData communication release process, the controlling MCDData function should send response to request for extension of communication received in SIP INFO message to originator MCDData user. The controlling MCDData function should follow procedure described in clause 13.2.4.4.4 with following clarification:

- 1) while generating a COMMUNICATION RELEASE message;
 - a) shall copy the extension request type information element from SIP INFO message received from authorized MCDData client.

After sending response to originator MCDData user, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall release the MCDData communication as described in clause 13.2.2.2.4.4, if authorized MCDData user has rejected the request for extension.

13.2.6.3 Release of MCDData communication over HTTP

13.2.6.3.1 General

The procedures described in this clause are applicable to MCDData FD over HTTP.

13.2.6.3.2 Authorized MCDData client procedures

13.2.6.3.2.1 Sending intent to release a communication

Upon receiving request from an authorized MCDData user to release the communication without prior indication to originating MCDData user, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE as specified in clause 13.2.1.2, then:
 - a) shall set the Termination information type IE of FD HTTP TERMINATION message to "INTENT TO RELEASE COMM OVER HTTP";
- 2) shall add application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in SIP MESSAGE with:
 - a) shall set <mcdata-controller-psi> element to the value received in incoming SIP MESSAGE; and
 - b) shall add <mcdata-client-id> element set to the MCDData client ID of the authorized MCDData client;
- 3) may add reason header with reason-text value as appropriate; and
- 4) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] towards originating participating function.

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response from participating MCDData function to the SIP MESSAGE request, the MCDData client should inform the authorized MCDData user about acceptance of communication release request by MCDData server.

Upon receiving a SIP 403 (Forbidden) or SIP 404 (Not found) response from participating MCDData function to the SIP MESSAGE request, the MCDData client should inform the authorized MCDData user about rejection of communication release request by MCDData server.

13.2.6.3.2.2 Receiving request for extension of communication

Upon receiving a SIP MESSAGE containing application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body then MCDData client:

- 1) shall decode contents of application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling;
- 2) if application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body contains FD HTTP TERMINATION message with the Termination information type IE set to "EXTENSION REQUEST FOR COMM OVER HTTP", the authorized MCDData client:
 - a) shall generate SIP 200 (OK) response and send it towards participating MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
 - b) shall notify authorized MCDData user about extension request to authorized MCDData user; and
- 3) based on authorized MCDData user's response, shall send response to communication extension request as described in clause 13.2.6.3.2.3.

13.2.6.3.2.3 Sending response to communication extension request

To send a response to communication extension request from originator MCDData client, the authorized MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE as specified in clause 13.2.1.2, then:
 - a) shall set the Termination information type IE if FD HTTP TERMINATION message to "EXTENSION RESPONSE FOR COMM OVER HTTP";
 - b) shall set Extension response type IE as follows:
 - i) if authorized MCDData user decides to accept the request for extension, shall set to "ACCEPTED"; or
 - ii) if authorized MCDData user decides to reject the request for extension, shall set to "REJECTED";
- 2) shall add application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in SIP MESSAGE with:
 - a) shall set <mcdata-controller-psi> element to the value received in incoming SIP MESSAGE of FD transmission message; and
 - b) shall add <mcdata-client-id> element set to the MCDData client ID of the authorized MCDData client;
- 3) may add reason header with reason-text value as appropriate; and
- 4) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] towards originating participating function.

13.2.6.3.2.4 Receiving Release Response from server

Upon receiving SIP MESSAGE from server containing application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body with HTTP TERMINATION MESSAGE and FD signalling payload message identity value set as FD HTTP TERMINATION as described in clause 15.2.2, the authorized MCDData client shall follow the procedure as described in clause 13.2.2.3.2.1.2.

13.2.6.3.3 Participating MCDData function procedures

13.2.6.3.3.1 Originating participating MCDData function procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for FD using HTTP for originating participating MCDData function", the originating participating MCDData function shall follow the procedure as described in clause 10.2.4.3.1.

13.2.6.3.3.2 Terminating participating MCDData function procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE network notification for FD using HTTP for terminating participating MCDData function", the terminating participating MCDData function shall follow the procedure as described in clause 10.2.4.3.2.

13.2.6.3.4 Controlling MCDData function procedures

13.2.6.3.4.1 Receiving request to release the communication from authorized MCDData user

Upon receiving SIP MESSAGE from authorized MCDData client containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body; the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall decode the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body;
- 2) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body contains a FD HTTP TERMINATION message as specified in clause 15.1.11, with the Termination information type IE set to "INTENT TO RELEASE FOR COMM OVER HTTP", then:
 - a) shall get authorized MCDData user identity from <mcdata-calling-userid> element of application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body and validate whether authorized MCDData user, from which communication release request is received, is authorized or not based on configuration;
- 3) if MCDData user is not authorized to release the MCDData communication,
 - a) shall generate a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - b) shall send SIP 403 (Forbidden) response towards participating MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
 - c) shall skip further steps;
- 4) if MCDData user is authorized to release the MCDData communication:
 - a) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
 - b) shall send SIP 200 (OK) response towards participating MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 5) shall follow the procedure as described in clause 13.2.4.5.3.1 with following clarifications;
 - a) shall copy reason header from SIP MESSAGE received from participant MCDData function.

The controlling MCDData function should store the information related to initiator of MCDData communication release process.

13.2.6.3.4.2 Receiving request for extension of communication

Upon receiving SIP MESSAGE containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body, the Controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall decode the contents of application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body; and
- 2) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body contains a COMMUNICATION RELEASE message as specified in clause 15.1.10, with the Comm release information type IE set to "EXTENSION REQUEST FOR COMM OVER HTTP", then:
 - a) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
 - b) shall send SIP 200 (OK) response towards participating MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

If controlling MCDData function is not the initiator of the MCDData communication release process, the controlling MCDData function should send request for extension of communication received in SIP MESSAGE to authorized MCDData user who is the initiator of the MCDData communication release process. The controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate SIP MESSAGE as described in clause 13.2.1.1;
- 2) shall include application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, then:
 - a) shall set <mcdata-request-uri> element to authorized user MCDData id;

- 3) shall set Termination information type IE of FD HTTP TERMINATION message to "EXTENSION REQUEST FOR COMM OVER HTTP" as specified in clause 15.2.22; and
- 4) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] towards participating function.

13.2.6.3.4.3 Receiving response to communication extension request

Upon receiving a SIP MESSAGE containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall decode the contents of application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body; and
- 2) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body contains a FD HTTP TERMINATION message as specified in clause 15.1.11, with the Termination information type IE set to "EXTENSION RESPONSE FOR COMM OVER HTTP", then:
 - a) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
 - b) shall send SIP 200 (OK) response towards participating MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

If controlling MCDData function is not the initiator of the MCDData communication release process, the controlling MCDData function should send response to request for extension of communication received in SIP MESSAGE to originator MCDData user. The controlling MCDData function should follow procedure described in clause 13.2.4.2.3.2 with following clarification:

- 1) while generating a FD HTTP TERMINATION message;
 - a) shall copy the Extension response type information element from SIP MESSAGE received from authorized MCDData client.

After sending response to originator MCDData user, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall release the MCDData communication as described in clause 13.2.3.3.4, if authorized MCDData user has rejected the request for extension.

The controlling MCDData function should follow procedure as described in clause 6.3.6.1 to generate response to the authorized user initiated request for release of MCDData communication with following clarifications:

- 1) shall set Release response type IE to:
 - a) "RELEASE SUCCESS" if communication release request is successful; or
 - b) "RELEASE FAILED" if communication release request is not successful.
- 2) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request towards the authorized MCDData client as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

14 Enhanced Status (ES)

14.1 General

14.2 On-network ES

14.2.1 MCDData client procedures

14.2.1.1 MCDData client originating procedures

Upon receiving a request from the MCDData user to send an enhanced status to an MCDData group and the <mcddata-allow-enhanced-status> element under the <list-service> element as defined in 3GPP TS 24.481 [11] is set to "true", the MCDData client:

- 1) shall use the "id" attribute of the MCDData user selected operation value from <mcddata-enhanced-status-operational-values> element under <list-service> element as defined in 3GPP TS 24.481 [11], to generate a group standalone SDS message by following the procedure described in clause 9.2.2.2.1.

14.2.1.2 MCDData client terminating procedures

Upon receiving a "SIP MESSAGE request for standalone SDS for terminating MCDData client", the MCDData client:

- 1) shall follow the procedure defined in clause 9.2.2.2.2;
- 2) shall match the received value with an "id" attribute of the operational values from the <mcddata-enhanced-status-operational-values> element of the MCDData group document as defined in 3GPP TS 24.481 [11]; and
- 3) if a match is found, shall render the operational value as enhanced status to the MCDData user. Otherwise shall discard the received message.

14.2.2 Participating MCDData function procedures

14.2.2.1 Originating participating MCDData function procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for standalone SDS for originating participating MCDData function", the participating MCDData function should follow the procedure described in clause 9.2.2.3.1.

14.2.2.2 Terminating participating MCDData function procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for standalone SDS for terminating participating MCDData function", the participating MCDData function should follow the procedure described in clause 9.2.2.3.2.

14.2.3 Controlling MCDData function procedures

14.2.3.1 Originating controlling MCDData function procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for standalone SDS for controlling MCDData function", the controlling MCDData function should follow the procedure described in clause 9.2.2.4.1.1.

14.2.3.2 Terminating controlling MCDData function procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for standalone SDS for controlling MCDData function", the controlling MCDData function should follow the procedure described in clause 9.2.2.4.2.

14.3 Off-network ES

14.3.1 Sending enhanced status message

Upon receiving request from MCDData user to share enhanced for selected group:

- 1) if the value of "`/<x>/<x>/Common/MCDData/AllowedEnhSvc`" leaf node present in the group configuration as specified in 3GPP TS 24.483 [4] is set to "true" for the MCDData group, the MCDData client:
 - a) shall use "`/<x>/<x>/Common/MCDData/EnhSvcOpValues/<x>/EnhSvcOpID`" leaf node associated with user selected enhanced status operation value present in the group configuration as specified in 3GPP TS 24.483 [2] to generate a group standalone SDS message by following the procedure described in clause 9.3.2.2.

14.3.2 Receiving enhanced status message

Upon receipt of a SDS OFF-NETWORK MESSAGE message, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall follow the procedure defined in clause 9.3.2.4;
- 2) shall attempt to match the received value with a "`/<x>/<x>/Common/MCDData/EnhSvcOpValues/<x>/EnhSvcOpID`" leaf node present in the group configuration as specified in 3GPP TS 24.483 [2]; and
- 3) if a match is found, shall render the associated operational value from "`/<x>/<x>/Common/MCDData/EnhSvcOpValues/<x>/EnhSvcOpValue`" leaf node as enhanced status to the MCDData user.

15 Message Formats

15.1 MCDData message functional definitions and contents

15.1.1 General

The following clauses describe the MCDData message functional definitions and contents. Each message consist of a series of information elements. The standard format of an MCDData message and the encoding rules for each type of information element follow that defined for the MCPTT Off-Network Protocol (MONP) as documented in Annex I of 3GPP TS 24.379 [10]. The associated MIME types and related considerations are documented in Annex E of the present document.

For off-network transport, the MONP MCDData messages are transported in a MONP MCDATA CARRIER message defined in TS 24.379 [10].

15.1.2 SDS SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message

15.1.2.1 Message definition

This message is sent by the UE to other UEs when sending an SDS data payload. This message provides the signalling content related to the SDS data payload. For the contents of the message see Table 15.1.2.1-1.

Message type: SDS SIGNALLING PAYLOAD

Direction: UE to other UEs (can be via network)

Table 15.1.2.1-1: SDS SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message content

IEI	Information Element	Type/Reference	Presence	Format	Length
	SDS signalling payload message identity	Message type 15.2.2	M	V	1
	Date and time	Date and time 15.2.8	M	V	5
	Conversation ID	Conversation ID 15.2.9	M	V	16
	Message ID	Message ID 15.2.10	M	V	16
21	InReplyTo message ID	InReplyTo message ID 15.2.11	O	TV	17
22	Application ID	Application ID 15.2.7	O	TV	2
8-	SDS disposition request type	SDS disposition request type 15.2.3	O	TV	1
7D	Extended application ID	Extended application ID 15.2.24	O	TLV-E	4-x
7E	User location	User location 15.2.25	O	TLV-E	4-x
51	Sender MCDATA user ID	MCDATA user ID 15.2.15	O	TLV-E	4-x
53	Application metadata container	Application metadata container 15.2.28	O	TLV-E	4-x

15.1.3 FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message

15.1.3.1 Message definition

This message is sent by the UE to other UEs when sending an FD data payload. This message provides the signalling content related to the FD data payload. For the contents of the message see Table 15.1.3.1-1.

Message type: FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD

Direction: UE to other UEs (via the network)

Table 15.1.3.1-1: FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message content

IEI	Information Element	Type/Reference	Presence	Format	Length
	FD signalling payload message identity	Message type 15.2.2	M	V	1
	Date and time	Date and time 15.2.8	M	V	5
	Conversation ID	Conversation ID 15.2.9	M	V	16
	Message ID	Message ID 15.2.10	M	V	16
21	InReplyTo message ID	InReplyTo message ID 15.2.11	O	TV	17
22	Application ID	Application ID 15.2.7	O	TV	2
9-	FD disposition request type	FD disposition request type 15.2.4	O	TV	1
A-	Mandatory download	Mandatory download 15.2.16	O	TV	1
78	Payload	Payload 15.2.13	O	TLV-E	4-x
79	Metadata	Metadata 15.2.17	O	TLV-E	4-x
7D	Extended application ID	Extended application ID 15.2.24	O	TLV-E	4-x
7E	User location	User location 15.2.25	O	TLV-E	4-x
51	Sender MCDData user ID	MCDData user ID 15.2.15	O	TLV-E	4-x
53	Application metadata container	Application metadata container 15.2.28	O	TLV-E	4-x

15.1.4 DATA PAYLOAD message

15.1.4.1 Message definition

This message is sent by the UE to other UEs when sending an SDS data payload or an FD data payload. This message provides the data to be delivered to the user or application. For the contents of the message see Table 15.1.4.1-1.

Message type: DATA PAYLOAD

Direction: UE to other UEs (can be via the network for SDS and always via the network for FD)

Table 15.1.4.1-1: DATA PAYLOAD message content

IEI	Information Element	Type/Reference	Presence	Format	Length
	Data payload message identity	Message type 15.2.2	M	V	1
	Number of payloads	Number of payloads 15.2.12	M	V	1
7A	Security parameters and Payload	MCDData Protected Payload message 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]	O	TLV-E	32-x
78	Payload	Payload 15.2.13	O	TLV-E	4-x

NOTE 1: The Number of payloads IE dictates the number of Payload IEs and Security parameters and Payload IEs that are included in the message by the sender. Multiple Payload IEs can be part of Security parameters and Payload IE if end-to-end security is required, i.e. if there are multiple protected user payloads, each one should be a separate Security parameters and Payload IE containing a "MCDData Protected Payload message content" with the message type of "MCDData Protected Payload message content" set according to 3GPP TS 33.180 [26].

NOTE 2: If end-to-end security is required for a one-to-one communication, Security parameters and Payload IE is included. Otherwise, if end-to-end security is not required for a one-to-one communication, Payload IE is included. For group communication, Payload IE is included.

NOTE 3: Formatting of user payloads as part of the Security parameters and Payload IE is specified in clause 15.2.13. The user payloads formatted as specified in the clause 15.2.13 and protected as specified in the clause 8.5.4.1 of 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]. The Protected Payload (Ciphertext) encapsulated in "MCDData Protected Payload message content". Finally, the entire "MCDData Protected Payload message content" is encoded in the "DATA PAYLOAD message content" as a "Security parameters and Payload" IE value.

NOTE 4: An entire "DATA PAYLOAD message content" can be protected for all the user payloads. Otherwise, each user payloads are protected and encapsulated in a separate "Security parameters and Payload" IEs of the "DATA PAYLOAD message content".

NOTE 5: The MCDData Protected Payload message do not inherits the message type from the DATA PAYLOAD message when each user payloads are protected and encapsulated in a separate "Security parameters and Payload" IEs of the "DATA PAYLOAD message content". The bits 7, 8 set according to clause 8.5.1 of 3GPP TS 33.180 [26].

15.1.5 SDS NOTIFICATION message

15.1.5.1 Message definition

This message is sent by the UE to another other UE to share SDS disposition information. For the contents of the message see Table 15.1.5.1-1.

Message type: SDS NOTIFICATION

Direction: UE to other UEs (can be via network)

Table 15.1.5.1-1: SDS NOTIFICATION message content

IEI	Information Element	Type/Reference	Presence	Format	Length
	SDS notification message identity	Message type 15.2.2	M	V	1
	SDS disposition notification type	SDS disposition notification type 15.2.5	M	V	1
	Date and time	Date and time 15.2.8	M	V	5
	Conversation ID	Conversation ID 15.2.9	M	V	16
	Message ID	Message ID 15.2.10	M	V	16
22	Application ID	Application ID 15.2.7	O	TV	2
7D	Extended application ID	Extended application ID 15.2.24	O	TLV-E	4-x
51	Sender MCDData user ID	MCDData user ID 15.2.15	O	TLV-E	4-x

15.1.6 FD NOTIFICATION message

15.1.6.1 Message definition

This message is sent by the UE to another other UE to share FD disposition information. For the contents of the message see Table 15.1.6.1-1.

Message type: FD NOTIFICATION

Direction: UE to other UEs (via the network)

Table 15.1.6.1-1: FD NOTIFICATION message content

IEI	Information Element	Type/Reference	Presence	Format	Length
	FD notification message identity	Message type 15.2.2	M	V	1
	FD disposition notification type	FD disposition notification type 15.2.6	M	V	1
	Date and time	Date and time 15.2.8	M	V	5
	Conversation ID	Conversation ID 15.2.9	M	V	16
	Message ID	Message ID 15.2.10	M	V	16
22	Application ID	Application ID 15.2.7	O	TV	2
7D	Extended application ID	Extended application ID 15.2.24	O	TLV-E	4-x
51	Sender MCDATA user ID	MCDATA user ID 15.2.15	O	TLV-E	4-x

15.1.7 SDS OFF-NETWORK MESSAGE message

15.1.7.1 Message definition

This message is sent by the UE to other UEs to share application or user payload in a SDS message. For contents of the message see Table 15.1.7.1-1.

Message type: SDS OFF-NETWORK MESSAGE

Direction: UE to other UEs

Table 15.1.7.1-1: SDS OFF-NETWORK MESSAGE message content

IEI	Information Element	Type/Reference	Presence	Format	Length
	SDS off-network message message identity	Message Type 15.2.2	M	V	1
	Date and time	Date and time 15.2.8	M	V	5
	Number of payloads	Number of payloads 15.2.12	M	V	1
	Conversation ID	Conversation ID 15.2.9	M	V	16
	Message ID	Message ID 15.2.10	M	V	16
	Sender MCDData user ID	MCDData user ID 15.2.15	M	LV-E	3-x
21	InReplyTo message ID	InReplyTo message ID 15.2.11	O	TV	17
22	Application ID	Application ID 15.2.7	O	TV	2
8-	SDS disposition request type	SDS disposition request type 15.2.3	O	TV	1
23	Security parameters	MCDData Protected Payload message 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]	O	TV	32
7B	MCDData group ID	MCDData group ID 15.2.14	O	TLV-E	4-x
7C	Recipient MCDData user ID	MCDData user ID 15.2.15	O	TLV-E	4-x
78	Payload	Payload 15.2.13	O	TLV-E	4-x
7D	Extended application ID	Extended application ID 15.2.24	O	TLV-E	4-x
7E	User location	User location 15.2.25	O	TLV-E	4-x

15.1.8 SDS OFF-NETWORK NOTIFICATION message

15.1.8.1 Message definition

This message is sent by the UE to other UEs to share disposition status of a SDS message. For contents of the message see Table 15.1.8.1-1.

Message type: SDS OFF-NETWORK NOTIFICATION

Direction: UE to other UEs

Table 15.1.8.1-1: SDS OFF-NETWORK NOTIFICATION message content

IEI	Information Element	Type/Reference	Presence	Format	Length
	SDS off-network notification message identity	Message type 15.2.2	M	V	1
	SDS disposition notification type	SDS disposition notification type 15.2.5	M	V	1
	Date and time	Date and time 15.2.8	M	V	5
	Conversation ID	Conversation ID 15.2.9	M	V	16
	Message ID	Message ID 15.2.10	M	V	16
	Sender MCDData user ID	MCDData user ID 15.2.15	M	LV-E	3-x
22	Application ID	Application ID 15.2.7	O	TV	2
7D	Extended application ID	Extended application ID 15.2.24	O	TLV-E	4-x

15.1.9 FD NETWORK NOTIFICATION message

15.1.9.1 Message definition

This message is sent from the network to the UE to provide the UE a file availability indication. For the contents of the message see Table 15.1.9.1-1.

Message type: FD NETWORK NOTIFICATION

Direction: network to UE

Table 15.1.9.1-1: FD NETWORK NOTIFICATION message content

IEI	Information Element	Type/Reference	Presence	Format	Length
	FD network notification message identity	Message type 15.2.2	M	V	1
	FD notification type	Notification type 15.2.18	M	V	1
	Date and time	Date and time 15.2.8	M	V	5
	Conversation ID	Conversation ID 15.2.9	M	V	16
	Message ID	Message ID 15.2.10	M	V	16
22	Application ID	Application ID 15.2.7	O	TV	2
7D	Extended application ID	Extended application ID 15.2.24	O	TLV-E	4-x

15.1.10 COMMUNICATION RELEASE message

15.1.10.1 Message definition

This message is sent by the MCDData server to MCDData UE to indicate about intension to release the MCDData communication. This message is also sent by the MCDData UE to MCDData server to request extension for the MCDData communication. The MCDData server response back about the request using this message. For the contents of the message see Table 15.10.1-1.

Message type: COMMUNICATION RELEASE

Direction: Server to UE, UE to server

Table 15.1.10.1-1: COMMUNICATION RELEASE message content

IEI	Information Element	Type/Reference	Presence	Format	Length
	Comm Release message identity	Message type 15.2.2	M	V	1
	Comm Release Information type	Comm Release Information type 15.2.20	M	V	1
B-	Data query type	Data query type 15.2.19	O	TV	1
C-	Extension response type	Extension response type 15.2.21	O	TV	1

15.1.11 DEFERRED DATA REQUEST message

15.1.11.1 Message definition

This message is sent by the MCDData UE to MCDData server to request the list of group communications which was deferred by the MCDData user.

Message type: DEFERRED DATA REQUEST

Direction: UE to server

Table 15.1.11.1-1: DEFERRED DATA REQUEST message content

IEI	Information Element	Type/Reference	Presence	Format	Length
	Deferred data request message identity	Message type 15.2.2	M	V	1

15.1.12 DEFERRED DATA RESPONSE message

15.1.12.1 Message definition

This message is sent by the MCDData server to the MCDData UE as response to the list of deferred group communications request from the MCDData UE.

Message type: DEFERRED DATA RESPONSE

Direction: Server to UE

Table 15.1.12.1-1: DEFERRED DATA RESPONSE message content

IEI	Information Element	Type/Reference	Presence	Format	Length
	Deferred data response message identity	Message type 15.2.2	M	V	1
	Number of payloads	Number of payloads 15.2.12	M	V	1
7A	Security parameters and Payload	MCDData Protected Payload message 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]	O	TLV-E	32-x
78	Payload	Payload 15.2.13	O	TLV-E	4-x
7B	MCDData group ID	MCDData group ID 15.2.14	O	TLV-E	4-x
52	Deferred FD signalling payload	Deferred FD signalling payload 15.2.27	O	TLV-E	4-x

The number of 'Deferred FD signalling payload' element depends on the 'Number of payloads' information element value (i.e as many entries as that of 'Number of payloads' element value).

NOTE: Only the 'payload' IE and its value applicability were specified in early versions of the present document from release 13 to release 16. The continued support for Payload element and its value is for backwards compatibility.

15.1.13 FD HTTP TERMINATION

15.1.13.1 Message definition

This message is sent by the UE to server or server to UE when trying to release FD communication over HTTP. This message provides the signalling content to identify the MESSAGE where FILE URL is shared. For the contents of the message see table 15.1.13.1-1.

Message type: FD HTTP TERMINATION

Direction: UE to server or server to UE

Table 15.1.13.1-1: FD HTTP TERMINATION content

IEI	Information Element	Type/Reference	Presence	Format	Length
	FD signalling payload message identity	Message type 15.2.2	M	V	1
	Conversation ID	Conversation ID 15.2.9	M	V	16
	Message ID	Message ID 15.2.10	M	V	16
	Termination Information Type	Termination information type 15.2.22	M	V	1
22	Application ID	Application ID 15.2.7	O	TV	2
C-	Extension Response Type	Extension response type 15.2.21	O	TV	1
D-	Release Response Type	Release response type 15.2.23	O	TV	1
78	Payload	Payload 15.2.13	O	TLV-E	4-x
7D	Extended application ID	Extended application ID 15.2.24	O	TLV-E	4-x

15.1.14 GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT message

15.1.14.1 Message definition

This message is sent by the UE to other UEs to indicate an emergency situation. For contents of the message see table 15.1.14.1-1.

Message type: GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT

Direction: UE to other UEs

Table 15.1.14.1-1: GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT message content

IEI	Information Element	Type/Reference	Presence	Format	Length
	Group emergency alert message identity	Message type 15.2.2	M	V	1
	MCDATA group ID	MCDATA group ID 15.2.14	M	LV-E	3-x
	Originating MCDATA user ID	MCDATA user ID 15.2.15	M	LV-E	3-x
7F	Organization name	Organization name 15.2.26	O	TLV-E	4-x
7E	User location	User location 15.2.25	O	TLV-E	4-x

15.1.15 GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT ACK message

15.1.15.1 Message definition

This message is sent by the UE to other UEs to indicate receipt of emergency alert. For contents of the message see table 15.1.15.1-1.

Message type: GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT ACK

Direction: UE to other UEs

Table 15.1.15.1-1: GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT ACK message content

IEI	Information Element	Type/Reference	Presence	Format	Length
	Group emergency alert ack message identity	Message type 15.2.2	M	V	1
	MCDATA group ID	MCDATA group ID 15.2.14	M	LV-E	3-x
	Originating MCDATA user ID	MCDATA user ID 15.2.15	M	LV-E	3-x
	Sending MCDATA user ID	MCDATA user ID 15.2.15	M	LV-E	3-x

15.1.16 GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT CANCEL message

15.1.16.1 Message definition

This message is sent by the UE to other UEs to indicate end of emergency situation. For contents of the message see table 15.1.16.1-1.

Message type: GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT CANCEL

Direction: UE to other UEs

Table 15.1.16.1-1: GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT CANCEL message content

IEI	Information Element	Type/Reference	Presence	Format	Length
	Group emergency alert cancel message identity	Message type 15.2.2	M	V	1
	MCDATA group ID	MCDATA group ID 15.2.14	M	LV-E	3-x
	Originating MCDATA user ID	MCDATA User ID 15.2.15	M	LV-E	3-x

15.1.17 GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT CANCEL ACK message

15.1.17.1 Message definition

This message is sent by the UE to other UEs to indicate receipt of emergency alert cancel. For contents of the message see table 15.1.17.1-1.

Message type: GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT CANCEL ACK

Direction: UE to other UEs

Table 15.1.17.1-1: GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT CANCEL ACK message content

IEI	Information Element	Type/Reference	Presence	Format	Length
	Group emergency alert cancel ack message identity	Message type 15.2.2	M	V	1
	MCDATA group ID	MCDATA group ID 15.2.14	M	LV-E	3-x
	Originating MCDATA user ID	MCDATA User ID 15.2.15	M	LV-E	3-x
	Sending MCDATA user ID	MCDATA user ID 15.2.15	M	LV-E	3-x

15.2 General message format and information elements coding

15.2.1 General

The least significant bit of a field is represented by the lowest numbered bit of the highest numbered octet of the field. When the field extends over more than one octet, the order of bit values progressively decreases as the octet number increases.

Figure 15.2.1-1 shows an example of a field where the most significant bit of the field is marked MSB and the least significant bit of the field is marked LSB.

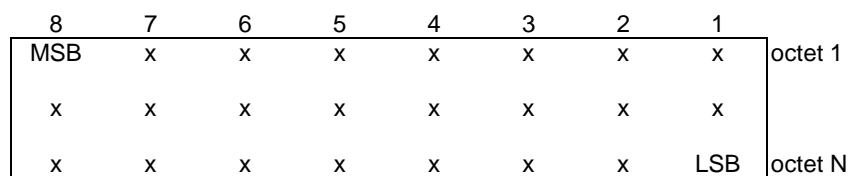


Figure 15.2.1-1: Example of bit ordering of a field

Within the protocols defined in the present document, the message consists of the following parts:

- a) message type information element; and
- b) other information elements, as required.

The organization of a message is illustrated in the example shown in Figure 15.2.1-2.

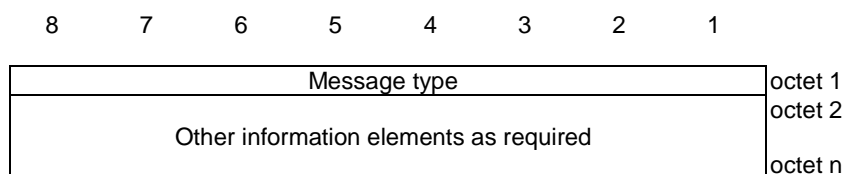


Figure 15.2.1-2: General message organization example

Unless specified otherwise in the message descriptions of clause 15.1, a particular information element shall not be present more than once in a given message.

The sending entity shall set value of a spare bit to zero. The receiving entity shall ignore value of a spare bit

The sending entity shall not set a value of an information element to a reserved value. The receiving entity shall discard message containing an information element set to a reserved value.

15.2.2 Message type

The purpose of the Message type information element is to identify the type of the message.

The value part of the Message type information element is coded as shown in Table 15.2.2-1.

The Message type information element is a type 3 information element with a length of 1 octet.

Table 15.2.2-1: Message types

Bits								
8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
x	x	0	0	0	0	0	1	SDS SIGNALLING PAYLOAD
x	x	0	0	0	0	1	0	FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD
x	x	0	0	0	0	1	1	DATA PAYLOAD
x	x	0	0	0	1	0	1	SDS NOTIFICATION
x	x	0	0	0	1	1	0	FD NOTIFICATION
x	x	0	0	0	1	1	1	SDS OFF-NETWORK MESSAGE
x	x	0	0	1	0	0	0	SDS OFF-NETWORK NOTIFICATION
x	x	0	0	1	0	0	1	FD NETWORK NOTIFICATION
x	x	0	0	1	0	1	0	COMMUNICATION RELEASE
x	x	0	0	1	0	1	1	DEFERRED LIST ACCESS REQUEST
x	x	0	0	1	1	0	0	DEFERRED LIST ACCESS RESPONSE
x	x	0	0	1	1	0	1	FD HTTP TERMINATION
x	x	0	1	0	0	0	1	GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT
x	x	0	1	0	0	1	0	GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT ACK
x	x	0	1	0	0	1	1	GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT CANCEL
x	x	0	1	0	1	0	0	GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT CANCEL ACK
All other values are reserved.								

Bit 7 of the above defined messages is set as follows:

- '0' – if the message is not protected as defined in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]; or
- '1' – if the message is protected as defined in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26].

Bit 8 of the above defined messages is set as follows:

- '0' – if the message is not authenticated as defined in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]; or
- '1' – if the message is authenticated as defined in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26].

15.2.3 SDS disposition request type

The purpose of the SDS disposition request type information element is to identify the type of SDS disposition notification that the sender requires from the receiver.

The value part of the SDS disposition request type information element is coded as shown in Table 15.2.3-1.

The SDS disposition request type information element is a type 1 information element.

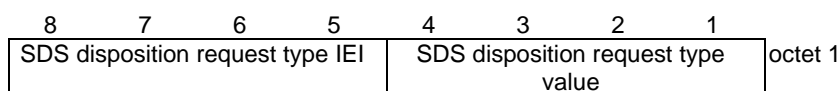


Figure 15.2.3-1: SDS disposition request type

Table 15.2.3-1: SDS disposition request type

SDS disposition request type value (octet 1)				
Bits				
4	3	2	1	
0	0	0	1	DELIVERY
0	0	1	0	READ
0	0	1	1	DELIVERY AND READ

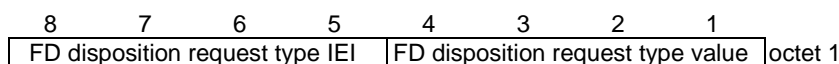
All other values are reserved.

15.2.4 FD disposition request type

The purpose of the FD disposition request type information element is to identify the type of FD disposition notification that the sender requires from the receiver.

The value part of the FD disposition request type information element is coded as shown in Table 15.2.4-1.

The FD disposition request type information element is a type 1 information element.

**Figure 15.2.4-1: FD disposition request type****Table 15.2.4-1: FD disposition request type**

FD disposition request type value (octet 1)				
Bits				
4	3	2	1	
0	0	0	1	FILE DOWNLOAD COMPLETED UPDATE

All other values are reserved.

15.2.5 SDS disposition notification type

The purpose of the SDS disposition notification type information element is to identify the type of SDS disposition notification sent from receiver to the sender.

The value part of the SDS disposition notification type information element is coded as shown in Table 15.2.5-1.

The SDS disposition notification type information element is a type 3 information element with a length of 1 octet.

Table 15.2.5-1: SDS disposition notification type

SDS disposition notification type value (octet 1)								
Bits								
8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	UNDELIVERED
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	DELIVERED
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	READ
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	DELIVERED AND READ
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	DISPOSITION PREVENTED BY SYSTEM (NOTE)

All other values are reserved.
NOTE: Usage of this value is described in 3GPP TS 29.582 [48].

15.2.6 FD disposition notification type

The purpose of the FD disposition notification type information element is to identify the type of FD disposition notification sent from receiver to the sender.

The value part of the FD disposition notification type information element is coded as shown in Table 15.2.6-1.

The FD disposition notification type information element is a type 3 information element with a length of 1 octet.

Table 15.2.6-1: FD disposition notification type

Bits								
8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	FILE DOWNLOAD REQUEST ACCEPTED
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	FILE DOWNLOAD REQUEST REJECTED
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	FILE DOWNLOAD COMPLETED
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	FILE DOWNLOAD DEFERRED
All other values are reserved.								

15.2.7 Application ID

The purpose of the Application ID information element is to uniquely identify the application for which the payload is intended.

The Application ID information element is coded as shown in figure 15.2.7-1 and table 15.2.7-1.

The Application ID information element is a type 3 information element with a length of 2 octets.

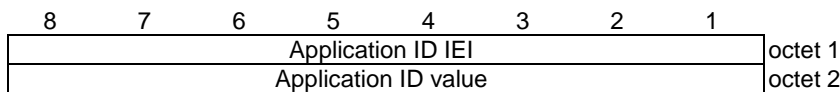


Figure 15.2.7-1: Application ID value

Table 15.2.7-1: Application ID value

Bits								
8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	BROADBAND CALLOUT
The Application ID Value contains a number that uniquely identifies a destination application.								
The value '1' is reserved for the Broadband Callout feature (NOTE).								
All other features are coordinated by the mission critical organization.								
NOTE: Broadband Callout is a feature defined by TCCA to reliably alert personnel about incidents. MCDData SDS with this Application ID is used as a transport for Broadband Callout messages. Implementation of the Broadband Callout feature is left to TCCA.								

15.2.8 Date and time

The Date and time information element is used to indicate the UTC time when a message or file was sent.

The Date and time information element is coded as shown in Figure 15.2.8-1 and Table 15.2.8-1.

The Date and time information element is a type 3 information element with a length of 5 octets.

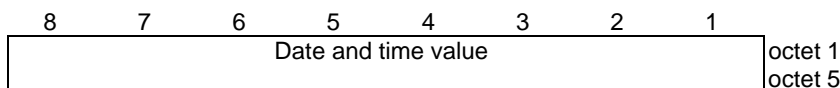


Figure 15.2.8-1: Date and time value

Table 15.2.8-1: Date and time value

Date and time value (octet 1 to 5)
The Date and time value is an unsigned integer containing UTC time of the time when a message was sent, in seconds since midnight UTC of January 1, 1970 (not counting leap seconds).

15.2.9 Conversation ID

The Conversation ID information element uniquely identifies the conversation.

The Conversation ID information element is coded as shown in Figure 15.2.9-1 and Table 15.2.9-1.

The Conversation ID information element is a type 3 information element with a length of 16 octets.

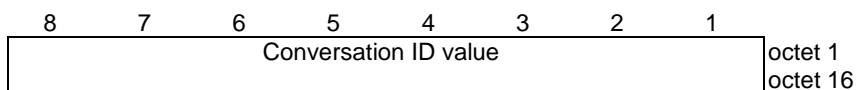


Figure 15.2.9-1: Conversation ID value

Table 15.2.9-1: Conversation ID value

Conversation identifier value (octet 1 to 16)
The Conversation ID contains a number uniquely identifying the conversation. The value is a universally unique identifier as specified in IETF RFC 4122 [14].

15.2.10 Message ID

The Message ID information element uniquely identifies a message within a conversation.

The Message ID information element is coded as shown in Figure 15.2.10-1 and Table 15.2.10-1.

The Message ID information element is a type 3 information element with a length of 16 octets.

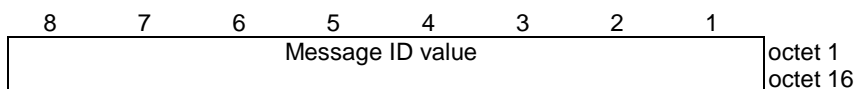


Figure 15.2.10-1: Message ID value

Table 15.2.10-1: Message ID value

Message ID value (octet 1 to 16)
The Message ID contains a number uniquely identifying a message. The value is a universally unique identifier as specified in IETF RFC 4122 [14].

15.2.11 InReplyTo message ID

The InReplyTo message ID information element is used to associate a message within a conversation that is a reply to an existing message in a conversation.

The InReplyTo message ID information element is coded as shown in Figure 15.2.11-1 and Table 15.2.11-1.

The InReplyTo message ID information element is a type 3 information element with a length of 17 octets.

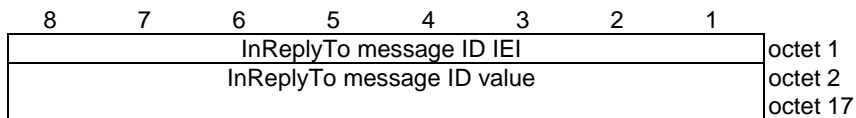


Figure 15.2.11-1: InReplyTo message ID value

Table 15.2.11-1: InReplyTo Message ID value

InReplyTo message ID value (octet 2 to 17)
The InReplyTo message ID contains a number uniquely identifying a message. The value is a universally unique identifier as specified in IETF RFC 4122 [14].

15.2.12 Number of payloads

The Number of payloads information element identifies the number of payloads contained in the message.

The Number of payloads information element is coded as shown in Figure 15.2.12-1, Table 15.2.12-1.

The Number of payloads information element is a type 3 information element with a length of 1 octet.

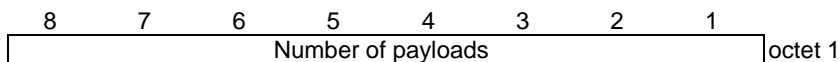


Figure 15.2.12-1: Number of payloads information element

Table 15.2.12-1: Number of payloads information element

Number of payloads value (octet 1)
The Number of payloads contains a value from 1 to 255.

15.2.13 Payload

The Payload information element contains the payload intended for the recipient user or application;

The Payload information element is coded as shown in Figure 15.2.13-1, Table 15.2.13-1, Table 15.2.13-2 and Table 15.2.13-3.

The Payload information element is a type 6 information element.

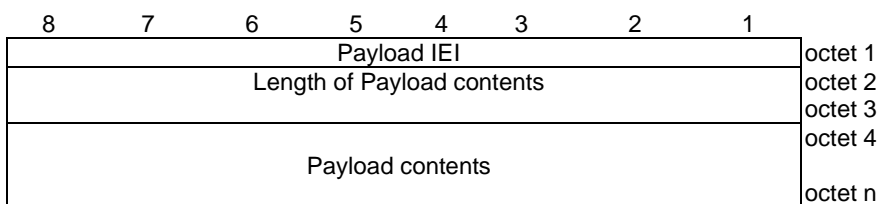


Figure 15.2.13-1: Payload information element

Table 15.2.13-1: Payload contents

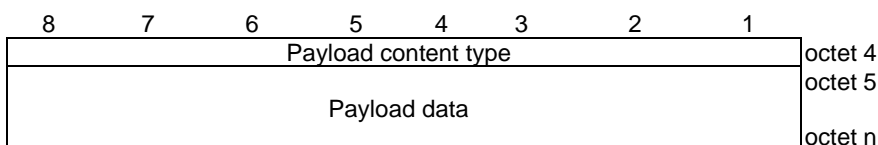


Table 15.2.13-2: Payload content type

Bits								
8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	TEXT
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	BINARY
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	HYPERLINKS
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	FILEURL
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	LOCATION
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	ENHANCED STATUS
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	Value allocated for use in interworking (NOTE)
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	LOCATION ALTITUDE
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	LOCATION TIMESTAMP
0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	CODED TEXT

All other values are reserved.

NOTE: Usage of this value is described in 3GPP TS 29.582 [48].

Table 15.2.13-3: Payload data

Payload data is included in octet 5 to octet n; Max value of 65535 octets.

Payload data contains the payload destined for the user or application.

A file URL is encoded as specified in IETF RFC 1738 [70].

The length of location information payload content is 6 bytes. The first 3 bytes contain the latitude information and the next 3 bytes contain the longitude information coded as in clause 6.1 in 3GPP TS 23.032 [47].

The length of the location altitude payload content is 2 bytes coded as in clause 6.3 in 3GPP TS 23.032 [47].

The length of location timestamp is contained as a binary value in the first octet of the payload content, and the value of the location timestamp is contained in the remaining octets of the payload content in the format "yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm:ss.ffff" per ISO 8601 [73].

If the Payload content type is "CODED TEXT" then the first two octets of the payload data are encoded as the positive integer value of the character set used for the text as defined by the MIBenum value of the character set as defined in the IANA Character Sets [91]

15.2.14 MCDData group ID

The MCDData group ID information element is used to indicate the destination MCDData group identifier;

The MCDData group ID information element is coded as shown in Figure 15.2.14-1 and Table 15.2.14-1.

The MCDData group ID information element is a type 6 information element.

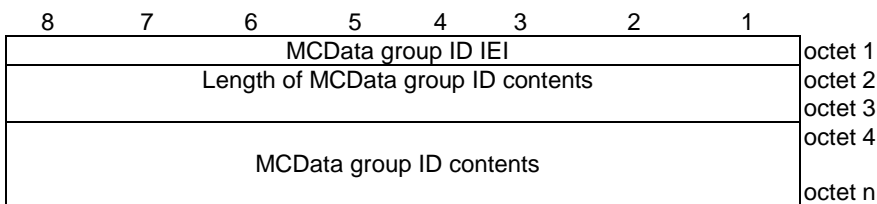


Figure 15.2.14-1: MCDData group ID information element

Table 15.2.14-1: MCDData group ID information element

MCDData group ID is contained in octet 4 to octet n; Max value of 65535 octets.

15.2.15 MCDData user ID

The MCDData user ID information element is used to indicate an MCDData user ID.

The MCDData user ID information element is coded as shown in Figure 15.2.15-1 and Table 15.2.15-1.

The MCDData user ID information element is a type 6 information element.

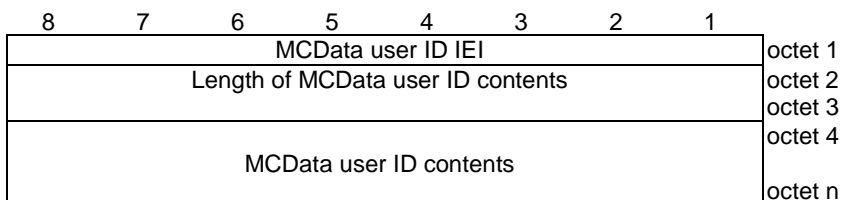


Figure 15.2.15-1: MCDData user ID information element

Table 15.2.15-1: MCDData user ID information element

MCDData user ID is contained in octet 4 to octet n if the IE is used as an optional IE. If used as a mandatory IE, MCDData user ID IEI is omitted and MCDData user ID is contained in octet 3 to octet n; Max value of 65535 octets.

15.2.16 Mandatory download

The purpose of the Mandatory download information element is for the originating client to inform the terminating client that a file must be downloaded immediately.

The value part of the Mandatory download information element is coded as shown in Figure 15.2.16-1 and Table 15.2.16-1.

The Mandatory download information element is a type 1 information element.

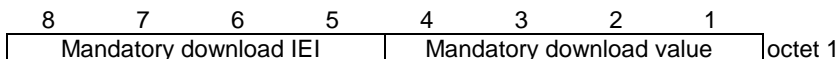


Figure 15.2.16-1: Mandatory download

Table 15.2.16-1: Mandatory download

Mandatory download value (octet 1)				
Bits				
4	3	2	1	
0	0	0	1	MANDATORY DOWNLOAD
All other values are reserved.				

15.2.17 Metadata

The Metadata information element is data that is used to describe a file.

The Metadata information element is coded as shown in Figure 15.2.17-1 and Table 15.2.17-1.

The Metadata information element is a type 6 information element.

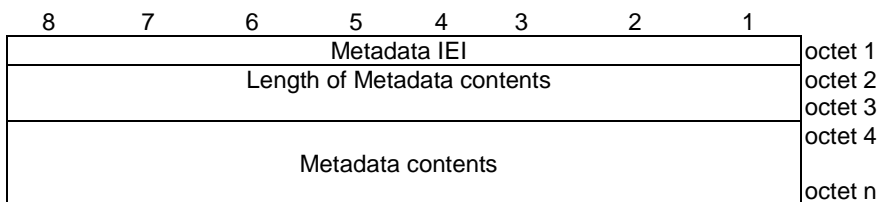


Figure 15.2.17-1: Metadata information element

Table 15.2.17-1: Metadata information element

<p>Metadata is contained in octet 4 to octet n; Max value of n is 65535 octets.</p> <p>Metadata contains a concatenation of the following data:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - fileselector (which is a concatenation of filename, filesize, filetype and hash) - file-date (which is set to "creation", "modification" or "read" with a date/time, to indicate date/time file was created, last modified or last read) - file-availability (set to a date and time that the file is available until) - file-description (which is set to text specifying description of file) <p>The file-selector is encoded as shown in the "file-selector-attr" ABNF specified in IETF RFC 5547 [69].</p> <p>The file-date is encoded as shown in the "file-date-attr" ABNF specified in IETF RFC 5547 [69].</p> <p>The file-availability is encoded as</p> <pre>file-availability = "file-availability:" date-time ;date-time is defined in IETF RFC 5322 [83]</pre> <p>The file-description is encoded as</p> <pre>file-description = "file-description:" <text to describe file></pre>

15.2.18 Notification type

The purpose of the Notification type information element is to identify the type of notification sent from receiver to the sender.

The value part of the Notification type information element is coded as shown in Table 15.2.18-1.

The notification type information element is a type 3 information element with a length of 1 octet.

Table 15.2.18-1: Notification type

Bits								
8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	FILE EXPIRED UNAVAILABLE TO DOWNLOAD
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	FILE DELETED UNAVAILABLE TO DOWNLOAD
All other values are reserved.								

15.2.19 Data query type

The purpose of the data query type information element is to identify the type of data information that the sender requires from the receiver.

The value part of the data query request type information element is coded as shown in Figure 15.2.19-1 and Table 15.2.19-1.

The data query request type information element is a type 1 information element with a length of 1 octet

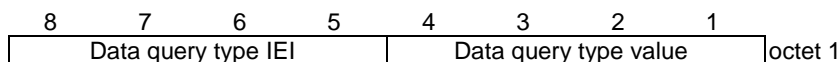


Figure 15.2.19-1: Data query type

Table 15.2.19-1: Data query type

Data query type value (octet 1)				
Bits				
4	3	2	1	
0	0	0	1	REMAINING AMOUNT OF DATA
All other values are reserved.				

15.2.20 Comm release Information type

The purpose of the comm release information type information element is to identify the type of communication release information that the sender wants to inform to the receiver.

The value part of the comm release information type information element is coded as shown in Table 15.2.20-1.

The comm release information type information element is a type 3 information element with a length of 1 octet

Table 15.2.20-1: Comm release Information type

Bits								
8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	INTENT TO RELEASE
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	EXTENSION REQUEST
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	EXTENSION RESPONSE
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	AUTH USER RELEASE REQ
All other values are reserved.								

15.2.21 Extension response type

The purpose of the extension request type information element is to inform MCDData server's response towards MCDData client's request for extension of the MCDData communication. This information element is used only when comm release

information type IE takes "EXTENSION RESPONSE" value. The receiver can ignore Extension response type information element value if comm release information type IE takes any other value.

The value part of the Extension response type information element is coded as shown in Figure 15.2.21.1 and Table 15.2.21-1.

The Extension response type information element is a type 1 information element.

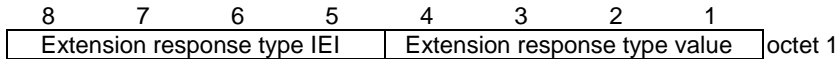


Figure 15.2.21-1: Extension response type

Table 15.2.21-1: Extension response type

Extension response type value (octet 1)				
Bits				
4	3	2	1	
0	0	0	1	ACCEPTED
0	0	1	0	REJECTED
All other values are reserved.				

15.2.22 Termination Information type

The purpose of the Termination information type is to identify the type of termination request that the sender wants to inform to the receiver.

The value part of the Termination information type element is coded as shown in table 15.2.22-1.

The Termination information type is a type 3 information element with a length of 1 octet.

Table 15.2.22-1: Termination Information type

Bits								
8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	TERMINATION REQUEST
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	TERMINATION RESPONSE
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	TRANSMISSION STOPPED
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	INTENT TO RELEASE COMM OVER HTTP
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	EXTENSION REQUEST FOR COMM OVER HTTP
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	EXTENSION RESPONSE FOR COMM OVER HTTP
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	AUTH USER TERMINATION REQUEST FOR COMM OVER HTTP
All other values are reserved.								

15.2.23 Release Response Type

The purpose of the Release Response Type information element is to inform MCDData server's response towards MCDData client's request for termination of the MCDData communication. This information element is used only when Termination information type IE takes "TERMINATION RESPONSE" value. The receiver can ignore Release response type information element value if Termination information type IE takes any other value

The value part of the Release response type information element is coded as shown in figure 15.2.23-1 and table 15.2.23-1.

The Release Response Type information element is a type 1 information element.

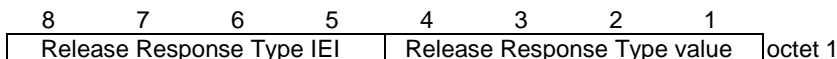


Figure 15.2.23-1: Release Response Type

Table 15.2.23-1: Release Response Type

Release Response Type value (octet 1)				
Bits				
4	3	2	1	
0	0	0	1	RELEASE SUCCESS
0	0	1	0	RELEASE FAILED
All other values are reserved.				

15.2.24 Extended application ID

The purpose of the Extended application ID information element is to uniquely identify the application for which the payload is intended when the format of the identifier used is not the format available in the Application ID.

The Extended application ID information element is coded as shown in figure 15.2.24-1, table 15.2.24-1, table 15.2.24-2 and table 15.2.24-3.

The Extended application ID information element is a type 6 information element.

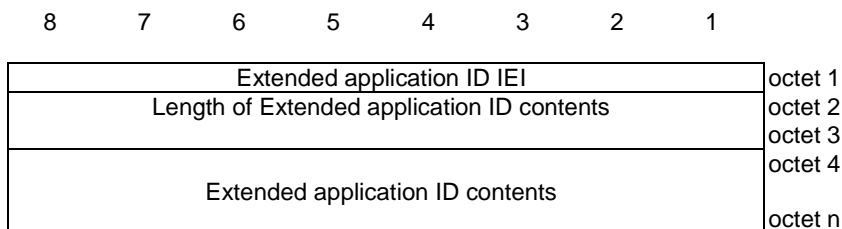


Figure 15.2.24-1: Extended application ID value

Table 15.2.24-1: Extended application ID contents

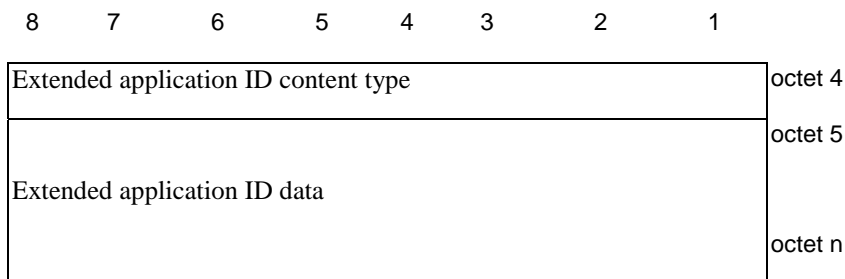


Table 15.2.24-2: Extended application ID content type

Bits								
8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	TEXT
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	URI

All other values are reserved.

Table 15.2.24-3: Extended application ID data

Extended application ID data is included in octet 5 to octet n; Max length 65534 octets.

Extended application ID data contains a value that uniquely identifies the destination application, encoded in the format specified by Extended application ID content type.

A URI is encoded as specified in IETF RFC 3986 [46].

15.2.25 User location

The User location information element is used to indicate the current location of the MCDData client;

The User location information element is coded as shown in figure 15.2.25-1 and table 15.2.25-1.

The User location information element is a type 6 information element.

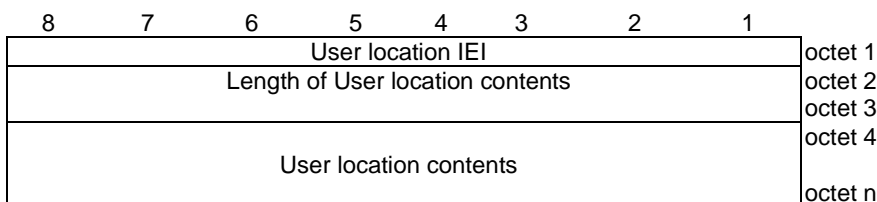


Figure 15.2.25-1: User location information element

Table 15.2.25-1: User location information element

User location is contained in octet 4 to octet n; Max value of 65535 octets.

The User location information element contains the LocationInfo structure defined in clause 7.4 of 3GPP TS 29.199-09 [65].

15.2.26 Organization name

The Organization name information element is used to indicate the name of the organization to which the user belongs.

The Organization name information element is coded as shown in figure 15.2.26-1 and table 15.2.26-1.

The Organization name information element is a type 6 information element.

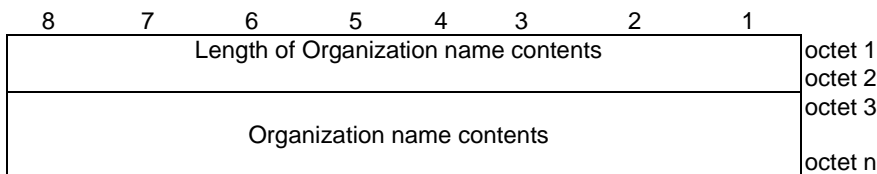


Figure 15.2.26-1: Organization name information element

Table 15.2.26-1: Organization name information element

Organization name is contained in octet 3 to octet n; Max value of 65535 octets.

15.2.27 Deferred FD signalling payload

The Deferred FD signaling payload information element contains the signaling data payload of the FD request of the MCDATA client;

The Deferred FD signalling payload information element is coded as shown in figure 15.2.27-1 and table 15.2.27-1.

The Deferred FD signalling payload information element is a type 6 information element.

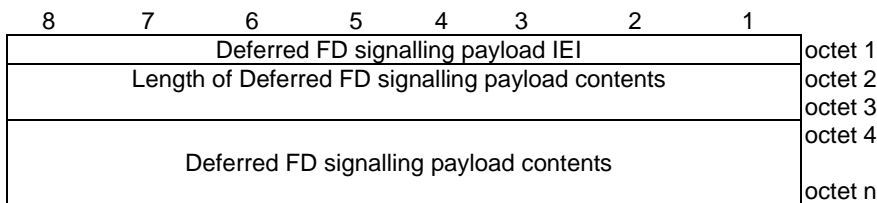


Figure 15.2.27-1: Deferred FD signalling payload information element

Table 15.2.27-1: Deferred FD signalling payload contents

Deferred FD signalling payload contents are included in octet 4 to octet n; Max value of 65535 octets.

Deferred FD signalling payload contents contains the signalling content related to the FD data payload and coded as per 15.1.2.1.

15.2.28 Application metadata container

The Application metadata container information element is used to carry metadata specific to the application.

The Application metadata container information element is coded as shown in figure 15.2.28-1 and table 15.2.28-1.

The Application metadata container contents are coded per the ABNF syntax defined in table 15.2.28-2.

The Application metadata container information element is a type 6 information element.

The Application metadata container information element provides a means for the sender of the SDS or file to attach application-specific information to the SDS or file.

NOTE: For example, a police officer could send a data file with attached Application metadata container content: {value-end-delimiter='#'}agency-ID=county-police-dept#incident-ID=N5Q432X1#injuries=3#

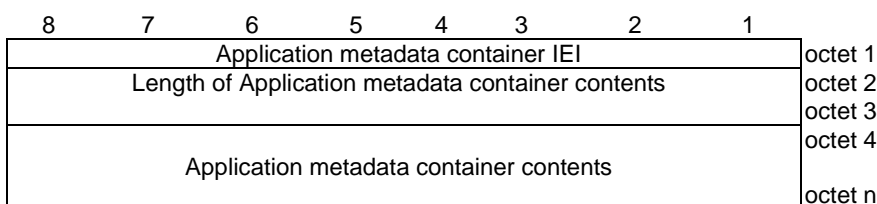


Figure 15.2.28-1: Application metadata container information element

Table 15.2.28-1: Application metadata container information element

Application metadata is contained in octet 4 to octet n;
 Maximum value of n is 65536.
 The Application metadata content is formatted per the syntax in table 15.2.28-2.

Table 15.2.28-2: Syntax of Application metadata content

Appl-metadata-content	= "{" *delimiter-definition "}" 1*organization-attribute
delimiter-definition	= *1tag-end-delimiter *1value-end-delimiter *1escape-character
tag-end-delimiter	= "tag-delimiter" 1*VCHAR-restricted
value-end-delimiter	= "value-delimiter" 1*VCHAR-restricted
escape-character	= "escape" 1*VCHAR-restricted
organization-attribute	= tag tag-end-delimiter attribute-value value-end-delimiter
tag	= 1*VCHAR-restricted 0*(1*WSP 1*VCHAR-restricted)
attribute-value	= 1*VCHAR-restricted 0*(1*WSP 1*VCHAR-restricted)
VCHAR	= %x21-7E
	; visible (printing) 7-bit US-ASCII characters per RFC5234 [75]
VCHAR-restricted	= %x21-7A / %x7C / %x7E ;all visible characters except space, "{", and "}"
WSP	= %x20 ; space character

If a delimiter is not defined, the default value shall be used.

The default tag-end-delimiter shall be '='.

The default value-end-delimiter shall be ';'.

The default escape-character shall be '\'.

The values chosen for the tag-end-delimiter, the value-end-delimiter, and the escape-character shall all be unique.

An escape-character plus the next following character shall be treated as the value of the following character.

The following character shall not be treated as a tag-value-delimiter, a value-end-delimiter or an escape-character.

Editor's Note: The definitions of tag and attribute-value should be enhanced to show the possible inclusion of an escape-character.

The tag can contain any visible (printing) 7-bit US-ASCII character except the tag-value-delimiter unless the character defined as the tag-value-delimiter is escaped using the escape-character.

The attribute-value can contain any visible (printing) 7-bit US-ASCII except the value-end-delimiter and the escape-character unless the character defined as the value-end-delimiter is escaped using the escape-character or the character defined as the escape-character is escaped using the escape-character. For example, if the escape-character is '\', then the '\' character can be included in the attribute-value by using '\\'.

Examples:

```
{ }officer-name=John Smith;incident=123abc;
{tag-delimiter#}name#John Smith;incident#123abc;
{tag-delimitere}nam\eeJohn Smith;incid\ente123abcd\ef;
{value-delimiter%}name=John Smith%incident=123abc%
{tag-delimiter:value-delimiter|}FirstName:John|LastName:Smith|
```

16 Emergency Alert

16.1 General

This clause describes the emergency alert procedures for on-network.

For on-network emergency alert, the procedures for originating and terminating MCDData clients, participating MCDData function and controlling MCDData function are specified in clause 16.2.

For off-network emergency alert, the procedures for each functional entity is specified in clause 16.3.

16.2 On-network emergency alert

16.2.1 Client procedures

16.2.1.1 Emergency alert origination

Upon receiving a request from the MCDData user to send an MCDData emergency alert, the MCDData client shall determine whether or not it is authorised to originate an emergency alert, by following the procedures in clause 6.2.8.1.6.

If the MCDData emergency alert origination request is considered an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency alert, the MCDData client shall indicate to the MCDData user that an MCDData emergency alert is not allowed on this group and shall terminate this procedure.

If the request was authorised, but the MCDData user has not indicated the identity of the MCDData group to receive the emergency alert, the MCDData client shall use, in descending order of preference, one of the following: the value of the <uri-entry> element of the <entry> element of the <GroupEmergencyAlert> element of the <Common> element in the MCDData user profile, if present; if not, the identity of the MCDData group to which the most recent communication or affiliation request was made by the MCDData client since last acquiring the MCDData service. If an MCDData group identity cannot be determined, the MCDData client shall indicate the fact to the MCDData user and shall terminate this procedure.

The MCDData client shall generate a SIP MESSAGE as an out-of-dialog request, in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6], and:

- 1) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7] in the SIP MESSAGE request;
- 2) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata" along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 3) may include a P-Preferred-Identity header field in the SIP MESSAGE request containing a public user identity as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 4) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdainfo> element containing the <mcdainfo-Params> element (see clause D.1) with:
 - a) the <mcdainfo-request-uri> element set to the MCDData group identity;
 - b) the <alert-ind> element set to a value of "true";
 - c) the <mcdainfo-client-id> element set to the MCDData client ID of the originating MCDData client; and
 - d) if the MCDData client is aware of active functional aliases and if an active functional alias is to be included in the SIP MESSAGE request, the <anyExt> element of the <functional-alias-URI> element set to the URI of the used functional alias; and
 - e) if the MCDData user has requested an application priority, the <anyExt> element with the <user-requested-priority> element set to the user provided value;
- 5) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-location-info+xml MIME body with a <Report> element included in the <location-info> root element (see clause D.4);
- 6) shall include in the <Report> element the specific location information configured for the MCDData emergency alert location trigger;

- 7) shall set the MCDData emergency state if not already set;
- 8) shall set the MCDData emergency alert state to "MDEA 2: emergency-alert-confirm-pending";
- 9) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity identifying the participating MCDData function serving the group identity; and
- 10) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP 24.229 [5];

On receiving a SIP 2xx response to the SIP MESSAGE request, the MCDData client shall set the MCDData emergency alert state to "MDEA 3: emergency-alert-initiated" and shall give the MCDData user an indication of success.

On receiving a SIP 4xx response a SIP 5xx response or a SIP 6xx response to the SIP MESSAGE request, the MCDData client shall set the MCDData emergency alert state to "MDEA 1: no-alert" and shall indicate the failure to the MCDData user.

NOTE: If no response is received after an implementation dependent amount of time or if there is an indication of communication failure, the MCDData client can inform the user, and can clear the MCDData emergency alert state or can retry sending the emergency alert to the MCDData participating server. The MCDData emergency state is left unchanged, as the MCDData user presumably is in the best position to determine whether or not there still is an emergency situation and can use manual clearing, as necessary.

16.2.1.2 Emergency alert cancellation

Upon receiving a request from the MCDData user to send an MCDData emergency alert cancellation, the MCDData client shall determine whether or not it is authorised to cancel an emergency alert, as follows:

- 1) if the MCDData emergency cancellation request is for an MCDData emergency alert originated by this MCDData user, then the request shall be considered authorised if <allow-cancel-emergency-alert> element of the <actions> element of a <rule> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDData user profile document identified by the MCDData ID and profile index associated with MCDData user (see 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is present and is set to a value of "true"; or
- 2) if the MCDData emergency cancellation request is for an MCDData emergency alert originated by a different MCDData user, then the request shall be considered authorised if <allow-cancel-emergency-alert-any-user> element of the <actions> element of a <rule> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDData user profile document identified by the MCDData ID and profile index associated with MCDData user (see 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is present and is set to a value of "true".

If the MCDData emergency cancellation request is not considered authorised, the MCDData client shall indicate this fact to the requesting MCDData user and shall terminate this procedure.

If the authorised MCDData emergency cancellation request is for an MCDData emergency alert originated by this MCDData user and if there are more than one outstanding emergency alerts from this MCDData user and the MCDData user has not indicated which one to cancel, the MCDData client shall terminate this procedure after giving an indication of the condition to the MCDData user.

The MCDData client shall generate a SIP MESSAGE out-of dialog request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6] and:

- 1) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 2) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata" along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 3) may include a P-Preferred-Identity header field containing a public user identity as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 4) if the MCDData emergency alert was originated by this MCDData user, shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcddatainfo> element containing the <mcddata-Params> element (see clause D.1) with:
 - a) the <mcddata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData group identity;

- b) the <alert-ind> element set to a value of "false";
 - c) the <mcddata-client-id> element set to the MCDData client ID of this MCDData client; and
 - d) if the MCDData client is aware of active functional aliases and if an active functional alias is to be included in the SIP MESSAGE request, the <anyExt> element of the <functional-alias-URI> element set to the URI of the used functional alias;
- 5) if the MCDData emergency alert was originated by a different MCDData user, shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcddatainfo> element containing the <mcddata-Params> element (see clause D.1) with:
- a) the <mcddata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData group identity;
 - b) the <alert-ind> element set to a value of "false";
 - c) the <originated-by> element set to the MCDData ID of the MCDData user who originated the MCDData emergency alert; and
 - d) if the MCDData client is aware of active functional aliases, and an active functional alias is to be included in the SIP MESSAGE request, the <anyExt> element of the <functional-alias-URI> set to the URI of the used functional alias;
- 5A) if the MCDData user has additionally requested the cancellation of the in-progress emergency state of the MCDData group and this is an authorised request for an in-progress emergency group state cancellation as determined by clause 6.2.8.1.7, shall include an <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "false" in the <mcddatainfo> element containing the <mcddata-Params> element;
- 6) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity identifying the participating MCDData function serving the group identity;
- 7) if the generated SIP MESSAGE request does not contain an <originated-by> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.MCDData-info+xml MIME body, shall set the MCDData emergency alert state to "MDEA 4: emergency-alert-cancel-pending"; and
- 8) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receipt of a SIP MESSAGE request containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body with an <alert-ind-rcvd> element set to "true" and an <mcddata-client-id> matching the MCDData client ID included in the sent SIP MESSAGE request and if the sent SIP MESSAGE request did not contain an <originated-by> element in its application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body, the MCDData client shall:

- 1) if the <alert-ind> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the received SIP MESSAGE request is set to a value of "false":
 - a) set the MCDData emergency alert state to "MDEA 1: no-alert"; and
 - b) clear the MCDData emergency state if not already cleared; and
- 2) if the <alert-ind> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the received SIP MESSAGE request is set to a value of "true" and if the MCDData emergency alert state is set to "MDEA 4: emergency-alert-cancel-pending":
 - a) set the MCDData emergency alert state to "MDEA 3: emergency-alert-initiated".

NOTE 1: It would appear to be an unusual situation for the initiator of an MCDData emergency alert to not be able to clear their own alert. Nevertheless, an MCDData user can be configured to be authorised to initiate MCDData emergency alerts but not have the authority to clear them. Hence, the case is covered here.

- 3) if an <emergency-ind> element is present in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of received SIP MESSAGE request is set to a value of "false" and the sent SIP MESSAGE request contains an <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "false":
 - a) shall set the MCDData emergency group communication state of the group to "MDEGC 1: emergency-gc-capable"; and

- b) shall set the MCDData emergency group state of the group to "MDEG 1: no-emergency".

NOTE 2: The case where an <emergency-ind> element is set to true is possible but not handled specifically above as it results in no state changes.

On receiving a SIP 4xx response, SIP 5xx response or SIP 6xx response to the sent SIP MESSAGE emergency alert cancellation request, if the sent SIP MESSAGE request did not contain an <originated-by> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body and the MCDData emergency alert state is set to "MDEA 4: emergency-alert-cancel-pending":

- 1) if the received SIP 4xx response, SIP 5xx response or SIP 6xx response does not contain an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element containing the <alert-ind> element OR if it contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with the <alert-ind> element set to a value of "true" (see clause D.1), the MCDData client shall set the MCDData emergency alert state to "MDEA 3: emergency-alert-initiated".

16.2.1.3 MCDData client receives an MCDData emergency alert or communication notification

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for emergency notification", the MCDData client:

- 1) if the received SIP MESSAGE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <alert-ind> element set to a value of "true", may display to the MCDData user the functional alias of the originating MCDData user, if provided, and should display to the MCDData user an indication of the MCDData emergency alert and associated information, including:
 - a) the MCDData group identity contained in <mcdata-calling-group-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body;
 - b) the originator of the MCDData emergency alert contained in the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and
 - c) the mission critical organization of the MCDData emergency alert originator contained in the <mc-org> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body;

NOTE 1: This is the case of the MCDData client receiving the notification of another MCDData user's emergency alert.

- 2) if the received SIP MESSAGE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <alert-ind> element set to a value of "false":
 - a) should display to the MCDData user an indication of the MCDData emergency alert cancellation and associated information, including:
 - i) the MCDData group identity contained in the <mcdata-calling-group-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and
 - ii) the originator of the MCDData emergency alert contained in:
 - A) if present, the <originated-by> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; or
 - B) the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body;
 - b) if the MCDData ID contained in the <originated-by> element is the MCDData ID of the receiving MCDData user, shall set the MCDData emergency alert state to "MDEA 1: no-alert"; and
 - c) if the received SIP MESSAGE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <emergency-ind> element is set to a value of "false":
 - i) shall set the MCDData emergency group state to "MDEG 1: no-emergency"; and
 - ii) shall set the MCDData emergency group communication state to "MDEGC 1: emergency-gc-capable";

NOTE 2: This is the case of the MCDData client receiving the notification of the cancellation by a third party of an MCDData emergency alert. This can be the MCDData emergency alert of another MCDData user or the MCDData emergency alert of the recipient, as determined by the contents of the <originated-by> element. Optionally, notification of the cancellation of the in-progress emergency state of the MCDData group can be included.

- 3) if the received SIP MESSAGE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "true":
- a) should display to the MCDData user an indication of the additional emergency MCDData user participating in the MCDData emergency group communication including the following, if not already displayed as part of step 1):
 - i) the MCDData group identity contained in the <mcdata-calling-group-id> element application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and
 - ii) the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and
 - b) shall set the MCDData emergency group state to "MDEG 2: in-progress" if not already set to that value;

NOTE 3: This is the case of the MCDData client receiving notification of an additional MCDData user in an MCDData emergency state (i.e., not the MCDData user that originally triggered the in-progress emergency state of the group) joining the in-progress emergency group communication. An emergency alert indication, if included, is handled in step 1).

- 4) if the received SIP MESSAGE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "false":
- a) should display to the MCDData user an indication of the cancellation of the in-progress emergency state of the MCDData group communication including the following if not already displayed as part of step 2):
 - i) the MCDData group identity contained in the <mcdata-calling-group-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and
 - ii) the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body;
 - b) shall set the MCDData emergency group state to "MDEG 1: no-emergency"; and
 - c) shall set the MCDData emergency group communication state to "MDEGC 1: emergency-gc-capable";

NOTE 4: This is the case of the MCDData client receiving the notification of the cancellation of the in-progress emergency state of the MCDData group. In this case, the receiving MCDData client is affiliated with the MCDData group but not participating in the session. An emergency alert cancellation, if included, is handled in step 2).

- 4A) if the received SIP MESSAGE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <imminentperil-ind> element set to a value of "true":
- a) should display to the MCDData user an indication of the MCDData user participating in the MCDData imminent peril group communication including the following if not already displayed as part of step 1):
 - i) the MCDData group identity contained in the <mcdata-calling-group-id> element application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and
 - ii) the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and
 - b) shall set the MCDData imminent peril group state to "MDIG 2: in-progress" if not already set to that value;

NOTE 5: This is the case of the MCDData client receiving notification of an additional MCDData user initiating an imminent peril group communication when there is already an in-progress imminent peril state in effect on the group.

- 4B) if the received SIP MESSAGE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <imminentperil-ind> element set to a value of "false":

- a) should display to the MCDData user an indication of the cancellation of the in-progress imminent peril state of the MCDData group including the following if not already displayed as part of step 2):
 - i) the MCDData group identity contained in the <mcdata-calling-group-id> element application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and
 - ii) the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body;
- b) shall set the MCDData imminent peril group state to "MDIG 1: no-imminent-peril"; and
- c) shall set the MCDData imminent peril group communication state to "MDIGC 1: imminent-peril-gc-capable";

NOTE 6: This is the case of the MCDData client receiving notification of the cancellation of the in-progress imminent peril state of the group.

- 5) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to rules and procedures of TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 6) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response towards the MCDData server according to rules and procedures of TS 24.229 [5].

16.2.1.4 MCDData client receives notification of entry into or exit from a group geographic area

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for notification of entry into or exit from a group geographic area", the MCDData client:

- 1) shall send a SIP 200 (OK) to the participating MCDData function that sent the SIP MESSAGE request; and
- 2) if the <group-geo-area-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body is:
 - a) set to "true":
 - i) may display to the MCDData user an indication that a group geographic area has been entered; and
 - ii) shall execute the procedure in clause 8.2.2 to affiliate to the group indicated by the participating MCDData function; and
 - b) set to "false":
 - i) may display to the MCDData user an indication that a group geographic area has been exited; and
 - ii) shall execute the procedure in clause 8.2.2 to de-affiliate from the group indicated by the participating MCDData function.

16.2.1.5 MCDData client receives notification of entry into or exit from an emergency alert area

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for notification of entry into or exit from an emergency alert area", the MCDData client:

- 1) if the received SIP MESSAGE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <emergency-alert-area-ind> element of the value:
 - a) set to "true":
 - i) may display to the MCDData user an indication that MCDData client has entered a pre-defined emergency alert area; and
 - ii) if the MCDData user is not in emergency state, shall initiate the emergency alert origination procedure as specified in clause 12.1.1.1; or
 - b) set to "false":
 - i) may display to the MCDData user an indication that MCDData client has exited a pre-defined emergency alert area.

NOTE: In this case, the MCDData emergency state remains set, as the MCDData user is in the best position to determine whether or not they are in a life-threatening condition. The MCDData user can clear the MCDData emergency state manually, if needed.

- 2) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 3) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response towards the MCDData server according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

16.2.2 Participating MCDData function procedures

16.2.2.1 Receipt of a SIP MESSAGE request for emergency notification from the served MCDData client

Editor's note: In the current release, support for emergency groups and emergency group communications may be absent, partial or limited, namely only provided to the extent of facilitating emergency alert functionality.

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for emergency notification for originating participating MCDData function", the participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field in the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;

NOTE 1: if the SIP MESSAGE request contains an emergency indication set to a value of "true" or an alert indication set to a value of "true", the participating MCDData function can, according to local policy, choose to accept the request.

- 2) shall determine the MCDData ID of the calling user from the public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP MESSAGE request, and shall authorise the calling user;

NOTE 2: The MCDData ID of the calling user is bound to the public user identity at the time of service authorisation, as documented in clause 7.3.

- 3) if the MCDData user is not affiliated with the MCDData group as determined by clause 8.3.2.11, shall perform the actions specified in clause 8.3.2.12 for implicit affiliation;
- 4) if the actions for implicit affiliation specified in step 3) above were performed but not successful in affiliating the MCDData user due to the MCDData user already having N2 simultaneous affiliations, shall reject the "SIP MESSAGE request for emergency notification for originating participating MCDData function" with a SIP 486 (Busy Here) response with the warning text set to "102 too many simultaneous affiliations" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and skip the rest of the steps;

NOTE 3: N2 is the total number of MCDData groups that an MCDData user can be affiliated to simultaneously as specified in 3GPP TS 23.282 [2].

NOTE 4: As this is a request for MCDData emergency services, the participating MCDData function can choose to accept the request.

- 5) shall determine the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function associated with the group identity in the received SIP MESSAGE request;
- 6) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 7) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function associated with the group identified by the <mcddata-request-uri> element contained in the <mcddatainfo> element containing the <mcddata-Params> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request;

NOTE 5: The public service identity can identify the controlling MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

- NOTE 6: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.
- NOTE 7: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.
- NOTE 8: How the participating MCDData function determines the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.
- NOTE 9: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.
- 8) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the received SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as specified in clause D.1 included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
 - 9) shall set the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element to the MCDData ID determined in step 2) above;
 - 10) if the received SIP MESSAGE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body as specified in clause D.4, shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body in the received SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
 - 11) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function;
 - 12) if the received SIP MESSAGE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body that contains a <functional-alias-URI> element, shall check if the status of the functional alias is activated for the MCDData ID. If the functional alias status is activated, then the participating MCDData function shall set the <functional-alias-URI> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the received value, otherwise shall not include a <functional-alias-URI> element; and
 - 13) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 2xx response in response to the SIP MESSAGE request sent in step 12):

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the follow clarifications:
 - a) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function;
- 2) if the procedures of clause 8.3.2.12 for implicit affiliation were performed in the present clause, shall complete the implicit affiliation by performing the procedures of clause 8.3.2.13; and
- 3) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 4xx, 5xx or 6xx response to the sent SIP MESSAGE request and if the implicit affiliation procedures of clause 8.3.2.12 were invoked in the present clause, the participating MCDData function shall perform the procedures of clause 8.3.2.14.

16.2.2.2 Receipt of a SIP MESSAGE request for emergency notification for terminating MCDData client

Editor's note: In the current release, support for emergency groups and emergency group communications (in particular the use of the <emergency-ind> element) may be absent, partial or limited, namely only provided to the extent of facilitating emergency alert functionality.

In the procedures in this clause:

- 1) emergency indication in an incoming SIP MESSAGE request refers to the <emergency-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and

- 2) alert indication in an incoming SIP MESSAGE request refers to the <alert-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body.

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE requests for emergency notification for terminating participating MCDData function", the participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field in the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;

NOTE 1: if the SIP MESSAGE request contains an emergency indication set to a value of "true" or an alert indication set to a value of "true", the participating MCDData function can, by means beyond the scope of this specification, choose to accept the request.

- 2) shall use the MCDData ID present in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP MESSAGE request to retrieve the binding between the MCDData ID and public user identity;
- 3) if the binding between the MCDData ID and public user identity does not exist, then the participating MCDData function shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response and skip the rest of the steps. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps;
- 4) shall generate an outgoing SIP MESSAGE request as specified in clause 6.3.2.1; and
- 5) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of SIP 2xx responses to the outgoing SIP MESSAGE requests, the participating MCDData function shall follow the procedures specified in TS 24.229 [5].

16.2.2.3 Receipt of a SIP MESSAGE request indicating successful delivery of emergency notification

Upon receipt of a SIP MESSAGE request routed to the terminating participating MCDData function with the Request-URI set to the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function and the SIP MESSAGE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with an <alert-ind-rcvd> element present, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field in the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall use the MCDData ID present in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP MESSAGE request to retrieve the binding between the MCDData ID and public user identity;
- 3) if the binding between the MCDData ID and public user identity does not exist, then the participating MCDData function shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response and skip the rest of the steps. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps;
- 4) shall generate an outgoing SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6] and:
 - a) shall include in the SIP MESSAGE request all Accept-Contact header fields and all Reject-Contact header fields, with their feature tags and their corresponding values along with parameters according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 3841 [8] that were received (if any) in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request;
 - b) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public user identity associated to the MCDData ID of the MCDData user that was in the Request-URI of the incoming SIP MESSAGE request;
 - c) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body received in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request; and

d) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function; and

5) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of SIP 2xx responses to the outgoing SIP MESSAGE requests, the participating MCDData function shall follow the procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

16.2A On-network MCDData adhoc group emergency alert

16.2A.1 Client procedures

16.2A.1.1 Ad hoc group emergency alert origination

Upon receiving a request from the MCDData user to send an MCDData adhoc group emergency alert, the MCDData client shall determine if this is an authorised request for the origination of an MCDData adhoc group emergency alert as specified in the clause 6.2.8.1.19.

If this is an unauthorised request for an MCDData adhoc group emergency alert, the MCDData client:

- 1) should indicate to the MCDData user that adhoc group emergency alerts are not allowed; and
- 2) shall skip the remainder of this procedure.

If this is an authorised request, MCDData client shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6] with the clarifications given below.

NOTE 1: This SIP MESSAGE request is assumed to be sent out-of-dialog.

The MCDData client:

- 1) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7] in the SIP MESSAGE request;
- 2) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata" along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 3) may include a P-Preferred-Identity header field in the SIP MESSAGE request containing a public user identity as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 4) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body as specified in Annex D.1 with the <mcddatainfo> element containing the <mcddata-Params> element with:
 - a) if the MCDData client needs to include an identity of adhoc group, the <mcddata-request-uri> element set to the identity of the adhoc group;

NOTE 2: The MCDData client can optionally include an identity of adhoc group if it learns by any means or generated by the MCDData client using required parameters.

- b) the <anyExt> element with the <adhoc-alert-ind> element set to a value of "true";
- c) the <mcddata-client-id> element set to the MCDData client ID of the originating MCDData client;
- d) if the MCDData client needs to include an active functional alias in the SIP MESSAGE request, the <anyExt> element with the <functional-alias-URI> element set to the URI of the used functional alias;

NOTE 2: The MCDData client learns the functional aliases that are activated for an MCDData ID from procedures specified in clause 22.2.1.3.

- e) if the MCDData user has requested an application priority, the <anyExt> element with the <user-requested-priority> element set to the user provided value;

- f) if the MCDATA user has requested to include additional information related to the MCDATA adhoc group emergency alert, the <anyExt> element with the <adhoc-additional-information> element set to the user provided value; and
 - g) a <call-participants-criteria> with one or more criteria as a comma separated list into <anyExt> element of <mcddata-Params> element of <mcddatainfo> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body in the SIP MESSAGE request;
- 5) shall include in the SIP MESSAGE request the specific location information for MCDATA adhoc group emergency alert as specified in clause 6.2.5.1;
 - 6) may set the MCDATA emergency state if not already set;
 - 7) may set the MCDATA adhoc group emergency alert state to "AH-MEA 2: adhoc-emergency-alert-confirm-pending";
 - 8) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity identifying the participating MCDATA function serving the MCDATA user; and
 - 9) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receiving a SIP 2xx response to the SIP MESSAGE request, the MCDATA client shall set the MCDATA adhoc group emergency alert state to "AH-MEA 3: adhoc-emergency-alert-initiated", if the current MCDATA emergency state is "AH-MEA 2: adhoc-emergency-alert-confirm-pending".

On receiving a SIP 4xx response a SIP 5xx response or a SIP 6xx response to the SIP MESSAGE request, the MCDATA client shall set the MCDATA adhoc group emergency alert state to "AH-MEA 1: no-adhoc-alert".

NOTE 3: The MCDATA emergency state is left set in this case as the MCDATA user presumably is in the best position to determine whether or not they are in a life-threatening condition. The assumption is that the MCDATA user can clear the MCDATA emergency state manually if needed.

NOTE 4: Based on implementation the MCDATA client can subsequently automatically originate an MCDATA emergency adhoc group data communication as specified in clause 24.2.2.

16.2A.1.2 Ad hoc group emergency alert cancellation

Upon receiving a request from the MCDATA user to send an MCDATA adhoc group emergency alert cancellation, the MCDATA client shall determine if this is an authorised request for an MCDATA adhoc group emergency alert cancellation as specified in the clause 6.2.8.1.19.

If this is an unauthorised request for an MCDATA adhoc group emergency alert cancellation, the MCDATA client:

- 1) should indicate to the MCDATA user that adhoc group emergency alert cancellations are not allowed; and
- 2) shall skip the remainder of this procedure.

If this is an authorised request, MCDATA client shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6] with the clarifications given below.

NOTE 1: This SIP MESSAGE request is assumed to be sent out-of-dialog.

The MCDATA client:

- 1) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7] in the SIP MESSAGE request;
- 2) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata" along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 3) may include a P-Preferred-Identity header field in the SIP MESSAGE request containing the public user identity of the originator as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];

- 4) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as specified in Annex D.1 with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with:
 - a) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData adhoc group identity;
 - b) the <anyExt> element with the <adhoc-alert-ind> element set to a value of "false";
 - c) the <mcdata-client-id> element set to the MCDData client ID of the originating MCDData client;
 - d) if the MCDData client needs to include an active functional alias in the SIP MESSAGE request, the <anyExt> element with the <functional-alias-URI> element set to the URI of the used functional alias;

NOTE 1A: The MCDData client learns the functional aliases that are activated for an MCDData ID from procedures specified in clause 22.2.1.3.

- e) if the MCDData user is cancelling an MCDData adhoc group emergency alert originated by another MCDData user, include the <originated-by> element set to the MCDData ID of the MCDData user who originated the MCDData adhoc group emergency alert; and
 - f) set the MCDData adhoc group emergency alert state to "AH-MEA 4: adhoc-emergency-alert-cancel-pending";
- 5) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity identifying the participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;
 - 6) if the generated SIP MESSAGE request does not contain an <originated-by> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall set the MCDData adhoc group emergency alert state to "AH-MEA 4: adhoc-emergency-alert-cancel-pending"; and
 - 7) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receipt of a SIP MESSAGE request containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with an <adhoc-alert-ind-rcvd> element set to true and an <mcdata-client-id> matching the MCDData client ID included in the sent SIP MESSAGE request:

- 1) if the <adhoc-alert-ind> element is set to a value of "false" in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the received SIP MESSAGE request and if the MCDData adhoc group emergency alert state is set to "MEA 4: Emergency-alert-cancel-pending" and the sent SIP MESSAGE request did not contain an <originated-by> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall:
 - a) set the MCDData adhoc group emergency alert state to "AH-MEA 1: no-adhoc-alert"; and
 - b) clear the MCDData emergency state if not already cleared;
- 2) if the <adhoc-alert-ind> element is set to a value of "true" in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the received SIP MESSAGE request and if the MCDData adhoc group emergency alert state is set to "AH-MEA 4: adhoc-emergency-alert-cancel-pending" and the sent SIP MESSAGE request did not contain an <originated-by> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall set the MCDData adhoc group emergency alert state to "AH-MEA 3: adhoc-emergency-alert-initiated"; and

NOTE 2: It would appear to be an unusual situation for the initiator of an MCDData adhoc group emergency alert to not be able to clear their own alert. Nevertheless, an MCDData user can be configured to be authorised to initiate MCDData adhoc group emergency alerts but not have the authority to clear them. Hence, the case is covered here.

On receiving a SIP 4xx response, SIP 5xx response or SIP 6xx response to the sent SIP MESSAGE request:

- 1) if the received SIP 4xx response, SIP 5xx response or SIP 6xx response to the SIP MESSAGE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as specified in Annex D.1 with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element containing the <anyExt> element with the <adhoc-alert-ind> element set to a value of "true", the sent SIP MESSAGE request did not contain an <originated-by> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body and the MCDData adhoc group emergency alert state is set to "AH-MEA 4: adhoc-emergency-alert-cancel-pending", shall set the MCDData adhoc group emergency alert state to "AH-MEA 3: adhoc-emergency-alert-initiated"; and
- 2) if the received SIP 4xx response, SIP 5xx response or a SIP 6xx response to the SIP MESSAGE request does not contain an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with an <adhoc-alert-ind> element, the sent SIP

MESSAGE request does not contain an <originated-by> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body and the MCDData adhoc group emergency alert state is set to "AH-MEA 4: adhoc-emergency-alert-cancel-pending", shall set the MCDData adhoc group emergency alert state to "AH-MEA 3: adhoc-emergency-alert-initiated".

16.2A.1.3 MCDData client receives an MCDData adhoc group emergency alert notification

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for adhoc group emergency alert notification", the MCDData client:

- 1) if the received SIP MESSAGE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <adhoc-alert-ind> element set to a value of "true", may display to the MCDData user the functional alias of the originating MCDData user, if provided, and should display to the MCDData user an indication of the MCDData adhoc group emergency alert and associated information, including:
 - a) the MCDData group identity contained in <mcdata-calling-group-id> element application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body;
 - b) the originator of the MCDData adhoc group emergency alert contained in the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body;
 - c) the mission critical organization of the MCDData adhoc group emergency alert originator contained in the <mc-org> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and
 - d) the additional information related to the MCDData adhoc group emergency alert contained in the <anyExt> element with the <adhoc-additional-information> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, if present;

NOTE 1: This is the case of the MCDData client receiving the notification of another MCDData user's adhoc group emergency alert.

- 2) if the received SIP MESSAGE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <adhoc-alert-ind> element set to a value of "false":
 - a) should display to the MCDData user an indication of the MCDData adhoc group emergency alert cancellation and associated information, including:
 - i) the MCDData group identity contained in the <mcdata-calling-group-id> element application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body;
 - ii) the originator of the MCDData adhoc group emergency alert contained in:
 - A) if present, the <originated-by> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; or
 - B) the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and
 - b) if the MCDData ID contained in the <originated-by> element is the MCDData ID of the receiving MCDData user, shall set the MCDData adhoc group emergency alert state to "AH-MEA 1: no-adhoc-alert";

NOTE 2: This is the case of the MCDData client receiving the notification of the cancellation by an MCDData authorized user of an MCDData adhoc group emergency alert. This can be the MCDData adhoc group emergency alert of another MCDData user or the MCDData adhoc group emergency alert of the recipient, as determined by the contents of the <originated-by> element.

- 3) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 4) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response towards the MCDData server according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

16.2A.2 Participating MCDATA function procedures

16.2A.2.1 Receipt of a SIP MESSAGE request for adhoc group emergency notification from the served MCDATA client

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for adhoc emergency notification for originating participating MCDATA function", the participating MCDATA function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDATA function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;

NOTE 1: If the SIP MESSAGE request contains an alert indication set to a value of "true", the participating MCDATA function can, according to local policy, choose to accept the request.

- 2) shall determine the MCDATA ID of the calling user from the public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP MESSAGE request;

NOTE 2: The MCDATA ID of the calling user is bound to the public user identity at the time of service authorisation, as documented in clause 7.3.

- 3) if the participating MCDATA function cannot find a binding between the public user identity and an MCDATA ID or if the validity period of an existing binding has expired, then the participating MCDATA function shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text set to "141 user unknown to the participating function" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with any of the remaining steps;

- 4) shall determine the public service identity of the controlling MCDATA function for the adhoc group emergency alert service associated with the originating user's identity i.e. MCDATA ID;

NOTE 3: How the participating MCDATA function determines the public service identity of the controlling MCDATA function for the adhoc group emergency alert service associated with the originating user's identity is out of the scope of the present document.

- 5) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 6) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity of the controlling MCDATA function determined in step 4) above;
- 7) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the received SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as specified in Annex D.1 included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- 8) if the received SIP MESSAGE request contains a <functional-alias-URI> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall check the status of the functional alias for the MCDATA ID. If the functional alias status is activated, then the participating MCDATA function shall set the <functional-alias-URI> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the received value, otherwise it shall not include a <functional-alias-URI> element;
- 9) shall set the <mcdata-calling-user-id> contained in <mcdata-Params> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body to the MCDATA ID determined in step 2) above;
- 10) if the received SIP MESSAGE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body as specified in clause D.4 shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body in the received SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- 11) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDATA function; and
- 12) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 2xx response in response to the SIP MESSAGE request sent in step 12):

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the follow clarifications:
 - a) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function;
- 2) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

16.2A.2.2 Receipt of a SIP MESSAGE request for adhoc group emergency notification for terminating MCDData client

In the procedures in this clause:

- 1) alert indication in an incoming SIP MESSAGE request refers to the <adhoc-alert-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body.

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for adhoc emergency notification for terminating participating MCDData function", the participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;

NOTE 1: If the SIP MESSAGE request contains an alert indication set to a value of "true", the participating MCDData function can by means beyond the scope of this specification choose to accept the request.

- 2) shall use the MCDData ID present in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP MESSAGE request to retrieve the binding between the MCDData ID and public user identity;
- 3) if the binding between the MCDData ID and public user identity does not exist, then the participating MCDData function shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps;
- 4) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body received in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- 5) shall generate an outgoing SIP MESSAGE request as specified in clause 6.3.2.1; and
- 6) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of SIP 2xx responses to the outgoing SIP MESSAGE requests, the participating MCDData function shall follow the procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

16.2A.2.3 Receipt of a SIP MESSAGE request indicating successful delivery of adhoc group emergency notification of originating MCDData client

Upon receipt of a SIP MESSAGE request routed to the participating MCDData function with the Request-URI set to the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function and the SIP MESSAGE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with an <adhoc-alert-ind-rcvd> element present, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall use the MCDData ID present in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP MESSAGE request to retrieve the binding between the MCDData ID and public user identity;

- 3) if the binding between the MCDData ID and public user identity does not exist, then the participating MCDData function shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps;
- 4) shall generate an outgoing SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6] and:
 - a) shall include in the SIP MESSAGE request all Accept-Contact header fields and all Reject-Contact header fields, with their feature tags and their corresponding values along with parameters according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 3841 [8] that were received (if any) in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request;
 - b) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public user identity associated to the MCDData ID of the MCDData user that was in the Request-URI of the incoming SIP MESSAGE request;
 - c) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body received in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request; and
 - d) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function; and
- 5) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] towards the originating MCDData client of the adhoc group emergency alert.

Upon receipt of SIP 2xx responses to the outgoing SIP MESSAGE requests, the participating MCDData function shall follow the procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

16.2A.2.4 Adhoc group emergency alert participants modify procedure initiated by participating MCDData function

When the participating MCDData function determines that new MCDData users are meeting the specified criteria or the MCDData users who were meeting the specified criteria are no longer meeting the specified criteria, the participating MCDData function shall follow the procedures as specified in clause 24.3.5.2.1:

16.2A.3 Controlling MCDData function procedures

16.2A.3.1 Handling of adhoc group emergency alert notification

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for adhoc emergency notification for controlling MCDData function", the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The controlling MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4]. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps;

NOTE 1: If the SIP MESSAGE request contains an alert indication set to a value of "true", the controlling MCDData function can, according to local policy, choose to accept the request.

- 2) shall reject the SIP request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response and not process the remaining steps if an Accept-Contact header field does not include the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata";
- 2a) if the received SIP MESSAGE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <adhoc-alert-ind> element set to a value of "false", shall perform the procedures specified in clause 16.2A.3.2 and skip the rest of the steps;
- 3) if the received SIP MESSAGE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <adhoc-alert-ind> element set to a value of "true":
 - a) if the received SIP MESSAGE request is an unauthorised request for an adhoc group emergency alert as specified in clause 6.3.7.2.8, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the following clarifications:

- i) shall include in the SIP 403 (Forbidden) response an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as specified in Annex D.1 with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element containing the <anyExt> element with the <adhoc-alert-ind> element set to a value of "false"; and
 - ii) shall send the SIP 403 (Forbidden) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and skip the rest of the steps;
- b) if the received SIP MESSAGE request is an authorised request for an adhoc group emergency alert as specified in clause 6.3.7.2.8, shall determine the MCDData users that meet the criteria contained in the <call-participants-criteria> contained in the <anyExt> element of the <mcdata-Params> element of the <mcdatainfo> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the SIP MESSAGE request:

NOTE 2: The determination of meeting the criteria is left to implementation and can use additional predefined data stored on the controlling MCDData function.

- i) shall create the adhoc group and generate the group identity to be associated with the adhoc group if the identity of adhoc group included in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the <mcdata-Params> element of the <mcdatainfo> element containing in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body received in the SIP MESSAGE request is not acceptable or not included;
 - ii) shall determine the participants of the adhoc group emergency alert and send the adhoc group emergency alert, as specified in clause 24.4.6.1;
 - iii) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - iv) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP MESSAGE according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - v) shall cache the information that the MCDData user has initiated an adhoc group emergency alert;
 - vi) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request as described in clause 6.3.7.1.5 to indicate successful receipt of an adhoc group emergency alert to the initiator, and shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element containing:
 - A) the <anyExt> element with the <adhoc-alert-ind> element set to a value of "true";
 - B) the <anyExt> element with the <adhoc-alert-ind-rcvd> element set to a value of "true";
 - C) the <mcdata-client-id> element with the MCDData client ID that was included in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request;
 - D) the <mcdata-calling-group-id> element set to the adhoc group identity as determined in this clause; and
 - E) the <anyExt> element with the <call-participants-criteria> element as determined in step 5) b) in clause 24.4.6.1; and
 - vii) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request towards the originating participating MCDData function according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 4) shall continue to include the MCDData users meeting or to remove MCDData users no longer meeting the criteria as specified in the clause 16.2A.3.3.

16.2A.3.2 Handling of adhoc group emergency alert cancellation

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for adhoc emergency notification for controlling MCDData function" containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <adhoc-alert-ind> element set to a value of "false", the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The controlling MCDData function may

include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4]. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps;

NOTE: If the SIP MESSAGE request contains an alert indication set to a value of "false", the controlling MCDData function can, according to local policy, choose to accept the request.

- 2) shall reject the SIP request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response and not process the remaining steps if an Accept-Contact header field does not include the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata";
- 3) if the received SIP MESSAGE request is an unauthorised request for an adhoc group emergency alert cancellation as specified in clause 6.3.7.2.9, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the following clarifications:
 - a) shall include in the SIP 403 (Forbidden) response an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body as specified in Annex D.1 with the <mcdainfo> element containing the <mcddata-Params> element containing the anyExt> element with the <adhoc-alert-ind> element set to a value of "true"; and
 - b) shall send the SIP 403 (Forbidden) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 4) if the received SIP MESSAGE request is an authorised request for an adhoc group emergency alert cancellation as specified in clause 6.3.7.2.9:
 - a) shall stop determining the participants of the adhoc group emergency alert, as specified in clause 24.4.6.2;
 - b) if the received SIP MESSAGE request contains an <originated-by> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body, shall clear the cache of the MCDData ID of the MCDData user identified by the <originated-by> element as having an outstanding adhoc group emergency alert;
 - c) if the received SIP MESSAGE request does not contain an <originated-by> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body, clear the cache of the MCDData ID of the sender of the SIP MESSAGE request as having an outstanding adhoc group emergency alert;
 - d) for each members of the adhoc group shall:
 - i) generate a SIP MESSAGE request notification of the cancellation of the adhoc group emergency alert as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.2;
 - ii) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdainfo> element containing the <mcddata-Params> element with the <mcddata-calling-user-id> element set to the value of the <mcddata-calling-user-id> element in the received SIP MESSAGE request;
 - iii) if the received SIP MESSAGE request contains an <originated-by> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body, copy the contents of the received <originated-by> element to an <originated-by> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
 - iv) shall include an <adhoc-alert-ind> element set to a value of "false" in an <anyExt> element of the <mcddata-Params> element of the <mcdainfo> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request; and
 - v) send the SIP MESSAGE request towards the terminating MCDData clients as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - e) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - f) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP MESSAGE request towards the originating MCDData client as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - g) to indicate successful receipt of an adhoc group emergency alert cancellation shall:
 - i) generate a SIP MESSAGE request as described in clause 6.3.7.1.5, and shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdainfo> element containing the <mcddata-Params> element containing:

- A) the <anyExt> element with the <adhoc-alert-ind> element set to a value of "false";
 - B) the <anyExt> element with the <adhoc-alert-ind-rcvd> element set to a value of true;
 - C) the <mcddata-client-id> element with the MCDData client ID that was included in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request; and
 - D) the <mcddata-calling-group-id> element set to the adhoc group identity received in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request; and
- ii) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request towards the originating participating MCDData function according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- h) if no data communication is in-progress on adhoc group or once the ongoing adhoc group data communication is terminated, the cached information about adhoc group is cleared.

16.2A.3.3 Handling of ongoing adhoc group emergency alert

When the controlling MCDData function is notified that a new MCDData client is meeting the criteria, or that an MCDData client does not meet the criteria any more, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall for each new user determined to meet the criteria:
 - a) generate an outgoing SIP MESSAGE request notification of the MCDData user's adhoc group emergency alert indication as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.2 with the clarifications of clause 6.3.7.1.3;
 - b) include, if not already present, an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body as specified in Annex D.1, and set the <adhoc-alert-ind> element to a value of "true"; and
 - c) include the <call-participants-criteria> element in the <anyExt> element of the <mcddata-Params> element of the <mcddatainfo> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body as determined in step 5)/b) in clause 24.4.6.1; and
 - d) send the SIP MESSAGE request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall for each new user determined to not meet the criteria anymore:
 - a) generate an outgoing SIP MESSAGE request notification of the MCDData user's adhoc group emergency alert indication as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.2 with the clarifications of clause 6.3.7.1.3;
 - b) include, if not already present, an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body as specified in Annex D.1, and set the <adhoc-alert-ind> element to a value of "false"; and
 - c) include the <call-participants-criteria> element in the <anyExt> element of the <mcddata-Params> element of the <mcddatainfo> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body as determined in step 5)/b) in clause 24.4.6.1; and
 - d) send the SIP MESSAGE request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 3) shall cache the information of the adhoc group identity and the list of MCDData users that meet the criteria for the duration of the adhoc group emergency alert.

Upon receipt of SIP 2xx responses to the outgoing SIP MESSAGE requests shall:

- 1) cache the information of the adhoc group identity and a separate list of MCDData users that meet the criteria but did not respond with a SIP 2xx response to the above SIP MESSAGE request for notification of the MCDData user's adhoc group emergency alert indication, for the duration of the adhoc group emergency alert;
- 2) determine the users that are authorized to receive MCDData adhoc group emergency alert participant information as described in clause 6.3.7.2.10;
- 3) for each new user determined to be authorized to MCDData receive adhoc group emergency alert participant information:
 - a) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request as described in clause 6.3.7.1.25; and

b) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

16.2A.3.4 Handling of adhoc group emergency alert participants modify procedure initiated by participating MCDData function

Upon receiving a:

- "SIP MESSAGE request to add user to adhoc group data communication notification for controlling MCDData function"; or
- "SIP MESSAGE request to remove user from adhoc group data communication notification for controlling MCDData function";

the controlling MCDData function, shall follow the procedures as specified in clause 24.4.5.2.1 with the clarifications given below:

- 1) the MCDData users meeting the specified criteria;
 - a) send an outstanding adhoc group emergency alert and execute the procedure as specified in clause 16.2A.3.3; and
- 2) the MCDData users no longer meeting the specified criteria;
 - a) send an outstanding adhoc group emergency alert cancelation and execute the procedure as specified in clause 16.2A.3.3.

16.2.3 Controlling MCDData function procedures

16.2.3.1 Handling of a SIP MESSAGE request for emergency notification

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for emergency notification for controlling MCDData function", the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The controlling MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field in the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps;

NOTE: If the SIP MESSAGE request contains an alert indication set to a value of "true", the controlling MCDData function can, according to local policy, choose to accept the request.

- 2) shall reject the SIP request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response and not process the remaining steps if an Accept-Contact header field does not include the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata", "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" or "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd";
- 3) if the received SIP MESSAGE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <alert-ind> element set to a value of "false", shall perform the procedures specified in clause 16.2.3.2 and skip the rest of the steps; and
- 4) if the received SIP MESSAGE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <alert-ind> element set to a value of "true":
 - a) if the received SIP MESSAGE request is an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency alert as specified in clause 6.3.7.2.1, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the following clarifications:
 - i) shall include in the SIP 403 (Forbidden) response an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as specified in clause D.1 with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with the <alert-ind> element set to a value of "false"; and
 - ii) shall send the SIP 403 (Forbidden) response as specified in TS 24.229 [5] and skip the rest of the steps; and

- b) if the received SIP MESSAGE request is an authorised request for an MCDData emergency alert as specified in clause 6.3.7.2.1:
- i) if the sending MCDData user identified by the <mcddata-calling-user-id> element included in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body is not affiliated with the MCDData group identified by the <mcddata-request-uri> element of the MIME body as determined by the procedures of clause 6.3.5:
 - I) shall check if the MCDData user is eligible to be implicitly affiliated with the MCDData group as determined by clause 8.3.3.6;
 - II) if the MCDData user is determined not to be eligible to be implicitly affiliated to the MCDData group shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "120 user is not affiliated to this group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and skip the rest of the steps below; or
 - III) if the procedures of clause 8.3.3.6 determined the MCDData user to be eligible to be implicitly affiliated to the MCDData group, shall perform the implicit affiliation as specified in clause 8.3.3.7;
 - ii) for each of the other affiliated members of the group:
 - A) generate an outgoing SIP MESSAGE request notification of the MCDData user's emergency alert indication as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.2 with the clarifications of clause 6.3.7.1.3;
 - B) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcddatainfo> element containing the <mcddata-Params> element with the <mcddata-calling-user-id> element set to the value of the <mcddata-calling-user-id> element in the received SIP MESSAGE request;
 - C) if the received SIP MESSAGE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body that contains a <functional-alias-URI> element shall set the <functional-alias-URI> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the received value, otherwise shall not include a <functional-alias-URI> element; and
 - D) send the SIP MESSAGE request according to according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - iii) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the following clarifications:
 - A) shall cache the information that the MCDData user has initiated an MCDData emergency alert;
 - iv) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP MESSAGE according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - v) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request as described in clause 6.3.7.1.5 to indicate successful receipt of an emergency alert, and shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body:
 - A) the <alert-ind> element set to a value of "true";
 - B) the <alert-ind-rcvd> element set to a value of "true"; and
 - C) the <mcddata-client-id> element with the MCDData client ID that was included in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request; and
 - vi) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of SIP 2xx responses to the outgoing SIP MESSAGE requests, the controlling MCDData function shall follow the procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

16.2.3.2 Handling of a SIP MESSAGE request for emergency alert cancellation

Editor's note: In the current release, support for emergency groups and emergency group communications (in particular the use of the <emergency-ind> element) may be absent, partial or limited, namely only provided to the extent of facilitating emergency alert functionality.

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for emergency notification for controlling MCDData function" containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <alert-ind> element set to a value of "false", the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) if the received SIP MESSAGE request is an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency alert cancellation as specified in clause 6.3.7.2.1:
 - a) and if the received SIP MESSAGE request does not contain an <emergency-ind> element or is an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency communication cancellation as specified in clause 6.3.7.2.3, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the following clarifications:
 - i) shall include in the SIP 403 (Forbidden) response an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as specified in clause D.1 with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with the <alert-ind> element set to a value of "true";
 - ii) if the received SIP MESSAGE request contains an <emergency-ind> element of the <mcdatainfo> element set to a value of "false" and if the in-progress emergency state of the group is set to a value of "true" and this is an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency communication cancellation as determined in step i) above, shall include an <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "true" in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the SIP 403 (Forbidden) response; and
 - iii) shall send the SIP 403 (Forbidden) response according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and skip the rest of the steps; and
 - b) and if the received SIP MESSAGE request contains an <emergency-ind> element and is an authorised request for an MCDData emergency communication cancellation as specified in clause 6.3.7.2.3 and the in-progress emergency state of the MCDData group is set to a value of "true":
 - i) shall set the in-progress emergency state of the group to a value of "false";
 - ii) shall clear the cache of the MCDData ID of the MCDData user that triggered the setting of the in-progress emergency state of the MCDData group;
 - iii) shall generate SIP re-INVITE requests to the other affiliated and joined members of the MCDData group as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.1, and
 - A) for each affiliated and joined member shall send the SIP re-INVITE request towards the MCDData client as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - iv) for each of the affiliated but not joined members of the group, shall:
 - A) generate a SIP MESSAGE request notification of the cancellation of the MCDData user's emergency communication as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.2;
 - B) include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element set to the value of the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element in the received SIP MESSAGE request;
 - C) include an <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "false" in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request; and
 - D) send the SIP MESSAGE request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - v) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP MESSAGE request as specified in TS 24.229 [5];
 - vi) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP MESSAGE as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - vii) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request as described in clause 6.3.7.1.5 to indicate successful emergency communication cancellation;
 - viii) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP MESSAGE request:
 - A) the <alert-ind> element set to a value of "true";

- B) the <alert-ind-rcvd> element set to a value of "true";
 - C) the <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "false"; and
 - D) the <mcddata-client-id> element with the MCDData client ID that was included in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request; and
- ix) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 2) if the received SIP MESSAGE request is an authorised request for an MCDData emergency alert cancellation as specified in clause 6.3.7.2.2:
- a) if the received SIP MESSAGE request contains an <originated-by> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body, shall clear the cache of the MCDData ID of the MCDData user identified by the <originated-by> element as having an outstanding MCDData emergency alert;
 - b) if the received SIP MESSAGE request does not contain an <originated-by> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body, clear the cache of the MCDData ID of the sender of the SIP MESSAGE request as having an outstanding MCDData emergency alert;
 - c) if the received SIP MESSAGE request does not contain an <emergency-ind> element or is an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency communication cancellation as specified in clause 6.3.7.2.3, for each of the affiliated but not joined members of the group shall:
 - i) generate a "SIP MESSAGE request for emergency notification for terminating participating MCDData function" to cancel the MCDData user's emergency alert as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.2;
 - ii) include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcddatainfo> element containing the <mcddata-Params> element with the <mcddata-calling-user-id> element set to the value of the <mcddata-calling-user-id> element in the received SIP MESSAGE request;
 - iii) if the received SIP MESSAGE request contains an <originated-by> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body, copy the contents of the received <originated-by> element to an <originated-by> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
 - iv) include an <alert-ind> element set to a value of "false" in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request; and
 - v) send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - d) if the received SIP MESSAGE request contains an <emergency-ind> element and is an authorised request for an MCDData emergency communication cancellation as specified in clause 6.3.7.2.3 and the in-progress emergency state of the MCDData group is set to a value of "true":
 - i) shall set the in-progress emergency state of the group to a value of "false";
 - ii) shall cache the information that the MCDData user has cancelled the outstanding in-progress emergency state of the group;
 - iii) shall generate SIP re-INVITE requests to the other affiliated and joined members of the MCDData group as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.1, and
 - A) for each affiliated and joined member shall send the SIP re-INVITE request towards the MCDData client as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
 - iv) for each of the affiliated but not joined members of the group, shall:
 - A) generate a SIP MESSAGE request notification of the cancellation of the MCDData user's emergency communication as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.2;
 - B) include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcddatainfo> element containing the <mcddata-Params> element with the <mcddata-calling-user-id> element set to the value of the <mcddata-calling-user-id> element in the received SIP MESSAGE request;

- C) if the received SIP MESSAGE request contains an <originated-by> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, copy the contents of the received <originated-by> element to an <originated-by> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
 - D) include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body an <alert-ind> element set to a value of "false";
 - E) include an <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "false" in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request; and
 - F) send the SIP MESSAGE request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- e) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - f) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP MESSAGE as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - g) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request as described in clause 6.3.7.1.5 to indicate successful receipt of the request for emergency alert cancellation;
 - h) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, the <alert-ind> element set to a value of "false" and the <alert-ind-rcvd> set to "true";
 - i) shall populate the <mcdata-client-id> element with the MCDData client ID that was included in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request;
 - j) if the received SIP MESSAGE request contains an <emergency-ind> element of the <mcdatainfo> element set to a value of "false":
 - i) if this is an authorised request for an MCDData emergency communication cancellation as specified in clause 6.3.7.2.3, shall include an <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "false" in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request; and
 - ii) otherwise, if this is an unauthorised request for an MCDData emergency communication cancellation as specified in clause 6.3.7.2.3, and the in-progress emergency state of the group is set to a value of "true", shall include an <emergency-ind> element set to a value of "true" in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request; and
 - k) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to according to the rules and procedures of TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of SIP 2xx responses to the outgoing SIP MESSAGE requests, the controlling MCDData function shall follow the procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

16.2.3.3 Late emergency alert initiated by controlling MCDData function

When controlling MCDData function is notified that an MCDData client is newly affiliated or comes back from out of coverage, the controlling MCDData function:

NOTE: How the MCDData function is informed when an MCDData client is coming back from out of coverage is out of scope of present document.

- 1) if there is an outstanding MCDData emergency alert for the MCDData group to which the user affiliated, and a communication is not ongoing on associated group on which outstanding alert exists, for the MCDData client:
 - a) generate an outgoing SIP MESSAGE request notification of the MCDData user's emergency alert indication as specified in clause 6.3.7.1.2 with the clarifications of clause 6.3.7.1.3;
 - b) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element set to the MCDData ID of the MCDData user who has initiated an MCDData emergency alert; and
- c) send the SIP MESSAGE request according to according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

16.3 Off-network emergency alert

16.3.1 General

16.3.2 Basic state machine

16.3.2.1 General

16.3.2.2 Emergency alert state machine

The figure 16.3.2.2-1 gives an overview of the main states and transitions on the UE for emergency alert.

Each emergency alert state machine is per MCDData group.

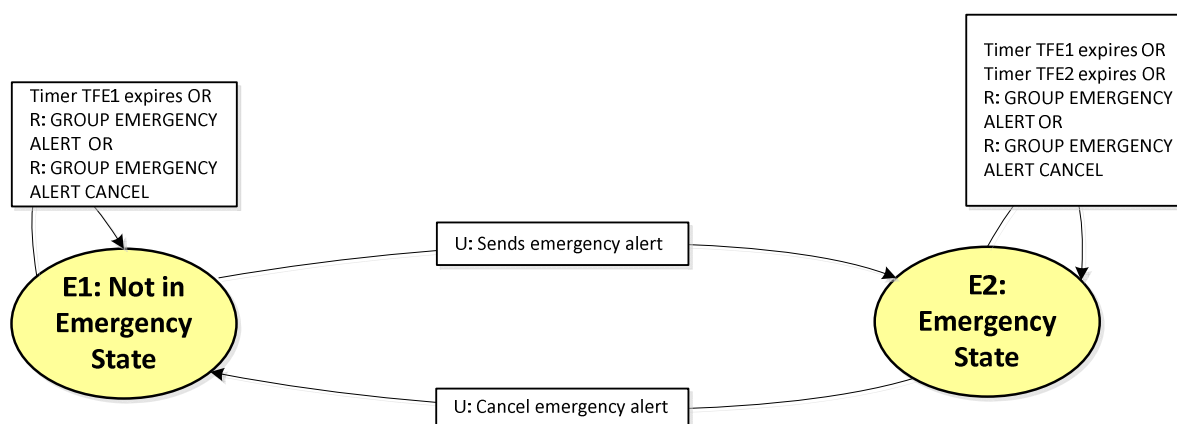


Figure 16.3.2.2-1: Emergency alert state machine

The following piece of information is associated with the emergency alert state machine:

- a) the stored emergency state of the MCDData group.

NOTE: The emergency alert state machine is referred by the MCDData off-network group call and MCDData off-network private call procedures.

16.3.2.3 Emergency alert states

16.3.2.3.1 E1: Not in emergency state

This state is the start state of this state machine.

The UE stays in this state while not in emergency state.

16.3.2.3.2 E2: Emergency state

This state exists for UE, when the UE has sent a GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT message.

16.3.3 Procedures

16.3.3.1 Originating user sending emergency alert

When in state "E1: Not in emergency state", upon receiving an indication from the MCDData user to transmit an emergency alert for an MCDData group ID and the value of "`<x>/<x>/Common/AllowedActivateAlert`" leaf node present in the user profile as specified in 3GPP TS 24.483 [42] is set to "true", the MCDData client:

- 1) shall set the stored emergency state as "true";
- 2) shall set the stored MCDData group ID to the indicated MCDData group ID;
- 3) shall generate a GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT message as specified in clause 15.1.14. In the GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT message, the MCDData client:
 - a) shall set the MCDData group ID IE to the stored MCDData group ID;
 - b) shall set the Originating MCDData user ID IE to own MCDData user ID;
 - c) may set the Organization name IE to own organization name; and
 - d) may set the User location IE with client's current location, if requested;
- 4) shall send the GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT message as specified in clause 9.3.1.2;
- 5) shall start timer TFE2 (emergency alert retransmission); and
- 6) shall enter "E2: Emergency state" state.

16.3.3.2 Emergency alert retransmission

When in state "E2: Emergency state", upon expiry of timer TFE2 (emergency alert retransmission), the MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate a GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT message as specified in clause 15.1.14. In the GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT message, the MCDData client:
 - a) shall set the MCDData group ID IE to the stored MCDData group ID;
 - b) shall set the originating MCDData user ID IE to own MCDData user ID;
 - c) may set the Organization name IE to own organization name; and
 - d) may set the Location IE with client's current location, if requested;
- 2) shall send the GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT message as specified in clause 9.3.1.2;
- 3) shall start the timer TFE2 (emergency alert retransmission); and
- 4) shall remain in the current state.

16.3.3.3 Terminating user receiving emergency alert

When in state "E1: Not in emergency state" or in "E2: Emergency state", upon receiving a GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT message with the Originating MCDData user ID IE not stored in the list of users in emergency, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall store the Originating MCDData user ID IE and location IE in the list of users in emergency;
- 2) shall generate a GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT ACK message as specified in clause 15.1.15. In the GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT ACK message, the MCDData client:
 - a) shall set the MCDData group ID IE to the MCDData group ID IE of the received GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT message;
 - b) shall set the Sending MCDData user ID IE to own MCDData user ID;

- c) shall set the Originating MCDData user ID IE to the Originating MCDData user ID IE of the received GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT message; and
- 3) shall send the GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT ACK message as specified in clause 9.3.1.2;
- 4) shall start timer TFE1 (Emergency Alert); and
- 5) shall remain in the current state.

NOTE: Each instance of timer TFE1 is per MCDData user ID.

Editor's Note: [CR 0095, WI eMCDData2] Use of timer TFE1 in case of several emergency alerts from multiple users is FFS.

16.3.3.4 Terminating user receiving retransmitted emergency alert

When in state "E1: Not in emergency state" or in "E2: Emergency state", upon receiving a GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT message with the Originating MCDData user ID IE stored in the list of users in emergency and Location IE different than the stored location of the user, the MCDData client:

- 1) may update the stored location of the user with the received Location IE;
- 2) shall restart the associated timer TFE1 (Emergency Alert); and
- 3) shall remain in the current state.

16.3.3.5 Originating user cancels emergency alert

When in "E2: Emergency state", upon receiving an indication from the MCDData user to cancel an emergency alert and the value of "`<x>/<x>/Common/AllowedCancelAlert`" leaf node present in the user profile as specified in 3GPP TS 24.483 [42] is set to "true", the MCDData client:

- 1) shall set the stored emergency state as "false";
- 2) shall generate a GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT CANCEL message as specified in clause 15.1.16. In the GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT CANCEL message, the MCDData client:
 - a) shall set the MCDData group ID IE to the stored MCDData group ID; and
 - b) shall set the Originating MCDData user ID IE to own MCDData user ID;
- 3) shall send the GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT CANCEL message as specified in clause 9.3.1.2;
- 4) shall stop timer TFE2 (emergency alert retransmission); and
- 5) shall enter "E1: Not in emergency state" state.

16.3.3.6 Terminating user receives GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT CANCEL message

When in state "E1: Not in emergency state" or in "E2: Emergency state", upon receiving a GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT CANCEL message with the Originating MCDData user ID IE stored in the list of users in emergency, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall remove the MCDData user ID and associated location information from the stored list of users in emergency;
- 2) shall generate a GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT CANCEL ACK message as specified in clause 15.1.17. In the GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT CANCEL ACK message, the MCDData client:
 - a) shall set the MCDData group ID IE to the MCDData group ID IE of the received GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT CANCEL message;
 - b) shall set the Sending MCDData user ID IE to own MCDData user ID; and

- c) shall set the Originating MCDData user ID IE to the Originating MCDData user ID IE of the received GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT message;
- 3) shall send the GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT CANCEL ACK message as specified in clause 9.3.1.2;
- 4) shall stop the associated timer TFE1 (Emergency Alert); and
- 5) shall remain in the current state.

16.3.3.7 Implicit emergency alert cancel

When in state "E1: Not in emergency state" or in "E2: Emergency state", upon expiry of timer TFE1 (Emergency Alert) associated with a stored MCDData user ID, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall remove the MCDData user ID and associated location information from the stored list of users in emergency; and
- 2) shall remain in the current state.

17 Location procedures

17.1 General

If the participating MCDData function needs to obtain location information, the participating MCDData function configures the MCDData client upon successful MCDData service authorization. The configuration contains information the MCDData client uses to set up filter criteria for when the MCDData client shall send location reports to the participating MCDData function.

The participating MCDData function can also explicitly request the MCDData client to send a location report.

The MCDData client will, based on the received configuration or when explicitly requested, send location reports.

The location information can be used by the participating MCDData function to determine whether to use MBMS bearers or not.

In case of LTE MBMS and 5G MBS co-existence, the inter-RAT information contained in the location information is used by the participating MCDData function to determine how to receive MCDData services after inter-RAT change.

17.2 Participating MCDData function location procedures

17.2.1 General

The participating MCDData function has procedures to:

- configure the location reporting at the UE;
- request the UE to report the location of the UE; and
- receive a location information report from the UE.

17.2.2 Location reporting configuration

The participating MCDData function may configure the location reporting in the MCDData client by generating a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6]. The participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall include a Request-URI set to the public user identity from MCDData service authorization corresponding to the MCDData ID of the MCDData user;

- 2) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref set to the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" in accordance with IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 3) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with an <mcdata-request-uri> element containing the MCDATA ID of the MCDATA user to receive the configuration;
- 4) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body with the <Configuration> element contained in the <location-info> root element set to the desired configuration;
- 5) shall include the TriggerId attribute, with its already assigned value, if existent and valid, or with a newly generated unique value, if not, where defined for the sub-elements defining the trigger criterion;
- 6) shall include the public service identity of the participating MCDATA function in the P-Asserted-Identity header field;
- 7) shall include a P-Asserted-Service header field with the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata";
- 8) may include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element set to the identity of the user requesting the location information configuration;
- 9) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 10) shall store the location reporting configuration for the MCDATA client.

17.2.2A Location reporting configuration requested by authorized MCDATA client

Upon receiving a SIP MESSAGE containing a location reporting configuration replacement or modification request from an MCDATA client, the participating MCDATA function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or if a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response, may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and shall skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall determine the MCDATA ID of the requesting user from public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP MESSAGE request;

NOTE 1: The MCDATA ID of the requesting user is bound to the public user identity at the time of service authorisation, as documented in clause 7.3.

- 3) if the participating MCDATA function cannot find a binding between the public user identity and an MCDATA ID or if the validity period of an existing binding has expired, then the participating MCDATA function shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text set to "141 user unknown to the participating function" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with any of the remaining steps;
- 4) if the incoming SIP MESSAGE request does not contain an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "aaa invalid location request target client list" in a Warning header field, as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 5) shall check if the MC user is authorized to send a location reporting configuration request and if the MC user is not authorized, reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including a warning text set to "ccc user not authorized to request location configuration changes" in a Warning header field, as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;

NOTE 2: How the participating function determine if the MC user is authorized to send location reporting configuration requests is out of scope of the current specification.

- 6) shall generate and send a SIP 200 OK response to the SIP MESSAGE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and

- 7) for each requested MCDData client identified by the "uri" attribute of each <entry> element of a <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body, shall perform the following:
 - a) if the requested MCDData client location reporting configuration contains trigger criteria without assigned values for the respective TriggerId attribute, set the same value for the respective TriggerId for all MCDData clients, different for each individual trigger criterion;
 - b) if the requested MCDData client location reporting configuration is not managed by the current participating function, determine the public service identity of the participating MCDData function managing the requested MCDData client location reporting configuration and send a copy of the received SIP MESSAGE request with the following modifications; or

NOTE 3: How to determine the public service identity of the participating function is out of scope of the current specification.

- i) set the Request-URI to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function managing the requested MC user location reporting configuration;
 - ii) update the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body to only include the requested MC user;
 - iii) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element set to the identity of the requesting user as determined in step 2; and
 - iv) send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- c) if the requested MCDData client location reporting configuration is managed by the current participating MCDData function, perform the following:
 - i) evaluate if the requested MC user has authorized providing the requested MC user's location information to requesting MC user, and if the authorization is not successful, silently ignore the request and not continue with the remaining steps in this clause for this requested MCDData client; and

NOTE 4: How the requested MCDData client authorizes sharing of location information with the requesting MC user is out of scope of the current specification.

- ii) proceed further as specified in clause 17.2.2, for the requested MCDData client.

17.2.2B Location reporting configuration request from another MCDData server

Upon receiving a SIP MESSAGE containing a location reporting configuration request from another MCDData server, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or if a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response, may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and shall skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall use the MCDData ID present in the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP MESSAGE request to determine the MCDData ID of the requesting user;
- 3) shall generate and send a SIP 200 OK response to the SIP MESSAGE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 4) for each requested MCDData client identified by the "uri" attribute of each <entry> element of a <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body, shall perform the following:
 - i) evaluate if the requested MC user has authorized the requesting MC user to replace or modify the location reporting configuration, and if the authorization was not successful, silently ignore the request and not continue with the remaining steps in this sub clause for this requested MCDData client; and

NOTE 2: How the requested MCDData client authorizes the requesting MC user to replace or modify the location reporting configuration is out of scope of the current specification.

- ii) proceed further as specified in clause 17.2.2, for the requested MCDData client.

17.2.3 Location information request

17.2.3.1 Location information request to MCDData client

If the participating MCDData function needs to request the MCDData client to report its location, the participating MCDData functions shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6]. The participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall include a Request-URI set to the URI from MCDData service authorization corresponding to the MCDData ID of the MCDData user;
- 2) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag `g.3gpp.icsi-ref` set to the value `"urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata"` along with parameters `"require"` and `"explicit"` in accordance with IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 3) shall include an `application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml` MIME body with an `<mcdata-request-uri>` element containing the MCDData ID of the MCDData user;
- 4) shall include an `application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml` MIME body with a `<Request>` element contained in the `<location-info>` root element;
- 5) shall include a `P-Asserted-Service` header field with the value `"urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata"`; and
- 6) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

17.2.3.2 Location information request from authorized MCDData client

Upon receiving a SIP MESSAGE containing a location information request from an MCDData client, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or if a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response, may include a `Retry-After` header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and shall skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall determine the MCDData ID of the requesting user from public user identity in the `P-Asserted-Identity` header field of the SIP MESSAGE request;

NOTE 1: The MCDData ID of the requesting user is bound to the public user identity at the time of service authorisation, as documented in clause 7.3.

- 3) if the participating MCDData function cannot find a binding between the public user identity and an MCDData ID or if the validity period of an existing binding has expired, then the participating MCDData function shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text set to `"141 user unknown to the participating function"` in a `Warning` header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with any of the remaining steps;
- 4) if the incoming SIP MESSAGE request does not contain an `application/resource-lists+xml` MIME body, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to `"244 invalid location request target client list "` in a `Warning` header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 5) shall check if the MC user is authorized to send a location information request and if the MC user is not authorized, reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including a warning text set to `"245 user not authorized to request location information"` in a `Warning` header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;

NOTE 2: How the participating function determine if the MC user is authorized to send location information request is out of scope of the current specification.

- 6) shall generate and send a SIP 200 OK response to the SIP MESSAGE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 7) shall determine the lists of MCDData clients for which location information is being requested by the following:
 - a) determine as being requested each MCDData client identified by the "uri" attributes of each <entry> element of the <list> element of the <resource-list> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body; or
 - b) determine as being requested each MCDData client that has activated the functional alias provided by the <location-of-functional-alias-URI> element into the <anyExt> element of the <mcdData-Params> element of the <mcdDataInfo> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml MIME body and utilize the functional alias status determination from MCDData server owning functional alias procedure in clause 22.2.2.2.7.
- 7A) for each requested MCDData client identified determined in the step 7 perform the following:
 - a) if the requested MCDData client location information is not managed by the current participating function, determine the public service identity of the participating MCDData function serving the requested MCDData client location information and send a copy of the received SIP MESSAGE request with the following modifications; or

NOTE 3: How to determine the public service identity of the participating function is out of scope of the current specification.

- i) set the Request-URI to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function handling the requested MC user location information;
 - ii) update the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body to only include the requested MC user;
 - iii) send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
 - iv) skip the remaining steps in this procedure; and
- b) if the requested MCDData client location information is managed by the current participating MCDData function, perform the following:
 - i) evaluate if the requested MC user has authorized providing the requested MC user's location information to requesting MC user, and if the authorization is not successful silently ignore the request and not continue with the remaining steps in this sub clause for this requested MCDData client;

NOTE 4: How the requested MCDData client authorizes sharing of location information with the requesting MC user is out of scope of the current specification.

- ii) if the participating MCDData function does not have any location information stored about the requested MCDData client or if the "refresh" attribute is set to "true" in the <Request> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-location-info+xml MIME body, then the participating MCDData function shall request an immediate update of the location information from the requested MCDData client by sending a location information request according to clause 17.2.3.1, wait for the location information report from the MCDData client for an implementation dependent period of time, and, when received, store/update the reported location information.
- iii) if the participating MCDData function have location information stored but the information is older than an implementation dependent value, then the participating MCDData function shall request an immediate update of the location information from the requested MCDData client by sending a location information request according to clause 17.2.3.1, wait for the location information report from the MCDData client for an implementation dependent period of time, and, when received, store/update the reported location information.
- iv) if the <Request> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-location-info+xml MIME body in the received SIP MESSAGE contains a <LocationFilter> element of the <anyExt> element of "location-info", then the participating MCDData function:

- A) if the <AreaIn> sub-element of the <LocationFilter> element of the <anyExt> element of "location-info" is set to "true" and the requested MCDData client is outside the geographical area identified by the TriggerId content of the <AreaIdentifier> sub-element of the <LocationFilter> element of the <anyExt> element of "location-info", skip the remaining steps in this procedure; or
- B) if the <AreaIn> sub-element of the <LocationFilter> element of the <anyExt> element of "location-info" is set to "false" and the requested MCDData client is inside the geographical area identified by the TriggerId content of the <AreaIdentifier> sub-element of the <LocationFilter> element of the <anyExt> element of "location-info", skip the remaining steps in this procedure; and
- v) generate an outgoing SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6], according to the following.
 - A) set the Request-URI of the SIP MESSAGE to the public user identity bound to the MCDData ID of the requesting user;
 - B) include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-location-info+xml MIME body and in the <location-info> root element include a <Report> element and include the <ReportID> attribute set to the value of the <RequestID> attribute in the received request;
 - C) in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-location-info+xml MIME body include current location information of the requested MCDData client in the <CurrentLocation> element in the <Report> element;

NOTE 5: The type of location information reported (e.g. cell id, geographical coordinates) is based on location information configuration and implementation.

- D) in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-location-info+xml MIME body include the MCDData ID of the requested MCDData client in the <mcddata-reporting-uri> element in the <Report> element; and
- E) send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

17.2.3.3 Location information request from another MCDData server

Upon receiving a SIP MESSAGE containing a location information request from an another MCDData server, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or if a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response, may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and shall skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall determine the MCDData ID of the requesting user from public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP MESSAGE request;

NOTE 1: The MCDData ID of the requesting user is bound to the public user identity at the time of service authorisation, as documented in clause 7.3.

- 3) shall generate and send a SIP 200 OK response to the SIP MESSAGE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 4) for each requested MCDData client identified by the "uri" attribute of each <entry> element of a <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body shall perform the following:
 - i) evaluate if the requested MC user has authorized providing the requested MC user's location information to requesting MC user, and if the authorization is not successful, silently ignore the request and not continue with the remaining steps in this sub clause for this requested MCDData client; and

NOTE 2: How the requested MCDData client authorizes sharing of location information with the requesting MC user is out of scope of the current specification.

- ii) if the participating MCDData function does not have any location information stored about the requested MCDData client or if the "refresh" attribute is set to "true" in the <Request> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-location-info+xml MIME body then the participating MCDData function shall request an immediate update of the location information from the requested MCDData client by sending a

location information request according to clause 17.2.3.1, wait for the location information report from the MCDData client for an implementation dependent period of time, and, when received, store/update the reported location information.

- iii) if the participating MCDData function have location information stored but the information is older than an implementation dependent value then the participating MCDData function shall request an immediate update of the location information from the requested MCDData client by sending a location information request according to clause 17.2.3.1, wait for the location information report from the MCDData client for an implementation dependent period of time, and, when received, store/update the reported location information.
 - iv) if the <Request> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body in the received SIP MESSAGE contains a <LocationFilter> element of the <anyExt> element of "location-info", then the participating MCDData function:
 - A) if the <AreaIn> sub-element of the <LocationFilter> element of the <anyExt> element of "location-info" is set to "true" and the requested MCDData client is outside the geographical area identified by the TriggerId content of the <AreaIdentifier> sub-element of the <LocationFilter> element of the <anyExt> element of "location-info", skip the remaining steps in this procedure; or
 - B) if the <AreaIn> sub-element of the <LocationFilter> element of the <anyExt> element of "location-info" is set to "false" and the requested MCDData client is inside the geographical area identified by the TriggerId content of the <AreaIdentifier> sub-element of the <LocationFilter> element of the <anyExt> element of "location-info", skip the remaining steps in this procedure; and
 - v) generate an outgoing SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6], according to the following:
 - A) set the Request-URI of the SIP MESSAGE to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function associated to the requesting MCDData user;
 - B) include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body and in the <location-info> root element include a <Report> element and include the <ReportID> attribute set to the value of the <RequestID> attribute in the received request;
 - C) in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body include current location information of the requested MCDData client in the <CurrentLocation> element in the <Report> element;
- NOTE 3: The type of location information reported (e.g. cell id, geographical coordinates) is based on location information configuration and implementation.
- D) in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body include the MCDData ID of the requested MCDData client in the <mcdata-reporting-uri> element in the <Report> element; and
 - E) send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

17.2.4 Location information report

17.2.4.1 Location information report from an MCDData client

If the participating MCDData function receives a SIP request containing:

- 1) a Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml"; and
- 2) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body with a <Report> element included in the <location-info> root element;

then the participating MCDData function shall authorise the location report based on the MCDData ID received. If the MCDData user is authorised to send a location report the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall use the location information as needed;
- 2) shall follow the procedure of clause 6.3.7.1.7, if the MCDData client has entered into or exited from a group geographic area; and

- 3) shall follow the procedure of clause 6.3.7.1.6, if the MCDData client has entered into or exited from an emergency alert area.

NOTE: The <Report> element contains the event triggering identity in the location information report from the UE, and can contain location information.

17.2.4.2 Location information report from another MCDData server

If the participating function receives a location information report from another server containing:

- 1) a Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml"; and
- 2) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body with a <Report> element including a <ReportID> attribute and a <mcdata-reporting-uri> element included in the <location-info> root element;

then the participating function shall update the Request-URI and forward the report to the requesting MCDData client.

NOTE: this case occurs when another MCDData participating function forwards a location information report, as described in clause 17.2.3.3.

17.2.5 Abnormal cases

Upon receipt of a SIP request:

- 1) where the P-Asserted-Identity identifies a public user identity not associated with an MCDData user served by the participating MCDData function; or
- 2) with a MIME body with Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml" and with a <mcdata-request-URI> element containing an MCDData ID that identifies an MCDData user served by the participating MCDData function;

then, when the SIP request contains:

- 1) an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.mcdata media feature tag;
- 2) an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media-feature tag with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata"; and
- 3) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body containing a <Request> element or a <Configuration> element;

the participating MCDData function shall remove the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body when sending a SIP request.

17.3 MCDData client location procedures

17.3.1 General

The MCDData client sends a location report when one of the trigger criteria is fulfilled or when it receives a request from the participating MCDData function to send a location report. To send the location report the MCDData client can use an appropriate SIP message that it needs to send for other reasons, or it can include the location report in a SIP MESSAGE request.

To send a location report, the MCDData client includes in the SIP MESSAGE request an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body as specified in clause D.4. The MCDData client populates the elements in accordance with its reporting configuration. Further location information may also be included in the P-Access-Network-Info header field.

17.3.2 Location reporting configuration

17.3.2.1 MCDData client receiving location reporting configuration

Upon receiving a SIP MESSAGE request containing:

- 1) an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref set to the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata";
- 2) a Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml"; and
- 3) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body with a <Configuration> root element included in the <location-info> root element;

the MCDData client:

- 1) shall replace or modify the stored contents of the <Configuration> elements, consistent with the <ConfigScope> value, and then store the location configuration;

NOTE: The MCDData client only needs to store the latest received location reporting configuration.

- 2) shall set the location reporting triggers accordingly; and
- 3) shall start the minimumReportInterval timer.

17.3.2.2 Authorized MCDData client sending location reporting configuration

To request replacement or modification of the location reporting configuration for one or several MCDData clients, an authorized MC user's MCDData client shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6], as follows:

- 1) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7] in the SIP MESSAGE request;
- 2) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 3) may include a P-Preferred-Identity header field in the SIP MESSAGE request containing a public user identity as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 4) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity identifying the participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;
- 5) shall include in the "uri" attribute of each <entry> element of a <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body set to the MCDData ID of the requested MCDData users for which replacement or modification of location reporting configuration is being requested, according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 5366 [18];
- 6) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body with a <Configuration> element contained in the <location-info> root element; and
- 7) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

17.3.3 Location information request

17.3.3.1 Location information request to MCDData client

Upon receiving a SIP MESSAGE request containing:

- 1) an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref set to the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata";

- 2) a Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml"; and
- 3) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body with a <Request> element included in the <location-info> root element;

the MCDData client:

- 1) shall send a location report as specified in clause 17.3.4; and
- 2) shall reset the minimumReportInterval timer.

17.3.3.2 Location information request from authorized MCDData client

If a MC user needs to request the location information for one or several MCDData clients the MCDData client shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6].

- 1) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7] in the SIP MESSAGE request;
- 2) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 3) may include a P-Preferred-Identity header field in the SIP MESSAGE request containing a public user identity as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 4) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity identifying the participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;
- 5) shall include either a list of MCDData IDs of the MCDData users for which location information is being requested or one activated functional alias that is used to identify the MCDData clients for which location information is being requested according to the following:
 - i) shall include in the "uri" attribute of each <entry> element of a <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body set to the MCDData ID of the requested MCDData users for which location information is being requested, according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 5366 [18]; or
 - ii) include a <location-of-functional-alias-URI> element into the <anyExt> element of the <mcdata-Params> element of the <mcdatainfo> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the requested functional alias URI used to identify the MCDData clients for which location information is being requested.
- 6) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body with a <Request> element identified with the <RequestId> attribute contained in the <location-info> root element;

NOTE: The value of the <RequestId> attribute is returned in the corresponding <ReportId> attribute in order to correlate the request and the reports.

- 7) may include the "refresh" attribute set to "true" in the <Request> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body;
- 8) may include a <LocationFilter> element of the <anyExt> element of "location-info" together with the <Request> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body, with the sub-elements of the <LocationFilter> element of the <anyExt> element of "location-info" set as follows:
 - i) the sub-element <AreaIdentifier> set to the TriggerId associated to the specific geographical area; and
 - ii) the <AreaIn> sub-element set to "true", for restricting the request to the requested MCDData user being inside the geographical area, or to "false", for restricting the request to the requested MCDData user being outside the geographical area; and
- 9) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

17.3.4 Location information report

17.3.4.1 Report triggering

If a location reporting trigger fires, the MCDData client checks if the minimumReportInterval timer is running. If the timer is running the MCDData client waits until the timer expires. When the minimumReportInterval timer expires, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall, if any of the reporting triggers are still true, send a location information report as specified in clause 17.3.4.2.

If the MCDData client receives a location information request as specified in clause 17.3.3, the MCDData client shall send a location report as specified in clause 17.3.4.2.

17.3.4.2 Sending location information report

If the MCDData client needs to send a SIP request anyway (i.e. for reasons other than explicit location reporting request or the firing of a configured location trigger), the MCDData client:

- 1) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body and in the <location-info> root element the MCDData client shall include:
 - a) a <Report> element and, if the Report was triggered by a location request, include the <ReportID> attribute set to the value of the <RequestID> attribute in the received Request;
 - b) <TriggerId> child elements, if triggers have fired, where each element is set to the value of the <Trigger-Id> attribute associated with the triggers that have fired; and
 - c) the location reporting elements corresponding to the triggers that have fired, if at least one trigger has fired;
- 2) shall set the minimumReportInterval timer to the minimumReportInterval time and start the timer; and
- 3) shall reset all triggers.

If the MCDData client does not need to send a SIP request for reasons other than explicit location reporting request or the firing of a configured location trigger, the MCDData client shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6]. The MCDData client:

- 1) shall include in the Request-URI, the SIP URI received in the P-Asserted-Identity header field in the received SIP MESSAGE request for location report configuration;
- 2) shall include a Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml";
- 3) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml MIME body and in the <location-info> root element include:
 - a) a <Report> element and if the Report was triggered by a location request include the <ReportID> attribute set to the value of the <RequestID> attribute in the received Request;
 - b) <TriggerId> child elements, if triggers have fired, where each element is set to the value of the <Trigger-Id> attribute associated with the triggers that have fired; and
 - c) the location reporting elements corresponding to the triggers that have fired, if at least one trigger has fired;
- 4) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.mcdata along with parameters "require" and "explicit" in accordance with IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 5) shall set the minimumReportInterval timer to the minimumReportInterval time and start the timer;
- 6) shall reset all triggers; and
- 7) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

18 Pre-established session

18.1 General

The MCDData client may establish one or more pre-established sessions to the participating MCDData function at any time after SIP registration and setting the service settings as defined in clause 7.2.2 or clause 7.2.3.

The MCDData client may use the pre-established session for originating standalone SDS using media plane or SDS session after pre-established session establishment.

The participating MCDData function may use the pre-established session for terminating standalone SDS using media plane or SDS session after pre-established session establishment.

The use of a pre-established session requires the use of resource sharing as specified in 3GPP TS 29.214 [49] and 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] by the participating MCDData function. The participating MCDData function use of resource sharing is defined in clause 18.2.

18.2 Participating MCDData function use of resource sharing

The participating MCDData function utilizes resource sharing either:

- 1) via the SIP core as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; or
- 2) by directly interfacing to PCC to control resource sharing via the Rx reference point as specified in 3GPP TS 29.214 [49].

If resource sharing is supported then the participating MCDData function may allow the use of pre-established sessions by the MCDData client.

The participating MCDData function can determine that the SIP core supports resource sharing from the received third-party SIP REGISTER request if the Resource-Share header field with the value "supported" is contained in the "message/sip" MIME body of the third-party SIP REGISTER request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

When using resource sharing the participating MCDData function uses the "+g.3gpp.registration-token" header field parameter in the Contact header field of the third-party REGISTER request to identify the MCDData UE that is registering and to identify whether resource sharing and pre-established sessions can be used with a specific MCDData UE.

18.3 Pre-established session for MCDData SDS communication

18.3.1 General

This clause describes the procedures to establish pre-established MCDData session which may be used for originating standalone SDS using media plane or SDS session. The MCDData client or the participating MCDData function may initiate the release of a pre-established session as defined in clause 18.3.3.

18.3.1.1 SDP offer generation

When composing an SDP offer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 4975 [17], IETF RFC 6135 [19] and IETF RFC 6714 [20] the MCDData client:

- 1) shall include an "m=message" media-level section for the MCDData media stream consisting of:
 - a) the port number;
 - b) a protocol field value of "TCP/MSRP" or "TCP/TLS/MSRP" for TLS;
 - c) an "a=sendrecv" attribute;

- d) an "a=path" attribute containing its own MSRP URI;
- e) set the content type as "a=accept-types:application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-payload"; and
- f) set the a=setup attribute as "actpass".

18.3.1.2 SDP answer generation

When composing the SDP answer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall replace the IP address and port number in the received SDP answer with the IP address and port number of the participating MCDData function, for the accepted media stream in the received SDP offer, if required; and
- 2) if the IP address is replaced shall insert its MSRP URI before the MSRP URI in the "a=path" attribute in the SDP answer.

18.3.2 Session establishment

18.3.2.1 MCDData client procedures

When the MCDData client initiates a pre-established session the MCDData client shall:

- 1) gather ICE candidates according to IETF RFC 8445 [77]; and

NOTE: ICE candidates are only gathered on interfaces that the MCDData UE uses to obtain MCDData service.

- 2) generate an initial SIP INVITE request by following the UE originating session procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], with the clarifications given below.

The MCDData client:

- 1) shall set the Request-URI of the SIP INVITE request to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;
- 2) may include a P-Preferred-Identity header field in the SIP INVITE request containing a public user identity as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 3) shall include the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag in the Contact header field of the SIP INVITE request according to IETF RFC 3840 [16];
- 4) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.mcdata.sds along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 5) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7] in the SIP INVITE request;
- 6) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref set to the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 7) shall include the "timer" option tag in the Supported header field;
- 8) should include the Session-Expires header field according to IETF RFC 4028 [38] and should not include the "refresher" header field. The "refresher" header field parameter shall be set to "uac" if included;
- 9) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdataInfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with the <anyExt> element an <pre-established-session-ind> element set to a value of "true";
- 10) shall include an SDP offer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications given in clause 18.3.1.1, and include ICE candidates in the SDP offer as per IETF RFC 8839 [78]; and

1) shall send the SIP INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 2xx response to the SIP INVITE request the MCDData client:

1) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15].

18.3.2.2 Participating MCDData function procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP INVITE request for establishing a pre-established session" the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall check whether the public service identity is allocated and if it is not allocated, shall return a SIP 404 (Not Found) response and skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall determine the MCDData ID of the MCDData user establishing the pre-established session and perform actions to verify the MCDData ID of the MCDData client and authorise the request according to local policy, and if not authorised, the participating MCDData function shall return a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "225 User not authorized to initiate pre-established session" as specified in clause 4.9 and skip the rest of the steps;
- 3) shall determine whether resource sharing is supported (see clause 18.2);
- 4) if resource sharing is supported by the SIP core, determine that there is a binding between the MCDData ID of the MCDData user establishing the pre-established session and the MCDData UE identified by the "+g.3gpp.registration-token" header field parameter in the Contact header field of the third-party REGISTER request (see clause 18.2) and that this UE identity matches the identity in the "+g.3gpp.registration-token" header field parameter in the Feature-Caps header field in the "SIP INVITE request for establishing a pre-established session";
- 5) if resource sharing is not supported or if there is no binding between the MCDData ID of the MCDData user and the identity of the MCDData UE identified by the "+g.3gpp.registration-token" header field parameter in the Feature-Caps header field or the participating MCDData function does not support the pre-established session, then the participating MCDData function shall return a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "226 function not allowed due to pre-established session not supported" as specified in clause 4.9 and skip the rest of the steps;
- 6) shall determine if the media parameters are acceptable and the MSRP URI is offered in the SDP offer and if not reject the request with a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response and skip the rest of the steps;
- 7) shall verify that the media resources are available to support the media parameters and if not shall reject the request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response, and skip the rest of the steps;
- 8) shall allocate a URI to be used to identify the pre-established session;
- 9) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
 - a) shall include a Contact header field containing the URI that identifies the pre-established session;
 - b) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function;
 - c) shall include a Supported header field containing the "norefersub" option tag;
 - d) shall if the SIP core supports resource sharing, include a Resource-Share header field answer as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with:
 - A) the value "media-sharing";
 - B) an "origin" header field parameter set to "session-initiator";
 - C) a "timestamp" header field parameter; and
 - D) a "rules" header field parameter with one resource sharing rule per media stream in the same order the corresponding m-line appears in the SDP. Each resource sharing rule is constructed as follows:
 - a "new-sharing-key" part; and

- a "directionality" part indicating the direction of the pre-established media stream; and
- e) shall include an SDP answer as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications in clause 18.3.1.2 and include ICE candidates in the SDP answer as per IETF RFC 8839 [78];
- 10) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15];
- 11) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response towards the MCDData client according to the rules and procedures of the 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 12) shall evaluate the ICE candidates according to IETF RFC 8445 [77].

NOTE: If ICE candidate evaluation results in candidate pairs other than the default candidate pair being selected a further offer answer exchange using the procedures in clause 18.3.4 will be needed.

18.3.3 Session release

18.3.3.1 MCDData client procedures

18.3.3.1.1 MCDData client initiated release

NOTE: The MCDData client needs to be prepared to release the pre-established session when receiving a SIP BYE request generated by the SIP core (e.g. due to network release of media plane resources).

When a MCDData client needs to release a pre-established session as created in clause 18.3.2, the MCDData client shall perform the procedure as described in clause 13.2.2.2.2.1.

18.3.3.1.2 Participating MCDData function initiated release

Upon receiving a SIP BYE request from the participating MCDData function within a pre-established session the MCDData client shall check whether there are any MCDData sessions using the pre-established session, and:

- 1) if there is an established MCDData session then the MCDData client shall remove the MCDData client from the MCDData session by performing the procedures for session release for each MCDData session as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15]; and
- 2) if there is no MCDData session using the pre-established session, then the MCDData client shall follow the procedure described in clause 13.2.3.2.2.

18.3.3.2 Participating MCDData function procedures

18.3.3.2.1 MCDData client initiated release

Upon receiving a SIP BYE request from the MCDData client within a pre-established session the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall check whether there is a MCDData session using the pre-established session, and:
 - a) if there is an established MCDData session then the participating MCDData function shall remove the MCDData client from the MCDData session by performing the procedures as specified in clause 13.2.2.2.3.1;
 - b) if there is a MCDData session in the process of being established, then the participating MCDData function:
 - i) shall send a SIP CANCEL request to cancel the MCDData session in the process of being established as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
 - ii) shall release the MCDData session as specified in the clause 13.2.2.2.3.1, if a SIP 200 (OK) response for the SIP INVITE request is received from the remote side; and
 - c) if there is no MCDData session using the pre-established session, then the participating MCDData function shall:
 - i) interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] for disconnecting the media plane resources towards the MCDData client; and

- ii) shall generate and send a SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP BYE request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP BYE request from the remote side, the participating MCDATA function:

- 1) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] for releasing media plane resources towards the remote side;
- 2) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] for releasing media plane resources towards the MCDATA client; and
- 3) shall send a SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP BYE request to the MCDATA client.

18.3.3.2.2 Participating MCDATA function initiated release

When a participating MCDATA function needs to release a pre-established session as created in clause 8.2.2, the participating MCDATA function:

- 1) shall first release any participants of all MCDATA calls that are using the pre-established session. The participating MCDATA function shall remove the MCDATA client from the MCDATA session by performing the procedures as specified in clause 13.2.2.2.3.1;
- 2) shall generate a SIP BYE request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 3) shall set the Request-URI of the SIP BYE request to the URI that identifies the pre-established session;
- 4) shall send the SIP BYE request towards the MCDATA client within the SIP dialog of the pre-established session according to rules and procedures of the 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 5) shall, upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP BYE request interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15].

18.3.4 Session modification

18.3.4.1 MCDATA client procedures

18.3.4.1.1 MCDATA client initiated

When the MCDATA client needs to modify the pre-established session outside of an MCDATA session, the MCDATA client:

- 1) shall generate a SIP UPDATE request or a SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include an SDP offer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications given in clause 18.3.1.1, and include ICE candidates in the SDP offer as per IETF RFC 8839 [78], if required; and
- 3) shall send the SIP request towards the MCDATA server according to the rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receipt of the SIP 200 (OK) response the MCDATA client:

- 1) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15], if there is a change in media parameters in the received SDP answer, compared to those in the previously agreed SDP; and
- 2) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15], if there is a media stream, that is currently used in the pre-established session and is removed in the received SDP answer.

NOTE: The MCDATA client keeps resources for previously agreed media stream and media parameters until it receives a SIP 200 (OK) response.

18.3.4.1.2 MCDData client receives SIP UPDATE or SIP re-INVITE request

Upon receiving a SIP UPDATE request or a SIP re-INVITE request to modify an existing pre-established session without associated MCDData session, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall validate that the received SDP offer includes at least one media stream for which the media parameters and the MSRP URI is acceptable by the MCDData client and if not, reject the request with a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as follows:
 - a) shall include an SDP answer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications given in clause 18.3.1.2, and include ICE candidates in the SDP answer as per IETF RFC 8839 [78], if required; and
- 3) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response towards the MCDData server according to the rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

18.3.4.2 Participating MCDData function procedures

18.3.4.2.1 Reception of a SIP UPDATE or SIP re-INVITE request from served MCDData client

Upon receiving a SIP UPDATE request or a SIP re-INVITE request to modify an existing pre-established session without associated MCDData session, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall validate that the received SDP offer includes at least one media stream for which the media parameters and the MSRP URI is acceptable by the participating MCDData function and if not reject the request with a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps; and
- 2) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as follows:
 - a) include an SDP answer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] based on the received SDP offer with the clarifications given in the clause 18.3.1.2, and include ICE candidates in the SDP answer as per IETF RFC 8839 [78], if required; and
 - b) include a Contact header field containing the URI that identifies the pre-established session and send a SIP 200 (OK) response according to the rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

18.3.4.2.2 Participating MCDData function initiated

When the participating MCDData function needs to modify the pre-established session outside of an MCDData session, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP UPDATE request or a SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include an SDP offer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], and include ICE candidates in the SDP offer as per IETF RFC 8839 [78], if required; and
- 3) shall send the SIP request towards the MCDData client according to the rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receipt of the SIP 200 (OK) response, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15], if there is change in media parameters or the MSRP URI in the received SDP answer, compared to those in the previously agreed SDP;
- 2) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15], if there is a media stream, that is currently used in the pre-established session, is removed in the received SDP answer; and
- 3) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15], if there is a media stream accepted in the received SDP answer, that is not currently used by the participant in the pre-established session.

NOTE: The participating MCDData function keeps resources for previously agreed media stream, media parameters and the MSRP URI until it receives a SIP 200 (OK) response.

19 MBMS transmission usage procedure

19.1 General

This clause describes the participating MCDData function and the MCDData client procedure for:

- 1) MBMS bearer announcements;
- 2) MBMS bearer listening status; and
- 3) MBMS bearer suspension status.

This clause contains references to the MBMS Subchannel control messages Map Group To Bearer and Unmap Group To Bearer defined in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15].

19.2 Participating MCDData function MBMS usage procedures

19.2.1 General

This clause describes the procedures in the participating MCDData function for:

- 1) sending an MBMS bearer announcements to the MCDData client;
- 2) receiving an MBMS bearer listening status from the MCDData client; and
- 3) receiving an MBMS bearer suspension status from the MCDData client.

19.2.2 Sending MBMS bearer announcement procedures

19.2.2.1 General

The availability of a MBMS bearer is announced to MCDData clients by means of an MBMS bearer announcement message. One or more MBMS bearer announcement elements are included in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-mbms-usage-info+xml MIME body.

An MBMS bearer announcement message can contain new MBMS bearer announcements, updated MBMS bearer announcements or cancelled MBMS bearer announcements or a mix of all of them at the same time in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-mbms-usage-info+xml MIME body. Each initial MBMS bearer announcement message announces one MBMS bearer intended to carry a general purpose MBMS subchannel used for application level multicast signalling in a specified MBMS service area and additionally, the message could also announce zero or more extra MBMS bearers intended to carry additional media plane traffic.

NOTE: A new MBMS bearer announcement does not implicitly remove previously sent MBMS bearer announcements if the previously sent MBMS bearer announcement is not included in an MBMS bearer announcement message. However, the application/sdp MIME body, if included in the new MBMS bearer announcement message, fully replaces the existing application/sdp MIME body (which includes the MSCCK security key used to protect the general purpose MBMS subchannel).

When and to whom the participating MCDData function sends the MBMS bearer announcement is based on local policy in the participating MCDData function.

The following clauses describe how the participating MCDData function:

1. sends an initial MBMS bearer announcement message;
2. updates a previously sent announcement of MBMS bearer(s);
3. cancels a previously sent announcement of MBMS bearer(s); and

4. keys, re-keys or un-keys MCDATA groups using Multicast Signalling Key (MuSiK) via a key download procedure.

Prior to the participating MCDATA function transmitting on an MBMS bearer, the participating MCDATA function:

1. if necessary, shall instruct the local key management client to request keying material from the key management server as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
2. shall generate MSCCK(s) with the corresponding MSCCK-ID(s) and MuSiK(s) with the corresponding MuSiK-ID(s) as necessary; and
3. shall distribute MSCCKs, MSCCK-IDs, MuSiKs and MuSiK-IDs to the MCDATA clients, as needed, using the keying material received from the key management server for security protection, as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26].

19.2.2.2 Sending an initial MBMS bearer announcement procedure

For each MCDATA client that the participating MCDATA function is sending an MBMS bearer announcement to, the participating MCDATA function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 2) shall set the Request-URI to the URI received in the To header field in a third-party SIP REGISTER request;
- 3) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media-feature tag with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdta" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 4) shall include a P-Asserted-Service header field with the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdta";
- 5) shall include one application/sdp MIME body conforming to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] where the application/sdp MIME body:
 - a) shall include the Content-Disposition header field with the value "render";
 - b) should include one or more "m=message" media lines and media line attributes conforming to IETF RFC 4566 [71] and IETF RFC 5888 [72], to be used as the MBMS subchannel for media only. Additionally, the participating MCDATA function:

NOTE 0: Unciphered packets (i.e. using RTP/UDP/IP encapsulation) and ciphered packets (i.e. using SRTP/UDP/IP encapsulation) need separate media lines, with different transport protocols.

- i) shall set the c-line to the unspecified address (0.0.0.0), if IPv4, or to a domain name within the ".invalid" DNS top-level domain, if IPv6; and
 - ii) shall set the port number of the media line to 9; and
 - iii) shall set the <proto> sub-field of the media line to RTP/AVP for unciphered traffic or to RTP/SAVP for ciphered traffic, to be used for the MBMS subchannel associated to the media line; and
- c) shall include one "m=application" media line to be used for the general purpose MBMS subchannel. The media line shall include a valid multicast IP address and a valid port number. If the protection of MBMS subchannel control messages sent over this MBMS subchannel of the MBMS bearer is required, the participating MCDATA function also includes an "a=key-mgmt" media-level attribute. The participating MCDATA function:
- i) shall encrypt the MSCCK to a UID associated to the targeted MCDATA ID and a time related parameter as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - ii) shall generate a MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE using the encapsulated MSCCK and MSCCK-ID as specified in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - iii) shall add the public service identity of the participating MCDATA function to the initiator field (IDRi) of the I_MESSAGE as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];

- iv) shall sign the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE using the public service identity of the participating MCDData function signing key provided in the keying material together with a time related parameter, and add this to the MIKEY-SAKKE payload, as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]; and
 - v) shall include the "mikey" key management and protocol identifier and the signed MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE in the value of the a=key-mgmt" media-level attribute according to IETF RFC 4567 [45]; and
- 6) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-mbms-usage-info+xml MIME body defined in clause D.5 with the <version> element set to "1" and one or more <announcement> elements associated with the pre-activated MBMS bearers. Each set of an <announcement> element:
- a) shall include a TMGI value in the <TMGI> element;

NOTE 2: The same TMGI value can only appear in one <announcement> element. The TMGI value is also used to identify the <announcement> when updating or cancelling the <announcement> element.

NOTE 3: The security key active for the general purpose MBMS subchannel on which the mapping (i.e. the Map Group To Bearer message) of media to this MBMS bearer was indicated, is used for MBMS subchannels on this MBMS bearer, unless a different key or an indication of not using encryption is in place.

- b) shall include the QCI value in the <QCI> element;
- c) if multiple carriers are supported, shall include the frequency to be used in the <frequency> element;

NOTE 4: In the current release, if the <frequency> element is included, the frequency in the <frequency> element is the same as the frequency used for unicast.

- d) shall include one or more MBMS service area IDs in <mbms-service-area-id> elements in the <mbms-service-areas> element;

NOTE 5: Initial mappings of groups to MBMS subchannels on an MBMS bearer for the purpose of carrying media can occur only where the MBMS service area for this bearer and the MBMS service area for the bearer carrying the general purpose MBMS subchannel on which the Map Group To Bearer message is sent intersect. However, once the mapping to this bearer was successful, the reception by the MCDData client can continue (until Unmap Group To Bearer is received or until timeout) throughout the entire MBMS service area of this bearer.

- e) may include the <report-suspension> element and set it to "true" value or the "false" value;

NOTE 6: The participating function can choose to direct some clients not to send an MBMS bearer suspension report when notified by RAN, by including the <report-suspension> element set to "false". The purpose is to prevent an avalanche of identical reports sent by clients roughly at the same time, to report the suspension of the same MBMS bearer. The way the participation function determines which clients are to send or not to send the report is outside the scope of the present document.

- f) if the MBMS bearer is carrying the general purpose MBMS subchannel, shall include one <GPMS>element, giving the number of the "m=application" media line in the application/sdp MIME body generated in step 5 above to be used for the general purpose MBMS subchannel; and
 - g) if the packet headers are compressed with ROHC specified in RFC 5795 [60] in this MBMS bearer, the <anyExt> element in the <announcement> element in the <mcdata-mbms-usage-info> element shall include the <mcdata-mbms-rohc> element defined in clause D.5.3.
- 7) shall include the MBMS public service identity of the participating MCDData function in the P-Asserted-Identity header field;
- 8) shall include in a MIME body with Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml", the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData ID of the user; and
- 9) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request towards the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

19.2.2.3 Updating an announcement

When the participating MCDATA function wants to update a previously sent announcement, the participating MCDATA function sends an MBMS bearer announcement in an SIP MESSAGE request as specified in clause 19.2.2.2 where the participating MCDATA function in the <announcement> element to be updated:

- 1) shall include the same TMGI value as in the MBMS bearer announcement to be updated in the <TMGI> element;

NOTE 1: TMGI value is used to identify the <announcement> when updating or cancelling the <announcement> element and can't be changed.

- 2) shall include the same or an updated value of the QCI in the <QCI> element;
- 3) if a frequency was included in the previously sent announcement, shall include the same value in the <frequency> element;

NOTE 2: In the current release if the <frequency> element is included, the frequency in the <frequency> element is the same as the frequency used for unicast.

- 4) shall include the same list of MBMS service area IDs or an updated list of MBMS service area IDs in <mbms-service-area-id> elements in the <mbms-service-areas> element;
- 5) may include the same or an updated value in the <report-suspension> element;
- 6) shall include the <GPMS> element with the same value as in the initial <announcement> element; and
- 7) shall include the same application/sdp MIME body as included in the initial MBMS announcement.

19.2.2.4 Cancelling an MBMS bearer announcement

When the participating MCDATA function wants to cancel an MBMS bearer announcement associated with an <announcement> element, the participating MCDATA function sends an MBMS bearer announcement as specified in clause 19.2.2.2 where the participating MCDATA function in the <announcement> element to be cancelled:

- 1) shall include the same TMGI value as in the <announcement> element to be cancelled in the <TMGI> element;
- 2) shall not include an <mbms-service-areas> element;
- 3) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-mbms-usage-info+xml MIME body only contains <announcement> elements that are to be cancelled, shall not include an <GPMS> element; and
- 4) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-mbms-usage-info+xml MIME body only contains <announcement> elements that are to be cancelled, shall not include an application/sdp MIME body.

19.2.2.5 Sending a MuSiK download message

For each MCDATA client that the participating MCDATA function is intending to use a Multicast Signalling Key (MuSiK), the participating MCDATA function shall perform a key download procedure for a MuSiK and its corresponding MuSiK-ID. Two kinds of MuSiK download are possible: default MuSiK download and explicit MuSiK download. The default MuSiK download is used to set, reset or unset a MuSiK and its corresponding MuSiK-ID and is applicable to all groups supported by the MCDATA client, except for certain identified groups for which MuSiKs and MuSiK-IDs are assigned, reassigned or unassigned separately via explicit MuSiK download. The default MuSiK and MuSiK-ID can apply to all the MCDATA clients supported by the participating MCDATA function and can be overridden by the explicit MuSiK download which is selectively applied only to the MCDATA clients using the explicitly identified groups. A group subject to explicit MuSiK download, can be switched to the default MuSiK protection via a default MuSiK download identifying that group. The participating MCDATA function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 2) shall set the Request-URI to the URI received in the To header field in a third-party SIP REGISTER request;
- 3) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media-feature tag with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];

- 4) shall include a P-Asserted-Service header field with the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata";
- 5) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-mbms-usage-info+xml MIME body defined in clause D.5 with the <version> element set to "1", and either
 - a) containing an <mbms-explicitMuSiK-download> element with at least one <group> element associated with the MuSiK being downloaded; or
 - b) containing an <mbms-defaultMuSiK-download> element with zero or more <group> elements associated with the MuSiK being downloaded;
- 6) if protection for the group(s) in the specified list is to be provided using the MuSiK, shall include an application/mikey MIME body with the MIKEY message containing the encrypted MuSiK and the corresponding MuSiK-ID, constructed as described in clauses 5.8.1 and 5.2.2 of 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];

NOTE: Clause 9.2.1.3 of 3GPP TS 33.180 [26] shows an example on how to include an application/mikey MIME body in a SIP message.

- 7) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request towards the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

The participating MCDData function shall consider the key download successful on receipt of a 200 OK message in response to the SIP MESSAGE request sent in step 7).

A participating MCDData function that does not receive a 200 OK message from a specific MCDData client shall use unicast with that MCDData client, for the groups for which the MuSiK was intended.

19.2.3 Receiving an MBMS bearer listening status from an MCDData client

Upon receiving a "SIP MESSAGE request for an MBMS listening status update", the participating MCDData function shall handle the request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6].

If the SIP MESSAGE request contains:

- 1) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-mbms-usage-info+xml MIME body with an <mbms-listening-status> element; and
- 2) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body containing an MCDData ID in the <mcdata-request-uri> served by the participating MCDData function;

then the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall verify that the public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field is bound to the MCDData ID in the <mcdata-request-uri> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, and if that is the case:
 - a) if the <mbms-listening-status> element is set to "listening":
 - i) if a <session-id> element is included, shall indicate to the media plane that the MCDData client in the session identified by the <session-id> element is now listening to the MBMS subchannel; and
 - ii) if <general-purpose> element is included with the value "true", shall indicate to the media plane that the MCDData client is now listening to the general purpose MBMS subchannel; and
 - b) if the <mbms-listening-status> element is set to "not-listening":
 - i) if a <session-id> element is included, shall indicate to the media plane that the MCDData client in the sessions identified by the <session-id> elements is not listening to the MBMS subchannel;
 - ii) if <general-purpose> element is included with the value "false", shall indicate to the media plane that the MCDData client is no longer listening to the general purpose MBMS bearer; and
 - iii) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15].

NOTE 1: If the MCDData client reports that the MCDData client is no longer listening to the general purpose MBMS subchannel it is implicitly understood that the MCDData client no longer listens to any MBMS subchannel in ongoing conversations that the MCDData client previously reported status "listening".

If the SIP MESSAGE request contains:

- 1) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-mbms-usage-info+xml MIME body with an <mbms-suspension-status> element; and
- 2) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body containing an MCDData ID in the <mcdata-request-uri> served by the participating MCDData function;

then the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall verify that the public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field is bound to the MCDData ID in the <mcdata-request-uri> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, and if that is the case:
 - a) if the <mbms-suspension-status> element is set to "suspending":
 - i) shall consider that the bearer identified by the <suspended-TMGI> element is about to be suspended and that the reduction or elimination of traffic on that bearer and/or on some of the bearers indicated in the <other-TMGI> elements can potentially avoid the suspension; and

NOTE 2: An MBMS bearer is about to be suspended when RAN has notified the clients of the decision to suspend the bearer, but the actual suspension, which would occur at the end of the MCCH modification period, has not taken place yet because the MCCH modification period has not yet expired.

- ii) may take implementation/configuration specific immediate action for the MCDData client that reports the suspension as well as other MCDData clients that listen to the same bearer (e.g. moving traffic to unicast bearer(s)), reducing transmission rate, eliminating traffic, modifying pre-emption priority); or

- b) if the <mbms-suspension-status> element is set to "not-suspending":

- i) shall consider that the bearer identified by the <suspended-TMGI> element is no longer about to be suspended; and

NOTE 3: An MBMS bearer is no longer about to be suspended when RAN has notified the clients of the decision to no longer suspend the bearer after having previously notified the clients that the bearer would be suspended at the end of the MCCH modification period. The RAN notifications to first suspend and subsequently not to suspend the same MBMS bearer would have to come within the same MCCH modification period.

- ii) may take implementation/configuration specific immediate action for the MCDData client that reports the suspension as well as other MCDData clients that listen to the same bearer (e.g. restoring traffic previously reduced or eliminated from MBMS bearers upon reception of suspension information).

NOTE 4: If the MCDData client reports that the MCDData client is no longer listening to MBMS subchannels associated with the MBMS bearer indicated in the suspension information, it is implicitly understood that the suspension of that MBMS bearer has actually occurred.

19.2.4 Abnormal cases

Upon receipt of a SIP MESSAGE request with an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-mbms-usage-info+xml MIME body:

- 1) where the P-Asserted-Identity identifies a public user identity not associated with MCDData user served by the participating MCDData function; or
- 2) with an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body and with a <mcdata-request-uri> element containing an MCDData ID that identifies an MCDData user served by the participating MCDData function and an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-mbms-usage-info+xml MIME body containing one or more <announcement> elements;

then the participating MCDData function shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

19.3 MCDATA client MBMS usage procedures

19.3.1 General

This clause describes the procedures in the MCDATA client for:

- 1) receiving an MBMS bearer announcement from the participating MCDATA function;
- 2) sending an MBMS bearer listening status report to the participating MCDATA function; and
- 3) sending an MBMS bearer suspension status report to the participating MCDATA function.

19.3.2 Receiving an MBMS bearer announcement

The MCDATA client associates each received application/sdp MIME body and each received security key with a general purpose MBMS subchannel announced in the same MBMS Bearer Announcement message. When receiving a Map Group To Bearer message, the MCDATA client interprets its content (e.g. the m= line number) in the context of the application/sdp MIME body associated with the general purpose MBMS subchannel on which the Map Group To Bearer message was received.

When the MCDATA client receives a SIP MESSAGE request containing:

- 1) a P-Asserted-Service header field containing the "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata"; and
- 2) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-mbms-usage-info+xml MIME body containing one or more an <announcement> element(s);

then the MCDATA client for each <announcement> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-mbms-usage-info+xml MIME body:

- 1) if the <mbms-service-areas> element is present:
 - a) if an <announcement> element with the same value of the <TMGI> element is already stored:
 - i) shall replace the old <announcement> element with the <announcement> element received in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-mbms-usage-info+xml MIME body;
 - b) if there is no <announcement> element with the same value of the <TMGI> element stored:
 - i) shall store the received <announcement> element;
 - c) shall associate the received announcement with the received application/sdp MIME body;
 - d) shall associate the received announcement with the received <GPMS> element;
 - e) shall store the MBMS public service identity of the participating MCDATA function received in the P-Asserted-Identity header field and associate the MBMS public service identity with the new <announcement> element;
 - f) if a "a=key-mgmt" media-level attribute with the "mikey" key management and protocol identifier and a MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE is included for the general purpose MBMS subchannel defined in the "m=application" media line in the application/sdp MIME body in the received SIP MESSAGE request,
 - i) shall extract the initiator URI from the initiator field (IDRi) of the I_MESSAGE as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]. If the initiator URI deviates from the public service identity of the participating MCDATA function serving the MCDATA user, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response as specified in IETF RFC 4567 [45], and include warning text set to "136 authentication of the MIKEY-SAKE I_MESSAGE failed" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
 - ii) shall convert the initiator URI to a UID as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - iii) shall use the UID to validate the signature of the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];

- iv) if authentication verification of the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE fails, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response as specified in IETF RFC 4567 [45], and include warning text set to "136 authentication of the MIKEY-SAKE I_MESSAGE failed" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- v) shall extract and decrypt the encapsulated MSCCK using the participating MCDData function's (KMS provisioned) UID key as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]; and
- vi) shall extract the MSCCK-ID, from the payload as specified in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];

NOTE: With the MSCCK successfully shared between the participating MCDData function and the served UEs, the participating MCDData function is able to securely send MBMS subchannel control messages to the MCDData clients.

- g) shall listen to the general purpose MBMS subchannel defined in the "m=application" media line in the application/sdp MIME body in the received SIP MESSAGE request when entering an MBMS service area where the announced MBMS bearer is available; and
 - h) shall check the condition for sending a listening status report as specified in the clause 19.3.3; and
- 2) if no <mbms-service-areas> element is present:
- a) shall discard a previously stored <announcement> element identified by the value of the <TMGI>;
 - b) shall remove the association with the stored application/sdp MIME body and stop listening to the general purpose MBMS subchannel;
 - c) if no more <announcement> elements associated with the stored application/sdp MIME body are stored in the MCDData client, shall remove the stored application/sdp MIME body; and
 - d) check the condition for sending a listening status report as specified in the clause 19.3.3.

19.3.3 The MBMS bearer listening status and suspension report procedures

19.3.3.1 Conditions for sending an MBMS listening status report

If one of the following conditions is fulfilled:

- 1) if the MCDData client:
 - a) receives a Map Group To Bearer message over the general purpose MBMS channel;
 - b) participates in a group session identified by the Map Group To Bearer message; and
 - c) the status "listening" is not already reported; or
- 2) if the MCDData client:
 - a) receives an announcement as described in clause 19.3.2;
 - b) enters an MBMS service area where a general purpose MBMS is available; and
 - c) experiences good MBMS bearer radio condition;

then the MCDData client shall report that the MCDData client is listening to the MBMS bearer as specified in clause 19.3.3.2.

If one of the following conditions is fulfilled:

- 1) if the MCDData client:
 - a) receives an MBMS bearer announcement as described in the clause 19.3.2;

- b) the MBMS bearer announcement contains a cancellation of an <announcement> element identified by the same TGMI value as received in a Map Group To Bearer message in an ongoing conversation; and
 - c) the status "not-listening" is not already reported;
- 2) if the MCDData client:
- a) receives an MBMS bearer announcement as described in the clause 19.3.2;
 - b) the MBMS bearer announcement contains a cancellation of an <announcement> element;
 - c) does not participate in an ongoing conversation;
 - d) the MCDData client has reported the "listening" status due to the availability of the general purpose MBMS subchannel in the <announcement> element; and
 - e) the status "not-listening" is not already reported; or
3. if the MCDData client:
- a) suffers from bad MBMS bearer radio condition,

then the MCDData client shall report that the MCDData client is not listening to the MBMS subchannels as specified in clause 19.3.3.2.

If all the following conditions are fulfilled:

- 1) the MCDData client has reported "listening" as the most recent listening status relative to an MBMS bearer;
- 2) the MCDData client is notified that the MBMS bearer is about to be suspended by the RAN; and
- 3) the MCDData client has not received a MBMS bearer announcement containing a <report-suspension> element set to "false",

then the MCDData client shall report that the MBMS bearer is about to be suspended, as specified in clause 19.3.3.2.

If all the following conditions are fulfilled:

- 1) the MCDData client has reported "listening" as the most recent listening status relative to an MBMS bearer;
- 2) the MCDData client has reported that the MBMS bearer is about to be suspended, but the suspension of the bearer has not been detected yet by the MCDData client;
- 3) the MCDData client is notified that the MBMS bearer is no longer to be suspended by the RAN; and
- 4) the MCDData client has not received a MBMS bearer announcement containing a <report-suspension> element set to "false",

then the MCDData client shall report that the MBMS bearer is no longer to be suspended, as specified in clause 19.3.3.2.

19.3.3.2 Sending the MBMS bearer listening or suspension status report

When the MCDData client wants to report the MBMS bearer listening status, the MCDData client:

NOTE 1: The application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-mbms-usage-info+xml can contain both the listening status "listening" and "not listening" at the same time.

- 1) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6] and
 - a) shall include in the Request-URI the MBMS public service identity of the participating MCDData function received in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the announcement message;
 - b) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media-feature tag with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];

- c) should include a public user identity in the P-Preferred-Identity header field as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- d) shall include a P-Preferred-Service header field with the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata";
- e) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-mbms-usage-info+xml MIME body with the <version> element set to "1";
- f) if the MCDData client is listening to the MBMS bearer, the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-mbms-usage-info+xml MIME body:
 - i) shall include an <mbms-listening-status> element set to "listening";
 - ii) if the intention is to report that the MCDData client is listening to the MBMS subchannel for an ongoing conversation in a session (e.g. as the response to the Map Group To Bearer message), shall include the MCDData session identity of the ongoing conversation in a <session-id> element;
 - iii) shall include one or more <TGMI> elements for which the listening status applies; and
 - iv) if the intention is to report that the MCDData client is listening to the general purpose MBMS subchannel, shall include the <general-purpose> element set to "true";
- g) if the MCDData client is not listening, the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-mbms-usage-info+xml MIME body:
 - i) shall include an <mbms-listening-status> element set to "not-listening";
 - iii) shall include one or more <TGMI> elements for which the listening status applies;
 - iii) if the intention is to report that the MCDData client is no longer listening to the MBMS subchannel in an ongoing session (e.g. as the response to Unmap Group to Bearer message), shall include the MCDData session identity in a <session-id> element; and
 - iv) if the intention is to report that the MCDData client is no longer listening to general purpose MBMS subchannel, shall include the <general-purpose> element set to "false"; and

NOTE 2: If the MCDData client reports that the MCDData client is no longer listening to the general purpose MBMS subchannel, it is implicitly understood that the MCDData client no longer listens to any MBMS subchannel in ongoing conversations that the MCDData client previously reported status "listening".

- h) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdata-request-uri> set to the MCDData ID; and

2) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

When the MCDData client meets all the conditions specified in clause 19.3.3.1 for reporting a change in an MBMS bearer suspension status, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6] and
 - a) shall include in the Request-URI the MBMS public service identity of the participating MCDData function received in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the announcement message;
 - b) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media-feature tag with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
 - c) should include a public user identity in the P-Preferred-Identity header field as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - d) shall include a P-Preferred-Service header field with the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata";
 - e) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-mbms-usage-info+xml MIME body with the <version> element set to "1";
 - f) if at least one MBMS bearer is about to be suspended, the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-mbms-usage-info+xml MIME body:

- i) shall include an <mbms-suspension-status> element set to "suspending";
- ii) shall set the <number-of-reported-bearers> element to the total number of the included <suspended-TMGI> elements and <other-TMGI> elements;
- iii) shall include <suspended-TMGI> element(s) set to the TMGI value for each of the MTCHs on the same MCH corresponding to the MBMS bearers about to be suspended; and
- iv) may include <other-TMGI> elements, if available, corresponding to the TMGI values for other MTCHs on the same MCH as the MBMS bearers to be suspended

NOTE 3: To report the suspension of MTCHs on different MCHs, the MCDData client sends a separate message for each of the involved MCHs.

- g) if the MBMS bearer is no longer about to be suspended, the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-mbms-usage-info+xml MIME body:
 - i) shall include an <mbms-suspension-status> element set to "not-suspending";
 - ii) shall set the <number-of-reported-bearers> element to the number of included <suspended-TMGI> elements; and
 - iii) shall include a <suspended-TMGI> element set to the corresponding TMGI value for each of the MTCHs of the MBMS bearers that are no longer about to be suspended; and
- h) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdata-request-uri> set to the MCDData ID; and

2) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

NOTE 4: The MCDData client reports in separate messages the MBMS bearers that are about to be suspended and the MBMS bearers that are no longer about to be suspended.

19.3.4 Receiving a MuSiK download message

When the MCDData client receives a SIP MESSAGE request containing:

- 1) a P-Asserted-Service header field containing the "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata"; and
- 2) with one of the following:
 - a) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-mbms-usage-info+xml MIME body containing an <mbms-explicitMuSiK-download> element with at least one <group> subelement; or
 - b) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-mbms-usage-info+xml MIME body containing an <mbms-defaultMuSiK-download> element with zero or more <group> subelements;

the MCDData client shall:

- 1) if the received message contains an <mbms-explicitMuSiK-download> element, set the impacted groups to be those groups identified by the <group> subelements;
- 2) if the received message contains an <mbms-defaultMuSiK-download> element without <group> subelements, set the impacted groups to be all groups not associated with currently valid explicit MuSiK downloads; and
- 3) if the received message contains an <mbms-defaultMuSiK-download> element with <group> subelements, first dissociate those groups identified by the <group> subelements from currently valid associations with explicit MuSiK downloads and then set the impacted groups to be all groups not associated with currently valid explicit MuSiK downloads.

If the key identifier within the CSB-ID of the MIKEY payload is a MuSiK-ID (4 most-significant bits have the value '6'), the MCDData client:

- 1) shall process the MIKEY payload according to 3GPP TS 33.180 [26], as follows:
 - a) if the initiator field (IDRi) has type 'URI' (identity hiding is not used), the client:

- i) shall extract the initiator URI from the initiator field (IDRi) of the I_MESSAGE as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]. If the initiator URI deviates from the public service identity of the participating MCDData function serving the MCDData client, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request by sending a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response as specified in IETF RFC 4567 [45], and including warning text set to "136 authentication of the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE failed" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps; and
 - ii) shall convert the initiator URI to a UID as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - b) otherwise, if the initiator field (IDRi) has type 'UID' (identity hiding in use), the client:
 - i) shall convert the public service identity of participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user to a UID as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]; and
 - ii) shall compare the generated UID with the UID in the initiator field (IDRi) of the I_MESSAGE as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]. If the two initiator UIDs deviate from each other, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request by sending a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response as specified in IETF RFC 4567 [45], and including warning text set to "136 authentication of the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE failed" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
 - c) otherwise, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request by sending a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response as specified in IETF RFC 4567 [45], and including warning text set to "136 authentication of the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE failed" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
 - d) shall use the UID to validate the signature of the I_MESSAGE as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
 - e) if authentication verification of the I_MESSAGE fails or the I_MESSAGE does not contain a Status attribute, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request by sending SIP 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response as specified in IETF RFC 4567 [45], and including warning text set to "136 authentication of the MIKEY-SAKKE I_MESSAGE failed" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps; and
 - f) shall examine the Status attribute and shall either mark the associated security functions as "not in use" or shall extract and store the encapsulated MuSiK and the corresponding MuSiK-ID from the payload as specified in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]; and
- 2) for each of the impacted groups, shall either associate the status 'security not in use' or shall add/replace in the storage associated with the group the MuSiK-ID and the MuSiK, for use (decrypted) as security key.

NOTE: It is expected that the MCDData client is capable of storing a different MuSiK for each MCDData group of interest.

The MCDData client shall respond with SIP 200 OK only if it finds the message syntactically correct and recognizes it as a valid and error-free MuSiK download (default or explicit) message.

19A Use of 5G MBS transmission (on-network)

19A.1 General

This clause describes the participating MCDData function and the MCDData client procedure for:

- 1) MBS session announcement;
- 2) MBS listening status report;
- 3) UE session join notification; and
- 4) MBS session de-announcement.

19A.2 MCDData client procedures

19A.2.1 General

This clause describes the procedures in the MCDData client for:

- 1) receiving an MBS session announcement from the participating MCDData function;
- 2) sending a UE session join notification to the participating MCDData function;
- 3) sending an MBS listening status report to the participating MCDData function; and
- 4) sending an MBS session de-announcement acknowledgement to the participating MCDData function.

19A.2.2 Receiving an MBS session announcement

The participating MCDData client follows the procedure in clause 19.3.2 with the terminology mapping specified in clause I.3.4.

When the MCDData client for each <announcement> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mvdata-mbs-usage-info+xml MIME body:

- 1) if the <mbs-service-areas> element is present:
 - a) if an <announcement> element with the same value of the <mbs-session-id> element is already stored:
 - i) shall replace the old <announcement> element with the <announcement> element received in the application/vnd.3gpp.mvdata-mbs-usage-info+xml MIME body;
 - b) if there is no <announcement> element with the same value of the <mbs-session-id> element stored:
 - i) shall store the received <announcement> element;
 - c) the remaining parts in step 1) of clause 19.3.2 applies also for MBS, with the clarification that terminology mapping specified in clause I.3.4 applies.
- 2) if no <mbs-service-areas> element is present:
 - a) shall discard a previously stored <announcement> element identified by the value of the <mbs-session-id>; and
 - b) the remaining parts in step 2) of clause 19.3.2 applies also for MBS, with the clarification that terminology mapping specified in clause I.3.4 applies;
- 3) for 5G MBS and 4G MBMS co-existence, the <eMBMS-bearer-infoType> is performed as specified in clause 19.3.2.

19A.2.3 Sending an MBS listening status report

19A.2.3.1 Conditions for sending an MBS listening status report

If one of the following conditions is fulfilled:

- 1) if the MCDData client:
 - a) receives an announcement as described in clause 19.3.2;
 - b) for multicast MBS session, sends a UE session join notification as described in clause 19.3.4;
2. if the MCDData client:
 - a) enters an MBS service area where a specific MBS session stream is available; and
 - b) experiences good MBS session radio condition,;

3. if the MCDData client:
 - a) suffers from bad MBS session radio condition,

then the MCDData client shall report that the MCDData client is listening to the MBS session as specified in clause 19A.2.3.2.

19A.2.3.2 Sending the MBS listening status report

When the MCDData client wants to report the MBS listening status, the MCDData client shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request as specified "MBMS bearer listening status" in clause 19.2.3.2 with the terminology mapping specified in clause I.3.4.

19A.2.4 Receiving a MuSiK download message

The MCDData client follows the procedure in clause 19.2.4 with the terminology mapping specified in clause I.3.4.

19A.2.5 Sending a UE session join notification

19A.2.5.1 Conditions for sending the UE session join notification

For multicast MBS sessions, if one of the following conditions is fulfilled:

- 1) if the MCDData client:
 - a) receives a Map Group To Session Stream message over the general purpose MBS channel;
 - b) participates in a group session identified by the Map Group To Session Stream message; and
 - c) the status "ue-session-join" is not already reported; or
- 2) if the MCDData client:
 - a) receives an announcement as described in clause 19A.2.2;
 - b) enters an MBS service area where a specific MBS session stream is available; and
 - c) experiences good MBS session radio condition;

then the MCDData client shall report that the MCDData client indicates to MCDData server that such MCDData client wants to receive multicast data identified by a specific MBS session ID, as specified in clause 19A.2.5.2.

For multicast MBS sessions, if one of the following conditions is fulfilled:

- 1) if the MCDData client:
 - a) receives an MBS session announcement as described in the clause 19A.2.2;
 - b) the MBS session announcement contains a deletion of an <announcement> element identified by the same MBS session ID value as received in a Map Group To Session Stream message in an ongoing conversation; and
 - c) the status "ue-session-leave" is not already reported;
- 2) if the MCDData client:
 - a) receives an MBS session announcement as described in the clause 19A.2.2;
 - b) the MBS session announcement contains a deletion of an <announcement> element;
 - c) does not participate in an ongoing conversation;
 - d) the MCDData client has reported the "ue-session-join" status due to the availability of the general purpose MBS subchannel in the <announcement> element; and

- e) the status "ue-session-leave" is not already reported; or
- 3) if the MCDData client:
 - a) suffers from bad MBS session radio condition,

then the MCDData client shall report that the MCDData client no longer wants to receive multicast data identified by a specific MBS session ID, as specified in clause 19A.2.5.2.

19A.2.5.2 Sending the UE session join notification

When the MCDData client wants to send the UE session join notification, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [4] and IETF RFC 3428 [33] and
 - a) shall include in the Request-URI the MBS public service identity of the participating MCDData function received in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the announcement message;
 - b) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media-feature tag with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mvdata" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [6];
 - c) should include a public user identity in the P-Preferred-Identity header field as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [4];
 - d) shall include a P-Preferred-Service header field with the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mvdata";
 - e) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mvdata-mbs-usage-info+xml MIME body with the <version> element set to "1";
 - f) if the MCDData client is successfully joining a certain multicast MBS session procedure, the application/vnd.3gpp.mvdata-mbs-usage-info+xml MIME body:
 - i) shall include an <mbs-multicast-joining-status> element set to "ue-session-join";
 - ii) if the intention is to report that the MCDData client is joining a certain multicast MBS session procedure, shall include the MCDData session identity of the ongoing conversation in a <session-id> element; and
 - iii) shall include one or more <mbs-session-id> elements for which the listening status applies;
 - g) if the MCDData client is not joining a certain multicast MBS session procedure, the application/vnd.3gpp.mvdata-mbs-usage-info+xml MIME body:
 - i) shall include an <mbs-multicast-joining-status> element set to "ue-session-leave";
 - ii) if the intention is to report that the MCDData client is not joining a certain multicast MBS session procedure, shall include the MCDData session identity in a <session-id> element; and
 - iii) shall include one or more <mbs-session-id> elements for which the listening status applies;
 - h) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mvdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mvdata-request-uri> set to the MCDData ID; and
- 2) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [4].

19A.2.6 Sending an MBS session de-announcement acknowledgement

When the participating MCDData function indicates an acknowledgement to the MBS session de-announcement message, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [11] and IETF RFC 3428 [17]; and
 - a) shall include in the Request-URI the MBS public service identity of the participating MCDData function received in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the announcement message;

- b) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media-feature tag with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mvdata" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [20];
 - c) should include a public user identity in the P-Preferred-Identity header field as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [11];
 - d) shall include a P-Preferred-Service header field with the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mvdata";
 - e) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mvdata-mbs-usage-info+xml MIME body with the <version> element set to "1";
 - f) if at least one MBS session is about to be deleted, the application/vnd.3gpp.mvdata-mbs-usage-info+xml MIME body:
 - i) shall include an <mbs-session-de-announcement-status> element set to "deleting";
 - ii) shall set the <number-of-reported-sessions> element to the total number of the included <deleted-mbs-session-id> elements and <other-mbs-session-id> elements;
 - iii) shall include <deleted-mbs-session-id> element(s) set to the MBS session ID value for each of the MBS sessions about to be deleted; and
 - iv) may include <other-mbs-session-id> elements, if available, corresponding to the MBS session ID values for other MBS sessions to be deleted;
 - g) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mvdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mvdata-request-uri> set to the MCDData ID of the user; and
- 2) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [11].

19A.3 Participating MCDData server procedures

19A.3.1 General

This clause describes the procedures in the participating MCDData function for:

- 1) sending an MBS session announcement to the MCDData client;
- 2) receiving an MBS listening status report from the MCDData client;
- 3) receiving a UE session join notification from the MCDData client; and
- 5) receiving an MBS session de-announcement acknowledgement from the MCDData client.

19A.3.2 Sending an MBS session announcement to the MCDData client

19A.3.2.1 General

The participating MCDData function follows the procedure in clause 19.2.2.1 with the terminology mapping specified in clause I.3.4.

19A.3.2.2 Sending an initial MBS session announcement procedure

Shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request as specified in clause 19.3.2.2 with the following clarifications/exceptions.

All steps of clause 19.3.2.2 apply also for MBS except step 6), with the clarification that terminology mapping specified in clause I.3.4 applies.

In place of step 6) of clause 19.2.2.2, the following step 6) shall be used:

6) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-mbs-usage-info+xml MIME body defined in clause D.5 with the <version> element set to "1" and one or more <announcement> elements associated with the pre-activated MBS sessions. Each set of an <announcement> element:

a) in case of the MCDATA server is able to provide the MC services to the client over 5G MBS sessions (either broadcast or multicast), shall include <mbs-session-infoType> providing the MBS session related information:

i) shall include an MBS session ID value in the <mbs-session-id> element;

NOTE 1: The identity of the MBS session used to deliver MC service group communication data. It is either TMGI for broadcast MBS and multicast MBS sessions, or source specific IP multicast address for multicast MBS session.

ii) shall include the <mbs-session-mode> element and set it to "multicast" value or the "broadcast" value;

iii) shall include a MC service group ID value in the <mc-service-group-id> element;

iv) if the MBS sessions is carrying the general purpose MBS subchannel, shall include one <GPMS>element, giving the number of the "m=application" media line in the application/sdp MIME body generated in above to be used for the general purpose MBS subchannel;

v) may include one or more MBS service area IDs in <mbs-service-area-id> elements in the <mbs-service-areas> element;

vi) for multicast MBS session, may include the <report-ue-session-join-notification> element and set it to "true" value or the "false" value;

vii) may include <multicast-mbs-session-related-info>, additional information to be used by the MC service client to join the multicast MBS session such as PLMN ID of the default PLMN service provider in case of source specific IP multicast address, DNN, and SNSSAI of the PDU session associated with the multicast MBS session;

NOTE 2: Such information may be pre-configured in the MC service UE, or provided in any other implementation specific way.

viii) for broadcast MBS session, shall include an MBS Frequency Selection Area ID value in the <mbs-fsa-id> element;

ix) if multiple carriers are supported, shall include the frequency to be used in the <frequency> element; and

NOTE 3: In the current release if the <frequency> element is included, the frequency in the <frequency> element is the same as the frequency used for unicast.

x) may include the <mbs-session-de-announcement-acknowledgement> element and set it to "true" value or the "false" value;

b) in case of LTE eMBMS and 5G MBS co-existence, shall include <eMBMS-bearer-infoType> providing the 4G eMBMS bearer related information:

i) may include a list of additional alternative TMGI which may be used in roaming scenarios in the <Alternative-TMGI> element; and

ii) the remaining elements are generated as specified in the clause 19.2.2.2 step 6;

19A.3.2.3 Updating an announcement

When the participating MCDATA function wants to update a previously sent announcement, the participating MCDATA function sends an MBS session announcement in a SIP MESSAGE request as specified in clause 19A.3.2.2 where the participating MCDATA function in the <announcement> element to be updated:

1) <mbs-session-infoType> to be updated as specified in clause 19.2.2.3 with the terminology mapping specified in clause I.3.4; and

2) <eMBMS-bearer-infoType> to be updated as specified in clause 19.2.2.3.

19A.3.2.4 Deleting an MBS session announcement

When the participating MCDData function wants to delete an MBS session announcement associated with an <announcement> element, the participating MCDData function sends an MBS session announcement as specified in clause 19A.3.2.2 where the participating MCDData function in the <announcement> element to be deleted:

- 1) <mbs-session-infoType> to be deleted as specified in clause 19.2.2.4 with the terminology mapping specified in clause I.3.4; and
- 2) <eMBMS-bearer-infoType> to be deleted as specified in clause 19.2.2.4.

19A.3.2.5 Sending a MuSiK download message

The participating MCDData function follows the procedure in clause 19.2.2.5 with the terminology mapping specified in clause I.3.4.

19A.3.3 Receiving an MBS listening status report from the MCDData client

If the SIP MESSAGE request contains:

- 1) an application/vnd.3gpp.mvdata-mbs-usage-info+xml MIME body with an <mbs-listening-status> element; and
- 2) an application/vnd.3gpp.mvdata-info+xml MIME body containing an MCDData ID in the <mvdata-request-uri> served by the participating MCDData function;

then the participating MCDData function follows the procedure "MBMS bearer listening status" in clause 19.3.3 with the terminology mapping specified in clause I.3.4.

19A.3.4 Receiving a UE session join notification from the MCDData client

Upon receiving a "SIP MESSAGE request for a UE session join notification", the participating MCDData function shall handle the request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [4] and IETF RFC 3428 [33].

If the SIP MESSAGE request contains:

- 1) an application/vnd.3gpp.mvdata-mbs-usage-info+xml MIME body with an <mbs-multicast-joining-status> element; and
- 2) an application/vnd.3gpp.mvdata-info+xml MIME body containing an MCDData ID in the <mvdata-request-uri> served by the participating MCDData function;

then the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall verify that the public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field is bound to the MCDDataT ID in the <mvdata-request-uri> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mvdata-info+xml MIME body, and if that is the case:
 - a) if the <mbs-multicast-joining-status> element is set to "ue-session-join":
 - i) if a <session-id> element is included, shall indicate to the media plane that the MCDData client in the session identified by the <session-id> element wants to receive multicast data identified by a specific MBS session ID; and
 - b) if the <mbs-multicast-joining-status> element is set to "ue-session-leave":
 - i) if a <session-id> element is included, shall indicate to the media plane that the MCVifdeo client in the sessions identified by the <session-id> elements no longer wants to receive multicast data identified by a specific MBS session ID;

19A.3.5 Receiving an MBS session de-announcement from the MCDData client

If the SIP MESSAGE request contains:

- 1) an application/vnd.3gpp.mvdata-mbs-usage-info+xml MIME body with an <mbs-session-de-announcement-status> element; and
- 2) an application/vnd.3gpp.mvdata-info+xml MIME body containing an MCDData ID in the <mvdata-request-uri> served by the participating MCDData function;

then the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall verify that the public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field is bound to the MCDData ID in the <mvdata-request-uri> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mvdata-info+xml MIME body, and if that is the case:
 - a) if the <mbs-session-de-announcement-status> element is set to "deleting":
 - i) shall consider that the MBS session identified by the <de-announcement-mbs-session-id> element is about to be deleted and that the reduction or elimination of traffic on that MBS session and/or on some of the MBS sessions indicated in the <other-mbs-session-id> elements can potentially avoid the deletion; and
 - ii) may take implementation/configuration specific immediate action for the MCDData client that reports the deletion as well as other MCDData clients that listen to the same MBS session(e.g. moving traffic to unicast delivery), reducing transmission rate, eliminating traffic, modifying pre-emption priority); or
 - b) if the <mbs-session-de-announcement-status> element is set to "not-deleting":
 - i) shall consider that the MBS session identified by the <de-announcement-mbs-session-id> element is no longer about to be deleted; and
 - ii) may take implementation/configuration specific immediate action for the MCDData client that reports the deletion as well as other MCDData clients that listen to the same MBS session(e.g. restoring traffic previously reduced or eliminated from MBS session upon reception of deletion information).

20 IP Connectivity

20.1 General

This clause describes the IP Connectivity procedures between two MCDData clients for on-network. Included are the procedures for MCDData client procedures, participating MCDData function procedures and controlling MCDData function procedures.

NOTE: IP Connectivity specified in the current document is not compatible with release 16.

20.1.1 Void

20.1.2 Void

20.1.3 Void

20.2 MCDData Client Procedures

20.2.0a SDP offer generation

The SDP offer shall contain one SDP media-level section for MCDData including an attribute for IP Connectivity according to 3GPP TS 24.582 [15]. When composing an SDP offer the MCDData client shall:

- 1) set the IP address of the MCDData client for the offered MCDData IP Connectivity session; and

NOTE: The MC service operator policy determines if the MCDData client can use an already assigned IP address or can request a new IP address following the procedures defined in 3GPP TS 24.301 [43].

- 2) shall include an "m=application" media-level section as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] consisting of:
 - a) the port number selected for the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 13.5; and
 - b) the 'fmtp' attribute as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 13.6.

20.2.0b SDP answer generation

When the MCDData client receives an initial SDP offer for a MCDData including an attribute for IP Connectivity, the MCDData client shall process the SDP offer and shall compose an SDP answer.

When composing an SDP answer, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall accept the MCDData media stream in the SDP offer;
 - 2) shall set the IP address of the MCDData client for the accepted MCDData media stream; and
- NOTE: The MC service operator policy determines if the MCDData client can use an already assigned IP address or can request a new IP address following the procedures defined in 3GPP TS 24.301 [43].
- 3) shall include an "m=application" media-level section for the accepted MCDData media stream consisting of:
 - a) the port number selected for the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 13.5; and
 - b) the 'fmtp' attribute as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 13.6.

20.2.1 MCDData client originating procedures

When a MCDData client receives the request by a user or user application to establish a IP Connectivity session with another MCDData client the MCDData client shall generate a SIP INVITE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications given below. The MCDData ID or the functional alias of the target MCDData client may be explicitly included in the request from the user or user application. If the target MCDData ID or functional alias is not included in the request, the MCDData client may implicitly determine the target MCDData ID by using the target IP Information included in the request to find a match in the One-to-One communication list of the MCDData user profile document as specified in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]. If the MCDData ID of the target MCDData client is determined implicitly by the target IP Information included in the request, the client searches in leaves below `<x>/Common/OnetoOne/UserList/<x>/Entry/IPInformation/<x>/Entry/` for a match in the IP Information. The MCDData ID is given by matching the user entry.

The MCDData client:

- 1) shall include the `g.3gpp.mcdata.ipconn` media feature tag and the `g.3gpp.icsi-ref` media feature tag with the value of `"urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.ipconn "` in the Contact header field of the SIP INVITE request according to IETF RFC 3840 [16];
- 2) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the `g.3gpp.mcdata.ipconn` media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 3) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the `g.3gpp.icsi-ref` media feature tag containing the value of `"urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.ipconn"` along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 4) shall include the ICSI value `"urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.ipconn"` (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7] in the SIP INVITE request;
- 5) should include the "timer" option tag in the Supported header field;
- 6) should include the Session-Expires header field according to IETF RFC 4028 [38]. It is recommended that the "refresher" header field parameter is omitted. If included, the "refresher" header field parameter shall be set to "uac";
- 7) shall insert in the SIP INVITE request an `application/resource-lists+xml` MIME body with the MCDData ID of the invited MCDData user or the functional alias in the "uri" attribute of the `<entry>` element of the `<list>` element of

the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body, according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 5366 [18];

- 8) shall contain an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with:
 - a) the <request-type> element set to a value of "one-to-one-ipconn"; and
 - b) an <anyExt> element containing:
 - i) the <call-to-functional-alias-ind> element set to "true" if the functional alias is used as a target of the communication request;
 - ii) if the MCDData client is aware of active functional aliases and if an active functional alias is to be included in the SIP INVITE request, the <functional-alias-URI> element set to the URI of the used functional alias; and
 - iii) if the MCDData user has requested an application priority, the <user-requested-priority> element set to the user provided value;
 - 9) shall set the Request-URI of the SIP INVITE request to the public service identity identifying the participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;
- NOTE 1: The MCDData client is configured with public service identity identifying the participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user.
- 10) may include a P-Preferred-Identity header field in the SIP INVITE request containing a public user identity as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - 11) shall include an SDP offer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications given in clause 20.2.0a; and
 - 12) shall send the SIP INVITE request towards the MCDData server according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receipt of a SIP 2xx response to the SIP INVITE request, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall send a SIP ACK request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall start the SIP Session timer according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38]; and
- 3) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 13.1.2.

Upon receiving a SIP 300 (Multiple Choices) response to the SIP INVITE request the MCDData client shall use the MCDData ID of MCDData user contained in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the received application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body as the MCDData ID of the invited MCDData user and shall generate an initial SIP INVITE request by following the UE originating session procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], with the clarifications given in this clause and with the following additional clarifications:

- 1) shall insert in the newly generated SIP INVITE request an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with the MCDData ID of the invited MCDData user in the "uri" attribute of the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body where the MCDData ID is found in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body in the received SIP 300 (Multiple Choices) response;
- 2) shall not include a <call-to-functional-alias-ind> element into the <anyExt> element of the <mcdata-Params> element of the <mcdatainfo> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body; and
- 3) shall include a <called-functional-alias-URI> element into the <anyExt> element of the <mcdata-Params> element of the <mcdatainfo> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the target functional alias used in the initial SIP INVITE request for the IP connectivity session establishment.

On receipt of a SIP 4xx response, a SIP 5xx response or a SIP 6xx response to the SIP INVITE request, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall indicate to the MCDData user or user application that the IP Connectivity session could not be established; and

- 2) shall send a SIP ACK request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receipt of an indication from the media plane indicating that the IP Connectivity session could not be established, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate a SIP BYE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with:
 - a) Reason code set to "FAILURE_CAUSE";
 - b) cause set to "1"; and
 - c) text set to "Media bearer or QoS lost";
- 2) shall set the Request-URI to the MCDData session identity to release; and
- 3) shall send a SIP BYE request towards MCDData server according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

20.2.2 MCDData client terminating procedures

Upon receipt of a SIP INVITE request for IP Connectivity session for terminating MCDData client request, the MCDData client shall follow the procedures for termination of multimedia sessions in the IM CN subsystem as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications below.

The MCDData client:

- 1) may reject the SIP INVITE request if either of the following conditions are met:
 - a) MCDData client does not have enough resources to handle the IP Connectivity session; or
 - b) any other reason outside the scope of this specification;
- 2) if the SIP INVITE request is rejected in step 1), shall respond toward participating MCDData function either with appropriate reject code as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and warning texts as specified in clause 4.9 or with SIP 480 (Temporarily unavailable) response not including warning texts if the user is authorised to restrict the reason for failure and skip the rest of the steps of this clause;
- 3) may provide to the MCDData user or user application the MCDData ID of the inviting MCDData user;
 - 3A) may display to the MCDData user the functional alias of the inviting MCDData user, if provided;
 - 3B) may display to the MCDData user the functional alias used in the initial communication request, if provided;
- 4) shall accept the SIP INVITE request and generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 5) shall include the option tag "timer" in a Require header field of the SIP 200 (OK) response;
- 6) shall include the Session-Expires header field in the SIP 200 (OK) response and start the SIP session timer according to IETF RFC 4028 [38]. The "refresher" parameter in the Session-Expires header field shall be set to "uas";
- 7) shall include the g.3gpp.mcdata.ipconn media feature tag in the Contact header field of the SIP 200 (OK) response;
- 8) shall include the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.ipconn" in the Contact header field of the SIP 200 (OK) response;
- 9) shall include an SDP answer in the SIP 200 (OK) response to the SDP offer in the incoming SIP INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications given in clause 20.2.0b; and
- 10) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response towards the MCDData server according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receipt of an SIP ACK message to the sent SIP 200 (OK) message, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 13.1.3.

20.3 Participating MCDATA function procedures

20.3.0a SDP offer generation

The SDP offer is generated based on the received SDP offer. The SDP offer generated by the participating MCDATA function:

- 1) shall contain only one SDP media-level section including an attribute for IP Connectivity as contained in the received SDP offer.

When composing the SDP offer the participating MCDATA function:

- 1) shall replace the IP address and port number for the offered media stream in the received SDP offer with the IP address and port number of the participating MCDATA function, if required.

NOTE: Requirements can exist for the participating MCDATA function to be always included in the path of the offered media stream, for example: for the support of features such as lawful interception and recording, considering routability of IP addresses. Other examples can exist.

20.3.0b SDP answer generation

The SDP answer is generated based on the received SDP answer. When composing the SDP answer the participating MCDATA function:

- 1) shall replace the IP address and port number in the received SDP answer with the IP address and port number of the participating MCDATA function, if required; and

NOTE: Requirements can exist for the participating MCDATA function to be always included in the path of the offered media stream, for example: for the support of features such as lawful interception and recording, considering routability of IP addresses. Other examples can exist.

- 2) shall include an 'fmtp' attribute as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 13.6.

20.3.1 Originating participating MCDATA function procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP INVITE request for IP Connectivity session for originating participating MCDATA function", the participating MCDATA function:

- 1) if unable to process the request, may reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDATA function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall determine the MCDATA ID of the calling user from the public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP INVITE request, and shall authorise the calling user;

NOTE 1: The MCDATA ID of the calling user is bound to the public user identity at the time of service authorisation, as documented in clause 7.3.

- 3) if the participating MCDATA function cannot find a binding between the public user identity and an MCDATA ID or if the validity period of an existing binding has expired, then the participating MCDATA function shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text set to "141 user unknown to the participating function" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with any of the remaining steps;
- 4) if the <request-type> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP INVITE request is:
 - a) set to a value of "one-to-one-ipconn", shall determine the public service identity of the controlling MCDATA function hosting the one-to-one IP Connectivity service for the calling user.
- 5) if unable to identify the controlling MCDATA function for IP Connectivity session, shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text "142 unable to determine the controlling

function" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with any of the remaining steps;

- 6) shall determine whether the MCDData user identified by the MCDData ID is authorised for MCDData communications by following the procedures in clause 11.1;
- 7) if the procedures in clause 11.1 indicate that the user identified by the MCDData ID is not allowed to initiate MCDData communications, shall reject the "SIP INVITE request for IP Connectivity session for originating participating MCDData function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP INVITE request, with warning text set to "200 user not authorised to transmit data" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
- 8) shall generate a SIP INVITE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 9) shall include the option tag "timer" in the Supported header field;
- 10) should include the Session-Expires header field according to IETF RFC 4028 [38]. It is recommended that the "refresher" header field parameter is omitted. If included, the "refresher" header field parameter shall be set to "uac";
- 11) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP INVITE request to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function as determined by step 4) in this clause;

NOTE 2: The public service identity can identify the controlling MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 4: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 5: How the participating MCDData function determines the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 6: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document. 12) shall include the MCDData ID of the originating user in the <mcddata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the outgoing SIP INVITE request;

- 13) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.ipconn" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), into the P-Asserted-Service header field of the outgoing SIP INVITE request;
- 14) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP INVITE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function;
- 15) shall include an SDP offer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] based on the clause 20.3.0a;
- 16) if the received SIP INVITE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body that contains a <functional-alias-URI> element, shall check if the status of the functional alias is activated for the MCDData ID. If the functional alias status is activated, then the participating MCDData function shall set the <functional-alias-URI> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP INVITE request to the received value, otherwise shall not include a <functional-alias-URI> element; and
- 17) shall send the SIP INVITE request as specified to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 200 (OK) response in response to the SIP INVITE request in step 16):

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include the option tag "timer" in a Require header field;

- 3) shall include the Session-Expires header field according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38], "UAS Behavior". If the "refresher" parameter is not included in the received request, the "refresher" parameter in the Session-Expires header field shall be set to "uac";
- 4) shall include the following in the Contact header field:
 - a) the g.3gpp.mcdata.ipconn media feature tag;
 - b) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.ipconn"; and
 - c) the isfocus media feature tag;
- 5) shall include Warning header field(s) that were received in the incoming SIP 200 (OK) response;
- 6) shall include an MCDATA session identity mapped to the MCDATA session identity provided in the Contact header field of the received SIP 200 (OK) response;
- 7) if the incoming SIP 200 (OK) response contained an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body to the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response.
- 8) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response set to the public service identity of the participating MCDATA function; and
- 9) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15];
- 10) shall include in the SIP 200 (OK) response an SDP answer as specified in the clause 20.3.0b;
- 11) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the MCDATA client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 12) shall start the SIP Session timer according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38].

Upon receipt of a SIP 4xx, 5xx or 6xx response to the SIP INVITE request in step 15) the participating MCDATA function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include Warning header field(s) that were received in the incoming SIP response; and
- 3) shall forward the SIP response to the MCDATA client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

20.3.2 Terminating participating MCDATA function procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP INVITE request for IP Connectivity session for terminating participating MCDATA function", the participating MCDATA function:

- 1) if unable to process the request, may reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDATA function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall check the presence of the isfocus media feature tag in the URI of the Contact header field and if it is not present then the participating MCDATA function shall reject the request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "104 isfocus not assigned" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 3) shall use the MCDATA ID present in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP INVITE request to retrieve the binding between the MCDATA ID and public user identity of the terminating MCDATA user;
- 4) if the binding between the MCDATA ID and public user identity of the terminating MCDATA user does not exist, then the participating MCDATA function shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 5) shall generate a SIP INVITE request accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];

- 6) should include the Session-Expires header field according to IETF RFC 4028 [38]. It is recommended that the "refresher" header field parameter is omitted. If included, the "refresher" header field parameter shall be set to "uac";
- 7) shall include the option tag "timer" in the Supported header field;
- 8) shall include the following in the Contact header field:
 - a) the g.3gpp.mcdata.ipconn media feature tag;
 - b) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.ipconn";
 - c) the isfocus media feature tag;
 - d) an MCDData session identity mapped to the MCDData session identity provided in the Contact header field of the incoming SIP INVITE request; and
 - e) any other uri-parameter provided in the Contact header field of the incoming SIP INVITE request;
- 9) shall include in the SIP INVITE request all Accept-Contact header fields and all Reject-Contact header fields, with their feature tags and their corresponding values along with parameters according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 3841 [8] that were received (if any) in the incoming SIP INVITE request;
- 10) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP INVITE request to the public user identity associated to the MCDData ID of the terminating MCDData user;
- 11) shall populate the outgoing SIP INVITE request with the MIME bodies that were present in the incoming SIP INVITE request;
- 12) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP INVITE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function;
- 13) shall include in the SIP INVITE request an SDP offer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications given in clause 20.3.0a; and
- 14) shall send the SIP INVITE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 200 (OK) response in response to the above SIP INVITE request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include the option tag "timer" in a Require header field;
- 3) shall include the Session-Expires header field according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38], "UAS Behavior". If no "refresher" parameter was included in the SIP INVITE request, the "refresher" parameter in the Session-Expires header field shall be set to "uas";
- 4) shall include the following in the Contact header field:
 - a) the g.3gpp.mcdata.ipconn media feature tag;
 - b) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.ipconn"; and
 - c) an MCDData session identity mapped to the MCDData session identity provided in the Contact header field of the received SIP INVITE request from the controlling MCDData function;
- 5) if the incoming SIP response contained an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body to the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response.
- 6) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function;
- 7) shall start the SIP Session timer according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38];

- 8) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15];
- 9) shall include in the SIP 200 (OK) response an SDP answer based on the SDP answer in the received SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in clause 20.3.0b; and
- 10) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the controlling MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 4xx, 5xx or 6xx response to the above SIP INVITE request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include Warning header field(s) that were received in the incoming SIP response; and
- 3) shall forward the SIP response to the controlling MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

20.4 Controlling MCDData function procedures

20.4.0a SDP offer generation

The SDP offer is generated based on the received SDP offer. The SDP offer generated by the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) the SDP offer shall contain only one SDP media-level section including an attribute for MCDData IP Connectivity media stream as contained in the received SDP offer.

When composing the SDP offer the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall replace the IP address and port number for the offered media stream in the received SDP offer with the IP address and port number of the controlling MCDData function., if required

NOTE: Requirements can exist for the controlling MCDData function to be always included in the path of the offered media stream, for example: for the support of features such as lawful interception and recording, to consider routability of IP addresses, inclusion of the media distribution function in the media stream, for group communication. Other examples can exist.

20.4.0b SDP answer generation

The SDP answer is generated based on the received SDP answer. When composing the SDP answer the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) for the accepted media stream in the received SDP offer:
 - a) shall replace the IP address and port number in the received SDP offer with the IP address and port number of the IP address and port number of the controlling MCDData function, if required; and

NOTE: Requirements can exist for the controlling MCDData function to be always included in the path of the offered media stream, for example: for the support of features such as lawful interception and recording, to consider routability of IP addresses, inclusion of the media distribution function in the media stream, for group communication. Other examples can exist.

- b) shall include an 'fmt' attribute as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 13.6.

20.4.1 Originating procedures

This clause describes the procedures for inviting an MCDData client to an MCDData session. The procedure is initiated by the controlling MCDData function as the result of an action in clause 20.4.2.

The controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include the Supported header field set to "timer";

- 3) should include the Session-Expires header field according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38]. The refresher parameter shall be omitted;
- 4) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdata.ipconn media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 5) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.ipconn" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 6) shall include a Referred-By header field with the public user identity of the inviting MCDData client;
- 7) shall include in the Contact header field an MCDData session identity for the MCDData session with the g.3gpp.mcdata.ipconn media feature tag, the isfocus media feature tag and the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.ipconn" according to IETF RFC 3840 [16];
- 8) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP INVITE request:
 - a) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData ID of the terminating user; and
- 9) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function associated to the MCDData user to be invited;

NOTE 1: The public service identity can identify the terminating participating MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 2: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 4: How the controlling MCDData function determines the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 5: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- 10) shall set the P-Asserted-Identity header field to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function;
- 11) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.ipconn" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service-Id header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7] in the SIP INVITE request;
- 12) shall include in the SIP INVITE request an SDP offer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications given in clause 20.4.0a; and
- 13) shall send the SIP INVITE request towards the terminating client in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response for the SIP INVITE request the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15].

NOTE 6: The procedures executed by the controlling MCDData function prior to sending a response to the inviting MCDData client are specified in clause 20.4.2.

20.4.2 Terminating procedures

In the procedures in this clause:

- 1) MCDData ID in an incoming SIP INVITE request refers to the MCDData ID of the originating user from the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP INVITE request;
- 2) MCDData ID in an outgoing SIP INVITE request refers to the MCDData ID of the called user in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the outgoing SIP INVITE request.

Upon receipt of a "SIP INVITE request for controlling MCDData function for IP Connectivity session", the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request may reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The controlling MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall reject the SIP request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response and not process the remaining steps if:
 - a) an Accept-Contact header field does not include the g.3gpp.mcdata.ipconn media feature tag; or
 - b) an Accept-Contact header field does not include the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.ipconn";
- 3) shall cache SIP feature tags, if received in the Contact header field and if the specific feature tags are supported;
- 4) shall start the SIP Session timer according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38];
- 5) if the <request-type> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP INVITE request is set to a value of "one-to-one-ipconn" and the SIP INVITE request:
 - a) does not contain an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body or contains an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with more than one <entry> element in the set of <list> elements in the <resource-lists> element, shall return a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "227 unable to determine targeted user for one-to-one IP Connectivity" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and skip the rest of the steps below;
 - a1) contains an <anyExt> element of the <mcdata-Params> element of the <mcdatainfo> element of an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with a <call-to-functional-alias-ind> element set to a value of "true":
 - i) shall identify the MCDData ID(s) of the MCDData user(s) that have activated the called functional alias received in the "uri" attribute of the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body of the SIP INVITE request by performing the actions specified in clause 22.2.2.2.8, and:
 - A) if unable to determine any MCDData ID that has activated the called functional alias received in the "uri" attribute of the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body of the SIP INVITE, shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "145 unable to determine called party" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps; and
 - B) shall select one of the identified MCDData IDs, and shall send a SIP 300 (Multiple Choices) response to the SIP INVITE request populated according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3261 [4] with:
 - I) a Contact header field containing a SIP URI for the MCDData session identity; and
 - II) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body with a <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the selected MCDData ID and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
- b) contains an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with exactly one <entry> element in the set of <list> elements in the <resource-lists> element, shall invite the MCDData user identified by the "uri" attribute of the <entry> element of the <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body, as specified in clause 20.4.1; and

NOTE: How the controlling MCDData function selects the appropriate MCDData ID is implementation-specific.

c) can interact with the media plane, in case routing or transmission control is necessary.

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response for a SIP INVITE request as specified in clause 20.4.1 and if the MCDData ID in the SIP 200 (OK) response matches to the MCDData ID in the corresponding SIP INVITE request, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall invoke the procedure in clause 6.3.7.1.23 with an indication that the applicable MCDData subservice is IP Connectivity, in order to generate a SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 2) shall send the generated SIP 200 (OK) response to the inviting MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

21 MCDData Message Store

21.1 General

This clause defines procedures for communication between the MCDData message store client and the MCDData message store function as well as the MCDData server and the MCDData message store function as specified in clause 7.13.3 of 3GPP TS 23.282 [2].

Additionally, this clause defines procedures for communication between the Message notification client and the MCDData notification server as well as the MCDData message store function and the MCDData notification server as specified in clause 7.13.3 of 3GPP TS 23.282[2].

The communication between the MCDData message store client and the MCDData message store function as well as between the Message notification client and the MCDData notification server shall use HTTP over TLS as specified in annex A of 3GPP TS 24.482 [24].

The hostname of the MCDData message store is configured in the MCDData user profile configuration document as specified in clause 10.3 of 3GPP TS 24.484 [12].

The hostname of the MCDData notification server is configured in the MCDData service configuration document as specified in clause 10.4 of 3GPP TS 24.484 [12].

The MCDData message store function shall act as an HTTP server as defined in annex A of 3GPP TS 24.482 [24].

The MCDData message store client and the Message notification client in the role of an HTTP client shall include the MCDData access token (with the "Bearer" authentication scheme) in the Authorization header field of an HTTP request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24].

The HTTP server (i.e. the MCDData message store and the MCDData notification server) shall validate the MCDData access token as specified in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24].

NOTE 1: In procedures for communication between the MCDData message store client and the MCDData message store function as well as communication between the Message notification client and the MCDData notification server, the MCDData ID which is the identity of the MCDData user is part of MCDData access token as specified in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24]. Additionally, the MCDData ID can be used as the value for `userId` variable while generating the HTTP request URL.

NOTE 1A: In procedures for communication between MCDData server and MCDData message store function, the MCDData ID which is the identity of the MCDData user is used as the value of the resource URL variable, "boxId" as specified in clause 5.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

The interface between the MCDData message store client and the MCDData message store function (i.e. MCDData-7) as well as the interface between the MCDData server and the MCDData message store function (i.e. MCDData-8) shall be based on the RESTful API as specified in OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

The interface between the Message notification client and the MCDData notification server (i.e. MCDData-10) shall be based on the RESTful API as specified in OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NotificationChannel-V1_0-20200319-C [76].

the MCDData message store function uses HTTP POST method to push notifications to the MCDData notification server (i.e. MCDData-11) at a Callback URL provided by the MCDData message store client during notification subscription creation procedure (as defined in the following clauses).

The HTTP communications (i.e. RESTful API invocations) between the MCDData server and the MCDData message store function (i.e. MCDData-8) as well as between the MCDData message store function and the MCDData notification server (i.e. MCDData-11) are authenticated/authorized as per security mechanisms described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26].

NOTE 2: Procedures defined for communication between the MCDData message store client and the MCDData message store function as well as the MCDData server and the MCDData message store function in the following sections reference clause 6 "Detailed specification of the resources" of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66]. Additional information related to RESTful resources, data types and sequence diagrams are found in clause 5 and JSON examples in appendix D of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

NOTE 3: Procedures defined for communication between the Message notification client and the MCDData notification server in the following sections reference clause 6 "Detailed specification of the resources" of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NotificationChannel-V1_0-20200319-C [76]. Additional information related to RESTful resources, data types and sequence diagrams are found in clause 5 and JSON examples in appendix D of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NotificationChannel-V1_0-20200319-C [76].

21.2 MCDData message store functions and client procedures

21.2.1 Object retrieval procedure

21.2.1.1 Message store client procedures

To retrieve the object from MCDData message store, the message store client, acting as an HTTP client shall follow the procedure described in clause 6.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] as follows:

- 1) shall generate an HTTP GET request as specified in clause 6.2.3 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] as follows:
 - a) shall set the Host header field to a hostname identifying the message store function
 - b) shall include a valid MCDData access token in the HTTP Authorization header; and
 - c) shall send the HTTP GET request towards the message store function.

Upon receipt of an HTTP response, the message store client shall follow the procedure as described in clause 6.2.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

21.2.1.2 Message store function procedures

Upon receipt of the HTTP GET request from the client, as per clause 21.2.1.1, with the Request-URI identifying a resource in the MCDData message store, the message store function acting as an HTTP server:

- 1) shall validate the MCDData access token (with "Bearer" authentication scheme) received in the Authorization header of the request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24];
- 2) if validation is successful then
 - a) shall process the HTTP GET request by following the procedures described in clause 6.2.3 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66]; and
- 3) shall generate and send an HTTP response towards the message store client indicating the result of the operation (e.g. if the object identified by the Request URI was successfully found, it is returned in the HTTP response).

21.2.2 Object search procedure

21.2.2.1 Message store client procedures

To search for information about a selected set of objects in the MCDData message store, the message store client, acting as an HTTP client shall follow the procedure described in clause 6.8 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] as follows:

- 1) shall generate an HTTP POST request as specified in clause 6.8.5 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] as follows:
 - a) shall set the Host header field to a hostname identifying the message store function;
 - b) shall include a valid MCDData access token in the HTTP Authorization header; and
 - c) shall send the HTTP POST request, which includes a "SelectionCriteria" data structure, towards the message store function.

Upon receipt of an HTTP response, the message store client shall follow the procedure as describe in clause 6.8.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

21.2.2.2 Message store function procedures

Upon receipt of the HTTP POST request from the client, as per clause 21.2.2.1, the message store function acting as an HTTP server:

- 1) shall validate the MCDData access token (with "Bearer" authentication scheme) received in the Authorization header of the request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24];
- 2) if validation is successful then
 - a) shall process the HTTP POST request by following the procedures described in clause 6.8.5 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66]; and
- 3) shall generate and send an HTTP response, containing the objects matching the SelectionCriteria, towards the message store client.

21.2.3 Update object(s) procedure

21.2.3.1 Message store client procedures

To update object(s) in the MCDData message store, the message store client, acting as an HTTP client, shall either follow the procedure described in clause 6.3 or 6.4, for individual object update, or 6.11 for bulk update of objects, of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] as follows:

- 1) shall either generate an HTTP PUT request as specified in clause 6.3.4, 6.4.4, for individual object update, or an HTTP POST request, as specified in clause 6.11.5, for bulk update of objects, of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66], as follows:
 - a) shall set the Host header field to a hostname identifying the message store function;
 - b) shall include a valid MCDData access token in the HTTP Authorization header; and
 - c) shall send the HTTP PUT request, for individual object update, or the HTTP POST request, for bulk update of objects, towards the message store function.

Upon receipt of an HTTP response, the message store client shall either follow the procedure as described in clause 6.3.2, 6.4.2 for individual object update response, or clause 6.11.2 for bulk update of objects response, of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

21.2.3.2 Message store function procedures

Upon receipt of the HTTP PUT or the HTTP POST request from the client, as per clause 21.2.3.1, the message store function acting as an HTTP server:

- 1) shall validate the MCDData access token (with "Bearer" authentication scheme) received in the Authorization header of the request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24];
- 2) if validation is successful then
 - a) if the received request is an HTTP PUT, shall process the HTTP PUT request for individual object update by following the procedure described in clauses 6.3.2 or 6.4.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66]; and
 - b) if the received request is an HTTP POST, shall process the HTTP POST request by following the procedure described in clause 6.11.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] for bulk update of objects; and
- 3) shall generate and send an HTTP response towards the message store client indicating the result of the update operation.

21.2.4 Delete stored object(s) procedure

21.2.4.1 Message store client procedures

To delete object(s) in the MCDData message store, the message store client, acting as an HTTP client, shall either follow the procedure described in clause 6.2, for individual object delete, or clause 6.12 for bulk delete of objects, of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] as follows:

- 1) shall either generate an HTTP DELETE request as specified in clause 6.2.6, for individual object delete, or an HTTP POST request as specified in clause 6.12.6, for bulk delete of objects, of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66], as follows:
 - a) shall set the Host header field to a hostname identifying the message store function;
 - b) shall include a valid MCDData access token in the HTTP Authorization header; and
 - c) shall send the HTTP DELETE request, for individual object delete, or the HTTP POST request, for bulk delete of objects, towards the message store function.

Upon receipt of an HTTP response, the message store client shall either follow the procedure as described in clause 6.2.2, for individual object delete response, or clause 6.12.2, for bulk delete of objects response, of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

21.2.4.2 Message store function procedures

Upon receipt of the HTTP DELETE or the HTTP POST request from the client, as per clause 21.2.4.1, the message store function acting as an HTTP server:

- 1) shall validate the MCDData access token (with "Bearer" authentication scheme) received in the Authorization header of the request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24];
- 2) if validation is successful then
 - a) if the received request is an HTTP DELETE, shall process the HTTP DELETE request for individual object delete by following the procedure described in clause 6.2.6 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66]; and
 - b) if the received request is an HTTP POST, shall process the HTTP POST request by following the procedure specified in clause 6.12.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] for bulk delete of objects; and
- 3) shall generate and send an HTTP response towards the message store client indicating the result of the delete procedure.

21.2.5 Void

21.2.5A Deposit an object procedure

21.2.5A.1 MCDATA server procedures

To deposit an object of an MCDATA user in the MCDATA message store, the MCDATA server acting as an HTTP client shall follow the procedure described in clause 6.1 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] as follows:

- 1) shall generate an HTTP POST request as specified in clause 6.1.5 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] as follows:
 - a) shall set the Host header field to a hostname identifying the message store function;
 - b) shall set the boxId of the resource URL as specified in clause 6.1.1 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] to MCDATA ID which is the identity of the MCDATA user;
 - c) shall include a valid access token in the HTTP Authorization header as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26]; and
 - d) may include the query parameter "retrieveFile" in the Request URI with its value set to:
 - i) "No" if the MCDATA store is not required to retrieve the file from MCDATA content server; or
 - ii) "Yes" if the MCDATA store is required to retrieve the file from MCDATA content server and to store it locally in the MCDATA message store; and

NOTE: Including the retrieveFile query parameter with the value "Yes" is the same as if the retrieveFile query parameter is absent.

- 2) shall send the HTTP POST request towards the message store function.

Upon receipt of an HTTP response, the MCDATA server shall follow the procedure described in clause 6.1.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

21.2.5A.2 Message store function procedures

Upon receipt of the HTTP POST request from MCDATA server, as per clause 21.2.5A.1, with a Request-URI identifying a resource on the MCDATA message store, the message store function acting as an HTTP server:

- 1) shall validate the access token received in the Authorization header of the request as specified in 3GPP TS 33.180 [26];
- 2) if validation is successful then
 - a) shall process the HTTP POST request by following the procedures described in clause 6.1.5 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66]; with the following clarification:
 - i) if the query parameter "retrieveFile" is set to "Yes" or if it is absent from the request URI, the message store function shall retrieve the file pointed to by the object's payloadPart URL(carried within the HTTP POST request body), store the file in the user's message storage area and update the object's payloadPart URL accordingly; and
- 3) shall generate and send the HTTP response towards the MCDATA server indicating the result of the deposit an object operation as per clause 6.1.2 of the OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

21.2.6 Object and folder copy procedure

21.2.6.1 Message store client procedures

To copy object(s) and/or folder(s) to a destination folder in the MCDData message store, the message store client, acting as an HTTP client, shall follow the procedure described in clause 6.18 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] as follows:

- 1) shall generate an HTTP POST request as specified in clause 6.18.5 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] with following clarifications:
 - a) shall set the Host header field to a hostname identifying the message store function;
 - b) shall include a valid MCDData access token in the HTTP Authorization header; and
 - c) shall send the HTTP POST request identifying the target folder and the source objects(s) and/or folder(s) for copying operation towards the message store function.

Upon receipt of an HTTP response, the message store client should follow the procedure as described in clause 6.18.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

21.2.6.2 Message store function procedures

Upon receipt of the HTTP POST from the client, as per clause 21.2.6.1, the message store function acting as an HTTP server:

- 1) shall validate the MCDData access token (with "Bearer" authentication scheme) received in the Authorization header of the request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24];
- 2) if validation is successful then
 - a) shall process the HTTP POST request by following the procedures described in clause 6.18.5 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] and copy to the target folder the requested source object(s) and/or folders(s); and
- 3) shall generate and send a HTTP response towards the message store client indicating the result of the operation.

21.2.7 Deleting a folder procedure

21.2.7.1 Message store client procedures

To delete a folder in the MCDData message store using the message store function, the message store client, acting as an HTTP client shall follow the procedure described in clause 6.14 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] as follows:

- 1) shall generate an HTTP DELETE request as specified in clause 6.14.6 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] as follows:
 - a) shall set the Host header field to a hostname identifying the message store function;
 - b) shall include a valid MCDData access token in the HTTP Authorization header; and
 - c) shall send the HTTP DELETE request identifying the folder to be deleted towards the message store function.

Upon receipt of an HTTP response, the message store client should follow the procedure as described in clause 6.14.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

21.2.7.2 Message store function procedures

Upon receipt of the HTTP DELETE request from the client, as per clause 21.2.7.1, with the Request-URI identifying the folder in the message store to be deleted, the message store function acting as an HTTP server:

- 1) shall validate the MCDData access token (with "Bearer" authentication scheme) received in the Authorization header of the request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24];
- 2) if validation is successful then
 - a) shall process the HTTP DELETE request by following the procedures described in clause 6.14.6 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66]; and
- 3) shall generate and send an HTTP response towards the message store client indicating the result of the operation.

21.2.8 Create a folder procedure

21.2.8.1 Message store client procedures

To create a folder in the MCDData message store using the message store function, the message store client, acting as an HTTP client shall follow the procedure described in clause 6.13 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] as follows:

- 1) shall generate an HTTP POST request as specified in clause 6.13.5 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] as follows:
 - a) shall set the Host header field to a hostname identifying the message store function;
 - b) shall include a valid MCDData access token in the HTTP Authorization header; and
 - c) shall send towards the message store function the HTTP POST request identifying the target folder where the new folder is to be created.

Upon receipt of a HTTP response, the message store client should follow the procedure as described in clause 6.13.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

21.2.8.2 Message store function procedures

Upon receipt of the HTTP POST request from the client, as per clause 21.2.8.1, identifying the new folder to be created, the message store function acting as an HTTP server:

- 1) shall validate the MCDData access token (with "Bearer" authentication scheme) received in the Authorization header of the request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24];
- 2) if validation is successful then
 - a) shall process the HTTP POST request by following the procedures described in clause 6.13.5 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] and create the requested folder; and
- 3) shall generate and send an HTTP response towards the message store client indicating the result of the operation.

21.2.9 void

21.2.10 Moving object(s) and folder(s) procedure

21.2.10.1 Message store client procedures

To move object(s) and/or folder(s) to a destination folder in the MCDData message store, the message store client, acting as an HTTP client shall follow the procedure described in clause 6.19 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] as follows:

- 1) shall generate an HTTP POST request as specified in clause 6.19.5 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] as follows:
 - a) shall set the Host header field to a hostname identifying the message store function;
 - b) shall include a valid MCDData access token in the HTTP Authorization header; and

- c) shall send the HTTP POST request, identifying source objects and/or folder(s) to be moved to the designated destination folder, towards the message store function.

Upon receipt of a HTTP response, the message store client shall follow the procedure as described in clause 6.19.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

21.2.10.2 Message store function procedures

Upon receipt of the HTTP POST request from the client, as per clause 21.2.10.1, the message store function acting as an HTTP server:

- 1) shall validate the MCDData access token (with "Bearer" authentication scheme) received in the Authorization header of the request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24];
- 2) if validation is successful then
 - a) shall process the HTTP POST request by following the procedures described in clause 6.19.5 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] and perform the move operation; and
- 3) shall generate and send an HTTP response towards the message store client indicating the result of the operation.

21.2.11 Folder search procedure

21.2.11.1 Message store client procedures

To search for information about a selected set of folder(s) in the MCDData message store, the message store client, acting as an HTTP client shall follow the procedure described in clause 6.16 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] as follows:

- 1) shall generate an HTTP POST request as specified in clause 6.16.5 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] as follows:
 - a) shall set the Host header field to a hostname identifying the message store function;
 - b) shall include a valid MCDData access token in the HTTP Authorization header; and
 - c) shall send the HTTP POST request, which includes a "SelectionCriteria" data structure, towards the message store function.

Upon receipt of a HTTP response, the message store client should follow the procedure as described in clause 6.16.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

21.2.11.2 Message store function procedures

Upon receipt of the HTTP POST request from the client, as per clause 21.2.11.1, the message store function acting as an HTTP server:

- 1) shall validate the MCDData access token (with "Bearer" authentication scheme) received in the Authorization header of the request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24];
- 2) if validation is successful then
 - a) shall process the HTTP POST request by following the procedures described in clause 6.16.5 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66]; and
- 3) shall generate and send an HTTP response, containing the folders matching the SelectionCriteria, towards the message store client.

21.2.12 Void

21.2.12A Create a subscription to notifications procedure

21.2.12A.1 Message store client procedures

In order for the message store client to keep its local store in sync with the MCDData message store, it needs to receive notifications about changes in the message store. For this purpose, the message store client would need to subscribe to notification from the message store. Synchronization using subscriptions and notifications is described in clause 5.1.5.1 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

To create a subscription to notifications about changes in the message store using the message store function, the message store client, acting as an HTTP client shall follow the procedure described in clause 6.20 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] as follows:

- 1) shall generate an HTTP POST request as specified in clause 6.20.5 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] as follows:
 - a) shall set the Host header field to a hostname identifying the message store function; and
 - b) shall include a valid MCDData access token in the HTTP Authorization header; and
- 2) shall send the HTTP POST request towards the message store function.

Upon receipt of an HTTP response, the message store client should follow the procedure as described in clause 6.20.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

21.2.12A.2 Message store function procedures

Upon receipt of the HTTP POST request from the client, as per clause 21.2.12.1, with a Request-URI identifying a resource on the message store, the message store function acting as an HTTP server:

- 1) shall validate the MCDData access token (with "Bearer" authentication scheme) received in the Authorization header of the request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24];
- 2) if validation is successful then
 - a) shall process the HTTP POST request by following the procedures described in clause 6.20.5 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] and create the requested subscription; and
- 3) shall generate and send an HTTP response towards the message store client indicating the result of the operation as per clause 6.20.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

21.2.13 Void

21.2.13A Delete a subscription to notifications procedure

21.2.13A.1 Message store client procedures

To delete / cancel a subscription and stop corresponding notifications about changes in the MCDData message store using the message store function, the message store client, acting as an HTTP client shall follow the procedure described in clause 6.21 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] as follows:

- 1) shall generate an HTTP DELETE request as specified in clause 6.21.6 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] as follows:
 - a) shall set the Host header field to a hostname identifying the message store function; and
 - b) shall include a valid MCDData access token in the HTTP Authorization header; and

- 2) shall send the HTTP DELETE request identifying the subscription to be deleted towards the message store function.

Upon receipt of an HTTP response, the message store client should follow the procedure as described in clause 6.21.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

21.2.13A.2 Message store function procedures

Upon receipt of the HTTP DELETE request from the client, as per clause 21.2.13.1, with a Request-URI identifying the subscription resource on the message store, the message store function acting as an HTTP server:

- 1) shall validate the MCDData access token (with "Bearer" authentication scheme) received in the Authorization header of the request as specified in TS 24.482 [24];
- 2) if validation is successful then
 - a) shall process the HTTP DELETE request by following the procedures described in clause 6.21.6 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] and delete the requested subscription; and
- 3) shall generate and send an HTTP response towards the message store client indicating the result of the operation as per clause 6.21.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

21.2.14 Void

21.2.14A Update a subscription to notifications procedure

21.2.14A.1 Message store client procedures

A client may update its subscription to notification in order to:

- 1) extend the life of the subscription;
- 2) restart the notification stream from where it left off.

Synchronization using subscriptions and notifications is described in clause 5.1.5.1 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66]

To update a subscription to notifications about changes in the MCDData message store using the message store function, the message store client, acting as an HTTP client shall follow the procedure described in clause 6.21 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] as follows:

- 1) shall generate an HTTP POST request as specified in clause 6.21.5 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] as follows:
 - a) shall set the Host header field to a hostname identifying the message store function;
 - b) shall include a valid MCDData access token in the HTTP Authorization header; and
- 2) shall send the HTTP POST request towards the message store function.

Upon receipt of an HTTP response, the message store client should follow the procedure described in clause 6.21.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

21.2.14A.2 Message store function procedures

Upon receipt of the HTTP POST request from the client, as per clause 21.2.14A.1, with a Request-URI identifying a subscription resource on the message store, the message store function acting as an HTTP server:

- 1) shall validate the MCDData access token (with "Bearer" authentication scheme) received in the Authorization header of the request as specified in TS 24.482 [24];
- 2) if validation is successful then

- a) shall process the HTTP POST request by following the procedures described in clause 6.21.5 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] and update the requested subscription; and
- 3) shall generate and send an HTTP response towards the message store client indicating the result of the operation as per clause 6.21.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

21.2.15 Object(s) upload procedure

21.2.15.1 Message store client procedures

To upload the object(s) to the MCDData message store, the message store client acting as an HTTP client, shall either follow the procedure described in clause 6.1 for single upload or clause 6.10 for bulk upload of objects as specified in the OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] as follows:

- 1) shall generate an HTTP POST request as specified in either clause 6.1.5 or 6.10.5 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] depending on a single object upload or bulk upload of objects as follows:
 - a) shall set the Host header field to a hostname identifying the message store function;
 - b) shall include a valid MCDData access token in the HTTP Authorization header; and
 - c) shall send the HTTP POST request towards the message store function.

Upon receipt of an HTTP response, the message store client shall follow the procedure as described in clause 6.1.2 for single upload or 6.10.2 for bulk upload as specified in the OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

21.2.15.2 Message store function procedures

Upon receipt of the HTTP POST request from the client, as per clause 21.2.15.1, with a Request-URI identifying a resource on the MCDData message store, the message store function acting as an HTTP server:

- 1) shall validate the MCDData access token (with "Bearer" authentication scheme) received in the Authorization header of the request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24];
- 2) if validation is successful then
 - a) shall process the HTTP POST request by following the procedures described in either clause 6.1.5 or 6.10.5 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] depending on a single object upload or bulk upload of objects; and
- 3) shall generate and send an HTTP response towards the message store client indicating the result of the upload operation.

21.2.16 Synchronization notifications procedure

21.2.16.1 Message store function procedures

To send notifications about changes in the MCDData message store using the message store function, the MCDData message store, acting as an HTTP client shall follow the procedure described in clause 6.22 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] as follows:

- 1) shall generate an HTTP POST request as specified in clause 6.22.5 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] as follows:
 - a) shall set the Host header field using the callback URL which was previously provided by the message store client in its corresponding subscription creation request as specified in clause 21.2.12A; and
 - b) shall send the HTTP POST request towards the callback URL provided by the client.

Upon receipt of an HTTP response, the message store function should follow the procedure as described in clause 6.22.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

21.2.16.2 Message store client procedures

If the callback URL in the HTTP POST request (clause 21.2.16.1) points to the message store client then upon receipt of the HTTP POST request from the MCDData message store, as per clause 21.2.16.1, the message store client acting as an HTTP server (for such an in-band connection as described in clause 7.13.3.17.2 of 3GPP TS 23.282[2]):

- 1) shall process the HTTP POST request by following the procedures described in clause 6.22.5 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66]; and
 - a) either use the notification content and the reported "restartToken" and "index" as specified in clause 5.1.5.1 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] to have the client's local message store updated accordingly; or
 - b) use the notification as a trigger to subsequently search the MCDData message store for the list of changes as specified in clause 21.2.17; and
- 2) shall generate and send an HTTP response towards the message store function indicating the result of the operation as per clause 6.22.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

NOTE: The notifications about changes in the MCDData message store can be used by the message store client to synchronize its local message store with the MCDData message store in two distinguished ways which are listed in sub-bullets "a" and "b" above.

If however, the Message store client is not using an in-band connection with the MCDData message store to receive notifications and has instead created a notification channel with the MCDData notification server (see clause 7.13.3.17.3 of 3GPP TS 23.282[2]) as described in clause 21.2.19, then the message store client shall not follow the procedure in this clause and instead follow the procedure described in clause 21.2.22 "Open notification channel" in order to start receiving the notifications (about changes in the message store).

21.2.16.3 MCDData Notification server procedures

If the callback URL in the HTTP POST request, as described in clause 21.2.16.1, points to the MCDData Notification server then upon receipt of the request from the MCDData message store, the MCDData notification server acting as an HTTP server as per clause 7.13.3.17.3 of 3GPP TS 23.282[2]:

- 1) shall process the HTTP POST request; and
- 2) shall make the notifications available to the message notification client (and hence the message store client) through the associated channel which was previously created and as need be opened (see clause 21.2.19 and clause 21.2.22).

21.2.17 Search-based synchronization procedure

21.2.17.1 Message store client procedures

To search for changes (e.g. newly created objects, recently deleted objects, etc) in the MCDData message store using the message store function, the message store client, acting as an HTTP client shall follow the procedure described in clause 21.2.2.1 with the following clarification:

- 1) shall use the search criterion of "CreatedObjects", "VanishedObjects" or "Flag" in the HTTP POST request as specified in clause 5.1.5.2 and 5.4.2.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] in order to retrieve from the MCDData message store the list of the newly created object, recently deleted object and/or changes to flags respectively.

21.2.17.2 Message store function procedures

Upon receipt of the HTTP POST request from the client, as per clause 21.2.17.1, the message store function acting as an HTTP server shall follow the procedure described in clause 21.2.2.2 with the following clarification:

- 1) if search criterion in the HTTP POST request is set to "CreatedObjects", then the HTTP POST, response shall include a "creationCursor" as specified in clause 5.3.2.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

21.2.18 Retrieve content of a given folder procedure

21.2.18.1 Message store client procedures

To retrieve the content of a given folder identified by its folder ID in the MCDData message store using the message store function, the message store client, acting as an HTTP client shall follow the procedure described in clause 6.14 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] as follows:

- 1) shall generate an HTTP GET request as specified in clause 6.14.3 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] as follows:
 - a) shall set the Host header field to a hostname identifying the message store function;
 - b) shall include a valid MCDData access token in the HTTP Authorization header; and
 - c) may include URI query parameter(s) necessary to control the extent of the folder's information returned in the response; and
- 2) shall send the HTTP GET request towards the message store function.

NOTE: in order for the message store client to retrieve the content of the root folder, it first needs to discover its folder ID as described in clause 5.1.6 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] using Folder search procedure specified in clause 21.2.11 of the present document.

Upon receipt of an HTTP response, the message store client should follow the procedure as described in clause 6.14.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

21.2.18.2 Message store function procedures

Upon receipt of the HTTP GET request from the client, as per clause 21.2.18.1, the message store function acting as an HTTP server:

- 1) shall validate the MCDData access token (with "Bearer" authentication scheme) received in the Authorization header of the request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24];
- 2) if validation is successful then
 - a) shall process the HTTP GET request by following the procedures described in clause 6.14.3 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66]; and
- 3) shall generate and send an HTTP response towards the message store client indicating the result of the operation as per clause 6.14.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

21.2.19 Create notification channel procedure

21.2.19.1 Message notification client procedures

To create a notification channel, the Message notification client, acting as an HTTP client shall follow the procedure described in clause 6.1 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NotificationChannel-V1_0-20200319-C [76] as follows:

- 1) shall generate an HTTP POST request as specified in clause 6.1.5 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NotificationChannel-V1_0-20200319-C [76] as follows:
 - a) shall set the Host header field to a hostname identifying the MCDData Notification server;
 - b) shall include a valid MCDData access token in the Authorization header; and
 - c) shall send the HTTP POST request towards the MCDData Notification server.

Upon receipt of an HTTP response, the Message notification client should follow the procedure as described in clause 6.1.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NotificationChannel-V1_0-20200319-C [76].

21.2.19.2 MCDData Notification server procedures

Upon receipt of the HTTP POST request from the client, as per clause 21.2.19.1, with the Request-URI identifying a resource in the MCDData Notification server, the MCDData Notification server acting as an HTTP server:

- 1) shall validate the MCDData access token (with "Bearer" authentication scheme) received in the Authorization header of the request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24];
- 2) if validation is successful then
 - a) shall process the HTTP POST request by following the procedures described in clause 6.1.5 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NotificationChannel-V1_0-20200319-C [76]; and
- 3) shall generate and send an HTTP response towards the Message notification client indicating the result of the operation.

NOTE 1: A successful HTTP response includes a Callback URL and can also include a Channel URL depending on the "channelType" requested (see clause 5 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NotificationChannel-V1_0-20200319-C [76]).

NOTE 2: The Callback URL is used by the message store client in its request for creation of subscription to notifications sent towards the Message store function as described in clause 21.2.12A.

21.2.20 Delete notification channel procedure

21.2.20.1 Message notification client procedures

To delete a notification channel, the Message notification client, acting as an HTTP client shall follow the procedure described in clause 6.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NotificationChannel-V1_0-20200319-C [76] as follows:

- 1) shall generate an HTTP DELETE request as specified in clause 6.2.6 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NotificationChannel-V1_0-20200319-C [76] with following the clarifications:
 - a) shall set the Host header field to a hostname identifying the MCDData Notification server;
 - b) shall include a valid MCDData access token in the Authorization header; and
 - c) shall send the HTTP DELETE request towards the MCDData Notification server.

Upon receipt of a HTTP response, the Message notification client should follow the procedure as described in clause 6.2.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NotificationChannel-V1_0-20200319-C [76].

NOTE: When the notification channel is deleted, the Message store client normally removes the notification subscription in the MCDData Message store function as described in clause 21.2.13A.

21.2.20.2 MCDData Notification server procedures

Upon receipt of the HTTP DELETE request from the client, as per clause 21.2.20.1, with the Request-URI identifying a resource in the MCDData Notification server, the MCDData Notification server acting as an HTTP server:

- 1) shall validate the MCDData access token (with "Bearer" authentication scheme) received in the Authorization header of the request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24];
- 2) if validation is successful then
 - a) shall process the HTTP DELETE request by following the procedures described in clause 6.2.6 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NotificationChannel-V1_0-20200319-C [76]; and
- 3) shall generate and send an HTTP response towards the Message notification client indicating the result of the operation.

21.2.21 Update notification channel procedure

21.2.21.1 Message notification client procedures

To update a notification channel's lifetime, the Message notification client, acting as an HTTP client shall follow the procedure described in clause 6.4 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NotificationChannel-V1_0-20200319-C [76] as follows:

- 1) shall generate an HTTP PUT request as specified in clause 6.4.4 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NotificationChannel-V1_0-20200319-C [76] as follows:
 - a) shall set the Host header field to a hostname identifying the MCDData Notification server;
 - b) shall include a valid MCDData access token in the Authorization header; and
 - c) shall send the HTTP PUT request towards the MCDData Notification server.

Upon receipt of an HTTP response, the Message notification client should follow the procedure as described in clause 6.4.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NotificationChannel-V1_0-20200319-C [76].

NOTE: A successful HTTP response includes the new Channel's lifetime duration which can be used by the Message store client to update the lifetime of the notification subscription in the MCDData message store function as described in clause 21.2.14A.

21.2.21.2 MCDData Notification server procedures

Upon receipt of the HTTP PUT request from the client, as per clause 21.2.21.1, with the Request-URI identifying a resource in the MCDData Notification server, the MCDData Notification server acting as an HTTP server:

- 1) shall validate the MCDData access token (with "Bearer" authentication scheme) received in the Authorization header of the request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24];
- 2) if validation is successful then
 - a) shall process the HTTP PUT request by following the procedures described in clause 6.4.4 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NotificationChannel-V1_0-20200319-C [76]; and
- 3) shall generate and send an HTTP response towards the Message notification client indicating the result of the operation;

21.2.22 Open notification channel procedure

21.2.22.1 Message notification client procedures

Based on the channel type created as part of the notification channel creation procedure (see clause 21.2.19. "Create notification channel"), the Message notification client would determine if and how it needs to open (interact with) the created channel for notification flow (i.e. using PULL or PUSH).

To open the notification channel for a PULL notification delivery method (i.e. created channel is of type LongPolling), the Message notification client, acting as an HTTP client shall follow the procedure described in clauses 6.3 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NotificationChannel-V1_0-20200319-C [76] as follows:

- 1) shall generate an HTTP POST request as specified in clause 6.3.5 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NotificationChannel-V1_0-20200319-C [76] as follows:
 - a) shall set the Host header field to a hostname identifying the Notification server extracted from the channelURL received from the Notification server during channel creation (see clause 21.2.19. "Create notification channel");
 - b) shall include a valid MCDData access token in the Authorization header; and
 - c) shall send the HTTP POST request towards the MCDData Notification server using the channelURL received from the MCDData Notification server during channel creation procedure (see clause 21.2.19. "Create notification channel").

Upon receipt of a HTTP response, the Message notification client should follow the procedure as described in clause 6.3.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NotificationChannel-V1_0-20200319-C [76]; and

- 1) either use the notification content and the reported "restartToken" and "index" as specified in clause 5.1.5.1 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] to have the client's local message store updated accordingly; or
- 2) use the notification as a trigger to subsequently search the MCDData message store for the list of changes as specified in clause 21.2.17;

NOTE: The notifications about changes in the MCDData message store can be used by the message store client to synchronize its local message store with the MCDData message store in two distinguished ways which are listed in bullets "1" and "2" above.

To open the notification channel for a PUSH notification delivery method over WebSocket (i.e. created channel is of type WebSocket), the Message notification client shall follow the procedure described in Appendix I of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NotificationChannel-V1_0-20200319-C [76] and use the channelURL received from the MCDData Notification server during the channel creation procedure (see clauses 21.2.19) to create a WebSocket connection with the MCDData Notification server. The process of creating a WebSocect connection between the Message notification client and the MCDData Notification server through which the MCDData Notification server can send notifications to the Message notification client is not RESTful.

If the created channel is of type NativeChannel, the Message notification client, is not required to invoke the "Open notification channel" procedure as defined in this clause. See clauses 5, 5.3.13, 5.3.14 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NotificationChannel-V1_0-20200319-C [76] for description on receiving notification over a NativeChannel.

21.2.22.2 MCDData Notification server procedures

Upon receipt of the HTTP POST request (i.e. PULL notification delivery method) from the client, as per clause 21.2.22.1, with the Request-URI (i.e. channelURL) identifying a resource in the MCDData Notification server, the MCDData Notification server acting as an HTTP server:

- 1) shall validate the MCDData access token (with "Bearer" authentication scheme) received in the Authorization header of the request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24];
- 2) if validation is successful then
 - a) shall process the HTTP POST request by following the procedures described in clause 6.3.5 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NotificationChannel-V1_0-20200319-C [76]; and
- 3) shall generate and send an HTTP response towards the Message notification client indicating the result of the operation. If the response is successful, it shall contain the notifications (i.e. MCDData message store change events).

21.2.23 List folder hierarchy procedure

21.2.23.1 Message store client procedures

To list an existing folder's hierarchy structure in the MCDData message store, the message store client, acting as an HTTP client shall follow the procedure described in clause 6.16 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] with the following clarification(s):

- 1) shall generate an HTTP POST request as specified in clause 6.16.5 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] with the following clarifications:
 - a) shall set the Host header field to a hostname identifying the message store function;
 - b) shall include a valid MCDData access token in the HTTP Authorization header; and
 - c) shall send the HTTP POST request towards the message store function with "SelectionCriteria" parameters "searchCriteria" and "nonRecursiveScope" absent and "searchScope" parameter either absent or containing a

folder ID (for further information on "SelectionCriteria" data structure see clause 5.3.2.17 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66]).

- i) if "searchScope" parameter is absent, the request is to list all the subfolders recursively starting from the root folder. However, if "searchScope" parameter contains a folder ID, the request is to list all the subfolders recursively starting from the the given folder.

Upon receipt of a HTTP response, the message store client should follow the procedure as described in clause 6.16.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

21.2.23.2 Message store function procedures

Upon receipt of the HTTP POST request from the client, as per clause 21.2.23.1, the message store function acting as an HTTP server:

- 1) shall validate the MCDData access token (with "Bearer" authentication scheme) received in the Authorization header of the request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24];
- 2) if validation is successful then
 - a) shall process the HTTP POST request by following the procedures described in clause 6.16.5 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66]; and
- 3) shall generate and send an HTTP response, towards the message store client indicating the result of the operation. A successful "200 OK" HTTP response shall contain the "FolderReferenceList" data structure listing subfolders starting at the root folder or at the requested folder.

NOTE: For further information on "FolderReferenceList" data structure see clause 5.3.2.10 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66]).

21.2.24 Retrieve file to store locally procedure

21.2.24.1 Message store client procedures

To request the MCDData message store to retrieve a file associated with a given object Id from the MCDData content server and store locally, the message store client, acting as an HTTP client:

- 1) shall generate an HTTP POST request as a custom operation associated with a stored object resource as described in clause 6.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] where:
 - a) the request URI shall be set to:
//{serverRoot}/nms/{apiVersion}/{storeName}/{boxId}/objects/{objectId}/retrieve

NOTE: The above request URI states, the custom operation "retrieve" is performed on an object resource identified by the {objectId}. For further details on custom operations see clauses 4.4.2, 4.6.1.2 and C.4 in 3GPP TS 29.501 [79]).

- b) the Host header field shall be set to a hostname identifying the message store function; and
 - c) a valid MCDData access token shall be included in the HTTP Authorization header; and
- 2) shall send the HTTP POST request towards the message store function with the request containing an "Empty" data structure as described in clause 5.3.2.35 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

Upon receipt of an HTTP response, the message store client should follow the procedure as described in clause 6.2.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66].

21.2.24.2 Message store function procedures

Upon receipt of the HTTP POST request from the client, as per clause 21.2.24.1, the message store function acting as an HTTP server:

- 1) shall validate the MCDData access token (with "Bearer" authentication scheme) received in the Authorization header of the request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24];
- 2) if validation is successful then
 - a) shall process the HTTP POST request as follows:
 - i) shall locate the object as identified by the {objectId} in the request URI
 - ii) shall use the URL value of the "href" attribute within the "payloadPart" IE of the object (see clause 5.3.2.1 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66]) and fetch the file from the MCDData content server as described in clause 6.7, provided that the URL is pointing to a file in the MCDData content server; and
 - iii) shall store the file locally and update the "href" attribute value of the "payloadPart" IE accordingly (i.e. to point to the locally stored file) provided the file was fetched from the MCDData content server; and
- 3) shall generate and send an HTTP response, towards the message store client indicating the result of the operation as described in clause 6.2.2 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] with the following clarifications:
 - a) if the URL value of the "href" attribute within the "payloadPart" IE of the object was already pointing to a file stored locally in the MCDData message store (i.e. the MCDData message store did not need to fetch the file from the MCDData content server), an HTTP 200 OK response containing the "Object" data structure as defined in clause 5.3.2.1 of OMA-TS-REST_NetAPI_NMS-V1_0-20190528-C [66] shall be returned; and
 - b) if the object is updated (i.e. "href" value of the "payloadPart" IE changed), a "changedObject" event notification (see clause 21.2.16) shall be emitted if there exists a subscription (see clause 21.2.12A) to such an event from a client.

NOTE: Returning an HTTP 200 OK response when the request is for fetching a file which has already been fetched and stored locally in the MCDData message store allows proper processing of retried/duplicated requests (e.g. client retrying the same request if the response to its previous request has not arrived due to communication failure).

21.3 Control of communications storage procedures

21.3.1 General

This clause describes the MCDData user control of communications storage into message store procedures for on-network.

The control of communications storage procedures provides an option for the MCDData user to store the MCDData communications in the MCDData message store. The MCDData user(s) is configured with two levels of configurations to control the storage.

- 1) The user profile is configured with two levels of configuration parameters to control the storage of MCDData communications in the message store:
 - a) The user profile allows control of storage of MCDData communications in the message store or not.
 - b) If the storage of MCDData communication is allowed, the user profile allow control of storage of private communication and group communication separately.
- 2) During the communication, if the communication is enabled to be stored in the message store (as stated in 1 above) the user will have the choice to decide if the communication will be stored in the message store. So the user has the total control if a communication will be stored or not.

The procedures for originating MCDData clients and participating MCDData functions are specified in clause 21.3.

21.3.2 MCDData Client procedures

21.3.2.1 General

On request from MCDData user at MCDData client, a request to control (i.e. to enable or disable) the storage of MCDData communication into the MCDData message store is initiated to the participating MCDData function.

21.3.2.2 Enable communications storage into message store procedures.

Upon receiving a request from the MCDData user to send a request to control (i.e., enable) the storage of MCDData communications request, if the <allow-store-comms-in-msgstore> element of the <ruleset> element is not present in the MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) or is set to a value of "false", the MCDData client shall inform the MCDData user and shall exit this procedure.

Upon receiving a request from the MCDData user to send a request to enable the storage of MCDData communications for private and/or group, the MCDData client shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6] with the clarifications given below.

The MCDData client:

- 1) shall include a Request-URI set to the public service identity identifying the originating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;
- 2) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 3) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 4) may include a P-Preferred-Identity header field in the SIP MESSAGE request containing a public user identity as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 5) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as specified in clause D.1 with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with:
 - a) the <request-type> element set to a value of "store-comms-in-msgstore-ctrl-req";
 - b) if user want to store all the authorized MCDData private communications, and if requested to store the communications, shall include <store-all-private-comms-in-msgstore> element set to a value of "true". Otherwise, if user want to store the list of MCDData private communications, and if requested to store the communications, shall include <store-specific-private-comms-in-msgstore> element set to a value of "enable";
 - c) if user want to store all the authorized MCDData group communications, and if requested to store the communications, shall include <store-all-group-comms-in-msgstore> element set to a value of "true". Otherwise, if user want to store the list of MCDData group communications, and if requested to store the communications, shall include <store-specific-group-comms-in-msgstore> element set to a value of "enable";
 - d) the <mcdata-client-id> element set to the MCDData client ID of the originating MCDData client; and
 - e) if the MCDData client needs to include an active functional alias in the SIP MESSAGE request, the <anyExt> element of the <functional-alias-URI> element set to the URI of the used functional alias;
- 6) if the <store-specific-private-comms-in-msgstore> or the <store-specific-group-comms-in-msgstore> element is included in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-msgstore-ctrl-request+xml MIME body as specified in clause D.7 with the <msgstore-ctrl-command-list> element containing:
 - a) if the <store-specific-private-comms-in-msgstore> element set to a value of "enable", may include zero or more <private> elements of <enable> element containing a MCDData ID of the MCDData user; and
 - b) if the <store-specific-group-comms-in-msgstore> element set to a value of "enable", may include zero or more <group> elements of <enable> element containing a MCDData Group ID; and

7) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

21.3.2.3 Disable communications storage into message store procedures.

Upon receiving a request from the MCDData user to send a request to control (i.e., disable) the storage of MCDData communications request, if the <allow-store-comms-in-msgstore> element of the <ruleset> element is not present in the MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) or is set to a value of "false", the MCDData client shall inform the MCDData user and shall exit this procedure.

Upon receiving a request from the MCDData user to send a request to disable the storage of MCDData communications for private and/or group, the MCDData client shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6] with the clarifications given below.

The MCDData client:

- 1) shall include a Request-URI set to the public service identity identifying the originating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;
- 2) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 3) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata" along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 4) may include a P-Preferred-Identity header field in the SIP MESSAGE request containing a public user identity as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 5) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body as specified in clause D.1 with the <mcddatainfo> element containing the <mcddata-Params> element with:
 - a) the <request-type> element set to a value of "store-comms-in-msgstore-ctrl-req";
 - b) if user do not want to store all the authorized MCDData private communications, and if requested not to store the communications, shall include <store-all-private-comms-in-msgstore> element set to a value of "false". Otherwise, if user do not want to store the list of MCDData private communications, and if requested not to store the communications, shall include <store-specific-private-comms-in-msgstore> element set to a value of "disable";
 - c) if user do not want to store all the authorized MCDData group communications, and if requested not to store the communications, shall include <store-all-group-comms-in-msgstore> element set to a value of "false". Otherwise, if user do not want to store the list of MCDData group communications, and if requested not to store the communications, shall include <store-specific-group-comms-in-msgstore> element set to a value of "disable";
 - d) the <mcddata-client-id> element set to the MCDData client ID of the originating MCDData client; and
 - e) if the MCDData client needs to include an active functional alias in the SIP MESSAGE request, the <anyExt> element of the <functional-alias-URI> element set to the URI of the used functional alias;
- 6) if the <store-specific-private-comms-in-msgstore> or the <store-specific-group-comms-in-msgstore> element is included in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body, shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-msgstore-ctrl-request+xml MIME body as specified in clause D.7 with the <msgstore-ctrl-command-list> element containing:
 - a) if the <store-specific-private-comms-in-msgstore> element set to a value of "disable", may include zero or more <private> elements of <disable> element containing a MCDData ID of the MCDData user; and
 - b) if the <store-specific-group-comms-in-msgstore> element set to a value of "disable", may include zero or more <group> elements of <disable> element containing a MCDData Group ID; and
- 7) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

21.3.3 Participating MCDData function procedures

21.3.3.1 General

The participating MCDData function has procedures to:

- receive a MCDData communications storage control request from the MCDData Client.

21.3.3.2 Control communications storage into message store procedures.

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for controlling the storage of the MCDData communications into MCDData message store", the participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall determine the MCDData ID of the calling user from the public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP MESSAGE request;

NOTE: The MCDData ID of the calling user is bound to the public user identity at the time of service authorisation.

- 3) if the participating MCDData function cannot find a binding between the public user identity and an MCDData ID or if the validity period of an existing binding has expired, then the participating MCDData function shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text set to "141 user unknown to the participating function" in a Warning header field and shall not continue with any of the remaining steps;
- 4) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP MESSAGE request containing <request-type> element set to a value of "store-comms-in-msgstore-ctrl-req" and:
 - a) the <allow-store-comms-in-msgstore> element of the <ruleset> element is not present in the MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) or is set to a value of "false", shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "234 user not authorized to enable or disable the storage of MCDData communications into the MCDData message store" in a Warning header field, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
 - b) if the <store-all-private-comms-in-msgstore> element is present in the incoming request and the <allow-store-private-comms-in-msgstore> element of the <ruleset> element is not present in the MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) or is set to a value of "false", shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "234 user not authorized to enable or disable the storage of MCDData communications into the MCDData message store" in a Warning header field, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
 - c) if the <store-all-group-comms-in-msgstore> element is present in the incoming request and the <allow-store-group-comm-in-msgstore> element of the each <MCDDataGroupInfo> element is not present in the MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) or is set to a value of "false", shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "234 user not authorized to enable or disable the storage of MCDData communications into the MCDData message store" in a Warning header field, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
 - d) the SIP MESSAGE request does not contain an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-msgstore-ctrl-request+xml MIME body, the <store-all-private-comms-in-msgstore> element, and the <store-all-group-comms-in-msgstore> elements, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "235 unable to determine target user or group for enabling or disabling the storage of MCDData communications into the MCDData message store" in a Warning header field, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
 - e) if the <store-all-group-comms-in-msgstore> element is not present and an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-msgstore-ctrl-request+xml MIME body with zero or more <group> elements of <enable> or <disable> element are included, and each specified MCDData group ID matching with the corresponding entry in the <MCDDataGroupInfo> does not contain the <allow-store-group-comm-in-msgstore> element in the MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) or is set to a value of

- "false", shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "234 user not authorized to enable or disable the storage of MCDData communications into the MCDData message store" in a Warning header field, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause; and
- f) if the <store-specific-private-comms-in-msgstore> or <store-specific-group-comms-in-msgstore> is present and the request does not contain an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "235 unable to determine target user or group for enabling or disabling the storage of MCDData communications into the MCDData message store" in a Warning header field, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
- 5) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP MESSAGE request contains:
- a) if the <store-all-private-comms-in-msgstore> element set to a value of "true", shall update or store the record for the MCDData client and enable the storage of all the MCDData private communications for which user is authorized to store the communication into the MCDData message store;
- b) if the <store-all-private-comms-in-msgstore> element set to a value of "false", shall update or store the record for the MCDData client and disable the storage of all the MCDData private communications for which user is authorized to store the communication into the MCDData message store;
- c) if the <store-specific-private-comms-in-msgstore> element set to a value of "enable", the <store-all-private-comms-in-msgstore> element is not present and an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-msgstore-ctrl-request+xml MIME body with one or more <private> elements of <enable> element are included, shall update or store the record for the MCDData client and enable the storage of MCDData private communications of the requesting user with specified list of users for which user is authorized to store the communication into the MCDData message store;
- d) if the <store-specific-private-comms-in-msgstore> element set to a value of "disable", the <store-all-private-comms-in-msgstore> element is not present and an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-msgstore-ctrl-request+xml MIME body with one or more <private> elements of <disable> element are included, shall update or store the record for the MCDData client and disable the storage of MCDData private communications of the requesting user with the specified list of users for which user is authorized to store the communication into the MCDData message store;
- e) if the <store-all-group-comms-in-msgstore> element set to a value of "true", shall update or store the record for the MCDData client and enable the storage of all the MCDData group communications for which user is authorized to store the communication into the MCDData message store;
- f) if the <store-all-group-comms-in-msgstore> element set to a value of "false", shall update or store the record for the MCDData client and disable the storage of all the MCDData group communications for which user is authorized to store the communication into the MCDData message store;
- g) if the <store-specific-group-comms-in-msgstore> element set to a value of "enable", the <store-all-group-comms-in-msgstore> element is not present and an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-msgstore-ctrl-request+xml MIME body with one or more <group> elements of <enable> element are included, shall update or store the record for the MCDData client and enable the storage for the specified MCDData group communications for which user is authorized to store the communication into the MCDData message store; and
- h) if the <store-specific-group-comms-in-msgstore> element set to a value of "disable", the <store-all-group-comms-in-msgstore> element is not present and an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-msgstore-ctrl-request+xml MIME body with one or more <group> elements of <disable> element are included, shall update or store the record for the MCDData client and disable the storage for the specified MCDData group communications for which user is authorized to store the communication into the MCDData message store;
- 6) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the following clarifications:
- a) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function; and
- 7) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

22 Functional alias

22.1 General

Clause 22.2 contains the procedures for management of functional alias at the MCDData client, the MCDData server serving the MCDData user and the MCDData server owning the functional alias.

Clause 22.3 describes the coding used for management of functional aliases.

22.2 Procedures

22.2.1 MCDData client procedures

22.2.1.1 General

The MCDData client procedures consist of:

- a functional alias status change procedure;
- a functional alias status determination procedure; and
- a location based functional alias status change procedure.

In order to obtain information about success or rejection of changes triggered by the functional alias status change procedure for an MCDData user, the MCDData client needs to initiate the functional alias status determination procedure for the MCDData user before starting the functional alias status change procedure for the MCDData user.

22.2.1.2 Functional alias status change procedure

In order:

- to indicate that an MCDData user requests to activate one or more functional aliases;
- to indicate that the MCDData user requests to deactivate one or more functional aliases;
- to refresh indication of an MCDData user interest in one or more functional aliases due to near expiration of the expiration time of a functional alias with the status set to the "activated" state received in a SIP NOTIFY request in clause 22.2.1.3;
- to indicate that the MCDData client entering into or exiting from a location area triggers one or more functional aliases to be activated;
- to indicate that the MCDData client entering into or exiting from a location area triggers one or more functional aliases to be deactivated; or
- any combination of the above;

the MCDData client shall generate a SIP PUBLISH request according to TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3903 [34], and IETF RFC 3856 [39].

When the MCDData user requests to deactivate a functional alias, the MCDData client shall first check the <manual-deactivation-not-allowed-if-location-criteria-met> element within the <anyExt> element of the <entry> element corresponding to the functional alias within the <FunctionalAliasList> list element of the <anyExt> element of the <OnNetwork> element of the MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in TS 24.484 [12]). If the functional alias has been activated due to a location area trigger and the <manual-deactivation-not-allowed-if-location-criteria-met> element is set to a value of "true", the MCDData client shall suppress the MCDData user's request.

NOTE 1: If the request is suppressed, a notification message can be displayed to the user.

In the SIP PUBLISH request, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity identifying the originating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;
- 2) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body. In the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, the MCDData client shall include the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData ID of the MCDData user;
- 3) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 4) if the MCDData client requests to activate one or more functional aliases, shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 3903 [34], to 4294967295;

NOTE 2: 4294967295, which is equal to $2^{32}-1$, is the highest value defined for Expires header field in IETF RFC 3261 [4].

- 5) if the MCDData client requests to deactivate one or more functional aliases, shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 3903 [34], to zero; and

NOTE 3: Activation and deactivation of functional alias cannot be performed with the same PUBLISH request.

- 6) shall include an application/pdf+xml MIME body indicating per-user functional alias information according to clause 22.3.1. In the MIME body, the MCDData client:
 - a) shall include all functional aliases where the MCDData user requests activation for the MCDData ID;
 - b) shall include the MCDData client ID of the targeted MCDData client;
 - c) shall not include the "status" attribute and the "expires" attribute in the <functionalalias> element;
 - d) if the MCDData client has received an indication that take over of a functional alias is possible and intends to take over a functional alias, shall include a <take-over> child element set to "true"; and
 - e) shall set the <p-id-fa> child element of the <presence> root element to a globally unique value.

The MCDData client shall send the SIP PUBLISH request according to TS 24.229 [5].

22.2.1.3 Functional alias status determination procedure

NOTE 1: The MCDData UE also uses this procedure to determine which functional alias have been successfully activated for the MCDData ID.

In order to discover functional aliases:

- 1) which which are activated for the MCDData user; or
- 2) which another MCDData user has activated;

the MCDData client shall generate an initial SIP SUBSCRIBE request according to TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3856 [39], and IETF RFC 6665 [36].

In the SIP SUBSCRIBE request, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity identifying the originating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;
- 2) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body. In the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, the MCDData client shall include:
 - a) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData ID of the targeted MCDData user; and
 - b) the <request-type> element in the <mcdata-Params> element of the <mcdatainfo> element set to the value "functional-alias-status-determination";

- 3) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 4) if the MCDData client wants to receive the current status and later notification, shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 6665 [36], to 4294967295;

NOTE 2: 4294967295, which is equal to $2^{32}-1$, is the highest value defined for Expires header field in IETF RFC 3261 [4].

- 5) if the MCDData client wants to fetch the current state only, shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 6665 [36], to zero;
- 6) shall include an Events header field set to "presence"; and
- 7) shall include an Accept header field containing the application/pidf+xml MIME type.

In order to re-subscribe or de-subscribe, the MCDData client shall generate an in-dialog SIP SUBSCRIBE request according to TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3856 [39], and IETF RFC 6665 [36]. In the SIP SUBSCRIBE request, the MCDData client:

- 1) if the MCDData client wants to receive the current status and later notification, shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 6665 [36], to 4294967295;

NOTE 3: 4294967295, which is equal to $2^{32}-1$, is the highest value defined for Expires header field in IETF RFC 3261 [4].

- 2) if the MCDData client wants to de-subscribe, shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 6665 [36], to zero;
- 3) shall include an Events header field set to "presence"; and
- 4) shall include an Accept header field containing the application/pidf+xml MIME type.

Upon receiving a SIP NOTIFY request according to TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3856 [39], and IETF RFC 6665 [36], if SIP NOTIFY request contains an application/pidf+xml MIME body indicating per-user functional alias information constructed according to clause 22.3.1, then the MCDData client shall determine the status of the MCDData user for each functional alias in the MIME body. If the <p-id-fa> child element of the <presence> root element of the application/pidf+xml MIME body of the SIP NOTIFY request is included, the <p-id-fa> element value indicates the SIP PUBLISH request which triggered sending of the SIP NOTIFY request.

If the MCDData client detected a functional alias activation or deactivation, it shall perform the procedure specified in clause 8.2.6.

22.2.1.4 Location based functional alias status change procedure

If a location criterion for functional alias activation or de-activation is met, the MCDData client shall initiate the functional alias status change procedure as specified in clause 22.2.1.2.

22.2.2 MCDData server procedures

22.2.2.1 General

The MCDData server procedures consist of:

- procedures of MCDData server serving the MCDData user; and
- procedures of MCDData server owning the functional alias.

22.2.2.2 Procedures of MCDData server serving the MCDData user

22.2.2.2.1 General

The procedures of MCDData server serving the MCDData user consist of:

- a receiving functional alias status change from MCDData client procedure;
- a receiving subscription to functional alias status procedure;
- a sending notification of change of functional alias status procedure;
- a sending functional alias status change towards MCDData server owning the functional procedure; and
- a functional alias status determination from MCDData server owning the functional alias procedure.

22.2.2.2.2 Stored information

The MCDData server shall maintain a list of MCDData user information entries. The list of the MCDData user information entries contains one MCDData user information entry for each served MCDData ID.

In each MCDData user information entry, the MCDData server shall maintain:

- 1) an MCDData ID. This field uniquely identifies the MCDData user information entry in the list of the MCDData user information entries; and
- 2) a list of functional alias information entries.

In each functional alias information, the MCDData server shall maintain:

- 1) a functional alias ID. This field uniquely identifies the functional alias information entry in the list of the functional alias information entries;
- 2) a functional alias status;
- 3) an expiration time;
- 4) a functional alias p-id-fa; and
- 5) a next publishing time.

22.2.2.2.3 Receiving functional alias status change from MCDData client procedure

Upon receiving a SIP PUBLISH request such that:

- 1) Request-URI of the SIP PUBLISH request contains either the public service identity identifying the originating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user, or the public service identity identifying the terminating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;
- 2) the SIP PUBLISH request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body containing the <mcdata-request-uri> element which identifies an MCDData ID served by the MCDData server;
- 3) the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 4) the Event header field of the SIP PUBLISH request contains the "presence" event type; and
- 5) SIP PUBLISH request contains an application/pidf+xml MIME body indicating per-user functional alias information according to clause 22.3.1;

then the MCDData server:

- 1) shall identify the served MCDData ID in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP PUBLISH request;
- 2) if the Request-URI of the SIP PUBLISH request contains the public service identity identifying the originating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user, shall identify the originating MCDData ID from public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP PUBLISH request;
- 3) if the Request-URI of the SIP PUBLISH request contains the public service identity identifying the terminating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user, shall identify the originating MCDData ID in the

- <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP PUBLISH request;
- 4) if the originating MCDData ID is different than the served MCDData ID or the originating MCDData ID is not authorized to modify functional alias status of the served MCDData ID, shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
 - 5) if the Expires header field of the SIP PUBLISH request is not included or has nonzero value lower than 4294967295, shall send a SIP 423 (Interval Too Brief) response to the SIP PUBLISH request, where the SIP 423 (Interval Too Brief) response contains a Min-Expires header field set to 4294967295, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
 - 6) if the Expires header field of the SIP PUBLISH request has nonzero value, shall determine the candidate expiration interval to according to IETF RFC 3903 [34];
 - 7) if the Expires header field of the SIP PUBLISH request has zero value, shall set the candidate expiration interval to zero;
 - 8) shall respond with SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP PUBLISH request according to TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3903 [34]. In the SIP 200 (OK) response, the MCDData server:
 - a) shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 3903 [34], to the candidate expiration time;
 - 9) if the "entity" attribute of the <presence> element of the application/pidf+xml MIME body of the SIP PUBLISH request is different than the served MCDData ID, shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
 - 10) shall consider an MCDData user information entry such that:
 - a) the MCDData user information entry is in the list of MCDData user information entries described in clause 22.2.2.2.2; and
 - b) the MCDData ID of the MCDData user information entry is equal to the served MCDData ID; as the served MCDData user information entry;
 - 11) shall consider a copy of the list of the MCDData functional alias entries of the served MCDData user information entry as the served list of the MCDData functional alias information entries;
 - 12) if the candidate expiration interval is nonzero, shall construct the candidate list of the MCDData functional alias entries as follows:
 - a) for each functional alias ID which has a functional alias information entry in the served list of the functional alias information entries, such that the expiration time of the functional alias information entry has not expired yet, and which is indicated in a "functionalAliasID" attribute of a <functionalAlias> element of the <status> element of the <tuple> element of the <presence> root element of the application/pidf+xml MIME body of the SIP PUBLISH request:
 - i) shall copy the functional alias information entry into a new functional alias information entry of the candidate list of the functional alias information entries;
 - ii) if the functional alias status of the functional alias information entry is "deactivating" or "deactivated", shall set the functional alias status of the new functional alias information entry to the "activated" state and shall set the activating p-id-fa of the new functional alias information entry to the value of the <p-id-fa> element of the <presence> root element of the application/pidf+xml MIME body of the SIP PUBLISH request; and
 - iii) shall set the expiration time of the new functional alias information entry to the current time increased with the candidate expiration interval;
 - b) for each functional alias ID which has a functional alias information entry in the served list of the functional alias information entries, such that the expiration time of the functional alias information entry has not expired yet, and which is not indicated in any "functionalAliasID" attribute of the <functionalAlias> element of the <status> element of the <tuple> element of the <presence> root element of the application/pidf+xml MIME body of the SIP PUBLISH request:

- i) shall copy the functional alias information entry into a new functional alias information entry of the candidate list of the functional alias information entries; and
- ii) if the functional alias status of the functional alias information entry is "activated" or "activating":
 - shall set the functional alias status of the new functional alias entry to the "deactivating" state; and
 - shall set the expiration time of the new functional alias information entry to the current time increased with twice the value of timer F; and
- c) for each functional alias ID:
 - i) which does not have a functional alias information entry in the served list of the functional alias entries; or
 - ii) which has a functional alias information entry in the served list of the functional alias information entries, such that the expiration time of the functional alias information entry has already expired;

and which is indicated in a "functionalAliasID" element of the <functionalAlias> element of the <status> element of the <tuple> element of the <presence> root element of the application/pidf+xml MIME body of the SIP PUBLISH request:

- i) shall add a new functional alias information entry in the candidate list of the functional alias information list for the functional alias ID;
- ii) shall set the functional alias status of the new functional alias information entry to the "activating" state;
- iii) shall set the expiration time of the new functional alias information entry to the current time increased with the candidate expiration interval; and
- iv) shall set the activating p-id-fa of the new functional alias information entry to the value of the <p-id-fa> element of the <presence> root element of the application/pidf+xml MIME body of the SIP PUBLISH request;

13) if the candidate expiration interval is zero, constructs the candidate list of the functional alias information entries as follows:

- a) for each functional alias ID which has an entry in the served list of the functional alias information entries:
 - i) shall copy the functional alias entry of the served list of the functional alias information into a new functional alias information entry of the candidate list of the functional alias information entries;
 - ii) shall set the functional alias status of the new functional alias information entry to the "de-activating" state; and
 - iii) shall set the expiration time of the new functional alias information entry to the current time increased with twice the value of timer F;

14) shall replace the list of the functional alias information entries stored in the served MCDATA user information entry with the candidate list of the functional alias information entries;

15) shall perform the procedures specified in clause 22.2.2.2.6 for the served MCDATA ID and each functional alias:

- a) which does not have a functional alias information entry in the served list of the functional alias information entries and which has a functional alias information entry in the candidate list of the functional alias information entries with the functional alias status set to the "activating" state;
- b) which has a functional alias information entry in the served list of the functional alias information entries with the expiration time already expired, and which has a functional alias information entry in the candidate list of the functional alias information entries with the functional alias status set to the "activating" state;
- c) which has a functional alias information entry in the served list of the functional alias information entries with the functional alias status set to the "deactivating" state or the "deactivated" state and with the expiration time not expired yet, and which has a functional alias information entry in the candidate list of the functional alias information entries with the functional alias status set to the "activating" state; or

- d) which has a functional alias information entry in the served list of the functional alias information entries with the functional alias status set to the "activated" state and with the expiration time not expired yet, and which has an functional alias information entry in the candidate list of the functional alias information entries with the functional alias status set to the "deactivating" state;
- 16) shall identify the handled p-id-fa in the <p-id-fa> child element of the <presence> root element of the application/pidf+xml MIME body of the SIP PUBLISH request; and
- 17) shall perform the procedures specified in clause 22.2.2.2.5 for the served MCDData ID.

22.2.2.2.4 Receiving subscription to functional alias status procedure

Upon receiving a SIP SUBSCRIBE request such that:

- 1) Request-URI of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains either the public service identity identifying the originating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user, or the public service identity identifying the terminating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;
- 2) the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body containing:
 - a) the <mcdata-request-uri> element which identifies an MCDData ID served by the MCDData server; and
 - b) the <mcdatainfo> element with the <mcdata-Params> element with the <request-type> element set to a value of "functional-alias-status-determination";
- 3) the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7]; and
- 4) the Event header field of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains the "presence" event type;

the MCDData server:

- 1) shall identify the served MCDData ID in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request;
- 2) if the Request-URI of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains the public service identity identifying the originating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user, shall identify the originating MCDData ID from public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request;
- 3) if the Request-URI of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains the public service identity identifying the terminating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user, shall identify the originating MCDData ID in the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request;
- 4) if the originating MCDData ID is different than the served MCDData ID and the originating MCDData ID is not authorized to modify functional alias status of the served MCDData ID, shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response and shall not continue with the rest of the steps; and
- 5) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP SUBSCRIBE request according to TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 6665 [36].

For the duration of the subscription, the MCDData server shall notify the subscriber about changes of the information of the served MCDData ID, as described in clause 22.2.2.2.5.

22.2.2.2.5 Sending notification of change of functional alias status procedure

In order to notify the subscriber about changes of functional aliases of the served MCDData ID, the MCDData server:

- 1) shall consider an MCDData user information entry such that:
 - a) the MCDData user information entry is in the list of MCDData user information entries described in clause 22.2.2.2.2; and
 - b) the MCDData ID of the MCDData user information entry is equal to the served MCDData ID;

as the served MCDData user information entry;

- 2) shall generate an application/pidf+xml MIME body indicating per-user functional alias information according to clause 22.3.1 and the served list of the MCDData user information entries with the following clarifications:
 - a) the MCDData server shall not include information from functional alias information entry with the expiration time already expired;
 - b) the MCDData server shall not include information from a functional alias information entry with the functional alias status set to the "deactivated" state;
 - c) if this procedure is invoked by procedure in clause 22.2.2.2.3 where the handled p-id-fa value was identified, the MCDData server shall set the <p-id-fa> child element of the <presence> root element of the application/pidf+xml MIME body of the SIP NOTIFY request to the handled p-id-fa value; and
- 3) send a SIP NOTIFY request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], and IETF RFC 6665 [36] for the subscription created in clause 22.2.2.2.4. In the SIP NOTIFY request, the MCDData server shall include the generated application/pidf+xml MIME body indicating per-user functional alias information.

22.2.2.2.6 Sending functional alias status change towards MCDData server owning the functional alias procedure

NOTE 1: Usage of one SIP PUBLISH request to carry information about change of functional alias state of several MCDData users served by the same MCDData server is not supported in this version of the specification.

In order:

- to send an activation request of a served MCDData ID for a handled functional alias ID;
- to send a deactivation request of a served MCDData ID for a handled functional alias ID;
- to send a take over request of a served MCDData ID for a handled functional alias ID due to take over; or
- to send an activation request of a served MCDData ID for a handled functional alias ID due to near expiration of the previously published information;

the MCDData server shall generate a SIP PUBLISH request according to TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3903 [34] and IETF RFC 3856 [39]. In the SIP PUBLISH request, the MCDData server:

- 1) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function associated with the handled functional alias ID;

NOTE 2: The public service identity can identify the controlling MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 4: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 5: How the MCDData server determines the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 6: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- 2) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body. In the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, the MCDData server:
 - a) shall include the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the handled functional alias ID; and
 - b) shall include the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element set to the served MCDData ID;

- 3) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 4) if sending an activation request, shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 3903 [34], to 4294967295;

NOTE 7: 4294967295, which is equal to $2^{32}-1$, is the highest value defined for Expires header field in IETF RFC 3261 [4].

- 5) if sending a deactivation request, shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 3903 [34], to zero;
- 6) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field set to the public service identity of the MCDData server according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 7) shall set the current p-id-fa to a globally unique value;
- 8) shall consider an MCDData user information entry such that:
 - a) the MCDData user information entry is in the list of MCDData user information entries described in clause 22.2.2.2.2; and
 - b) the MCDData ID of the MCDData user information entry is equal to the served MCDData ID; as the served MCDData user information entry;

- 9) for each functional alias information entry such that:
 - a) the functional alias information entry has the "activating" functional alias status, the functional alias ID set to the handled functional alias ID, the expiration time has not expired yet and the activating p-id-fa is not set; and
 - b) the functional alias information entry is in the list of the functional alias information entries of the served MCDData user information entry;

shall set the activating p-id-fa of the functional alias information entry to the current p-id-fa; and

- 10) shall include an application/pdf+xml MIME body indicating per-functional alias status information constructed according to clause 22.3.1.2. The MCDData server shall indicate all served MCDData user IDs, such that:
 - a) the functional alias status is set to "activating" with or without "take-over" element or "activated", and the expiration time has not expired yet in a functional alias information entry with the functional alias ID set to the handled functional alias;
 - b) the functional alias information entry is in the list of the functional alias information entries of an MCDData user information entry; and
 - c) the MCDData user information entry is a served MCDData user information entry.

The MCDData server shall set the <p-id-fa> child element of the <presence> root element to the current p-id-fa.

The MCDData server shall not include the "expires" attribute in the <functionalAlias> element.

NOTE 8: The MCDData server sets the "status" attribute in the <functionalAlias> element to indicate whether the request is for functional alias take over.

The MCDData server shall send the SIP PUBLISH request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

If timer F expires for the SIP PUBLISH request sent for a (de)activation request of served MCDData ID for the functional alias ID or upon receiving a SIP 3xx, 4xx, 5xx or 6xx response to the SIP PUBLISH request, the MCDData server:

- 1) shall remove each functional alias ID entry such that:
 - a) the functional alias information entry has the functional alias ID set to the handled functional alias ID; and
 - b) the functional alias information entry is in the list of the functional alias information entries of the served MCDData user information entry.

22.2.2.2.7 Functional alias status determination from MCDData server owning functional alias procedure

NOTE 1: Usage of one SIP SUBSCRIBE request to subscribe for notification about change of functional alias state of several MCDData users served by the same MCDData server is not supported in this version of the specification.

In order to discover whether a served MCDData user successfully activated a handled functional alias in the MCDData server owning the functional alias, the MCDData server shall generate an initial SIP SUBSCRIBE request according to TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3856 [39], and IETF RFC 6665 [36].

In the SIP SUBSCRIBE request, the MCDData server:

1) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function associated with the handled functional alias;

NOTE 2: The public service identity can identify the controlling MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 4: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 5: How the MCDData server determines the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 6: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

2) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body. In the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, the MCDData server:

a) shall include the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the handled functional alias ID; and

b) shall include the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element set to the served MCDData ID;

3) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];

4) if the MCDData server wants to receive the current status and later notification, shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 6665 [36], to 4294967295;

NOTE 7: 4294967295, which is equal to $2^{32}-1$, is the highest value defined for Expires header field in IETF RFC 3261 [4].

5) if the MCDData server wants to fetch the current state only, shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 6665 [36], to zero;

6) shall include an Accept header field containing the application/pdf+xml MIME type;

7) shall include an Events header field set to "presence"; and

8) shall include an application/simple-filter+xml MIME body indicating per-user restrictions of presence event package notification information according to clause 22.3.2, indicating the served MCDData ID.

In order to re-subscribe or de-subscribe, the MCDData server shall generate an in-dialog SIP SUBSCRIBE request according to TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3856 [39], and IETF RFC 6665 [36]. In the SIP SUBSCRIBE request, the MCDData server:

1) if the MCDData server wants to receive the current status and later notification, shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 6665 [36], to 4294967295;

NOTE 8: 4294967295, which is equal to $2^{32}-1$, is the highest value defined for Expires header field in IETF RFC 3261 [4].

- 2) if the MCDData server wants to de-subscribe, shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 6665 [36], to zero;
- 3) shall include an Events header field set to "presence"; and
- 4) shall include an Accept header field containing the application/pidf+xml MIME type.

Upon receiving a SIP NOTIFY request according to TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3856 [39], and IETF RFC 6665 [36], if SIP NOTIFY request contains an application/pidf+xml MIME body indicating per-functional alias information constructed according to clause 22.3.1, then the MCDData server:

- 1) for each served MCDData ID such that the application/pidf+xml MIME body of SIP NOTIFY request contains:
 - a) a <tuple> element of the root <presence> element;
 - b) the "id" attribute of the <tuple> element indicating the served MCDData ID;
 - c) an <functionalAlias> child element of the <status> element of the <tuple> element; and
 - d) the "expires" attribute of the <functionalAlias> element indicating expiration of activation of functional alias;

perform the following:

- a) if a functional alias information entry exists such that:
 - i) the functional alias information entry has the "activating" functional alias status, the functional alias ID set to the handled functional alias ID, and the expiration time has not expired yet;
 - ii) the functional alias information entry is in the list of the functional alias information entries of an MCDData user information entry with the MCDData ID set to the served MCDData ID; and
 - iii) the MCDData user information entry is in the list of MCDData user information entries described in clause 22.2.2.2.2;

shall set the functional alias status of the functional alias information entry to "activated"; and

shall set the next publishing time of the functional alias information entry to the current time and half of the time between the current time and the expiration of the functional alias; and

- 2) for each functional alias information entry such that:

- a) the functional alias information entry has the "activated" functional alias status or the "deactivating" functional alias status, the functional alias ID set to the handled functional alias ID, and the expiration time has not expired yet;
- b) the functional alias information entry is in the list of the functional alias information entries of an MCDData user information entry with the MCDData ID set to a served MCDData ID; and
- c) the MCDData user information entry is in the list of MCDData user information entries described in clause 22.2.2.2.2; and

for which the application/pidf+xml MIME body of SIP NOTIFY request does not contain:

- a) a <tuple> element of the root <presence> element;
- b) the "id" attribute of the <tuple> element indicating the served MCDData ID; and
- c) an <functionalAlias> child element of the <status> child element of the <tuple> element.

perform the following:

- a) shall set the functional alias status of the functional alias information entry to "deactivated"; and
- b) shall set the expiration time of the functional alias information entry to the current time; and

- 3) if a <p-id-fa> element is included in the <presence> root element of the application/pidf+xml MIME body of the SIP NOTIFY request, then for each functional alias information entry such that:
 - a) the functional alias information entry has the "activating" functional alias status, the functional alias ID set to the handled functional alias ID, the expiration time has not expired yet and with the activating p-id-fa set to the value of the <p-id-fa> element;
 - b) the functional alias information entry is in the list of the functional alias information entries of an MCDData user information entry with the MCDData ID set to a served MCDData ID; and
 - d) the MCDData user information entry is in the list of MCDData user information entries described in clause 22.2.2.2.2; and

for which the application/pidf+xml MIME body of SIP NOTIFY request does not contain:

- a) a <tuple> element of the root <presence> element;
- b) the "id" attribute of the <tuple> element indicating the served MCDData ID; and
- c) an <functionalAlias> child element of the <status> child element of the <tuple> element;

perform the following:

- a) shall set the functional alias status of the functional alias information entry to "deactivated"; and
- b) shall set the expiration time of the functional alias information entry to the current time.

22.2.2.2.8 Functional alias resolution from MCDData server owning the functional alias procedure

In order to discover the MCDData users that have successfully activated a handled functional alias in the MCDData server owning the functional alias, the MCDData server shall generate an initial SIP SUBSCRIBE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3856 [39], and IETF RFC 6665 [36].

In the SIP SUBSCRIBE request, the MCDData server:

- 1) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function associated with the handled functional alias;

NOTE 1: The public service identity can identify the controlling MCDData function in the primary MCDData system or in a partner MCDData system.

NOTE 2: If the controlling MCDData function is in a partner MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the partner MCDData system from the primary MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the controlling MCDData function is in a partner MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the primary MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the primary MCDData system to the partner MCDData system.

NOTE 4: How the MCDData function serving the MCDData user determines the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function associated with the handled functional alias or of the MCDData gateway server in the partner MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 5: How the primary MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- 2) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body. In the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, the MCDData server shall include the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the handled functional alias ID;
- 3) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 4) shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 6665 [36] to zero;

NOTE 6: if the MCDData server wants to receive the current status and later notification, can set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 6665 [36], to 4294967295, which is the highest value defined for Expires header field in IETF RFC 3261 [4].

- 5) shall include an Accept header field containing the application/pidf+xml MIME type;
- 6) shall include an Events header field set to "presence"; and
- 7) shall include an application/simple-filter+xml MIME body indicating per-functional alias restrictions of presence event package notification information indicating the served functional alias.

Upon receiving a SIP NOTIFY request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3856 [39], and IETF RFC 6665 [36], if SIP NOTIFY request contains an application/pidf+xml MIME body indicating per-functional alias status information constructed according to clause 22.3.1, then the MCDData client shall determine activation status for the MCDData ID(s) of the MCDData user(s) that have activated the functional alias in the received MIME body.

22.2.2.2.9 Forwarding subscription to functional alias status towards another MCDData server procedure

Upon receiving a SIP SUBSCRIBE request such that:

- 1) Request-URI of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains the public service identity identifying the originating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;
- 2) the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body containing the <mcdata-request-uri> element which identifies an MCDData ID not served by MCDData server;
- 3) the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7]; and
- 4) the Event header field of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains the "presence" event type;

then the MCDData server:

- 1) shall identify the target MCDData ID in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request;
- 2) shall identify the originating MCDData ID from public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request;
- 3) shall generate a SIP SUBSCRIBE request from the received SIP SUBSCRIBE request. In the generated SIP SUBSCRIBE request, the MCDData server:
 - a) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity identifying the terminating participating MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID;

NOTE 1: The public service identity can identify the terminating participating MCDData function in the primary MCDData system or in a partner MCDData system.

NOTE 2: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in a partner MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the partner MCDData system from the primary MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in a partner MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the primary MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the primary MCDData system to the partner MCDData system.

NOTE 4: How the MCDData function serving the MCDData user determines the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function of the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the partner MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 5: How the primary MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- b) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field containing the public service identity identifying the originating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;
 - c) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body. In the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, the MCDData server:
 - A) shall include the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the target MCDData ID; and
 - B) shall include the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element set to the originating MCDData ID; and
 - d) shall include other signalling elements from the received SIP SUBSCRIBE request; and
- 4) shall send the generated SIP SUBSCRIBE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

The MCDData server shall forward to the originating MCDData ID any received SIP responses to the SIP SUBSCRIBE request, and for the duration of the subscription any received SIP NOTIFY requests and any received SIP responses to the SIP NOTIFY request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

22.2.2.3 Procedures of MCDData server owning the functional alias

22.2.2.3.1 General

The procedures of MCDData server owning the functional alias consist of:

- receiving functional alias status change procedure;
- receiving subscription to functional alias status procedure;
- sending notification of change of functional alias status procedure; and
- modification of functional alias eligibility check procedure.

22.2.2.3.2 Stored information

The MCDData server shall maintain a list of functional alias information entries.

In each functional alias information entry, the MCDData server shall maintain:

- 1) a functional alias ID. This field uniquely identifies the functional alias information entry in the list of the functional alias information entries; and
- 2) a list of MCDData user information entries.

In each MCDData user information entry, the MCDData server shall maintain:

- 1) an MCDData ID. This field uniquely identifies the MCDData user information entry in the list of the MCDData user information entries;
- 2) a take-over possible indication; and
- 3) an expiration time.

22.2.2.3.3 Receiving functional alias status change procedure

Upon receiving a SIP PUBLISH request such that:

- 1) Request-URI of the SIP PUBLISH request contains the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function associated with the served functional alias;
- 2) the SIP PUBLISH request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body containing the <mcdata-request-uri> element and the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element;
- 3) the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];

- 4) the Event header field of the SIP PUBLISH request contains the "presence" event type; and
- 5) SIP PUBLISH request contains an application/pdf+xml MIME body indicating per-functional alias information constructed according to clause 22.3.1.2;

then the MCDData server:

- 1) shall identify the served functional alias in the <mcdData-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml MIME body of the SIP PUBLISH request;
- 2) shall identify the handled MCDData ID in the <mcdData-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml MIME body of the SIP PUBLISH request;
- 3) if the Expires header field of the SIP PUBLISH request is not included or has nonzero value lower than 4294967295, shall send a SIP 423 (Interval Too Brief) response to the SIP PUBLISH request, where the SIP 423 (Interval Too Brief) response contains a Min-Expires header field set to 4294967295, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 4) if the functional alias does not exist in the MCDData server, shall reject the SIP PUBLISH request with SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP PUBLISH request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3903 [34] and IETF RFC 3856 [39] and skip the rest of the steps;

4a) if SIP PUBLISH request is for activation of a functional alias then:

- a) if handled MCDData ID does not match with any of the entries in the <mcdData-user-list> which contains the MCDData IDs of MCDData users which are allowed to activate the functional alias; or
- b) if no local policy exists that authorizes the request by the handled MCDData ID;

shall reject the SIP PUBLISH request with SIP 403 (Forbidden) response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3903 [34] and IETF RFC 3856 [39] and skip the rest of the steps;

- 5) if SIP PUBLISH request is for activation of a functional alias and the number of activations for the handled functional alias is equal <max-simultaneous-activations>, shall reject the SIP PUBLISH request with SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP PUBLISH request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3903 [34] and IETF RFC 3856 [39] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 6) if SIP PUBLISH request is for take over of a functional alias, the MCDData server shall use the <allow-takeover> and <allow-takeover-functional-alias-other-user> elements to determine if take over is possible. If take over is not possible, the MCDData server shall reject the SIP PUBLISH request with SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP PUBLISH request according to TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3903 [34] and IETF RFC 3856 [39] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 7) shall respond with SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP PUBLISH request according to TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3903 [34]. In the SIP 200 (OK) response, the MCDData server:
 - a) shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 3903 [34], to the selected expiration time;
- 8) if the "entity" attribute of the <presence> element of the application/pdf+xml MIME body of the SIP PUBLISH request is different than the served functional alias ID, shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 9) if the handled MCDData ID is different from the MCDData ID in the "id" attribute of the <tuple> element of the <presence> root element of the application/pdf+xml MIME body of the SIP PUBLISH request, shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 10) shall consider a functional alias information entry such that:
 - a) the functional alias information entry is in the list of functional alias information entries described in clause 22.2.2.3.2; and
 - b) the functional alias ID of the functional alias information entry is equal to the served functional alias ID; as the served functional alias information entry;

11) if the selected expiration time is zero:

- a) shall remove the MCDData user information entry such that:
 - i) the MCDData user information entry is in the list of the MCDData user information entries of the served functional alias information entry; and
 - ii) the MCDData user information entry has the MCDData ID set to the served MCDData ID;
- 12) if the selected expiration time is not zero:
 - a) shall consider an MCDData user information entry such that:
 - i) the MCDData user information entry is in the list of the MCDData user information entries of the served functional alias information entry; and
 - ii) the MCDData ID of the MCDData user information entry is equal to the handled MCDData ID;
 - as the served MCDData user information entry;
 - b) if the MCDData user information entry does not exist:
 - i) shall insert an MCDData user information entry with the MCDData ID set to the handled MCDData ID into the list of the MCDData user information entries of the served functional alias information entry; and
 - ii) shall consider the inserted MCDData user information entry as the served MCDData user information entry; and
 - c) shall set the expiration time in the served MCDData user information entry according to the selected expiration time;
- 13) shall identify the handled p-id-fa in the <p-id-fa> child element of the <presence> root element of the application/pidf+xml MIME body of the SIP PUBLISH request; and
- 14) shall perform the procedures specified in clause 22.2.2.3.5 for the served functional alias ID.

22.2.2.3.4 Receiving subscription to functional alias status procedure

NOTE: Usage of one SIP SUBSCRIBE request to subscribe for notification about change of functional alias state of several MCDData users served by the same MCDData server is not supported in this version of the specification.

Upon receiving a SIP SUBSCRIBE request such that:

- 1) Request-URI of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function associated with the served functional alias;
- 2) the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body containing the <mcdata-request-uri> element and the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element;
- 3) the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 4) the Event header field of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains the "presence" event type; and
- 5) the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains an application/simple-filter+xml MIME body indicating per-user restrictions of presence event package notification information according to clause 22.3.2 indicating the same MCDData ID as in the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request;

then the MCDData server:

- 1) shall identify the served functional alias ID in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request;
- 2) shall identify the handled MCDData ID in the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request;

- 3) if the Expires header field of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request is not included or has nonzero value lower than 4294967295, shall send a SIP 423 (Interval Too Brief) response to the SIP SUBSCRIBE request, where the SIP 423 (Interval Too Brief) response contains a Min-Expires header field set to 4294967295, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 4) if a functional alias does not exist in the MCDData server, shall reject the SIP PUBLISH request with SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP PUBLISH request according to TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3903 [34] and IETF RFC 3856 [39] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 5) if the handled MCDData ID based on local policy is not authorized for notifications of the functional alias identified by the served functional alias ID, shall reject the SIP SUBSCRIBE request with SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP SUBSCRIBE request according to TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3903 [34] and IETF RFC 3856 [39] and skip the rest of the steps; and
- 6) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP SUBSCRIBE request according to TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 6665 [36].

For the duration of the subscription, the MCDData server shall notify subscriber about changes of the information of the served MCDData ID, as described in clause 22.2.2.3.5.

22.2.2.3.5 Sending notification of change of functional alias status procedure

In order to notify the subscriber identified by the handled MCDData ID about changes of the functional alias status of the served functional alias ID, the MCDData server:

- 1) shall consider a functional alias information entry such that:
 - a) the functional alias information entry is in the list of functional alias information entries described in clause 22.2.2.3.2; and
 - b) the functional alias ID of the functional alias information entry is equal to the served functional alias ID;
- 2) shall consider an MCDData user information entry such:
 - a) the MCDData user information entry is in the list of the MCDData user information entries of the served functional alias information entry; and
 - b) the MCDData ID of the MCDData user information entry is equal to the handled MCDData ID; as the served MCDData user information entry;
- 3) shall generate an application/pidf+xml MIME body indicating per-functional alias information according to clause 22.3.1 and the served list of the served MCDData user information entry of the functional alias information entry with following clarifications:
 - a) the MCDData server shall include the "expires" attribute in the <functionalAlias> element; and
 - b) if this procedure is invoked by procedure in clause 22.2.2.3.3 where the handled p-id-fa was identified, the MCDData server shall set the <p-id-fa> child element of the <presence> root element of the application/pidf+xml MIME body of the SIP NOTIFY request to the handled p-id-fa value; and
- 4) send a SIP NOTIFY request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], and IETF RFC 6665 [36] for the subscription created in clause 22.2.2.3.4. In the SIP NOTIFY request, the MCDData server shall include the generated application/pidf+xml MIME body indicating per-functional alias information.

22.2.2.3.6 Functional alias status automatic deactivation procedure

In order to deactivate a functional alias associated with a target MCDData ID:

- 1) externally triggered by an MCDData administrator by a mechanism outside of the scope of the standard; or
- 2) directly by the MCDData function owning the functional alias as a result of an internal trigger like the expiration of the functional alias association;

the MCDData server

- 1) shall consider a functional alias information entry such that:
 - a) the functional alias information entry is in the list of functional alias information entries described in clause 22.2.2.3.2; and
 - b) the functional alias ID of the functional alias information entry is equal to the served functional alias ID; as the served functional alias information entry;
- 2) shall remove the MCDData user information entry such that:
 - a) the MCDData user information entry is in the list of the MCDData user information entries of the served functional alias information entry; and
 - b) the MCDData user information entry has the MCDData ID set to the target MCDData ID; and
- 3) shall perform the procedures specified in clause 22.2.2.3.5 for the served functional alias ID.

22.2.2.3.7 Receiving subscription to functional alias resolution procedure

Upon receiving a SIP SUBSCRIBE request such that:

- 1) Request-URI of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function associated with the requested functional alias;
- 2) the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 3) the Event header field of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains the "presence" event type; and
- 4) the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains an application/simple-filter+xml MIME body indicating per-functional alias restrictions of presence event package notification information according to clause 22.3.2;

then the MCDData server:

- 1) shall identify the requested functional alias ID in the <mcdata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request;
- 2) if the Expires header field of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request is not included or has nonzero value lower than 4294967295, shall send a SIP 423 (Interval Too Brief) response to the SIP SUBSCRIBE request, where the SIP 423 (Interval Too Brief) response contains a Min-Expires header field set to 4294967295, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 3) if the requested functional alias does not exist in the MCDData server, shall reject the SIP SUBSCRIBE request with SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP PUBLISH request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3903 [34] and IETF RFC 3856 [39] and skip the rest of the steps; and
- 4) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP SUBSCRIBE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 6665 [36].

For the duration of the subscription, the MCDData server shall notify subscriber about changes of the information of the requested functional alias, as described in clause 22.2.2.3.8.

22.2.2.3.8 Sending notification to functional alias resolution procedure

In order to notify the subscriber about the MCDData users that have successfully activated the functional alias corresponding to the requested functional alias ID, the MCDData server:

- 1) shall consider a functional alias information entry such that:
 - a) the functional alias information entry is in the list of functional alias information entries described in clause 22.2.2.3.2; and
 - b) the functional alias ID of the functional alias information entry is equal to the requested functional alias ID;

- 2) shall consider any MCDData user information entry such that the MCDData user information entry is in the list of the MCDData user information entries of the served functional alias information entry, as the served MCDData user information entry;
- 3) shall generate an application/pdf+xml MIME body indicating per-functional alias information according to clause 22.3.1 and the served list of the served MCDData user information entry of the functional alias information entry
- 4) send a SIP NOTIFY request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], and IETF RFC 6665 [36] for the subscription created in clause 22.2.2.3.7. In the SIP NOTIFY request, the MCDData server shall include the generated application/pdf+xml MIME body indicating per-functional alias information.

22.3 Coding

22.3.1 Extension of application/pdf+xml MIME type

22.3.1.1 Introduction

The clauses of the parent clause describe an extension of the application/pdf+xml MIME body specified in IETF RFC 3863 [40]. The extension is used to indicate:

- per-user functional alias information; and
- per-functional alias status information.

22.3.1.2 Syntax

The application/pdf+xml MIME body indicating per-user functional alias information is constructed according to IETF RFC 3863 [40] and:

- 1) contains a <presence> root element according to IETF RFC 3863 [40];
- 2) contains an "entity" attribute of the <presence> element set to the MCDData ID of the MCDData user;
- 3) contains one <tuple> child element according to IETF RFC 3863 [40] per <presence> element;
- 4) can contain a <p-id-fa> child element defined in the XML schema defined in table 22.3.1.2-1, of the <presence> element set to an identifier of a SIP PUBLISH request;
- 5) contains an "id" attribute of the <tuple> element set to the MCDData client ID;
- 6) contains one <status> child element of each <tuple> element;
- 7) contains one <functionalAlias> child element defined in the XML schema defined in table 22.3.1.2-1, of the <status> element, for each functional alias in which the MCDData user is interested;
- 8) contains a "functionalAliasID" attribute of each <functionalAlias> element set to the functional alias ID of the functional alias in which the MCDData user is interested;;
- 9) can contain a "status" attribute of each <functionalAliasID> element indicating the activation status of functional alias for the MCDData user; and
- 10) can contain an "expires" attribute of each <functionalAlias> element indicating expiration of activation of the functional alias for the MCDData user.

The application/pdf+xml MIME body indicating per-functional alias status information is constructed according to IETF RFC 3856 [39] and:

- 1) contains the <presence> root element according to IETF RFC 3863 [40];
- 2) contains an "entity" attribute of the <presence> element set to the functional alias ID of the functional alias;
- 3) contains one <tuple> child element according to IETF RFC 3863 [40] of the <presence> element;

- 4) can contain a <p-id-fa> child element defined in the XML schema defined in table 22.3.1.2-1, of the <presence> element set to an identifier of a SIP PUBLISH request;
- 5) contains an "id" attribute of the <tuple> element set to the MCDData ID;
- 6) contains one <status> child element of each <tuple> element;
- 7) contains one <functionalAlias> child element defined in the XML schema defined in table 22.3.1.2-1, of the <status> element, for each MCDData ID for which functional alias information is provided;
- 8) contains one "user" attribute defined in the XML schema defined in table 22.3.1.2-2, of the <functionalAlias> element set to the MCDData client ID; and
- 9) can contain an "expires" attribute defined in the XML schema defined in table 22.3.1.2-2, of the <functionalAlias> element indicating expiration of activation of the functional alias for the MCDData user.

Table 22.3.1.2-1: XML schema with elements and attributes extending the application/pidf+xml MIME body

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xs:schema
  targetNamespace="urn:3gpp:ns:mcdDataPresInfoFA:1.0"
  xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  xmlns:mcdDataPIFA10="urn:3gpp:ns:mcdDataPresInfoFA:1.0"
  elementFormDefault="qualified" attributeFormDefault="unqualified">

  <!-- MCDData functional alias specific child elements of tuple element -->
  <xs:element name="functionalAlias" type="mcdDataPIFA10:functionalAliasType"/>
  <xs:complexType name="functionalAliasType">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:any namespace="##any" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:attribute name="functionalAliasID" type="xs:anyURI" use="optional"/>
    <xs:attribute name="user" type="xs:anyURI" use="optional"/>
    <xs:attribute name="status" type="mcdDataPIFA10:statusType" use="optional"/>
    <xs:attribute name="expires" type="xs:dateTime" use="optional"/>
    <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
  </xs:complexType>

  <xs:simpleType name="statusType">
    <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
      <xs:enumeration value="activating"/>
      <xs:enumeration value="activated"/>
      <xs:enumeration value="deactivating"/>
      <xs:enumeration value="take-over-possible"/>
    </xs:restriction>
  </xs:simpleType>

  <xs:element name="p-id-fa" type="xs:string"/>

  <xs:element name="take-over" type="xs:boolean"/>

</xs:schema>
```

The application/pidf+xml MIME body refers to namespaces using prefixes specified in table 22.3.1.2-2.

Table 22.3.1.2-2: Assignment of prefixes to namespace names in the application/pidf+xml MIME body

Prefix	Namespace
mcdDataPIFA10	urn:3gpp:ns:mcdDataPresInfoFA:1.0
NOTE:	The "urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:pidf" namespace is the default namespace so no prefix is used for it in the application/pidf+xml MIME body.

22.3.2 Extension of application/simple-filter+xml MIME type

22.3.2.1 Introduction

The clauses of the parent clause describe an extension of the application/simple-filter+xml MIME body specified in IETF RFC 4661 [41].

The extension is used to indicate per-user restrictions of presence event package notification information for functional alias information.

22.3.2.2 Syntax

The application/simple-filter+xml MIME body indicating per-user restrictions of presence event package notification information is constructed according to IETF RFC 4661 [41] and:

- 1) contains a <filter-set> root element according to IETF RFC 4661 [41];
- 2) contains an <ns-bindings> child element according to IETF RFC 4661 [41], of the <filter-set> element;
- 3) contains an <ns-binding> child element according to IETF RFC 4661 [41], of the <ns-bindings> element where the <ns-binding> element:
 - A) contains a "prefix" attribute according to IETF RFC 4661 [41] set to "pidf"; and
 - B) contains a "urn" attribute set to the "urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:pidf" value;
- 4) contains a <ns-binding> child element according to IETF RFC 4661 [41], of the <ns-bindings> element where the <ns-binding> element:
 - A) contains a "prefix" attribute according to IETF RFC 4661 [41], set to "mcdDataPIFA10"; and
 - B) contains an "urn" attribute according to IETF RFC 4661 [41], set to the "urn:3gpp:ns:mcdDataPresInfoFA:1.0" value;
- 5) contains a <filter> child element according to IETF RFC 4661 [41], of the <filter-set> element where the <filter> element:
 - A) contains an "id" attribute set to a value constructed according to IETF RFC 4661 [41];
 - B) does not contain a "uri" attribute of the <filter> child element according to IETF RFC 4661 [41]; and
 - C) does not contain a "domain" attribute according to IETF RFC 4661 [41];
- 6) contains a <what> child element according to IETF RFC 4661 [41], of the <filter> element; and
- 7) contains an <include> child element according to IETF RFC 4661 [41], of the <what> element where the <include> element:
 - A) does not contain a "type" attribute according to IETF RFC 4661 [41]; and
 - B) contains the value, according to IETF RFC 4661 [41], set to concatenation of the `//pidf:presence/pidf:tuple[@id=""` string, the MCDData ID, and the `"]` string.

22.4 Functional alias to group binding for the MCDData user procedures

22.4.1 General

This clause describes the functional alias to group binding for the MCDData user procedures for on-network.

For on-network functional alias to group binding for the MCDData user, the procedures for originating MCDData clients, participating MCDData functions and controlling MCDData function are specified in clause X.2.

An MCDData user can bind the same functional alias with multiple MCDData groups but an MCDData user cannot bind multiple functional aliases to the same MCDData group.

22.4.2 On-network functional alias to group binding

22.4.2.1 Client procedures

22.4.2.1.1 General

On request from an MCDData user at MCDData client, a request to create binding of a functional alias with group for the MCDData user is initiated by the MCDData client towards the participating MCDData function.

22.4.2.1.2 Functional alias to group binding

Upon receiving a request from an MCDData user to bind a functional alias with an MCDData group or a list of MCDData groups for the MCDData user, if the <allow-functional-alias-binding-with-group> element of the <ruleset> element is not present in the MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) or is set to a value of "false", the MCDData client shall inform the MCDData user and shall exit this procedure.

Upon receiving a request from an MCDData user to bind a functional alias with an MCDData group or a list of MCDData groups for the MCDData user, if the requested functional alias is not activated by MCDData user at MCDData client, the MCDData client shall inform the MCDData user and shall exit this procedure.

Upon receiving a request from an MCDData user to bind a functional alias with an MCDData group for the MCDData user, the MCDData client shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6] with the clarifications given below.

The MCDData client:

- 1) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity identifying the participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;
- 2) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 3) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdata media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 4) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 5) may include a P-Preferred-Identity header field in the SIP MESSAGE request containing a public user identity as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 6) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as specified in clause D.1 with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with:
 - a) the <request-type> element set to a value of "fa-group-binding-req";
 - b) the <binding-ind> element set to a value of "true";
 - c) the <binding-fa-uri> element set to the URI of an activated functional alias that shall be bound with the specified list of MCDData groups found in the "uri" attributes of the <entry> element of the <list> elements of the <resource-lists> element in an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body;
 - d) the <mcdata-client-id> element set to the MCDData client ID of the originating MCDData client; and
 - e) if the MCDData client needs to include an active functional alias in the SIP MESSAGE request, the <anyExt> element of the <functional-alias-URI> element set to the URI of the used functional alias;

- 7) shall include an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with one or more <entry> elements of the <list> elements of the <resource-lists> element where each <entry> element contains a "uri" attribute set to an MCDData group ID; and
- 8) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receiving a SIP 2xx response to the SIP MESSAGE request, the MCDData client shall inform the MCDData user of success in binding of a functional alias with the MCDData group or list of MCDData groups for the MCDData user.

On receiving a SIP 4xx response a SIP 5xx response or a SIP 6xx response to the SIP MESSAGE request, the MCDData client shall inform the MCDData user of unsuccess in binding of a functional alias with the MCDData group or list of MCDData groups for the MCDData user, possibly taking into account Warning header information for the failure reason.

22.4.2.1.3 Functional alias to group unbinding

Upon receiving a request from an MCDData user to unbind a functional alias with an MCDData group or a list of MCDData groups for the MCDData user, if the <allow-functional-alias-binding-with-group> element of the <ruleset> element is not present in the MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) or is set to a value of "false", the MCDData client shall inform the MCDData user and shall exit this procedure.

Upon receiving a request from an MCDData user to unbind a functional alias with an MCDData group for the MCDData user, the MCDData client shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6] with the clarifications given below.

The MCDData client:

- 1) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity identifying the participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;
- 2) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 3) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdata media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 4) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 5) may include a P-Preferred-Identity header field in the SIP MESSAGE request containing a public user identity as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 6) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as specified in clause D.1 with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with:
 - a) the <request-type> element set to a value of "fa-group-binding-req";
 - b) the <binding-ind> element set to a value of "false";
 - c) the <unbinding-fa-uri> element set to the URI of a functional alias that shall be unbound from the specified list of MCDData groups found in the "uri" attributes of the <entry> elements of the <list> elements of the <resource-lists> element in an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body;
 - d) the <mcdata-client-id> element set to the MCDData client ID of the originating MCDData client; and
 - e) if the MCDData client needs to include an active functional alias in the SIP MESSAGE request, the <anyExt> element of the <functional-alias-URI> element set to the URI of the used functional alias;
- 7) shall include an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with one or more <entry> elements in one or more <list> elements in the <resource-lists> element where each <entry> element contains a "uri" attribute set to an MCDData group ID; and
- 8) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receiving a SIP 2xx response to the SIP MESSAGE request, the MCDData client shall inform the MCDData user of success in unbinding the functional alias with the MCDData group or list of MCDData groups for the MCDData user.

On receiving a SIP 4xx response a SIP 5xx response or a SIP 6xx response to the SIP MESSAGE request, the MCDData client shall inform the MCDData user of unsuccess in unbinding of a functional alias with the MCDData group or list of MCDData groups for the MCDData user, possibly taking into account Warning header information for the failure reason.

22.4.2.2 Participating MCDData function procedures

22.4.2.2.1 General

The participating MCDData function has procedures to:

- receive a request for binding/unbinding of a functional alias with the MCDData group(s) for the MCDData user from the MCDData client.

22.4.2.2.2 Receipt of a SIP MESSAGE request for binding/unbinding of a functional alias with the MCDData group(s) for the MCDData user

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request for binding of a functional alias with the MCDData group(s) for the MCDData user for originating participating MCDData function", the participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall determine the MCDData ID of the calling user from the public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP MESSAGE request;

NOTE 1: The MCDData ID of the calling user is bound to the public user identity at the time of service authorisation, as documented in clause 7.3.

- 3) if the participating MCDData function cannot find a binding between the public user identity and an MCDData ID or if the validity period of an existing binding has expired, then the participating MCDData function shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text set to "141 user unknown to the participating function" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with any of the remaining steps;
- 4) if the <request-type> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP MESSAGE request is set to a value of "fa-group-binding-req" and:
 - a) the <allow-functional-alias-binding-with-group> element of the <ruleset> element is not present in the MCDData user profile document (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) or is set to a value of "false", shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "176 user not authorized to request for binding/unbinding of a functional alias with the MCDData group(s) for the MCDData user" in a Warning header field, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
 - b) the SIP MESSAGE request does not contain an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body or the <binding-ind> element and the <binding-fa-uri> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "177 unable to determine target functional alias or group for creating/removing a binding information for the MCDData user" in a Warning header field, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause; and
 - c) the SIP MESSAGE request does not contain an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body or the <binding-ind> element and the <unbinding-fa-uri> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "177 unable to determine target functional alias or group for creating/removing a binding information for the MCDData user" in a Warning header field, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
- 5) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 6) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function for the binding of a functional alias with the MCDData group(s) for the MCDData user service associated with the originating user's MCDData ID identity;

- 7) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the received SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body as specified in clause D.1 included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- 8) if the received SIP MESSAGE request contains a <functional-alias-URI> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall check the status of the functional alias for the MCDData ID. If the functional alias status is activated, then the participating MCDData function shall set the <functional-alias-URI> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the received value, otherwise it shall not include a <functional-alias-URI> element;
- 9) shall set the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element to the MCDData ID determined in step 2) above;
- 10) shall copy the contents of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body in the received SIP MESSAGE request into an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- 11) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function;
- 12) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdata media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 13) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 14) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), into the P-Asserted-Service header field of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request; and
- 15) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 2xx response in response to the SIP MESSAGE request sent in step 15), the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the following clarifications:
 - a) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function; and
- 2) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 4xx, 5xx or 6xx response to the SIP MESSAGE request, the participating MCDData function shall forward the error response to the MCDData client.

22.4.2.3 Controlling MCDData function procedures

22.4.2.3.1 General

The participating MCDData function has procedures to:

- receive a request for binding/unbinding of a functional alias with the MCDData group(s) for the MCDData user from the MCDData client.

22.4.2.3.2 Receipt of a SIP MESSAGE request for binding/unbinding of a functional alias with the MCDData group(s) for the MCDData user

Upon receiving a:

- "SIP MESSAGE request for binding of a functional alias with the MCDData group(s) for the MCDData user for controlling MCDData function";

the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The controlling MCDATA function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall reject the SIP request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response and not process the remaining steps if an Accept-Contact header field does not include the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata";
- 3) the SIP MESSAGE request does not contain an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body or the <binding-ind> element and the <binding-fa-uri> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "177 unable to determine target functional alias or group for creating/removing a binding information for the MCDATA user" in a Warning header field, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
- 4) the SIP MESSAGE request does not contain an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body or the <binding-ind> element and the <unbinding-fa-uri> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "177 unable to determine target functional alias or group for creating/removing a binding information for the MCDATA user" in a Warning header field, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps in this clause;
- 5) if any of the <entry> elements of a <list> element of the <resource-lists> element in the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP MESSAGE request contains a "uri" attribute set to an MCDATA group ID where the indicated MCDATA group has an existing binding with any other functional alias from same MCDATA user, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "178 MCDATA group binding already exists with other functional alias" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall skip the rest of the steps;
- 6) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP MESSAGE request contains the <request-type> element set to a value of "fa-group-binding-req" and:
 - a) if the <binding-ind> element is set to a value of "true", shall update or store the record for the MCDATA client, and create a binding information for the functional alias specified in the <binding-fa-uri> element with the list of the MCDATA group(s) included in the "uri" attributes of the <entry> elements of the set of <list> elements of the <resource-lists> element in an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body; or
 - b) if the <binding-ind> element is set to a value of "false", shall update or store the record for the MCDATA client, and remove a binding information of the functional alias specified in the <unbinding-fa-uri> element from the list of the MCDATA group(s) included in the "uri" attributes of the <entry> elements of the set of <list> elements of the <resource-lists> element in an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body;
- 7) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the following clarifications:
 - a) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response set to the public service identity of the controlling MCDATA function; and
- 8) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the MCDATA client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

23 Regroup using a preconfigured group

23.1 General

In the procedures in this clause:

- 1) temporary group identity in an incoming SIP MESSAGE request refers to the temporary group identity from the <mcddata-regroup-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-regroup+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP MESSAGE request; and
- 2) preconfigured group identity in an incoming SIP MESSAGE request refers to the the group identity from the <preconfigured-group> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-regroup+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP MESSAGE request.

Regroup using a preconfigured group refers to the creation of a user/group regroup based on the configuration information associated with an existing group that is referred to as the preconfigured group. A regroup takes its entire configuration from the preconfigured group, including security keys. If the preconfigured group document contains a <listserv> element that contains a <preconfigured-group-use-only> element, that <preconfigured-group-use-only> element is not included in the configuration of the regroup.

All MCDData servers and all MCDData clients are configured with the preconfigured group to allow immediate use of the regroup for a call upon creation of the regroup.

A regroup using a preconfigured group is initiated by the MCDData client referencing a preconfigured group document in the GMS. The advantage of regroup using a preconfigured group is speed of setup of the group, especially when large numbers of users (e.g., thousands) are involved. Control of the regroup using a preconfigured group is focused in the controlling MCDData function. Creation and removal of a regroup is normally initiated by an MCDData client. Removal can also be initiated by the controlling MCDData function.

23.2 Group regroup using a preconfigured group

23.2.1 Client procedures

23.2.1.1 Requesting a group regroup using a preconfigured group

Upon receiving a request from an MCDData user to establish an MCDData group regroup using a preconfigured group, the MCDData client shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6] and:

- 1) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdata media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 2) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 3) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity identifying the originating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;
- 4) may include a P-Preferred-Identity header field in the SIP MESSAGE request containing a public user identity as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 5) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service-Id header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 6) shall contain an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with:
 - a) the <mcdata-client-id> element set to the MCDData client ID of the originating MCDData client; and
 - b) if the MCDData client is aware of active functional aliases, and an active functional alias is to be included in the SIP MESSAGE request, the <anyExt> element of the <functional-alias-URI> element set to the URI of the used functional alias;
- 7) shall contain an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body with:
 - a) the <regroup-action> element set to the value "create";
 - b) the <mcdata-regroup-uri> element set to a unique temporary group identity URI;

NOTE: How the unique temporary group identity URI is formed is an implementation decision.

- c) the <preconfigured-group> element set to the group identity of the preconfigured group; and
- d) the <groups-for-regroup> element set to the list of MCDData group identities of groups that are to be included in the regroup; and

8) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receiving a SIP 2xx response to the SIP MESSAGE request, the MCDData client:

1) should notify the MCDData user of the successful creation of the group regroup using preconfigured group.

On receiving a SIP 4xx response, a SIP 5xx response or a SIP 6xx response to the SIP INVITE request:

1) should notify the MCDData user of the failure to create the group regroup using preconfigured group.

23.2.1.2 Removing a regroup using preconfigured group

Upon receiving a request from an MCDData user to remove a user or group regroup using a preconfigured group, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6]:
- 2) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdata media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 3) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 4) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity identifying the originating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;
- 5) may include a P-Preferred-Identity header field in the SIP INVITE request containing a public user identity as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 6) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service-Id header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 7) shall contain an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with:
 - a) the <mcdata-client-id> element set to the MCDData client ID of the originating MCDData client; and
 - b) if the MCDData client is aware of active functional aliases, and an active functional alias is to be included in the SIP MESSAGE request, the <anyExt> element of the <functional-alias-URI> element set to the URI of the used functional alias;
- 8) shall contain an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body with:
 - a) the <mcdata-regroup-uri> element set to the unique temporary group identity URI representing the regroup to be removed; and
 - b) the <regroup-action> element set to "remove"; and
- 9) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receiving a SIP 2xx response to the SIP MESSAGE request, the MCDData client:

1) should notify the MCDData user of the successful removal of the regroup using preconfigured group.

On receiving a SIP 4xx response, a SIP 5xx response or a SIP 6xx response to the SIP INVITE request:

1) should notify the MCDData user of the failure to remove the regroup using preconfigured group.

23.2.1.3 Receiving a notification of creation of a regroup using preconfigured group

Upon receiving a "SIP MESSAGE request to the MCDData client to request creation of a regroup using preconfigured group", the MCDData client:

1) should notify the MCDData user of the creation of the regroup using preconfigured group;

- 2) shall send a 200 (OK) response to the MCDData server according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 3) in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body contained in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request:
 - a) shall store the value of the <mcdata-regroup-uri> element as the temporary group identity and associate that with the group identity received in the <mcdata-regroup-uri> element;
 - b) if a <users-for-regroup> element is included in that MIME body, should store the contents of the <users-for-regroup> element as the list of the users that are part of that regroup and shall consider the regroup as a user regroup; and

NOTE 1: The MCDData client can choose to display the list of users in the user regroup to the MCDData user.

- c) if a <groups-for-regroup> element is included in that MIME body, should store the contents of the <groups-for-regroup> element as the list of groups that are part of that regroup and shall consider the regroup as a group regroup;

NOTE 2: The MCDData client can choose to display the list of groups in the group regroup to the MCDData user.

- a) if a <users-for-regroup> element is included in that MIME body, shall store the value of the <mcdata-regroup-uri> element as the temporary group identity and associate that with the group identity received in the <mcdata-regroup-uri> element, along with the information that the created regroup is a user regroup and should store the contents of the <users-for-regroup> element as the list of the users that are part of that user regroup: or
 - b) if a <groups-for-regroup> element is included in that MIME body, shall store the value of the <mcdata-regroup-uri> element as the temporary group identity and associate that with the group identity received in the <mcdata-regroup-uri> element, along with the information that the created regroup is a group regroup and should store the contents of the <groups-for-regroup> element as the list of groups that are part of that group regroup:
- 4) shall consider that the MCDData Client is affiliated with the regroup;
 - 5) should not initiate calls targeting any of the constituent groups but instead target the regroup for the duration of a group regroup; and
 - 6) if the regroup is a chat group, the MCDData client should join the regroup when this notification of creation is received.

23.2.1.4 Receiving notification of removal of a regroup using preconfigured group

Upon receiving a "SIP MESSAGE request to the MCDData client to request removal of a regroup using preconfigured group", the MCDData client:

- 1) should notify the MCDData user of the removal of the regroup using preconfigured group;
- 2) shall send a 200 (OK) response to the MCDData server according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 3) shall consider that the MCDData client is de-affiliated from the regroup.

23.2.2 Participating MCDData function procedures

23.2.2.1 General

In the procedures in this clause:

- 1) temporary group identity in an incoming SIP MESSAGE request refers to the temporary group identity from the <mcdata-regroup-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP MESSAGE request; and
- 2) preconfigured group identity in an incoming SIP MESSAGE request refers to the the group identity from the <preconfigured-group> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP MESSAGE request.

23.2.2.2 Requesting a group regroup using a preconfigured group

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request to the originating participating MCDData function to request creation of a group regroup using preconfigured group", the originating participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The originating participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4]. The originating participating MCDData function shall skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall determine the MCDData ID of the user from the public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP MESSAGE request;
- 3) shall authorise the user. If the user profile identified by the MCDData ID does not contain an <allow-regroup> element set to "true", the originating participating MCDData function shall reject the "SIP MESSAGE request to the originating participating MCDData function to request creation of a group regroup using preconfigured group" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP MESSAGE request, with warning text set to "160 user not authorised to request creation of a group regroup" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of these steps;
- 4) shall select a controlling MCDData function to manage the regroup and determine the public service identity of that controlling MCDData function;

NOTE 1: The public service identity can identify the controlling MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 2: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 4: How the origination participating MCDData function determines the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 5: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- 5) shall generate an outgoing SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6] and:
 - a) shall include in the SIP MESSAGE request all Accept-Contact header fields and all Reject-Contact header fields, with their feature tags and their corresponding values along with parameters according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 3841 [8] that were received (if any) in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request;
 - b) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function selected in step 4);
 - c) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body received in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
 - d) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body received in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request; and
 - e) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function; and
- 6) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response to the above SIP MESSAGE request, the originating participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall select a different controlling MCDData function to manage the regroup and determine the public service identity of that controlling MCDData function;

NOTE 6: How the originating participating MCDData function whether it decides to retry is a deployment decision.

- 2) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request as specified in this clause with the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function selected in step 1); and
- 3) shall forward the SIP MESSAGE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 2xx response to the above SIP MESSAGE request, the originating participating MCDData function shall send a SIP 200 (OK) response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of any SIP 4xx response other than a 480 response, or a SIP 5xx or 6xx response to the above SIP MESSAGE request, the originating participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include Warning header field(s) that were received in the incoming SIP response; and
- 3) shall forward the SIP response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

23.2.2.3 Removing a regroup using preconfigured group

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request to the originating participating MCDData function to remove a regroup using preconfigured group" for a temporary group identity, the originating participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The originating participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4]. The originating participating MCDData function shall skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall determine the MCDData ID of the user from the public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP MESSAGE request;
- 3) shall authorise the user. If the user profile identified by the MCDData ID does not contain an <allow-regroup> element set to "true", the originating participating MCDData function shall reject the "SIP MESSAGE request to remove a regroup using preconfigured group" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP MESSAGE request, with warning text set to "161 user not authorised to request removal of a regroup " in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall skip the rest of these steps;
- 4) shall determine the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function associated with the regroup identity in the SIP MESSAGE request;

NOTE 1: The public service identity can identify the controlling MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 2: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 4: How the origination participating MCDData function determines the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function serving the target MCDData ID or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 5: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- 5) shall generate an outgoing SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6] and:
 - a) shall include in the SIP MESSAGE request all Accept-Contact header fields and all Reject-Contact header fields, with their feature tags and their corresponding values along with parameters according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 3841 [8] that were received (if any) in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request;
 - b) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function determined in step 4;
 - c) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body received in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
 - d) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body received in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request; and
 - e) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function; and
- 6) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 2xx response to the above SIP MESSAGE request, the originating participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in the clause 6.3.2.1.5.2;
- 2) shall include Warning header field(s) that were received in the incoming SIP 200 (OK) response;
- 3) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function; and
- 4) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 4xx, 5xx or 6xx response to the above SIP MESSAGE request, the originating participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include Warning header field(s) that were received in the incoming SIP response; and
- 3) shall forward the SIP response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

23.2.2.4 Notification of creation of a regroup using preconfigured group

When receiving a "SIP MESSAGE request to the terminating participating MCDData function to create a group regroup using preconfigured group", the terminating participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The terminating participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4]. The terminating participating MCDData function shall skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall send a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 3) for each MCDData ID contained in the <users-for-regroup> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body, the terminating participating MCDData function:
 - a) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
 - b) shall include in the SIP MESSAGE request all Accept-Contact header fields and all Reject-Contact header fields, with their feature tags and their corresponding values along with parameters according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 3841 [8] that were received (if any) in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request;

- c) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public user identity associated with the MCDData ID;
 - d) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body received in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
 - e) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body received in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request with the exception that any <users-for-regroup> elements shall not be copied;
 - f) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function;
 - g) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
 - h) shall consider the MCDData ID as affiliated with the temporary group identity representing the regroup identified in the <mcdata-regroup-uri> element in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request; and
- 4) shall store:
- a) the value of the <mcdata-regroup-uri> element as the identity of the regroup based on a preconfigured group;
 - b) the value of the <preconfigured-group> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body as the identity of the preconfigured group; and
 - c) the set of MCDData IDs contained in the <users-for-regroup> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body as the list of the users that are members of the group regroup;
- until the regroup is removed.

23.2.2.5 Notification of removal of a regroup using preconfigured group

When receiving a "SIP MESSAGE request to the terminating participating MCDData function to remove a regroup using preconfigured group", the terminating participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The terminating participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4]. The terminating participating MCDData function shall skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6] and shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 3) for each served MCDData ID affiliated with the temporary group identity in the incoming SIP MESSAGE, the terminating participating MCDData function:
 - a) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6]:
 - b) include in the SIP MESSAGE request all Accept-Contact header fields and all Reject-Contact header fields, with their feature tags and their corresponding values along with parameters according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 3841 [8] that were received (if any) in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request;
 - c) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public user identity associated with the MCDData ID;
 - d) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body received in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
 - e) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body received in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request, with the exceptions that any <users-for-regroup> or <groups-for-regroup> elements shall not be copied;

- f) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function;
- g) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];and
- h) shall consider the MCDData ID as deaffiliated from the regroup.

23.2.3 Controlling MCDData function procedures

23.2.3.1 Request to create a group regroup using preconfigured group

When receiving a "SIP MESSAGE request to the controlling MCDData function to request creation of a group regroup using preconfigured group" the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response, may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4], and shall skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) if the controlling MCDData function is not able to handle the regroup based on the MCDData group indicated in the <preconfigured-group> element in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body:
 - a) shall generate a SIP 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response to the incoming SIP MESSAGE request; and
 - b) shall send the SIP 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 3) if the controlling MCDData function determines that the proposed group ID for the regroup is already in use, shall reject the "SIP MESSAGE request to the controlling MCDData function to request creation of a group regroup using preconfigured group" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP MESSAGE request, with warning text set to "165 group ID for regroup already in use" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall skip the rest of the steps;
- 4) for each group identified in the <groups-for-regroup> element:
 - a) shall determine the controlling MCDData function serving that group;

NOTE 1: The public service identity can identify the controlling MCDData function serving that group in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 2: If the controlling MCDData function serving that group is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the controlling MCDData function serving that group is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 4: How the controlling MCDData function determines the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function serving that group or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 5: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 6 The controlling MCDData function serving a constituent group assumes the role of a non-controlling MCDData function for the regroup.

- b) shall generate an outgoing SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- c) shall include in the SIP MESSAGE request all Accept-Contact header fields and all Reject-Contact header fields, with their feature tags and their corresponding values along with parameters according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 3841 [8] that were received (if any) in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request;

- d) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity of the non-controlling MCDATA function;
 - e) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body received in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
 - f) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body received in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
 - g) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the controlling MCDATA function; and
 - h) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 5) shall wait to receive SIP responses from all of the non-controlling MCDATA functions that were sent a SIP MESSAGE request above;
- 6) if all of the SIP responses received above are SIP 200 (OK) responses:
- a) shall send a SIP 200 (OK) response in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
 - b) shall store the list of group identities contained in the <groups-for-regroup> element;
 - c) shall store the value of the <mcdata-regroup-uri> element as the identity of the group regroup based on a preconfigured group; and
 - d) shall store the value of the <preconfigured-group> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body as the identity of the preconfigured group; and
- 7) if at least one of the SIP responses received above is not a SIP 2xx response:
- a) shall send a SIP 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
 - b) for each non-controlling MCDATA function that returned a SIP 200 (OK) response in step 4:
 - i) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
 - ii) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity of the non-controlling MCDATA function;
 - iii) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request with:
 - A) an <mcdata-regroup-uri> element set to the identity of the regroup; and
 - B) a <regroup-action> element set to "remove"; and
 - iv) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

23.2.3.2 Request to remove a regroup using preconfigured group

When receiving a "SIP MESSAGE request to the controlling MCDATA function to remove a regroup using preconfigured group" the controlling MCDATA function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The controlling MCDATA function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4]. The controlling MCDATA function shall skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) if the controlling MCDATA function determines that the requested group ID for the regroup removal does not exist, shall reject the "SIP MESSAGE request to the controlling MCDATA function to remove a regroup using preconfigured group" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP MESSAGE request, with warning text set

to "163 the group identity indicated in the request does not exist" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall skip the rest of the steps;

- 3) shall send a SIP 200 (OK) response in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 4) if the regroup is a group regroup based on preconfigured group, then:
 - a) for each constituent group belonging to the regroup:
 - i) shall determine the non-controlling MCDData function serving that group;
 - ii) shall generate an outgoing SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
 - iii) shall include in the SIP MESSAGE request all Accept-Contact header fields and all Reject-Contact header fields, with their feature tags and their corresponding values along with parameters according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 3841 [8] that were received (if any) in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request;
 - iv) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity of the non-controlling MCDData function;

NOTE 1: The public service identity can identify the non-controlling MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 2: If the non-controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the non-controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 4: How the controlling MCDData function determines the public service identity of the non-controlling MCDData function or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 5: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- v) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body received in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
 - vi) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body received in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
 - vii) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function; and
 - viii) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 5) if the regroup is a user regroup based on preconfigured group, then for each user belonging to the regroup, the controlling MCDData function shall create a separate list of MCDData IDs for users belonging to and affiliated with the regroup who are served by the same terminating participating MCDData function and for each terminating participating MCDData function;
 - a) shall generate an outgoing SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
 - b) shall include in the SIP MESSAGE request all Accept-Contact header fields and all Reject-Contact header fields, with their feature tags and their corresponding values along with parameters according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 3841 [8] that were received (if any) in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request;

- c) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function;

NOTE 6: The public service identity can identify the terminating participating MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 7: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 8: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 9: How the controlling MCDData function determines the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 10: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- d) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body received in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- e) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body received in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- f) shall use the list of affiliated MCDData IDs for this terminating participating MCDData function to create and include a <users-for-regroup> element contained in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body;
- g) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function; and
- h) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

23.2.3.3 Decision to remove a regroup using preconfigured group

When the controlling MCDData function decides to remove a regroup using preconfigured group, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) if the regroup is a group regroup based on preconfigured group, then:
 - a) for each constituent group belonging to the regroup:
 - i) shall determine the non-controlling MCDData function serving that group;

NOTE 1: The public service identity can identify the non-controlling MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 2: If the non-controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the non-controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 4: How the controlling MCDData function determines the public service identity of the non-controlling MCDData function or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 5: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- ii) shall generate an outgoing SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
 - iii) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity of the non-controlling MCDData function determined in step i);
 - iv) shall create an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body and include it in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request with:
 - A) an <mcdata-regroup-uri> element set to the identity of the regroup;
 - B) a <regroup-action> element set to "remove"; and
 - v) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 2) if the regroup is a user regroup based on preconfigured group, then the controlling MCDData function shall create a list of terminating participating MCDData functions serving users belonging to and affiliated with the regroup and shall create a list of MCDData IDs that are affiliated to the regroup and served by the same terminating participating MCDData function for each of the members of the list of terminating participating MCDData functions, and for each terminating participating MCDData function in the list:
- a) shall generate an outgoing SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
 - b) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function;

NOTE 6: The public service identity can identify the terminating participating MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 7: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 8: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 9: How the controlling MCDData function determines the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 10: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- c) shall create an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body and include it in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request with:
 - i) an <mcdata-regroup-uri> element set to the identity of the regroup;
 - ii) a <regroup-action> element set to "remove"; and
 - iii) a <users-for-regroup> element set to the list of MCDData IDs served by this terminating participating MCDData function that are affiliated to the regroup; and
- d) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

23.2.4 Non-controlling MCDData function procedures

23.2.4.1 Notification of creation of a group regroup using preconfigured group

When receiving a "SIP MESSAGE request to a non-controlling MCDData function to request creation of a group regroup using preconfigured group" the non-controlling MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response, may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4], and shall skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) or each group identified in the <groups-for-regroup> element of an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request for which the MCDData function is the non-controlling MCDData function:
 - a) shall determine if the group is already regrouped, and if the group is already regrouped:
 - i) shall reject the SIP request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "148 group is regrouped" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9; and
 - ii) shall not process the remaining steps;
- 3) shall store:
 - a) the list of group identities contained in the <groups-for-regroup> element;
 - b) the value of the <mcdata-regroup-uri> element as the identity of the group regroup;
 - c) the value of the <preconfigured-group> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body as the identity of the preconfigured group; and
 - d) information that each of the groups identified in the <groups-for-regroup> element has been regrouped using a preconfigured group;
- 4) shall send a SIP 200 (OK) response in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 5) for each group identified in the <groups-for-regroup> element of an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request for which the MCDData function is the non-controlling MCDData function shall create a separate list of MCDData IDs for users belonging to and affiliated with the identified group who are served by the same terminating participating MCDData function;
- 6) shall merge the lists of MCDData IDs associated with each terminating participating MCDData function such that the resulting list associated with a terminating participating MCDData function contains the MCDData IDs of all users served by the participating MCDData function that belong to and are affiliated with any of the groups identified in the <groups-for-regroup> element; and
- 7) for each terminating participating MCDData function identified above:
 - a) shall generate an outgoing SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
 - b) shall include in the SIP MESSAGE request all Accept-Contact header fields and all Reject-Contact header fields, with their feature tags and their corresponding values along with parameters according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 3841 [8] that were received (if any) in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request;
 - c) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function;
 - d) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body received in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;

- e) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body received in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
- f) shall use the list of MCDData IDs for this terminating participating MCDData function as generated in step 6) to create and include the <users-for-regroup> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body;
- g) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the non-controlling MCDData function; and
- h) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

23.2.4.2 Notification of removal of a group regroup using preconfigured group

When receiving a "SIP MESSAGE request to the non-controlling MCDData function to remove a group regroup using preconfigured group" the non-controlling MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The non-controlling MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4]. The non-controlling MCDData function shall skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall send a SIP 200 (OK) response in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 3) shall identify the constituent groups belonging to the regroup identified in the <mcdata-regroup-uri> in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body contained in the incoming SIP MESSAGE for which this MCDData function is the non-controlling MCDData function and shall create a list of terminating participating MCDData functions serving MCDData IDs belonging to the identified constituent groups and for each member of the list of terminating participating MCDData functions in the list shall create a list of MCDData IDs affiliated to the regroup and served by that terminating participating MCDData function;
- 4) for each terminating participating MCDData function identified in step 3):
 - a) shall generate an outgoing SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
 - b) shall include in the SIP MESSAGE request all Accept-Contact header fields and all Reject-Contact header fields, with their feature tags and their corresponding values along with parameters according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 3841 [8] that were received (if any) in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request;
 - c) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function;
 - d) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body received in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
 - e) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body received in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
 - i) shall create and include a <users-for-regroup> element containing the list of MCDData IDs affiliated to the regroup that are served by this terminating participating MCDData function as determined in step 3); and
 - f) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the non-controlling MCDData function; and
 - g) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

23.2.4.3 Notification of additional members of a group regroup using preconfigured group

When a non-controlling MCDData function becomes aware of an MCDData client affiliating with a group that it controls, where that group is a constituent group of a group regroup using preconfigured group, the non-controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall create a list of MCDData IDs for users belonging to and affiliated with the identified constituent group who are served by the same terminating participating MCDData function as the MCDData client affiliating with the constituent group;
- 2) shall generate an outgoing SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 3) shall create in the SIP MESSAGE request copies of all Accept-Contact header fields and all Reject-Contact header fields, with their feature tags and their corresponding values along with parameters according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 3841 [8] that were received (if any) in the SIP MESSAGE request received from the controlling MCDData function for the group regroup to notify creation of the group regroup using preconfigured group;
- 4) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function;
- 5) shall create an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request using the information from the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body originally included in the SIP MESSAGE request received from the controlling MCDData function for the group regroup to notify creation of the group regroup using preconfigured group;
- 6) shall create an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request using the information from the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body originally included in the SIP MESSAGE request received from the controlling MCDData function for the group regroup to notify creation of the group regroup using preconfigured group;
- 7) shall use the list of MCDData IDs as generated in step 1) to create and include the <users-for-regroup> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body;
- 8) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the non-controlling MCDData function; and
- 9) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

23.3 User regroup using a preconfigured group

23.3.1 Client procedures

23.3.1.1 Requesting a user regroup using a preconfigured group

Upon receiving a request from an MCDData user to establish an MCDData user regroup using a preconfigured group, the MCDData client shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6] and:

- 1) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdata media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 2) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 3) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity identifying the originating participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;

- 4) may include a P-Preferred-Identity header field in the SIP MESSAGE request containing a public user identity as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 5) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service-Id header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 6) shall contain an application/vnd.3gpp.mdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mdatainfo> element containing the <mdata-Params> element with:
 - a) the <mdata-client-id> element set to the MCDData client ID of the originating MCDData client; and
 - b) if the MCDData client is aware of active functional aliases, and an active functional alias is to be included in the SIP MESSAGE request, the <anyExt> element of the <functional-alias-URI> element set to the URI of the used functional alias;
- 7) shall contain an application/vnd.3gpp.mdata-regroup+xml MIME body with:
 - a) the <mdata-regroup-uri> element set to a unique temporary group identity URI;

NOTE: How the unique temporary group identity URI is formed is an implementation decision.

- b) the <preconfigured-group> element set to the group identity of the preconfigured group;
 - c) the <regroup-action> element set to "create"; and
 - d) the <users-for-regroup> element set to the list of MCDData IDs of users that are to be included in the regroup; and
- 8) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receiving a SIP 2xx response to the SIP MESSAGE request, the MCDData client:

- 1) should notify the MCDData user of the successful creation of the user regroup using preconfigured group.

On receiving a SIP 4xx response, a SIP 5xx response or a SIP 6xx response to the SIP INVITE request:

- 1) should notify the MCDData user of the failure to create the user regroup using preconfigured group.

23.3.1.2 Removing a regroup using preconfigured group

When the user requests the MCDData client to remove a user regroup, the MCDData client uses the procedure in clause 23.2.1.2.

23.3.1.3 Creating a user regroup using preconfigured group

The procedure in clause 23.2.1.3 is used by the MCDData client when the MCDData server notifies the MCDData client of the creation of a user regroup using preconfigured group.

23.3.1.4 Removing a user regroup using preconfigured group

The procedure in clause 23.2.1.4 is used by the MCDData client when the MCDData server notifies the MCDData client of the removal of a user regroup using preconfigured group.

23.3.2 Participating MCDData function procedures

23.3.2.1 General

In the procedures in this clause:

- 1) temporary group identity in an incoming SIP MESSAGE request refers to the temporary group identity from the <mdata-regroup-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mdata-regroup+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP MESSAGE request; and

- 2) preconfigured group identity in an incoming SIP MESSAGE request refers to the the group identity from the <preconfigured-group> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP MESSAGE request.

23.3.2.2 Requesting a user regroup using a preconfigured group

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request to the originating participating MCDData function to request creation of a user regroup using preconfigured group", the originating participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The originating participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4]. The originating participating MCDData function shall skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall determine the MCDData ID of the user from the public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP MESSAGE request;
- 3) shall authorise the user. If the user profile identified by the MCDData ID does not contain an <allow-regroup> element set to "true", the originating participating MCDData function shall reject the "SIP MESSAGE request to the originating participating MCDData function to request creation of a user regroup using preconfigured group" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP MESSAGE request, with warning text set to "160 user not authorised to request creation of a regroup" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of these steps;
- 4) shall select a controlling MCDData function to manage the regroup and determine the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function;

NOTE 1: The public service identity can identify the controlling MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 2: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the controlling MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 4: How the originating participating MCDData function determines the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 5: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 6: How the originating participating MCDData function selects a controlling MCDData function to manage the regroup is a deployment decision.

- 5) shall generate an outgoing SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6] and:
 - a) shall include in the SIP MESSAGE request all Accept-Contact header fields and all Reject-Contact header fields, with their feature tags and their corresponding values along with parameters according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 3841 [8] that were received (if any) in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request;
 - b) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function determined in step 4);
 - c) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body received in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request; and
 - d) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body received in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request; and

- e) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function; and
- 6) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response to the above SIP MESSAGE request, the originating participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall select a different controlling MCDData function to manage the regroup and determine the public service identity of that controlling MCDData function;
- 2) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request as specified in this clause with the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function selected in step 1); and
- 3) shall forward the SIP MESSAGE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 2xx response to the above SIP MESSAGE request, the originating participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in the clause 6.3.2.1.5.2;
- 2) shall include Warning header field(s) that were received in the incoming SIP 200 (OK) response;
- 3) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function; and
- 4) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 4xx response that is not a 480 response, or a SIP 5xx or 6xx response to the above SIP MESSAGE request, the originating participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include Warning header field(s) that were received in the incoming SIP response; and
- 3) shall forward the SIP response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

23.3.2.3 Removing a regroup using preconfigured group

When the originating participating MCDData function needs to remove a user regroup, the originating participating MCDData function uses the procedure in clause 23.2.2.3.

23.3.2.4 Notification of creation of a user regroup using preconfigured group

When receiving a "SIP MESSAGE request to the terminating participating MCDData function to create a user regroup using preconfigured group", the terminating participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4]. The terminating participating MCDData function shall skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall send a SIP 200 (OK) response in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 3) for each MCDData ID contained in the <users-for-regroup> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body, the terminating participating MCDData function is aware from stored information that the MCDData client has not previously been notified of the creation of the user regroup:
 - a) shall generate a SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
 - b) include in the SIP MESSAGE request all Accept-Contact header fields and all Reject-Contact header fields, with their feature tags and their corresponding values along with parameters according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 3841 [8] that were received (if any) in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request;

- c) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public user identity associated with the MCDData ID;
 - d) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body received in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
 - e) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body received in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request, with the exception that any <groups-for-regroup> elements shall not be copied;
 - f) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function;
 - g) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
 - h) shall consider the MCDData ID as affiliated with the temporary group identity representing the regroup identified in the <mcdata-regroup-uri> element in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request; and
- 4) shall store:
- a) the value of the <mcdata-regroup-uri> element as the identity of the regroup based on a preconfigured group;
 - b) the value of the <preconfigured-group> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body as the identity of the preconfigured group; and
 - c) the list of the users that are members of the user regroup;
- until the regroup is removed.

23.3.2.5 Notification of removal of a user regroup using preconfigured group

When the terminating participating MCDData function receives a request to remove a user regroup it uses the procedure in clause 23.2.2.5.

23.3.3 Controlling MCDData function procedures

23.3.3.1 Request to create a user regroup using preconfigured group

When receiving a "SIP MESSAGE request to the controlling MCDData function to request creation of a user regroup using preconfigured group" the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The controlling MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4]. The controlling MCDData function shall skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) if the controlling MCDData function is unable to handle the user regroup it shall send a SIP 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response to the incoming SIP MESSAGE request and shall skip the rest of the steps;
- 3) if the controlling MCDData function determines that the proposed group ID for the regroup is already in use, shall reject the "SIP MESSAGE request to the controlling MCDData function to request creation of a user regroup using preconfigured group" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP MESSAGE request, with warning text set to "165 group ID for regroup already in use" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall skip the rest of the steps;
- 4) shall create a separate list of MCDData IDs containing all users identified in the <users-for-regroup> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body who are served by the same terminating participating MCDData function;
- 5) for each terminating participating MCDData function identified in step 4):

- a) shall generate an outgoing SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- b) shall include in the SIP MESSAGE request all Accept-Contact header fields and all Reject-Contact header fields, with their feature tags and their corresponding values along with parameters according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 3841 [8] that were received (if any) in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request;
- c) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function;

NOTE 1: The public service identity can identify the terminating participating MCDData function in the local MCDData system or in an interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 2: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the interconnected MCDData system from the local MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in an interconnected MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the local MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the local MCDData system to the interconnected MCDData system.

NOTE 4: How the controlling MCDData function determines the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function or of the MCDData gateway server in the interconnected MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 5: How the local MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- d) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body received in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
 - e) shall copy the contents of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body received in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request into an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body included in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request;
 - f) shall use the list of MCDData IDs for this participating MCDData function as generated in step 3) to create and include a <users-for-regroup> element contained in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body;
 - g) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function; and
 - h) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 6) when the controlling MCDData function receives a SIP 200 (OK) response from any of the terminating participating MCDData functions that were sent a SIP MESSAGE request in step 4) the controlling MCDData function shall:
- a) send a SIP 200 (OK) response to the incoming SIP MESSAGE request; and
 - b) store the the value of the <mcdata-regroup-uri> element as the identity of the user regroup based on a preconfigured group;
 - c) the value of the <preconfigured-group> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body as the identity of the preconfigured group; and
 - d) store the set of MCDData IDs contained in the <users-for-regroup> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-regroup+xml MIME body as the the list of the users that are members of the user regroup; and
- 7) if no SIP 200 (OK) response is received for a SIP MESSAGE sent in step 4), the controlling MCDData function shall send a SIP 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response to the incoming SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6].

23.3.3.2 Request to remove a user regroup using preconfigured group

When the controlling MCDData function receives a request to remove a user regroup it uses the procedure in clause 23.2.3.2.

23.3.3.3 Decision to remove a regroup using preconfigured group

When the controlling MCDData function decides to remove a user regroup it uses the procedure in clause 23.2.3.3.

24 Adhoc group data communication

24.1 General

This clause describes the adhoc group data communication procedures for on-network across single or multiple MCDData systems using media plane procedures, and associated functions such as emergency data communications, imminent peril data communications, broadcast data communications and others.

The adhoc group data communications can use the participant list provided by either an initiator of the data communication or the MCDData server. The MCDData server can use the criteria provided by the initiator of the data communication to determine the participant list along with local criteria or local policies. The resulting adhoc group uses the configuration of a separate preconfigured MCDData group.

NOTE: A preconfigured group that is intended only to provide configuration for the adhoc group is identified by a parameter in the group configuration described in 3GPP TS 23.280 [3].

The preconfigured MCDData group that provides the configuration is not used for the MCDData group data communication, it only provides configuration for one or more adhoc group data communications. The MCDData group ID of the adhoc group data communication is provided by the MCDData server when the adhoc group data communication originated. To establish a security context for the end-to-end secured adhoc group data communication, the security related information is used from this preconfigured group.

The procedures defined in this clause are applicable for standalone SDS, SDS session and FD using media plane procedures for data communication.

24.2 MCDData client procedures

24.2.1 General

This clause describes the adhoc group data communication procedures using on-demand and pre-established sessions to setup adhoc group data communications, release the ongoing adhoc group data communications, and modify the ongoing adhoc group data communications participants.

24.2.2 Adhoc group data communication setup

This clause describes the originating, and terminating data communication setup procedures.

24.2.2.1 Data communication setup procedures using on-demand session

24.2.2.1.1 Client originating procedures

Upon receiving a request from an MCDData user to establish an MCDData adhoc group session, the MCDData client shall determine whether the service configuration document contains an <on-network> element that contains an <anyExt> element that contains an <adhoc-group-data-comn> element that contains an <allow-adhoc-group-data-comn-support> element and if an <allow-adhoc-group-data-comn-support> element does not exist, or is set to a value of "false, then the MCDData client:

- 1) should indicate to the MCDData user that adhoc group data communications are not allowed; and

- 2) shall skip the remainder of this procedure.

The MCDData client shall generate an initial SIP INVITE request by following the UE originating session procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], with the clarifications given below:

- 1) shall set the Request-URI of the SIP INVITE request to a public service identity identifying the participating MCDData function serving the MCDData user;
- 2) should include the "timer" option tag in the Supported header field;
- 3) should include the Session-Expires header field according to IETF RFC 4028 [38]. It is recommended that the "refresher" header field parameter is omitted. If included, the "refresher" header field parameter shall be set to "uac";
- 4) may include a P-Preferred-Identity header field in the SIP INVITE request containing a public user identity as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 5) if a standalone SDS message is to be sent or SDS session is requested:
 - a) shall include the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag and the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" in the Contact header field of the SIP INVITE request according to IETF RFC 3840 [16];
 - b) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
 - c) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
 - d) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7] in the SIP INVITE request;
 - e) shall contain in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with:
 - i) the <request-type> element set to a value of "adhoc-group-sds-session";
 - ii) if the MCDData client needs to include an identity of adhoc group, the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the identity of the adhoc group;

NOTE 1: If the data communication setup request follows an emergency alert for an adhoc group then this element is included and the identity of adhoc group learned during an adhoc group emergency alert procedures is used.

NOTE 2: The MCDData client can optionally include an identity of adhoc group if it learns by any other means or generated by the MCDData client using required parameters.

- iii) the <mcdata-client-id> element set to the MCDData client ID of the originating MCDData client; and

NOTE 3: The MCDData client does not include the MCDData ID of the originating MCDData user in the body, as this will be inserted into the body of the SIP INVITE request that is sent from the originating participating MCDData function.

- iv) an <anyExt> element containing:

- A) if the MCDData client needs to include an active functional alias in the initial SIP INVITE request, may include the <functional-alias-URI> element set to the URI of the used functional alias;

NOTE 4: The MCDData client learns the functional aliases that are activated for an MCDData ID from procedures specified in clause 22.2.1.3.

- B) if the MCDData user has requested an application priority, the <user-requested-priority> element set to the user provided value; and

- C) if end-to-end security needs to be established for the MCDData adhoc group session, the <end-to-end-security> element set to "true"; and
- f) shall include an SDP offer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications given in clause 9.2.3.2.1 if a standalone SDS message is to be sent or in clause 9.2.4.2.1 if SDS session is requested;
- 6) if a FD is requested:
- a) shall generate and contain an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body with the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD as described in clause 6.2.2.3;
 - b) shall include the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag and the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" in the Contact header field of the SIP INVITE request according to IETF RFC 3840 [16];
 - c) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
 - d) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
 - e) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7] in the SIP INVITE request;
 - f) shall contain in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with:
 - i) the <request-type> element set to a value of "adhoc-group-fd-session";
 - ii) if the MCDData client needs to include an identity of adhoc group, the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the identity of the adhoc group;
- NOTE 5: If the data communication setup request follows an emergency alert for an adhoc group then this element is included and the identity of adhoc group learned during an adhoc group emergency alert procedures is used.
- NOTE 6: The MCDData client can optionally include an identity of adhoc group if it learns by any other means or generated by the MCDData client using required parameters.
- iii) the <mcdata-client-id> element set to the MCDData client ID of the originating MCDData client; and
- NOTE 7: The MCDData client does not include the MCDData ID of the originating MCDData user in the body, as this will be inserted into the body of the SIP INVITE request that is sent from the originating participating MCDData function.
- iv) an <anyExt> element containing:
 - A) if the MCDData client needs to include an active functional alias in the initial SIP INVITE request, may include the <functional-alias-URI> element set to the URI of the used functional alias;
- NOTE 8: The MCDData client learns the functional aliases that are activated for an MCDData ID from procedures specified in clause 22.2.1.3.
- B) if the MCDData user has requested an application priority, the <user-requested-priority> element set to the user provided value; and
 - C) if end-to-end security needs to be established for the MCDData adhoc group session, the <end-to-end-security> element set to "true"; and
- g) shall include an SDP offer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications given in clause 10.2.5.2.1;
- 7) if the MCDData user has requested to include the list of MCDData users to be invited for data communication and the data communication setup request does not follow an adhoc group for emergency alert, shall insert in the SIP

INVITE request an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with the MCDData ID of the invited MCDData users to be called, according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 5366 [18];

- 8) if the MCDData user has requested to include the criteria for determining the list of MCDData users to be invited for data communication and the data communication setup request does not follow an adhoc group for emergency alert, shall insert a <comn-participants-criteria> with one or more criteria as a comma separated list into <anyExt> element of <mcdData-Params> element of <mcdDataInfo> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml MIME body in the SIP INVITE request; and

NOTE 9: The MCDData client can include either a list of MCDData users or the criteria for determining the list of MCDData users to be invited. These two information elements are not included if the data communication setup request follows an adhoc group for emergency alerts.

- 9) shall send the SIP INVITE request towards the MCDData server according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receiving a SIP 2xx response to the SIP INVITE request, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall send a SIP ACK request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall start the SIP Session timer according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38];
- 3) if the <preconfigured-group-id> element received in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml MIME body, shall use the security related information from the group configuration associated with the received preconfigured group identity;
- 4) may notify the user with the adhoc group identity received in the <mcdData-calling-group-id> element contained in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml MIME body;
- 5) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 6.1.1.2; and
- 6) may subscribe to the conference event package as specified in clause 25.1.

On receiving a SIP 4xx response, a SIP 5xx response or a SIP 6xx response to the SIP INVITE request:

- 1) may notify the user about data communication setup failure with an appropriate response along with the description; and
- 2) shall send a SIP ACK request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receipt of an indication from the media plane indicating that the file was not sent successfully or the standalone SDS message was not sent successfully or the standalone SDS message has been successfully transferred, the MCDData client shall:

- 1) shall generate a SIP BYE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with:
 - a) Reason code set to "SIP";
 - b) cause set to "480"; and
 - c) text set to "transmission failed";
- 2) shall set the Request-URI to the MCDData session identity to release; and
- 3) shall send a SIP BYE request towards MCDData server according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP BYE request, the MCDData client shall interact with the media plane and indicate to terminate the MCDData adhoc group session, as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15].

24.2.2.1.2 Client terminating procedures

Upon receipt of an initial SIP INVITE request, the MCDData client shall follow the procedures for the termination of multimedia sessions in the IM CN subsystem as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications below.

The MCDData client:

- 1) may reject the SIP INVITE request if any of the following conditions are met:

- a) MCDData client does not have enough resources to handle the data communication; or
 - b) any other reason outside the scope of this specification;
- 2) if the SIP INVITE request is rejected in step 1), shall respond toward participating MCDData function either with an appropriate reject code as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and warning texts as specified in clause 4.9 or with SIP 480 (Temporarily unavailable) response not including warning texts if the user is authorised to restrict the reason for failure and skip the rest of the steps of this clause;
 - 3) may display to the MCDData user the MCDData ID of the inviting MCDData user and the type of SDS request, if present;
 - 4) may display to the MCDData user the functional alias of the inviting MCDData user, if present;
 - 5) may display to the MCDData user the file meta-data of the incoming file as described by the SDP included in the received SIP INVITE request;
 - 6) if the <preconfigured-group-id> element received in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall use the security related information from the group configuration associated with the received preconfigured group identity;
 - 7) may notify the user with the adhoc group identity received in the <mcdata-calling-group-id> element contained in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body;
 - 8) if a standalone SDS message is to be received or SDS session is requested:
 - a) shall accept the SIP INVITE request and generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - b) shall include the option tag "timer" in a Require header field of the SIP 200 (OK) response;
 - c) shall include the Session-Expires header field in the SIP 200 (OK) response and start the SIP session timer according to IETF RFC 4028 [38]. The "refresher" parameter in the Session-Expires header field shall be set to "uas";
 - d) shall include the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag in the Contact header field of the SIP 200 (OK) response;
 - e) shall include the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" in the Contact header field of the SIP 200 (OK) response;
 - f) shall include an SDP answer in the SIP 200 (OK) response to the SDP offer in the incoming SIP INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications given in clause 9.2.3.2.2 if a standalone SDS message is to be received or in clause 9.2.4.2.2 if SDS session is requested;
 - g) if a SIP CANCEL request associated with the SIP INVITE request was received, shall execute the procedure in clause 6.2.8.4.1, otherwise shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response towards the MCDData server according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - h) if the SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP INVITE request was sent, on receipt of an SIP ACK message to the sent SIP 200 (OK) message, the MCDData client shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 6.1.1.3 if a standalone SDS message is to be received or clause 6.1.2.3 if SDS session is requested; and
 - i) may subscribe to the conference event package as specified in clause 25.1; and
 - 9) if a FD is requested:
 - a) if the Mandatory download IE of the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD contained in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body received in the SIP INVITE request is set to "MANDATORY DOWNLOAD" or if the user has accepted the file download request, then:
 - i) shall accept the SIP INVITE request and generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - ii) shall include the option tag "timer" in a Require header field of the SIP 200 (OK) response;

- iii) shall include the Session-Expires header field in the SIP 200 (OK) response and start the SIP session timer according to IETF RFC 4028 [38]. The "refresher" parameter in the Session-Expires header field shall be set to "uas";
- iv) shall include the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag in the Contact header field of the SIP 200 (OK) response;
- v) shall include the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" in the Contact header field of the SIP 200 (OK) response;
- vi) shall include an SDP answer in the SIP 200 (OK) response to the SDP offer in the incoming SIP INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications given in clause 10.2.5.2.2;
- vii) if a SIP CANCEL request associated with the SIP INVITE request was received, shall execute the procedure in clause 6.2.8.4.1, otherwise, shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response towards the MCDData server according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- viii) if the SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP INVITE request was sent, on receipt of an SIP ACK message to the sent SIP 200 (OK) message, the MCDData client shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 6.1.2.3; and
- ix) may subscribe to the conference event package as specified in clause 25.1;

otherwise, if the user has not accepted or has rejected the file download request:

- i) shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response towards the MCDData server according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- b) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body in the received SIP INVITE request contained an FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message without the Mandatory download IE included, then:
 - i) shall notify the MCDData user about the incoming FD request and wait for the MCDData user to accept or reject or defer the FD request;
 - ii) if the MCDData user declines the FD session invitation:
 - A) shall send a SIP 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response towards the MCDData server with the warning text set to "110 user declined the call invitation" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and skip the rest of the steps in this clause;
 - iii) if the MCDData user defers the FD session invitation:
 - A) shall send a SIP 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response towards the MCDData server with the warning text set to "231 user deferred the call invitation" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and skip the rest of the steps in this clause; and
 - iv) if the MCDData user accepts the FD session invitation:
 - A) shall accept the SIP INVITE request and generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
 - B) shall include the option tag "timer" in a Require header field of the SIP 200 (OK) response;
 - C) shall include the Session-Expires header field in the SIP 200 (OK) response and start the SIP session timer according to IETF RFC 4028 [38]. The "refresher" parameter in the Session-Expires header field shall be set to "uas";
 - D) shall include the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag in the Contact header field of the SIP 200 (OK) response;
 - E) shall include the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" in the Contact header field of the SIP 200 (OK) response;
 - F) shall include an SDP answer in the SIP 200 (OK) response to the SDP offer in the incoming SIP INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications given in clause 10.2.5.2.2;

- G) if a SIP CANCEL request associated with the SIP INVITE request was received, shall execute the procedure in clause 6.2.8.4.1, otherwise shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response towards the MCDData server according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- H) may store the Conversation ID, Message ID, InReplyTo message ID and Date and time in local storage;
- I) if the SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP INVITE request was sent, on receipt of an SIP ACK message to the sent SIP 200 (OK) message, the MCDData client shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 6.1.2.3; and
- J) may subscribe to the conference event package as specified in clause 25.1;

otherwise, if the user has not accepted or has rejected the MCDData adhoc group session invitation:

- A) shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response towards the MCDData server according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

To send a disposition notification after the media plane is released, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall follow the procedures described in clause 12.2.1.1.

On receipt of an indication from the media plane of the successful download of the file:

- 1) if the received FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contained an Application metadata container IE, then the MCDData client may process the content of that IE per local policy.

24.2.2.2 Data communication setup procedures using pre-established session

24.2.2.2.1 Client originating procedures

Upon receiving a request from an MCDData user to establish an MCDData adhoc group session within the pre-established session, the MCDData client shall determine whether the service configuration document contains an <on-network> element that contains an <anyExt> element that contains an <adhoc-group-call> element that contains an <allow-adhoc-group-call-support> element and if an <allow-adhoc-group-call-support> element does not exist, or is set to a value of "false", then the MCDData client:

- 1) should indicate to the MCDData user that adhoc group data communications are not allowed; and
- 2) shall skip the remainder of this procedure.

The MCDData client shall generate a SIP REFER request outside a dialog in accordance with the procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 4488 [53] and IETF RFC 3515 [51] as updated by IETF RFC 6665 [36] and IETF RFC 7647 [52], with the clarifications given below.

NOTE 0: The pre-established session procedures are not specified in the 3GPP TS 23.282 [2] but the adhoc group communication procedure specified in this clause provides the support for the pre-established session, however the pre-established session support for the mission critical services is specified in the 3GPP TS 23.280 [3].

The MCDData client:

- 1) shall include the Request-URI set to the public service identity identifying the pre-established session on the MCDData server serving the MCDData user;
- 2) shall include the Refer-Sub header field with value "false" according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4488 [53];
- 3) shall include the Supported header field with value "norefersub" according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4488 [53];
- 4) shall include the option tag "multiple-refer" in the Require header field;
- 5) may include a P-Preferred-Identity header field in the SIP REFER request containing a public user identity as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];

- 6) if a standalone SDS message is to be sent or SDS session is requested:
- shall include the `g.3gpp.mcdata.sds` media feature tag and the `g.3gpp.icsi-ref` media feature tag with the value of `"urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds"` in the Contact header field of the SIP REFER request according to IETF RFC 3840 [16]; and
 - shall include the ICSI value `"urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds"` (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7] in the SIP REFER request;
- 7) if a FD is requested:
- shall include the `g.3gpp.mcdata.fd` media feature tag and the `g.3gpp.icsi-ref` media feature tag with the value of `"urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd"` in the Contact header field of the SIP REFER request according to IETF RFC 3840 [16]; and
 - shall include the ICSI value `"urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd"` (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7] in the SIP REFER request;
- 8) if the MCDData user has requested to include the list of MCDData users to be called and the data communication setup request does not follow an adhoc group for emergency alert:
- shall set the Refer-To header field of the SIP REFER request as specified in IETF RFC 3515 [51] with a Content-ID ("cid") Uniform Resource Locator (URL) as specified in IETF RFC 2392 [33] that points to an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body as specified in IETF RFC 5366 [18], and with the Content-ID header field set to this "cid" URL and Content-Type header field set to "application/resource-lists+xml"; and
 - shall include in the application/resource-lists MIME body an <entry> element for each of the targeted MCDData users, with each <entry> element containing a "uri" attribute set to the MCDData ID of the targeted user, extended with hname "body" parameter in the headers portion of the SIP URI containing:

NOTE 1: Characters that are not formatted as ASCII characters are escaped in the following parameters in the headers portion of the SIP URI.

- the Accept-Contact header field containing:
 - the `g.3gpp.mcdata.sds` media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8] for standalone SDS and SDS session;
 - the media feature tag `g.3gpp.icsi-ref` with the value of `"urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds"` along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8] for standalone SDS and SDS session;
 - the media feature tag `g.3gpp.icsi-ref` with the value of `"urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd"` along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8] for FD; and
 - the `g.3gpp.mcdata.fd` media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8] for FD; and
- shall include Content-ID header field value set to "cid" URL of the Refer-To header field of the SIP REFER request into the application/resource-lists MIME body part;
- may include an identity of adhoc group in <mcdata-request-uri> element with value set to the identity of the adhoc group in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body;

NOTE 2: The MCDData client can optionally include an identity of adhoc group if it learns by any other means or generated by the MCDData client using required parameters.

- 9) if the MCDData user has requested to include the criteria for determining the list of MCDData users to be called and the call setup request does not follow an adhoc group for emergency alert:
- shall set the Refer-To header field of the SIP REFER request as specified in IETF RFC 3515 [51] with a Content-ID ("cid") Uniform Resource Locator (URL) as specified in IETF RFC 2392 [33] that points to an MIME body section which contains one or more MIME bodies, and with the Content-ID header field set to this "cid" URL and Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml";

- b) shall include the Accept-Contact header field containing:
 - i) the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8] for standalone SDS and SDS session;
 - ii) the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8] for standalone SDS and SDS session;
 - iii) the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8] for FD; and
 - iv) the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8] for FD;
- c) shall include Content-ID header field value set to "cid" URL of the Refer-To header field of the SIP REFER request into the application/resource-lists MIME body part;
- d) may include an identity of adhoc group in <mcdata-request-uri> element with value set to the identity of the adhoc group in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body;

NOTE 3: The MCDData client can optionally include an identity of adhoc group if it learns by any other means or generated by the MCDData client using required parameters.

- e) shall include the <call-participants-criterias> element set to one or more criteria as a comma separated list in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body;

10) if the call setup request follows an emergency alert for an adhoc group:

- a) shall set the Refer-To header field of the SIP REFER request as specified in IETF RFC 3515 [51] with a Content-ID ("cid") Uniform Resource Locator (URL) as specified in IETF RFC 2392 [33] that points to an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body as specified in IETF RFC 5366 [18], and with the Content-ID header field set to this "cid" URL and Content-Type header field set to "application/resource-lists+xml"; and
- b) shall include in the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body a single <entry> element in a <list> element in the <resource-lists> element where the <entry> element contains a "uri" attribute set to the identity of the adhoc group learned during an adhoc group emergency alert procedure, extended with hname "body" parameter in the headers portion of the SIP URI containing:

NOTE 4: Characters that are not formatted as ASCII characters are escaped in the following parameters in the headers portion of the SIP URI.

- i) the Accept-Contact header field containing:
 - A) the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8] for standalone SDS and SDS session;
 - B) the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8] for standalone SDS and SDS session;
 - C) the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8] for FD; and
 - D) the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8] for FD;
- c) shall include Content-ID header field value set to "cid" URL of the Refer-To header field of the SIP REFER request into the application/resource-lists MIME body part; and
- d) shall include the <adhoc-grp-emg-alert-grp-ind> element set to "true" in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body;

NOTE 8: The MCDData client can include either a list of MCDData users or the criteria for determining the list of MCDData users to be called. These two information elements are not included if the call setup request follows an adhoc group for emergency alerts.

- 11) shall contain in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with:
- a) the <session-type> element set to a value of "adhoc-group-sds-session" for standalone SDS message and SDS session or "adhoc-group-fd-session" for FD session;
 - b) the <mcdata-client-id> element set to the MCDData client ID of the originating MCDData client;
 - c) an <anyExt> element containing:
 - i) if the MCDData client needs to include an active functional alias in the SIP REFER request, shall include the <functional-alias-URI> element set to the URI of the used functional alias;

NOTE 5: The MCDData client learns the functional aliases that are activated for an MCDData ID from procedures specified in clause 22.2.1.3.

- ii) if the MCDData user has requested an application priority, the <user-requested-priority> element set to the user provided value;
 - iii) if end-to-end security needs to be established for the MCDData adhoc group session, the <end-to-end-security> element set to "true";
- 12) shall include an application/sdp MIME body containing an SDP offer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the clarifications given in clause 9.2.3.2.1 if a standalone SDS message is to be sent or in clause 9.2.4.2.1 if SDS session is requested or in clause 10.2.5.2.1 if FD session requested;
- 13) shall generate and include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body with the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD as described in clause 6.2.2.3 if FD session requested;
- 14) if several MIME bodies to be included in the request, shall include the MIME bodies according to the procedures specified in clause 6.4;
- 15) shall include a Target-Dialog header field as specified in IETF RFC 4538 [32] identifying the pre-established session;
- 16) shall include the g.3gpp.mcdata media feature tag and the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" in the Contact header field of the SIP REFER request according to IETF RFC 3840 [16]; and
- 17) shall send the SIP REFER request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receiving a final SIP 2xx response to the SIP REFER request, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall interact with the user plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15];
- 2) if the <preconfigured-group-id> element received in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall use the security related information from the group configuration associated with the received preconfigured group identity; and
- 3) may notify the user with the adhoc group identity received in the <mcdata-calling-group-id> element contained in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body.

On receiving a SIP 4xx response, a SIP 5xx response or a SIP 6xx response to the SIP REFER request:

- 1) may notify the user about call setup failure with an appropriate response along with the description.

24.2.2.2.2 Client terminating procedures

Editor's Note: The terminating procedures will be defined in future.

24.2.3 Adhoc group data communication release

This clause describes the originating, and terminating data communication release procedures.

24.2.3.1 Data communication release procedures using on-demand session

24.2.3.1.1 Client originating procedures

Upon receiving a request from an MCDData user to release an MCDData adhoc group session established using on-demand session, the MCDData client:

- 1) if the session is in the process of being established, shall send a SIP CANCEL request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall generate a SIP BYE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 3) shall set the Request-URI to the MCDData session identity to release; and
- 4) shall send a SIP BYE request towards MCDData server according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP BYE request, the MCDData client shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] to release all media plane resources corresponding to the MCDData adhoc group session being released.

24.2.3.1.2 Client terminating procedures

Upon receiving a SIP BYE request for releasing the MCDData adhoc group session, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall send SIP 200 (OK) response towards MCDData server according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] to release all media plane resources corresponding to the MCDData adhoc group session being released; and
- 3) shall notify the MCDData user with reason for release of communication if SIP BYE request contains reason header.

NOTE: Partially received data can be stored and processed.

24.2.3.2 Data communication release procedures using pre-established session

24.2.3.2.1 Client originating procedures

Upon receiving a request from an MCDData user to release an MCDData adhoc group session established using pre-established session, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15];
- 2) shall generate an initial SIP REFER request outside a dialog in accordance with the procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 4488 [53] and IETF RFC 3515 [51] as updated by IETF RFC 6665 [36] and IETF RFC 7647 [52];
- 3) shall set the Request-URI of the SIP REFER request to the public service identity identifying the pre-established session on the MCDData server serving the MCDData user;
- 4) shall include the Refer-Sub header field with value "false" according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4488 [53];
- 5) shall include the Supported header field with value "norefersub" according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4488 [53];
- 6) shall set the Refer-To header field of the SIP REFER request to the MCDData session identity to release;
- 7) shall include the "method" SIP URI parameter with the value "BYE" in the URI in the Refer-To header field;
- 8) shall include a Target-Dialog header field as specified in IETF RFC 4538 [54] identifying the pre-established session; and
- 9) shall send the SIP REFER request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 2xx response to the SIP REFER request, the MCDData client shall interact with media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15].

24.2.4 Adhoc group data communication leave

This clause describes the originating, and terminating data communication leave procedures.

24.2.4.1 Data communication leave procedures using on-demand session

24.2.4.1.1 Client originating procedures

Upon receiving a request from an MCDData user to leave an MCDData adhoc group session established using on-demand session, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate a SIP BYE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall set the Request-URI to the MCDData session identity to leave; and
- 3) shall send a SIP BYE request towards MCDData server according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP BYE request, the MCDData client shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] to release all media plane resources corresponding to the MCDData adhoc group session being left.

24.2.4.1.2 Client terminating procedures

Upon receiving a SIP BYE request for leave the MCDData adhoc group session, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall send SIP 200 (OK) response towards MCDData server according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] to release all media plane resources corresponding to the MCDData adhoc group session being left; and
- 3) shall notify the MCDData user with reason for removing from the communication if SIP BYE request contains reason header.

NOTE: Partially received data can be stored and processed.

24.2.4.2 Data communication leave procedures using pre-established session

24.2.4.2.1 Client originating procedures

Upon receiving a request from an MCDData user to leave an MCDData adhoc group session established using pre-established session, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15];
- 2) shall generate an initial SIP REFER request outside a dialog in accordance with the procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 4488 [53] and IETF RFC 3515 [51] as updated by IETF RFC 6665 [36] and IETF RFC 7647 [52];
- 3) shall set the Request-URI of the SIP REFER request to the public service identity identifying the pre-established session on the MCDData server serving the MCDData user;
- 4) shall include the Refer-Sub header field with value "false" according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4488 [53];
- 5) shall include the Supported header field with value "norefersub" according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4488 [53];
- 6) shall set the Refer-To header field of the SIP REFER request to the MCDData session identity to leave;
- 7) shall include the "method" SIP URI parameter with the value "BYE" in the URI in the Refer-To header field;

- 8) shall include a Target-Dialog header field as specified in IETF RFC 4538 [54] identifying the pre-established session; and
- 9) shall send the SIP REFER request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 2xx response to the SIP REFER request, the MCDData client shall interact with media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15].

24.2.5 Adhoc group data communication rejoin

This clause describes the originating, and terminating data communication rejoin procedures.

24.2.5.1 Data communication rejoin procedures using on-demand session

24.2.5.1.1 Client originating procedures

Upon receiving a request from an MCDData user to rejoin an ongoing MCDData adhoc group session or triggered by coming back from out of coverage, the MCDData client shall generate an initial SIP INVITE request by following the UE originating session procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], with the clarifications given below.

NOTE: How an MCDData client is informed whether it comes back from out of coverage is out of scope of present document.

The MCDData client shall follow the procedures specified in clause 24.2.2.1.1 with the clarification in step 1) of clause 24.2.2.1.1 that the Request-URI of the SIP INVITE request shall contain a URI of the MCDData session identity to rejoin.

24.2.5.2 Data communication rejoin procedures using pre-established session

24.2.5.2.1 Client originating procedures

Upon receiving a request from an MCDData user to rejoin an ongoing MCDData call within the pre-established session or triggered by coming back from out of coverage, the MCDData client shall generate a SIP REFER request as specified in IETF RFC 3515 [51] as updated by IETF RFC 6665 [36] and IETF RFC 7647 [52], and in accordance with the UE procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], with the clarifications given below.

The MCDData client shall follow the procedures specified in clause 24.2.2.2.1 with the clarification in step 8, step 9 and step 10 of clause 24.2.2.2.1 that the Refer-To header field of the SIP REFER request:

- 1) shall contain a URI of the MCDData session identity to rejoin; and
- 2) shall contain a Content-Type header field in the headers portion of the SIP URI containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME type of the hname "body" parameter in the headers portion of the SIP URI and the hname "body" parameter in the headers portion of the SIP URI containing the <mcdatainfo> element with the <mcdata-Params> element and with the <session-type> element set to a value of "adhoc-group-sds-session" for standalone SDS message and SDS session or "adhoc-group-fd-session" for FD session.

24.2.6 Adhoc group data communication participants modify

This clause describes the originating adhoc group data communication participants modify procedures.

24.2.6.1 Data communication participants modify procedures using on-demand session

24.2.6.1.1 Client originating procedures

Upon receiving a request from an authorized MCDData user to modify an ongoing MCDData adhoc group session to update the participants list, the MCDData client shall generate a SIP re-INVITE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], with the clarifications given below.

- 1) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body populated as currently established session;
- 2) if the currently established session is based on the MCDData user requested to include the list of MCDData users to be invited, shall insert in the SIP re-INVITE request an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with:
 - a) if MCDData users to be invited to a data communication, the MCDData ID of the MCDData users to be invited with the "method" SIP URI parameter set to the value "INVITE" in the "uri" attribute of the each <entry> element of a <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body; and
 - b) if MCDData users to be removed from a data communication, the MCDData ID of the MCDData users to be removed with the "method" SIP URI parameter with the value "BYE" in the "uri" attribute of the each <entry> element of a <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body;
- 3) shall include an SDP offer with the media parameters as currently established according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 4) shall send the SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receiving a SIP 2xx response to the SIP re-INVITE request, the MCDData client:

- 1) may notify the user about successful data communication modification request.

On receiving a SIP 4xx response, a SIP 5xx response or a SIP 6xx response to the re-SIP INVITE request, the MCDData client:

- 1) may notify the user about data communication participants modify request failure with an appropriate response along with the description.

24.3 Participating MCDData function procedures

24.3.1 General

This clause describes the adhoc group data communication participating MCDData function procedures using on-demand and pre-established sessions to setup adhoc group data communications, release the ongoing adhoc group data communications, and modify the ongoing adhoc group data communications participants.

24.3.2 Adhoc group data communication setup

This clause describes the originating, and terminating data communication setup participating MCDData function procedures.

24.3.2.1 Data communication setup procedures using on-demand session

24.3.2.1.1 Originating procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP INVITE request for MCDData adhoc group session for originating participating MCDData function" containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <request-type> element set to a value of "adhoc-group-sds-session" or a value of "adhoc-group-fd-session", the participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4]. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall determine the MCDData ID of the calling user from public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP INVITE request;

NOTE 1: The MCDData ID of the calling user is bound to the public user identity at the time of service authorisation, as documented in clause 7.3.

- 3) if the participating MCDData function cannot find a binding between the public user identity and an MCDData ID or if the validity period of an existing binding has expired, then the participating MCDData function shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text set to "141 user unknown to the participating function" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with any of the remaining steps;
- 4) if through local policy in the participating MCDData function, the user identified by the MCDData ID is not authorised to initiate adhoc group data communications, shall reject the "SIP INVITE request for MCDData adhoc group session for originating participating MCDData function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP INVITE request, with warning text set to "237 user not authorised to make adhoc group data communications" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9;
- 5) shall determine the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function for the adhoc group data communication service of SDS if SDS is requested or FD if FD is requested associated with the originating user's identity i.e. MCDData ID or the MCDData session identity of the ongoing adhoc group session in case of rejoining the session;

NOTE 2: The public service identity can identify the controlling MCDData function in the primary MCDData system or in a partner MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the controlling MCDData function is in a partner MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the partner MCDData system from the primary MCDData system.

NOTE 4: If the controlling MCDData function is in a partner MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the primary MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the primary MCDData system to the partner MCDData system.

NOTE 5: How the participating MCDData function determines the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function for the adhoc group data communication service associated with the originating user or of the MCDData gateway server in the partner MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 6: How the primary MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 7: The controlling MCDData function is always in the same system as the adhoc group data communication was initiated.

- 6) if the participating MCDData function is unable to identify the controlling MCDData function for the adhoc group data communication service for SDS if standalone SDS and SDS session is requested or FD if FD is requested associated with the originating user's MCDData ID identity, it shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text "142 unable to determine the controlling function" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with any of the remaining steps;
- 7) if the <allow-adhoc-group-data-comm> element of the <ruleset> element is not present in the MCDData user profile document on the participating MCDData function or is present with the value "false" (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]), indicating that the user identified by the MCDData ID is not authorised to initiate adhoc group data communications, shall reject the "SIP INVITE request for MCDData adhoc group session for originating participating MCDData function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response, with warning text set to "238 user not authorised to initiate the adhoc group data communication" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 8) shall generate a SIP INVITE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 9) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function as determined in step 5;
- 10) shall include the option tag "timer" in the Supported header field;
- 11) should include the Session-Expires header field according to IETF RFC 4028 [38]. It is recommended that the "refresher" header field parameter is omitted. If included, the "refresher" header field parameter shall be set to "uac";
- 12) shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body from the incoming SIP INVITE request to the outgoing SIP INVITE request;

- 13) shall include the MCDData ID of the originating user in the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the outgoing SIP INVITE request;
- 14) if the incoming SIP INVITE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body that contains a <functional-alias-URI> element, shall check if the status of the functional alias is activated for the MCDData ID. If the functional alias status is activated, then the participating MCDData function shall set the <functional-alias-URI> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP INVITE request to the received value, otherwise shall not include a <functional-alias-URI> element;

NOTE 8: The participating MCDData server learns the functional alias state for an MCDData ID from procedures specified in clause 22.2.2.2.7.

- 15) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]) if SDS requested or value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]) if FD requested, into the P-Asserted-Service header field of the outgoing SIP INVITE request;
- 16) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP INVITE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function;
- 17) shall include in the SIP INVITE request an SDP offer based on the SDP offer in the received SIP INVITE request from the MCDData client as specified in clause 9.2.3.3.1 for standalone SDS or clause 9.2.4.3.1 for SDS session or clause 10.2.5.3.1 for FD;
- 18) shall include a Resource-Priority header field according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] set to the value indicated in the Resource-Priority header field, if included in the SIP INVITE request from the MCDData client; and

NOTE 9: The participating MCDData function will leave the verification of the Resource-Priority header field to the controlling MCDData function.

- 19) shall send the SIP INVITE request as specified to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 2xx response in response to the above SIP INVITE request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include in the SIP 200 (OK) response an SDP answer as specified in the clause 9.2.3.3.2 for standalone SDS or clause 9.2.4.3.2 for SDS session or clause 10.2.5.3.2 for FD;
- 3) shall include Warning header field(s) that were received in the incoming SIP 200 (OK) response;
- 4) shall include the following in the Contact header field:
 - a) the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag for standalone SDS and SDS session;
 - b) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" for standalone SDS and SDS session;
 - c) the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag for FD;
 - d) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" for FD; and
 - e) the isfocus media feature tag;
- 5) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function;
- 6) shall include an MCDData session identity mapped to the MCDData session identity provided in the Contact header field of the received SIP 200 (OK) response;
- 7) if the incoming SIP 200 (OK) response contained an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body to the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response;
- 8) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];

- 9) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 6.2.1.4 for standalone SDS or clause 6.2.2.4 for SDS session or clause 7.2.1 for FD; and
- 10) shall start the SIP Session timer according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38].

Upon receipt of a SIP 4xx, 5xx or 6xx response to the above SIP INVITE request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include Warning header field(s) that were received in the incoming SIP response; and
- 3) shall forward the SIP response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

24.3.2.1.2 Terminating procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP INVITE request for MCDData adhoc group session for terminating participating MCDData function", the participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4], and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall check the presence of the isfocus media feature tag in the URI of the Contact header field and if it is not present then the participating MCDData function shall reject the request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "104 isfocus not assigned" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 3) shall use the MCDData ID present in the <mcddata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP INVITE request to retrieve the binding between the MCDData ID and public user identity of the terminating MCDData user;
- 4) if the binding between the MCDData ID and public user identity of the terminating MCDData user does not exist and request is for standalone SDS or SDS session, then the participating MCDData function shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;

NOTE 1: If an <MKFC-GKTPs> element is received in a SIP INVITE request, the participating MCDData function essentially ignores it and does not forward it, resulting in unicast media plane transmission being used for the terminating client.

- 5) if the <allow-adhoc-group-data-comn-participation> element of the <ruleset> element is not present in the MCDData user profile document on the participating MCDData function or is present with the value "false" (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]), indicating that the user identified by the MCDData ID is not authorised to participate in adhoc group data communications, shall reject the "SIP INVITE request for terminating participating MCDData function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response, with warning text set to "188 user is not allowed to participate in adhoc group data communication" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 6) if the binding between the MCDData ID and public user identity of the terminating MCDData user does not exist (i.e. MCDData user is not available) or network congestion exists and request is for FD, and if later delivery is required, then the participating MCDData function shall store the communication for later delivery with following additional informations included:
 - a) shall include a Payload IE with:
 - i) the Payload content type set to "FILEURL" as specified in clause 15.2.13; and
 - ii) the URL of the file to be stored for later delivery in the Payload data as as specified in clause 15.2.13; and

NOTE 2: The file can be stored in the temporary storage of the MCDData server or in the MCDData content server. The URL of the stored file for later delivery is updated accordingly.

- b) may include a Metadata IE with the required file description information and file availability information;

- 7) if the communication is stored in step 6) above and to store the file content in the temporary storage, then the participating MCDData function:
- a) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the following clarifications:
 - i) include an SDP answer in the SIP 200 (OK) response to the SDP offer in the incoming SIP INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the following clarifications:
 - A) if included in the SDP offer, shall include an "m=message" media-level section for the offered MCDData media stream consisting of:
 - I) the IP address and port number of the participating MCDData function;
 - II) a protocol field value of "TCP/MSRP" or "TCP/TLS/MSRP" for TLS;
 - III) a format list field set to '*';
 - IV) an "a=recvonly" attribute;
 - V) an "a=path" attribute containing its own MSRP URI;
 - VI) set the content type as a=accept-types:application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-signalling; and
 - VII) set the a=setup attribute to "passive", according to IETF RFC 6135 [19];
 - ii) include the option tag "timer" in a Require header field;
 - iii) include the Session-Expires header field according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38], "UAS Behavior". If no "refresher" parameter was included in the SIP INVITE request, the "refresher" parameter in the Session-Expires header field shall be set to "uas";
 - iv) include the following in the Contact header field:
 - A) the g.3gpp.mcddata.fd media feature tag;
 - B) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.fd"; and
 - C) an MCDData session identity mapped to the MCDData session identity provided in the Contact header field of the received SIP INVITE request from the controlling MCDData function;
 - v) start the SIP Session timer according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38];
 - vi) include the warning text set to "232 communication is stored for later delivery" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9;
 - vii) interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 7.2.5.1 to receive the file from controlling MCDData function and clause 7.1.3.2 to receive the file content; and
 - viii) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the controlling MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
 - b) shall generate and send an FD NOTIFICATION indicating deferral of the FD request as specified in clause 12.2.2.3 with including the warning text set to "232 communication is stored for later delivery" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9;

and skip the rest of the steps of this clause;

8) shall generate a SIP INVITE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];

9) should include the Session-Expires header field according to IETF RFC 4028 [38]. It is recommended that the "refresher" header field parameter is omitted. If included, the "refresher" header field parameter shall be set to "uac";

10) shall include the option tag "timer" in the Supported header field;

11) shall include the following in the Contact header field:

- a) the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag for standalone SDS and SDS session;
 - b) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" for standalone SDS and SDS session;
 - c) the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag for FD;
 - d) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" for FD;
 - e) the isfocus media feature tag;
 - f) an MCDData session identity mapped to the MCDData session identity provided in the Contact header field of the incoming SIP INVITE request; and
 - g) any other uri-parameter provided in the Contact header field of the incoming SIP INVITE request;
- 10) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP INVITE request to the public user identity associated to the MCDData ID of the terminating MCDData user;
 - 11) shall populate the outgoing SIP INVITE request with the MIME bodies that were present in the incoming SIP INVITE request;
 - 12) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP INVITE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function;
 - 13) shall include in the SIP INVITE request an SDP offer based on the SDP offer in the received incoming SIP INVITE request as specified in clause 9.2.3.3.1 for standalone SDS or clause 9.2.4.3.1 for SDS session or clause 10.2.5.3.1 for FD; and
 - 14) shall send the SIP INVITE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 200 (OK) response in response to the above SIP INVITE request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include in the SIP 200 (OK) response an SDP answer based on the SDP answer in the received SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in clause 9.2.3.3.2 for standalone SDS or clause 9.2.4.3.2 for SDS session or clause 10.2.5.3.2 for FD;
- 3) shall include the option tag "timer" in a Require header field;
- 4) shall include the Session-Expires header field according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38], "UAS Behavior". If no "refresher" parameter was included in the SIP INVITE request, the "refresher" parameter in the Session-Expires header field shall be set to "uas";
- 5) shall include the following in the Contact header field:
 - a) the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag for standalone SDS and SDS session;
 - b) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" for standalone SDS and SDS session;
 - c) the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag for FD;
 - d) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" for FD;
 - e) the isfocus media feature tag;
 - f) an MCDData session identity mapped to the MCDData session identity provided in the Contact header field of the received SIP INVITE request from the controlling MCDData function; and
 - g) any other uri-parameter provided in the Contact header field of the incoming SIP INVITE request;

- 6) if the incoming SIP response contained an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body to the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response;
- 7) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function;
- 8) shall start the SIP Session timer according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38];
- 9) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 6.2.1.5 for standalone SDS or clause 6.2.2.5 for SDS session or clause 7.2.2 for FD;
- 10) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the controlling MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 11) if FD requested, shall generate and send an FD NOTIFICATION indicating acceptance of the FD request as specified in clause 12.2.2.3.

Upon receiving a SIP 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response with the warning text set to: "231 user deferred the call invitation" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 to the above SIP INVITE request and request is for FD and if later delivery is required, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall store the communication for later delivery with following additional information included:
 - a) shall include a Payload IE with:
 - i) the Payload content type set to "FILEURL" as specified in clause 15.2.13; and
 - ii) the URL of the file to be stored for later delivery is included in the Payload data as specified in clause 15.2.13; and
- NOTE 3: The file can be stored in the temporary storage of the MCDData server or MCDData content server. The URL of stored file for later delivery is updated accordingly.
- b) may include a Metadata IE with the required file description information and file availability information;
- 2) if the communication is stored in step 1) above and to store the file content in the temporary storage, shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the following clarifications:
 - a) shall include an SDP answer in the SIP 200 (OK) response to the SDP offer in the incoming SIP INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with the following clarifications:
 - i) shall include an "m=message" media-level section for the accepted MCDData media stream consisting of:
 - A) shall include the IP address and port number of the participating MCDData function, for the accepted media stream in the received SDP offer;
 - B) a protocol field value of "TCP/MSRP" or "TCP/TLS/MSRP" for TLS according to the received SDP offer;
 - C) a format list field set to '*';
 - D) an "a=recvonly" attribute;
 - E) an "a=path" attribute containing its own MSRP URI;
 - F) set the content type as a=accept-types:application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling; and
 - G) set the a=setup attribute set to "passive", according to IETF RFC 6135 [19];
 - b) shall include the option tag "timer" in a Require header field;
 - c) shall include the Session-Expires header field according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38], "UAS Behavior". If no "refresher" parameter was included in the SIP INVITE request, the "refresher" parameter in the Session-Expires header field shall be set to "uas";
 - d) shall include the following in the Contact header field:
 - i) the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag;

- ii) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd"; and
 - iii) an MCDData session identity mapped to the MCDData session identity provided in the Contact header field of the received SIP INVITE request from the controlling MCDData function;
 - e) shall start the SIP Session timer according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38];
 - f) shall include the warning text set to "232 communication is stored for later delivery" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9;
 - g) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 7.2.5.1 to receive the file from controlling MCDData function and clause 7.1.3.2 to receive the file content; and
 - h) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the controlling MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 3) shall generate and send an FD NOTIFICATION indicating deferral of the FD request as specified in clause 12.2.2.3.

Upon receipt of a SIP 4xx, 5xx or 6xx response to the above SIP INVITE request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include Warning header field(s) that were received in the incoming SIP response;
- 3) shall forward the SIP response to the controlling MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 4) if FD requested, shall generate and send an FD NOTIFICATION indicating rejection of the FD request as specified in clause 12.2.2.3.

If FD requested, on receipt of an indication from the media plane of the successful download of the file or on successful download of the file after retrieval of deferred FD request by the receiving MCDData client and if the received FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message contained an FD disposition request type IE requesting a file download completed update indication in the sent SIP INVITE request, then, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall follow the procedures described in clause 12.2.2.3.

If FD requested, on receipt of an indication from the media plane of the successful download of the file for later delivery, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall update the URL of the stored file for later delivery in the Payload data.

24.3.2.2 Data communication setup procedures using pre-established session

24.3.2.2.1 Originating procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP REFER request for a pre-established session", with:

- 1) the Refer-To header field containing a Content-ID ("cid") Uniform Resource Locator (URL) as specified in IETF RFC 2392 [33] that:
 - a) points to an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body as specified in IETF RFC 5366 [18] containing one or more <entry> element(s) in the <list> element in the <resource-lists> element, where the <entry> element contains a "uri" attribute containing a SIP URI set to the MCDData ID of the called user(s) or ;
 - b) points to a MIME body section which contains one or more MIME bodies and Content-Type header field set to "application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml" or set to "multipart/mixed";
- 2) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info MIME body with the <session-type> element set to a value of "adhoc-group-sds-session" for standalone SDS message and SDS session or "adhoc-group-fd-session" for FD session; and
- 3) a Content-ID header field set to the "cid" URL;

the participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP REFER request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall determine the MCDData ID of the calling user from public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP REFER request;

NOTE 1: The MCDData ID of the calling user is bound to the public user identity at the time of service authorisation, as documented in clause 7.3.

- 3) if the participating MCDData function cannot find a binding between the public user identity and an MCDData ID or if the validity period of an existing binding has expired, then the participating MCDData function shall reject the SIP REFER request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text set to "141 user unknown to the participating function" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with any of the remaining steps;
- 4) if through local policy in the participating MCDData function, the user identified by the MCDData ID is not authorised to initiate adhoc group data communications, shall reject the "SIP REFER request for pre-established session" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP REFER request, with warning text set to "237 user not authorised to make adhoc group data communications" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9;
- 5) shall determine the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function for the adhoc group data communication service of SDS if SDS is requested or FD if FD is requested associated with the originating user's identity i.e. MCDData ID or the MCDData session identity of the ongoing adhoc group session in case of rejoining the session;

NOTE 2: The public service identity can identify the controlling MCDData function in the primary MCDData system or in a partner MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the controlling MCDData function is in a partner MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the partner MCDData system from the primary MCDData system.

NOTE 4: If the controlling MCDData function is in a partner MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the primary MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the primary MCDData system to the partner MCDData system.

NOTE 5: How the participating MCDData function determines the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function for the adhoc group data communication service associated with the originating user or of the MCDData gateway server in the partner MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 6: How the primary MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 7: The controlling MCDData function is always in the same system as the adhoc group data communication was initiated.

- 6) if the participating MCDData function is unable to identify the controlling MCDData function for the adhoc group data communication service for SDS if standalone SDS and SDS session is requested or FD if FD is requested associated with the originating user's MCDData ID identity, it shall reject the SIP REFER request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text "142 unable to determine the controlling function" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with any of the remaining steps;
- 7) if the <allow-adhoc-group-call> element of the <ruleset> element is not present in the MCDData user profile document on the participating MCDData function or is present with the value "false" (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]), indicating that the user identified by the MCDData ID is not authorised to initiate adhoc group data communications, shall reject the "SIP REFER request for a pre-established session" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response, with warning text set to "238 user not authorised to initiate the adhoc group data communication" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 8) if the "SIP REFER request for a pre-established session" contained a Refer-Sub header field containing "false" value and a Supported header field containing "norefersub" value, shall handle the SIP REFER request as

specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3515 [51] as updated by IETF RFC 6665 [36], and IETF RFC 4488 [53] without establishing an implicit subscription;

- 9) shall generate a final SIP 200 (OK) response to the "SIP REFER request for a pre-established session" according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];

NOTE 8: In accordance with IETF RFC 4488 [53], the participating MCDData function inserts the Refer-Sub header field containing the value "false" in the SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP REFER request to indicate that it has not created an implicit subscription.

- 10) shall wait for the receipt of a SIP response to the SIP INVITE request that will be generated and sent in subsequent steps;

- 11) shall generate a SIP INVITE request as specified in clause 9.2.5.1.1 with the following clarifications:

- a) if the <adhoc-grp-emg-alert-grp-ind> element of the <anyExt> element of <mcdData-Params> element of <mcdDataInfo> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml MIME body in the SIP REFER request set to a value of "true", shall copy the identity of adhoc group from the "uri" attribute of the <entry> element of a <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body pointed to by the "cid" URL in the Refer-To header field of the SIP REFER request, to the <mcdData-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml MIME body in the SIP INVITE request and do not include application/resource-lists+xml MIME body;

Editor's Note: The parameters related to FD will be added in the future.

NOTE 9: The MCDData client can include either a list of MCDData users or the criteria for determining the list of MCDData users to be called. These two information elements are not included if the call setup request follows an adhoc group for emergency alerts.

- 12) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function as determined in step 6;

- 13) if the received SIP REFER request contained a Resource-Priority header field, shall include in the outgoing SIP INVITE request a Resource-Priority header field according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] set to the value indicated in the Resource-Priority header field of the received SIP REFER request from the MCDData client;

NOTE 10: The participating MCDData function will leave verification of the Resource-Priority header field to the controlling MCDData function.

- 14) shall include the <mcdData-calling-user-id> element set to the MCDData ID of the calling user in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml MIME body of the outgoing SIP INVITE request; and

- 15) shall forward the SIP INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving SIP provisional responses for the SIP INVITE request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall discard the received SIP responses without forwarding them.

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response for the SIP INVITE request the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15];
- 2) shall include the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml MIME body received in the SIP 200 (OK) response into the generated final SIP 200 (OK) response to the "SIP REFER request for a pre-established session";
- 3) shall send the generated final SIP 200 (OK) response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 4xx, 5xx or 6xx response to the above SIP INVITE request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 2) shall forward the SIP response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

24.3.2.2.2 Terminating procedures

Editor's Note: The terminating procedures will be defined in future.

24.3.3 Adhoc group data communication release

This clause describes the originating, and terminating data communication release participating MCDData function procedures.

24.3.3.1 Data communication release procedures using on-demand session

24.3.3.1.1 Originating procedures

Upon receiving SIP BYE request from controlling MCDData function, the participating MCDData function should follow the procedure described in clause 13.2.2.2.3.1 with following clarification:

- 1) if an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body is present in the incoming SIP BYE request, shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body into the outgoing SIP BYE request.

24.3.3.1.2 Terminating procedures

Upon receiving SIP BYE request from controlling MCDData function, the participating MCDData function should follow the procedure described in clause 13.2.2.2.3.2 with following clarifications:

- 1) if reason header is present in the incoming SIP BYE request, shall copy the contents of the reason header field of the incoming SIP BYE request to the reason header field of the outgoing SIP BYE request; and
- 2) if an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body is present in the incoming SIP BYE request, shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body into the outgoing SIP BYE request.

24.3.3.2 Data communication release procedures using pre-established session

24.3.3.2.1 Originating procedures

Upon receiving a SIP REFER request with the "method" SIP URI parameter set to value "BYE" in the URI in the Refer-To header field from the MCDData client, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall determine the MCDData ID of the calling user from public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP REFER request;
- 2) if the participating MCDData function cannot find a binding between the public user identity, then the participating MCDData function shall reject the SIP REFER request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text set to "141 user unknown to the participating function" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and skip the rest of the steps;
- 3) if the SIP REFER request contained a Refer-Sub header field containing "false" value and a Supported header field containing "norefersub" value, shall handle the SIP REFER request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5], IETF RFC 3515 [51] as updated by IETF RFC 6665 [36], and IETF RFC 4488 [53] without establishing an implicit subscription;
- 4) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP REFER request, and in the SIP 200 (OK) response:
 - a) shall include the Supported header field with value "norefersub" according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4488 [53]; and
 - b) shall check the presence of the Refer-Sub header field of the SIP REFER request and if it is present and set to the value "false" shall include the Refer-Sub header field with value "false" according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4488 [53];
- 5) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP REFER request towards MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];

- 6) shall generate a SIP BYE request, and in the SIP BYE request:
 - a) shall set the Request-URI to the MCDData session identity which was included at the Refer-To header field of the received REFER request; and
 - b) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP BYE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function; and
- 7) shall send the SIP BYE request toward the controlling MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP BYE request the participating MCDData function shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] for releasing media plane resources associated with the SIP session with the controlling MCDData function.

24.3.3.2.2 Terminating procedures

Editor's Note: The terminating procedures will be defined in future.

24.3.4 Adhoc group data communication rejoin

This clause describes the originating, and terminating data communication rejoin participating MCDData function procedures.

24.3.4.1 Data communication rejoin procedures using on-demand session

24.3.4.1.1 Originating procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP INVITE request for MCDData adhoc group session for originating participating MCDData function" containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <request-type> element set to a value of "adhoc-group-sds-session" or a value of "adhoc-group-fd-session", the participating MCDData function shall follow the procedures specified in clause 24.3.2.1.1 with the clarification in step 9) of clause 24.3.2.1.1 that the Request-URI of the SIP INVITE request shall contain a URI of the MCDData session identity which mapped to the MCDData session identity provided in Request-URI of the "SIP INVITE request for MCDData adhoc group session for originating participating MCDData function".

24.3.4.2 Data communication rejoin procedures using pre-established session

24.3.4.2.1 Originating procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP REFER request for a pre-established session", with the Refer-To header containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME type content in an hname "body" parameter in the headers portion of the SIP URI and with the <session-type> element set to "adhoc", the participating MCDData function shall follow the procedures specified in clause 24.3.2.2.1 with the clarification in step 13) of clause 24.3.2.2.1 that the Request-URI of the SIP INVITE request shall contain a URI of the MCDData session identity which mapped to the MCDData session identity provided in the Refer-To header field of the "SIP REFER request for a pre-established session".

24.3.5 Adhoc group data communication participants modify

This clause describes the originating adhoc group data communication participants modify participating MCDData function procedures.

24.3.5.1 Data communication participants modify procedures using on-demand session

24.3.5.1.1 Originating procedures

Upon receipt of a SIP re-INVITE request for an MCDData adhoc group session identifying an ongoing on-demand MCDData adhoc group session, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP re-INVITE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4]. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall determine the MCDData ID of the calling user from public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP re-INVITE request;

NOTE: The MCDData ID of the calling user is bound to the public user identity at the time of service authorisation, as documented in clause 7.3.

- 3) if the participating MCDData function cannot find a binding between the public user identity and an MCDData ID or if the validity period of an existing binding has expired, then the participating MCDData function shall reject the SIP re-INVITE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text set to "141 user unknown to the participating function" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with any of the remaining steps;
- 4) shall validate the media parameters and if the MSRP URI is not offered in the SIP re-INVITE request shall reject the request with a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps;
- 5) shall generate an outgoing SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 6) shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body from the received SIP re-INVITE request into the outgoing SIP re-INVITE request;
- 7) shall include the MCDData ID of the originating user in <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the SIP re-INVITE request;
- 8) shall include in the SIP re-INVITE request an SDP offer containing the current media parameters used by the existing session;
- 9) shall copy the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body from the received SIP re-INVITE request into the outgoing SIP re-INVITE request; and
- 10) shall forward the SIP re-INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 2xx response in response to the above SIP re-INVITE request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include in the SIP 200 (OK) response an SDP answer containing the current media parameters used by the existing session;
- 3) shall include Warning header field(s) that were received in the incoming SIP 200 (OK) response;
- 4) shall include the following in the Contact header field:
 - a) the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag for standalone SDS and SDS session;
 - b) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" for standalone SDS and SDS session;
 - c) the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag for FD;
 - d) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" for FD; and
 - e) the isfocus media feature tag;
- 5) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function;
- 6) shall include the option tag "tdialog" in a Supported header field according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4538 [54];
- 7) shall include the option tag "norefersub" in a Supported header field according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4488 [53];

- 8) if the incoming SIP 200 (OK) response contained an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body to the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response; and
- 9) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response towards the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the above SIP re-INVITE request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall copy, if included in the received SIP 403 (Forbidden) response, the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body to the outgoing SIP 403 (Forbidden) response;
- 3) shall include Warning header field(s) that were received in the incoming SIP 403 (Forbidden) response; and
- 4) shall forward the SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of a SIP 4xx, 5xx or 6xx response to the above SIP re-INVITE request, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include Warning header field(s) that were received in the incoming SIP response; and
- 3) shall forward the SIP response to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

24.3.5.2 Data communication participants modify procedures initiated by participating MCDData function

This clause describes the procedure to notify the controlling MCDData function about user meeting or no longer meeting the criteria to be added to or removed from the ongoing adhoc group session.

24.3.5.2.1 Originating procedures

When the participating MCDData function determines that new MCDData users are meeting the specified criteria or the MCDData users who are meeting the specified criteria are no longer meeting the specified criteria, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate an outgoing SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 2) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function;

NOTE 1: The public service identity can identify the controlling MCDData function in the primary MCDData system or in a partner MCDData system.

NOTE 2: If the controlling MCDData function is in a partner MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the partner MCDData system from the primary MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the controlling MCDData function is in a partner MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the primary MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the primary MCDData system to the partner MCDData system.

NOTE 4: How the participating MCDData function determines the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function associated with the group identity or of the MCDData gateway server in the partner MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 5: How the primary MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- 3) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function;

- 4) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with:
 - a) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the adhoc group identity from the stored information;
 - b) an <request-type> element:
 - i) set to a value of "adhoc-group-data-comn-add-participants-request", if the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body contains the list of MCDData users meeting the specified criteria; or
 - ii) set to a value of "adhoc-group-data-comn-remove-participants-request" if the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body contains the list of MCDData users who are meeting the specified criteria are no longer meeting the specified criteria;
 - c) shall include an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with the MCDData ID of the newly determined MCDData users meeting the specified criteria or the list of MCDData users who are meeting the specified criteria are no longer meeting the specified criteria, according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 5366 [18]; and
 - d) shall update the stored information by adding newly determined MCDData users or by removing MCDData users; and
- 5) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of SIP 2xx responses to the outgoing SIP MESSAGE requests, the participating MCDData function shall follow the procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

24.3.6 Adhoc group data communication participants determination

This clause describes the procedure to provide the user list from the participating MCDData function serving users based on the criteria for determining the participants to be invited for adhoc group sessions, and handling the notification from the controlling MCDData function about the release of an adhoc group session to stop determining the users based on the specified criteria.

24.3.6.1 Data communication participants determination procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request to get userlist for adhoc group data communication request for participating MCDData function", the participating MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall use the criteria present in the <comn-participants-criteria> element of the <anyExt> element of <mcdata-Params> element of <mcdatainfo> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP MESSAGE request to determine MCDData users meeting the specified criteria and also based on the local policy;
- 3) if unable to determine the MCDData users meeting the specified criteria, shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "240 can't determine the adhoc group participants" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall skip the rest of the steps;
- 4) shall generate and send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP MESSAGE according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 5) shall determine the MCDData users meeting the specified criteria and store the list of MCDData IDs of the MCDData users determined;
- 6) shall store the adhoc group ID and the specified criteria to be used for continuously determining the MCDData users meeting the criteria and no longer meeting the criteria;
- 7) shall generate an outgoing SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6] and:

- a) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function;

NOTE 1: The public service identity can identify the controlling MCDData function in the primary MCDData system or in a partner MCDData system.

NOTE 2: If the controlling MCDData function is in a partner MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the partner MCDData system from the primary MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the controlling MCDData function is in a partner MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the primary MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the primary MCDData system to the partner MCDData system.

NOTE 4: How the participating MCDData function determines the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function associated with the group identity or of the MCDData gateway server in the partner MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 5: How the primary MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- b) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request set to the public service identity of the participating MCDData function;
 - c) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with:
 - i) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the adhoc group identity;
 - ii) shall copy the criteria for determining the list of MCDData users to be called exists in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request included in the <comn-participants-criteria> element of the <anyExt> element of <mcdata-Params> element of <mcdatainfo> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, into the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request; and
 - iii) an <anyExt> element containing:
 - A) the <response-type> element set to a value of "get-userlist-adhoc-group-data-comn-response"; and
 - d) shall include an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with the MCDData ID of the determined MCDData users as described in the step 5), according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 5366 [18]; and
- 8) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receipt of SIP 2xx responses to the outgoing SIP MESSAGE requests, the participating MCDData function shall follow the procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

24.3.6.2 Data communication participants determination stop procedures

Upon receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request to stop determining the participant list for participating MCDData function", the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall stop determining the MCDData users meeting and no longer meeting the specified criteria;
- 2) shall remove all the stored information about the adhoc group ID, the specified criteria and the list of MCDData IDs of the MCDData users determined; and
- 3) shall generate and send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP MESSAGE according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

24.4 Controlling MCDData function procedures

24.4.1 General

This clause describes the adhoc group data communications controlling MCDData function procedures using on-demand and pre-established sessions to setup adhoc group data communications, release the ongoing adhoc group data communications, and modify the ongoing adhoc group data communications participants.

24.4.2 Adhoc group data communication setup

This clause describes the originating, and terminating data communication setup controlling MCDData function procedures.

24.4.2.1 Originating Procedures

24.4.2.1.1 INVITE targeted to an MCDData client

This clause describes the procedures for inviting an MCDData user to an MCDData session. The procedure is initiated by the controlling MCDData function as the result of an action in clause 24.4.2.2 or as the result of receiving a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response as described in this clause.

The controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP INVITE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body included;
- 2) shall include the Supported header field set to "timer";
- 3) should include the Session-Expires header field according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38]. The refresher parameter shall be omitted;
- 4) if a standalone SDS message is to be sent or SDS session is requested:
 - a) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
 - b) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
 - c) shall include in the Contact header field an MCDData session identity for the MCDData session with the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag, the isfocus media feature tag and the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" according to IETF RFC 3840 [16]; and
 - d) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service-Id header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7] in the SIP INVITE request;
- 5) if a FD is requested:
 - a) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
 - b) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
 - c) shall include in the Contact header field an MCDData session identity for the MCDData session with the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag, the isfocus media feature tag and the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" according to IETF RFC 3840 [16];

- d) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service-Id header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7] in the SIP INVITE request;
- e) shall include in the outgoing SIP INVITE request, the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body that was present in the incoming SIP INVITE request; and
- f) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling MIME body in the received SIP INVITE request contained a FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message without the Mandatory download IE included, then:
 - i) shall execute the procedures in clause 11.2; and
 - ii) if the procedures in clause 11.2 indicate that the mandatory download indication needs to be included, shall include the Mandatory download IE set to a value of "MANDATORY DOWNLOAD" in the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD message of the outgoing SIP INVITE request;
- 6) shall include a Referred-By header field with the public user identity of the inviting MCDData client;
- 7) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP INVITE request:
 - a) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData ID of the terminating user;
 - b) the <mcdata-calling-group-id> element set to the group identity of the adhoc group as determined in the clause 24.4.2.2;
 - c) the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element set to the calling user MCDData ID; and
 - d) if end-to-end security is requested for the call, the <anyExt> element with the <preconfigured-group-id> element set to the preconfigured group identity as determined in the clause 24.4.2.2;
- 8) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function associated to the MCDData user to be invited;

NOTE 1: The public service identity can identify the terminating participating MCDData function in the primary MCDData system or in a partner MCDData system.

NOTE 2: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in a partner MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the partner MCDData system from the primary MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in a partner MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the primary MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the primary MCDData system to the partner MCDData system.

NOTE 4: How the controlling MCDData function determines the public service identity of the terminating MCDData participating function or of the MCDData gateway server in the partner MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 5: How the primary MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

Editor's Note: [MC_AHGC, CR 0377] The MCDData user to be invited in the partner MCDData system by primary MCDData system while establishing a data communication using the get user list procedure is need to be specified.

- 9) shall set the P-Asserted-Identity header field to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function;
- 10) shall include in the SIP INVITE request an SDP offer based on the SDP offer in the received SIP INVITE request from the originating client according to the procedures specified in clause 9.2.3.4.1 for standalone SDS or clause 9.2.4.4.1 for SDS session or clause 10.2.5.4.1 for FD; and
- 11) shall send the SIP INVITE request towards the terminating client in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response for the SIP INVITE request the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 6.3.1 for standalone SDS or clause 6.3.2 for SDS session or clause 7.3 for FD;
- 2) shall increment the local counter of the number of SIP 200 (OK) responses received from invited members, by 1; and

NOTE 6: The procedures executed by the controlling MCDData function prior to sending a response to the inviting MCDData client are specified in clause 24.4.2.2.

- 3) shall send a SIP NOTIFY request to all participants with a subscription to the conference event package as specified in clause 25.4.

NOTE 7: The notifications above could be sent prior to the SIP 200 (OK) response being sent to the inviting MCDData client. These notifications received by MCDData clients that are adhoc group members do not mean that the adhoc group session will be successfully established.

24.4.2.2 Terminating Procedures

In the procedures in this clause:

- 1) MCDData ID in an incoming SIP INVITE request refers to the MCDData ID of the originating user from the <mcddata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP INVITE request;
- 2) adhoc group identity in an incoming SIP INVITE request if included refers to the adhoc group identity from the <mcddata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP INVITE request; and
- 3) MCDData ID in an outgoing SIP INVITE request refers to the MCDData ID of the called user in the <mcddata-request-uri> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body of the outgoing SIP INVITE request.

Upon receipt of a "SIP INVITE request for MCDData adhoc group session for controlling MCDData function", the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The controlling MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) if FD requested and if the received SIP INVITE request has been queued for later transmission, shall include warning text set to "215 request to transmit is queued by the server" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, in the SIP 100 (Trying) response, and shall send the SIP 100 (TRYING) response towards the originating participating MCDData function according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and not continue with the remaining steps in this clause. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps;
- 3) shall determine if the media parameters are acceptable and the MSRP URI is offered in the SDP offer and if not reject the request with a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response and skip the rest of the steps;
- 4) shall reject the SIP request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response and not process the remaining steps if:
 - a) an Accept-Contact header field does not include the g.3gpp.mcddata.sds media feature tag for standalone SDS or SDS session;
 - b) an Accept-Contact header field does not include the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.sds" for standalone SDS or SDS session;
 - c) an Accept-Contact header field does not include the g.3gpp.mcddata.fd media feature tag for FD; or
 - d) an Accept-Contact header field does not include the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata.fd" for FD;
- 5) if FD requested and the incoming SIP INVITE request does not contain an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-signalling MIME body with the FD SIGNALLING PAYLOAD as described in clause 6.2.2.3, shall reject the SIP INVITE request with appropriate reject code;

- 6) if the originating user identified by the MCDData ID is not authorised to initiate the adhoc group session if the <allow-adhoc-group-data-comn> element of the <actions> element of a <rule> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDData user profile document identified by the MCDData ID of the originating MCDData user (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "false", shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to: "238 user not authorised to initiate the adhoc group data communication" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and skip the rest of the steps below;
- 7) if the MCDData service does not support the adhoc group data communication, which is indicated by the <allow-adhoc-group-data-comn-support> element of the <adhoc-group-data-comn> element of the <anyExt> element contained in the <OnNetwork> element of the MCDData service configuration document (see the service configuration document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "false" or if it does not exist, shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to: "239 the MCDData system do not support adhoc group data communication" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and skip the rest of the steps below;
- 8) if the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with the MCDData ID of the invited MCDData users to be called exists in the incoming SIP INVITE request, shall check if the number of invited participants is within the configured limit as specified in the <max-no-participants> element of the <adhoc-group-data-comn> element of the <anyExt> element contained in the <OnNetwork> element of the MCDData service configuration document (see the service configuration document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]). If not within the configured limit, shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "242 maximum number of allowed adhoc group participants exceeded" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall skip the rest of the steps;
- 9) if the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with the MCDData ID of the invited MCDData users to be called exists in the incoming SIP INVITE request and the <comn-participants-criteria> element with one or more criteria as a comma separated into <anyExt> element of <mcdData-Params> element of <mcdDataInfo> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml MIME body in the SIP INVITE request exists, shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "240 can't determine the adhoc group participants" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall skip the rest of the steps;
- 9a) if the <adhoc-grp-emg-alert-grp-ind> element of the <anyExt> element of <mcdData-Params> element of <mcdDataInfo> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml MIME body received in the SIP INVITE request exists with the value set to "true" and adhoc group identified using adhoc group identity does not exist, shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "240 can't determine the adhoc group participants" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall skip the rest of the steps;
- 10) shall cache SIP feature tags, if received in the Contact header field and if the specific feature tags are supported;
- 11) shall start the SIP Session timer according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [38];
- 12) shall maintain a local counter of the number of SIP 200 (OK) responses received from invited members and shall initialise this local counter to zero;
- 13) if the <adhoc-grp-emg-alert-grp-ind> element set to a value of "false" or does not exist, shall create the adhoc group and generate the group identity to be associated with the adhoc group if the identity of adhoc group included in the <mcdData-request-uri> element of the <mcdData-Params> element of the <mcdDataInfo> element containing in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml MIME body received in the SIP INVITE request is not acceptable or not included;
- 14) if originating MCDData user has requested for end-to-end security by including the <end-to-end-security> element in the <anyExt> element of the <mcdData-Params> element of the <mcdDataInfo> element containing in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml MIME body received in the SIP INVITE request with the value set to "true", shall determine the preconfigured group from which security related materials can be used by the adhoc group data communication participants to communicate securely in the adhoc group session;
- 15) shall determine the members to invite to the adhoc group session:
 - a) if the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with the MCDData ID of the invited MCDData users to be called exists in the incoming SIP INVITE request, shall consider the each entry of the MCDData users to be invited to the adhoc group session;
 - b) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml MIME body with the criteria for determining the list of MCDData users to be called exists in the incoming SIP INVITE request included in the <comn-participants-criteria> element of the <anyExt> element of <mcdData-Params> element of <mcdDataInfo> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdData-info+xml MIME body, shall determine the users as specified in the

clause 24.4.5 and consider each of the determined MCDData users meeting the specified criteria and also may be based on the local policy to be invited to the adhoc group session. If unable to determine any users meeting the specified criteria within the data communication setup duration, shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "240 can't determine the adhoc group participants" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall skip the rest of the steps; or

- c) if the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to an identity of the adhoc group and <adhoc-grp-emg-alert-grp-ind> element with the value set to "true" exists in the incoming SIP INVITE request, shall consider each member of the adhoc group to be invited to the adhoc group session;
- 16) shall invite each adhoc group member determined in step 15) above, to the adhoc group session, as specified in clause 24.4.2.1.1;
- 17) shall consider all the invited members as implicitly affiliated to the adhoc group; and
- 18) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.582 [15] clause 6.3.1 for standalone SDS or clause 6.3.2 for SDS session or clause 7.3 for FD.

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response for a SIP INVITE request as specified in clause 24.4.2.2, and if the MCDData ID in the SIP 200 (OK) response matches to the MCDData ID in the corresponding SIP INVITE request, and the SIP final response is not yet sent to the inviting MCDData client, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall invoke the procedure in clause 6.3.7.1.23 with an indication that the applicable MCDData subservice is Short Data Service using media (standalone SDS) or Short Data Service using session (SDS session) or File Distribution, in order to generate a SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with clarification below:
 - a) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with:
 - i) the <mcdata-calling-group-id> element set to the adhoc group identity as determined in this clause; and
 - ii) if end-to-end security requested for the data communication, the <anyExt> element with the <preconfigured-group-id> element set to the preconfigured group identity as determined in this clause;
- 2) shall send the generated SIP 200 (OK) response to the inviting MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 3) shall generate a notification to the MCDData clients, which have subscribed to the conference state event package that the inviting MCDData User has joined in the MCDData group session, as specified in clause 25.4; and
- 4) shall send a SIP NOTIFY request to each MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response for a SIP INVITE request as specified in clause 24.4.2.2, and if the warning text set to "232 communication is stored for later delivery" is received in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and the SIP final response is not yet sent to the inviting MCDData client, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall invoke the procedure in clause 6.3.7.1.23 with an indication that the applicable MCDData subservice is Short Data Service using media (standalone SDS) or Short Data Service using session (SDS session) or File Distribution, in order to generate a SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] with clarification below:
 - a) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with:
 - i) the <mcdata-calling-group-id> element set to the adhoc group identity as determined in this clause; and
 - ii) if end-to-end security requested for the data communication, the <anyExt> element with the <preconfigured-group-id> element set to the preconfigured group identity as determined in this clause; and
- 2) shall send the generated SIP 200 (OK) response to the inviting MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

NOTE: When requested to release the associated media plane resources and to tear down the MCDData session, the controlling MCDData function stores the INVITE session information that is established between the participating function and the controlling function for later delivery.

24.4.3 Adhoc group data communication release

This clause describes the originating, and terminating data communication release controlling MCDData function procedures.

24.4.3.1 Originating Procedures

24.4.3.1.1 Adhoc group data communication release initiated by the controlling MCDData function

24.4.3.1.1.1 SIP BYE request for releasing MCDData session

When the MCDData session for group data communication needs to be released based on local policies and conditions explained in clause 13.2.2.2.4.1, the controlling MCDData function shall execute the procedures in clause 24.4.6.2 and then follow the procedures in clause 13.2.2.2.4.4 with the clarifications given below:

for the clause 13.2.2.2.4.1 that:

1) the condition "the minimum number of affiliated MCDData group members is not present" is not applicable; and

for the clause 13.2.2.2.4.4 that:

1) shall add reason header with reason-text value as appropriate (e.g. data volume limit, time limit expiry).

24.4.3.1.2 Adhoc group data communication leave initiated by the controlling MCDData function

24.4.3.1.2.1 SIP BYE request for releasing MCDData client from MCDData session

When an MCDData client needs to be removed from the MCDData session (e.g. user no longer meeting the criteria), the controlling MCDData function shall follow the procedures as specified in clause 13.2.2.2.4.4 with the clarification below:

1) shall add reason header with reason-text value as appropriate (e.g. user no longer meeting the criteria).

After successful in removing the MCDData client from the MCDData session, the controlling MCDData function may generate a notification to the MCDData clients, which have subscribed to the conference state event package that an MCDData user has been removed from the MCDData session, as specified in clause 25.4 and send the SIP NOTIFY request to the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

24.4.3.2 Terminating Procedures

Upon receiving a SIP BYE request the controlling MCDData function:

1) if the adhoc group communication is to be released based on the communication release policies as specified in clause 13.2.2.2.4.1, shall follow the procedures as specified in the clause 24.4.6.2; and

2) shall follow the procedures as specified in clause 13.2.2.2.4.3 with clarification below:

a) shall add reason header with reason-text value as appropriate (e.g. data volume limit, time limit expiry) while following the procedures as specified in the clause 13.2.2.2.4.4.

24.4.4 Adhoc group data communication rejoin

This clause describes the originating, and terminating data communication rejoin controlling MCDData function procedures.

24.4.4.1 Data communication rejoin procedures using on-demand session

24.4.4.1.1 Terminating procedures

Upon receipt of a SIP INVITE request that includes an MCDData session identity of an ongoing MCDData session in the Request-URI the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The controlling MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4]. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall reject the SIP request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response if the MCDData adhoc group data communication represented by the MCDData session identity in Request-URI is not present;
- 3) shall determine if the media parameters are acceptable and the MSRP URI is offered in the SDP offer and if not reject the request with a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response and skip the rest of the steps;
- 4) shall reject the SIP request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response and not process the remaining steps if:
 - a) an Accept-Contact header field does not include the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag for standalone SDS or SDS session;
 - b) an Accept-Contact header field does not include the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" for standalone SDS or SDS session;
 - c) an Accept-Contact header field does not include the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag for FD; or
 - d) an Accept-Contact header field does not include the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" for FD;
- 5) shall determine the MCDData ID of the calling user;
- 6) shall cache SIP feature tags, if received in the Contact header field and if the specific feature tags are supported;
- 7) if the user identified by the MCDData ID is no longer meeting the criteria if the adhoc group participants are determined using criteria while establishing adhoc group data communication, shall return a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to "188 user is not allowed to participate in adhoc group data communication" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9;
- 8) shall invoke the procedure in clause 6.3.7.1.23 with an indication that the applicable MCDData subservice is Short Data Service using media (standalone SDS) or Short Data Service using session (SDS session) or File Distribution, in order to generate a SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP INVITE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 9) shall send the generated SIP 200 (OK) response to the inviting MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 10) shall generate a notification to the MCDData clients, which have subscribed to the conference state event package that the inviting MCDData user has joined in the MCDData group session, as specified in clause 25.4; and
- 11) shall send the SIP NOTIFY request to the MCDData clients according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

24.4.5 Adhoc group data communication participants modify

This clause describes the terminating adhoc group data communication participants modify controlling MCDData function procedures.

24.4.5.1 Data communication participants modify procedures using on-demand session

24.4.5.1.1 Terminating procedures

In the procedures in this clause:

- 1) MCDData ID in an incoming SIP re-INVITE request refers to the MCDData ID of the originating user from the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP re-INVITE request;
- 2) MCDData ID in an incoming SIP re-INVITE request refers to the MCDData ID of the MCDData user to be invited to a data communication from the "uri" attribute with the "method" SIP URI parameter set to the value "INVITE" of the <entry> element of a <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP re-INVITE request; and
- 3) MCDData ID in an incoming SIP re-INVITE request refers to the MCDData ID of the MCDData user to be removed from a data communication from the "uri" attribute with the "method" SIP URI parameter set to the value "BYE" of the <entry> element of a <list> element of the <resource-lists> element of the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body of the incoming SIP re-INVITE request.

Upon receipt of a SIP re-INVITE request for an MCDData session identifying an on-demand MCDData adhoc group session, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the SIP re-INVITE request with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The controlling MCDData function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [4] and skip the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall determine if the media parameters are acceptable and the MSRP URI is offered in the SDP offer and if not reject the request with a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response and skip the rest of the steps;
- 3) if the originating user identified by the MCDData ID is not authorised to modify the adhoc group session participants if the <allow-adhoc-group-data-comn-modify> element of the <actions> element of a <rule> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCDData user profile document identified by the MCDData ID of the originating MCDData user (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]) is set to a value of "false", shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response with the warning text set to: "243 user is not authorised to initiate modify adhoc group data communication participants" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and skip the rest of the steps below;
- 4) if the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with the MCDData ID of the MCDData users to be invited to a data communication or the MCDData ID of the MCDData users to be removed from a data communication exists in the incoming SIP re-INVITE request, shall check if the number of existing data communication participants and newly inviting MCDData users is within the configured limit as specified in the <max-no-participants> element of the <adhoc-group-data-comn > element of the <anyExt> element contained in the <OnNetwork> element of the MCDData service configuration document (see the service configuration document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [12]). If not within the configured limit, shall send a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "242 maximum number of allowed adhoc group participants exceeded" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9 and shall skip the rest of the steps;
- 5) shall determine the members to invite to the adhoc group session or remove from the adhoc group session based on the local policy and:
 - a) if the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with the MCDData ID of the MCDData users to be invited to a data communication exists in the incoming SIP re-INVITE request, shall consider each entry of the MCDData users to be invited to the adhoc group session; or
 - b) if the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with the MCDData ID of the MCDData user to be removed from a data communication exists in the incoming SIP re-INVITE request, shall consider the each entry of the MCDData users to be removed from the adhoc group session;
- 6) if the determined members in step 5) above are to be invited to the adhoc group session, shall be invited to the adhoc group session, as specified in clause 24.4.2.1.1;
- 7) if the determined members in step 5) above are to be removed from the adhoc group session, shall be removed from the adhoc group session, as specified in clause 24.4.3.1;
- 8) shall consider all the invited members as implicitly affiliated to the adhoc group and remove the affiliation of the user who are removed from the adhoc group session;
- 9) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];

- 10) shall include in the SIP 200 (OK) response an SDP answer containing the current media parameters used by the existing session;
- 11) shall include the "norefersub" option tag in a Supported header field according to IETF RFC 4488 [53];
- 12) shall include the "tdialog" option tag in a Supported header field according to IETF RFC 4538 [54];
- 13) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field in the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response set to the public service identity of the controlling MCDData function;
- 14) shall include the following in the Contact header field:
 - a) the g.3gpp.mcdata.sds media feature tag for standalone SDS and SDS session;
 - b) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds" for standalone SDS and SDS session;
 - c) the g.3gpp.mcdata.fd media feature tag for FD;
 - d) the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag containing the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd" for FD; and
 - e) the isfocus media feature tag; and
- 15) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response towards the MCDData client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

24.4.5.2 Data communication participants modify procedures initiated by participating MCDData function

This clause describes the procedure to handle the notification from the participating MCDData function about user meeting or no longer meeting the criteria to be added to or removed from the ongoing adhoc group session.

24.4.5.2.1 Terminating procedures

Upon receiving a:

- "SIP MESSAGE request to add user to adhoc group data communication notification for controlling MCDData function"; or
- "SIP MESSAGE request to remove user from adhoc group data communication notification for controlling MCDData function";

the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) if the incoming SIP MESSAGE request does not contain an application/resource-lists+xml MIME body, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "240 can't determine the adhoc group participants" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 2) shall identify the adhoc group on which the session is ongoing matching the identity of the adhoc group with the value of the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the adhoc group identity. If unable to determine, shall reject the SIP MESSAGE request with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "NNN can't determine the adhoc group" in a Warning header field as specified in clause 4.9, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;
- 3) shall generate and send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP MESSAGE according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 4) if the received SIP MESSAGE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element containing the <request-type> element set to a value of "adhoc-group-data-comn-add-participants-request":
 - a) if the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with the MCDData ID of the MCDData users meeting the specified criteria exists in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request, shall consider the each entry of the MCDData users meeting the specified criteria to be invited to the ongoing adhoc group session;

- b) shall include the users to be invited to the ongoing adhoc group session into the adhoc group;
 - c) if the adhoc group session is ongoing shall invite each of the MCDData users determined above to the adhoc group session, as specified in clause 24.4.2.1.1; and
 - d) shall consider all the invited members as implicitly affiliated to the adhoc group; and
- 5) if the received SIP MESSAGE request contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element containing the <request-type> element set to a value of "adhoc-group-data-comn-remove-participants-request":
- a) if the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with the MCDData ID of the MCDData users who are meeting the specified criteria are no longer meeting the specified criteria exists in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request, shall consider the each entry of the MCDData users to be removed from the ongoing adhoc group session;
 - b) shall remove the users to be released from the ongoing adhoc group session from the adhoc group; and
 - c) if the adhoc group session is ongoing, shall remove each of the MCDData users determined above from the adhoc group session, as specified in clause 24.4.3.1.2.

24.4.6 Adhoc group data communication participants determination

This clause describes the procedure to get the user list from the participating MCDData function serving users based on the criteria for determining the participants to be invited for adhoc group sessions, and notifying the participating MCDData function about the release of an adhoc group session to stop determining the users based on criteria.

24.4.6.1 Data communication participants determination procedures

When the controlling MCDData function needs to determine the MCDData users meeting the specified criteria, then the controlling MCDData function shall create a list of terminating participating MCDData functions from which users are to be determined to be involved in an adhoc group session. For each terminating participating MCDData function in the list, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate an outgoing SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 2) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function;

NOTE 1: The public service identity can identify the terminating participating MCDData function in the primary MCDData system or in a partner MCDData system.

NOTE 2: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in a partner MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the partner MCDData system from the primary MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in a partner MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the primary MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the primary MCDData system to the partner MCDData system.

NOTE 4: How the controlling MCDData function determines the public service identity of the targeted terminating participating MCDData function or of the MCDData gateway server in the partner MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 5: How the primary MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- 3) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field set to the public service identity of controlling MCDData function;
- 4) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service-Id header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];

- 5) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element with:
 - a) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the adhoc group identity;
 - b) shall copy the criteria for determining the list of MCDData users to be called exists in the incoming SIP INVITE request included in the <comn-participants-criteria> element of the <anyExt> element of <mcdata-Params> element of <mcdatainfo> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body, into the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request; and
 - c) the <request-type> element set to a value of "get-userlist-adhoc-group-data-comn-request"; and
- 6) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receiving a SIP 4xx response a SIP 5xx response or a SIP 6xx response to the SIP MESSAGE request, the controlling MCDData function shall consider the user served by the terminating participating MCDData function are not available and remove from the created list of of terminating participating MCDData functions.

NOTE 6: Based on implementation the controlling MCDData function can reattempt again before removing from the created list of of terminating participating MCDData functions.

Upon receipt of SIP 2xx responses to the outgoing SIP MESSAGE requests, the controlling MCDData function shall follow the procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

On receipt of a "SIP MESSAGE request to get userlist for adhoc group data communication response for controlling MCDData function" containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdatainfo> element containing the <mcdata-Params> element containing the <anyExt> element with the <response-type> element set to a value of "get-userlist-adhoc-group-data-comn-response" and an <mcdata-request-uri> matching the adhoc group identity included in the sent SIP MESSAGE request:

- 1) if the application/resource-lists+xml MIME body with the MCDData ID of the MCDData users meeting the specified criteria exists in the incoming SIP MESSAGE request, shall consider the each entry of the MCDData users meeting the specified criteria to be invited to the adhoc group session; and
- 2) shall generate and send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the received SIP MESSAGE according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

24.4.6.2 Data communication participants determination stop procedures

When the controlling MCDData function needs to stop determining the MCDData users meeting the specified criteria, then for each terminating participating MCDData function in the created list, the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall generate an outgoing SIP MESSAGE request in accordance with 3GPP TS 24.229 [5] and IETF RFC 3428 [6];
- 2) shall set the Request-URI of the outgoing SIP MESSAGE request to the public service identity of the terminating participating MCDData function;

NOTE 1: The public service identity can identify the terminating participating MCDData function in the primary MCDData system or in a partner MCDData system.

NOTE 2: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in a partner MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the public service identity can identify the MCDData gateway server that acts as an entry point in the partner MCDData system from the primary MCDData system.

NOTE 3: If the terminating participating MCDData function is in a partner MCDData system in a different trust domain, then the primary MCDData system can route the SIP request through an MCDData gateway server that acts as an exit point from the primary MCDData system to the partner MCDData system.

NOTE 4: How the controlling MCDData function determines the public service identity of the targeted terminating participating MCDData function or of the MCDData gateway server in the partner MCDData system is out of the scope of the present document.

NOTE 5: How the primary MCDData system routes the SIP request through an exit MCDData gateway server is out of the scope of the present document.

- 3) shall include a P-Asserted-Identity header field set to the public service identity of controlling MCDData function;
- 4) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service-Id header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 5) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdainfo> element containing the <mcddata-Params> element with:
 - a) the <mcddata-request-uri> element set to the adhoc group identity; and
 - b) the <request-type> element set to a value of "adhoc-group-data-comn-release-notification-request";
- 6) shall send the SIP MESSAGE request according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]; and
- 7) shall delete the list of terminating participating MCDData functions from which users are to be determined to be involved in an adhoc group session.

Upon receipt of SIP 2xx responses to the outgoing SIP MESSAGE requests, the controlling MCDData function shall follow the procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

25 Subscription to the conference event package

25.1 General

The IETF RFC 4575 [KK] defines a conference event package that shall be used to obtain the status of participants in group sessions.

The MCDData client may subscribe to the conference event package at any time in a group session that the MCDData client participates in. The clause 25.2 specifies the procedures in the MCDData client when subscribing to the conference events.

The participating MCDData function shall forward conference state subscriptions and notifications as specified in clause 25.3.

The controlling MCDData function shall handle subscriptions and notification of conference events as specified in clause 25.4.

25.2 MCDData client

A MCDData client may subscribe to the conference event package when a group communication is ongoing and the ongoing group communication is not initiated as a broadcast group communication by sending a SIP SUBSCRIBE request to obtain information of the status of a group session.

When subscribing to the conference event package, the MCDData client:

- 1) shall generate a SIP SUBSCRIBE request and use a new SIP-dialog according to IETF RFC 6665 [52], IETF RFC 4575 [KK] and 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall set the Request-URI of the SIP SUBSCRIBE request to the MCDData session identity of the group session;
- 3) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 4) shall include an Accept-Contact header with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref with the value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcddata" along with "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [8];
- 5) if the MCDData client wants to receive the current status and later notification, shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 6665 [52], to 4294967295;

NOTE 1: 4294967295, which is equal to $2^{32}-1$, is the highest value defined for Expires header field in IETF RFC 3261 [4].

- 6) if the MCDData client wants to fetch the current state only, shall set the Expires header field according to IETF RFC 6665 [52], to zero;
- 7) shall include an Accept header field containing the application/conference-info+xml MIME type;
- 8) shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the MCDData group ID of the group session; and
- 9) shall send the SIP SUBSCRIBE request using a new SIP dialog according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

The responses to the SIP SUBSCRIBE request shall be handled according to IETF RFC 6665 [52], IETF RFC 4575 [KK] and TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP NOTIFY requests to the previously sent SIP SUBSCRIBE request the MCDData client:

- 1) shall handle the request according to IETF RFC 6665 [52] and IETF RFC 4575 [KK]; and
- 2) may process the current state information to the MCDData client based on the information in the SIP NOTIFY request body and may display to the MCDData user the MCDData IDs of the participating MCDData users and the functional alias the participating MCDData user has bound to that MCDData group if available.

When needed the MCDData client shall terminate the subscription and indicate it terminated according to IETF RFC 6665 [52].

NOTE 2: The contents of the received SIP NOTIFY request body is specified in clause 6.3.2.3.

25.3 Participating MCDData function

Upon receipt of a "SIP SUBSCRIBE request for conference event status subscription in the participating function" from a MCDData client served by the participating MCDData function and if the SIP SUBSCRIBE request contains:

- 1) the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 2) an Accept header field containing the application/conference-info+xml MIME type; and
- 3) an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body containing the <mcdata-request-uri> set to a MCDData group ID;

then the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall attempt to resolve the received Request-URI to an existing MCDData session identity;
- 2) if the participating MCDData function could not resolve the received Request-URI to an existing MCDData session identity, shall reject the SIP SUBSCRIBE response with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with a warning text set to "137 the indicated group communication does not exist" as specified in clause 4.9 and shall skip the rest of the steps
- 3) shall generate a SUBSCRIBE request as specified in TS 24.229 [5]
- 4) shall set the SIP URI in the Request-URI with the MCDData session identity that is mapped to the MCDData session identity in the received Request-URI;
- 5) shall include in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element set to the MCDData ID of the served user: and
- 6) shall insert a Record-Route header containing a URI identifying its own address; and
- 7) shall send the SIP SUBSCRIBE request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP response to the SIP SUBSCRIBE request the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall copy the content of the incoming SIP response to an outgoing SIP response;

- 2) if a SIP 200 (OK) response, shall include in the Contact header field of the outgoing SIP response an MCDData session identity mapped to the MCDData session identity provided in the Contact header field of the received SIP 200 (OK) response in the outgoing SIP response; and
- 3) shall forward the SIP response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP NOTIFY request within the dialog created by the SIP SUBSCRIBE request destined to a served MCDData client, the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall include the public service identity of the MCDData user in the Request-URI;
- 2) shall copy the content of the incoming SIP NOTIFY request to the outgoing SIP NOTIFY request; and
- 3) shall send the SIP NOTIFY request according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

Upon receiving a SIP response to the SIP NOTIFY request the participating MCDData function:

- 1) shall copy the content of the incoming SIP response to an outgoing SIP response;
- 2) if a SIP 200 (OK) response, shall include an MCDData session identity constructed from the MCDData session identity provided in the Contact header field of the received SIP 200 (OK) response in the outgoing SIP response; and
- 3) shall forward the SIP response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

25.4 Controlling MCDData function

25.4.1 Receiving a subscription to the conference event package

Upon receipt of a "SIP SUBSCRIBE request for conference event status subscription in the controlling MCDData function" and the SIP SUBSCRIBE request:

- 1) contains an application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-info+xml MIME body with
 - a) the <mcdata-request-uri> element set to the group identity of the group session and the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element set to either:
 - i) the MCDData ID of a participant in the group session;
- 2) contains the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5]), in a P-Asserted-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [7];
- 3) contains an Accept header field containing the application/conference-info+xml MIME type; and
- 4) is not received in a group call initiated as a broadcast group call;

then the controlling MCDData function:

- 1) shall check if the <on-network-allow-conference-state> element in the group document in 3GPP TS 24.481 [31] allows the MCDData ID or the constituent MCDData group ID in the <mcdata-calling-user-id> element to subscribe to the conference event package and if not allowed:
 - a) shall reject the "SIP SUBSCRIBE request for conference event status subscription in the controlling MCDData function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response to the SIP SUBSCRIBE request, with warning text set to "138 subscription of conference events not allowed" as specified in clause 4.9; and
 - b) shall not continue with the remaining steps;
- 2) shall handle the request according to IETF RFC 6665 [52] and IETF RFC 4575 [KK];
- 3) shall cache information about the subscription;
- 4) shall send a conference state notification as specified in clause 25.4.2.

Upon receipt of a "SIP SUBSCRIBE request for conference event status subscription in the controlling MCDATA function in an group call initiated as a broadcast group call, the controlling MCDATA function:

- 1) shall generate a SIP 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response to the SIP SUBSCRIBE request as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5];
- 2) shall include a Warning header field with the warning text set to "105 subscription not allowed in a broadcast group call" as specified in clause 4.9; and
- 3) send the SIP 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

25.4.2 Sending notifications to the conference event package

The procedures in this clause is triggered by:

- 1) the receipt of a SIP SUBSCRIBE request as specified in clause 25.4.1;
- 2) the receipt of a SIP BYE request from one of the participants in an adhoc group session; or
- 3) when a new participant is added in an adhoc group session.

When sending a conference event notification, the controlling MCDATA function:

- 1) shall generate a notification package as specified in clause 6.3.3.4 to all MCDATA clients which have subscribed to the conference event package; and

NOTE: As a group document can potentially have a large content, the controlling MCDATA function can notify using content-indirection as defined in IETF RFC 4483 [32].

- 2) shall send a SIP NOTIFY request to all participants which have subscribed to the conference event package as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [5].

25.4.3 Terminating a subscription

Upon receipt of a "SIP SUBSCRIBE request for conference event status subscription in the controlling MCDATA function" that terminates the subscription of the conference event package as specified in IETF RFC 6665 [52], the controlling MCDATA function:

- 1) shall send a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in IETF RFC 6665 [52];

Upon expiry of the subscription to the event package in the ongoing MCDATA call, the controlling MCDATA function shall terminate the subscription to the conference event package as specified in IETF RFC 6665 [52].

25.6 Coding

25.6.1 Extension of application/conference-info+xml MIME type

25.6.1.1 Introduction

The present clause describes an extensions of the application/conference-info+xml MIME body specified in IETF RFC 4575 [KK].

The functional alias extension is used to indicate per-user functional alias association with MCDATA group.

25.6.1.2 Schema

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xs:schema
  targetNamespace="urn:3gpp:ns:mcdDataConfInfo:1.0"
  xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  xmlns:mcdDataConfInfo="urn:3gpp:ns:mcdDataConfInfo:1.0"
  elementFormDefault="qualified" attributeFormDefault="unqualified">
```

```
<!-- MCDATA specific child element of endpoint element -->
<xs:element name="functional-alias" type="xs:anyURI" use="optional"/>

</xs:schema>
```

The application/conference-info MIME body refers to namespaces using prefixes specified in table 25.6.1.2-1.

Table 25.6.1.2-1: Assignment of prefixes to namespace names in the application/pdf+xml MIME body

Prefix	Namespace
mcdDataConfInfo	urn:3gpp:ns:mcdDataConfInfo:1.0
NOTE: The "urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:conference-info" namespace is the default namespace so no prefix is used for it in the application/conference-info MIME body.	

Annex A (informative): Signalling flows

Annex B (normative): Media feature tags within the current document

B.1 General

This clause describes the media feature tag definitions that are applicable for the 3GPP IM CN Subsystem for the realisation of the Mission Critical Data (MCData) service.

B.2 Definition of media feature tag for Mission Critical Data (MCData) communications Short Data Service (SDS)

Media feature tag name: g.3gpp.mcdata.sds

ASN.1 Identifier: 1.3.6.1.8.2.29

Summary of the media feature indicated by this media feature tag: This media feature tag when used in a SIP request or a SIP response indicates that the function sending the SIP message supports Mission Critical Data (MCData) communications Short Data Service (SDS).

Values appropriate for use with this media feature tag: Boolean

The media feature tag is intended primarily for use in the following applications, protocols, services, or negotiation mechanisms: This media feature tag is most useful in a communications application, for describing the capabilities of a device, such as a phone or PDA.

Examples of typical use: Indicating that a mobile phone supports the Mission Critical Data (MCData) communications Short Data Service (SDS).

Related standards or documents: 3GPP TS 24.282: "Mission Critical Data (MCData) signalling control Protocol specification"

Security Considerations: Security considerations for this media feature tag are discussed in clause 11.1 of IETF RFC 3840 [16].

B.3 Definition of media feature tag for Mission Critical Data (MCData) communications File Distribution (FD)

Media feature tag name: g.3gpp.mcdata.fd

ASN.1 Identifier: 1.3.6.1.8.2.30

Summary of the media feature indicated by this media feature tag: This media feature tag when used in a SIP request or a SIP response indicates that the function sending the SIP message supports Mission Critical Data (MCData) communications File Distribution (FD).

Values appropriate for use with this media feature tag: Boolean

The media feature tag is intended primarily for use in the following applications, protocols, services, or negotiation mechanisms: This media feature tag is most useful in a communications application, for describing the capabilities of a device, such as a phone or PDA.

Examples of typical use: Indicating that a mobile phone supports the Mission Critical Data (MCData) communications File Distribution (FD).

Related standards or documents: 3GPP TS 24.282: "Mission Critical Data (MCData) signalling control Protocol specification"

Security Considerations: Security considerations for this media feature tag are discussed in clause 11.1 of IETF RFC 3840 [16].

B.4 Definition of media feature tag for Mission Critical Data (MCData) communications IP Connectivity (IPCONN)

Media feature tag name: g.3gpp.mcdata.ipconn

Editor's Note: [MONASTERY2, CR 0294R1, C1-221903] It is necessary to obtain and register an ASN.1 Identifier for this media feature tag,

ASN.1 Identifier:

Summary of the media feature indicated by this media feature tag: This media feature tag when used in a SIP request or a SIP response indicates that the function sending the SIP message supports Mission Critical Data (MCData) communications IP Connectivity (IPCONN).

Values appropriate for use with this media feature tag: Boolean

The media feature tag is intended primarily for use in the following applications, protocols, services, or negotiation mechanisms: This media feature tag is most useful in a communications application, for describing the capabilities of a device, such as a phone or PDA.

Examples of typical use: Indicating that a mobile phone supports the Mission Critical Data (MCData) communications IP Connectivity (IPCONN).

Related standards or documents: 3GPP TS 24.282: "Mission Critical Data (MCData) signalling control Protocol specification"

Security Considerations: Security considerations for this media feature tag are discussed in clause 11.1 of IETF RFC 3840 [16].

Annex C (normative): ICSI values defined within the current document

C.1 General

This clause describes the IMS Communications Service Identifier (ICSI) definitions that are applicable for the 3GPP IM CN Subsystem for the realisation of the Mission Critical Data (MCData) service.

NOTE: The template has been created using the headers of the table in <http://www.3gpp.org/specifications-groups/34-uniform-resource-name-urn-list>

C.2 Definition of ICSI value for the Mission Critical Data (MCData) service

C.2.1 URN

urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata

C.2.2 Description

This URN indicates that the device has the capabilities to support the Mission Critical Data (MCData) service. This URN is also used by the device to associate a SIP request with the Mission Critical Data (MCData) service.

C.2.3 Reference

3GPP TS 24.282: "Mission Critical Data (MCData) signalling control Protocol specification".

C.2.4 Contact

Name: Ricky Kaura

Email: ricky.kaura@samsung.com

C.2.5 Registration of subtype

Yes

C.2.6 Remarks

This URN is included in the "g.3gpp.icsi-ref" media feature tag in the Contact header field of SIP requests (not SIP MESSAGE) and responses, and the Accept-Contact header fields of non-register SIP requests.

This URN can be included by the device in the P-Preferred-Service header field of SIP requests, and is asserted by the network into the P-Asserted-Service header field of SIP Requests.

C.3 Definition of ICSI value for the Mission Critical Data (MCData) communications Short Data Service (SDS)

C.3.1 URN

urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.sds

C.3.2 Description

This URN indicates that the device has the capabilities to support the Mission Critical Data (MCData) Short Data Service (SDS) IMS communication service. This URN is also used by the device to associate a SIP request with the Mission Critical Data (MCData) Short Data Service (SDS) IMS communication service.

C.3.3 Reference

3GPP TS 24.282: "Mission Critical Data (MCData) signalling control Protocol specification".

C.3.4 Contact

Name: Ricky Kaura

Email: ricky.kaura@samsung.com

C.3.5 Registration of subtype

Yes

C.3.6 Remarks

This URN is included in the "g.3gpp.icsi-ref" media feature tag in the Contact header field of SIP requests (not SIP MESSAGE) and responses, and the Accept-Contact header fields of non-register SIP requests.

This URN can be included by the device in the P-Preferred-Service header field of SIP requests, and is asserted by the network into the P-Asserted-Service header field of SIP Requests.

C.4 Definition of ICSI value for Mission Critical Data (MCData) communications File Distribution (FD)

C.4.1 URN

urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.fd

C.4.2 Description

This URN indicates that the device has the capabilities to support the Mission Critical Data (MCData) File Distribution (FD) IMS communication service. This URN is also used by the device to associate a SIP request with the Mission Critical Data (MCData) File Distribution (FD) IMS communication service.

C.4.3 Reference

3GPP TS 24.282: "Mission Critical Data (MCData) signalling control Protocol specification".

C.4.4 Contact

Name: Ricky Kaura

Email: ricky.kaura@samsung.com

C.4.5 Registration of subtype

Yes

C.4.6 Remarks

This URN is included in the "g.3gpp.icsi-ref" media feature tag in the Contact header field of SIP requests (not SIP MESSAGE) and responses, and the Accept-Contact header fields of non-register SIP requests.

This URN can be included by the device in the P-Preferred-Service header field of SIP requests, and is asserted by the network into the P-Asserted-Service header field of SIP Requests.

C.5 Definition of ICSI value for Mission Critical Data (MCData) communications IP Connectivity (IPCONN)

C.5.1 URN

urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcdata.ipconn

C.5.2 Description

This URN indicates that the device has the capabilities to support the Mission Critical Data (MCData) IP Connectivity (IPCONN) IMS communication service. This URN is also used by the device to associate a SIP request with the Mission Critical Data (MCData) IP Connectivity (IPCONN) IMS communication service.

C.5.3 Reference

3GPP TS 24.282: "Mission Critical Data (MCData) signalling control Protocol specification".

C.5.4 Contact

Name: Kiran Kapale

Email: kiran.kapale@samsung.com

C.5.5 Registration of subtype

Yes

C.5.6 Remarks

This URN is included in the "g.3gpp.icsi-ref" media feature tag in the Contact header field of SIP requests (not SIP MESSAGE) and responses, and the Accept-Contact header fields of non-register SIP requests.

This URN can be included by the device in the P-Preferred-Service header field of SIP requests, and is asserted by the network into the P-Asserted-Service header field of SIP Requests.

Annex D (normative): XML schemas

D.1 XML schema for transporting MCDATA identities and general services information

D.1.1 General

This clause defines XML schema and MIME type for transporting MCDATA identities and general services information.

D.1.2 XML schema

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xs:schema
  xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  targetNamespace="urn:3gpp:ns:mcdainfo:1.0"
  xmlns:mcdainfo="urn:3gpp:ns:mcdainfo:1.0"
  elementFormDefault="qualified"
  attributeFormDefault="unqualified"
  xmlns:xenc="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#">

  <xs:import namespace="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#"
    schemaLocation="http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlenc-core/xenc-schema.xsd"/>

  <!-- root XML element -->
  <xs:element name="mcdainfo" type="mcdainfo:mcdainfo-Type" id="info"/>

  <xs:complexType name="mcdainfo-Type">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="mcdainfo-Params" type="mcdainfo:mcdainfo-ParamsType" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdainfo:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
  </xs:complexType>

  <xs:complexType name="mcdainfo-ParamsType">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="mcdainfo-access-token" type="mcdainfo:contentType" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="request-type" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="mcdainfo-request-uri" type="mcdainfo:contentType" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="mcdainfo-calling-user-id" type="mcdainfo:contentType" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="mcdainfo-called-party-id" type="mcdainfo:contentType" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="mcdainfo-calling-group-id" type="mcdainfo:contentType" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="alert-ind" type="mcdainfo:contentType" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="originated-by" type="mcdainfo:contentType" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="mcdainfo-client-id" type="mcdainfo:contentType" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="mcdainfo-controller-psi" type="mcdainfo:contentType" minOccurs="0"/>

      <xs:element name="gw-mcdainfo-usage" type="xs:boolean" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdainfo:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
  </xs:complexType>

  <!-- anyExt elements for MCDainfo-Params -->
  <xs:element name="emergency-alert-area-ind" type="xs:boolean"/>
  <xs:element name="group-geo-area-ind" type="xs:boolean"/>
  <xs:element name="pre-established-session-ind" type="xs:boolean"/>
  <xs:element name="call-to-functional-alias-ind" type="xs:boolean"/>

  <xs:element name="mcdainfo-communication-state" type="mcdainfo:mcdainfoCommunicationStateType"/>
  <xs:simpleType name="mcdainfoCommunicationStateType">
    <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
      <xs:enumeration value="establish-request"/>
      <xs:enumeration value="establish-success"/>
    </xs:restriction>
  </xs:simpleType>
</xs:schema>
```



```

<xs:choice>
  <xs:element name="mcdDataURI" type="xs:anyURI"/>
  <xs:element name="mcdDataString" type="xs:string"/>
  <xs:element name="mcdDataBoolean" type="xs:boolean"/>
  <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax"/>
  <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdDataInfo:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
</xs:choice>
<xs:attribute name="type" type="mcdDataInfo:protectionType"/>
<xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="selected-user-profile-indexType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="user-profile-index" type="xs:nonNegativeInteger"/>
    <xs:any namespace="##any" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
  </xs:sequence>
  <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="anyExtType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:any namespace="##any" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:element name="location-of-functional-alias-URI" type="mcdDataInfo:contentType"/>
</xs:schema>

```

D.1.3 Semantic

The <mcdDataInfo> element is the root element of the XML document. The <mcdDataInfo> element can contain subelements.

NOTE 1: The subelements of the <mcdDataInfo> are validated by the <xs:any namespace="##any" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/> particle of the <mcdDataInfo> element

If the <mcdDataInfo> contains the <mcdDataParams> element then:

- 1) the <mcdData-access-token>, <mcdData-request-uri>, <mcdData-controller-psi>, <mcdData-calling-user-id>, <mcdData-called-party-id>, <mcdData-calling-group-id>, <alert-ind>, <originated-by>, <mcdData-client-id>, <functional-alias-URI>, <called-functional-alias-URI>, <partner-mcdData-id>, <migration-auth-result>, <selected-user-profile-index>, and <primary-mcdData-id> elements can be included with encrypted content;
- 2) for each element in 1) that is included with content that is not encrypted:
 - a) the element has the "type" attribute set to "Normal";
 - b) if the element is the <mcdData-request-uri>, <mcdData-calling-user-id>, <mcdData-called-party-id>, <mcdData-calling-group-id>, <originated-by>, <functional-alias-URI>, <called-functional-alias-URI>, <partner-mcdData-id>, or <primary-mcdData-id> element, then the <mcdDataURI> element is included;
 - c) if the element is the <mcdData-access-token> or <mcdData-client-id>, then the <mcdDataString> element is included;
 - d) if the element is <alert-ind> or <migration-auth-result>, then the <mcdDataBoolean> element is included; and
 - e) if the element is <selected-user-profile-index>, then the <user-profile-index> element is included; and
- 3) for each element in 1) that is included with content that is encrypted:
 - a) the element has the "type" attribute set to "Encrypted";
 - b) the <xenc:EncryptedData> element from the "<http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#>" namespace is included and:
 - i) can have a "Type" attribute can be included with a value of "<http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#Content>";

- ii) can include an <EncryptionMethod> element with the "Algorithm" attribute set to value of "http://www.w3.org/2009/xmlenc11#aes128-gcm";
- iii) can include a <KeyInfo> element with a <KeyName> element containing the base 64 encoded XPK-ID; and
- iv) includes a <CipherData> element with a <CipherValue> element containing the encrypted data.

NOTE 2: When the optional attributes and elements are not included within the <xenc:EncryptedData> element, the information they contain is known to sender and the receiver by other means.

If the <mcdainfo> contains the <mcddata-Params> element then:

- 1) the <mcddata-access-token> can be included with the access token received during authentication procedure as described in 3GPP TS 24.482 [24];
- 2) the <request-type> can be included with:
 - a) a value of "one-to-one-sds" to indicate that the MCDData client wants to initiate a one-to-one SDS request;
 - b) a value of "group-sds" to indicate the MCDData client wants to initiate a group SDS request;
 - c) a value of "one-to-one-fd" to indicate that the MCDData client wants to initiate a one-to-one FD request;
 - d) a value of "group-fd" to indicate that the MCDData client wants to initiate a group FD request;
 - e) a value of "msf-disc-req" to indicate that the MCDData client wishes to discover the absoluteURI of the media storage function for HTTP requests;
 - f) a value of "msf-disc-res" when the participating MCDData function sends the absolute URI to the MCDData client;
 - g) a value of "notify" when the controlling MCDData function needs to send a notification to the MCDData client;
 - h) a value of "one-to-one-sds-session" to indicate that the MCDData client wants to initiate a one-to-one SDS session;
 - i) a value of "group-sds-session" to indicate the MCDData client wants to initiate a group SDS session;
 - j) a value of "functional-alias-status-determination" when a client initiates a subscription request to FA status;
 - k) a value of "fa-group-binding-req" when a client initiates a request for binding of a functional alias with the MCDData group(s) for the MCDData user;
 - l) a value of "store-comms-in-msgstore-ctrl-req" when an MCDData client initiates a request to control the storage of MCDData communications (private and group) into MCDData message store;
 - m) a value of "adhoc-group-sds-session" to indicate that the MCDData client wants to make an adhoc group data communication for SDS;
 - n) a value of "adhoc-group-fd-session" to indicate that the MCDData client wants to make an adhoc group data communication for FD;
 - o) a value of "get-userlist-adhoc-group-data-comn-request" when a controlling MCDData function initiates a request to get userlist for adhoc group data communication from terminating participating MCDData function;
 - p) a value of "adhoc-group-data-comn-add-participants-request" when a terminating participating MCDData function initiates a request to add user to adhoc group data communication notification for controlling MCDData function;
 - q) a value of "adhoc-group-data-comn-remove-participants-request" when a terminating participating MCDData function initiates a request to remove user from adhoc group data communication notification for controlling MCDData function;
 - r) a value of "adhoc-group-data-comn-release-notification-request" when a controlling MCDData function initiates a request to stop determining the participant list for terminating participating MCDData function;

- s) a value of "mc-service-authorisation-notify-request" when a participating MCDData function in the partner MCDData system initiates a request to notify about the successful completion of MCDData user service authorization after migrating to the partner MCDData system;
 - t) a value of "migration-service-deauthorization-notification" when a participating MCDData function in the primary MCDData system initiates a request to notify that an MCDData client that has been authorized for migration service in the partner MCDData system is to be deauthorized;or
 - u) "migration-service-authorization-request" when a participating MCDData function in the partner MCDData system sends a migration service authorization request;
- 3) the <mcdata-request-uri> can be included with:
- a) a value set to an MCDData group ID when the <request-type> is set to a value of "group-sds" or "group-fd";
 - b) a value set to the MCDData ID of the called MCDData user when the <request-type> is set to a value of "one-to-one-sds" or "one-to-one-fd"; and
 - c) a value set to the MCDData ID of the called MCDData user or MCDData group ID of adhoc group when the <request-type> is set to a value of "adhoc-group-sds-session" or "adhoc-group-fd-session";
- 4) the <mcdata-calling-user-id> can be included, set to MCDData ID of the originating user;
- 5) the <mcdata-called-party-id> can be included, set to the MCDData ID of the terminating user;
- 6) the <mcdata-calling-group-id> can be included to indicate the MCDData group identity or MCDData adhoc group identity to the terminating user;
- 7) the <alert-ind> can be:
- a) set to "true" to indicate that an alert is to be sent; or
 - b) set to "false" to indicate that an alert is to be cancelled;
- 8) the <originated-by> can be included, set to the MCDData ID of the originating user of an MCDData emergency alert when being cancelled by another authorised MCDData user;
- 9) the <mcdata-client-id> can be included, set to the MCDData client ID of the MCDData client that originated a SIP INVITE request, SIP REFER request, SIP REGISTER request, SIP PUBLISH request or SIP MESSAGE request;
- 10)the <mcdata-controller-psi> can be included, set to the PSI of the controlling MCDData function that handled the one-to-one or group MCDData data request;
- 10a) void
- 10b) void
- 10b) the <gw-mcdata-usage>
- a) can be set to true in a SIP REGISTER or a SIP PUBLISH to indicate to the MCDData server that the MCDData client uses a MCDData gateway UE, which requires that network resources are allocated over Rx, N5 or N33; and
- 11)the <anyExt> can be included with the following elements:
- a) a <pre-established-session-ind> element :
 - i) set to the value "true" by the MCDData client in a pre-established session setup request to indicate to the MCDData participating function about initiation of a pre-established session;
 - b) an <mcdata-communication-state> element can be included to indicate the state of MCDData communication within a pre-established session. The <mcdata-communication-state> can be set to:
 - i) the value "establish-request" by the MCDData participating function to indicate to the MCDData client about an MCDData communication establishment request within a pre-established session;

- ii) the value "establish-success" by the MCDData participating function or the MCDData client to indicate that the MCDData communication is established successfully;
 - iii) the value "establish-fail" by the MCDData participating function or the MCDData client to indicate that the MCDData communication establishment is failed or rejected;
 - iv) the value "terminate-request" by the MCDData participating function to indicate to the MCDData client about an MCDData communication termination request within a pre-established session; or
 - v) the value "terminated" by the MCDData participating function or the MCDData client to indicate that the MCDData communication is terminated;
- c) an <emergency-ind> element can be included and set to:
- i) "true" to indicate that the communication that the MCDData client is initiating is an emergency MCDData communication; or
 - ii) "false" to indicate that the MCDData client is cancelling an emergency MCDData communication (i.e. converting it back to a non-emergency communication);
- d) an <alert-ind-rcvd> element:
- i) may be set to "true" and included in a SIP MESSAGE to indicate that the emergency alert or cancellation was received successfully;
- e) an <mc-org> element may be:
- i) set to the MCDData user's Mission Critical Organization and included in an emergency alert sent by the MCDData server to terminating MCDData clients;
- f) a <functional-alias-URI> element set to the value of the functional alias that is used together with the "mcddata-calling-user-id";
- g) an <emergency-alert-area-ind> element:
- i) set to the value "true" when the MCDData client has entered an emergency alert area; or
 - ii) set to the value "false" when the MCDData client has exited an emergency alert area;
- h) a <group-geo-area-ind> element:
- i) set to the value "true" when the MCDData client has entered a group geographic area; or
 - ii) set to the value "false" when the MCDData client has exited a group geographic area;
- i) an <imminentperil-ind> element can be included if the <mcddata-request-uri> is also included and set to an MCDData group ID, in which case the <imminentperil-ind> element is to be set to:
- i) "true" to indicate that the communication that the MCDData client is initiating is an imminent peril MCDData communication; or
 - ii) "false" to indicate that the MCDData client requests that the communication should no longer be considered an imminent peril MCDData communication;
- j) an <emergency-ind-rcvd> element:
- i) can be set to "true" and included in a SIP MESSAGE to indicate that the in-progress emergency cancellation request was received successfully;
- k) a <multiple-devices-ind> element can be included and set to:
- i) "true" to indicate to the client that multiple clients are registered for the MCDData user; or
 - ii) "false" to indicate to the client that no other clients are registered for the MCDData user;
- l) a <binding-ind> element set to:

- i) "true" when the user wants to create a binding of a particular functional alias with the specified list of MCDData groups for the MCDData client; or
 - ii) "false" when the user wants to remove a binding of a particular functional alias from the specified list of MCDData groups for the MCDData client;
- m) a <binding-fa-uri> element set to:
- i) a URI of a functional alias that shall be bound with the specified list of MCDData groups for the MCDData client;
- n) a <unbinding-fa-uri> element set to:
- i) a URI of a functional alias that shall be unbound from the specified list of MCDData groups for the MCDData client;
- o) a <store-all-private-comms-in-msgstore> element can be included and set to:
- i) "true" when the user wants to store his/her MCDData private communications into his/her MCDData message store account; or
 - ii) "false" when the user do not store his/her MCDData private communications into his/her MCDData message store account;
- p) a <store-all-group-comms-in-msgstore> element can be included and set to:
- i) "true" when the user wants to store his/her MCDData group communications into his/her MCDData message store account; or
 - ii) "false" when the user do not store his/her MCDData group communications into his/her MCDData message store account;
- q) a <store-specific-private-comms-in-msgstore> element can be included and set to:
- i) set to a value of "enable" when the user wants to store the specified MCDData private communications for which user is authorized to store the communication into the MCDData message store; or
 - ii) set to a value of "disable" when the user do not wants to store the specified MCDData private communications for which user is authorized to store the communication into the MCDData message store;
- r) a <store-specific-group-comms-in-msgstore> element can be included and set to:
- i) "enable" when the user wants to store the specified MCDData group communications for which user is authorized to store the communication into the MCDData message store; or
 - ii) "disable" when the user do not wants to store the specified MCDData group communications for which user is authorized to store the communication into the MCDData message store;
- s) an <call-to-functional-alias-ind> element can be included and set to:
- i) "true" when the MCDData client is using a functional alias to identify the MCDData IDs of the potential target MCDData users; or
 - ii) "false" when the MCDData client is using MCDData IDs to identify the potential target MCDData users;
- t) a <called-functional-alias-URI> element set to the value of the functional alias to be called;
- u) a <user-requested-priority> element set to the non-negative integer value requested by the user as priority;
- v) an <associated-group-id> element set to the identity of a constituent MCDData group when the MCDData communication targets a temporary group or a group regroup based on a preconfigured group;
- w) a <end-to-end-security> element set to:
- i) "true" to indicate that end to end security is requested by the initiating user, which instructs the controlling function to determine the preconfigured group from which security related informations are used for securing the adhoc group data communication; or

- ii) "false" to indicate that end to end security is not requested by the initiating user, which instructs the controlling function not to determine the preconfigured group from which security related informations are used for secure adhoc group data communication;
- x) a <comn-participants-criteria> element set to the criteria for determining the list of MCDData users to be called in adhoc group call. The comma (,) is used as a delimiter between criteria;
- y) a <preconfigured-group-id> element set to the preconfigured group identity of the preconfigured group from which security related materials can be used by the adhoc group data communication participants to communicate securely in the adhoc group session;
- z) a <adhoc-grp-emg-alert-grp-ind> element set to:
 - i) "true" to indicate that the identity of adhoc group used in the adhoc group data communication setup request is learned during an adhoc group emergency alert procedures; and
- z1) a <partner-mcdata-id> set to the MCDData ID of a migrating user in the partner MCDData system;
- z2) a <migration-auth-result> set to:
 - i) "true" to indicate that the MCDData client is authorized to migrate; or
 - ii) "false" to indicate that the MCDData client is not authorized to migrate; and
- z3) a <selected-user-profile-index> set to the value contained in the "user-profile-index" attribute of the MCDData user profile selected according to clause 4.2.2.1.2.3 of 3GPP TS 24.484 [50];
- aa) a <response-type> element set to:
 - i) "get-userlist-adhoc-group-data-comn-response" when a terminating participating MCDData function responds to get userlist for adhoc group data communication request;
- ab) a <primary-mcdata-id> element set to the MCDData ID of the user in the primary MCDData system;
- ac) a <location-of-functional-alias-URI> element set to a URI of a functional alias that is used to identify the MCDData clients for which location information is being requested;
 - ii) "migration-service-authorization-response" when a participating MCDData function in the primary MCDData system sends a migration service authorization response;
- ad) a <call-participants-criteria> element set to the criteria for determining the list of MCDData users to be called in adhoc group data communication, or to be included in an adhoc group emergency alert. The delimiter between the criteria is the comma (,);
- ae) a <adhoc-alert-ind> element set to:
 - i) "true" in an adhoc group emergency alert origination to indicate that an alert to be sent; or
 - ii) "false" in an adhoc group emergency alert cancellation to indicate that an alert to be cancelled;
- af) <adhoc-alert-ind-rcvd> element:
 - i) can be set to "true" and included in a SIP MESSAGE to indicate that the adhoc group emergency alert or cancellation was received successfully;
- ag) a <adhoc-emergency-ind> element set to:
 - i) set to "true" to indicate that the alert or call that the MCDData client is initiating is an emergency MCDData alert or data communication; or
 - ii) set to "false" to indicate that the MCDData client is cancelling an emergency MCDData alert or data communication (i.e. converting it back to a non-emergency call);
- ah) an <adhoc-additional-information> element set to text information included with the adhoc group emergency alert;

- ai) a <adhoc-alert-participant-list> element containing the total list of MCDData users who belong to the ad hoc group irrespective if they have acknowledged the ad hoc group emergency alert or not; and
- aj) a <adhoc-alert-participant-not-ack-list> element containing the list of MCDData users who belong to the ad hoc group but have not acknowledged the ad hoc group emergency alert.

Absence of the <emergency-ind>, <alert-ind> and <imminentperil-ind> in a SIP INVITE request indicates that the MCDData client is initiating a non-emergency communication.

Absence of the <call-to-functional-alias-ind> in a SIP INVITE or a SIP REFER request indicates the use of the MCDData IDs of the potential target MCDData users.

The recipient of the XML ignores any unknown element and any unknown attribute.

D.1.4 IANA registration template

Your Name:

<MCC name>

Your Email Address:

<MCC email address>

Media Type Name:

Application

Subtype name:

vnd.3gpp.mcddata-info+xml

Required parameters:

None

Optional parameters:

"charset" the parameter has identical semantics to the charset parameter of the "application/xml" media type as specified in section 9.1 of IETF RFC 7303.

Encoding considerations:

binary.

Security considerations:

Same as general security considerations for application/xml media type as specified in section 9.1 of IETF RFC 7303. In addition, this media type provides a format for exchanging information in SIP, so the security considerations from IETF RFC 3261 apply.

The information transported in this media type does not include active or executable content.

Mechanisms for privacy and integrity protection of protocol parameters exist. Those mechanisms as well as authentication and further security mechanisms are described in 3GPP TS 24.229.

This media type does not include provisions for directives that institute actions on a recipient's files or other resources.

This media type does not include provisions for directives that institute actions that, while not directly harmful to the recipient, may result in disclosure of information that either facilitates a subsequent attack or else violates a recipient's privacy in any way.

This media type does not employ compression.

Interoperability considerations:

Same as general interoperability considerations for application/xml media type as specified in section 9.1 of IETF RFC 7303. Any unknown XML elements and any unknown XML attributes are to be ignored by recipient of the MIME body.

Published specification:

3GPP TS 24.282 "Mission Critical Data (MCData) signalling control;Protocol specification", available via <http://www.3gpp.org/specs/numbering.htm>.

Applications Usage:

Applications supporting the mission critical data communications procedures as described in the published specification.

Fragment identifier considerations:

The handling in section 5 of IETF RFC 7303 applies.

Restrictions on usage:

None

Provisional registration? (standards tree only):

N/A

Additional information:

1. Deprecated alias names for this type: none
2. Magic number(s): none
3. File extension(s): none
4. Macintosh File Type Code(s): none
5. Object Identifier(s) or OID(s): none

Intended usage:

Common

Person to contact for further information:

- Name: <MCC name>
- Email: <MCC email address>
- Author/Change controller:
 - i) Author: 3GPP CT1 Working Group/3GPP_TSG_CT_WG1@LIST.ETSI.ORG
 - ii) Change controller: <MCC name>/<MCC email address>

D.2 Void

D.3 XML schema for MCData (de)-affiliation requests

D.3.1 General

This clause defines XML schema and MIME type for MCData (de)-affiliation requests.

D.3.2 XML schema

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
targetNamespace="urn:3gpp:ns:affiliationCommand:1.0"
xmlns:mcdtaaff="urn:3gpp:ns:affiliationCommand:1.0"
attributeFormDefault="unqualified" elementFormDefault="qualified">
  <xs:complexType name="affiliate-command" id="affil">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element type="xs:anyURI" name="group" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdtaaff:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="de-affiliate-command">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element type="xs:anyURI" name="group" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdtaaff:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:element name="command-list">
    <xs:complexType>
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="affiliate" type="mcdtaaff:affiliate-command" minOccurs="0"
maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="de-affiliate" type="mcdtaaff:de-affiliate-command" minOccurs="0"
maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdtaaff:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
        <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:complexType>
  </xs:element>
  <xs:complexType name="anyExtType">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:any namespace="##any" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:schema>

```

D.3.3 Semantic

The <command-list> element is the root element of the XML document. The <command-list> element may contain <affiliate-command>, or <de-affiliate-command> subelements or both.

If the <command-list> contains the <affiliate-command> element then:

- 1) the <affiliate-command> element contains a list of <group> subelements having at least one subelement. The recipient shall perform an affiliation for all the MCDData groups contained in the list for the clients for which the <command-list> applies.

If the <command-list> contains the <de-affiliate-command> element then:

- 1) the <de-affiliate-command> element contains a list of <group> subelements having at least one subelement. The recipient shall perform a de-affiliation for all the MCDData groups contained in the list for the clients for which the <command-list> applies.

The recipient of the XML ignores any unknown element and any unknown attribute.

D.3.4 IANA registration template

Your Name:

<MCC name>

Your Email Address:

<MCC email address>

Media Type Name:

Application

Subtype name:

vnd.3gpp.mcdata-affiliation-command+xml

Required parameters:

None

Optional parameters:

"charset" the parameter has identical semantics to the charset parameter of the "application/xml" media type as specified in section 9.1 of IETF RFC 7303.

Encoding considerations:

binary.

Security considerations:

Same as general security considerations for application/xml media type as specified in section 9.1 of IETF RFC 7303. In addition, this media type provides a format for exchanging information in SIP, so the security considerations from IETF RFC 3261 apply.

The information transported in this media type does not include active or executable content.

Mechanisms for privacy and integrity protection of protocol parameters exist. Those mechanisms as well as authentication and further security mechanisms are described in 3GPP TS 24.229.

This media type does not include provisions for directives that institute actions on a recipient's files or other resources.

This media type does not include provisions for directives that institute actions that, while not directly harmful to the recipient, may result in disclosure of information that either facilitates a subsequent attack or else violates a recipient's privacy in any way.

This media type does not employ compression.

Interoperability considerations:

Same as general interoperability considerations for application/xml media type as specified in section 9.1 of IETF RFC 7303. Any unknown XML elements and any unknown XML attributes are to be ignored by recipient of the MIME body.

Published specification:

3GPP TS 24.282 "Mission Critical Data (MCDData) signalling control" version 14.0.0, available via <http://www.3gpp.org/specs/numbering.htm>.

Applications which use this media type:

Applications supporting the mission critical data functions as described in the published specification.

Fragment identifier considerations:

The handling in section 5 of IETF RFC 7303 applies.

Restrictions on usage:

None

Provisional registration? (standards tree only):

N/A

Additional information:

1. Deprecated alias names for this type: none
2. Magic number(s): none
3. File extension(s): none
4. Macintosh File Type Code(s): none
5. Object Identifier(s) or OID(s): none

Intended usage:

Common

Person to contact for further information:

- Name: <MCC name>
- Email: <MCC email address>
- Author/Change controller:
 - i) Author: 3GPP CT1 Working Group/3GPP_TSG_CT_WG1@LIST.ETSI.ORG
 - ii) Change controller: <MCC name>/<MCC email address>

D.4 XML schema for MCDData location information

D.4.1 General

This clause defines the XML schema and the MIME type for location information.

D.4.2 XML schema

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
xmlns:mcdataloc="urn:3gpp:ns:mcdataloc:1.0"
targetNamespace="urn:3gpp:ns:mcdataloc:1.0" elementFormDefault="qualified"
attributeFormDefault="unqualified"
xmlns:xenc="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#">

  <xs:import namespace="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#" />

  <xs:element name="location-info" id="loc">
    <xs:annotation>
      <xs:documentation>Root element, contains all information related to location configuration,
location request and location reporting for the MCDData service</xs:documentation>
    </xs:annotation>

    <xs:complexType>
      <xs:choice>
        <xs:element name="Configuration" type="mcdataloc:tConfigurationType" />
        <xs:element name="Request" type="mcdataloc:tRequestType" />
        <xs:element name="Report" type="mcdataloc:tReportType" />
        <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
        <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataloc:anyExtType" minOccurs="0" />
      </xs:choice>
      <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax" />
    </xs:complexType>

  </xs:element>

  <xs:complexType name="tConfigurationType">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="NonEmergencyLocationInformation" type="mcdataloc:tRequestedLocationType"
minOccurs="0" />
      <xs:element name="EmergencyLocationInformation" type="mcdataloc:tRequestedLocationType"
minOccurs="0" />
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>

```

```

<xs:element name="TriggeringCriteria" type="mcdataloc:TriggeringCriteriaType"/>
<xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataloc:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
</xs:sequence>
<xs:attribute name="ConfigScope">

<xs:simpleType>
<xs:restriction base="xs:string">
<xs:enumeration value="Full"/>
<xs:enumeration value="Update"/>
</xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

</xs:attribute>
<xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="tLocationFilterType">
<xs:sequence>
<xs:element name="AreaIdentifier" type="xs:string"/>
<xs:element name="AreaIn" type="xs:boolean"/>
<xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataloc:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
</xs:sequence>
<xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="tRequestType">
<xs:complexContent>
<xs:extension base="mcdataloc:tEmptyType">
<xs:attribute name="RequestId" type="xs:string" use="required"/>
<xs:attribute name="refresh" type="xs:boolean" use="optional"/>
</xs:extension>
</xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>

<!-- Add a new element, conceptually to the "tRequestType" -->
<xs:element name="LocationFilter" type="mcdataloc:tLocationFilterType"/>

<xs:complexType name="tReportType">
<xs:sequence>
<xs:element name="TriggerId" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="mcdataloc-reporting-uri" type="xs:anyURI" minOccurs="0"/>
<xs:element name="CurrentLocation" type="mcdataloc:tCurrentLocationType"/>
<xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataloc:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
</xs:sequence>
<xs:attribute name="ReportID" type="xs:string" use="optional"/>
<xs:attribute name="ReportType" use="required">

<xs:simpleType>
<xs:restriction base="xs:string">
<xs:enumeration value="Emergency"/>
<xs:enumeration value="NonEmergency"/>
</xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

</xs:attribute>
<xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

<!-- BearingAndSpeed includes current azimuth, horizontal and vertical velocities, with speed
uncertainties, defined and encoded per TS 23.032 section 8.15 -->
<xs:complexType name="tBearingAndSpeedType">
<xs:sequence>
<xs:element name="BearingAndSpeed" type="mcdataloc:BearingAndSpeedFormat"/>
<xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataloc:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
</xs:sequence>
<xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:simpleType name="BearingAndSpeedFormat">
<xs:restriction base="xs:string">
<xs:pattern value="^[A-Fa-f0-9]{14}$"/>
</xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

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<xs:complexType name="TriggeringCriteriaType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="CellChange" type="mcdataloc:tCellChange" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="TrackingAreaChange" type="mcdataloc:tTrackingAreaChangeType" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="PlmnChange" type="mcdataloc:tPlmnChangeType" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="MbmsSaChange" type="mcdataloc:tMbmsSaChangeType" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="MbsfnAreaChange" type="mcdataloc:tMbsfnAreaChangeType" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="PeriodicReport" type="mcdataloc:tIntegerAttributeType" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="TravelledDistance" type="mcdataloc:tIntegerAttributeType" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="Mcdataloc:SignallingEvent" type="mcdataloc:tSignallingEventType" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="GeographicalAreaChange" type="mcdataloc:tGeographicalAreaChange"/>
    <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
    <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataloc:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
  </xs:sequence>
  <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

<!-- anyExt elements for "TriggeringCriteriaType" including 5G MBS Frequency Selection Area -->
<xs:element name="RatTypeChange" type="mcdataloc:tRatTypeChange"/>

<xs:element name="NR5GMbsfsaAreaChange" type="mcdataloc:t5GMbsfsaAreaChangeType"/>
<xs:element name="NR5GTrackingAreaChange" type="mcdataloc:t5GTrackingAreaChangeType"/>
<xs:element name="AdaptiveTrigger" type="mcdataloc:tAdaptiveTriggerType"/>

<!-- For adaptive behavior based on time & distance combination & the 5G RRC state of the UE -->
<xs:complexType name="tAdaptiveTriggerType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="MinPeriod" type="mcdataloc:tIntegerAttributeType" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="MinDistance" type="xs:positiveInteger" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="PersistencePeriod" type="mcdataloc:tIntegerAttributeType" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="AdditionalTime" type="xs:positiveInteger" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="RRC_INACTIVE_MinPeriod" type="mcdataloc:tIntegerAttributeType" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="RRC_INACTIVE_MinDistance" type="mcdataloc:tIntegerAttributeType"
minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="RRC_INACTIVE_PersistencePeriod" type="mcdataloc:tIntegerAttributeType"
minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="RRC_INACTIVE_AdditionalTime" type="mcdataloc:tIntegerAttributeType"
minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
    <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataloc:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
  </xs:sequence>
  <xs:attribute name="TriggerId" type="xs:string" use="required"/>
  <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="tCellChange">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="AnyCellChange" type="mcdataloc:tEmptyTypeAttribute" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="EnterSpecificCell" type="mcdataloc:tSpecificCellType" minOccurs="0"
maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
    <xs:element name="ExitSpecificCell" type="mcdataloc:tSpecificCellType" minOccurs="0"
maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
    <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
    <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataloc:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
  </xs:sequence>
  <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="tEmptyType"/>

<!-- anyExt elements for "tCellChange" -->
<xs:element name="EnterSpecificNRCell" type="mcdataloc:tSpecificNRCellType"/>
<xs:element name="ExitSpecificNRCell" type="mcdataloc:tSpecificNRCellType"/>

<xs:simpleType name="tEcgi">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
    <xs:pattern value="\d{3}\d{3}[0-1]{28}"/>
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

<xs:simpleType name="tNcgi">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
    <xs:pattern value="\d{3}\d{3}[0-1]{36}"/>
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

<xs:complexType name="tSpecificCellType">
  <xs:simpleContent>
    <xs:extension base="mcdataloc:tEcgi">

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<xs:attribute name="TriggerId" type="xs:string" use="required"/>
</xs:extension>
</xs:simpleContent>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="tSpecificNRCellType">
<xs:simpleContent>
<xs:extension base="mcdataloc:tNcgi">
<xs:attribute name="TriggerId" type="xs:string" use="required"/>
</xs:extension>
</xs:simpleContent>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="tEmptyTypeAttribute">
<xs:complexContent>
<xs:extension base="mcdataloc:tEmptyType">
<xs:attribute name="TriggerId" type="xs:string" use="required"/>
</xs:extension>
</xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="tTrackingAreaChangeType">
<xs:sequence>
<xs:element name="AnyTrackingAreaChange" type="mcdataloc:tEmptyTypeAttribute" minOccurs="0"/>
<xs:element name="EnterSpecificTrackingArea" type="mcdataloc:tTrackingAreaIdentity"
minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="ExitSpecificTrackingArea" type="mcdataloc:tTrackingAreaIdentity" minOccurs="0"
maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataloc:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
</xs:sequence>
<xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="t5GTrackingAreaChangeType">
<xs:sequence>
<xs:element name="Any5GTrackingAreaChange" type="mcdataloc:tEmptyTypeAttribute" minOccurs="0"/>
<xs:element name="EnterSpecific5GTrackingArea" type="mcdataloc:t5GTrackingAreaIdentity"
minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="ExitSpecific5GTrackingArea" type="mcdataloc:t5GTrackingAreaIdentity"
minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataloc:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
</xs:sequence>
<xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:simpleType name="tTrackingAreaIdentityFormat">
<xs:restriction base="xs:string">
<xs:pattern value="\d{3}\d{3}[0-1]{16}"/>
</xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

<xs:complexType name="tTrackingAreaIdentity">
<xs:simpleContent>
<xs:extension base="mcdataloc:tTrackingAreaIdentityFormat">
<xs:attribute name="TriggerId" type="xs:string" use="required"/>
</xs:extension>
</xs:simpleContent>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:simpleType name="t5GTrackingAreaIdentityFormat">
<xs:restriction base="xs:string">
<xs:pattern value="^[A-Fa-f0-9]{4}$|^[A-Fa-f0-9]{6}$"/>
</xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

<xs:complexType name="t5GTrackingAreaIdentity">
<xs:simpleContent>
<xs:extension base="mcdataloc:t5GTrackingAreaIdentityFormat">
<xs:attribute name="TriggerId" type="xs:string" use="required"/>
</xs:extension>
</xs:simpleContent>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="tPlmnChangeType">
<xs:sequence>
<xs:element name="AnyPlmnChange" type="mcdataloc:tEmptyTypeAttribute" minOccurs="0"/>

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    <xs:element name="EnterSpecificPlmn" type="mcdataloc:tPlmnIdentity" minOccurs="0"
maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
    <xs:element name="ExitSpecificPlmn" type="mcdataloc:tPlmnIdentity" minOccurs="0"
maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
    <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
    <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataloc:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
  </xs:sequence>
  <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:simpleType name="tPlmnIdentityFormat">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
    <xs:pattern value="\d{3}\d{3}"/>
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

<xs:complexType name="tPlmnIdentity">
  <xs:simpleContent>
    <xs:extension base="mcdataloc:tPlmnIdentityFormat">
      <xs:attribute name="TriggerId" type="xs:string" use="required"/>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:simpleContent>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="tMbmsSaChangeType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="AnyMbmsSaChange" type="mcdataloc:tEmptyTypeAttribute" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="EnterSpecificMbmsSa" type="mcdataloc:tMbmsSaIdentity" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="ExitSpecificMbmsSa" type="mcdataloc:tMbmsSaIdentity" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
    <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataloc:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
  </xs:sequence>
  <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="t5GMbsfsaAreaChangeType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="EnterSpecific5GMbsfsaArea" type="mcdataloc:t5GMbsfsaAreaIdentity"
minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="ExitSpecific5GMbsfsaArea" type="mcdataloc:t5GMbsfsaAreaIdentity"
minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
    <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataloc:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
  </xs:sequence>
  <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:simpleType name="tMbmsSaIdentityFormat">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:integer">
    <xs:minInclusive value="0"/>
    <xs:maxInclusive value="65535"/>
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

<xs:complexType name="tMbmsSaIdentity">
  <xs:simpleContent>
    <xs:extension base="mcdataloc:tMbmsSaIdentityFormat">
      <xs:attribute name="TriggerId" type="xs:string" use="required"/>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:simpleContent>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="tMbsfnAreaChangeType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="EnterSpecificMbsfnArea" type="mcdataloc:tMbsfnAreaIdentity" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="ExitSpecificMbsfnArea" type="mcdataloc:tMbsfnAreaIdentity" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
    <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataloc:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
  </xs:sequence>
  <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:simpleType name="tMbsfnAreaIdentityFormat">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:integer">
    <xs:minInclusive value="0"/>
    <xs:maxInclusive value="255"/>
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

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<xs:simpleType name="t5GMbsfsaAreaIdentityFormat">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
    <xs:pattern value="^[A-Fa-f0-9]{6}$"/>
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

<xs:complexType name="tMbsfnAreaIdentity">
  <xs:simpleContent>
    <xs:extension base="mcdataloc:tMbsfnAreaIdentityFormat">
      <xs:attribute name="TriggerId" type="xs:string" use="required"/>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:simpleContent>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="t5GMbsfsaAreaIdentity">
  <xs:simpleContent>
    <xs:extension base="mcdataloc:t5GMbsfsaAreaIdentityFormat">
      <xs:attribute name="TriggerId" type="xs:string" use="required"/>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:simpleContent>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="tIntegerAttributeType">
  <xs:simpleContent>
    <xs:extension base="xs:integer">
      <xs:attribute name="TriggerId" type="xs:string" use="required"/>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:simpleContent>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="tTravelledDistanceType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="TravelledDistance" type="xs:positiveInteger"/>
    <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
    <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataloc:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
  </xs:sequence>
  <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="tSignallingEventType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="InitialLogOn" type="mcdataloc:tEmptyTypeAttribute" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="GroupCallNonEmergency" type="mcdataloc:tEmptyTypeAttribute" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="PrivateCallNonEmergency" type="mcdataloc:tEmptyTypeAttribute" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="LocationConfigurationReceived" type="mcdataloc:tEmptyTypeAttribute"
minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
    <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataloc:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
  </xs:sequence>
  <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

<!-- anyExt elements for "tSignallingEventType" -->
<xs:element name="FunctionalAliasActivation" type="mcdataloc:tEmptyTypeAttribute"/>
<xs:element name="FunctionalAliasDeactivation" type="mcdataloc:tEmptyTypeAttribute"/>

<xs:complexType name="tEmergencyEventType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="GroupCallEmergency" type="mcdataloc:tEmptyTypeAttribute" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="GroupCallImminentPeril" type="mcdataloc:tEmptyTypeAttribute" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="PrivateCallEmergency" type="mcdataloc:tEmptyTypeAttribute" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="InitiateEmergencyAlert" type="mcdataloc:tEmptyTypeAttribute" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
    <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataloc:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
  </xs:sequence>
  <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="tRequestedLocationType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="ServingEcgi" type="mcdataloc:tEmptyType" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="NeighbouringEcgi" type="mcdataloc:tEmptyType" minOccurs="0"
maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
    <xs:element name="MbsmSaId" type="mcdataloc:tEmptyType" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="MbsfnArea" type="mcdataloc:tEmptyType" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="GeographicalCoordinate" type="mcdataloc:tEmptyType" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="minimumIntervalLength" type="xs:positiveInteger"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>

```

```

<xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
<xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataloc:anyExtType" minOccurs="0" />
</xs:sequence>
<xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax" />
</xs:complexType>

<!-- anyExt elements for "tRequestedLocationType" -->
<xs:element name="ServingNcgi" type="mcdataloc:tEmptyType" />
<xs:element name="NeighbouringNcgi" type="mcdataloc:tEmptyType" />
<xs:element name="NR5GMbsfsaArea" type="mcdataloc:tEmptyType" />

<xs:element name="R_BearingAndSpeed" type="mcdataloc:tEmptyType" />

<xs:complexType name="tCurrentLocationType">
<xs:sequence>
<xs:element name="CurrentServingEcgi" type="mcdataloc:tLocationType" minOccurs="0" />
<xs:element name="NeighbouringEcgi" type="mcdataloc:tLocationType" minOccurs="0"
maxOccurs="unbounded" />
<xs:element name="MbsmSaId" type="mcdataloc:tLocationType" minOccurs="0" />
<xs:element name="MbsfnArea" type="mcdataloc:tLocationType" minOccurs="0" />
<xs:element name="CurrentCoordinate" type="mcdataloc:tPointCoordinate" minOccurs="0" />
<xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
<xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataloc:anyExtType" minOccurs="0" />
</xs:sequence>
<xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax" />
</xs:complexType>

<!-- anyExt elements for "tCurrentLocationType" -->
<xs:element name="CurrentServingNcgi" type="mcdataloc:tLocationType" />
<xs:element name="CL_NeighbouringNcgi" type="mcdataloc:tLocationType" />
<xs:element name="CL_5GMbsfsaArea" type="mcdataloc:tLocationType" />
<xs:element name="CL_BearingAndSpeed" type="mcdataloc:tBearingAndSpeedType" />
<xs:element name="locTimestamp" type="xs:dateTime" />
<xs:element name="InterRatType" type="mcdataloc:tInterRatType" />

<xs:simpleType name="tInterRatType">
<xs:restriction base="xs:string">
<xs:enumeration value="5G-MBS-to-LTE-MBMS" />
<xs:enumeration value="5G-MBS-to-LTE-unicast" />
<xs:enumeration value="LTE-MBMS-to-5G-MBS" />
<xs:enumeration value="LTE-MBMS-to-5G-unicast" />
</xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

<xs:simpleType name="protectionType">
<xs:restriction base="xs:string">
<xs:enumeration value="Normal" />
<xs:enumeration value="Encrypted" />
</xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

<xs:complexType name="tLocationType">
<xs:choice minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
<xs:element name="Ecgi" type="mcdataloc:tEcgi" minOccurs="0" />
<xs:element name="SaId" type="mcdataloc:tMbsmSaIdentity" minOccurs="0" />
<xs:element name="MbsfnAreaId" type="mcdataloc:tMbsfnAreaIdentity" minOccurs="0" />
<xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" />
<xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataloc:anyExtType" minOccurs="0" />
</xs:choice>
<xs:attribute name="type" type="mcdataloc:protectionType" />
<xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax" />
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="tGeographicalAreaChange">
<xs:sequence>
<xs:element name="AnyAreaChange" type="mcdataloc:tEmptyTypeAttribute" minOccurs="0" />
<xs:element name="EnterSpecificAreaType" type="mcdataloc:tSpecificAreaType" minOccurs="0" />
<xs:element name="ExitSpecificAreaType" type="mcdataloc:tSpecificAreaType" minOccurs="0" />
<xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
<xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataloc:anyExtType" minOccurs="0" />
</xs:sequence>
<xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax" />
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="tSpecificAreaType">
<xs:sequence>
<xs:element name="GeographicalArea" type="mcdataloc:tGeographicalAreaDef" />
<xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />

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<xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataloc:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
</xs:sequence>
<xs:attribute name="TriggerId" type="xs:string" use="required"/>
<xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="tRatTypeChange">
<xs:sequence>
<xs:element name="AnyRatTypeChange" type="mcdataloc:tEmptyTypeAttribute" minOccurs="0"/>
<xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataloc:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
</xs:sequence>
<xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="tPointCoordinate">
<xs:sequence>
<xs:element name="longitude" type="mcdataloc:tCoordinateType"/>
<xs:element name="latitude" type="mcdataloc:tCoordinateType"/>
<xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataloc:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
</xs:sequence>
<xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

<!-- anyExt elements for "tPointCoordinate" -->
<xs:element name="altitude" type="mcdataloc:tCoordinateType2Bytes"/>
<xs:element name="horizontalaccuracy" type="mcdataloc:tCoordinateType1Byte"/>
<xs:element name="verticalaccuracy" type="mcdataloc:tCoordinateType1Byte"/>

<xs:complexType name="tCoordinateType">
<xs:choice minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
<xs:element name="threebytes" type="mcdataloc:tThreeByteType" minOccurs="0"/>
<xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax"/>
<xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataloc:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
</xs:choice>
<xs:attribute name="type" type="mcdataloc:protectionType"/>
<xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="tCoordinateType2Bytes">
<xs:choice minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
<xs:element name="twobytes" type="mcdataloc:tTwoByteType" minOccurs="0"/>
<xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax"/>
<xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataloc:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
</xs:choice>
<xs:attribute name="type" type="mcdataloc:protectionType"/>
<xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="tCoordinateType1Byte">
<xs:choice minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
<xs:element name="onebyteunsignedhalfrange" type="mcdataloc:tOneByteUnsignedHalfRangeType"
minOccurs="0"/>
<xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax"/>
<xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataloc:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
</xs:choice>
<xs:attribute name="type" type="mcdataloc:protectionType"/>
<xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:simpleType name="tThreeByteType">
<xs:restriction base="xs:integer">
<xs:minInclusive value="0"/>
<xs:maxInclusive value="16777215"/>
</xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

<xs:simpleType name="tTwoByteType">
<xs:restriction base="xs:integer">
<xs:minInclusive value="-32768"/>
<xs:maxInclusive value="32767"/>
</xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

<xs:simpleType name="tOneByteUnsignedHalfRangeType">
<xs:restriction base="xs:integer">
<xs:minInclusive value="0"/>

```



```

<xs:maxInclusive value="127" />
</xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

<xs:complexType name="tGeographicalAreaDef">
<xs:sequence>
<xs:element name="PolygonArea" type="mcdataloc:tPolygonAreaType" minOccurs="0"/>
<xs:element name="EllipsoidArcArea" type="mcdataloc:tEllipsoidArcType" minOccurs="0"/>
<xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
<xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataloc:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
</xs:sequence>
<xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

<!-- anyExt elements for "tGeographicalAreaDef: optional borders widths in meters" -->
<xs:element name="InnerBorderWidth" type="mcdataloc:tOneByteUnsignedHalfRangeType" />
<xs:element name="OuterBorderWidth" type="mcdataloc:tOneByteUnsignedHalfRangeType" />

<xs:complexType name="tPolygonAreaType">
<xs:sequence>
<xs:element name="Corner" type="mcdataloc:tPointCoordinate" minOccurs="3" maxOccurs="15"/>
<xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
<xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataloc:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
</xs:sequence>
<xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="tEllipsoidArcType">
<xs:sequence>
<xs:element name="Center" type="mcdataloc:tPointCoordinate" />
<xs:element name="Radius" type="xs:nonNegativeInteger" />
<xs:element name="OffsetAngle" type="xs:unsignedByte" />
<xs:element name="IncludedAngle" type="xs:unsignedByte" />
<xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
<xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataloc:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
</xs:sequence>
<xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="anyExtType">
<xs:sequence>
<xs:any namespace="##any" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
</xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>

<!-- anyEXT elements for the Configuration element - begin -->
<xs:element name="EmergencyTriggeringCriteria" type="mcdataloc:TriggeringCriteriaType" />
<!-- anyEXT elements for the Configuration element - end -->
</xs:schema>

```

D.4.3 Semantic

The <location-info> element is the root element of the XML document. The <location-info> element contains the <Configuration>, <Request> and <Report> sub-elements, of which only one can be present.

<Configuration> element has a <ConfigScope> attribute that can assume the values "Full" and "Update". The value "Full" means that the <Configuration> element contains the full location configuration which replaces any previous location configuration. The value "Update" means that the location configuration is in addition to any previous location configuration. To remove configuration elements a "Full" configuration is needed. The <Configuration> element contains the following child elements:

- 1) <NonEmergencyLocationInformation>, an optional element that specifies the location information requested in non-emergency situations. The <NonEmergencyLocationInformation> has the sub-elements:
 - a) <ServingEcgi>, an optional element specifying that the serving E-UTRAN Cell Global Identity (ECGI) needs to be reported;
 - b) <NeighbouringEcgi>, an optional element that can occur multiple times, specifying that neighbouring ECGIs need to be reported;
 - c) <MbmsSaId>, an optional element specifying that the serving MBMS Service Area Id needs to be reported;
 - d) <MbsfnArea>, an optional element specifying that the MBSFN area Id needs to be reported;

- e) <GeographicalCoordinate>, an optional element specifying that the geographical coordinate specified in clause 6.1 in 3GPP TS 23.032 [47] needs to be reported;
 - f) <minimumIntervalLength>, a mandatory element specifying the minimum time the MCDData client needs to wait between sending location reports. The value is given in seconds;
 - g) <ServingNcgi>, an optional element of the <anyExt> element specifying that the serving NR Cell Global Identity (NCGI) needs to be reported;
 - h) <NeighbouringNcgi>, an optional element of the <anyExt> element that can occur multiple times, specifying that neighbouring NCGIs need to be reported;
 - i) <NR5GMbsfsaArea>, an optional element of the <anyExt> element specifying that the 5G MBS Frequency Selection Area Id needs to be reported; and
 - j) <R_BearingAndSpeed>, an optional element of the <anyExt> element specifying that the BearingAndSpeed needs to be reported;
- 2) <EmergencyLocationInformation>, an optional element that specifies the location information requested in emergency situations. The <EmergencyLocationInformation> has the sub-elements:
- a) <ServingEcgi>, an optional element specifying that the serving ECGI needs to be reported;
 - b) <NeighbouringEcgi>, an optional element that can occur multiple times, specifying that neighbouring ECGIs need to be reported;
 - c) <MbmsSalId>, an optional element specifying that the serving MBMS Service Area Id needs to be reported;
 - d) <MbsfnArea>, an optional element specifying that the MBSFN area Id needs to be reported;
 - e) <GeographicalCoordinate>, an optional element specifying that the geographical coordinate specified in clause 6.1 in 3GPP TS 23.032 [47] needs to be reported;
 - f) <minimumIntervalLength>, a mandatory element specifying the minimum time the MCDData client needs to wait between sending location reports. The value is given in seconds;
 - g) <ServingNcgi>, an optional element of the <anyExt> element specifying that the serving NCGI needs to be reported;
 - h) <NeighbouringNcgi>, an optional element of the <anyExt> element that can occur multiple times, specifying that neighbouring NCGIs need to be reported;
 - i) <NR5GMbsfsaArea>, an optional element of the <anyExt> element specifying that the 5G MBS Frequency Selection Area Id needs to be reported; and
 - j) <R_BearingAndSpeed>, an optional element of the <anyExt> element specifying that the BearingAndSpeed needs to be reported;
- 3) <TriggeringCriteria>, a mandatory element specifying the triggers for the MCDData client to perform reporting in non-emergency status. The <TriggeringCriteria> element contains the following sub-elements:
- a) <CellChange>, an optional element specifying what cell changes trigger location reporting. Consists of the following sub-elements:
 - I) <AnyCellChange>, an optional element. The presence of this element specifies that any cell change is a trigger. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
 - II) <EnterSpecificCell>, an optional element specifying an ECGI, which, when entered, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string; and
 - III) <ExitSpecificCell>, an optional element specifying an ECGI, which, when exited, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
 - b) <TrackingAreaChange>, an optional element specifying what tracking area changes trigger location reporting. Consists of the following sub-elements:

- I) <AnyTrackingAreaChange>, an optional element. The presence of this element specifies that any tracking area change is a trigger. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
 - II) <EnterSpecificTrackingArea>, an optional element specifying a Tracking Area Id, which, when entered, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
 - III) <ExitSpecificTrackingArea>, an optional element specifying a Tracking Area Id, which, when exited, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
 - IV) <EnterSpecificNRCell>, an optional element of the <anyExt> element, specifying an NCGI, which, when entered, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string; and
 - V) <ExitSpecificNRCell>, an optional element of the <anyExt> element, specifying an NCGI, which, when exited, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
- c) <PlmnChange>, an optional element specifying what PLMN changes trigger location reporting. Consists of the following sub-elements:
- I) <AnyPlmnChange>, an optional element. The presence of this element specifies that any PLMN change is a trigger. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
 - II) <EnterSpecificPlmn>, an optional element specifying a PLMN Id, which, when entered, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string; and
 - III) <ExitSpecificPlmn>, an optional element specifying a PLMN Id, which, when exited, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
- d) <MbmsSaChange>, an optional element specifying what MBMS changes trigger location reporting. Consists of the following sub-elements:
- I) <AnyMbmsSaChange>, an optional element. The presence of this element specifies that any MBMS SA change is a trigger. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
 - II) <EnterSpecificMbmsSa>, an optional element specifying an MBMS Service Area Id, which, when entered, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string; and
 - III) <ExitSpecificMbmsSa>, an optional element specifying an MBMS Service Area Id, which, when exited, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
- e) <MbsfnAreaChange>, an optional element specifying what MBSFN changes trigger location reporting. Consists of the following sub-elements:
- I) <AnyMbsfnAreaChange>, an optional element. The presence of this element specifies that any MBSFN area change is a trigger. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
 - II) <EnterSpecificMbsfnArea>, an optional element specifying an MBSFN area, which, when entered, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string; and
 - III) <ExitSpecificMbsfnArea>, an optional element specifying an MBSFN area, which, when exited, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
- f) <PeriodicReport>, an optional element specifying that periodic location reports shall be sent. The value in seconds specifies the reporting interval. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
- g) <TravelledDistance>, an optional element specifying that the travelled distance shall trigger a report. The value in metres specified the travelled distance. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
- h) <MccdataSignallingEvent>, an optional element specifying what signalling events triggers a location report. The <MccdataSignallingEvent> element has the following sub-elements:

- I) <InitialLogOn>, an optional element specifying that an initial log on triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
- II) <GroupCallNonEmergency>, an optional element specifying that a non-emergency group call triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
- III) <PrivateCallNonEmergency>, an optional element specifying that a non-emergency private call triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
- IV) <LocationConfigurationReceived>, an optional element specifying that a received location configuration triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string; and
- V) <anyExt>, an optional element containing:
 - A) an optional <FunctionalAliasActivation> element specifying that a Functional Alias activation triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string; and
 - B) an optional element <FunctionalAliasDeactivation> specifying that a Functional Alias deactivation triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
- i) <GeographicalAreaChange>, an optional element specifying what geographical area changes trigger location reporting. Consists of the following sub-elements:
 - I) <AnyAreaChange>, an optional element. The presence of this element specifies that any geographical area change is a trigger. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string. At least one <GeographicalArea> element with its sub-elements, as defined in the <EnterSpecificAreaType> element, has to be contained within this trigger or within a different active trigger;
 - II) <EnterSpecificAreaType>, an optional element specifying a geographical area, which, when entered, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string. The <EnterSpecificAreaType> element has the following sub-elements:
 - A) <GeographicalArea>, an optional element containing and the following sub-elements:
 - x1) <PolygonArea>, an optional element specifying the area as a polygon specified in clause 5.2 in 3GPP TS 23.032 [47];
 - x2) <EllipsoidArcArea>, an optional element specifying the area as an Ellipsoid Arc specified in clause 5.7 in 3GPP TS 23.032 [47];
 - x3) <InnerBorderWidth>, an optional element specifying the width of a band of terrain delimited by an imaginary fence running parallel to the defined contour of the area on the inside, and which, if present and not set to 0, indicates that the area entering trigger will fire if the fence, rather than the defined contour of the area, is crossed due to inward motion, thus avoiding spurious firings of the entering trigger in case of rapid zig-zagging close to the defined contour line of the area; and
 - x4) <OuterBorderWidth>, an optional element specifying the width of a band of terrain delimited by an imaginary fence running parallel to the defined contour of the area on the outside, and which, if present and not set to 0, indicates that the area exiting trigger will fire if the fence, rather than the defined contour of the area, is crossed due to outward motion, thus avoiding spurious firings of the exiting trigger in case of rapid zig-zagging close to the defined contour line of the area; and
 - III) <ExitSpecificAreaType>, an optional element specifying a geographical area, which, when exited, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string and a <GeographicalArea> element with its sub-elements, as defined in the <EnterSpecificAreaType> element;
- j) <RatTypeChange>, an optional element specifying what inter-RAT changes trigger location reporting. Consists of the following sub-elements:
 - I) <AnyRatTypeChange>, an optional element. The presence of this element specifies that the inter-system RAT changes is a trigger. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string; and

- k) <NR5GMbsfsaAreaChange>, an optional element of the <anyExt> element specifying what 5G MBSFA changes trigger location reporting. Consists of the following sub-elements:
- I) <Any5GMbsfsaAreaChange>, an optional element of the <anyExt> element. The presence of this element specifies that any 5G MBSFSA change is a trigger. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
 - II) <EnterSpecific5GMbsfsaArea>, an optional element specifying a 5G MBSFSA which, when entered, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string; and
 - III) <ExitSpecific5GMbsfsaArea>, an optional element specifying a 5G MBSFSA, which, when exited, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
- l) <NR5GTrackingAreaChange>, an optional element of the <anyExt> element specifying what 5G tracking area changes trigger location reporting. Consists of the following sub-elements:
- I) <Any5GTrackingAreaChange>, an optional element. The presence of this element specifies that any 5G tracking area change is a trigger. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
 - II) <EnterSpecific5GTrackingArea>, an optional element specifying a 5G Tracking Area Id, which, when entered, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string; and
 - III) <ExitSpecific5GTrackingArea>, an optional element specifying a 5G Tracking Area Id which, when exited, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string; and
- m) <AdaptiveTrigger>, an optional element of the <anyExt> element specifying parameters controlling adaptive combined time and distance triggering. In addition to a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string, the following sub-elements may be included:
- I) <MinPeriod>, an optional element specified as a positive or 0 integer number of seconds and defaulting at 0, if not present. This element specifies the minimum wait period between consecutive location reports, irrespective of changes in the distance between the current location and the location of the most recent sending of a location report;
 - II) <MinDistance>, an optional element specified as a strictly positive integer number of meters and defaulting at infinity, if not present. This element is used in the decision of sending a location report based on travelled distance, and specifies the minimum required distance, between the current location and the location of the most recent sending of a location report;
 - III) <PersistencePeriod>, an optional element specified as a positive or 0 integer number of seconds and defaulting at 0, if not present. This element specifies the time between the moment when the MCDData client detected that the distance between the current location and the location of the most recent sending of a location report exceeded <MinDistance> and the moment when the MCDData client will check again that the updated current location is still farther away by at least <MinDistance> from the location of the mentioned sending of the location report. If the check is positive, a location report based on travelled distance will be sent;
 - IV) <AdditionalTime>, an optional element, specified as a strictly positive integer number of seconds and defaulting at 1. If a location report is not sent based on the travelled distance, the MCDData client will send a location report after <MinPeriod> + <PersistencePeriod> + <AdditionalTime> seconds after the previous location report;

NOTE 1 Taking as time origin the moment when the most recent previous location report was sent, the trigger will cause a new location report to be sent, either a travelled distance-based location report after at least <MinPeriod> + <PersistencePeriod> seconds or a time-based report after <MinPeriod> + <PersistencePeriod> + <AdditionalTime> seconds, whichever comes first. The trigger will then be reset and the time of the sending of the new location report will become the time origin for the next firing of the trigger.

- V) <RRC_INACTIVE_MinPeriod>, an optional element with the same semantics and behaviour as described above for the corresponding parameter, but applicable when the UE receives MBS traffic in RRC_INACTIVE state;
- VI) <RRC_INACTIVE_MinDistance>, an optional element with the same semantics and behaviour as described above for the corresponding parameter, but applicable when the UE receives MBS traffic in RRC_INACTIVE state;
- VII) <RRC_INACTIVE_PersistencePeriod>, an optional element with the same semantics and behaviour as described above for the corresponding parameter, but applicable when the UE receives MBS traffic in RRC_INACTIVE state; and
- VIII) <RRC_INACTIVE_AdditionalTime>, an optional element with the same semantics and behaviour as described above for the corresponding parameter, but applicable when the UE receives MBS traffic in RRC_INACTIVE state; and
- 4) the <anyExt> shall be included with the following element not declared in the XML schema:
- a) <EmergencyTriggeringCriteria>, a mandatory element specifying the triggers for the MCDData client to perform reporting in emergency status. The <TriggeringCriteria> element contains the following sub-elements:
- I) <CellChange>, an optional element specifying what cell changes trigger location reporting. Consists of the following sub-elements:
- A) <AnyCellChange>, an optional element. The presence of this element specifies that any cell change is a trigger. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
- B) <EnterSpecificCell>, an optional element specifying an ECGI, which, when entered, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
- C) <ExitSpecificCell>, an optional element specifying an ECGI, which, when exited, which, when exited, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
- D) <EnterSpecificNRCell>, an optional element of the <anyExt> element, specifying an NCGI, which, when entered, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string; and
- E) <ExitSpecificNRCell>, an optional element of the <anyExt> element, specifying an NCGI, which, when exited, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
- II) <TrackingAreaChange>, an optional element specifying what tracking area changes trigger location reporting. Consists of the following sub-elements:
- A) <AnyTrackingAreaChange>, an optional element. The presence of this element specifies that any tracking area change is a trigger. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
- B) <EnterSpecificTrackingArea>, an optional element specifying a Tracking Area Id, which, when entered, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
- C) <ExitSpecificTrackingArea>, an optional element specifying a Tracking Area Id, which, when exited, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string; ;
- D) <EnterSpecificNRCell>, an optional element of the <anyExt> element, specifying an NCGI, which, when entered, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string; and
- E) <ExitSpecificNRCell>, an optional element of the <anyExt> element, specifying an NCGI, which, when exited, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;

- III) <PlmnChange>, an optional element specifying what PLMN changes trigger location reporting. Consists of the following sub-elements:
- A) <AnyPlmnChange>, an optional element. The presence of this element specifies that any PLMN change is a trigger. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
 - B) <EnterSpecificPlmn>, an optional element specifying a PLMN Id, which, when entered, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string; and
 - C) <ExitSpecificPlmn>, an optional element specifying a PLMN Id, which, when exited, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
- IV) <MbmsSaChange>, an optional element specifying what MBMS changes trigger location reporting. Consists of the following sub-elements:
- A) <AnyMbmsSaChange>, an optional element. The presence of this element specifies that any MBMS SA change is a trigger. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
 - B) <EnterSpecificMbmsSa>, an optional element specifying an MBMS Service Area Id, which, when entered, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string; and
 - C) <ExitSpecificMbmsSa>, an optional element specifying an MBMS Service Area Id, which, when exited, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
- V) <MbsfnAreaChange>, an optional element specifying what MBSFN changes trigger location reporting. Consists of the following sub-elements:
- A) <AnyMbsfnAreaChange>, an optional element. The presence of this element specifies that any MBSFN area change is a trigger. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
 - B) <EnterSpecificMbsfnArea>, an optional element specifying an MBSFN area, which, when entered, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string; and
 - C) <ExitSpecificMbsfnArea>, an optional element specifying an MBSFN area, which, when exited, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
- VI) <PeriodicReport>, an optional element specifying that periodic location reports shall be sent. The value in seconds specifies the reporting interval. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
- VII) <TravelledDistance>, an optional element specifying that the travelled distance shall trigger a report. The value in metres specified the travelled distance. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
- VIII) <McdDataSignallingEvent>, an optional element specifying what signalling events triggers a location report. The <McdDataSignallingEvent> element has the following sub-elements:
- A) <InitialLogOn>, an optional element specifying that an initial log on triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
 - B) <GroupCallNonEmergency>, an optional element specifying that a non-emergency group call triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
 - C) <PrivateCallNonEmergency>, an optional element specifying that a non-emergency private call triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string; and
 - D) <LocationConfigurationReceived>, an optional element specifying that a received location configuration triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string; and

IX) <GeographicalAreaChange>, an optional element specifying what geographical area changes trigger location reporting. Consists of the following sub-elements:

- A) <AnyAreaChange>, an optional element. The presence of this element specifies that any geographical area change is a trigger. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string. At least one <GeographicalArea> element with its sub-elements, as defined in the <EnterSpecificAreaType> element, has to be contained within this trigger or within a different active trigger;
- B) <EnterSpecificAreaType>, an optional element specifying a geographical area, which, when entered, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string. The <EnterSpecificAreaType> element contains a <GeographicalArea> element, as defined in bullet 3); and
- C) <ExitSpecificAreaType>, an optional element specifying a geographical area, which, when exited, triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string and a <GeographicalArea> element with its sub-elements, as defined in the <EnterSpecificAreaType> element.

<Request> is an element with a <RequestId> attribute, with a "LocationFilter" element as an <anyExt> element of "location-info" and with an optional "refresh" attribute. The <Request> element is used to request a location report. The "LocationFilter" element requires that only requested MCDData clients which pass the specified filtering criteria have their location information reported to the requesting MCDData client. The "refresh" attribute is a Boolean and requires that the location information is immediately updated. The value of the <RequestId> attribute is returned in the corresponding <ReportId> attribute in order to correlate the request and the report.

<Report> is an element used to include the location report. It contains a <ReportId> attribute and a <ReportType> attribute. The <ReportId> attribute is used to return the value in the <RequestId> attribute in the <Request> element. The <ReportType> attribute has two values "Emergency" and "NonEmergency" used to inform whether the client is sending the report in an emergency situation or not. The <Report> element contains the following sub-elements:

- 1) <TriggerId>, an optional element which can occur multiple times that contain the value of the <TriggerId> attribute associated with a trigger that has fired; and
- 2) <mcddata-reporting-uri>, an optional element which is used to identify the reporting MCDData client, this is required when multiple location information responses for different requested MCDData clients are sent, triggered by one single location information request; and
- 3) <CurrentLocation>, a mandatory element that contains the location information. The <CurrentLocation> element contains the following sub-elements:
 - a) <CurrentServingEcgi>, an optional element containing the ECGI of the serving cell;
 - b) <NeighbouringEcgi>, an optional element that can occur multiple times. It contains the ECGI of any neighbouring cell the MCDData client can detect;
 - c) <MbmsSaId>, an optional element containing the MBMS Service Area Id the MCDData client is using;
 - d) <MbsfnArea>, an optional element containing the MBSFN area the MCDData is located in;
 - e) <CurrentCoordinate>, an optional element containing:
 - i) the longitude and latitude coded as in clause 6.1 in 3GPP TS 23.032 [47]; and
 - ii) an optional <anyExt> element containing:
 - A) an <altitude> element coded as in clause 6.3 in 3GPP TS 23.032 [47];
 - B) an optional <horizontalaccuracy> element where the <onebyteunsignedhalfrange> sub-element is coded as in clause 6.2 in 3GPP TS 23.032 [47], which describes the uncertainty for latitude and longitude; and
 - C) an optional <verticalaccuracy> element where the <onebyteunsignedhalfrange> sub-element is coded as in clause 6.4 in 3GPP TS 23.032 [47], which describes the uncertainty for altitude; and
 - f) <anyExt>, an optional element containing:

- i) an optional <locTimestamp> element containing the date and time the location measurement was made;
- ii) an optional <FunctionalAlias> element containing the functional alias status change that triggered the location measurement;
- iii) an optional <InterRatType> element containing the inter-RAT change type. The <InterRatType> element set to:
 - A) "5G-MBS-to-LTE-MBMS" when the inter-system switching from 5G MBS session to LTE MBMS bearer;
 - B) "5G-MBS-to-LTE-unicast" when the inter-system switching from 5G MBS session to LTE unicast bearer;
 - C) "LTE-MBMS-to-5G-MBS" when the inter-system switching from LTE MBMS to 5G MBS session; or
 - D) "LTE-MBMS-to-5G-unicast" when the inter-system switching from LTE MBMS to 5G unicast PDU session.
- iv) <CurrentServingNcgi>, an optional element containing the NCGI of the serving cell;
- v) <CL_NeighbouringNcgi>, an optional element that can occur multiple times. It contains the NCGI of any neighbouring cell the MCDData client can detect;
- vi) <CL_5GMbsfsaArea>, an optional element containing the 5G MBSFSA the MCDData client is located in; and
- vii) <CL_BearingAndSpeed>, an optional element consisting of a 7 byte-long string of 14 hexadecimal digits which encode the binary content of the bearing, horizontal velocity and vertical velocity, as well as horizontal and vertical speed uncertainties of the MCDData UE, according to clause 8.15 of 3GPP TS 23.032 [47], where the spare bits are set to 0.

The contents of the sub-elements in the <CurrentLocation> sub-element of the <Report> element can be encrypted. The following rules are applied when any of these elements are included:

- 1) if confidentiality protection is not required, then:
 - a) the "type" attributes associated with the <CurrentServingEcgi>, <NeighbouringEcgi>, <MbmsSaId>, and <MbsfnArea> elements of the <CurrentLocation> element of the <Report> element have the value "Normal" and
 - i) the <Ecgi> sub-element of the <CurrentServingEcgi> element contains the unencrypted value of the ECGI of the serving cell;
 - ii) the <Ecgi> sub-element of the <NeighbouringEcgi> element contains the unencrypted value of the ECGI of any neighbouring cell;
 - iii) the <SaId> sub-element of the <MbmsSaId> element contains the unencrypted value of the MBMS Service Area Id the MCDData client is using; and
 - iv) the <MbsfnAreaId> sub-element of the <MbsfnArea>, element contains the unencrypted value of the MBSFN area the MCDData is located in;
 - b) the "type" attribute associated with the <CL_BearingAndSpeed> sub-element has the value "Normal" and the value of the <CL_BearingAndSpeed> sub-element is unencrypted;
 - c) the "type" attributes associated with the <CurrentServingNcgi>, <CL_NeighbouringNcgi>, <MbmsSaId>, and <CL_5GMbsfsaArea> elements of the <anyExt> element of the <CurrentLocation> element of the <Report> element have the value "Normal"; and
 - i) the <Ncgi> sub-element of the <CurrentServingNcgi> element contains the unencrypted value of the NCGI of the serving cell;
 - ii) the <Ncgi> sub-element of the <CL_NeighbouringNcgi> element contains the unencrypted value of the NCGI of any neighbouring cell;

- iii) the <SaId> sub-element of the <MbmsSaId> element contains the unencrypted value of the MBMS Service Area Id the MCDData client is using; and
 - iv) the <NR5GMbsfsaAreaId> sub-element of the <CL_5GMbsfsaArea>, element contains the unencrypted value of the 5G MBSFSA area the MCDData client is located in; and
 - d) the "type" attributes associated with the <longitude>, <latitude>, <altitude>, <horizontalaccuracy>, and <verticalaccuracy> sub-elements of the <CurrentCoordinate> element have the value "Normal" and the <three-bytes> sub-elements of <longitude> and <latitude> sub-elements, the <twobytes> sub-element of the <altitude> sub-element, the <onebyteunsignedhalfrange> sub-element of the <horizontalaccuracy>, and the <onebyteunsignedhalfrange> sub-element of the <verticalaccuracy> sub-element contain the unencrypted value of longitude, latitude, altitude, horizontalaccuracy, and verticalaccuracy respectively; and
- 2) if confidentiality protection is required, then:
- a) the "type" attributes associated with the <CurrentServingEcgi>, <NeighbouringEcgi>, <MbmsSaId>, <MbsfnArea>, <CL_5GMbsfsaArea>, <CurrentServingNcgi>, <CL_NeighbouringNcgi> and <CL_BearingAndSpeed> elements have the value "Encrypted";
 - b) the "type" attributes associated with the <longitude>, <latitude>, <altitude>, <horizontalaccuracy>, and <verticalaccuracy> sub-elements of the <CurrentCoordinate> element have the value "Encrypted"; and
 - c) for each of the elements and sub-elements mentioned in 2a) and 2b) above, the <xenc:EncryptedData> element from the "<http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#>" namespace is included and:
 - i) can have a "Type" attribute can be included with a value of "<http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#Content>";
 - ii) can include an <EncryptionMethod> element with the "Algorithm" attribute set to value of "<http://www.w3.org/2009/xmlenc11#aes128-gcm>";
 - iii) can include a <KeyInfo> element with a <KeyName> element containing the base 64 encoded XPK-ID; and
 - iv) includes a <CipherData> element with a <CipherValue> element containing the encrypted data.

NOTE 2: When the optional attributes and elements are not included within the <xenc:EncryptedData> element, the information they contain is known to sender and the receiver by other means.

The recipient of the XML ignores any unknown element and any unknown attribute.

D.4.4 IANA registration template

Your Name:

<MCC name>

Your Email Address:

<MCC email address>

Media Type Name:

Application

Subtype name:

vnd.3gpp.mcdata-location-info+xml

Required parameters:

None

Optional parameters:

"charset" the parameter has identical semantics to the charset parameter of the "application/xml" media type as specified in section 9.1 of IETF RFC 7303.

Encoding considerations:

binary.

Security considerations:

Same as general security considerations for application/xml media type as specified in section 9.1 of IETF RFC 7303. In addition, this media type provides a format for exchanging information in SIP, so the security considerations from IETF RFC 3261 apply.

The information transported in this media type does not include active or executable content.

Mechanisms for privacy and integrity protection of protocol parameters exist. Those mechanisms as well as authentication and further security mechanisms are described in 3GPP TS 24.229.

This media type does not include provisions for directives that institute actions on a recipient's files or other resources.

This media type does not include provisions for directives that institute actions that, while not directly harmful to the recipient, may result in disclosure of information that either facilitates a subsequent attack or else violates a recipient's privacy in any way.

This media type does not employ compression.

Interoperability considerations:

Same as general interoperability considerations for application/xml media type as specified in section 9.1 of IETF RFC 7303. Any unknown XML elements and any unknown XML attributes are to be ignored by recipient of the MIME body.

Published specification:

3GPP TS 24.282 "Mission Critical Data (MCData) signalling control; Protocol specification", available via <http://www.3gpp.org/specs/numbering.htm>.

Applications which use this media type:

Applications supporting the mission critical data as described in the published specification.

Fragment identifier considerations:

The handling in section 5 of IETF RFC 7303 applies.

Restrictions on usage:

None

Provisional registration? (standards tree only):

N/A

Additional information:

1. Deprecated alias names for this type: none
2. Magic number(s): none
3. File extension(s): none
4. Macintosh File Type Code(s): none
5. Object Identifier(s) or OID(s): none

Intended usage:

Common

Person to contact for further information:

- Name: <MCC name>
- Email: <MCC email address>
- Author/Change controller:
 - i) Author: 3GPP CT1 Working Group/3GPP_TSG_CT_WG1@LIST.ETSI.ORG
 - ii) Change controller: <MCC name>/<MCC email address>

D.5 XML schema for MBMS usage information

D.5.1 General

This clause defines XML schema and MIME type for application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-mbms-usage-info+xml.

D.5.2 XML schema

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xs:schema attributeFormDefault="unqualified" elementFormDefault="qualified"
xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
targetNamespace="urn:3gpp:ns:mcdataMbmsUsage:1.0"
xmlns:mcdataambms="urn:3gpp:ns:mcdataMbmsUsage:1.0">
  <!-- the root element -->
  <xs:element name="mcdata-mbms-usage-info" type="mcdataambms:mcdata-mbms-usage-info-Type"
id="mbms"/>
  <xs:complexType name="mcdata-mbms-usage-info-Type">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="mbms-listening-status" type="mcdataambms:mbms-listening-statusType"
minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="mbms-suspension-status" type="mcdataambms:mbms-suspension-statusType"
minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="announcement" type="mcdataambms:announcementTypeParams" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="version" type="xs:integer"/>
      <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataambms:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="mbms-listening-statusType">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="mbms-listening-status" type="xs:string"/>
      <xs:element name="session-id" type="xs:anyURI" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="general-purpose" type="xs:boolean" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="TMGI" type="xs:hexBinary" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataambms:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="mbms-suspension-statusType">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="mbms-suspension-status" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
      <xs:element name="number-of-reported-bearers" type="xs:integer" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
      <xs:element name="suspended-TMGI" type="xs:hexBinary" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="other-TMGI" type="xs:hexBinary" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdataambms:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="announcementTypeParams">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="TMGI" type="xs:hexBinary" minOccurs="1"/>
      <xs:element name="QCI" type="xs:integer" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="frequency" type="xs:unsignedLong" minOccurs="0"/>
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:schema>
```

```

<xs:element name="mbms-service-areas" type="mcdatabms:mbms-service-areasType" minOccurs="0"/>
<xs:element name="GPMS" type="xs:positiveInteger" minOccurs="0"/>
<xs:element name="report-suspension" type="xs:boolean" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
<xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdatabms:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
</xs:sequence>
<xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

<!-- anyEXT elements for the announcement element - begin -->
<xs:element name="mcdatabms-rohc" type="mcdatabms:emptyType"/>
<!-- empty complex type -->
<xs:complexType name="emptyType"/>

<xs:element name="max-cid" type="mcdatabms:max-cidType"/>
<xs:simpleType name="max-cidType">
<xs:restriction base="xs:integer">
<xs:minInclusive value="1"/>
<xs:maxInclusive value="16383"/>
</xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
<!-- anyEXT elements for the announcement element - end -->

<xs:complexType name="mbms-service-areasType">
<xs:sequence>
<xs:element name="mbms-service-area-id" type="xs:hexBinary"
minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdatabms:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
</xs:sequence>
<xs:anyAttribute/>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="anyExtType">
<xs:sequence>
<xs:any namespace="##any" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
</xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>

<!-- anyEXT element for the mcdatabms-usage-info element - begin -->
<xs:element name="mbms-defaultMuSiK-download" type="mcdatabms:mbms-default-ctrlkey-
downloadType"/>
<xs:complexType name="mbms-default-ctrlkey-downloadType">
<xs:sequence>
<xs:element type="xs:anyURI" name="group" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdatabms:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
</xs:sequence>
<xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:element name="mbms-explicitMuSiK-download" type="mcdatabms:mbms-explicit-ctrlkey-
downloadType"/>
<xs:complexType name="mbms-explicit-ctrlkey-downloadType">
<xs:sequence>
<xs:element type="xs:anyURI" name="group" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdatabms:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
</xs:sequence>
<xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

<!-- anyEXT element for the mcdatabms-usage-info element - end -->
</xs:schema>

```

D.5.3 Semantic

The <mcdatabms-usage-info> element is the root element of the XML document. The <mcdatabms-usage-info> element contains the subelements:

- 1) <mbms-listening-status> containing the following elements:
 - a) <mbms-listening-status> element contains a string used to indicate the MCDATA listening status:
 - The value "listening" indicates that the MCDATA client now is receiving RTP media packets and/or RTCP control packets over the MBMS subchannel in the session identified by the <session-id> element or if the

<general-purpose> element is set to "true", that the MCDData client is now listening to the general purpose MBMS subchannel.

- The value "not-listening" indicates that the MCDData client has stopped listening to the MBMS subchannel in the session identified by the <session-id> element or, if the <general-purpose> element is set to "false", that the MCDData client no longer listens to the general purpose MBMS subchannel.

Table D.5.3-1 shows the ABNF of the <mbms-listening-status> element.

Table D.5.3-1: ABNF syntax of values of the <mbms-listening-status> element

```
mbms-listening-status = listening-value / not-listening-value
listening-value = %x6c.69.73.74.65.6e.69.6e.67 ; "listening"
not-listening-value = %x6e.6f.74.2d.6c.69.73.74.65.6e.69.6e.67 ; "not-listening"
```

- b) <session-id> element contains the value of the URI received in the Contact header field received from the controlling MCDData function when an on-demand session was established, or from the participating MCDData function in the Connect message when the session was established over a pre-established session. This element is mandatory if the <general-purpose> element is not present in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-mbms-usage-info+xml MIME body.
- c) <general-purpose> element is a boolean with the following meaning:
 - True indicates that the MCDData client is listening to the general purpose MBMS subchannel associated to the TMGI(s) in the <TMGI> element(s) but have not yet received a Map Group To bearer message for any session that the MCDData client is involved in.
 - False indicates that the MCDData client is not listening to the general purpose MBMS subchannel any longer.

Absence of the <general-purpose> element requires that the <session-id> element is present in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-mbms-usage-info+xml; and

- d) <TMGI>: element contains the TMGI. The <TMGI> element is coded as described in 3GPP TS 24.008 [62] clause 10.5.6.13 excluding the Temporary Mobile Group Identity IEI and Length of Temporary Mobile Group Identity contents (octet 1 and octet 2 in 3GPP TS 24.008 [62] clause 10.5.6.13).

2) <mbms-suspension-status>: contains the following subelements:

- a) <mbms-suspension-status>: element is a string used to indicate the MBMS bearers intended suspension status:
 - The value "suspending" indicates that the RAN has decided to suspend the referenced MBMS bearer(s) at the beginning of the next MCCH modification period.
 - The value "not-suspending" indicates that the RAN has decided to revoke its decision to suspend the referenced MBMS bearer(s) before the beginning of the next MCCH modification period.

Table D.5.3-2 shows the ABNF of the <mbms-suspension-status> element.

Table D.5.3-2: ABNF syntax of values of the <mbms-suspension-status> element

```
mbms-suspension-status = suspending-value / not-suspending-value
suspending-value = %x73.75.73.70.65.6e.64.69.6e.67 ; "suspending"
not-suspending-value = %x6e.6f.74.2d.73.75.73.70.65.6e.64.69.6e.67 ; "not-suspending"
```

- b) <number-of-reported-bearers>: a hex binary number denoting the total number of occurrences of the <suspended-TMGI> and <other-TMGI> elements reported as part of the MBMS bearer suspension status;
- c) <suspended-TMGI>: contains a TMGI that is being reported as about to be suspended or as no longer about to be suspended; and

- d) <other-TMGI>: contains a TMGI that is not being reported as about to be suspended or as no longer about to be suspended, but which shares the same MCH with MBMS bearers reported in the <suspended-TMGI> elements;

3) <announcement> element containing the following elements:

- a) <TMGI>: contains the TMGI. The <TMGI> element is coded as described in 3GPP TS 24.008 [62] clause 10.5.6.13 excluding the Temporary Mobile Group Identity IEI and Length of Temporary Mobile Group Identity contents (octet 1 and octet 2 in 3GPP TS 24.008 [62] clause 10.5.6.13);
- b) <QCI>: element contains QCI information used by the ProSe UE-Network Relay to determine the ProSe Per-Packet Priority value to be applied for the multicast packets relayed to Remote UE over PC5. QCI values are defined in 3GPP TS 23.203 [63];
- c) <frequency>: element containing identification of frequency in case of multi carrier support. The <frequency> element is coded as specified in 3GPP TS 29.468 [57];

NOTE 1: In the current release the frequency in the <frequency> element is the same as the frequency used for unicast.

- d) <mbms-service-areas>: element is a list of MBMS service area IDs for the applicable MBMS broadcast area as specified in 3GPP TS 23.003 [31] for Service Area Identifier (SAI), and with the encoding as specified in 3GPP TS 29.061 [64] for the MBMS-Service-Area AVP;
- e) <GPMS>: element is a positive integer that gives the number of the media line containing the general purpose MBMS subchannel in the application/sdp MIME body attached to the SIP MESSAGE request containing the MBMS announcements;
- f) <report-suspension>: element is a boolean with the following meaning:
- True indicates that the MCDData client is instructed to notify the MCDData server when it becomes aware of an intended change in the suspension status of a listened MBMS bearer.
 - False indicates that the MCDData client is instructed not to notify the MCDData server if it becomes aware of an intended change in the suspension status of a listened MBMS bearer ; and
- g) <anyExt> element can contain the following elements not shown in the XML schema:
- i) <mcddata-mbms-rohc> element: presence of the <mcddata-mbms-rohc> element indicates that the flows delivered by the announced MBMS bearer are header compressed with ROHC as specified in RFC 5795 [60] and RFC 3095 [61]; and
- ii) <max-cid> element: of type integer restricted to the range 1 to 16383 indicating the maximum CID value that can be used by the header compressor, see clause 5.1.2 in RFC 5795 [60]). If max-cid > 15 then the header compressor uses the large CID representation. Else, the header compressor uses the small CID representation;

4) <version> is an element of type "xs:integer" indicating the version of the application/vnd.3gpp.mbms-usage-info MIME body. In this version the <version element> indicates "1"; and

5) <anyExt> element can contain the following elements:

- a) <mbms-defaultMuSiK-download> that can contain:
- i) a <group> element containing the identity, in the form of a URI, of a group for which the MuSiK download is performed; and
- b) <mbms-explicitMuSiK-download> that can contain:
- i) a <group> element containing the identity, in the form of a URI, of a group for which the MuSiK download is performed.

The recipient of the XML ignores any unknown element and any unknown attribute.

D.5.4 IANA registration template

Your Name:

<MCC name>

Your Email Address:

<MCC email address>

Media Type Name:

Application

Subtype name:

vnd.3gpp.mcdata-mbms-usage-info+xml

Required parameters:

None

Optional parameters:

"charset" the parameter has identical semantics to the charset parameter of the "application/xml" media type as specified in section 9.1 of IETF RFC 7303.

Encoding considerations:

binary.

Security considerations:

Same as general security considerations for application/xml media type as specified in section 9.1 of IETF RFC 7303. In addition, this media type provides a format for exchanging information in SIP, so the security considerations from IETF RFC 3261 apply.

The information transported in this media type does not include active or executable content.

Mechanisms for privacy and integrity protection of protocol parameters exist. Those mechanisms as well as authentication and further security mechanisms are described in 3GPP TS 24.229.

This media type does not include provisions for directives that institute actions on a recipient's files or other resources.

This media type does not include provisions for directives that institute actions that, while not directly harmful to the recipient, may result in disclosure of information that either facilitates a subsequent attack or else violates a recipient's privacy in any way.

This media type does not employ compression.

Interoperability considerations:

Same as general interoperability considerations for application/xml media type as specified in section 9.1 of IETF RFC 7303. Any unknown XML elements and any unknown XML attributes are to be ignored by recipient of the MIME body.

Published specification:

3GPP TS 24.379 "Mission Critical Push To Talk (MCData) call control" version 13.0.0, available via <http://www.3gpp.org/specs/numbering.htm>.

Applications which use this media type:

Applications supporting the mission critical push to talk as described in the published specification.

Fragment identifier considerations:

The handling in section 5 of IETF RFC 7303 applies.

Restrictions on usage:

None

Provisional registration? (standards tree only):

N/A

Additional information:

1. Deprecated alias names for this type: none
2. Magic number(s): none
3. File extension(s): none
4. Macintosh File Type Code(s): none
5. Object Identifier(s) or OID(s): none

Intended usage:

Common

Person to contact for further information:

- Name: <MCC name>
- Email: <MCC email address>
- Author/Change controller:
 - i) Author: 3GPP CT1 Working Group/3GPP_TSG_CT_WG1@LIST.ETSI.ORG
 - ii) Change controller: <MCC name>/<MCC email address>

D.6 XML schema for regroup using preconfigured group

D.6.1 General

This clause defines the XML schema and MIME type for regroup using preconfigured group.

D.6.2 XML schema

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
targetNamespace="urn:3gpp:ns:preconfiguredRegroup:1.0"
xmlns:mcdatargrp="urn:3gpp:ns:preconfiguredRegroup:1.0"
attributeFormDefault="unqualified" elementFormDefault="qualified">

  <!-- root XML element -->
  <xs:element name="mcdatargroup" type="mcdatargrp:mcdatargroup-Type" id="info"/>

  <xs:complexType name="mcdatargroup-Type">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="mcdatargroup-Params" type="mcdatargrp:mcdatargroup-ParamsType"
minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdatargrp:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
  </xs:complexType>

  <xs:complexType name="mcdatargroup-ParamsType">
```

```

    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="preconfig-group-id" type="mcdatargrp:preconfig-group-Type" />
      <xs:element name="mcdata-regroup-uri" type="mcdatargrp:mcdata-regroup-uri-Type" />
      <xs:element name="groups-for-regroup" type="mcdatargrp:groups-for-regroup-Type"
minOccurs="0" />
      <xs:element name="users-for-regroup" type="mcdatargrp:users-for-regroup-Type" minOccurs="0" />
      <xs:element name="regroup-action" type="xs:string" />
      <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
      <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdatargrp:anyExtType" minOccurs="0" />
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax" />
  </xs:complexType>

  <xs:complexType name="preconfig-group-Type">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element type="xs:anyURI" name="preconfigured-group" minOccurs="0" />
      <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
      <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdatargrp:anyExtType" minOccurs="0" />
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax" />
  </xs:complexType>

  <xs:complexType name="mcdata-regroup-uri-Type">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element type="xs:anyURI" name="mcdata-regroup-uri" />
      <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
      <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdatargrp:anyExtType" minOccurs="0" />
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax" />
  </xs:complexType>

  <xs:complexType name="groups-for-regroup-Type">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element type="xs:anyURI" name="group" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
      <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
      <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdatargrp:anyExtType" minOccurs="0" />
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax" />
  </xs:complexType>

  <xs:complexType name="users-for-regroup-Type">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element type="xs:anyURI" name="user" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
      <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
      <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcdatargrp:anyExtType" minOccurs="0" />
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax" />
  </xs:complexType>

  <xs:complexType name="anyExtType">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:any namespace="##any" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:schema>

```

D.6.3 Semantic

The <preconfigured-group> element shall contain a URI identifying the preconfigured MCDData group.

The <mcdata-regroup-uri> element shall contain a URI containing the temporary group identity identifying the regroup.

The <groups-for-regroup> element shall contain one or more <group> elements that shall each contain a URI of a group that is to be a constituent group of the regroup.

The <users-for-regroup> element shall contain one or more <user> elements that shall each contain an MCDData ID of a user that is to be affiliated to the regroup.

The XML document shall have either one <groups-for-regroup> element or one <users-for-regroup> element, but not both.

If the <regroup-action> element contains the string "create" then:

- 1) if a <groups-for-regroup> element exists in the received XML, then:

- a) if the recipient is the controlling MCDATA function for the MCDATA group identified in the <preconfigured-group> element the recipient shall follow the procedures to create a group regroup with identity equal to the value contained in the <mcddata-regroup-uri> element based on the configuration of the preconfigured MCDATA group identified in the <preconfigured-group> element;
 - b) if the recipient is a non-controlling MCDATA function, the recipient shall follow the procedures to affiliate users belonging to any constituent groups of the group regroup with identity equal to the value contained in the <mcddata-regroup-uri> element based on the configuration of the preconfigured MCDATA group identified in the <preconfigured-group> element; and
 - c) if the recipient is the terminating participating MCDATA function for one or more MCDATA users affiliated to a constituent group of the group regroup, the recipient shall follow the procedures to notify each MCDATA user in the list of users in the <users-for-regroup> element that it serves of the group regroup and affiliate those users to the group regroup; and
- 2) if a <users-for-regroup> element exists in the received XML, then:
- a) if the recipient is the controlling MCDATA function for the MCDATA group identified in the <preconfigured-group> element, the recipient shall follow the procedures to create a user regroup with identity equal to the value contained in the <mcddata-regroup-uri> element based on the configuration of the preconfigured MCDATA group identified in the <preconfigured-group> element; and
 - b) if the recipient is the terminating participating MCDATA function for one or more MCDATA users identified in the <users-for-regroup> element, the recipient shall follow the procedures to notify each MCDATA user in the list of users in the <users-for-regroup> element that it serves of the user regroup and affiliate those users to the user regroup.

If the <regroup-action> element contains the string "remove" then:

- 1) the recipient shall follow the procedures to remove the regroup identified in the <mcddata-regroup-uri> element.

The recipient of the XML ignores any unknown element and any unknown attribute.

D.6.4 IANA registration template

Editor's Note: [enh2MCPTT-CT, CR 0529] MCC is requested to submit the IANA registration for this media type.

Your Name:

<MCC name>

Your Email Address:

<MCC email address>

Media Type Name:

Application

Subtype name:

vnd.3gpp.mcddata-regroup+xml

Required parameters:

None

Optional parameters:

"charset" the parameter has identical semantics to the charset parameter of the "application/xml" media type as specified in section 9.1 of IETF RFC 7303.

Encoding considerations:

binary.

Security considerations:

Same as general security considerations for application/xml media type as specified in section 9.1 of IETF RFC 7303. In addition, this media type provides a format for exchanging information in SIP, so the security considerations from IETF RFC 3261 apply.

The information transported in this media type does not include active or executable content.

Mechanisms for privacy and integrity protection of protocol parameters exist. Those mechanisms as well as authentication and further security mechanisms are described in 3GPP TS 24.229.

This media type does not include provisions for directives that institute actions on a recipient's files or other resources.

This media type does not include provisions for directives that institute actions that, while not directly harmful to the recipient, may result in disclosure of information that either facilitates a subsequent attack or else violates a recipient's privacy in any way.

This media type does not employ compression.

Interoperability considerations:

Same as general interoperability considerations for application/xml media type as specified in section 9.1 of IETF RFC 7303. Any unknown XML elements and any unknown XML attributes are to be ignored by recipient of the MIME body.

Published specification:

3GPP TS 24.282 "Mission Critical Data (MCData) signalling control" version 16.4.1, available via <http://www.3gpp.org/specs/numbering.htm>.

Applications which use this media type:

Applications supporting the mission critical push to talk as described in the published specification.

Fragment identifier considerations:

The handling in section 5 of IETF RFC 7303 applies.

Restrictions on usage:

None

Provisional registration? (standards tree only):

N/A

Additional information:

1. Deprecated alias names for this type: none
2. Magic number(s): none
3. File extension(s): none
4. Macintosh File Type Code(s): none
5. Object Identifier(s) or OID(s): none

Intended usage:

Common

Person to contact for further information:

- Name: <MCC name>
- Email: <MCC email address>

- Author/Change controller:
 - i) Author: 3GPP CT1 Working Group/3GPP_TSG_CT_WG1@LIST.ETSI.ORG
 - ii) Change controller: <MCC name>/<MCC email address>

D.7 XML schema for control of communications storage

D.7.1 General

This clause defines the XML schema and MIME type for MCDData user control of communications storage into message store.

D.7.2 XML schema

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
targetNamespace="urn:3gpp:ns:msgstoreControlRequest:1.0"
xmlns:mcpttmsgstorectrl="urn:3gpp:ns:msgstoreControlRequest:1.0"
attributeFormDefault="unqualified" elementFormDefault="qualified">
  <xs:complexType name="enable-command">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element type="xs:anyURI" name="group" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      <xs:element type="xs:anyURI" name="private" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcpttmsgstorectrl:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="disable-command">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element type="xs:anyURI" name="group" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      <xs:element type="xs:anyURI" name="private" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcpttmsgstorectrl:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
  </xs:complexType>
  <!-- root XML element when creating a message store XML document -->
  <xs:element name="msgstore-ctrl-command-list">
    <xs:complexType>
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="enable" type="mcpttmsgstorectrl:enable-command" minOccurs="0" />
        <xs:element name="disable" type="mcpttmsgstorectrl:disable-command" minOccurs="0" />
        <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mcpttmsgstorectrl:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
        <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:complexType>
  </xs:element>
  <xs:complexType name="anyExtType">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:any namespace="##any" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:schema>
```

D.7.3 Semantic

The <msgstore-ctrl-command-list> element is the root element of the XML document. The <msgstore-ctrl-command-list> element may contain <enable>, or <disable> subelements or both.

If the <msgstore-ctrl-command-list> contains the <enable> element then:

- 1) the <enable> element contains a list of <group> subelements having zero or more subelement. The recipient shall enable the storing of the communications into message store of all the MCDData groups contained in the list for the clients for which the <msgstore-ctrl-command-list> applies.

- 2) the <enable> element contains a list of <private> subelements having zero or more subelement. The recipient shall enable the storing of the communications into message store of all the MCDData IDs contained in the list for the clients for which the <msgstore-ctrl-command-list> applies.

If the <msgstore-ctrl-command-list> contains the <disable> element then:

- 1) the <disable> element contains a list of <group> subelements having zero or more subelement. The recipient shall disable the storing of the communications into message store of all the MCDData groups contained in the list for the clients for which the <msgstore-ctrl-command-list> applies.
- 2) the <disable> element contains a list of <private> subelements having zero or more subelement. The recipient shall disable the storing of the communications into message store of all the MCDData IDs contained in the list for the clients for which the <msgstore-ctrl-command-list> applies.

The recipient of the XML ignores any unknown element and any unknown attribute.

D.7.4 IANA registration template

Editor's Note: [eMCDData3, CR 0272] MCC is requested to submit the IANA registration for this media type after the completion of 3GPP release 17.

Your Name:

<MCC name>

Your Email Address:

<MCC email address>

Media Type Name:

Application

Subtype name:

vnd.3gpp.mcdata-msgstore-ctrl-request+xml

Required parameters:

None

Optional parameters:

"charset" the parameter has identical semantics to the charset parameter of the "application/xml" media type as specified in section 9.1 of IETF RFC 7303.

Encoding considerations:

binary.

Security considerations:

Same as general security considerations for application/xml media type as specified in section 9.1 of IETF RFC 7303. In addition, this media type provides a format for exchanging information in SIP, so the security considerations from IETF RFC 3261 apply.

The information transported in this media type does not include active or executable content.

Mechanisms for privacy and integrity protection of protocol parameters exist. Those mechanisms as well as authentication and further security mechanisms are described in 3GPP TS 24.229.

This media type does not include provisions for directives that institute actions on a recipient's files or other resources.

This media type does not include provisions for directives that institute actions that, while not directly harmful to the recipient, may result in disclosure of information that either facilitates a subsequent attack or else violates a recipient's privacy in any way.

This media type does not employ compression.

Interoperability considerations:

Same as general interoperability considerations for application/xml media type as specified in section 9.1 of IETF RFC 7303. Any unknown XML elements and any unknown XML attributes are to be ignored by recipient of the MIME body.

Published specification:

3GPP TS 24.282 "Mission Critical Data (MCDData) signalling control" version 17.4.0, available via <http://www.3gpp.org/specs/numbering.htm>.

Applications which use this media type:

Applications supporting the mission critical push to talk as described in the published specification.

Fragment identifier considerations:

The handling in section 5 of IETF RFC 7303 applies.

Restrictions on usage:

None

Provisional registration? (standards tree only):

N/A

Additional information:

1. Deprecated alias names for this type: none
2. Magic number(s): none
3. File extension(s): none
4. Macintosh File Type Code(s): none
5. Object Identifier(s) or OID(s): none

Intended usage:

Common

Person to contact for further information:

- Name: <MCC name>
- Email: <MCC email address>
- Author/Change controller:
 - i) Author: 3GPP CT1 Working Group/3GPP_TSG_CT_WG1@LIST.ETSI.ORG
 - ii) Change controller: <MCC name>/<MCC email address>

D.8 XML schema for 5G MBS usage information

D.8.1 General

This clause defines XML schema and MIME type for application/vnd.3gpp.mvdata-mbs-usage-info+xml.

D.8.2 XML schema

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<xs:schema attributeFormDefault="unqualified" elementFormDefault="qualified"
xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
targetNamespace="urn:3gpp:ns:mldataMbsUsage:1.0"
xmlns:mvdatabs="urn:3gpp:ns:mldataMbsUsage:1.0">
  <!-- the root element -->
  <xs:element name="mldata-mbs-usage-info" type="mvdatabs:mldata-mbs-usage-info-Type" id="mbs"/>
  <xs:complexType name="mldata-mbs-usage-info-Type">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="mbs-listening-status" type="mvdatabs:mbs-listening-statusType"
minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="mbs-session-de-announcement-status" type="mvdatabs:mbs-session-de-
announcement-statusType" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="ue-session-join-notification" type="mvdatabs:ue-session-join-
notificationType" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="announcement" type="mvdatabs:announcementTypeParams" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="version" type="xs:integer"/>
      <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mvdatabs:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="mbs-listening-statusType">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="mbs-listening-status" type="xs:string"/>
      <xs:element name="unicast-listening-status" type="xs:string"/>
      <xs:element name="session-id" type="xs:anyURI" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="general-purpose" type="xs:boolean" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="mbs-session-id" type="xs:hexBinary" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mvdatabs:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="mbs-session-de-announcement-statusType">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="mbs-session-de-announcement-status" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="number-of-reported-sessions" type="xs:integer" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="deleted-mbs-session-id" type="xs:hexBinary" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="other-mbs-session-id" type="xs:hexBinary" minOccurs="0"
maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mvdatabs:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="ue-session-join-notificationType">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="mbs-multicast-joining-status" type="xs:string"/>
      <xs:element name="mbs-session-id" type="xs:hexBinary"/>
      <xs:element name="session-id" type="xs:anyURI" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mvdatabs:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="announcementTypeParams">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="mbs-session-info" type="mvdatabs:mbs-session-infoType"
minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="eMBMS-bearer-info" type="mvdatabs:eMBMS-bearer-infoType"
minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mvdatabs:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="mbs-session-infoType">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="mbs-session-id" type="xs:hexBinary"/>
      <xs:element name="mbs-session-mode" type="mvdatabs:sessionType"/>
      <xs:element name="mc-service-group-id" type="xs:integer" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="frequency" type="xs:unsignedLong" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="GPMS" type="xs:positiveInteger" minOccurs="0"/>
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>

```



```

        <xs:element name="mbs-service-areas" type="mvdatabs:mbs-service-areasType"
minOccurs="0"/>
        <xs:element name="report-ue-session-join-notification" type="xs:boolean" minOccurs="0"/>
        <xs:element name="multicast-mbs-session-related-info" type="mvdatabs:multicast-mbs-
session-related-infoType"/>
        <xs:element name="mbs-fsa-id" type="xs:hexBinary" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
        <xs:element name="mbs-session-de-announcement-acknowledgement" type="xs:boolean"
minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
        <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mvdatabs:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="eMBMS-bearer-infoType">
    <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="TMGI" type="xs:hexBinary"/>
        <xs:element name="Alternative-TMGI" type="mvdatabs:Alternative-TMGI-Type"
minOccurs="0"/>
        <xs:element name="QCI" type="xs:integer" minOccurs="0"/>
        <xs:element name="frequency" type="xs:unsignedLong" minOccurs="0"/>
        <xs:element name="mbms-service-areas" type="mvdatabs:mbms-service-areasType"
minOccurs="0"/>
        <xs:element name="GPMS" type="xs:positiveInteger" minOccurs="0"/>
        <xs:element name="report-suspension" type="xs:boolean" minOccurs="0"/>
        <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
        <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mvdatabs:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>
<!-- anyEXT elements for the eMBMS announcement element - begin -->
<xs:element name="mvdatabs-mbs-rohc" type="mvdatabs:emptyType"/>
<!-- empty complex type -->
<xs:complexType name="emptyType"/>
<xs:element name="max-cid" type="mvdatabs:max-cidType"/>
<xs:simpleType name="max-cidType">
    <xs:restriction base="xs:integer">
        <xs:minInclusive value="1"/>
        <xs:maxInclusive value="16383"/>
    </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
<!-- anyEXT elements for the eMBMS announcement element - end -->
<xs:simpleType name="sessionType">
    <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
        <xs:enumeration value="multicast"/>
        <xs:enumeration value="broadcast"/>
    </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:complexType name="Alternative-TMGI-Type">
    <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="Alternative-TMGI-id" type="xs:hexBinary" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
        <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mvdatabs:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:anyAttribute/>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="mbs-service-areasType">
    <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="mbs-service-area-id" type="xs:hexBinary" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
        <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mvdatabs:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:anyAttribute/>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="mbms-service-areasType">
    <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="mbms-service-area-id" type="xs:hexBinary" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
        <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mvdatabs:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:anyAttribute/>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="multicast-mbs-session-related-infoType">
    <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="PlmnId" type="mvdatabs:tPlmnIdentity" minOccurs="0"
maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
        <xs:element name="DNN" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0"/>
        <xs:element name="IPInformation" type="mvdatabs:IPInformationType" minOccurs="0"/>
        <xs:element name="MC-ID-ref-SNSSAI" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0"/>
        <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mvdatabs:anyExtType" minOccurs="0"/>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:anyAttribute/>

```

```

</xs:complexType>
<xs:simpleType name="tPlmnIdentityFormat">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
    <xs:pattern value="\d{3}\d{3}" />
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:complexType name="tPlmnIdentity">
  <xs:simpleContent>
    <xs:extension base="mvdatabs:tPlmnIdentityFormat">
      <xs:attribute name="TriggerId" type="xs:string" use="required" />
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:simpleContent>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="IPInformationType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="IPInformationListEntry" type="mvdatabs:IPInformationListEntryType"
maxOccurs="unbounded" />
    <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mvdatabs:anyExtType" minOccurs="0" />
    <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
  </xs:sequence>
  <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax" />
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="IPInformationListEntryType">
  <xs:choice>
    <xs:element name="IPv4Address" type="xs:token" />
    <xs:element name="IPv6Address" type="xs:token" />
    <xs:element name="FQDN" type="xs:anyURI" />
    <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mvdatabs:anyExtType" minOccurs="0" />
    <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
  </xs:choice>
  <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax" />
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="anyExtType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:any namespace="##any" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<!-- anyEXT elements for the mvdata-mbs-usage-info - begin -->
<xs:element name="mbs-defaultMuSiK-download" type="mvdatabs:mbs-default-ctrlkey-downloadType" />
<xs:complexType name="mbs-default-ctrlkey-downloadType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="group" type="xs:anyURI" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
    <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
    <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mvdatabs:anyExtType" minOccurs="0" />
  </xs:sequence>
  <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax" />
</xs:complexType>
<xs:element name="mbs-explicitMuSiK-download" type="mvdatabs:mbs-explicit-ctrlkey-
downloadType" />
<xs:complexType name="mbs-explicit-ctrlkey-downloadType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="group" type="xs:anyURI" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
    <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
    <xs:element name="anyExt" type="mvdatabs:anyExtType" minOccurs="0" />
  </xs:sequence>
  <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax" />
</xs:complexType>
<!-- anyEXT elements for the mvdata-mbs-usage-info - end -->
</xs:schema>

```

D.8.3 Semantic

The <mvdata-mbs-usage-info> element is the root element of the XML document. The <mvdata-mbs-usage-info> element contains the subelements:

- 1) <mbs-listening-status> contains subelements as specified <mbs-listening-status> in clause D.8.3 with the terminology mapping specified in clause I.3.4;
- 2) <mbs-session-de-announcement-status>: contains the following subelements:
 - a) <mbs-session-de-announcement-status>: element is a string used to indicate the MBS sessions intended deletion status:
 - The value "deleteing" indicates that the MC client UE has decided to stop monitoring the broadcast MBS session or leaves the multicast MBS session.

- The value "not-deleting" indicates that the MC client UE has decided to revoke its decision to stop monitoring the broadcast MBS session or leaves the multicast MBS session.
- b) <number-of-reported-sessions>: a hex binary number denoting the total number of occurrences of the <deleted-mbs-session-id> and <other-mbs-session-id> elements reported as part of the MBS session de-announcement status;
 - c) <deleted-mbs-session-id>: contains a MBS session ID that is being reported as about to be deleted or as no longer about to be deleted; and
 - d) <other-mbs-session-id>: contains a MBS session ID that is not being reported as about to be deleted or as no longer about to be deleted;
- 3) <ue-session-join-notification> containing the following elements:
- a) <mbs-multicast-joining-status> element contains a string used to indicate the MCDATA join MBS session status:
 - The value "ue-session-join" indicates that a MCDATA client joins an MBS session, i.e. the MCDATA client indicates to MCDATA server that such MCDATA client wants to receive multicast data identified by a specific MBS session ID.
 - The value "ue-session-leave" indicates that a MCDATA client leaves a MBS session, i.e. the MCDATA client no longer wants to receive multicast data identified by a specific MBS session ID.
 - b) <mbs-session-id>: element is coded as described in 3GPP TS 23.247 [84] clause 6.5.1. The MBS session ID is used to identify a Multicast/Broadcast MBS session by the 5G system on external interface towards AF and between AF and UE, and towards the UE;
 - c) <session-id> element contains the value of the URI received in the Contact header field received from the controlling MCDATA function when an on-demand session was established, or from the participating MCDATA function in the Connect message when the session was established over a pre-established session. This element is mandatory if the <mbs-multicast-joining-status> element is not present in the application/vnd.3gpp.mvdata-mms-usage-info+xml MIME body.
- 4) <announcement> element containing <mbs-session-infoType> and <eMBMS-bearer-infoType>.
- a) <mbs-session-infoType> element containing the following elements:
 - i) <mbs-session-id>: element is coded as described in 3GPP TS 23.247 [84] clause 6.5.1. The MBS session ID is used to identify a Multicast/Broadcast MBS Session by the 5G system on external interface towards AF and between AF and UE, and towards the UE;
 - ii) <mbs-session-mode>: element is a string used to indicate the service type of the MBS session, either a multicast MBS session or a broadcast MBS session;
 - iii) <mc-service-group-id>: element is a string used to indicate the MC service group ID associated to the MBS session;
 - iv) <GPMS> element is a positive integer that gives the number of the media line containing the general purpose MBS subchannel in the application/sdp MIME body attached to the SIP MESSAGE request containing the MBS announcements;
 - v) <mbs-service-areas>: element is a list of MBS service area IDs for the applicable MBS multicast area as specified in 3GPP TS 23.247[84] for Service Area Identifier (SAI);
 - vi) <report-ue-session-join-notification>: element is a boolean with the following meaning:
 - True indicates that the MC service server requires a notification from the MC service client once it has joined the multicast MBS session.
 - False indicates that the MC service server not requires a notification from the MC service client once it has joined the multicast MBS session; and
 - vii) <multicast-mbs-session-related-info> that can contain:

- shall contain an optional element specifying a PLMN Id which when exited triggers a location report. Contains a mandatory <TriggerId> attribute that shall be set to a unique string;
 - shall contain an <IPInformation> element containing (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [50]);
 - shall contain a <DNN> element (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [50]); and
 - shall contain a <MC-ID-ref-SNSSAI> element (see the MCDData user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [50]);
- viii) <mbs-fsa-id>: contains the MBS Frequency Selection Area ID. The <mbs-fsa-id> element is coded as described in 3GPP TS 23.247 [84] clause 6.5.4. The MBS Frequency Selection Area (FSA) ID is used for broadcast MBS session to guide the frequency selection of the UE. MBS FSA ID identifies a preconfigured area within, and in proximity to, which the cell(s) announces the MBS FSA ID and the associating frequency. MBS FSA ID and their mapping to frequencies are provided to RAN nodes via OAM;
- ix) <frequency>: element containing identification of frequency in case of multi carrier support. The <frequency> element is coded as specified in 3GPP TS 29.468 [42]; and

NOTE 1: In the current release the frequency in the <frequency> element is the same as the frequency used for unicast.

- x) <mbs-session-de-announcement-acknowledgement>: element is a boolean with the following meaning:
- True indicates that the MCDData client is instructed to notify the MCDData server when it becomes aware of an intended change in the de-announcement status of a listened MBS session.
 - False indicates that the MCDData client is instructed not to notify the MCDData server if it becomes aware of an intended change in the de-announcement status of a listened MBS session.
- b) <eMBMS-bearer-infoType> element as specified in clause D.8.3 <announcement> elements with the following clarifications/exceptions:
- i) <Alternative-TMGI>: contains a list of additional alternative TMGI which may be included and used in roaming scenarios;

D.8.4 IANA registration template

Editor's note: The MIME type "application/vnd.3gpp.mvdata-mbs-usage-info+xml" as defined in this subclause is to be registered in the IANA registry for Application Media Types based upon the following template. The registration is to be started after completion of release 18.

Your Name:

<MCC name>

Your Email Address:

<MCC email address>

Media Type Name:

Application

Subtype name:

vnd.3gpp.mvdata-mbs-usage-info+xml

Required parameters:

None

Optional parameters:

"charset" the parameter has identical semantics to the charset parameter of the "application/xml" media type as specified in section 9.1 of IETF RFC 7303.

Encoding considerations:

binary.

Security considerations:

Same as general security considerations for application/xml media type as specified in section 9.1 of IETF RFC 7303. In addition, this media type provides a format for exchanging information in SIP, so the security considerations from IETF RFC 3261 apply.

The information transported in this media type does not include active or executable content.

Mechanisms for privacy and integrity protection of protocol parameters exist. Those mechanisms as well as authentication and further security mechanisms are described in 3GPP TS 24.229.

This media type does not include provisions for directives that institute actions on a recipient's files or other resources.

This media type does not include provisions for directives that institute actions that, while not directly harmful to the recipient, may result in disclosure of information that either facilitates a subsequent attack or else violates a recipient's privacy in any way.

This media type does not employ compression.

Interoperability considerations:

Same as general interoperability considerations for application/xml media type as specified in section 9.1 of IETF RFC 7303. Any unknown XML elements and any unknown XML attributes are to be ignored by recipient of the MIME body.

Published specification:

3GPP TS 24.379 "Mission Critical Push To Talk (MCData) call control" version 18.x.x, available via <http://www.3gpp.org/specs/numbering.htm>.

Applications which use this media type:

Applications supporting the mission critical push to talk as described in the published specification.

Fragment identifier considerations:

The handling in section 5 of IETF RFC 7303 applies.

Restrictions on usage:

None

Provisional registration? (standards tree only):

N/A

Additional information:

1. Deprecated alias names for this type: none
2. Magic number(s): none
3. File extension(s): none
4. Macintosh File Type Code(s): none
5. Object Identifier(s) or OID(s): none

Intended usage:

Common

Person to contact for further information:

- Name: <MCC name>
- Email: <MCC email address>
- Author/Change controller:
 - i) Author: 3GPP CT1 Working Group/3GPP_TSG_CT_WG1@LIST.ETSI.ORG
 - ii) Change controller: <MCC name>/<MCC email address>

Annex E (normative): IANA registration forms

E.1 MIME type for transporting MCDData signalling content

Your Name:

<MCC name>

Your Email Address:

<MCC email address>

Media Type Name:

Application

Subtype name:

vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling

Required parameters:

None

Optional parameters:

None

Encoding considerations:

binary.

Security considerations:

General mechanisms for privacy and integrity protection of protocol parameters exist. Those mechanisms as well as authentication and further security mechanisms are described in 3GPP TS 24.229.

Security mechanisms specific to this MIME type are dependent upon the business and trust relationship between the mission critical data communications (MCDData) operator and the SIP carrier operator. MCDData operators may wish to encrypt and integrity protect the content transported by this MIME type independently of mechanisms provided by the transport layer. Such mechanisms are being specified in Rel-14 by 3GPP SA3. Security mechanisms applied to MCDData signalling content is point-to-point (UE to server, server to server, server to UE).

The information transported in this media type does not include active or executable content.

This media type does not include provisions for directives that institute actions on a recipient's files or other resources.

This media type does not include provisions for directives that institute actions that, while not directly harmful to the recipient, may result in disclosure of information that either facilitates a subsequent attack or else violates a recipient's privacy in any way.

This media type does not employ compression.

Interoperability considerations:

The content transported within this MIME type needs to be interpreted by a server as specific decisions are made based on the signalling content (e.g. store disposition history). The final destination point of the content is the terminating UE. Each UE and server that handles the content transported using this MIME type shall understand the definition of the messages and protocol elements as defined in 3GPP TS 24.282. Any messages and protocol elements not defined by 3GPP TS 24.282 shall be ignored by the recipient UE or server.

Published specification:

3GPP TS 24.282 "Mission Critical Data (MCData) signalling control; Protocol specification", available via <http://www.3gpp.org/specs/numbering.htm>.

Application Usage:

Applications supporting the mission critical data communications procedures as described in the published specification. This MIME type shall contain signalling content that is related to the payload that is delivered to a terminating user or an application of the terminating user.

Fragment identifier considerations:

None.

Restrictions on usage:

None

Provisional registration? (standards tree only):

N/A

Additional information:

1. Deprecated alias names for this type: none
2. Magic number(s): none
3. File extension(s): none
4. Macintosh File Type Code(s): none
5. Object Identifier(s) or OID(s): none

Intended usage:

Common

Person to contact for further information:

- Name: <MCC name>
- Email: <MCC email address>
- Author/Change controller:
 - i) Author: 3GPP CT1 Working Group/3GPP_TSG_CT_WG1@LIST.ETSI.ORG
 - ii) Change controller: <MCC name>/<MCC email address>

E.2 MIME type for transporting MCData payload content

Your Name:

<MCC name>

Your Email Address:

<MCC email address>

Media Type Name:

Application

Subtype name:

vnd.3gpp.mcdata-payload

Required parameters:

None

Optional parameters:

None

Encoding considerations:

binary.

Security considerations:

General mechanisms for privacy and integrity protection of protocol parameters exist. Those mechanisms as well as authentication and further security mechanisms are described in 3GPP TS 24.229.

Security mechanisms specific to this MIME type are dependent upon the business and trust relationship between the mission critical data communications (MCData) operator and the SIP carrier operator. MCData operators may wish to encrypt and integrity protect the content transported by this MIME type independently of mechanisms provided by the transport layer. Such mechanisms are being specified in Rel-14 by 3GPP SA3. Security mechanisms applied to MCData payload are end-to-end (UE to UE).

The information transported in this media type does not include active or executable content.

This media type does not include provisions for directives that institute actions on a recipient's files or other resources.

This media type does not include provisions for directives that institute actions that, while not directly harmful to the recipient, may result in disclosure of information that either facilitates a subsequent attack or else violates a recipient's privacy in any way.

This media type does not employ compression.

Interoperability considerations:

The content transported within MIME type does not need to be interpreted by a server. It represents the payload that is delivered to the end-user or an application of the end-user. Each UE and server that handles the content transported using this MIME type shall understand the definition of the messages and protocol elements as defined in 3GPP TS 24.282. Any messages and protocol elements not defined by 3GPP TS 24.282 shall be ignored by the recipient UE or server.

Published specification:

3GPP TS 24.282 "Mission Critical Data (MCData) signalling control; Protocol specification" available via <http://www.3gpp.org/specs/numbering.htm>.

Application Usage:

Applications supporting the mission critical data communications procedures as described in the published specification. This MIME type shall contain data that is delivered to a terminating user or an application of the terminating user.

Fragment identifier considerations:

None.

Restrictions on usage:

None

Provisional registration? (standards tree only):

N/A

Additional information:

1. Deprecated alias names for this type: none
2. Magic number(s): none
3. File extension(s): none
4. Macintosh File Type Code(s): none
5. Object Identifier(s) or OID(s): none

Intended usage:

Common

Person to contact for further information:

- Name: <MCC name>
- Email: <MCC email address>
- Author/Change controller:
 - i) Author: 3GPP CT1 Working Group/3GPP_TSG_CT_WG1@LIST.ETSI.ORG
 - ii) Change controller: <MCC name>/<MCC email address>

Annex F (normative): Timers

F.1 General

The following tables give a brief description of the timers used in the present document.

For the on-network timers described in the present document, the following timer families are used:

- TDPx: Timer Data Participating function x; and
- TDCy: Timer Data Controlling function y.

For the off-network timers described in the present document, the following timer families are used:

- TFSz: Timer oFf-network SDS z;

where x, y and z represent numbers.

F.2 On-network timers

F.2.1 Timers in the participating MCDData function

Table F.2.1-1: Participating MCDData function timers

Timer	Timer value	Cause of start	Normal stop	On expiry
TDP1 (SDS re-delivery timer) (NOTE)	Default value: 60 seconds Configurable.	On reception of a "SIP MESSAGE request for SDS disposition notification for MCDData server" containing an SDS disposition notification type set to a value of "UNDELIVERED",	On reception of a "SIP MESSAGE request for SDS disposition notification for MCDData server" containing an SDS disposition notification type set to a value of "DELIVERED", "READ" or "DELIVERED AND READ"	Re-deliver the SDS message to the MCDData user.
NOTE: More than one instance of this timer can be running in the participating MCDData function, each instance associated with a specific SDS message.				

F.2.2 Timers in the controlling MCDData function

Table F.2.2-1: Controlling MCDData function timers

Timer	Timer value	Cause of start	Normal stop	On expiry
TDC1 (disposition notification timer) (NOTE 1)	Default value: 5 seconds Configurable.	On reception of a "SIP MESSAGE request for SDS disposition notification for MCDData server" from a group member and aggregation of dispositions is required.	On reception of a "SIP MESSAGE request for SDS disposition notification for MCDData server" from a group member where aggregation of disposition notifications is required and all other disposition notifications have been received from all other group members	Send the aggregated disposition notifications to the MCDData user.
TDC2 (file availability timer) (NOTE 2)	(NOTE 3)	On reception of an FD request using HTTP or using media plane.	On reception of a "SIP MESSAGE request for FD disposition notification for MCDData server" from all the invited member(s) and the FD disposition notification type IE is set to "FILE DOWNLOAD REQUEST REJECTED"	Recipients are informed that the file is not available to download any longer as specified in clause 12.4.2.1
TDC3 (request for extension)	Default value: 15 seconds Configurable.	Upon receiving SIP 200 (OK) from MCDData client for the SIP INFO / SIP MESSAGE message sent as intent to release communication	Upon receiving request for extension of MCDData communication from MCDData client.	Release the MCDData communication immediately.
<p>NOTE 1: More than one instance of this timer can be running in the controlling MCDData function, each instance associated with a specific group SDS message.</p> <p>NOTE 2: More than one instance of this timer can be running in the controlling MCDData function associated with each file. Each timer for the file is associated uniquely to a Conversation ID and Message ID.</p> <p>NOTE 3: An FD request can contain metadata with "file availability" information. If the FD request contains "file availability", then the controlling MCDData function uses this information to derive the timer value. If the FD request does not contain "file availability" information, then the controlling MCDData function sets a value for the timer based upon local policy.</p>				

F.2.3 Timers in the MCDData UE

Table F.2.3-1: MCDData UE timers

Timer	Timer value	Cause of start	Normal stop	On expiry
TDU1 (delivery and read) (NOTE)	Default value: 120 milliseconds Configurable.	When the client receives a SDS message with Disposition request type IE set to "DELIVERY AND READ".	When a SDS message display indication is received.	Send a SDS notification with Disposition type IE set to "DELIVERED" and when the MCDData client has displayed the message to the MCDData user, send a SDS notification with Disposition type IE set to "READ"
TDU2 (FD non-mandatory download timer) (NOTE)	Default value: 60 seconds Configurable.	On reception of an FD request not indicating mandatory download as specified in clause 10.2.1.2.3	When the MCDData user performs the action to accept, reject or defer the FD request as specified in clause 10.2.1.2.3	No specific action by the MCDData UE.
NOTE: Value of timer TDU1 (delivery and read) should be configured such that, when a consolidated "DELIVERED AND READ" notification is not feasible, the MCDData client is able to send the "DELIVERED" disposition notification without delay.				

F.3 Off-network timers

F.3.1 Timers in off-network SDS

The table F.3.1-1 lists the timers used in off-network SDS, their start values, their limits, describes the cause of the start, and the action to take on normal stop and on expiry.

Table F.3.1-1: Timers in off-network SDS

Timer	Timer value	Cause of start	Normal stop	On expiry
TFS1 (SDS message retransmission)	Default value: 40 millisecond Configurable.	When the client sends a SDS OFF-NETWORK MESSAGE message.	Associated counter CFS1 (SDS message retransmission) reaches upper limit	Send a SDS OFF-NETWORK MESSAGE message.
TFS2 (SDS notification retransmission)	Default value: 40 millisecond Configurable.	When the client sends a SDS OFF-NETWORK NOTIFICATION message.	Associated counter CFS2 (SDS notification retransmission) reaches upper limit	Send a SDS OFF-NETWORK NOTIFICATION message.
TFS3 (delivery and read)	Default value: 120 millisecond Configurable.	When the client receives a SDS OFF-NETWORK MESSAGE with Disposition request type IE set to "DELIVERY AND READ".	When a SDS message display indication is received.	Send a SDS OFF-NETWORK NOTIFICATION message with Disposition type IE set to "DELIVERED" and when the MCDData client has displayed the message to the MCDData user, send a SDS OFF-NETWORK NOTIFICATION message with Disposition type IE set to "READ"
NOTE: Value of timer TFS3 (delivery and read) should be configured such that, when a consolidated "DELIVERED AND READ" notification is not feasible, the MCDData client is able to send the "DELIVERED" disposition notification without delay.				

F.3.2 Timers in off-network emergency alert

The table F.3.2-1 lists the timers used in off-network emergency alert, their start values, their limits, describes the cause of start, and the action to take on normal stop and on expiry.

Table F.3.2-1: Timers in off-network emergency alert

Timer	Timer value	Cause of start	Normal stop	On expiry
TFE1 (Emergency Alert)	Default value: 30 seconds Maximum value: 60 seconds Configurable. Set to the value of " <code><x>/OffNetwork/Timers/TFE1</code> " leaf node present in the UE initial configuration as specified in 3GPP TS 24.483 [2].	Receipt of GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT.	Receipt of GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT CANCEL.	Assume end of emergency state, remove associated user from the list.
TFE2 (emergency alert retransmission)	Default value: 5 seconds Maximum value: 10 seconds Configurable. Set to the value of " <code><x>/OffNetwork/Timers/TFE2</code> " leaf node present in the UE initial configuration as specified in 3GPP TS 24.483 [2].	Transmission of GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT.	Transmission of GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT CANCEL.	Transmit GROUP EMERGENCY ALERT.

Annex G (normative): Counters and states

G.1 General

The following tables give a brief description of counters and states used in the present document.

G.2 On-network counters

None defined.

G.3 Off-network counters

G.3.1 Counters in off-network SDS

The table G.3.1-1 lists the counters used in off-network SDS, their default upper limits and the action to take upon reaching the upper limit. The counters start at 1.

Table G.3.1-1: Counters in off-network SDS

Counter	Upper Limit	Associated timer	Upon reaching the upper limit
CFS1 (SDS message retransmission)	Default value: 5 Configurable.	TFS1	Stop timer TFS1.
CFS2 (SDS notification retransmission)	Default value: 5 Configurable.	TFS2	Stop timer TFS2.

G.4 On-network emergency related states

G.4.1 MCDData emergency alert state

Table G.4.1-1 provides the semantics of the MCDData emergency alert (MDEA) state values. This is an internal state of the MCDData client and is managed by the MCDData client. These state values aid in the managing of the information elements of MCDData emergency alerts and their cancellations.

Table G.4.1-1: MCDData emergency alert state

MCDData emergency alert state values	State-entering events	Comments
MDEA 1: no-alert	initial state emergency alert cancelled emergency alert request denied	emergency alerts can be cancelled in several ways: via emergency alert cancel requests with <alert-ind> set to "false" (by initiator or by authorised user); or via emergency group communication cancel request with <alert-ind> set to "false" MCDData emergency state: may be set or clear, depending on MCDData emergency communication status
MDEA 2: emergency-alert-confirm-pending	emergency alert request sent	emergency alerts can be requested in several ways: MCDData emergency alert request with <alert-ind> set to "true"; or MCDData emergency group communication request with <alert-ind> set to "true" MCDData emergency state: is set
MDEA 3: emergency-alert-initiated	emergency alert response (success) received	MCDData emergency state: is set
MDEA 4: emergency-alert-cancel-pending	emergency alert cancellation request sent by alert originator	MCDData emergency state: is clear

G.4.2 MCDData emergency state

The MCDData emergency state is managed by the MCDData client and MCDData user. High-level characteristics of this state are captured in table G.4.2-1.

Table G.4.2-1: MCDData emergency state

MCDData emergency state	State-setting events	State-clearing events	Comments
Values: "set": MCDData user is in a life-threatening situation "clear": MCDData user is not in a life-threatening situation Managed by: MCDData client and MCDData user	MCDData emergency alert initiated MCDData emergency group communication initiated MCDData emergency private communication initiated	MCDData emergency alert cancelled (by initiator) MCDData emergency alert cancelled (by authorised-user) MCDData emergency communication cancelled by initiator (if there is no outstanding MCDData emergency alert) MCDData user manually clears the state	While the MCDData client is in the MCDData emergency state, all group communications it makes will be MCDData emergency group communications, providing the group is authorised for MCDData emergency group communications. While in an emergency group communication while in the MCDData emergency state, the MCDData user is an emergency participant and will have pre-emptive priority over non-emergency participants in the emergency group communication.

G.4.3 In-progress emergency group state

This state conforms with TS 23.282 [2]. It is managed by the controlling MCDData function. High-level characteristics of this state are captured in table G.4.3-1.

Table G.4.3-1: in-progress emergency group state

In-progress emergency group state values	State-entering events	Comments
"true"	acceptance by the controlling MCDData function of an MCDData emergency group communication request.	
"false"	initial state prior to any communication activity acceptance by the controlling MCDData function of an MCDData emergency group cancel request.	

G.4.4 MCDData emergency group state

The MCDData emergency group state is the MCDData client's perspective of the in-progress emergency group state which is managed by the controlling MCDData function. The MCDData emergency group (MDEG) state is managed by the MCDData client to enable the requesting of MCDData emergency-level priority as early as possible in the origination of an MCDData emergency group communication. High-level characteristics of this state are captured in table G.4.4-1.

Table G.4.4-1: MCDData emergency group state

MCDData emergency group state values	State-entering events	Comments
MDEG 1: no-emergency	<p>initial state prior to any communication activity</p> <p>Emergency group communication cancel request received on behalf of another user from the MCDData server</p> <p>Emergency group communication cancel response (success) in response to initiator's request</p>	
MDEG 2: in-progress	<p>Emergency group communication response received (confirm) to initiator's emergency group communication request</p> <p>Emergency group communication request received (on behalf of another user)</p>	In this state, all participants in communications on this group will receive emergency level priority whether or not they are in the MCDData emergency state themselves.
MDEG 3: cancel-pending	Emergency group communication cancel request sent by initiator	The controlling MCDData function may not grant the cancel request for various reasons, e.g., other users in an MCDData emergency state remain in the communication.
MDEG 4: confirm-pending	Emergency group communication request sent by initiator	The controlling MCDData function may not grant the request for various reasons, e.g., the MCDData group is not configured as being emergency-capable so it can't be assumed that the group will enter the in-progress state.

G.4.5 MCDData emergency group communication state

Table G.4.5-1 provides the semantics of the MCDData emergency group communication (MDEGC) state values. This is an internal state of the MCDData client and is managed by the MCDData client. This state variable aids in the managing of the information elements of MCDData emergency group communications and MCDData emergency alerts and their cancellations.

Table G.4.5-1: MCDData emergency group communication state

MCDData emergency group communication state values	Semantics	Comments
MDEGC 1: emergency-gc-capable	MCDData emergency-capable client is not currently in an MCDData emergency group communication that it has originated, nor is it in the process of initiating one.	MCDData emergency state: may or may not be set in this state, depending upon the MCDData client's MDEA state
MDEGC 2: emergency-communication-requested	MCDData client has initiated an MCDData emergency group communication request.	MCDData emergency state: is set
MDEGC 3: emergency-communication-granted	MCDData client has received an MCDData emergency group communication grant.	If the MCDData user initiates a communication while the MCDData emergency state is still set, that communication will be an MCDData emergency group communication, assuming that the group is authorised for the client to initiate emergency group communications on. MCDData emergency state: is set

G.4.6 In-progress imminent peril group state

This state is managed by the controlling MCDData function. High-level characteristics of this state are captured in table G.4.6-1.

Table G.4.6-1: in-progress imminent peril group state

In-progress imminent peril group state values	State-entering events	Comments
"true"	acceptance by the controlling MCDData function of an MCDData imminent peril group communication.	
"false"	initial state prior to any communication activity acceptance by the controlling MCDData function of an MCDData imminent peril group cancel request.	

G.4.7 MCDData imminent peril group state

The MCDData imminent peril group state is the MCDData client's perspective of the in-progress imminent peril group state which is managed by the controlling MCDData function. The MCDData imminent peril group (MDIG) state is managed by the MCDData client to enable the requesting of MCDData imminent peril-level priority as early as possible in the origination of an MCDData imminent peril group communication. High-level characteristics of this state are captured in table G.4.7-1.

Table G.4.7-1: MCDData imminent peril group state

MCDData imminent peril group state values	State-entering events	Comments
MDIG 1: no-imminent-peril	<p>initial state prior to any communication activity</p> <p>Imminent peril group communication cancel request received on behalf of another user from the MCDData server</p> <p>Imminent peril group communication cancel response (success) in response to initiator's request</p>	
MDIG 2: in-progress	<p>Imminent peril group communication response received (confirm) to initiator's imminent peril group communication request</p> <p>Imminent peril group communication request received (on behalf of another user)</p>	In this state, all participants in communications on this group will receive imminent peril level priority whether or not they initiated an MCDData imminent peril group communication themselves.
MDIG 3: cancel-pending	Imminent peril group communication cancel request sent by initiator	The controlling MCDData function may not grant the cancel request for various reasons, e.g., other users in an MCDData imminent peril state remain in the communication.
MDIG 4: confirm-pending	Imminent peril group communication request sent by initiator	The controlling MCDData function may not grant the communication request for various reasons, e.g., the MCDData group is not configured as being imminent peril-capable so it can't be assumed that the group will enter the in-progress state.

G.4.8 MCDData imminent peril group communication state

Table G.4.8-1 provides the semantics of the MCDData imminent peril group communication (MDIGC) state values. This internal state of the MCDData client and is managed by the MCDData client. These states aid in the managing of the information elements of MCDData imminent peril group communications and their cancellations.

Table G.4.8-1: MCDATA imminent peril group communication state

MCDATA imminent peril group communication state values	Semantics	Comments
MDIGC 1: imminent-peril-gc-capable	MCDATA client imminent peril-capable client is not currently in an MCDATA imminent peril group communication that it has originated, nor is it in the process of initiating one.	In this state, the MCDATA imminent peril group state will be set to either "MDIG 1: no-imminent-peril" or "MDIG 2: in-progress" state.
MDIGC 2: imminent-peril-communication-requested	MCDATA client has initiated an MCDATA imminent peril group communication request.	In this state, the MCDATA imminent peril group state will be set to "MDIG 4: confirm-pending" if not already in the "MDIG 2: in-progress" state.
MDIGC 3: imminent-peril-communication-granted	MCDATA client has received an MCDATA imminent peril group communication grant.	In this state, the MCDATA imminent peril group state will be set to "MDIG2: in-progress".

G.4.9 In-progress emergency private communication state

This state is managed by the controlling MCDATA function. All private communications originated between an initiator and the target MCDATA user when they are in an in-progress emergency private communication state are MCDATA emergency private communications until this state is cancelled, whether or not the originator of the private communication is in an MCDATA emergency state.

Table G.4.9-1: in-progress emergency private communication state

In-progress emergency private communication state values	State-entering events	Comments
"true"	acceptance by the controlling MCDATA function of an MCDATA emergency private communication request.	The in-progress emergency private communication state applies to the communication and the two MCDATA users in the communication.
"false"	initial state prior to any private communication activity acceptance by the controlling MCDATA function of the cancellation of an MCDATA emergency private communication.	

G.4.10 MCDATA emergency private priority state

The MCDATA emergency private priority state is the MCDATA client's perspective of the in-progress emergency private communication state which is managed by the controlling MCDATA function. The MCDATA emergency private priority (MDEPP) state is managed by the MCDATA client to enable the requesting of MCDATA emergency-level priority as early as possible in the origination of an MCDATA emergency private communication. High-level characteristics of this state are captured in table G.4.10-1.

Table G.4.10-1: MCDData emergency private priority state

MCDData emergency private priority state values	State-entering events	Comments
MDEPP 1: no-emergency	<p>initial state prior to any communication activity</p> <p>Emergency private communication cancel request received on behalf of another user from the MCDData server</p> <p>Emergency private communication cancel response (success) in response to initiator's request</p>	
MDEPP 2: in-progress	<p>Emergency private communication response received (confirm) to initiator's emergency private communication request</p> <p>Emergency private communication request received (on behalf of another user)</p>	In this state, both participants in communications to each other will request emergency level priority whether or not they are in the MCDData emergency state themselves.
MDEPP 3: cancel-pending	Emergency private communication cancel request sent by initiator	The controlling MCDData function may not grant the cancel request for various reasons, e.g., the other user in the communication is in an MCDData emergency state.
MDEPP 4: confirm-pending	Emergency private communication request sent by initiator	The controlling MCDData function may not grant the communication request for various reasons, e.g., the MCDData user is not configured as being authorised to originate an emergency private communication so it can't be assumed that the communication (originator and target users) will enter the in-progress state.

G.4.11 MCDData emergency private communication state

Table G.4.11-1 provides the semantics of the MCDData emergency private communication (MDEPC) state values. This is an internal state of the MCDData client and is managed by the MCDData client. This state aids in the managing of the information elements of MCDData emergency private communications and MCDData emergency alerts and their cancellations.

Table G.4.11-1: MCDData emergency private communication state

MCDData emergency private communication state values	Semantics	Comments
MDEPC 1: emergency-pc-capable	MCDData client emergency-capable client is not currently in an MCDData emergency private communication that it has originated, nor is it in the process of initiating one.	MCDData emergency state: may or may not be set in this state, depending upon the MCDData client's MDPEA state and the emergency states related to MCDData emergency group communications.
MDEPC 2: emergency-pc-requested	MCDData client has initiated an MCDData emergency private communication request.	MCDData emergency state: is set
MDEPC 3: emergency-pc-granted	MCDData client has received an MCDData emergency private communication grant.	If the MCDData user initiates a communication while the MCDData emergency state is still set, that communication will be an MCDData emergency private communication, assuming that the initiating MCDData user is authorised to initiate an MCDData emergency private communication to the targeted MCDData user. MCDData emergency state: is set

G.4.12 MCDData private emergency alert state

Table G.4.12-1 provides the semantics of the MCDData private emergency alert (MDPEA) state values. This is an internal state of the MCDData client and is managed by the MCDData client. These states aid in the managing of the information elements of MCDData emergency private communications and MCDData emergency alerts and their cancellations. MCDData private emergency alerts are targeted to an MCDData user.

Table G.4.12-1: MCDData private emergency alert state

MCDData emergency alert state values	State-entering events	Comments
MDPEA 1: no-alert	initial state emergency alert cancelled emergency alert request denied	emergency alerts targeted to an MCDData user can be cancelled in several ways: MCDData emergency private communication cancel request with <alert-ind> set to "false" timeout of private communication inactivity timer end of communication (if system policy) MCDData emergency state: may be set or clear, depending on MCDData emergency communication status
MDPEA 2: emergency-alert-confirm-pending	emergency alert request sent	emergency alerts can be requested as an optional part of a MCDData client's request to initiate an MCDData emergency private communication, in which case the request has an <alert-ind> element set to "true". MCDData emergency state: is set
MDPEA 3: emergency-alert-initiated	emergency alert response (success) received	MCDData emergency state: is set
MDPEA 4: emergency-alert-cancel-pending	emergency alert cancellation request sent by alert originator	MCDData emergency state: is clear

G.4.13 MCDData adhoc group emergency alert state

Table G.4.13-1 provides the semantics of the MCDData adhoc group emergency alert (AH-MEA) state values. This is an internal state of the MCDData client and is managed by the MCDData client. These states aid in the managing of the information elements of MCDData emergency group data communication and MCDData emergency alerts and their cancellations.

Table G.4.13-1: MCDData adhoc group emergency alert state

MCDData adhoc group emergency alert state values	State-entering events	Comments
AH-MEA 1: no-adhoc-alert	initial state adhoc group emergency alert cancelled adhoc group emergency alert request denied	adhoc group emergency alerts can be cancelled in several ways: MCDData adhoc group emergency alert cancel request with <adhoc-alert-ind> set to "false" (by initiator) MCDData adhoc group emergency alert cancel request with <adhoc-alert-ind> set to "false" (by authorised user) MCDData emergency state: may be set or clear, depending on MCDData emergency data communication status
AH-MEA 2: adhoc-emergency-alert-confirm-pending	adhoc group emergency alert request sent	adhoc group emergency alerts can be requested only one way: MCDData adhoc group emergency alert request with <adhoc-alert-ind> set to "true" MCDData emergency state: is set
AH-MEA 3: adhoc-emergency-alert-initiated	adhoc group emergency alert response (success) received	MCDData emergency state: is set
AH-MEA 4: adhoc-emergency-alert-cancel-pending	adhoc group emergency alert cancellation request sent by alert originator	MCDData emergency state: is clear

Annex H (informative): INFO packages defined in the present document

H.1 Info package for indication of communication release

H.1.1 Scope

This clause contains the information required for the IANA registration of info package g.3gpp.mcdata-com-release in accordance with IETF RFC 6086.

H.1.2 g.3gpp.mcdata-com-release info package

H.1.2.1 Overall description

When one of the communication release conditions are met e.g. lack of bearer capacity, limit for the maximum amount of data or time that a participant transmits from a single request to transmit exceeded, the MCDData server may decide to release communication. Based on local policy and configuration, MCDData server can release the communication without prior notification to MCDData user; or it may send a notification to MCDData user and allow the user to request for extension if the MCDData user wants to. With this notification, MCDData server may also request for more information related to ongoing communication like amount of data remainnig to be transmitted. If MCDData user requests for extension of the MCDData communication, MCDData server can accept or reject based on local policy.

H.1.2.2 Applicability

This package is used to:

- send MCDData server's intent to release the communication to the MCDData client
- send more data from MCDData client to MCDData server when requested
- request extension of the MCDData communication to MCDData server.
- send response for extension request from MCDData server to MCDData client.

H.1.2.3 Appropriateness of INFO Package Usage

A number of solutions were discussed for sending MCDData server's intent to release the communication along with request for more data to MCDData user. The solutions were:

- 1) Use of the session related methods (e.g. SIP RE-INVITE 200 (OK) response.
- 2) Use of the SIP INFO method as described in IETF RFC 6086, by defining a new info package.

The result of the evaluation of the above solutions were:

- 1) An SIP INVITE request will have three-way handshake, which may not be optimal to transfer the required data.
- 2) The use of SIP INFO request was found as the most appropriate solution since the SIP INFO request could be sent in the existing SIP session and can carry QUERY response in 200 OK.

H.1.2.4 Info package name

g.3gpp.mcdata-com-release

H.1.2.5 Info package parameters

None defined

H.1.2.6 SIP options tags

None defined

H.1.2.7 INFO message body parts

The MIME type of the message body carrying application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling and application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-payload. Both application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-signalling and application/vnd.3gpp.mcdata-payload MIME type is defined in this specification.

H.1.2.8 Info package usage restrictions

None defined.

H.1.2.9 Rate of INFO Requests

Single INFO request generated after MCDData server decides to release communication with prior notification to MCDData client and not requesting for more data.

Two INFO requests generated after MCDData server decides to release communication with prior notification to MCDData client and requesting more data.

Two INFO requests generated after MCDData client requests for extension of communication.

H.1.2.10 Info package security considerations

The security is based on the generic security mechanism provided for the underlying SIP signalling. No additional security mechanism is defined.

H.1.2.11 Implementation details and examples

UAC generation of INFO requests: See 3GPP TS 24.282: "Mission Critical Data (MCDData) signalling control; Protocol specification".

UAS processing of INFO requests: See 3GPP TS 24.282: "Mission Critical Data (MCDData) signalling control; Protocol specification".

Annex I (normative): MCData session control specific concepts for the support of mission critical services over 5GS

I.1 General

The present document applies to both EPS and 5GS. This annex lists the aspects of MCData session control protocols which are different in 5GS from EPS. Certain aspects that are only applicable to EPS are described in clause I.2. A mapping of EPS-specific terms to their 5GS equivalents is provided in clause I.3.

I.3 Mapping of EPS-specific terms to 5GS

I.3.1 Session aspects

In 5GS, the PDU session is the equivalent of a PDN connection in EPS. The requirements and configurations for a PDN connection throughout this document shall also apply to PDU sessions.

I.3.2 Bearer aspects

When using the 5GS, a bearer is provided by a 5GS QoS flow. The requirements, procedures, and configurations for a bearer throughout this document, including those stating EPS explicitly (e.g., EPS bearer priority), shall also apply to QoS flows.

I.3.3 Resource sharing

In 5GS, the exchange of the QoS characteristics of the required resources takes place by means of direct interaction between SIP core and PCF using N5 reference point or Rx reference point or indirectly utilizing N33 reference point between MC service server and NEF. Thus, the requirements for resource sharing of clause 18 apply with the following clarifications:

- 1) to control resource sharing, interfacing to PCF is using the N5 reference point or the Rx reference point;
- 2) optionally, QoS characteristics for resources can be exchanged indirectly utilizing N33 reference point between the MC service server and NEF.

I.3.4 Mapping of MBMS terms to MBS

In the EPS, using the MBMS procedures, in the 5GS or eMBMS and 5G MBS co-existence, using the MBS procedures;

- in the MBS procedures, references to 4G "MBMS" is understood to be references to 5G "MBS";
- in the MBS procedures, references to 4G "TMGI" is understood to be references to 5G "MBS session ID";
- in the MBS procedures, references to 4G "application/vnd.3gpp.mcptt-mbms-usage-info+xml" is understood to be references to 5G "application/vnd.3gpp.mcptt-mbs-usage-info+xml";
- in the MBS procedures, references to 4G "MBMS suspension" corresponds to 5G "MBS session de-announcement"; and
- in the MBS procedures, "Map Group To Session Stream" corresponds to the "Map Group To Bearer" in eMBMS, as specified in 3GPP TS 23.289 [85].

1.3.5 Mapping of ProSe terms to 5G ProSe

The procedures defined in this specification are reused for off-network communication and on-network communication (i.e. UE-to-network relay) for MCDATA service over 5G ProSe with the following differences:

- ProSe direct discovery for public safety shall be replaced with 5G ProSe direct discovery, as specified in 3GPP TS 24.554 [86].
- ProSe UE-to-network relay shall be replaced with 5G ProSe UE-to-network relay, as specified in 3GPP TS 24.554 [86].
- One-to-one ProSe direct communication for public safety shall be replaced with unicast mode 5G ProSe direct communication for public safety, as specified in 3GPP TS 24.554 [86].
- One-to-many ProSe direct communication for public safety shall be replaced with groupcast mode 5G ProSe direct communication for public safety, as specified in 3GPP TS 24.554 [86].
- PPPP (ProSe Per-Packet Priority) shall be replaced with PQI, as specified in 3GPP TS 24.554 [86].

1.2 Aspects not applicable to 5GS

The following aspects of EPS mentioned in the present document are not applicable to 5GS:

- Multimedia Broadcast and Multicast Service (MBMS) and the corresponding procedures.

Annex J (informative): Change history

Change history							
Date	TSG #	TSG Doc.	CR	Rev	Subject/Comment	New	
2017-01					Initial version.	0.0.0	
2017-01					Implementing the following P-CRs after CT1#101-bis: C1-170189, C1-170438, C1-170439, C1-170440, C1-170442, C1-170480.	0.1.0	
2017-02					Implementing editorials spotted in v0.1.0 and implementing the following P-CRs after CT1#102: C1-171057, C1-171058, C1-171119.	0.2.0	
2017-04					Implementing the following P-CRs after CT1#103: C1-171420, C1-171423, C1-171428, C1-171728, C1-171732, C1-171737; C1-171739; C1-171740; C1-171741; C1-171742; C1-171744; C1-171745; C1-171778; C1-171806; C1-171814; C1-171815; C1-171816; C1-171817; C1-171819.	0.3.0	
2017-05					Implementing the following P-CRs after CT1#104: C1-172166; C1-172167; C1-172168; C1-172218; C1-172224; C1-172225; C1-172247; C1-172283; C1-172371; C1-172372; C1-172373; C1-172374; C1-172375; C1-172377; C1-172537; C1-172538; C1-172541; C1-172542; C1-172544; C1-172545; C1-172546; C1-172548; C1-172736; C1-172737; C1-172739; C1-172742; C1-172752.	0.4.0	
2017-06	CT-76	CP-171110			Version 1.0.0 created for presentation at CT for information	1.0.0	
2017-06	CT-76				Version 14.0.0 created after approval at CT	14.0.0	
2017-06	CT-76				Addition of missing XSD files	14.0.1	
2017-09	CT-77	CP-172102	0001	1	Completing affiliation check for MCDData	14.1.0	
2017-09	CT-77	CP-172102	0002	1	Fixing auto-send and auto-recv	14.1.0	
2017-09	CT-77	CP-172102	0003	1	Adding warnings for MCDData	14.1.0	
2017-09	CT-77	CP-172102	0004	1	SDS Session Late entry	14.1.0	
2017-09	CT-77	CP-172102	0005		mcdata-mcdata-id	14.1.0	
2017-09	CT-77	CP-172102	0006	1	Services configuration	14.1.0	
2017-09	CT-77	CP-172102	0007		Location information	14.1.0	
2017-09	CT-77	CP-172102	0008	1	Security clause 4.7	14.1.0	
2017-09	CT-77	CP-172102	0009	2	Confidentiality and Integrity Protection of TLV messages	14.1.0	
2017-09	CT-77	CP-172102	0010		Timers and counters	14.1.0	
2017-09	CT-77	CP-172102	0012	1	Off-network SDS	14.1.0	
2017-09	CT-77	CP-172102	0013		Redundant editor's notes	14.1.0	
2017-12	CT-78	CP-173064	0015	1	MCDData Overview	14.2.0	
2017-12	CT-78	CP-173064	0016	3	Authentication and key distribution	14.2.0	
2017-12	CT-78	CP-173064	0017		Corrections to deferred download	14.2.0	
2017-12	CT-78	CP-173064	0018		Redundant Editor's Notes	14.2.0	
2017-12	CT-78	CP-173064	0019		Enhanced Status	14.2.0	
2017-12	CT-78	CP-173064	0020		File availability parameters	14.2.0	
2017-12	CT-78	CP-173064	0021		EN on security	14.2.0	
2017-12	CT-78	CP-173064	0022	2	Corrections on FD Disposition Notification	14.2.0	
2017-12	CT-78	CP-173064	0023	2	Remove mcdata-signed+xml	14.2.0	
2017-12	CT-78	CP-173075	0014	3	Response-Source header field handling completion	15.0.0	
2018-03	CT-79	CP-180073	0025	1	Correction to mcdatainfo schema	15.1.0	
2018-03	CT-79	CP-180082	0026	3	Accessing list of deferred data group communications	15.1.0	
2018-03	CT-79	CP-180082	0027	1	Authorized MCDData user initiated communication release with prior indication	15.1.0	
2018-03	CT-79	CP-180082	0028	1	Authorized MCDData user initiated communication release without prior indication	15.1.0	
2018-03	CT-79	CP-180082	0029	1	On-network Enhanced Status	15.1.0	
2018-06	CT-80	CP-181054	0034	2	MCDData Cplane SDS procedure selection criterion	15.2.0	
2018-06	CT-80	CP-181064	0035	1	Modification in usage of mcdata-enhanced-status-operational-values element for on-network ES	15.2.0	
2018-06	CT-80	CP-181064	0036	2	Off network enhanced status	15.2.0	
2018-06	CT-80	CP-181064	0037	1	MCDData originating user initiated release of MCDData communication over HTTP	15.2.0	

2018-06	CT-80	CP-181064	0038	1	MCDData server initiated release of MCDData communication over HTTP	15.2.0
2018-06	CT-80	CP-181064	0039	1	MCDData server initiated release of MCDData communication over HTTP with prior indication	15.2.0
2018-06	CT-80	CP-181064	0040	1	Auth user initiated release of MCDData communication over HTTP	15.2.0
2018-06	CT-80	CP-181064	0041	1	Auth user initiated release of MCDData communication over HTTP with prior indication	15.2.0
2018-06	CT-80	CP-181054	0043	2	Protected payload message types	15.2.0
2018-06	CT-80	CP-181064	0045	1	Extended application Id for MCDData SDS messages	15.2.0
2018-06	CT-80	CP-181064	0046	1	Essential corrections in communication release procedures	15.2.0

Change history							
Date	Meeting	TDoc	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject/Comment	New version
2018-09	CT#81	CP-182125	0048	1	A	Completed IANA registrations for MCDData	15.3.0
2018-09	CT#81	CP-182125	0050	1	A	Fix issues with encoding of IEs in MONP messages for MCDData	15.3.0
2018-09	CT#81	CP-182147	0051		F	Change Extended Application ID from TLV to TLV-E	15.3.0
2018-09	CT#81	CP-182125	0053		A	Addition of Registration without Auth Token	15.3.0
2018-12	CT#82	CP-183045	0056		F	Removal of editor's notes	15.4.0
2018-12	CT#82	CP-183059	0058		A	Correct root element in presence event package	15.4.0
2018-12	CT#82	CP-183059	0060		A	Correction of the "prefix" attribute handling	15.4.0
2018-12	CT#82	CP-183059	0062		A	Rel-14 completed IANA registrations for MCDData	15.4.0
2019-03	CT#83	CP-190094	0063	2	F	Clarification of encoding of MCDData signalling content and MCDData payload content	15.5.0
2019-06	CT#84	CP-191118	0065		A	Removing IP Address from media-level section in SDP body for MCDData Standalone SDS using media plan, SDS Session and FD using media plane	15.6.0
2019-06	CT#84	CP-191118	0070	1	A	Corrections in MCDData SDS Session	15.6.0
2019-06	CT#84	CP-191140	0066	3	B	Emergency Alerts for MCDData – General sections	16.0.0
2019-06	CT#84	CP-191140	0067	3	B	Emergency Alerts for MCDData – sending origination request, on-network	16.0.0
2019-06	CT#84	CP-191140	0068	2	B	Emergency Alerts for MCDData – cancelation, on-network	16.0.0
2019-09	CT#85	CP-192061	0071	1	C	Extended Application ID for MCDData FD Messages	16.1.0
2019-09	CT#85	CP-192061	0072	1	B	Add Location procedures for MCDData	16.1.0
2019-09	CT#85	CP-192042	0076	1	A	Fix for plugtest reported issue on mcdData notification	16.1.0
2019-12	CT#86	CP-193108	0077	1	C	Introduction of LMR Message as a value for MCDData Payload content type	16.2.0
2019-12	CT#86	CP-193109	0078	1	C	Adding file description in MCDData FD communication	16.2.0
2019-12	CT#86	CP-193102	0079	2	B	Pre-established session – References, General details and warning updates	16.2.0
2019-12	CT#86	CP-193102	0080	2	B	Common procedures for initiating SDS communication using pre-established session	16.2.0
2019-12	CT#86	CP-193102	0081	2	B	Pre-established session – General and PF use of resource sharing	16.2.0
2019-12	CT#86	CP-193102	0082	2	B	Client side procedure - Pre-established session establishment	16.2.0
2019-12	CT#86	CP-193102	0083	2	B	Pre-established session release	16.2.0
2019-12	CT#86	CP-193102	0084	2	B	Client side procedures – Initiating one-to-one SDS communication using pre-established session	16.2.0
2019-12	CT#86	CP-193102	0085	2	B	PF side procedures – Initiating MCDData communication using pre-established session	16.2.0
2019-12	CT#86	CP-193102	0086	2	B	Initiating group SDS communication using pre-established session	16.2.0
2019-12	CT#86	CP-193102	0087	2	B	Leaving SDS communication using pre-established session	16.2.0
2019-12	CT#86	CP-193102	0088	2	B	PF side procedure - Pre-established session establishment	16.2.0
2019-12	CT#86	CP-193109	0091	1	F	Correct target of error response	16.2.0
2019-12	CT#86	CP-193102	0092	2	B	Add signalling plane capability to support transmission / reception via MBMS in MCDData	16.2.0
2019-12	CT#86	CP-193109	0094	1	F	Correction of internal clause reference for implicit affiliation	16.2.0
2019-12	CT#86	CP-193102	0095	3	B	Add off-network emergency alert to MCDData	16.2.0
2019-12	CT#86	CP-193109	0096	1	F	Correct MCDData location schema	16.2.0
2019-12	CT#86	CP-193102	0097	3	B	Addition of Location information to SDS	16.2.0
2020-03	CT#87e	CP-200121	0099		F	Correcting SIP related terminology	16.3.0
2020-03	CT#87e	CP-200121	0100	1	F	Correct reference in 8.3.2.6	16.3.0
2020-03	CT#87e	CP-200122	0101	1	B	IP Connectivity	16.3.0
2020-03	CT#87e	CP-200115	0102	1	B	MCDData key download procedure	16.3.0
2020-03	CT#87e	CP-200115	0103	2	B	Retrieval of stored object	16.3.0
2020-03	CT#87e	CP-200115	0104	2	B	Search for Objects in MCDData message store	16.3.0
2020-03	CT#87e	CP-200115	0105	3	B	Update Object(s) in MCDData message store	16.3.0
2020-03	CT#87e	CP-200115	0106	1	B	Delete Stored Object(s) in MCDData message store.	16.3.0
2020-03	CT#87e	CP-200115	0107	1	B	Add Message Store Client clause	16.3.0
2020-03	CT#87e	CP-200115	0108	1	B	Copy stored object(s) and-or folder(s)	16.3.0
2020-03	CT#87e	CP-200115	0109	1	B	Creating new folder	16.3.0
2020-03	CT#87e	CP-200115	0110	1	B	Delete folder	16.3.0
2020-03	CT#87e	CP-200115	0111	1	B	Move object(s) and folder(s)	16.3.0

2020-03	CT#87e	CP-200115	0112	1	B	Search for Folders in MCDData message store	16.3.0
2020-03	CT#87e	CP-200115	0113	1	B	Move the stored object to destination folder	16.3.0
2020-03	CT#87e	CP-200115	0114	1	B	Upload the objects to the MCDData message store	16.3.0
2020-03	CT#87e	CP-200115	0115	1	C	Accessing the absolute URI associated with the media storage function	16.3.0
2020-03	CT#87e	CP-200121	0116	1	F	Corrections to TDC2 and TDC3 timer handling	16.3.0
2020-03	CT#87e	CP-200115	0117	1	B	The pre-established session modification for MCDData	16.3.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201112	0118	1	B	Deposit an object	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201112	0119	1	B	Create a subscription to notifications	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201112	0120	1	B	Delete a subscription to notifications	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201112	0121	1	B	Update a subscription to notifications MCC note: In the first sentence of §21.2.14A.1, the word "may" was substituted for "can".	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201112	0122	1	B	Synchronization notificatdion MCC note: Resolved reference to clause "21.2.n" in § 21.2.16.2 1) b) as 21.2.11.1.	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201112	0123	1	B	Search-based Synchronization	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201112	0124	1	B	List folder	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201112	0125	3	C	Editor's note for hostname of MCDData message store is addressed MCC note: CR not written to correct version of the Spec, but was implementable.	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201112	0126	2	B	Support for MCDData emergency alert and communications MCC note: This CR introduces the abbreviation IMPU; MCC has added this in the list of abbreviations, choosing the most appropriate of the five variations appearing in other 3GPP Specs. Similarly, MCC has provided the expansions of abbreviations UUID and URN introduced, but not defined by, this CR. The newly introduced term "Group identity" has a circular definition. In §D.1.3., "can" has been changed to "may" in newly introduced bullet points 11 c), 11 c) i), and 11 e).	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201112	0127	2	B	Emergency Alerts for MCDData – client procedures	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201112	0128	2	B	Handling of MCDData Emergency Alerts at the MCDData participating servers	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201112	0129	2	B	Handling of MCDData Emergency Alerts at the MCDData controlling server	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201112	0130	2	B	Auxiliary procedures in support of Emergency Alerts for MCDData	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201112	0131	1	F	Issue fixes in MCDData pre-established session	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201123	0132	1	B	IPConnectivity extension to include IP Information	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201123	0133	3	F	Corrections to file upload-download procedure as per stage 2 architecture changes	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201123	0134		B	Add functional alias status definitions	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201123	0135		B	Add functional alias to clause 4.6	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201121	0136		F	Correct <mcddata-calling-user-identity>	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201121	0137		D	Editorial correction – 6.3.6.1 MCC note: removal of extraneous underlining	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201121	0138		D	Editorial correction – 10.2.5.4.4 MCC note: adds "if" at start of point 9) g)	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201121	0139	1	D	Error correction – 13.2.1.1 MCC note: change of "client" to "server" is not editorial!	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201123	0140		B	Functional alias – 5.2	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201123	0141		B	Functional alias – 5.3	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201123	0142		B	Functional alias – 9.2.1.2	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201123	0143	1	B	Functional alias – 9.2.2.2.1	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201123	0144		B	Functional alias – 9.2.2.3.1	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201123	0145	1	B	Functional alias – 9.2.3.2.3	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201123	0146	1	B	Functional alias – 9.2.3.3.3	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201123	0147	1	B	Functional alias – 9.2.4.2.3	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201123	0148		B	Functional alias – 9.2.4.3.3	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201123	0149	1	B	Functional alias – 9.2.5.1.1	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201123	0150	1	B	Functional alias – 9.2.5.2.1.1	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201123	0151	1	B	Functional alias – 9.2.5.3.1.1	16.4.0

2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201123	0152	1	B	Functional alias – 10.2.4.2.1	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201123	0153	1	B	Functional alias – 10.2.4.3.1	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201123	0154	1	B	Functional alias – 10.2.5.2.3	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201123	0155		B	Functional alias – 10.2.5.2.4	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201123	0156	1	B	Functional alias – 10.2.5.3.3	16.4.0
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2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201123	0158	1	B	Functional alias – 16.2.1.2	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201123	0159	1	B	Functional alias – 20.2.1	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201123	0160		B	Functional alias – 20.2.2	16.4.0
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2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201124	0163	1	B	Functional alias – MCDData Client procedures	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201124	0164	1	B	Functional Alias – MCDData Server procedures	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201124	0162	1	B	Functional alias – Coding	16.4.0
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2020-12	CT#90-e	CP-203197	0188	1	F	Clarify setting of p-id and p-id-fa entries	17.1.0
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2020-12	CT#90-e	CP-203197	0192	1	F	Corrections to deferred message handling	17.1.0
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2020-12	CT#90-e	CP-203202	0199	1	A	Reject the unauthorized user request for functional alias activation	17.1.0
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2021-12	CT#94-e	CP-213061	0268	1	B	Add MCDData procedures for on-network private communication emergency for pre-established session	17.5.0
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2022-03	CT#95-e	CP-220231	0295	1	A	Media feature tags and namespace definitions for IP Connectivity subservice	17.6.0
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2022-03	CT#95-e	CP-220269	0290	2	B	functional alias as a target user for 1-1 SDS request using signalling plane	17.6.0
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2022-03	CT#95-e	CP-220276	0293	1	F	Fix wrong references in 24.282	17.6.0
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2022-03	CT#95-e	CP-220279	0282	1	F	Correcting authorization mechanism referenced in Deposit Object procedure	17.6.0
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2022-03	CT#95-e	CP-220279	0275	1	B	Cancel or Upgrade one-to-one emergency communications for SDS session	17.6.0
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2022-03	CT#95-e	CP-220279	0312	-	F	Data payload protection clarification	17.6.0
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2022-12	CT#98e	CP-223131	0338	1	F	Fix use of call-to-functional-alias-ind, called-functional-alias-URI and functional-alias-URI within anyExt	18.1.0
2022-12	CT#98e	CP-223131	0339	1	F	Correct usage of public service identity	18.1.0
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2022-12	CT#98e	CP-223152	0342	1	A	Fix the element type for "called-functional-alias-URI"	18.1.0
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2023-03	CT#99	CP-230241	0347	1	F	Fix omissions and inconsistencies for imminent peril MCDData communications	18.2.0
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2024-03	CT#103	CP-240113	0376	1	B	Support of Prose direct communication	18.6.0
2024-03	CT#103	CP-240104	0375	3	B	Location information request from an MCDData client	18.6.0
2024-03	CT#103	CP-240115	0384	-	A	Media feature tags for IPCONN service	18.6.0
2024-03	CT#103	CP-240104	0397	-	F	Corrections to warning text (warning code 234) used in the MCDData message store procedure	18.6.0
2024-03	CT#103	CP-240114	0388	1	F	Clarification on PSI of controlling and controlling participating function for functional alias procedures for MCDData	18.6.0
2024-03	CT#103	CP-240103	0385	1	F	Correction in the <selected-user-profile-index> element	18.6.0
2024-03	CT#103	CP-240112	0374	2	B	Enable QoS for MCDData clients behind MC gateway UEs	18.6.0
2024-03	CT#103	CP-240104	0381	1	B	Emergency alert to MCDData client affiliating after a group has moved to emergency alert state	18.6.0
2024-03	CT#103	CP-240104	0395	1	B	Update of location information and triggers provided by / to MCDData UEs	18.6.0
2024-03	CT#103	CP-240104	0387	2	C	Enable Broadband Callout application implementation over MCDData SDS	18.6.0
2024-03	CT#103	CP-240103	0398	2	B	MCDData service authorization notification handling in migration procedure	18.6.0

2024-03	CT#103	CP-240111	0396	2	B	Determine the users based on the criteria to invite, release from, an ad hoc group session - MCDData	18.6.0
2024-03	CT#103	CP-240103	0386	3	B	Migration service deauthorization notification	18.6.0
2024-06	CT#104	CP-241173	0401	-	F	Service authorization notification	18.7.0
2024-06	CT#104	CP-24117	0402	-	F	Correction in the <request-type> element	18.7.0
2024-06	CT#104	CP-241173	0403	1	F	<partner-mcdata-id> and <migration-auth-result> under <anyExt>	18.7.0
2024-06	CT#104	CP-241182	0404	2	F	MCDData gateway UE updates due to stage-2 changes	18.7.0
2024-06	CT#104	CP-241174	0405	1	B	MCDData Location request with functional alias	18.7.0
2024-06	CT#104	CP-241181	0412	2	F	Corrections to inclusion of multiple MIME bodies for adhoc group data communication request - MCDData	18.7.0
2024-06	CT#104	CP-241174	0414	-	B	Location information request with location filter for MCDData	18.7.0
2024-06	CT#104	CP-241173	0418	1	F	Distinction of SIP MESSAGE requests for migration service authorization	18.7.0
2024-06	CT#104	CP-241182	0417	1	F	Clarification on MCDData gateway UE hosting MCDData clients	18.7.0
2024-06	CT#104	CP-241182	0419	1	F	MCDData QoS - Resource Management	18.7.0
2024-06	CT#104	CP-241174	0413	1	B	Location reporting configuration provided by authorized MCDData user	18.7.0
2024-06	CT#104	CP-241181	0420	2	F	Indicate the participating function to stop determining the ad-hoc group participants (mcdata)	18.7.0
2024-09	CT#105	CP-242208	0431	1	A	Correction of SDS to allow indication of text charset	18.8.0
2024-09	CT#105	CP-242182	0434	1	F	Corrections to issues found in the XSDs (poc-settings and Location info)	18.8.0
2024-09	CT#105	CP-242186	0433	2	F	Adhoc group emergency alert support - MCDData	18.8.0
2024-12	CT#106	CP-243198	0439	-	F	Add missing MIME bodies	18.9.0

History

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