ETSI TS 128 526 V18.0.0 (2024-05)



LTE;

Telecommunication management;
Life Cycle Management (LCM)
for mobile networks that include virtualized network functions;
Procedures
(3GPP TS 28.526 version 18.0.0 Release 18)



Reference RTS/TSGS-0528526vi00 Keywords LTE

ETSI

650 Route des Lucioles F-06921 Sophia Antipolis Cedex - FRANCE

Tel.: +33 4 92 94 42 00 Fax: +33 4 93 65 47 16

Siret N° 348 623 562 00017 - APE 7112B Association à but non lucratif enregistrée à la Sous-Préfecture de Grasse (06) N° w061004871

Important notice

The present document can be downloaded from: https://www.etsi.org/standards-search

The present document may be made available in electronic versions and/or in print. The content of any electronic and/or print versions of the present document shall not be modified without the prior written authorization of ETSI. In case of any existing or perceived difference in contents between such versions and/or in print, the prevailing version of an ETSI deliverable is the one made publicly available in PDF format at www.etsi.org/deliver.

Users of the present document should be aware that the document may be subject to revision or change of status.

Information on the current status of this and other ETSI documents is available at https://portal.etsi.org/TB/ETSIDeliverableStatus.aspx

If you find errors in the present document, please send your comment to one of the following services: https://portal.etsi.org/People/CommiteeSupportStaff.aspx

If you find a security vulnerability in the present document, please report it through our Coordinated Vulnerability Disclosure Program:

https://www.etsi.org/standards/coordinated-vulnerability-disclosure

Notice of disclaimer & limitation of liability

The information provided in the present deliverable is directed solely to professionals who have the appropriate degree of experience to understand and interpret its content in accordance with generally accepted engineering or other professional standard and applicable regulations.

No recommendation as to products and services or vendors is made or should be implied.

No representation or warranty is made that this deliverable is technically accurate or sufficient or conforms to any law and/or governmental rule and/or regulation and further, no representation or warranty is made of merchantability or fitness for any particular purpose or against infringement of intellectual property rights.

In no event shall ETSI be held liable for loss of profits or any other incidental or consequential damages.

Any software contained in this deliverable is provided "AS IS" with no warranties, express or implied, including but not limited to, the warranties of merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose and non-infringement of intellectual property rights and ETSI shall not be held liable in any event for any damages whatsoever (including, without limitation, damages for loss of profits, business interruption, loss of information, or any other pecuniary loss) arising out of or related to the use of or inability to use the software.

Copyright Notification

No part may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm except as authorized by written permission of ETSI.

The content of the PDF version shall not be modified without the written authorization of ETSI.

The copyright and the foregoing restriction extend to reproduction in all media.

© ETSI 2024. All rights reserved.

Intellectual Property Rights

Essential patents

IPRs essential or potentially essential to normative deliverables may have been declared to ETSI. The declarations pertaining to these essential IPRs, if any, are publicly available for **ETSI members and non-members**, and can be found in ETSI SR 000 314: "Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs); Essential, or potentially Essential, IPRs notified to ETSI in respect of ETSI standards", which is available from the ETSI Secretariat. Latest updates are available on the ETSI Web server (https://ipr.etsi.org/).

Pursuant to the ETSI Directives including the ETSI IPR Policy, no investigation regarding the essentiality of IPRs, including IPR searches, has been carried out by ETSI. No guarantee can be given as to the existence of other IPRs not referenced in ETSI SR 000 314 (or the updates on the ETSI Web server) which are, or may be, or may become, essential to the present document.

Trademarks

The present document may include trademarks and/or tradenames which are asserted and/or registered by their owners. ETSI claims no ownership of these except for any which are indicated as being the property of ETSI, and conveys no right to use or reproduce any trademark and/or tradename. Mention of those trademarks in the present document does not constitute an endorsement by ETSI of products, services or organizations associated with those trademarks.

DECTTM, **PLUGTESTS**TM, **UMTS**TM and the ETSI logo are trademarks of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members. **3GPP**TM and **LTE**TM are trademarks of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members and of the 3GPP Organizational Partners. **oneM2M**TM logo is a trademark of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members and of the oneM2M Partners. **GSM**[®] and the GSM logo are trademarks registered and owned by the GSM Association.

Legal Notice

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by ETSI 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The present document may refer to technical specifications or reports using their 3GPP identities. These shall be interpreted as being references to the corresponding ETSI deliverables.

The cross reference between 3GPP and ETSI identities can be found under https://webapp.etsi.org/key/queryform.asp.

Modal verbs terminology

In the present document "shall", "shall not", "should", "should not", "may", "need not", "will", "will not", "can" and "cannot" are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the <u>ETSI Drafting Rules</u> (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

"must" and "must not" are NOT allowed in ETSI deliverables except when used in direct citation.

Contents

| Intelle | ectual Property Rights | 2 |
|---------|--|----------|
| Legal | Notice | 2 |
| Moda | ıl verbs terminology | 2 |
| Forew | vord | 5 |
| Introd | luction | 5 |
| 1 | Scope | <i>6</i> |
| 2 | References | |
| 3 | Definitions and abbreviations | |
| 3.1 | Definitions | |
| 3.2 | Abbreviations | |
| 4 | Lifecycle Management procedures | 7 |
| 4.1 | Introduction | |
| 4.2 | VNF Instance procedures | |
| 4.2.1 | VNF Identifier creation | 7 |
| 4.2.2 | VNF instantiation | 7 |
| 4.2.2.1 | | |
| 4.2.2.2 | • 1 | |
| 4.2.2.3 | | |
| 4.2.2.4 | The state of the s | |
| 4.2.3 | VNF scaling | |
| 4.2.3.1 | Č | |
| 4.2.3.2 | | |
| 4.2.3.3 | | |
| 4.2.4 | VNF instance termination | |
| 4.2.4.1 | | |
| 4.2.4.2 | · · | |
| 4.2.5 | Notifications about VNF lifecycle changes | |
| 4.2.6 | Autoscaling enabling/disabling | |
| 4.2.6.1 | | |
| 4.2.6.2 | | |
| 4.2.7 | Subscribing to VNF lifecycle change notifications through Ve-Vnfm-em | |
| 4.2.8 | 3GPP network function software update when application software is part of VNF Package and | |
| | synchronization of VNF instance information is performed through Os-Ma-nfvo | 17 |
| 4.3 | VNF Package procedures | |
| 4.3.1 | VNF package on-boarding | |
| 4.3.2 | Void | |
| 4.3.3 | Void | |
| 4.3.4 | VNF Package deleting | |
| 4.3.5 | Void | |
| 4.3.6 | VNF Package querying | |
| 4.3.7 | Fetch VNF Package | |
| 4.3.8 | Notify operation on VNF Package management interface | |
| 4.3.9 | Subscribe operation on VNF Package management interface | |
| 4.3.10 | | |
| 4.4 | NS Instance procedures | |
| 4.4.1 | NS Instance instantiation | |
| 4.4.2 | NS Instance termination. | |
| 4.4.3 | NS Instance querying | |
| 4.4.3.1 | | |
| 4.4.4 | NS Instance scaling | |
| 4.4.5 | NS Instance updating | |
| 4.4.5.1 | | |
| 4.4.5.2 | | |

| 4.4.5.3 | Modifying VNF instance configuration through Os-Ma-nfvo | 25 |
|-----------|--|-----|
| 4.4.5.4 | NS update to add a PNF to the NS instance | |
| 4.4.5.5 | NS update to modify a PNF in the NS instance | |
| 4.4.5.6 | NS update to remove a PNF from the NS instance | |
| 4.4.5.7 | NS update to associate an VNF instance with a VNF profile | |
| Figure 4. | 4.5.7-1 contains a procedure to show how the connectivity of a VNF instance can be added or changed by associating such VNF instance with a new or updated VnfProfile that includes the NS virtual link information. It is assumed that the NSD with the new or updated VnfProfile has been uploaded to the NFVO, and the NSD has been associated with the NS containg such VNF instance, according to clause 4.4.5.1. | |
| 4.4.5.8 | NS update to associate an PNF with a PNF profile | |
| | 4.5.8-1 contains a procedure to show how the connectivity of a PNF can be added or changed by associating such PNF with a new or updated PnfProfile that includes the NS virtual link information. It is assumed that the NSD with the new or updated PnfProfile has been uploaded to the NFVO, and | |
| | the NSD has been associated with the NS containg such PNF, according to clause 4.4.5.1 | |
| 4.4.6 | Subscription regarding NS Instance lifecycle changes | |
| 4.4.7 | Create NS Instance identifier | |
| 4.4.8 | Delete NS Instance identifier | |
| 4.4.9 | Procedure for the Notify operation for notifications to NM | |
| 4.5 | NS Descriptor (NSD) procedures | |
| 4.5.1 | NSD on-boarding | |
| 4.5.2 | NSD enabling | |
| 4.5.3 | NSD disabling | |
| 4.5.4 | NSD querying | |
| 4.5.5 | NSD deletion | |
| 4.5.6 | NSD updating | |
| 4.5.7 | Subscribe to NSD change notifications | |
| 4.5.8 | Notify operation for NSD management changes | |
| 4.6 | PNFD procedures | |
| 4.6.1 | PNFD on-boarding | 36 |
| 4.6.2 | PNFD updating | |
| 4.6.3 | PNFD deletion | |
| 4.6.4 | PNFD querying | 37 |
| Annex A | A (informative): Change history | .38 |
| History. | | .39 |

Foreword

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

Version x.y.z

where:

- x the first digit:
 - 1 presented to TSG for information;
 - 2 presented to TSG for approval;
 - 3 or greater indicates TSG approved document under change control.
- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

Introduction

The present document is part of a TS-family covering the 3rd Generation Partnership Project Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects, Telecommunication Management; as identified below:

- TS 28.525: Telecommunication management; Life Cycle Management (LCM) for mobile networks that include virtualized network functions; Requirements.
- TS 28.526: Telecommunication management; Life Cycle Management (LCM) for mobile networks that include virtualized network functions; Procedures.
- TS 28.527: Telecommunication management; Life Cycle Management (LCM) for mobile networks that include virtualized network functions; Stage 2.
- TS 28.528: Telecommunication management; Life Cycle Management (LCM) for mobile networks that include virtualized network functions; Stage 3.

1 Scope

The present document specifies the Life Cycle Management (LCM) procedures for mobile networks that include virtualized network functions.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.
- [1] 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".
- [2] 3GPP TS 28.500: "Management concept, architecture and requirements for mobile networks that include virtualized network functions".
- [3] 3GPP TS 28.525: "Life Cycle Management (LCM) for mobile networks that include virtualized network functions; Requirements".
- [4] ETSI GS NFV-IFA008 V2.1.1 (2016-10) "Network Function Virtualization (NFV); Management and Orchestration; Ve-Vnfm Reference Point Interface and Information Model Specification".
- [5] ETSI GS NFV-IFA013 V3.1.2 (2018-08) "Network Function Virtualization (NFV); Management and Orchestration; Os-Ma-nfvo Reference Point Interface and Information Model Specification".
- [6] 3GPP TS 32.508: "Telecommunication management; Procedure flows for multi-vendor plug-andplay eNode B connection to the network".
- [7] 3GPP TS 32.532: "Telecommunication management; Software management (SwM); Integration Reference Point (IRP); Information Service (IS)".
- [8] ETSI GS NFV-IFA011 V2.1.1 (2016-10) "Network Function Virtualization (NFV); Management and Orchestration; VNF Packaging Specification".

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1], 3GPP TS 28.500 [2] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] or in 3GPP TS 28.500 [2].

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1], 3GPP TS 28.500 [2] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] or in 3GPP TS 28.500 [2].

4 Lifecycle Management procedures

4.1 Introduction

The procedures listed in clause 4, as some of all the possibilities, are not exhaustive.

4.2 VNF Instance procedures

4.2.1 VNF Identifier creation

Figure 4.2.1-1 depicts the procedure of VNF instance identifier creation initiated through Ve-Vnfm-em reference point (see clause 7.2.2 of GS NFV-IFA008 [4])

- 1. EM sends to VNFM a *CreateVnfIdentifierRequest* with parameter vnfdId, vnfInstanceName and vnfInstanceDescription to create a VNF instance identifier (vnfInstanceId) and an associated instance of an NsInfo information element (see clause 7.2.2.2 of GS NFV-IFA008 [4]).
- 2. VNFM sends to EM a *CreateVnfIdentifierResponse* with parameter vnfInstanceId identifying the instance identifier of the VNF has been created (see clause 7.2.2.3 of GS NFV-IFA008 [4]).
- 3. VNFM sends to EM a *Notify* (see clause 7.3.3 of GS NFV-IFA008 [4]) carrying VnfIdentifierCreationNotification information element with attribute vnfInstanceId to indicate the VNF instance identifier creation (see clause 9.5.7 of GS NFV-IFA008 [4]).

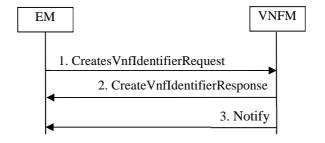


Figure 4.2.1-1 Procedures of VNF identifier creation

4.2.2 VNF instantiation

4.2.2.1 VNF instantiation by EM request

Figure 4.2.2.1-1 depicts a procedure of VNF instantiation by EM request. It is assumed that EM has subscribed to receive the VNF lifecycle change notification from VNFM. As a result of this procedure, the new VNF instance is not associated to any NS (see NOTE in clause 7.2.3.4 in [4]).

1. EM sends *CreateVnfRequest* to VNFM with vnfDescriptorId, vnfInstanceName, and vnfInstanceDescription to create the VNF identifier (see clause 7.2.2 [4]).

- 2. VNFM sends *CreateVnfResponse* to EM with vnfInstanceId to indicate the creation of a new instance of a VNF information element (see clause 7.2.2.3 [4]).
- 3. EM sends *InstantiateVnfRequest* to VNFM with input parameters, listed in clause 7.2.3.2 [4] to instantiate a VNF (see clause 7.2.3 [4]).
- 4. VNFM sends *InstantiateVnfResponse* with lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId to EM (see clause 7.2.3.3 [4]).
- 5. VNFM send a *Notify* (see clause 7.5.3 [4]), carrying VnfLifecycleChangeNotification information element to EM with attributes vnfInstanceId, status = "start", operation = "instantiation", lifeycleOperationOccurrenceId, affectedVnfc, affectedVl, and affectedVirtualStorage to indicate the start of VNF instantiation (see clause 9.5.1 [4]).
- 6. VNFM send a *Notify* (see clause 7.5.3 [4]), carrying VnfLifecycleChangeNotification information element to EM with attributes vnfInstanceId, status = "result", operation = "instantiation", lifeycleOperationOccurrenceId, affectedVnfc, affectedVl, and affectedVirtualStorage to indicate the result of VNF instantiation, when the VNF instantiation operation is completed (see clause 9.5.1 [4]).



Figure 4.2.2.1-1: VNF instantiation procedure

4.2.2.2 VNF instantiation as part of NS update initiated through Os-Ma-nfvo

Figure 4.2.2.2-1 depicts the procedure of instantiating a VNF instance as part of an NS update through the Os-Ma-nfvo reference point (see clause 7.3.5 [5]).

- 1. NM sends to NFVO an *UpdateNsRequest* with parameters nsInstanceId, updateType = "InstantiateVnf", instantiateVnfData, and updateTime to instantiate the VNF instance (see clause 7.3.5.2 [5]). The instantiateVnfData contains the parameters that are needed for VNF instantiation, including vnfdId, flavourId, and can include in addition the parameters instantiationLevelId, vnfInstanceName, etc (see clause 8.3.4.12 [5]).
- 2. NFVO sends to NM an *UpdateNsResponse* with parameter lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId providing the identifier of the NS lifecycle operation occurrence (see clause 7.3.5.3 [5]).
- 3. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]), carrying NsLifecycleChangeNotification information element with attributes nsInstanceId, lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId, operation = "UpdateNs", and notificationType = "start" to indicate the start of the NS update that includes the VNF instantiation (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).
- 4. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]), carrying NsLifecycleChangeNotification information element with attributes nsInstanceId, lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId, operation = "UpdateNs", notificationType = "result" to indicate the end result of the NS update that

includes the VNF instantiation, and affectedVnf providing information about the added VNF instance. The affectedVnf includes parameters vnfInstanceId, vnfdId, vnfProfileId, vnfName and changeType = "instantiated" (see clauses 8.3.2.2 and 8.3.2.3 [5]).

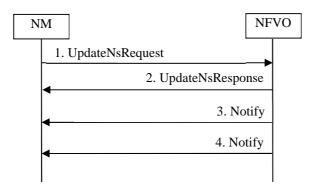


Figure 4.2.2.2-1: VNF instantiation as part of NS update initiated through Os-Ma-nfvo

4.2.2.3 Provide IP address of the managing EM in VNF instantiation

Figure 4.2.2.3-1 depicts a procedure of providing the IP address of the managing EM to the VNF in instantiation. As a result of this procedure, the new VNF instance is not associated to any NS (see NOTE in clause 7.2.3.4 in [4]). The figure uses UML notation to show multiple options available.

- 1. EM sends *CreateVnfIdentifierRequest* with parameters vnfdId, and optionally vnfInstanceName and vnfInstanceDescription to VNFM (see clause 7.2.2 [4]).
- 2. VNFM creates a new VnfInfo object
- 3. VNFM sends CreateVnfIdentifierResponse with the new VNF identifier to EM (see clause 7.2.2 [4]).

If the Multi-vendor Plug and Play connection to the network method is not used and managing EM IP address is provided as VNF configuration data, the steps 4.1.1 through 4.1.4 are executed.

- 4.1.1. EM sends *ModifyVnfConfigurationRequest* with parameters vnfInstanceId, vnfConfigurationData, extVirtualLink and vnfcConfigurationData to VNFM (see clause 7.6.2 [4]). The managing EM IP address value used in parameter vnfConfigurationData.
- 4.1.2. VNFM sets the vnfConfigurationData in the vnfInfo object.
- 4.1.3. VNFM sends *ModifyVnfConfigurationResponse* to EM (see clause 7.6.2 [4]).
- 4.1.4. EM sends *InstantiateVnfRequest* with parameters vnfInstanceId, flavourId, instantiationLevelId, extVirtualLink, extManagedVirtualLink, localizationLanguage and additionalParam to VNFM (see clause 7.2.3 [4]). Note: The extVirtualLink may be known to the EM (e.g. provided by another entity).
- If the Multi-vendor Plug and Play connection to the network method is not used and managing EM IP address is provided as additional parameter for instantiation, the steps 4.2.1 through 4.2.3 are executed.
- 4.2.1. EM sends InstantiateVnfRequest with parameters vnfInstanceId, flavourId, instantiationLevelId, extVirtualLink, extManagedVirtualLink, localizationLanguage and additionalParam to VNFM (see clause 7.2.3 [4]). The managing EM IP address value used in parameter additionalParam.
- 4.2.2. VNFM maps the managing EM IP address value received in parameter additionalParam of *InstantiateVnfRequest* to vnfConfigurationData (see Note 1).

- NOTE 1: the specific mechanism for this mapping (e.g. vendor specific LCM script or specific VNFM) is out of scope of 3GPP
- 4.2.3. VNFM sets the vnfConfigurationData in the vnfInfo object.
- If the Multi-vendor Plug and Play connection to the network method is used to provide the managing EM IP address to VNF, step 4.3.1 is executed.
- 4.3.1. EM sends *InstantiateVnfRequest* with parameters vnfInstanceId, flavourId, instantiationLevelId, extVirtualLink, extManagedVirtualLink, localizationLanguage and additionalParam to VNFM (see clause 7.2.3 [4]).
- 5. VNFM initiates the VNF instantiation process.
- 6. VNFM sends *InstantiateVnfResponse* with the new lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId to EM (see clause 7.2.3 [4]).
- 7. VNFM sends *SetInitialConfigurationRequest* with parameters vnfInstanceId, vnfConfigurationData and vnfcConfigurationData to VNF (see clause 6.2.2 [4]).
- 8. VNF sends *SetInitialConfigurationResponse* with parameters vnfConfigurationData and vnfcConfigurationData to VNFM (see clause 6.2.2 [4]).
- 9. If Multi-vendor Plug and Play connection to the network method is used to provide the managing EM IP address to VNF, VNF performs the EM discovery (see "Establishing connection to Element Manager" procedure in clause 5.5 of TS 32.508 [6]).
- 10. VNF connects to the managing EM.
- 11. "Normal" NE management by the EM over Type-1 interface (e.g. s/w update, configuration) begins.

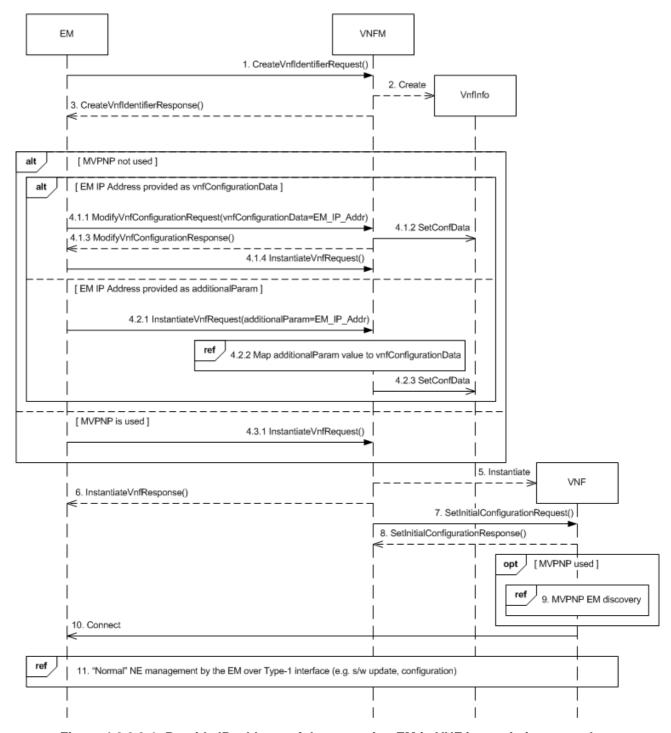


Figure 4.2.2.3-1: Provide IP address of the managing EM in VNF instantiation procedure

4.2.2.4 Query VNF instance information through Ve-Vnfm-em

Figure 4.2.2.4-1 depicts the procedure of querying VNF instance information through the Ve-Vnfm-em reference point (see clause 7.2.9 [4]).

- 1. EM sends to VNFM a *QueryVnfRequest* with parameters filter and attributeSelector used to filter the VNF instance(s) and select the information attributes that are requested to be returned (see clause 7.2.9.2 [4]).
- 2. VNFM sends to EM a *QueryVnfResponse* with parameter vnfInfo providing the information that is selected according to parameters filter and attributeSelector (see clause 7.2.9.3 [4]).

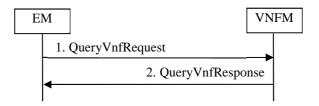


Figure 4.2.2.4-1: Query VNF instance information through Ve-Vnfm-em

4.2.3 VNF scaling

4.2.3.1 Scale VNF instance initiated by EM

Figure 4.2.3.1-1 depicts a procedure of scaling VNF instance (see clause 7.2.8 [4]).

- 1. EM sends *ScaleVnfRequest* with parameters vnfInstanceId, type, aspectId, and numberOfSteps to scale the VNF instance (see clause 7.2.8 [4]).
- 2. VNFM sends *ScaleVnfResponse* with the identifier of the VNF lifecycle operation occurrence lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId to EM (see clause 7.2.8.
- 3. VNFM send a *Notify* (see clause 7.5.3 [4]), carrying VnfLifecycleChangeNotification information element, to EM with attributes vnfInstanceId, status = "start", operation to indicate the start of VNF scaling (see clause 9.5.1 [4]).
- 4. VNFM send a *Notify* (see clause 7.5.3 [4]), carrying VnfLifecycleChangeNotification information element, to EM with attributes vnfInstanceId, status = "result", operation to indicate the result of VNF scaling, when the VNF scaling operation is completed (see clause 9.5.1 [4]).

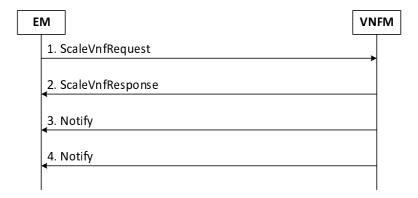


Figure 4.2.3.1-1: Scale VNF instance procedure

4.2.3.2. Scale VNF instance to a level initiated by EM

Figure 4.2.3.2-1 depicts a procedure of scaling VNF instance to a level (see clause 7.2.9 [4]).

- 1. EM sends *ScaleVnfToLevelRequest* with parameters vnfInstanceId, and (instantiationLevelId or scaleInfo) to scale the VNF instance to a level defined by instantiationLevelId or scaleInfo (see clause 7.2.9 [4]).
- 2. VNFM sends *ScaleVnfToLevelResponse* with the identifier of the VNF lifecycle operation occurrence lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId to EM (see clause 7.2.9 [4]).
- 3. VNFM send a *Notify* (see clause 7.5.3 [4]), carrying VnfLifecycleChangeNotification information element, to EM with attributes vnfInstanceId, status = "start", operation to indicate the start of VNF scaling (see clause 9.5.1 [4]).

4. VNFM send a *Notify* (see clause 7.5.3 [4]), carrying VnfLifecycleChangeNotification information element, to EM with attributes vnfInstanceId, status = "result", operation to indicate the result of VNF scaling, when the VNF scaling operation is completed (see clause 9.5.1 [4]).

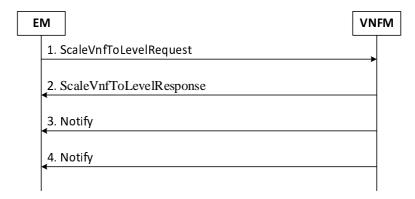


Figure 4.2.3.2-1: Scale VNF instance to a level procedure

4.2.3.3 VNF scaling as part of NS scaling initiated through Os-Ma-nfvo

Figure 4.2.3.3-1 depicts the procedure of scaling VNF instance for which the NM has selected the NS instance within which the subject VNF instance is intended to be scaled (see clause 7.3.4 [5]).

- 1. NM sends to NFVO a *ScaleNsRequest* with parameters nsInstanceId, scaleType = "SCALE_VNF", scaleVnfData, and scaleTime to scale the VNF instance(s) (see clause 7.3.5.2 [5]). The scaleVnfData contains the parameters that are needed for scaling a specific VNF instance, including among others vnfInstanceId, type, and either scaleToLevelData or scaleByStepData depending on the type of scaling (see clauses 8.3.4.9.2, 8.3.4.10 and 8.3.4.11 [5]).
- 2. NFVO sends to NM a *ScaleNsResponse* with parameter lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId providing the identifier of the NS lifecycle operation occurrence (see clause 7.3.5.3 [5]).
- 3. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an NsLifecycleChangeNotification information element with attributes nsInstanceId, lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId, operation = "ScaleNs", and notificationType = "start" to indicate the start of the NS scaling that is being performed through specific VNF scaling (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).
- 4. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an NsLifecycleChangeNotification information element with attributes nsInstanceId, lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId, operation = "ScaleNs", notificationType = "result" to indicate the end result of the NS scaling performed through specific VNF scaling, and affectedVnf providing information about the scaled VNF instance(s), including vnfInstanceId, vnfdId, vnfProfileId, vnfName and changeType = "scaled" (see clauses 8.3.2.2 and 8.3.2.3 [5]).

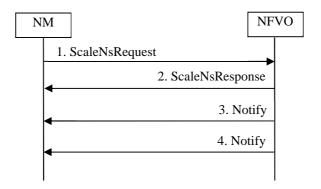


Figure 4.2.3.3-1: VNF scaling as part of NS scaling initiated through Os-Ma-nfvo

4.2.4 VNF instance termination

4.2.4.1 VNF termination by EM request

Figure 4.2.4.1-1 depicts a procedure of VNF termination by EM request, when this VNF instance is not needed. The VNF instance has been instantiated (see NOTE in clause 7.2.3.4 in [8]) by the EM. It is assumed that EM has subscribed to receive the VNF lifecycle change notification from VNFM. The VNF instance identifier will be deleted after the VNF termination.

- 1. EM sends *TerminateVnfRequest* to VNFM with vnfInstanceId to terminate the VNF instance (see clause 7.2.7 [4]).
- 2. VNFM sends *TerminateVnfResponse* with lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId to EM (see clause 7.2.7.3 [4]).
- 3. VNFM sends a *Notify* (see clause 7.5.3 [4]), carrying VnfLifecycleChangeNotification to EM with attributes vnfInstanceId, status = "start", operation = "termination" to indicate the start of VNF termination (see clause 9.5.1 [4]).
- 4. VNFM sends a *Notify* (see clause 7.5.3 [4]), carrying VnfLifecycleChangeNotification to EM with attributes vnfInstanceId, affectedVnfc, affectedVirtualLink, affectedVirtualStorage, status = "result", operation = "termination" to indicate the result of VNF termination, when the VNF termination operation is completed (see clause 9.5.1 [4]).
- 5. EM sends *DeleteVnfIdentifierRequest* to VNFM with vnfInstanceId to delete the VNF instance identifier (see clause 7.2.8 [4]).
- 6. VNFM sends a *Notify* (see clause 7.5.3 [4]), carrying VnfIdentifierDeletionNotification information element to EM with attributes vnfInstanceId (see clause 9.5.8 [4]).

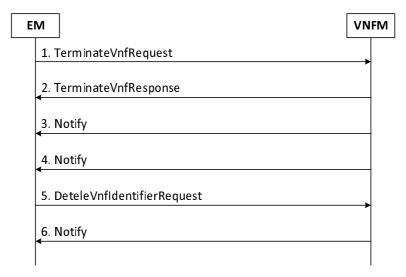


Figure 4.2.4.1-1: VNF termination procedure

4.2.4.2 VNF termination by removing VNF instance from NS

Figure 4.2.4.2-1 depicts the procedure of VNF termination by removing VNF instance from NS through Os-Ma-Nfvo reference point (see clause 7.3.5 of GS NFV-IFA013 [5])

1. NM sends to NFVO an *UpdateNsRequest* with parameter nsInstanceId, updateType = "RemoveVnf', RemoveVnfInstanceId and updateTime to remove the VNF instance(s) from NS (see clause 7.2.2.2 of GS NFV-IFA013 [5]). The RemoveVnfInstanceId identifies the VNF instance to be removed from the NS.

- 2. NFVO remove the target VNF instance and sends to NM an *UpdateNsResponse* with parameter vnfInstanceId and lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId providing the identifier of the NS lifecycle operation occurrence (see clause 7.3.5.3 of GS NFV-IFA013 [5]).
- 3. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 of GS NFV-IFA013 [5]) carrying an NsLifecycleChangeNotification information element with attributes nsInstanceId, lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId, operation = "UpdateNs" and notificationType = "start" to indicate the start of the NS updating that is being performed through removing specific VNF instance(s) (see clause 8.3.2.2 of GS NFV-IFA013[5]).
- 4. If the NFVO decides to terminate the NS instance, it sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 of GS NFV-IFA013 [5]) carrying an NsLifecycleChangeNotification information element with attributes nsInstanceId, lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId, operation = "UpdateNs" and notificationType = "result" to indicate the end result of the NS updating performed through removing specific VNF(s) removal, and affectedVnf providing information about the removed VNF instance(s), including vnfInstanceId, vnfdId, vnfProfileId, vnfName and changeType = "terminated" (see clause 8.3.2.2 and 8.3.2.3 of GS NFV-IFA013 [5]).

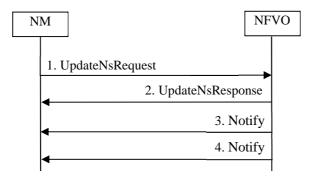


Figure 4.2.4.2-1 Procedures of VNF termination by removing VNF from NS instance

4.2.5 Notifications about VNF lifecycle changes

Figure 4.2.5-1 depicts the procedure of notification on VNF instance lifecycle change notifications through the Ve-Vnfm-em reference point (see clause 7.3.3 [4]).

1. VNFM sends to EM a *Notify* according to clause 7.3.3 in [4]. This operation sends to EM the notifications supported on the VNF lifecycle change notification interface.



Figure 4.2.5-1: Notifications about VNF lifecycle changes

The following notifications can be notified/sent by this operation:

- VnfLifecycleChangeNotification. See clause 9.5.2 [4] with the list of attributes in the Table 9.5.2.3-1 [4].
- VnfInfoAttributeValueChangeNotification. See clause 9.5.6 [4] with the list of attributes in the Table 9.5.6.3-1 [4].
- VnfIdentifierCreationNotification. See clause 9.5.7 [4] with the list of attributes in the Table 9.5.7.3-1 [4].

- VnfIdentifierDeletionNotification. See clause 9.5.8 [4] with the list of attributes in the Table 9.5.8.3-1 [4].

4.2.6 Autoscaling enabling/disabling

4.2.6.1 Autoscaling enabling/disabling initiated through Ve-Vnfm-em

Figure 4.2.6.1-1 depicts the procedure of enabling/disabling the autoscaling of a VNF instance through the Ve-Vnfm-em reference point.

- 1. EM sends to VNFM a *ModifyVnfConfigurationRequest* (see clause 7.6.2 [4]) with input parameter vnfInstanceId, vnfConfigurationData.autoScalable = TRUE/FALSE (see clause 7.1.12 [8]) for enabling/disabling the autoscaling.
- 2. VNFM sends to EM a *ModifyVnfConfigurationResponse*(see clause 7.6.2 [4]).
- 3. VNFM send a *Notify* (see clause 7.6.4 [4]), carrying VnfConfigAttributeValueChangeNotification information element, to EM with attributes vnfInstanceId, changedConfig to inform about the changed VNF configuration. (see clause 9.2.7 [4]).

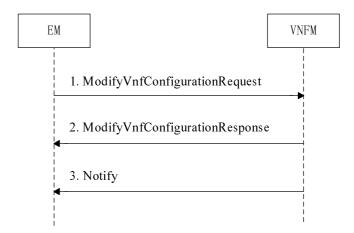


Figure 4.2.6.1-1: Autoscaling enabling/disabling initiated through Ve-Vnfm-em

4.2.6.2 Autoscaling enabling/disabling through Os-Ma-nfvo

For enabling/disabling the autoscaling initiated through Os-Ma-nfvo, the procedure in clause 4.4.5.3 of the present document about "Modifying VNF instance configuration through Os-Ma-nfvo" applies. The vnfConfigurationData contained in the modifyVnfConfigData parameter that is carried in the *UpdateNsRequest* of step 1 of the referred procedure provides the information for enabling/disabling the autoscaling of the corresponding VNF instance (refer to the autoScalable attribute of VnfConfigurableProperties in clause 7.1.12 in [8]).

4.2.7 Subscribing to VNF lifecycle change notifications through Ve-Vnfm-em

Figure 4.2.7-1 depicts the procedure of subscribing to VNF lifecycle change notifications through the Ve-Vnfm-em reference point (see clause 7.3.2 [4]).

- 1. EM sends to VNFM a *SubscribeRequest* with input parameter filter for selecting the notifications, which can be on the VNF instance(s) of interest or other attributes of the notification (see clause 7.3.2.2 [4]).
- 2. VNFM sends to EM a *SubscribeResponse* with parameter subscriptionId providing the identifier of the subscription realized (see clause 7.3.2.3 [4]).

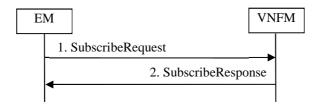


Figure 4.2.7-1: Subscribing to VNF lifecycle change notifications through Ve-Vnfm-em

4.2.8 3GPP network function software update when application software is part of VNF Package and synchronization of VNF instance information is performed through Os-Ma-nfvo

Figure 4.2.8-1 depicts the procedure of updating the application software of the virtualized 3GPP network function when the software is part of the VNF Package and the software update does not require a change of the VNF's underlying virtualised resources or internal VNFC(s) topology/composition.

- 1. NM requests to EM to update the software, EM acts to update the software, and notifies to NM about the completion of the software update using the Software Management IRP [7].
- 2. Once the NM confirms the normality of service of the 3GPP network function whose software has been updated, NM requests to NFVO to update the VNF instance information (see procedure in clause 4.4.5.2) capturing the information of the new VNF Package for the 3GPP network function whose software has been updated.

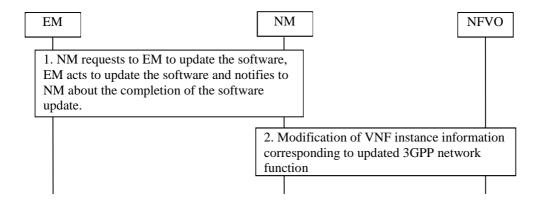


Figure 4.2.8-1: 3GPP network function application software update when application software is part of VNF Package and synchronization of VNF instance information is performed through Os-Ma-nfvo

4.3 VNF Package procedures

4.3.1 VNF package on-boarding

Figure 4.4-1 depicts a procedure of VNF package on-boarding,

- 1. NM sends *OnboardVnfPackageRequest* to NFVO with input parameters listed in clause 7.7.2.2 [5] to on-board a VNF package (see clause 7.7.2 [5]).
- 2. NFVO sends *OnboardVnfPackageResponse* to NM with with vnfPackageId to indicate a VNF package has been on-boarded (see clause 7.7.2.3 [5]).

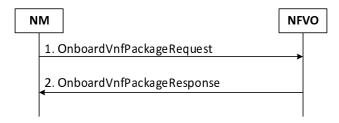


Figure 4.4-1: VNF package on-boarding procedure

4.3.2 Void

4.3.3 Void

4.3.4 VNF Package deleting

Figure 4.3.4-1 depicts the procedure of VNF Package deleting.

- 1. NM sends *DeleteVnfPackageRequest* to NFVO with onboardedVnfPkgInfoId to delete a VNF Package (see clause 7.7.5 [5]).
- 2. NFVO sends DeleteVnfPackageResponse to NM to indicate the result of the operation (see clause 7.7.5.4 [5]).



Figure 4.3.4-1: VNF Package deleting procedure

4.3.5 Void

4.3.6 VNF Package querying

Figure 4.3.6-1 depicts a procedure to query from the NFVO for information it has stored about one or more VNF Packages.

- 1. NM sends *QueryOnboardedVnfPkgInfoRequest* to NFVO with filter and attributeSelector used to filter the VNF Packages on which the query applies, based on the attributes of OnboardedVnfPkgInfo and select the information attributes of OnboardedVnfPkgInfo that are requested to be returned (see clause 7.7.6 [5]).
- 2. NFVO sends *QueryOnboardedVnfPkgInfoResponse* to NM with parameter queryResult providing the information that is selected according to parameters filter and attributeSelector (see clause 7.7.6.4 [5]).

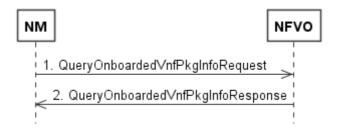


Figure 4.3.6-1: VNF Package querying procedure

4.3.7 Fetch VNF Package

Figure 4.3.7-1 depicts a procedure to fetch from the NFVO a whole VNF Package based on the VNFD identifier that has been assigned by the VNF Provider.

NOTE 1: In cases where NM already knows the value of onboardedVnfPkgInfoId for the VNF Package it wishes to fetch, it may skip the steps 1 and 2 below (execution of procedure begins at step 3).

- 1. NM sends *QueryOnboardedVnfPkgInfoRequest* to NFVO with filter parameter set to VNFD identifier that has been assigned by the VNF Provider and attributeSelector set to OnboardedVnfPkgId (see clause 7.7.6 [5]).
- 2. NFVO sends *QueryOnboardedVnfPkgInfoResponse* to NM with parameter queryResult providing the OnboardedVnfPkgId identifier allocated by NFVO to the corresponding VNF package (see clause 7.7.6.4 [5]).
- 3. NM sends *FetchOnboardedVnfPackageRequest* to NFVO with onboardedVnfPkgInfoId parameter identifying the VNF Package to fetch (see clause 7.7.10 [5]).
- 4. NFVO sends *FetchOnboardedVnfPackageResponse* to NM with the vnfPackage requested (see clause 7.7.10.4 [5]).



Figure 4.3.7-1: Fetch VNF Package procedure

4.3.8 Notify operation on VNF Package management interface

Figure 4.3.8-1 depicts the procedure of notification on VNF package management interface.

1. NFVO sends Notify message to NM per 7.7.8 [5]. This operation sends to NM the notifications supported on the VNF Package management interface. To receive notifications, the NM performs an explicit Subscribe operation beforehand (see clause 7.7.11 [5]).

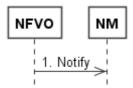


Figure 4.3.8-1: Notify operation on VNF Package management interface procedure

The following notification can be notified/sent by this operation:

- VnfPackageOnBoardingNotification. See clause 8.6.8 [5] with the list of attributes in the Table 8.6.8.3-1 [5].
- VnfPackageChangeNotification. See clause 8.6.9 [5] with the list of attributes in the Table 8.6.9.3-1 [5].

4.3.9 Subscribe operation on VNF Package management interface

Figure 4.3.9-1 depicts a procedure to subscribe for notifications on VNF package management interface.

- 1. NM sends *SubscribeRequest* to NFVO with inputFilter selecting the VNF Package(s) and the related change notifications to subscribe to. This filter can contain information about specific types of changes to subscribe to, or attributes of the VNF Package (see clause 7.7.7 [5]).
- 2. NFVO sends *SubscribeResponse* to NM with the list of subscriptionId identifier of the subscription realized (see clause 7.7.7.4 [5]).

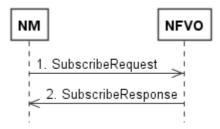


Figure 4.3.9-1: Subscribe operation on VNF Package management interface procedure

4.3.10 Fetch on-boarded VNF Package artifacts

Figure 4.3.10-1 depicts a procedure to fetch from the NFVO selected artifacts contained in an on-boarded VNF package.

- 1. NM sends FetchOnboardedVnfPackageArtifactsRequest to NFVO with onboardedVnfPkgInfoId parameter identifying specific on-boarded VNF Package and artifactAccessInformation parameter listing individual package artifacts to fetch (see clause 7.7.11 [5]).
- 2. NFVO sends FetchOnboardedVnfPackageArtifactsResponse to NM with the list of vnfPackageArtifact (e.g. files) requested (see clause 7.7.11.4 [5]).

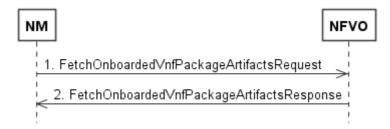


Figure 4.3.10-1: Fetch on-boarded VNF Package artifacts procedure

4.4 NS Instance procedures

4.4.1 NS Instance instantiation

Figure 4.4.1-1 depicts the procedure of an NS instantiation initiated through the Os-Ma-nfvo reference point (see clause 7.3.3 [5]). The procedure includes the steps of creating first the corresponding NS instance identifier.

- 1. NM sends to NFVO a *CreateNsIdentifierRequest* with parameters nsdId, nsName, and nsDescription to create an NS instance identifier (nsInstanceId) and an associated instance of an NsInfo information element (see clause 7.3.2.2 [5]).
- 2. NFVO sends to NM a *CreateNsIdentifierResponse* with parameter nsInstanceId identifying the instance of the NS that has been created (see clause 7.3.2.3 [5]).
- 3. NFVO sends to subscribers a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying NsIdentifierCreationNotification information element with attribute nsInstanceId to indicate the NS instance idenfier creation (see clause 8.3.2.9 [5]).
- 4. NM sends to NFVO an *InstantiateNsRequest* with parameters nsInstanceId and flavourId. Additional parameters can be provided including sapData, pnfInfo, locationConstraints, additionalParamsForNs, additionalParamForVnf, startTime, nsInstantiationLevelId, and additionalAffinityOrAntiAffinityRule. In addition, if the NS instantiation includes reusing existing VNF instances and/or NS instances, parameters vnfInstanceData and nestedNsInstanceId are provided, respectively. See clause 7.3.3.2 [5].
- 5. NFVO sends to NM an *InstantiateNsResponse* with parameter lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId providing the identifier of the NS lifecycle operation occurrence (see clause 7.3.3.3 [5]).
- 6. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an NsLifecycleChangeNotification information element with attributes nsInstanceId, lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId, operation = "NsInstantiation", and notificationType = "start" to indicate the start of the NS instantiation (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).
- 7. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an NsLifecycleChangeNotification information element with attributes nsInstanceId, lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId, operation = "NsInstantiation", and notificationType = "result" to indicate the end result of the NS instantiation. According to the results of the NS instantiation, additional information is provided in the notification with parameters affectedVnf, affectedPnf, affectedVl, affectedVnffg, affectedNs and affectedSap (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).

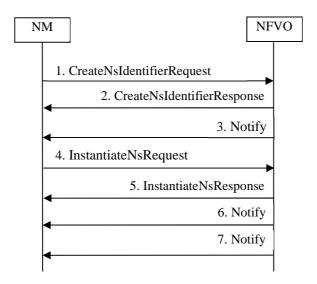


Figure 4.4.1-1: NS instantiation

4.4.2 NS Instance termination

Figure 4.4.2-1 depicts the procedure of an NS instance termination initiated through the Os-Ma-Nfvo reference point (see clause 7.3.7 [5]).

- 1. NM sends to NFVO a *TerminateNsRequest* with parameter nsInstanceId and terminateTime (see clause 7.3.7 [5]).
- 2. NFVO sends to NM a *TerminateNsResponse* with parameter lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId providing the identifier of the NS lifecycle operation occurrence (see clause 7.3.7.3 [5]).
- 3. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carriying an NsLifecycleChangeNotification information element with attributes nsInstanceId, lifecycleOperationoccurrenceId, operation = "TerminationNs", and "notificationType" = "start' to indicate the start of the NS termination (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).
- 4. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an NsLifecycleChangeNotification information element with attributes nsInstanceId, lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId, operation = "TerminationNs", and notificationType = "result" to indicate the end result of the NS termination (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).

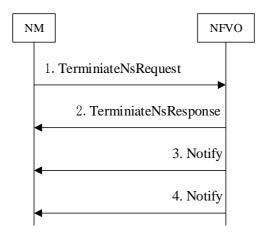


Figure 4.4.2-1: NS instance termination

4.4.3 NS Instance querying

4.4.3.1 Query NS instance information through Os-Ma-nfvo

Figure 4.4.3.1-1 depicts the procedure of NS querying through the Os-Ma-nfvo reference point (see clause 7.3.6 in [5]) used also to query information about the constituents of the NS instance, including VNF instances.

- 1. NM sends to NFVO a *QueryNsRequest* with parameters filter and attributeSelector used to filter the NS instances on which the query applies, based on attributes of the NS instance and select the information attributes that are requested to be returned (see clause 7.3.6.2 [5]).
 - In particular, the filter can be set to select certain VNF instances(s) that are part of an NS, by providing their identifiers with the attributeSelector set to select certain attributes of the VNF instances.
- 2. NFVO sends to NM a *QueryNsResponse* with parameter queryNsResult providing the information that is selected according to parameters filter and attributeSelector (see clause 7.3.6.3 [5]).

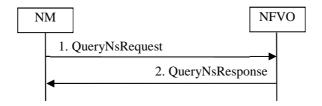


Figure 4.4.3.1-1: Query NS instance information through Os-Ma-nfvo

4.4.4 NS Instance scaling

Figure 4.4.4-1 depicts a procedure for NS Instance scaling. Scaling an NS instance can be performed by explicitly adding/removing existing VNF instances to/from the NS instance, by leveraging on the abstraction mechanism provided by the NS scaling aspects and NS levels information elements declared in the NSD or by scaling individual VNF instances (as described by the Use Case 6.4.3.4 in [3]) that are part of the NS itself. When adding VNFs and nested NSs - already existing or not - to the NS to be scaled, the NFVO shall follow the indications provided by the dependencies attribute, as specified in the corresponding NSD.

- 1. NM sends ScaleNsRequest to NFVO with nsInstanceId parameter identifying the NS Instance being scaled, scaleType parameter with possible values [SCALE_NS, SCALE_VNF] indicating the type of scaling to be performed, list of scaleNsData providing necessary scale information when scaleType = SCALE_NS or list of scaleVnfData providing necessary scale information when scaleType = SCALE_VNF and scaleTime indicating the scale time of the NS if it's not expected to start immediately (see clause 7.3.4 [5]).
- 2. NFVO sends *ScaleNsResponse* to NM with the lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId identifier of the NS lifecycle operation occurrence (see clause 7.3.4.4 [5]).
- 3. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an NsLifecycleChangeNotification information element with attributes nsInstanceId, lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId, operation = "ScaleNs", and notificationType = "start" to indicate the start of the NS scale (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).
- 4. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an NsLifecycleChangeNotification information element with attributes nsInstanceId, lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId, operation = "ScaleNs", notificationType = "result" to indicate the result of NS scale. Per the changes in the NS instance performed because of the NS scale, additional information is provided in the notification with parameters affectedVnf, affectedPnf, affectedVl, affectedVnffg, affectedNs and affectedSap (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).

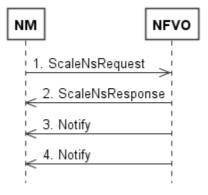


Figure 4.4.4-1: NS Instance scaling procedure

4.4.5 NS Instance updating

4.4.5.1 NS update to associate an NS instance to a different NSD version

Figure 4.4.5.1-1 depicts the procedure of NS update to associate an NS instance to a different NSD version.

- 1. NM sends to NFVO an *UpdateNsRequest* with parameters nsInstanceId, updateType = "AssociateNewNsdVersion", assocNewNsdVersionData, and updateTime to associate a new NSD version to the NS instance (see clause 7.3.5.2 [5]). The assocNewNsdVersionData contains the parameter newNsdId, and can include in addition the parameter sync to indicate whether the NS instance should be automatically synchronized to the new NSD by the NFVO.
- 2. NFVO sends to NM an *UpdateNsResponse* with parameter lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId providing the identifier of the NS lifecycle operation occurrence (see clause 7.3.5.3 [5]).
- 3. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an NsLifecycleChangeNotification information element with attributes nsInstanceId, lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId, operation = "UpdateNs", and notificationType = "start" to indicate the start of the NS update (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).
- 4. NFVO sends to NM a Notify (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an NsLifecycleChangeNotification information element with attributes nsInstanceId, lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId, operation = "UpdateNs", notificationType = "result" to indicate the end result of NS update. According to the changes in the NS instance performed as a result of the NS update, additional information is provided in the notification with parameters affectedVnf, affectedPnf, affectedVl, affectedVnffg, affectedNs and affectedSap (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).

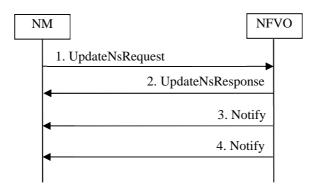


Figure 4.4.5.1-1: NS update to associate an NS instance to a different NSD version

4.4.5.2 Modifying VNF instance information through Os-Ma-nfvo

Figure 4.4.5.2-1 depicts the procedure of modifying VNF instance information through the Os-Ma-nfvo reference point (see clause 7.3.5 [5]).

- 1. NM sends to NFVO an *UpdateNsRequest* with parameters nsInstanceId, updateType = "ModifyVnfInformation", modifyVnfInfoData, and updateTime to modify the VNF instance information (see clause 7.3.5.2 [5]). The modifyVnfInfoData contains the parameters that are needed for VNF instance information modification, namely vnfInstanceId, and list of newValues (see clause 8.3.4.17 [5]).
- 2. NFVO sends to NM an *UpdateNsResponse* with parameter lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId providing the identifier of the NS lifecycle operation occurrence (see clause 7.3.5.3 [5]).
- 3. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an NsLifecycleChangeNotification information element with attributes nsInstanceId, lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId,

- operation = "UpdateNs", and notificationType = "start" to indicate the start of the NS update that includes the VNF instance information modification (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).
- 4. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an NsLifecycleChangeNotification information element with attributes nsInstanceId, lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId, operation = "UpdateNs", notificationType = "result" to indicate the end result of NS update that includes the VNF instance information modification, and affectedVnf providing information about the VNF instance whose information has been modified, including vnfInstanceId, vnfdId, vnfProfileId, vnfName and changeType = "information modified" (see clauses 8.3.2.2 and 8.3.2.3 [5]).

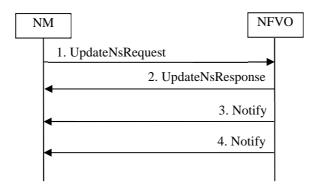


Figure 4.4.5.2-1: Modifying VNF instance information through Os-Ma-nfvo

4.4.5.3 Modifying VNF instance configuration through Os-Ma-nfvo

Figure 4.4.5.3-1 depicts the procedure of modifying VNF instance configuration through the Os-Ma-nfvo reference point (see clause 7.3.5 [5]).

- 1. NM sends to NFVO an *UpdateNsRequest* with parameters nsInstanceId, updateType = "ModifyVnfConfig", modifyVnfConfigData, and updateTime to modify the VNF instance configuration (see clause 7.3.5.2 [5]). The modifyVnfConfigData contains the parameters that are needed for VNF instance configuration modification, namely vnfInstanceId, list of vnfConfigurationData and list of extVirtualLink (see clause 8.3.4.18 [5]).
- 2. NFVO sends to NM an *UpdateNsResponse* with parameter lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId providing the identifier of the NS lifecycle operation occurrence (see clause 7.3.5.3 [5]).
- 3. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an NsLifecycleChangeNotification information element with attributes nsInstanceId, lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId, operation = "UpdateNs", and notificationType = "start" to indicate the start of the NS update that includes the VNF instance configuration modification (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).
- 4. NFVO sends to NM a Notify (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an NsLifecycleChangeNotification information element with attributes nsInstanceId, lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId, operation = "UpdateNs", notificationType = "result" to indicate the end result of the NS update that includes the VNF instance configuration modification, and affectedVnf providing information about the modified VNF instance whose configuration has been modified, including vnfInstanceId, vnfdId, vnfProfileId, vnfName and changeType = "configuration modified" (see clauses 8.3.2.2 and 8.3.2.3 [5]).

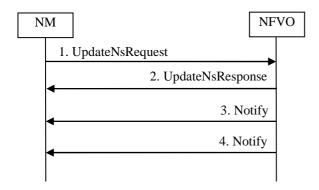


Figure 4.4.5.3-1: Modifying VNF instance configuration through Os-Ma-nfvo

4.4.5.4 NS update to add a PNF to the NS instance

Figure 4.4.5.4-1 depicts the procedure of NS update to add a PNF to the NS instance (see clause 7.3.5 [5]). It is assumed that the PNFD of the PNF to be added has been on-boarded, and the NS where the PNF instances are to be added has been instantiated.

- 1. NM sends to NFVO an *UpdateNsRequest* (see clause 7.3.5 of [5]) with the following parameters (see clause 7.3.5.2 of [5]) to on-board the NSD:
 - nsInstanceId: the identifier of the NS instance being updated.
 - updateType = "AddPnf" to indicate the type of update operation.
 - addPnfData: the PNF information that contain the following attributes (see clause 8.3.4.32.2 of [5]):
 - > pnfId: the identifier of the PNF;
 - > pnfName: human readable name of the PNF;
 - > pnfdId: identifier (reference to) the PNFD related to this PNF;
 - > pnfProfileId: identifier (reference to) the PNF Profile to be used for this PNF;
 - > cpData: information of the external CP of the PNF.
- 2. NFVO sends to NM an *UpdateNsResponse* (see clause 7.3.5 of [5]) with the attribute lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId that is the identifier of the NS lifecycle operation occurrence.
- 3. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an NsLifecycleChangeNotification information element with attributes nsInstanceId, lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId, operation = "NsUpdate", and notificationType = "start" to indicate the start of the NS instantiation (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).
- 4. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an NsLifecycleChangeNotification information element with attributes nsInstanceId, lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId, operation = "NsUpdate", and notificationType = "result" to indicate the end result of the NS instantiation (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).

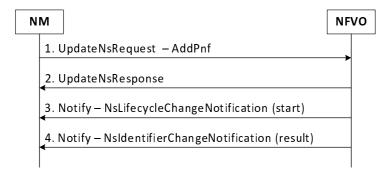


Figure 4.4.5.4-1: NS update to add a PNF to the NS instance

4.4.5.5 NS update to modify a PNF in the NS instance

Figure 4.4.5.5-1 depicts the procedure of NS update to modify the PNF to the NS instance (see clause 7.3.5 [5]). It is assumed that the NS where the PNF instances are to be modified has been instantiated.

- 1. NM sends to NFVO an *UpdateNsRequest* (see clause 7.3.5 of [5]) with the following parameters (see clause 7.3.5.2 of [5]) to on-board the NSD:
 - nsInstanceId: the identifier of the NS instance being updated.
 - updateType = "ModifyPnf" to indicate the type of update operation.
 - modifyPnfData: the PNF information that contain the following attributes (see clause 8.3.4.33.2 of [5]):
 - > pnfId: the identifier of the PNF;
 - > pnfName: human readable name of the PNF;
 - > cpData: information of the external CP of the PNF.
- 2. NFVO sends to NM an *UpdateNsResponse* (see clause 7.3.5 of [5]) with the attribute lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId that is the identifier of the NS lifecycle operation occurrence.
- 3. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an NsLifecycleChangeNotification information element with attributes nsInstanceId, lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId, operation = "NsUpdate", and notificationType = "start" to indicate the start of the NS instantiation (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).
- 4. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an NsLifecycleChangeNotification information element with attributes nsInstanceId, lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId, operation = "NsUpdate", and notificationType = "result" to indicate the end result of the NS instantiation (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).

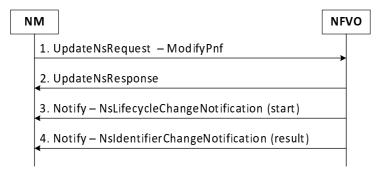


Figure 4.4.5.5-1: NS update to modify a PNF in the NS instance

4.4.5.6 NS update to remove a PNF from the NS instance

Figure 4.4.5.6-1 depicts the procedure of NS update to remove the PNF from the NS instance (see clause 7.3.5 [5]). It is assumed that the NS where the PNF instances are to be removed has been instantiated.

- 1. NM sends to NFVO an *UpdateNsRequest* (see clause 7.3.5 of [5]) with the following parameters (see clause 7.3.5.2 of [5]) to on-board the NSD:
 - nsInstanceId: the identifier of the NS instance being updated.
 - updateType = "RemovePnf" to indicate the type of update operation.
 - removePnfId: the identifier of the PNF(s) in the NS instance that are to be removed.
- 2. NFVO sends to NM an *UpdateNsResponse* (see clause 7.3.5 of [5]) with the attribute lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId that is the identifier of the NS lifecycle operation occurrence.
- 3. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an NsLifecycleChangeNotification information element with attributes nsInstanceId, lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId, operation = "NsUpdate", and notificationType = "start" to indicate the start of the NS instantiation (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).
- 4. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an NsLifecycleChangeNotification information element with attributes nsInstanceId, lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId, operation = "NsUpdate", and notificationType = "result" to indicate the end result of the NS instantiation (see clause 8.3.2.2 [5]).

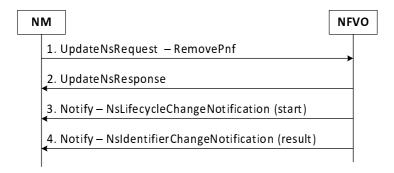


Figure 4.4.5.6-1: NS update to remove a PNF from the NS instance

4.4.5.7 NS update to associate an VNF instance with a VNF profile

Figure 4.4.5.7-1 contains a procedure to show how the connectivity of a VNF instance can be added or changed by associating such VNF instance with a new or updated VnfProfile that includes the NS virtual link information. It is assumed that the NSD with the new or updated VnfProfile has been uploaded to the NFVO, and the NSD has been associated with the NS containg such VNF instance, according to clause 4.4.5.1.

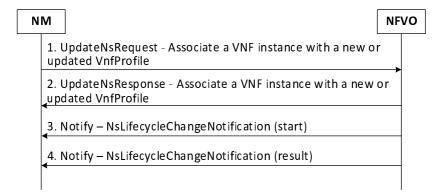


Figure 4.4.5.7-1: Associate an VNF instance with a VNF profile

- 1. NM sends to NFVO an *UpdateNsRequest* (see clause 7.3.5 [5]) with parameters nsInstanceId, updateType = "AssocVnfWithVnfProfile", vnfInstanceId and vnfProfileId to associate the VNF instance with the VNF profile.
- 2. NFVO sends to NM an *UpdateNsResponse* (see clause 7.3.5 [5]) with the attribute lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId that is the identifier of the NS lifecycle operation occurrence.
- 3. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an NsLifecycleChangeNotification information element with attributes nsInstanceId, lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId, operation = "NsUpdate", and notificationType = "start" to indicate the start of the NS update.
- 4. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an NsLifecycleChangeNotification information element with attributes nsInstanceId, lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId, operation = "NsUpdate", and notificationType = "result" to indicate the end result of the NS update.

4.4.5.8 NS update to associate an PNF with a PNF profile

Figure 4.4.5.8-1 contains a procedure to show how the connectivity of a PNF can be added or changed by associating such PNF with a new or updated PnfProfile that includes the NS virtual link information. It is assumed that the NSD with the new or updated PnfProfile has been uploaded to the NFVO, and the NSD has been associated with the NS containg such PNF, according to clause 4.4.5.1.

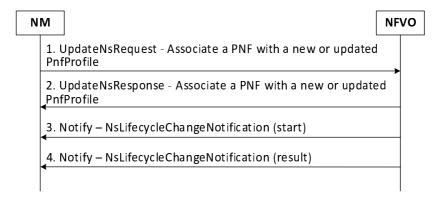


Figure 4.4.5.8-1: Associate an PNF with a PNF profile

- 1. NM sends to NFVO an *UpdateNsRequest* (see clause 7.3.5 [5]) with parameters nsInstanceId, updateType = "AssocPnfWithPnfProfile", pnfId and pnfProfileId to associate the PNF instance with the PNF profile.
- 2. NFVO sends to NM an *UpdateNsResponse* (see clause 7.3.5 [5]) with the attribute lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId that is the identifier of the NS lifecycle operation occurrence.
- 3. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an NsLifecycleChangeNotification information element with attributes nsInstanceId, lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId, operation = "NsUpdate", and notificationType = "start" to indicate the start of the NS update.
- 4. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying an NsLifecycleChangeNotification information element with attributes nsInstanceId, lifecycleOperationOccurrenceId, operation = "NsUpdate", and notificationType = "result" to indicate the end result of the NS update.

4.4.6 Subscription regarding NS Instance lifecycle changes

The Figure 4.4.6-1 depicts a procedure of subscription to NS instance lifecycle change notifications

- 1. NM sends *SubscribeRequest* message to NFVO with input parameter *filter* described in 7.4.2.2 [5] used for selecting the notifications, which can be on the NS instance(s) of interest or other attributes of the notification, to subscribe for the notifications sent by the NFVO supported on the NS lifecycle change notification interface.
- 2. NFVO sends *SubscribeResponse* message to NM to indicate if the subscription has been successful or not with a standard success/error result. Output parameter *subscriptionId* is specified in 7.4.2.3 [5] to provide the identifier of the subscription realized. After successful subscription, the consumer (NM) is registered to receive notifications supported on the NS lifecycle change notification interface. For a particular subscription, only notifications matching the filter will be delivered to the consumer (see clause 7.4.2.4 [5]).



Figure 4.4.6-1: Subscribing to NS lifecycle change notifications through Os-Ma-nfvo

4.4.7 Create NS Instance identifier

Figure 4.4.7-1 depicts a procedure for creation of an NS instance identifier, and an associated instance of an NsInfo information element, identified by that identifier, in the NOT_INSTANTIATED state without instantiating the NS or doing any additional lifecycle operation(s). It allows the immediate return of an NS instance identifier that can be used in subsequent lifecycle operations, such as the Instantiate NS operation (see NS state model in clause D.3 [5]).

- 1. NM sends *CreateNsIdentifierRequest* to NFVO with nsdId parameter referencing the NSD used to create this NS instance, nsName parameter providing human readable name of the NS instance and nsDescription parameter providing human readable description of the NS instance (see clause 7.3.2 [5]).
- 2. NFVO sends *CreateNsIdentifierResponse* to NM with the nsInstanceId identifier of the instance of a NS that has been created (see clause 7.3.2.4 [5]).
- 3. NFVO sends to subscribers a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying NsIdentifierCreationNotification information element with attribute nsInstanceId to indicate the NS instance idenfier creation (see clause 8.3.2.9 [5]).

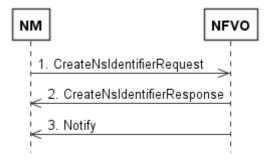


Figure 4.4.7-1: Create NS Instance identifier procedure

4.4.8 Delete NS Instance identifier

Figure 4.4.8-1 depicts the procedure of an NS instance identifier deletion initiated through the Os-Ma-Nfvo reference point (see clause 7.3.8 [5]).

1. NM sends to NFVO a *DeleteNsRequest* with parameter nsInstanceId to delete the NS instance identifier (see clause 7.3.8.2 [5]).

- 2. NFVO sends to NM a *DeleteNsResponse* (see clause 7.3.8.2 [5]).
- 3. NFVO sends to NM a *Notify* (see clause 7.4.3 [5]) carrying

 NsIdentifierObjectDeletionNotification information element with attributes nsInstanceId to indicate the result of the NS instance identifier deletion (see clause 8.3.2.10 [5]).

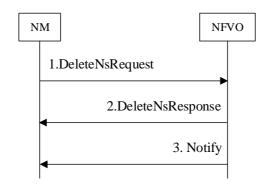


Figure 4.4.8-1: NS instance identifier deletion

4.4.9 Procedure for the Notify operation for notifications to NM

The Figure 4.4.9-1 depicts a procedure of notification on NS instance lifecycle change notifications

1. NFVO sends *Notify* message to NM according to 7.4.3 [5]. This operation distributes to subscribers the notifications supported on the NS lifecycle changes notification interface. In order to receive notifications, the consumer (NM) has to perform an explicit Subscribe operation beforehand.

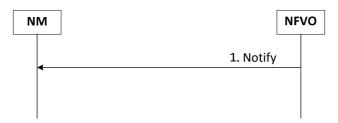


Figure 4.4.9-1: Procedure for the Notify operation

The following notifications can be notified/sent by this operation:

- NsLifecycleChangeNotification. See clause 8.3.2.2 [5] with the list of attributes in the Table 8.3.2.2.3-1 [5].
- NsIdentifierCreationNotification. See clause 8.3.2.9 [5] with the attribute nsInstanceId per Table 8.3.2.9.3-1 [5].
- NsIdentifierDeletionNotification. See clause 8.3.2.10 [5] with the attribute nsInstanceId per Table 8.3.2.10.3-1.

4.5 NS Descriptor (NSD) procedures

4.5.1 NSD on-boarding

Figure 4.5.1-1 depicts a procedure for on-boarding an NSD in the NFVO. Associated descriptors (VLD and VNFFGD), that are part of the NSD, are on-boarded at the same time. All descriptors needed by the NSD: VNFD, PNFD and NSD for nested NSs shall be on-boarded before being able to successfully on-board the NSD.

1. NM sends *OnboardNsdRequest* to NFVO with nsd parameter representing the NSD to be on-boarded and list of userDefinedData key-value pairs providing user defined data for the NSD (see clause 7.2.2 [5]).

- 2. NFVO sends *OnboardNsdResponse* to NM with the nsdInfoId identifier of the on-boarded instance of the NSD (see clause 7.2.2.4 [5]).
- 3. NFVO sends to subscribers a *Notify* (see clause 7.2.13 [5]) carrying NsdOnBoardingNotification information element with attributes nsdInfoId and nsdId to indicate on-boarding of NSD (see clause 8.2.6 [5]).

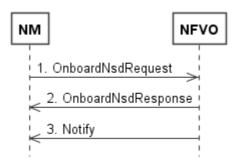


Figure 4.5.1-1: NSD on-boarding procedure

4.5.2 NSD enabling

Figure 4.5.2-1 depicts a procedure for enabling a previously disabled NSD instance, allowing again its use for instantiation of new network service with this descriptor. The "In use/Not in use" sub-state does not change as a result of the operation.

- 1. NM sends *EnableNsdRequest* to NFVO with nsdInfoId parameter representing the identifier of on-boarded NSD to be enabled (see clause 7.2.3 [5]).
- 2. NFVO sends EnableNsdResponse to NM to indicate the result of the operation (see clause 7.2.3.4 [5]).
- 3. NFVO sends to subscribers a *Notify* (see clause 7.2.13 [5]) carrying NsdChangeNotification information element with attributes nsdInfoId, changeType, operationalState and deletionPending to indicate a change of status of NSD (see clause 8.2.7 [5]).

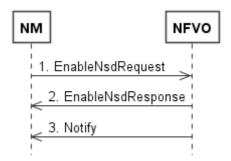


Figure 4.5.2-1: NSD enabling procedure

4.5.3 NSD disabling

Figure 4.5.3-1 depicts a procedure for disabling a previously enabled NSD instance, preventing any further use for instantiation of new network service with this descriptor. The "In use/Not in use" sub-state does not change because of the operation.

- 1. NM sends *DisableNsdRequest* to NFVO with nsdInfoId parameter representing the identifier of on-boarded NSD to be disabled (see clause 7.2.4 [5]).
- 2. NFVO sends *DisableNsdResponse* to NM to indicate the result of the operation (see clause 7.2.4.4 [5]).

3. NFVO sends to subscribers a *Notify* (see clause 7.2.13 [5]) carrying NsdChangeNotification information element with attributes nsdInfoId, changeType, operationalState and deletionPending to indicate a change of status of NSD (see clause 8.2.7 [5]).

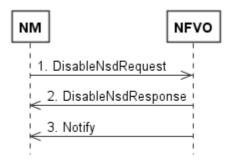


Figure 4.5.3-1: NSD disabling procedure

4.5.4 NSD querying

Figure 4.5.4-1 depicts the procedure of querying NSD information through the Os-Ma-nfvo reference point (see clause 7.2.7 [5]).

- 1. NM sends to NFVO a *QueryNsdRequest* with parameters filter and attributeSelector used to filter the NSDs on which the query applies and the attributes that will be returned for the instances of NSD(s) matching the filter (see clause 7.2.7.2 [5]).
- 2. NFVO sends to NM a *QueryNsdResponse* with parameter queryResult providing the information that is selected according to parameters filter and attributeSelector (see clause 7.2.7.3 [5]). The result of the operation indicates if it has been successful or not with a standard success/error result.

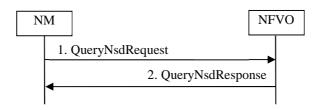


Figure 4.5.4-1: Query NSD information through Os-Ma-nfvo

4.5.5 NSD deletion

Figure 4.5.5-1 depicts a procedure for deletion of one or more NSD(s). It is possible to delete only a single version of an NSD or all versions. An NSD can only be deleted when there is no instantiated NS using it. An NSD in the deletion pending state can no longer be enabled, disabled or updated. It is not possible to instantiate NS(s) using an NSD in the deletion pending state.

- 1. NM sends *DeleteNsdRequest* to NFVO with list of nsdInfoId parameter representing the identifier(s) of onboarded NSD to be deleted and an optional applyOnAllVersions parameter indicating if the delete operation is to be applied on all versions of this NSD. By default, if applyOnAllVersions parameter is not present, the request applies only on the current NSD version. (see clause 7.2.6 [5]).
- 2. NFVO sends *DeleteNsdResponse* to NM with list of deletedNsdInfoId parameter representing the identifier(s) of deleted NSD(s) to indicate the result of the operation (see clause 7.2.6.4 [5]).
- 3. NFVO sends to subscribers a *Notify* (see clause 7.2.13 [5]) carrying NsdChangeNotification information element with attributes nsdInfoId, changeType, operationalState and deletionPending to indicate a change of status of NSD (see clause 8.2.7 [5]).

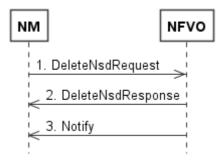


Figure 4.5.5-1: NSD deletion procedure

4.5.6 NSD updating

Figure 4.5.6-1 depicts a procedure for updating an already on-boarded NSD, creating a new version of the NSD. The procedure can also be used to update the userDefinedData of an existing NsdInfo information element without creating a new version of the NSD. The previous versions of the NSDs are not modified. It is possible to add (remove) constituent descriptors (i.e. VNFDs, PNFDs, nested NSDs, VLDs, VNFFGDs and Service Access Point Descriptors (SAPDs)) to (from) an NSD via the Update NSD operation. This is done by changing the various descriptor references in the new NSD. For example, to add VNFDs to an NSD, the NM adds corresponding VNFD identifiers to the list of vnfdIds in the new NSD. To remove VNFDs, the NM simply does not include the vnfdIds (of the VNFDs to be removed) in the new NSD.

- 1. NM sends *UpdateNsdRequest* to NFVO with nsdInfoId parameter representing the identifier of on-boarded NSD to be updated, an optional (only present if the NSD itself is updated) nsd parameter representing the new NSD to be created and list of userDefinedData key-value pairs optional parameter representing the user defined data to be updated (for existing keys, the value is replaced). At least one of the two parameters (nsd or userDefinedData) needs to be present. If nsd is not present, the operation is used only to update existing or add additional user defined data using the userDefinedData parameter (see clause 7.2.5 [5]).
- 2. NFVO sends *UpdateNsdResponse* to NM with nsdInfoId parameter representing the identifier of the updated NSD to indicate the result of the operation (see clause 7.2.5.4 [5]).
- 3. NFVO sends to subscribers a *Notify* (see clause 7.2.13 [5]) carrying NsdChangeNotification information element with attributes nsdInfoId, changeType, operationalState and deletionPending to indicate a change of status of NSD (see clause 8.2.7 [5]).

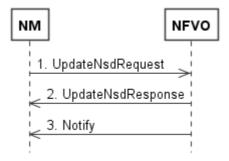


Figure 4.5.6-1: NSD updating procedure

4.5.7 Subscribe to NSD change notifications

The Figure 4.5.7-1 depicts a procedure of subscription to NSD change notifications.

1. NM sends *SubscribeRequest* message to NFVO with input parameter filter for selecting the NSD(s) and the related change notifications to subscribe to, as described in 7.2.12 [5]. The filter can contain information about specific types of changes to subscribe to, or attributes of the NsdInfo.

2. NFVO sends *SubscribeResponse* message to the NM to indicate if the subscription has been successful or not with a standard success/error result. Output parameter subscriptionId is specified in 7.2.12.3 [5] to provide the identifier of the subscription realized. After successful subscription, the consumer (NM) is registered to receive notifications supported on the NSD Management interface. For a particular subscription, only notifications matching the filter will be delivered to the consumer (see clause 7.2.13.1 [5] for full list of possible notifications).



Figure 4.5.7-1: Subscribing to NSD change notifications through Os-Ma-nfvo

4.5.8 Notify operation for NSD management changes

The Figure 4.5.8-1 depicts a procedure of delivery of notifications related to NSD management changes.

1. NFVO sends *Notify* message to the NM according to the clause 7.2.13 in [5]. This operation delivers to the NM the notifications related to NSD Management changes. In order to receive notifications, the NM shall perform an explicit Subscribe operation beforehand.



Figure 4.5.8-1: Procedure for the Notify operation for NSD management changes

The following notifications can be sent by this operation:

- NsdOnBoardingNotification. See clause 8.2.6 in [5].

The notification contains the following parameters:

- nsdInfoId: Identifier of the on-boarded instance of the NSD
- nsdId: Identifies the NSD being on-boarded.
- NsdChangeNotification. See clause 8.2.7 in [5].

The notification contains the following parameters:

- nsdInfoId:Identifier of the on-boarded instance of the NSD.
- changeType: It categorizes the type of change. Possible values can be "change of operational state of an onboarded NSD", "NSD in deletion pending", and "deletion of an NSD".
- operationalState: New operational state of the NSD. Only present when changeType is "change of operational state".
- deletionPending: Indicates if the deletion of the NSD instance has been requested but the NSD still being used by instantiated NSs. Only present when changeType is "NSD in deletion pending".

4.6 PNFD procedures

4.6.1 PNFD on-boarding

Figure 4.6.1-1 depicts a procedure for on-boarding a PNFD in the NFVO, making it available to be used by NSDs.

- 1. NM sends *OnboardPnfdRequest* to NFVO with pnfd parameter representing the PNFD to be on-boarded and list of userDefinedData key-value pairs providing user defined data for the PNFD (see clause 7.2.8 [5]).
- 2. NFVO sends *OnboardPnfdResponse* to NM with the pnfdInfoId identifier of the on-boarded instance of the PNFD (see clause 7.2.8.4 [5]).

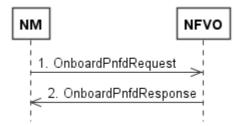


Figure 4.6.1-1: PNFD on-boarding procedure

4.6.2 PNFD updating

Figure 4.6.2-1 depicts a procedure for updating a PNFD, creating a new version of already on-boarded PNFD. The procedure can also be used to update the userDefinedData of an existing PnfInfo information element without creating a new version of the PNFD. The previous versions of the PNFD are not modified.

- 1. NM sends *UpdatePnfdRequest* to NFVO with pnfdInfoId parameter representing the identifier of on-boarded PNFD to be updated, an optional (only present if the PNFD itself is updated) pnfd parameter representing the new PNFD to be created and list of userDefinedData key-value pairs optional parameter representing the user defined data to be updated (for existing keys, the value is replaced). At least one of the two parameters (pnfd or userDefinedData) needs to be present. If pnfd is not present, the operation is used only to update existing or add additional user defined data using the userDefinedData parameter (see clause 7.2.9 [5]).
- 2. NFVO sends *UpdatePnfdResponse* to NM with pnfdInfoId parameter representing the identifier of the updated PNFD to indicate the result of the operation (see clause 7.2.9.4 [5]).

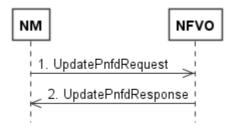


Figure 4.6.2-1: PNFD updating procedure

4.6.3 PNFD deletion

Figure 4.6.3-1 depicts a procedure for deletion of one or more PNFD(s). A PNFD can only be deleted when there is no NS (in the active or NOT_INSTANTIATED state) using it. It is not possible to instantiate NSs that include a PNFD in deletion pending state.

1. NM sends *DeletePnfdRequest* to NFVO with list of pnfdInfoId parameter representing the identifier(s) of onboarded PNFD(s) to be deleted and an optional applyOnAllVersions parameter indicating if the delete

operation is to be applied on all versions of this PNFD. By default, if applyOnAllVersions parameter is not present, the request applies only on the current PNFD version. (see clause 7.2.10 [5]).

2. NFVO sends *DeletePnfdResponse* to NM with list of deletedPnfdInfoId parameter representing the identifier(s) of deleted PNFD(s) to indicate the result of the operation (see clause 7.2.10.4 [5]).



Figure 4.6.3-1: PNFD deletion procedure

4.6.4 PNFD querying

Figure 4.6.4-1 depicts a procedure to query the NFVO concerning details of one or more PNFDs.

- 1. NM sends *QueryPnfdRequest* to NFVO with filter and attributeSelector used to filter the PNFD(s) on which the query applies, based on the attributes of PnfdInfo and select the information attributes of PnfdInfo that are requested to be returned (see clause 7.2.11 [5]).
- 2. NFVO sends *QueryPnfdResponse* to NM with parameter queryResult providing the information of the on-boarded PNFD matching the input filter that is selected according to attributeSelector (see clause 7.2.11.4 [5]).

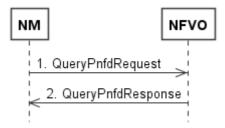


Figure 4.6.4-1: PNFD querying procedure

Annex A (informative): Change history

| | Change history | | | | | | | | |
|---------|----------------|-----------|------|-----|-----|--|----------------|--|--|
| Date | Meeting | TDoc | CR | Rev | Cat | Subject/Comment | New version | | |
| 2018-03 | SA#79 | SP-180059 | 0002 | 1 | F | Scope extension | 14.1.0 | | |
| 2018-03 | SA#79 | SP-180059 | 0004 | 1 | F | Procedures of PNF addition, removal, and modification | 14.1.0 | | |
| 2018-06 | - | - | - | - | - | Update to Rel-15 version (MCC) | 15.0.0 | | |
| 2018-12 | SA#82 | SP-181040 | 0014 | 1 | F | Add a procedure to associate an VNF instance with a VNF profile | 15.1.0 | | |
| 2018-12 | SA#82 | SP-181040 | 0015 | 1 | F | Add a procedure to associate an PNF with a PNF profile | 15.1.0 | | |
| 2020-07 | - | - | - | - | - | Update to Rel-16 version (MCC) | 16.0.0 | | |
| 2022-03 | - | - | - | - | - | Update to Rel-17 version (MCC) | 17.0.0 | | |
| 2023-09 | SA#101 | SP-230968 | 0018 | - | F | Remove some VNF Package procedures which are not supported in NFV-IFA013 | 17.1.0 | | |
| 2024-04 | - | - | - | - | - | Update to Rel-18 version (MCC) | 18.0.0 | | |

History

| Document history | | | | | | | |
|------------------|----------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| V18.0.0 | May 2024 | Publication | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |