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Foreword

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In the present document, modal verbs have the following meanings:

- shall** indicates a mandatory requirement to do something
- shall not** indicates an interdiction (prohibition) to do something

The constructions "shall" and "shall not" are confined to the context of normative provisions, and do not appear in Technical Reports.

The constructions "must" and "must not" are not used as substitutes for "shall" and "shall not". Their use is avoided insofar as possible, and they are not used in a normative context except in a direct citation from an external, referenced, non-3GPP document, or so as to maintain continuity of style when extending or modifying the provisions of such a referenced document.

- should** indicates a recommendation to do something
- should not** indicates a recommendation not to do something
- may** indicates permission to do something
- need not** indicates permission not to do something

The construction "may not" is ambiguous and is not used in normative elements. The unambiguous constructions "might not" or "shall not" are used instead, depending upon the meaning intended.

- can** indicates that something is possible
- cannot** indicates that something is impossible

The constructions "can" and "cannot" are not substitutes for "may" and "need not".

- will** indicates that something is certain or expected to happen as a result of action taken by an agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document
- will not** indicates that something is certain or expected not to happen as a result of action taken by an agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document
- might** indicates a likelihood that something will happen as a result of action taken by some agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

might not indicates a likelihood that something will not happen as a result of action taken by some agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

In addition:

is (or any other verb in the indicative mood) indicates a statement of fact

is not (or any other negative verb in the indicative mood) indicates a statement of fact

The constructions "is" and "is not" do not indicate requirements.

1 Scope

The present document specifies the stage 3 protocol and data model for the Nausf Service Based Interface. It provides stage 3 protocol definitions and message flows, and specifies the API for each service offered by the AUSF.

The 5G System stage 2 architecture and procedures are specified in 3GPP TS 23.501 [2], 3GPP TS 23.502 [3] and 3GPP TS 33.501 [8].

The Technical Realization of the Service Based Architecture and the Principles and Guidelines for Services Definition are specified in 3GPP TS 29.500 [4] and 3GPP TS 29.501 [5].

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
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- | | |
|------|--|
| [1] | 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications". |
| [2] | 3GPP TS 23.501: "System Architecture for the 5G System; Stage 2". |
| [3] | 3GPP TS 23.502: "Procedures for the 5G System; Stage 2". |
| [4] | 3GPP TS 29.500: "5G System; Technical Realization of Service Based Architecture; Stage 3". |
| [5] | 3GPP TS 29.501: "5G System; Principles and Guidelines for Services Definition; Stage 3". |
| [6] | IETF RFC 7540: "Hypertext Transfer Protocol Version 2 (HTTP/2)". |
| [7] | IETF RFC 8259: "The JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) Data Interchange Format". |
| [8] | 3GPP TS 33.501: "Security Architecture and Procedures for 5G System". |
| [9] | Void |
| | |
| [10] | 3GPP TS 29.571: "5G System; Common Data Types for Service Based Interfaces; Stage 3". |
| [11] | IETF RFC 7807: "Problem Details for HTTP APIs". |
| [12] | 3GPP TS 29.503: "5G System; Unified Data Management Services; Stage 3". |
| [13] | IETF RFC 6749: "The OAuth 2.0 Authorization Framework". |
| [14] | 3GPP TS 29.510: "Network Function Repository Services; Stage 3". |
| [15] | 3GPP TS 31.102: "Characteristics of the Universal Subscriber Identity Module (USIM) application". |
| [16] | IETF RFC 5216: "The EAP-TLS Authentication Protocol". |
| [17] | IETF RFC 9048: "Improved Extensible Authentication Protocol Method for 3rd Generation Authentication and Key Agreement (EAP-AKA)". |
| [18] | IETF RFC 3748: "Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)". |

- [19] IETF RFC 4648: "The Base16, Base32 and Base64 Data Encodings".
- [20] 3GPP TS 24.501: "Non-Access-Stratum (NAS) protocol for 5G System (5GS); Stage 3".
- [21] 3GPP TR 21.900: "Technical Specification Group working methods".
- [22] 3GPP TS 29.544: "5G System; SP-AF Services; Stage 3".
- [23] 3GPP TS 23.316: "Wireless and wireline convergence access support for the 5G System (5GS); Release 16".
- [24] 3GPP TS 29.524: "5G System; Cause codes mapping between 5GC interfaces; Stage 3".

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

AMF	Access and Mobility Management Function
API	Application Programming Interface
AUSF	Authentication Server Function
FN-RG	Fixed Network RG
MAC	Message Authentication Code
N5GC	Non-5G-Capable
NF	Network Function
RG	Residential Gateway
SEAF	Security Anchor Function
SNPN	Stand-alone Non-Public Network
SoR	Steering of Roaming
URI	Uniform Resource Identifier
UPU	UE Parameters Update
W-AGF	Wireline Access Gateway Function

4 Overview

4.1 Introduction

The Network Function (NF) Authentication Server Function (AUSF) is the network entity in the 5G Core Network (5GC) supporting the following functionalities:

- Authenticate the UE for the requester NF,
- Provide keying material to the requester NF,
- Protect the Steering Information List for the requester NF.
- Protect the UE Parameter Update Data for the requester NF.

Figure 4-1 shows the reference architecture for the AUSF:

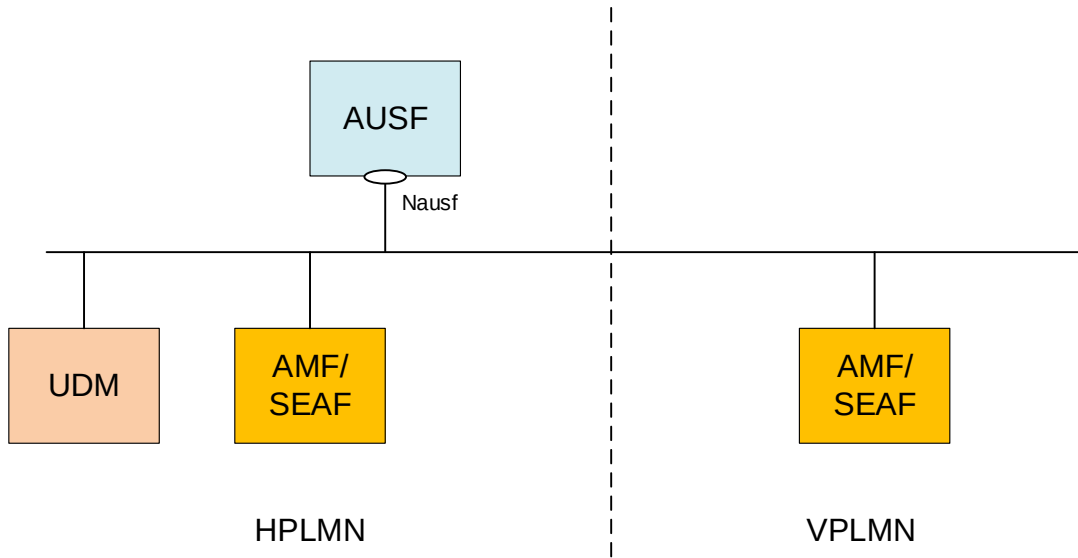


Figure 4-1: AUSF in 5G System architecture

This figure represents the AUSF architecture in the Service-based Architecture model. In the reference point model, the interface between the AMF and the AUSF is named N12. In this release, the SEAF function is collocated with the AMF. The AUSF may provide the service to the UDM.

Figure 4-1 illustrates PLMN level scenarios, but this architecture is also applicable to the SNPN scenarios, as explained below.

In the case of SNPN, the AUSF provides services e.g. in the following scenario:

- For a SNPN for which roaming is not supported (see 3GPP TS 23.501 [2], clause 5.30.2.0)

5 Services offered by the AUSF

5.1 Introduction

The AUSF offers to NF Service Consumers (e.g. AMF) the following services:

- Nausf_UEAuthentication
- Nausf_SoRProtection
- Nausf_UPUProtection

Table 5.1-1 summarizes the corresponding APIs defined for this specification.

Table 5.1-1: API Descriptions

Service Name	Clause	Description	OpenAPI Specification File	apiName	Annex
Nausf_UEAuthentication	6.1	AUSF UE Authentication Service	TS29509_Nausf_UEAuthentication.yaml	nausf-auth	A.2

Nausf_SoRProtection	6.2	AUSF SoR Protection Service	TS29509_Nausf_SoRProtection.yaml	nausf-sorprotection	A.3
Nausf_UPUProtection	6.3	AUSF UPU Protection Service	TS29509_Nausf_UPUProtection.yaml	nausf-upuprotection	A.4

AUSF provides services in the following SNPN scenario:

- In a SNPN where roaming is not supported, see clauses 5.30.2 in 3GPP TS 23.501 [2].

5.2 Nausf_UEAuthentication Service

5.2.1 Service Description

The AUSF is acting as NF Service Producer. It provides UE authentication service to the requester NF. The NF Service Consumer is the AMF.

For this service, the following service operations are defined:

- Authenticate

This service permits to authenticate the UE and to provide one or more master keys which are used by the AMF to derived subsequent keys.

5.2.2 Service Operations

5.2.2.1 Introduction

The service operation defined for the Nausf_UEAuthentication is as follows:

- Authenticate: It allows the AMF to authenticate the UE and allows the AMF to inform AUSF to remove the UE authentication result in the UDM.
- Deregister: It allows UDM to request the AUSF to clear the Security Context.

5.2.2.2 Authenticate

5.2.2.2.1 General

The service operation "Authenticate" permits the requester NF to initiate the Authentication of the UE by providing the following information to the AUSF:

- UE id (i.e. SUPI or SUCI)
- Serving Network Name

The AUSF retrieves the UE's subscribed authentication method from the UDM and depending on the information provided by the UDM, the AUSF enters in one of the following procedures:

- 5G-AKA
- EAP-based authentication'

For those two different procedures a new resource is generated by the AUSF. The content of the resource will depend on the procedure and will be returned to the AMF.

This service operation "Authenticate" also permits the requester NF to initiate the Authentication of the FN-RG registration via W-AGF by providing the following information to the AUSF:

- UE id (i.e. SUCI)
- Indication that the W-AGF has authenticated the FN-RG

The AUSF retrieves the UE's SUPI, indication that authentication is not required for the FN-RG from the UDM, and AUSF shall not perform the authentication.

The service operation "Authenticate" also permits the requester NF to inform the AUSF to remove the UE authentication result in the UDM.

5.2.2.2.2 5G AKA

In this procedure, the NF Service Consumer (AMF) requests the authentication of the UE by providing UE related information and the Serving Network Name to the NF Service Producer (AUSF), which retrieves UE related data and authentication method from the UDM. In this case the retrieved authentication method is 5G AKA. The NF Service Consumer (AMF) shall then return to the AUSF the result received from the UE:

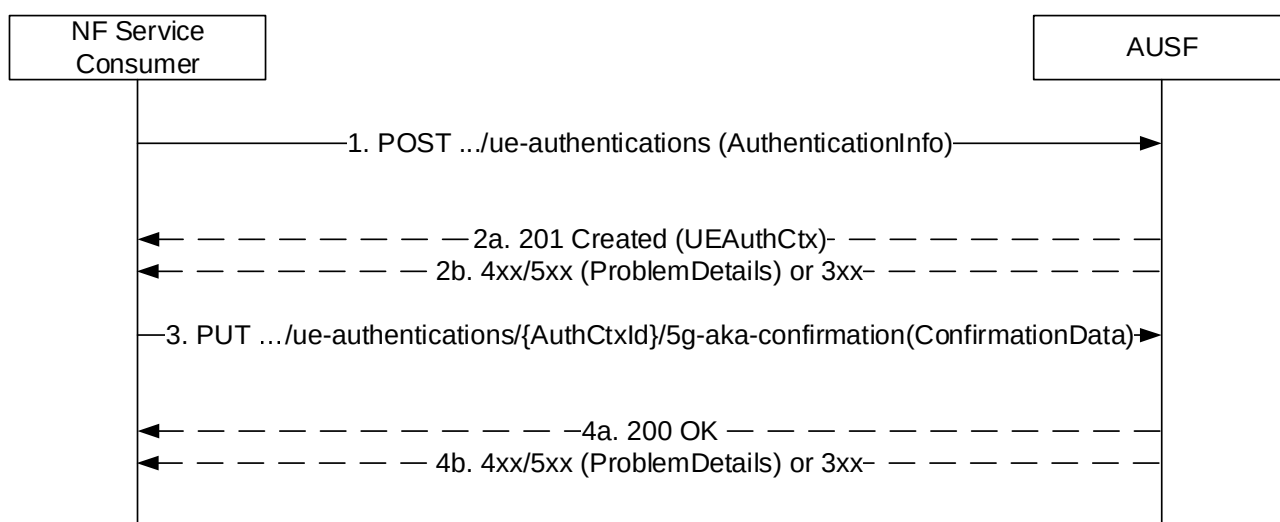


Figure 5.2.2.2.2-1: 5G AKA

1. The NF Service Consumer (AMF) shall send a POST request to the AUSF. The payload of the body shall contain at least the UE Id and the Serving Network Name.
- 2a. On success, "201 Created" shall be returned. The payload body shall contain the representation of the resource created and the "Location" header shall contain the URI of the created resource (e.g. `.../v1/ue_authentications/{authCtxId}`). The AUSF generates a sub-resource "5g-aka-confirmation". There shall be only one sub-resource "5g-aka-confirmation" per UE per Serving Network identified by the `supiOrSuci` and `servingNetworkName` in `AuthenticationInfo`. The AUSF shall provide an hypermedia link towards this sub-resource in the payload to indicate to the AMF where it shall send a PUT for the confirmation.
- 2b. On failure or redirection, one of the HTTP status code listed in table 6.1.3.2.3.1-3 shall be returned. For a 4xx/5xx response, the message body may contain a `ProblemDetails` structure with the "cause" attribute set to one of the application error listed in Table 6.1.3.2.3.1-3. If the serving network is not authorized, the AUSF shall use the `SERVING_NETWORK_NOT_AUTHORIZED` "cause".
3. Based on the relation type, the NF Service Consumer (AMF) deduces that it shall send a PUT containing the "RES*" provided by the UE to the URI provided by the AUSF or derived by itself. The NF Service Consumer (AMF) shall also send a PUT containing null value in the RES* to indicate the failure to the AUSF for the following cases:
 - if the UE is not reached, and the RES* is never received by the NF Service Consumer (AMF);
 - the comparison of the HRES* and HXRES* is unsuccessful in the NF Service Consumer (AMF);

- the authentication failure is received from the UE, e.g. synchronization failure or MAC failure;
- 4a. On success, "200 OK" shall be returned. If the UE is not authenticated, e.g. the verification of the RES* was not successful in the AUSF, the AUSF shall set the value of AuthResult to AUTHENTICATION_FAILURE.
- 4b. On failure or redirection, one of the HTTP status code listed in table 6.1.3.3.1-3 shall be returned. For a 4xx/5xx response, the message body may contain a ProblemDetails structure with the "cause" attribute set to one of the application error listed in Table 6.1.3.3.1-3.

5.2.2.2.3 EAP-based authentication method

5.2.2.2.3.1 General

In this procedure, the NF Service Consumer requests the authentication of the UE by providing UE related information and the serving network and the EAP-based authentication is selected (see IETF RFC 3748 [18]). EAP messages are exchanged between a UE acting as EAP peer, an NF Service Consumer (AMF/SEAF) acting as a pass-through authenticator and the AUSF acting as the EAP server.

5.2.2.2.3.2 EAP method: EAP-AKA'

EAP-AKA' is the EAP method used in this procedure

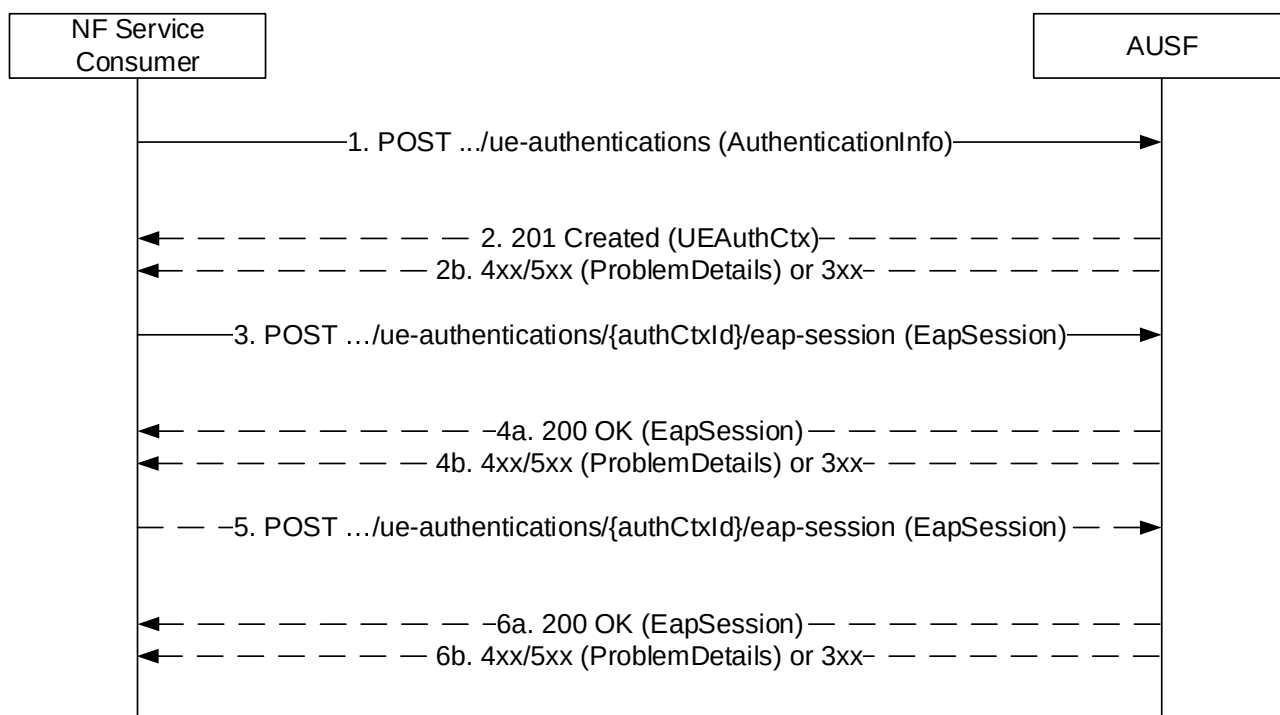


Figure 5.2.2.2.3-1: EAP-based authentication with EAP-AKA' method

1. The NF Service Consumer (AMF) shall send a POST request to the AUSF. The payload of the body shall contain at least the UE Id, Serving Network Name.
- 2a. On success, "201 Created" shall be returned. The payload body shall contain the representation of the resource generated and the "Location" header shall contain the URI of the generated resource (e.g. `.../v1/ue_authentications/{authCtxId}/eap-session`). The AUSF generates a sub-resource "eap-session". There shall be only one sub-resource "eap-session" per UE per Serving Network identified by the `supiOrSuci` and `servingNetworkName` in `AuthenticationInfo`. The AUSF shall provide an hypermedia link towards this sub-resource in the payload to indicate to the AMF where it shall send a POST containing the EAP packet response. The body payload shall also contain the EAP packet EAP-Request/AKA'-Challenge.

- 2b. On failure or redirection, one of the HTTP status code listed in table 6.1.3.2.3.1-3 shall be returned. For a 4xx/5xx response, the message body may contain a ProblemDetails structure with the "cause" attribute set to one of the application error listed in Table 6.1.3.2.3.1-3. In particular, if the serving network is not authorized, the AUSF shall use the "Cause" SERVING_NETWORK_NOT_AUTHORIZED.
3. Based on the relation type, the NF Service Consumer (AMF) shall send a POST request including the EAP-Response/AKA' Challenge received from the UE. The POST request is sent to the URI provided by the AUSF or derived by the NF Service Consumer (AMF).
- 4a. On success, and if the AUSF and the UE have indicated the use of protected successful result indications as in IETF RFC 9048 [17], the AUSF shall reply with a "200 OK" HTTP message containing the EAP Request/AKA' Notification and an hypermedia link towards the sub-resource "eap-session".
- 4b. On failure or redirection, one of the HTTP status code listed in table 6.1.3.4.3.1-3 shall be returned. For a 4xx/5xx response, the message body may contain a ProblemDetails structure with the "cause" attribute set to one of the application error listed in Table 6.1.3.4.3.1-3.

NOTE: Steps 4 to 5 are optional.

5. The NF Service Consumer (AMF) shall send a POST request including the EAP Response/AKA' Notification received from the UE. The POST request is sent to the URI provided by the AUSF or derived by the NF Service Consumer (AMF).
- 6a. If the EAP authentication exchange is successfully completed (with or without the optional Notification Request/Response messages exchange), "200 OK" shall be returned to the NF Service Consumer (AMF). The payload shall contain the result of the authentication, an EAP success/failure and the Kseaf if the authentication is successful. If the UE is not authenticated, the AUSF shall set the authResult to AUTHENTICATION_FAILURE.
- 6b. On failure or redirection, one of the HTTP status code listed in table 6.1.3.4.3.1-3 shall be returned. For a 4xx/5xx response, the message body may contain a ProblemDetails structure with the "cause" attribute set to one of the application error listed in Table 6.1.3.4.3.1-3.

5.2.2.2.3.3 EAP method: EAP-TLS

The EAP-TLS method can be used in private networks as an EAP method (see 3GPP TS 33.501 [8] Annex B.1). The corresponding stage 3 implementation is described in Annex B.

The EAP-TLS method is applicable for N5GC devices behind Cable RGs in private networks or in deployment scenarios with wireline access; see 3GPP TS 33.501 [8] Annex O.

5.2.2.2.4 Authentication for FN-RG

In this procedure, the NF Service Consumer (AMF) requests the authentication of the FN-RG registration via W-AGF by providing the SUCI of the FN-RG and the authenticated indication.

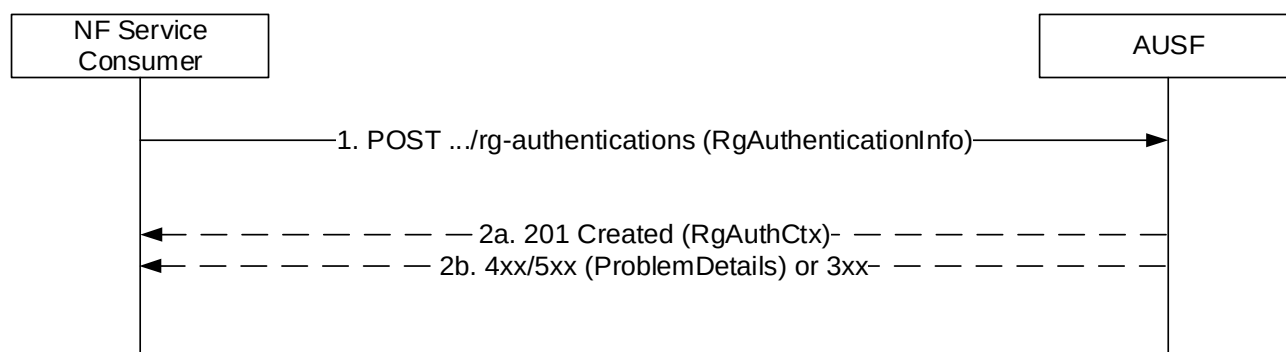


Figure 5.2.2.2.4-1: Authentication for FN-RG

1. The NF Service Consumer (AMF) shall send a POST request to the AUSF. The payload of the body shall contain at least the UE Id and the authenticated indication.
- 2a. On success, "201 Created" shall be returned. The payload body shall contain the representation of the resource created and the "Location" header shall contain the URI of the created resource (e.g. .../v1/rg-authentications/{authCtxId}).
- 2b. On failure, one of the HTTP status code listed in table 6.1.7.3-1 shall be returned with the message body containing a ProblemDetails structure with the "cause" attribute set to one of the application error listed in Table 6.1.7.3-1.

5.2.2.2.5 Authentication Result Removal with 5G AKA method

In the case that the Purge of subscriber data in AMF after the UE deregisters from the network or the NAS SMC fails following the successful authentication in the registration procedure, the NF Service Consumer (AMF) requests the AUSF to inform the UDM to remove the authentication result:

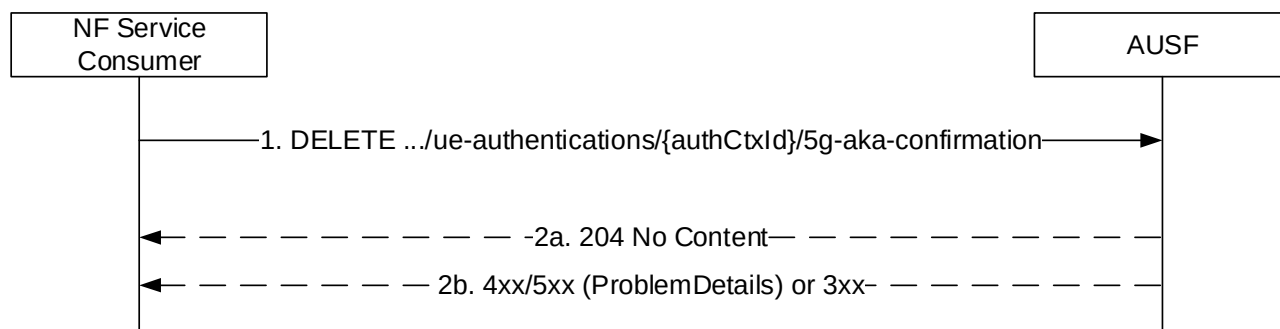


Figure 5.2.2.2.5-1: Authentication Result Removal with 5G AKA method

1. The NF Service Consumer (AMF) shall send a DELETE request to the resource URI representing the sub-resource "5g-aka-confirmation". The request body shall be empty.
- 2a. On success, "204 No Content" shall be returned. The AUSF shall send a DELETE request to the UDM for removing the authentication result of the UE after receiving the above DELETE request message.
- 2b. On failure or redirection one of the HTTP status code listed in table 6.1.3.3.2-3 shall be returned. For a 4xx/5xx response, the message body may contain a ProblemDetails structure with the "cause" attribute set to one of the application error listed in Table 6.1.3.3.2-3.

5.2.2.2.6 Authentication Result Removal with EAP-AKA' method

In the case that the Purge of subscriber data in AMF after the UE deregisters from the network or the NAS SMC fails following the successful authentication the registration procedure, the NF Service Consumer (AMF) requests the AUSF to inform the UDM to remove the authentication result:

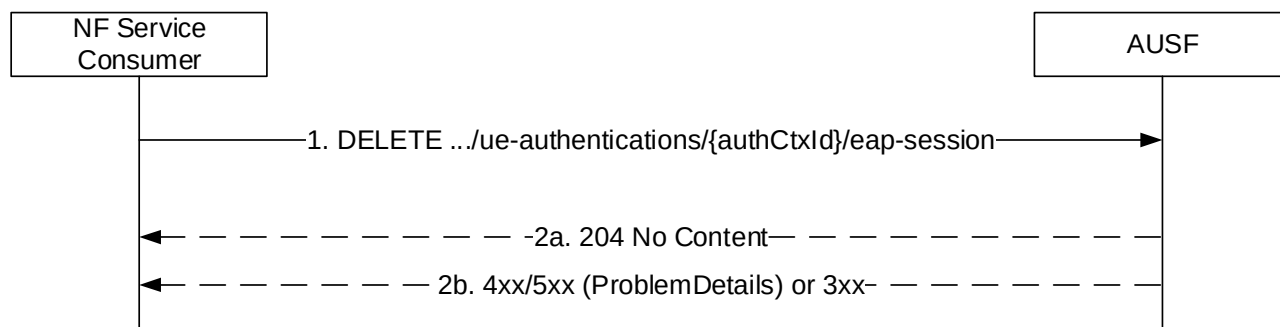


Figure 5.2.2.2.6-1: Authentication Result Removal with EAP-AKA' method

1. The NF Service Consumer (AMF) shall send a DELETE request to the resource URI representing the sub-resource "eap-session". The request body shall be empty.
- 2a. On success, "204 No Content" shall be returned. The AUSF shall send a DELETE request to the UDM for removing the authentication result of the UE after receiving the above DELETE request message.
- 2b. On failure or redirection, one of the HTTP status code listed in table 6.1.3.4.3.2-3 shall be returned. For a 4xx/5xx response, the message body may contain a ProblemDetails structure with the "cause" attribute set to one of the application error listed in Table 6.1.3.4.3.2-3.

5.2.2.3 Deregister

5.2.2.3.1 General

The Deregister service operation is used in the following scenario:

- Deletion of security context in AUSF

The NF Service Consumer (e.g. UDM) uses this service operation to request the AUSF to clear the stale security context, after the UE has been successfully (re)authenticated in same or different Serving Network via another AUSF Instance, e.g. due to registration via another access-type; so as to ensure only latest Kausf is maintained in the network. The service may also be used by UDM when the UE is no longer registered via any access-type or serving-network. It is responsibility of NF Service Consumers to ensure that security context being deleted does not hold the latest Kausf if UE is also connected via another Serving-Network.

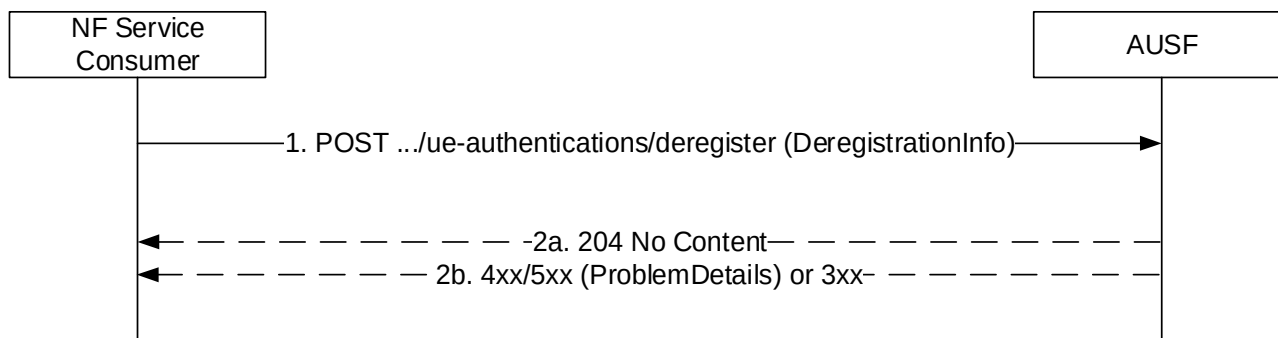


Figure 5.2.2.3.1-1: UE Context Clean-up in AUSF

1. The NF Service Consumer (e.g. UDM) shall send a POST request to the AUSF that was used to authenticate the UE. The payload of the body shall contain the UE id (e.g. SUPI).
- 2a. On success, "204 No Content" shall be returned.
- 2b. On failure or redirection, one of the HTTP status code listed in table 6.1.3.2.4.2.2-2 shall be returned. For a 4xx/5xx response, the message body may contain a ProblemDetails structure with the "cause" attribute set to one of the application error listed in Table 6.1.3.2.4.2.2-2.

5.3 Nausf_SoRProtection Service

5.3.1 Service Description

The AUSF is acting as NF Service Producer. It provides SoRProtection service to the NF Service Consumer.

This service permits to provide the NF Service Consumer (e.g. UDM) with the SoR-MAC-IAUSF and CounterSoR to protect the Steering Information from being tampered with or removed by the VPLMN.

NOTE: If the Steering Information is not available or HPLMN determines that no steering of the UE is required, a SoR transparent container information element with an HPLMN indication that 'no change of the "Operator Controlled PLMN Selector with Access Technology" list stored in the UE protected by SoR-MAC-IAUSF and CounterSoR is still sent to the UE during registration. The Steering Information in such a case, the NF Service Consumer shall send an empty list to the AUSF when consuming the Nausf_SoRProtection Service.

In option this service also allows to provide the NF Service Consumer (e.g. UDM) with the SoR-XMAC-IUE that allows the NF Service Consumer (e.g. UDM) to verify that the UE received the Steering Information List.

5.3.2 Service Operations

5.3.2.1 Introduction

The service operation defined for the Nausf_SoRProtection is as follows:

- Protect

5.3.2.2 Protect

5.3.2.2.1 General

The Protect service operation is used in the following procedures:

- Procedure for steering of UE in VPLMN during registration (see clause 6.14.2.1 of 3GPP TS 33.501 [8]);
- Procedure for steering of UE in VPLMN after registration (see clause 6.14.2.2 of 3GPP TS 33.501 [8]).

The NF Service Consumer (e.g. UDM) uses this service operation to request the AUSF to compute the SoR-MAC-IAUSF and the CounterSoR by providing Steering Information. The NF Service Consumer (e.g. UDM) may also request the AUSF to compute the SoR-XMAC-IUE by providing the indication that an acknowledgement is requested from the UE.

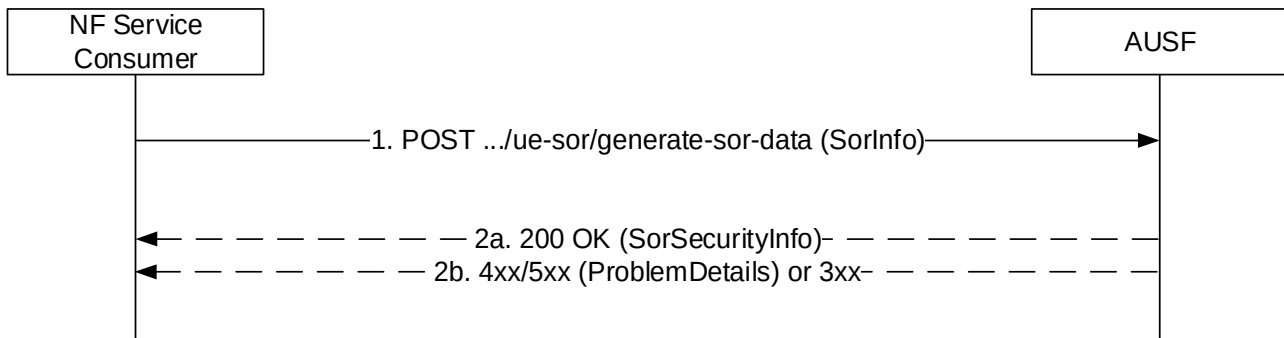


Figure 5.3.2.2.1-1: Steering of UE in VPLMN

1. The NF Service Consumer (e.g. UDM) shall send a POST request to the AUSF that was used to authenticate the UE. The payload of the body shall contain the Steering Information and the acknowledge indication.

2a. On success, "200 OK" shall be returned. The payload body shall contain the requested security material (e.g. SoR-MAC- I_{AUSF} , Counter_{SoR}, SoR-XMAC- I_{UE}) necessary to protect the Steering of Roaming procedure.

SoR Header shall be used to form the input as one of multiple parameters to calculate the SoR-MAC- I_{AUSF} . SoR Header shall be constructed by AUSF based on the information received in the request and encoded as specified in clause 9.11.3.51 of 3GPP TS 24.501[20].

2b. On failure or redirection, one of the HTTP status code listed in table 6.2.3.2.4.2.2-2 shall be returned. For a 4xx/5xx response, the message body may contain a ProblemDetails structure with the "cause" attribute set to one of the application error listed in Table 6.2.3.2.4.2.2-2. If the Counter_{SoR} associated with the K_{AUSF} of the UE, is about to wrap around, the AUSF shall use the "COUNTER-WRAP" cause.

5.4 Nausf_UPUProtection Service

5.4.1 Service Description

The AUSF is acting as NF Service Producer. It provides UPUProtection service to the NF Service Consumer.

This service permits to provide the NF Service Consumer (e.g. UDM) with the UPU-MAC- I_{AUSF} and Counter_{UPU} to protect the UE Parameters Update Data from being tampered with or removed.

In option this service also allows to provide the NF Service Consumer (e.g. UDM) with the UPU-XMAC- I_{UE} that allows the NF Service Consumer (e.g. UDM) to verify that the UE received UE Parameters Update Data correctly.

5.4.2 Service Operations

5.4.2.1 Introduction

The service operation defined for the Nausf_UPUProtection is as follows:

- Protect

5.4.2.2 Protect

5.4.2.2.1 General

The Protect service operation is used in the following procedures:

- Procedure for UE Parameters Update (see clause 6.15.2.1 of 3GPP TS 33.501 [8]).

The NF Service Consumer (e.g. UDM) uses this service operation to request the AUSF to compute the UPU-MAC- I_{AUSF} and Counter_{UPU} by providing the UE Parameters Update Data (UPU Data). The NF Service Consumer (e.g. UDM) may also request the AUSF to compute the UPU-XMAC- I_{UE} by providing the indication that an acknowledgement is requested from the UE.

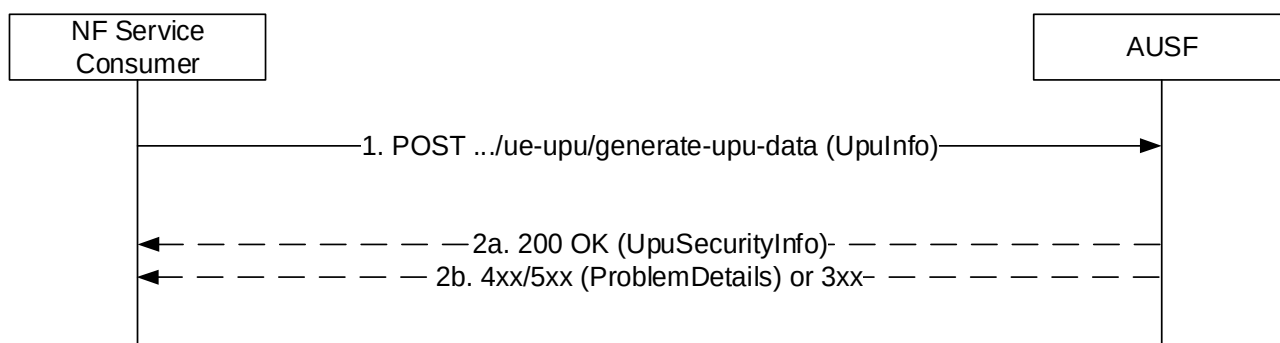


Figure 5.4.2.2-1: UE Parameters Update in VPLMN

1. The NF Service Consumer (e.g. UDM) shall send a POST request to the AUSF that was used to authenticate the UE and stores the latest K_{AUSF} for the UE. The payload of the body shall contain the UE Parameters Update Data (UPU Data), the UPU Header and the acknowledge indication.
- 2a. On success, "200 OK" shall be returned. The payload body shall contain the requested security material necessary to protect the UE Parameters Update procedure.
- 2b. On failure or redirection, one of the HTTP status code listed in table 6.3.3.2.4.2.2-2 shall be returned. For a 4xx/5xx response, the message body may contain a ProblemDetails structure with the "cause" attribute set to one of the application error listed in Table 6.3.3.2.4.2.2-2. If the Counter_{UPU} associated with the K_{AUSF} of the UE, is about to wrap around, the AUSF shall use the "COUNTER-WRAP" cause.

6 API Definitions

6.1 Nausf_UEAuthentication Service API

6.1.1 API URI

URIs of this API shall have the following root:

`{apiRoot}/<apiName>/<apiVersion>/`

The request URIs used in HTTP requests from the NF service consumer towards the NF service producer shall have the Resource URI structure defined in clause 4.4.1 of 3GPP TS 29.501 [5], i.e.:

`{apiRoot}/<apiName>/<apiVersion>/<apiSpecificResourceUriPart>`

with the following components:

- The `{apiRoot}` shall be set as described in 3GPP TS 29.501 [6].
- The `<apiName>` shall be "nausf-auth".
- The `<apiVersion>` shall be "v1".

- The <apiSpecificResourceUriPart> shall be set as described in clause 6.1.3.

6.1.2 Usage of HTTP

6.1.2.1 General

HTTP/2, as defined in IETF RFC 7540 [6], shall be used as specified in clause 5 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].

6.1.2.2 HTTP standard headers

6.1.2.2.1 General

The usage of HTTP standard headers is specified in clause 5.2.2 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].

6.1.2.2.2 Content type

The following content types shall be supported:

- JSON, as defined in IETF RFC 8259 [7], shall be used as content type of the HTTP bodies specified in the present specification as indicated in clause 5.4 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].
- The Problem Details JSON Object (IETF RFC 7807 [11]). The use of the Problem Details JSON object in a HTTP response body shall be signalled by the content type "application/problem+json"
- The 3GPP hypermedia format as defined in 3GPP TS 29.501 [5]. The use of the 3GPP hypermedia format in a HTTP response body shall be signalled by the content type "application/3gppHal+json"

6.1.2.3 HTTP custom headers

6.1.2.3.1 General

The usage of HTTP custom headers shall be supported as specified in clause 5.2.3 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].

6.1.3 Resources

6.1.3.1 Overview

The structure of the Resource URIs of the Nausf_UEAuthentication service is shown in Figure 6.1.3.1-1

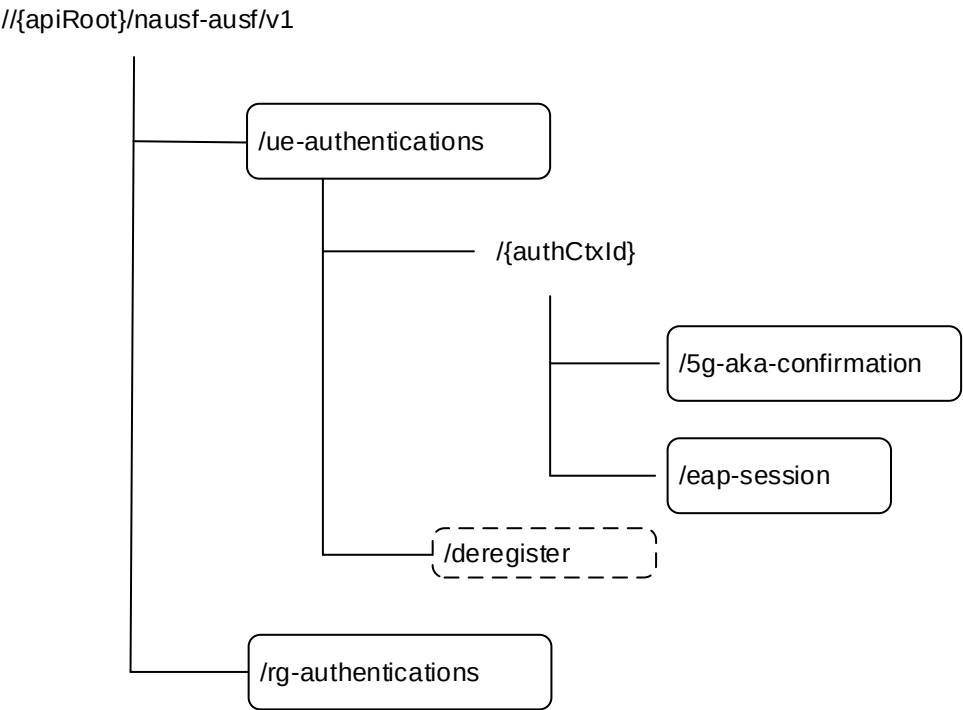


Figure 6.1.3.1-1: Resource URI structure of the AUSF API

Table 6.1.3.1-1 provides an overview of the resources and applicable HTTP methods.

Table 6.1.3.1-1: Resources and methods overview

Resource name	Resource URI	HTTP method or custom operation	Description
ue-authentications (Collection)	/ue-authentications	POST	Initiate the authentication process by providing inputs related to the UE
	/ue-authentications/deregister	deregister (POST)	Clear the security context of the UE
5g-aka-confirmation (Document)	/ue-authentications/{authCtxId}/5g-aka-confirmation	PUT	Put the UE response from the 5G-AKA process.
		DELETE	DELETE the authentication result.
eap-session (Document)	/ue-authentications/{authCtxId}/eap-session	POST	Post the EAP response from the UE. See NOTE.
		DELETE	DELETE the authentication result.
rg-authentications (Collection)	/rg-authentications	POST	Initiate the authentication process by providing inputs related to the FN-RG
NOTE: This POST is used to provide EAP response to the AUSF in a sub-resource (Document) generated by the first POST operation. As this operation is not idempotent (it triggers subsequent EAP operations), a PUT was not adequate.			

6.1.3.2 Resource: ue-authentications (Collection)

6.1.3.2.1 Description

This resource represents a collection of the ue-authentication resources generated by the AUSF.

6.1.3.2.2 Resource Definition

Resource URI: **{apiRoot}/nausf-auth/v1/ue-authentications**

This resource shall support the resource URI variables defined in table 6.1.3.3.2-1.

Table 6.1.3.2.2-1: Resource URI variables for this resource

Name	Data type	Definition
apiRoot	string	See clause 6.1.1

6.1.3.2.3 Resource Standard Methods

6.1.3.2.3.1 POST

This method shall support the URI query parameters specified in table 6.1.3.2.3.1-1.

Table 6.1.3.2.3.1-1: URI query parameters supported by the POST method on this resource

Name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
n/a				

This method shall support the request data structures specified in table 6.1.3.2.3.1-2 and the response data structures and response codes specified in table 6.1.3.2.3.1-3.

Table 6.1.3.2.3.1-2: Data structures supported by the POST Request Body on this resource

Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
AuthenticationInfo	M	1	Contains the UE id (i.e. SUCI or SUPI as specified in 3GPP TS 33.501 [8]) and the serving network name. It may also contain Trace Data as specified in 3GPP TS 23.501 [2].

Table 6.1.3.2.3.1-3: Data structures supported by the POST Response Body on this resource

Data type	P	Cardinality	Response Codes	Description
UEAuthenticationCtx	M	1	201 Created	Upon success, if 5G AKA is selected, the response body will contain one AV and "link" for the AMF to PUT the confirmation. If an EAP-based method is selected, the response body will contain the EAP method selected, the corresponding EAP packet request and a "link" for the AMF to POST the EAP response. The HTTP response shall include a "Location" header that contains the resource URI of the created resource.
RedirectResponse	O	0..1	307 Temporary Redirect	Temporary redirection. The response shall include a Location header field containing a different URI, or the same URI if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP. In the former case, the URI shall be an alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. (NOTE 2)
RedirectResponse	O	0..1	308 Permanent Redirect	Permanent redirection. The response shall include a Location header field containing a different URI, or the same URI if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP. In the former case, the URI shall be an alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. (NOTE 2)
ProblemDetails	O	0..1	400 Bad Request	This case represents the failure to start authentication service because of input parameter error.
ProblemDetails	O	0..1	403 Forbidden	This case represents when the UE is not allowed to be authenticated. The "cause" attribute may be used to indicate one of the following application errors: - AUTHENTICATION_REJECTED - SERVING_NETWORK_NOT_AUTHORIZED - INVALID_HN_PUBLIC_KEY_IDENTIFIER - INVALID_SCHEME_OUTPUT
ProblemDetails	O	0..1	404 Not Found	The "cause" attribute may be used to indicate one of the following application errors: - USER_NOT_FOUND
ProblemDetails	O	0..1	500 Internal Server Error	This case represents the failure in starting the authentication service because of a server internal error. If the error is due to a problem with UDM not able to generate the requested AV, the AUSF shall indicate the following application error: "AV_GENERATION_PROBLEM"
ProblemDetails	O	0..1	501 Not Implemented	The "cause" attribute may be used to indicate one of the following application errors: - UNSUPPORTED_PROTECTION_SCHEME This response shall not be cached.
NOTE 1: The mandatory HTTP error status codes for the POST method listed in Table 5.2.7.1-1 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4] other than those specified in the table above also apply, with a ProblemDetails data type (see clause 5.2.7 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].				
NOTE 2: RedirectResponse may be inserted by an SCP, see clause 6.10.9.1 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].				

Table 6.1.3.2.3.1-4: Headers supported by the 201 Response Code on this resource

Name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
Location	string	M	1	Contains the URI of the newly created resource according to the structure: {apiRoot}/nausf-auth/v1/ue-authentications/{authCtxId}

Table 6.1.3.2.3.1-5: Headers supported by the 307 Response Code on this resource

Name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
Location	string	M	1	An alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. Or the same URI, if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP.
3gpp-Sbi-Target-Nf-Id	string	O	0..1	Identifier of the target NF (service) instance ID towards which the request is redirected

Table 6.1.3.2.3.1-6: Headers supported by the 308 Response Code on this resource

Name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
Location	string	M	1	An alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. Or the same URI, if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP.
3gpp-Sbi-Target-Nf-Id	string	O	0..1	Identifier of the target NF (service) instance ID towards which the request is redirected

6.1.3.2.4 Resource Custom Operations

6.1.3.2.4.1 Overview

Table 6.1.3.2.4.1-1: Custom operations

Custom operation URI	Mapped HTTP method	Description
{apiRoot}/nausf-auth/v1/ue-authentications/deregister	POST	Clear the Security Context of the UE

6.1.3.2.4.2 Operation: deregister (POST)

6.1.3.2.4.2.1 Description

This custom operation is used by the NF service consumer (e.g. UDM) to request the AUSF to clear the Security Context, after the UE has been successfully re-authenticated in same Serving Network, or has been successfully authenticated in another Serving Network, e.g. due to registration via another access-type.

6.1.3.2.4.2.2 Operation Definition

This operation shall support the request data structures specified in table 6.1.3.2.4.2.2-1 and the response data structure and response codes specified in table 6.1.3.2.4.2.2-2.

Table 6.1.3.2.4.2.2-1: Data structures supported by the POST Request Body on this resource

Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
DeregistrationInfo	M	1	See 6.1.6.2.11.

Table 6.1.3.2.4.2.2-2: Data structures supported by the POST Response Body on this resource

Data type	P	Cardinality	Response codes	Description
n/a			204 No Content	This case represents the handover is cancelled successfully.
RedirectResponse	O	0..1	307 Temporary Redirect	Temporary redirection. The response shall include a Location header field containing a different URI, or the same URI if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP. In the former case, the URI shall be an alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. (NOTE 2)
RedirectResponse	O	0..1	308 Permanent Redirect	Permanent redirection. The response shall include a Location header field containing a different URI, or the same URI if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP. In the former case, the URI shall be an alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. (NOTE 2)
ProblemDetails	O	1	404 Not Found	The "cause" attribute may be used to indicate one of the following application errors: - CONTEXT_NOT_FOUND See table 6.1.7.3-1 for the description of this error.
NOTE 1: The mandatory HTTP error status codes for the POST method listed in Table 5.2.7.1-1 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4] other than those specified in the table above also apply, with a ProblemDetails data type (see clause 5.2.7 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4]).				
NOTE 2: RedirectResponse may be inserted by an SCP, see clause 6.10.9.1 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].				

Table 6.1.3.2.4.4.2-3: Headers supported by the 307 Response Code on this resource

Name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
Location	string	M	1	An alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. Or the same URI, if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP.
3gpp-Sbi-Target-Nf-Id	string	O	0..1	Identifier of the target NF (service) instance ID towards which the request is redirected

Table 6.1.3.2.4.4.2-4: Headers supported by the 308 Response Code on this resource

Name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
Location	string	M	1	An alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. Or the same URI, if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP.
3gpp-Sbi-Target-Nf-Id	string	O	0..1	Identifier of the target NF (service) instance ID towards which the request is redirected

6.1.3.3 Resource: 5g-aka-confirmation (Document)

6.1.3.3.1 Description

The subresource "5g-aka-confirmation" is generated by the AUSF. This subresource should not persist after the AUSF has read its content.

6.1.3.3.2 Resource Definition

Resource URI: **{apiRoot}/nausf-auth/v1/ue-authentications/{authCtxId}/5g-aka-confirmation**

This resource shall support the resource URI variables defined in table 6.1.3.3.2-1.

Table 6.1.3.3.2-1: Resource URI variables for this resource

Name	Data Type	Definition
apiRoot	string	See clause 6.1.1
authCtxId	string	Represents a specific ue-authentication per UE per serving network

6.1.3.3.3 Resource Standard Methods

6.1.3.3.3.1 PUT

This method shall support the URI query parameters specified in table 6.1.3.3.3.1-1.

Table 6.1.3.3.3.1-1: URI query parameters supported by the PUT method on this resource

Name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
n/a				

This method shall support the request data structures specified in table 6.1.3.3.3.1-2 and the response data structures and response codes specified in table 6.1.3.3.3.1-3.

Table 6.1.3.3.3.1-2: Data structures supported by the PUT Request Body on this resource

Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
ConfirmationData	M	1	Contains the "RES*" generated by the UE and provided to the AMF.

Table 6.1.3.3.1-3: Data structures supported by the PUT Response Body on this resource

Data type	P	Cardinality	Response Codes	Description
ConfirmationData Response	M	1	200 OK	This case indicates that the AUSF has performed the verification of the 5G AKA confirmation. The response body shall contain the result of the authentication and the Kseaf if the authentication is successful.
RedirectResponse	O	0..1	307 Temporary Redirect	Temporary redirection. The response shall include a Location header field containing a different URI, or the same URI if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP. In the former case, the URI shall be an alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. (NOTE 2)
RedirectResponse	O	0..1	308 Permanent Redirect	Permanent redirection. The response shall include a Location header field containing a different URI, or the same URI if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP. In the former case, the URI shall be an alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. (NOTE 2)
ProblemDetails	O	0..1	400 Bad Request	This case represents a 5G AKA confirmation failure because of input parameter error. This indicates that the AUSF was not able to confirm the authentication.
ProblemDetails	O	0..1	500 Internal Server Error	This case represents a 5G AKA confirmation failure because of a server internal error.
NOTE 1: The mandatory HTTP error status codes for the PUT method listed in Table 5.2.7.1-1 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4] other than those specified in the table above also apply, with a ProblemDetails data type (see clause 5.2.7 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4]).				
NOTE 2: RedirectResponse may be inserted by an SCP, see clause 6.10.9.1 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].				

Table 6.1.3.3.1-4: Headers supported by the 307 Response Code on this resource

Name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
Location	string	M	1	An alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. Or the same URI, if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP.
3gpp-Sbi-Target-Nf-Id	string	O	0..1	Identifier of the target NF (service) instance ID towards which the request is redirected

Table 6.1.3.3.1-5: Headers supported by the 308 Response Code on this resource

Name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
Location	string	M	1	An alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. Or the same URI, if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP.
3gpp-Sbi-Target-Nf-Id	string	O	0..1	Identifier of the target NF (service) instance ID towards which the request is redirected

6.1.3.3.3.2 DELETE

This method shall support the URI query parameters specified in table 6.1.3.3.2-1.

Table 6.1.3.3.2-1: URI query parameters supported by the DELETE method on this resource

Name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
n/a				

This method shall support the request data structures specified in table 6.1.3.3.2-2 and the response data structures and response codes specified in table 6.1.3.3.2-3.

Table 6.1.3.3.2-2: Data structures supported by the DELETE Request Body on this resource

Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
n/a			

Table 6.1.3.3.2-3: Data structures supported by the DELETE Response Body on this resource

Data type	P	Cardinality	Response Codes	Description
n/a			204 No Content	
RedirectResponse	O	0..1	307 Temporary Redirect	Temporary redirection. The response shall include a Location header field containing a different URI, or the same URI if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP. In the former case, the URI shall be an alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. (NOTE 2)
RedirectResponse	O	0..1	308 Permanent Redirect	Permanent redirection. The response shall include a Location header field containing a different URI, or the same URI if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP. In the former case, the URI shall be an alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. (NOTE 2)
NOTE 1: The mandatory HTTP error status codes for the DELETE method listed in Table 5.2.7.1-1 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4] other than those specified in the table above also apply, with a ProblemDetails data type (see clause 5.2.7 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4]).				
NOTE 2: RedirectResponse may be inserted by an SCP, see clause 6.10.9.1 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].				

Table 6.1.3.3.2-4: Headers supported by the 307 Response Code on this resource

Name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
Location	string	M	1	An alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. Or the same URI, if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP.
3gpp-Sbi-Target-Nf-Id	string	O	0..1	Identifier of the target NF (service) instance ID towards which the request is redirected

Table 6.1.3.3.2-5: Headers supported by the 308 Response Code on this resource

Name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
Location	string	M	1	An alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. Or the same URI, if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP.
3gpp-Sbi-Target-Nf-Id	string	O	0..1	Identifier of the target NF (service) instance ID towards which the request is redirected

6.1.3.4 Resource: eap-session (Document)

6.1.3.4.1 Description

The "eap-session" is generated by the AUSF if an EAP-based authentication method is selected. This resource is used to handle the EAP session. This subresource should not persist after the EAP exchanges.

6.1.3.4.2 Resource Definition

Resource URI: **{apiRoot}/nausf-auth/v1/ue-authentications/{authCtxId}/eap-session**

This resource shall support the resource URI variables defined in table 6.1.3.4.2-1.

Table 6.1.3.4.2-1: Resource URI variables for this resource

Name	Data type	Definition
apiRoot	string	See clause 6.1.1
authCtxId	string	Represents a specific ue-authentication per UE per serving network

6.1.3.4.3 Resource Standard Methods

6.1.3.4.3.1 POST

This method shall support the URI query parameters specified in table 6.1.3.4.3.1-1.

Table 6.1.3.4.3.1-1: URI query parameters supported by the POST method on this resource

Name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
n/a				

This method shall support the request data structures specified in table 6.1.3.4.3.1-2 and the response data structures and response codes specified in table 6.1.3.4.3.1-3.

Table 6.1.3.4.3.1-2: Data structures supported by the POST Request Body on this resource

Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
EapSession	M	1	Contains the EAP packet response (see IETF RFC 3748 [18]) from the UE and transferred by the AMF

Table 6.1.3.4.3.1-3: Data structures supported by the POST Response Body on this resource

Data type	P	Cardinality	Response Codes	Description
EapSession	M	1	200 OK	During an EAP session, the body response shall contain the EAP packet Response and an hypermedia link. At the end of the EAP session, the body response shall contain the EAP packet Success or Failure (see IETF RFC 3748 [18]) and the Kseaf if the authentication is successful
RedirectResponse	O	0..1	307 Temporary Redirect	Temporary redirection. The response shall include a Location header field containing a different URI, or the same URI if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP. In the former case, the URI shall be an alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. (NOTE 2)
RedirectResponse	O	0..1	308 Permanent Redirect	Permanent redirection. The response shall include a Location header field containing a different URI, or the same URI if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP. In the former case, the URI shall be an alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. (NOTE 2)
ProblemDetails	O	0..1	400 Bad Request	This case represents an EAP session failure because of input parameter error. This indicates that the AUSF was not able to continue the EAP session.
ProblemDetails	O	0..1	500 Internal Server Error	This case represents an EAP session failure failure because of a server internal error.
NOTE 1: The mandatory HTTP error status codes for the POST method listed in Table 5.2.7.1-1 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4] other than those specified in the table above also apply, with a ProblemDetails data type (see clause 5.2.7 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].				
NOTE 2: RedirectResponse may be inserted by an SCP, see clause 6.10.9.1 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].				

Table 6.1.3.4.3.1-4: Headers supported by the 307 Response Code on this resource

Name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
Location	string	M	1	An alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. Or the same URI, if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP.
3gpp-Sbi-Target-Nf-Id	string	O	0..1	Identifier of the target NF (service) instance ID towards which the request is redirected

Table 6.1.3.4.3.1-5: Headers supported by the 308 Response Code on this resource

Name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
Location	string	M	1	An alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. Or the same URI, if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP.
3gpp-Sbi-Target-Nf-Id	string	O	0..1	Identifier of the target NF (service) instance ID towards which the request is redirected

6.1.3.4.3.2 DELETE

This method shall support the URI query parameters specified in table 6.1.3.4.3.2-1.

Table 6.1.3.4.3.2-1: URI query parameters supported by the DELETE method on this resource

Name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
n/a				

This method shall support the request data structures specified in table 6.1.3.4.3.2-2 and the response data structures and response codes specified in table 6.1.3.4.3.2-3.

Table 6.1.3.4.3.2-2: Data structures supported by the DELETE Request Body on this resource

Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
n/a			

Table 6.1.3.4.3.2-3: Data structures supported by the DELETE Response Body on this resource

Data type	P	Cardinality	Response Codes	Description
n/a			204 No Content	
RedirectResponse	O	0..1	307 Temporary Redirect	Temporary redirection. The response shall include a Location header field containing a different URI, or the same URI if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP. In the former case, the URI shall be an alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. (NOTE 2)
RedirectResponse	O	0..1	308 Permanent Redirect	Permanent redirection. The response shall include a Location header field containing a different URI, or the same URI if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP. In the former case, the URI shall be an alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. (NOTE 2)
NOTE 1: The mandatory HTTP error status codes for the DELETE method listed in Table 5.2.7.1-1 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4] other than those specified in the table above also apply, with a ProblemDetails data type (see clause 5.2.7 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4]).				
NOTE 2: RedirectResponse may be inserted by an SCP, see clause 6.10.9.1 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].				

Table 6.1.3.4.3.2-4: Headers supported by the 307 Response Code on this resource

Name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
Location	string	M	1	An alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. Or the same URI, if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP.
3gpp-Sbi-Target-Nf-Id	string	O	0..1	Identifier of the target NF (service) instance ID towards which the request is redirected

Table 6.1.3.4.3.2-5: Headers supported by the 308 Response Code on this resource

Name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
Location	string	M	1	An alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. Or the same URI, if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP.
3gpp-Sbi-Target-Nf-Id	string	O	0..1	Identifier of the target NF (service) instance ID towards which the request is redirected

6.1.3.5 Resource: rg-authentications (Collection)

6.1.3.5.1 Description

This resource represents a collection of the rg-authentication resources generated by the AUSF.

6.1.3.5.2 Resource Definition

Resource URI: **{apiRoot}/nausf-auth/v1/rg-authentications**

This resource shall support the resource URI variables defined in table 6.1.3.5.2-1.

Table 6.1.3.5.2-1: Resource URI variables for this resource

Name	Data type	Definition
apiRoot	string	See clause 6.1.1

6.1.3.5.3 Resource Standard Methods

6.1.3.5.3.1 POST

This method shall support the URI query parameters specified in table 6.1.3.5.3.1-1.

Table 6.1.3.5.3.1-1: URI query parameters supported by the POST method on this resource

Name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
n/a				

This method shall support the request data structures specified in table 6.1.3.5.3.1-2 and the response data structures and response codes specified in table 6.1.3.5.3.1-3.

Table 6.1.3.5.3.1-2: Data structures supported by the POST Request Body on this resource

Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
RgAuthenticationInfo	M	1	Contains the UE id (i.e. SUCI as specified in 3GPP TS 23.316 [23] or 3GPP TS 33.501 [8]) and the authenticated indication.

Table 6.1.3.5.3.1-3: Data structures supported by the POST Response Body on this resource

Data type	P	Cardinality	Response codes	Description
RgAuthCtx	M	1	201 Created	Upon success, the response body will contain the SUPI of the UE and the authentication indication. The HTTP response shall include a "Location" header that contains the resource URI of the created resource.
RedirectResponse	O	0..1	307 Temporary Redirect	Temporary redirection. The response shall include a Location header field containing a different URI, or the same URI if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP. In the former case, the URI shall be an alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. (NOTE 2)
RedirectResponse	O	0..1	308 Permanent Redirect	Permanent redirection. The response shall include a Location header field containing a different URI, or the same URI if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP. In the former case, the URI shall be an alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. (NOTE 2)
ProblemDetails	O	0..1	400 Bad Request	This case represents the failure to start authentication service because of input parameter error.
ProblemDetails	O	0..1	403 Forbidden	This case represents when the UE is not allowed to be authenticated. The "cause" attribute may be used to indicate one of the following application errors: - AUTHENTICATION_REJECTED - INVALID_SCHEME_OUTPUT
ProblemDetails	O	0..1	404 Not Found	The "cause" attribute may be used to indicate the following application error: - USER_NOT_FOUND
NOTE 1: The mandatory HTTP error status codes for the POST method listed in Table 5.2.7.1-1 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4] other than those specified in the table above also apply, with a ProblemDetails data type (see clause 5.2.7 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].				
NOTE 2: RedirectResponse may be inserted by an SCP, see clause 6.10.9.1 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].				

Table 6.1.3.5.3.1-4: Headers supported by the 307 Response Code on this resource

Name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
Location	string	M	1	An alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. Or the same URI, if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP.
3gpp-Sbi-Target-Nf-Id	string	O	0..1	Identifier of the target NF (service) instance ID towards which the request is redirected

Table 6.1.3.5.3.1-5: Headers supported by the 308 Response Code on this resource

Name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
Location	string	M	1	An alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. Or the same URI, if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP.
3gpp-Sbi-Target-Nf-Id	string	O	0..1	Identifier of the target NF (service) instance ID towards which the request is redirected

6.1.4 Custom Operations without associated resources

6.1.4.1 Overview

There is no Custom Operation in the current version of this API.

6.1.5 Notifications

6.1.5.1 General

There is no use of notification in the current version of this API.

6.1.6 Data Model

6.1.6.1 General

This clause specifies the application data model supported by the API.

Table 6.1.6.1-1 specifies the data types defined for the Nausf service based interface protocol.

Table 6.1.6.1-1: Nausf specific Data Types

Data type	Clause defined	Description
AuthenticationInfo	6.1.6.2.2	Contains the UE id (i.e. SUCI or SUPI) and the Serving Network Name.
UEAuthenticationCtx	6.1.6.2.3	Contains the information related to the resource generated to handle the UE authentication. It contains at least the UE id, Serving Network, the Authentication Method and related EAP information or related 5G-AKA information.
5gAuthData	6.1.6.2.4	Contains 5G authentication related information.
Av5gAka	6.1.6.2.5	Contains Authentication Vector for method 5G AKA.
ConfirmationData	6.1.6.2.6	Contains the "RES*" generated by the UE.
EapSession	6.1.6.2.7	Contains information related to the EAP session.
ConfirmationDataResponse	6.1.6.2.8	
RgAuthenticationInfo	6.1.6.2.9	Contains the UE id (i.e. SUCI) and the authenticated indication.
RgAuthCtx	6.1.6.2.10	Contains the UE id (i.e. SUPI) and the authentication indication.
DeregistrationInfo	6.1.6.2.11	Contains the UE id (i.e. SUPI).
EapPayload	6.1.6.3.2	
ResStar	6.1.6.3.2	
Kseaf	6.1.6.3.2	
HxresStar	6.1.6.3.2	
Suci	6.1.6.3.2	

Table 6.1.6.1-2 specifies data types re-used by the Nausf service based interface protocol from other specifications, including a reference to their respective specifications and when needed, a short description of their use within the Nausf service based interface.

Table 6.1.6.1-2: Nausf re-used Data Types

Data type	Reference	Comments
LinksValueSchema	3GPP TS 29.571 [10]	3GPP Hypermedia link
ProblemDetails	3GPP TS 29.571 [10]	Common Data Type used in response bodies
Supi	3GPP TS 29.571 [10]	
Uri	3GPP TS 29.571 [10]	
ResynchronizationInfo	3GPP TS 29.503 [12]	
SupiOrSuci	3GPP TS 29.571 [10]	
ServingNetworkName	3GPP TS 29.503 [12]	
Autn	3GPP TS 29.503 [12]	
Rand	3GPP TS 29.503 [12]	
Pei	3GPP TS 29.571 [10]	
TraceData	3GPP TS 29.571 [10]	
NfGroupId	3GPP TS 29.571 [10]	
CagId	3GPP TS 29.571 [10]	
SupportedFeatures	3GPP TS 29.571 [10]	Supported Features

6.1.6.2 Structured data types

6.1.6.2.1 Introduction

The following clause defines the structures to be used in resource representations.

6.1.6.2.2 Type: AuthenticationInfo

Table 6.1.6.2.2-1: Definition of type AuthenticationInfo

Attribute name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
supiOrSuci	SupiOrSuci	M	1	Contains the SUPI or SUCI of the UE.
servingNetworkName	ServingNetworkName	M	1	Contains the Serving Network Name.
resynchronizationInfo	ResynchronizationInfo	O	0..1	Contains RAND and AUTS; see 3GPP 33.501 [8] clause 9.4.
pei	Pei	O	0..1	Permanent Equipment Identifier
traceData	TraceData	O	0..1	Contains TraceData provided by the UDM to the AMF
udmGroupId	NfGroupId	O	0..1	Identity of the UDM group serving the SUPI
routingIndicator	String	O	0..1	When present, it shall indicate the Routing Indicator of the UE. Pattern: '[0-9]{1,4}\$'
cellCagInfo	array(CagId)	O	1..N	CAGList of the CAG cell.
n5gcInd	boolean	O	0..1	N5GC device indicator (see 3GPP TS 33.501 [8]) When present, this IE shall be set as follows: - true: authentication is for a N5GC device; - false (default): authentication is not for a N5GC device. See NOTE
supportedFeatures	SupportedFeatures	C	0..1	This IE shall be present if at least one optional feature defined in clause 6.1.x is supported.
NOTE: The attribute n5gcInd is used for EAP-TLS, which is described in the informative annex O of 3GPP TS 33.501 [8] and is not mandatory to support.				

6.1.6.2.3 Type: UEAuthenticationCtx

Table 6.1.6.2.3-1: Definition of type UEAuthenticationCtx

Attribute name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
authType	AuthType	M	1	Indicates the authentication method used for this UE ie. "5G-AKA-Confirmation", "EAP-AKA" or "EAP-TLS". See clause 6.1.6.3.3
_links	map(LinksValueSchema)	M	1..N	If 5G-AKA has been selected, this IE shall contain a member whose name is set to "5g-aka" and the URI to perform the confirmation. If an EAP-based method has been selected, this IE shall contain a member whose name is set to "eap-session" and the URI to perform the EAP session. See NOTE
5gAuthData	5gAuthData	M	1	Contains either 5G-AKA or EAP related information.
servingNetworkName	ServingNetworkName	O	0..1	Contains the Serving Network Name.
NOTE: In the current version of this API, only one hypermedia link is provided				

6.1.6.2.4 Type: 5gAuthData

Table 6.1.6.2.4-1: Definition of type 5gAuthData as a list of mutually exclusive alternatives

Data type	Cardinality	Description
Av5gAka	1	Contains the 5G AV if 5G-AKA has been selected.
EapPayload	1	Contains the EAP packet request.

6.1.6.2.5 Type: Av5gAka

Table 6.1.6.2.5-1: Definition of type Av5gAka

Attribute name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
rand	Rand	M	1	
autn	Autn	M	1	
hxresStar	HxresStar	M	1	

6.1.6.2.6 Type: ConfirmationData

Table 6.1.6.2.6-1: Definition of type ConfirmationData

Attribute name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
resStar	ResStar	M	1	Contains the "RES*" provided by the UE to the AMF. If no RES* has been provided by the UE the null value is conveyed to the AUSF.
supportedFeatures	SupportedFeatures	C	0..1	This IE shall be present if at least one optional feature defined in clause 6.1.x is supported.

6.1.6.2.7 Type: EapSession

Table 6.1.6.2.7-1: Definition of type EapSession

Attribute name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
eapPayload	EapPayload	M	1	Contains the EAP packet (see IETF RFC 3748 [18]). If no EAP packet has been provided by the UE the null value is conveyed to the AUSF.
kSeaf	Kseaf	C	0..1	Shall be absent for N5GC device authentication; otherwise: If the authentication is successful, the Kseaf shall be included
_links	map(LinksValueSchema)	C	1..N	If the EAP session requires another exchange e.g. for EAP-AKA' notification, this IE shall contain a member whose name is "eap-session" and the URI to continue the EAP session. See NOTE.
authResult	AuthResult	C	0..1	Indicates the result of the authentication.
supi	Supi	C	0..1	If the authentication is successful and if the AMF had provided a SUCI, this IE shall contain the SUPI of the UE.
supportedFeatures	SupportedFeatures	C	0..1	This IE shall be present if at least one optional feature defined in clause 6.1.x is supported.
NOTE: In the current version of this API, only 0 or 1 hypermedia link is provided.				

6.1.6.2.8 Type: ConfirmationDataResponse

Table 6.1.6.2.8-1: Definition of type ConfirmationDataResponse

Attribute name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
authResult	AuthResult	M	1	Indicates the result of the authentication
supi	Supi	C	0..1	If the authentication is successful and if the AMF had provided a SUCI, this IE shall contain the SUPI of the UE
kseaf	Kseaf	C	0..1	Contains the Kseaf if authentication is successful.

6.1.6.2.9 Type: RgAuthenticationInfo

Table 6.1.6.2.9-1: Definition of type RgAuthenticationInfo

Attribute name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
suci	Suci	M	1	Contains the SUCI of the FN-RG.
authenticatedInd	Boolean	M	1	This IE shall be set as follows: - true: authenticated by the W-AGF; - false (default): unauthenticated by the W-AGF.
supportedFeatures	SupportedFeatures	C	0..1	This IE shall be present if at least one optional feature defined in clause 6.1.x is supported.

6.1.6.2.10 Type: RgAuthCtx

Table 6.1.6.2.10-1: Definition of type RgAuthCtx

Attribute name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
authResult	AuthResult	M	1	Indicates the result of the authentication
supi	Supi	C	0..1	If the authentication is successful and if the AMF had provided a SUCI, this IE shall contain the SUPI of the UE.
authInd	Boolean	C	0..1	When present, this IE shall be set as follows: - true: authentication is not required; - false (default): authentication is required.

6.1.6.2.11 Type: DeregistrationInfo

Table 6.1.6.2.11-1: Definition of type AuthenticationInfo

Attribute name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
supi	Supi	M	1	Contains the SUPI of the UE.
supportedFeatures	SupportedFeatures	C	0..1	This IE shall be present if at least one optional feature defined in clause 6.1.x is supported.

6.1.6.3 Simple data types and enumerations

6.1.6.3.1 Introduction

This clause defines simple data types and enumerations that can be referenced from data structures defined in the previous clauses.

6.1.6.3.2 Simple data types

Table 6.1.6.3.2-1: Simple data types

Type Name	Type Definition	Description
EapPayload	string	The EAP packet is encoded using base64 (see IETF RFC 4648 [19]) and represented as a String. Format: base64
ResStar	string	pattern: "[A-Fa-f0-9]{32}\$"; nullable
Kseaf	string	pattern: "[A-Fa-f0-9]{64}\$"
HxresStar	string	pattern: "[A-Fa-f0-9]{32}\$"
Suci	string	String containing a SUCI. Pattern: "^(suci-(0-[0-9]{3}-[0-9]{2,3})[1-7]-.+)-[0-9]{1,4}-(0-0-+ [a-fA-F1-9]-([1-9]([1-9][0-9]1[0-9]{2}2[0-4][0-9]25[0-5])-[a-fA-F0-9]+).+)\$"

6.1.6.3.3 Enumeration: AuthType

Table 6.1.6.3.3-1: Enumeration AuthType

Enumeration value	Description
5G_AKA	5G AKA
EAP_AKA_PRIME	EAP-AKA'
EAP_TLS	EAP-TLS is only used in the case where the Annex B is supported.

6.1.6.3.4 Enumeration: AuthResult

Table 6.1.6.3.4-1: Enumeration AuthResult

Enumeration value	Description
AUTHENTICATION_SUCCESS	This value is used to indicate that the AUSF successfully authenticate the UE
AUTHENTICATION_FAILURE	This value is used to indicate that the AUSF fails to authenticate the UE.
AUTHENTICATION_ONGOING	This value is used during an EAP Session to indicate that the EAP session is still ongoing.

6.1.6.3.5 Relation Types

6.1.6.3.5.1 General

This clause describes the possible relation types defined within AUSF API.

Table 6.1.6.3.5-1: supported registered relation types

Relation Name
5g-aka
eap-session

6.1.6.3.5.2 The "5g-aka" Link relation

The value "5g-aka" specifies that the value of the href attribute is the URI where NF Service Consumer shall send a PUT containing the result "RES*" received from the UE.

6.1.6.3.5.3 The "eap-session" Link relation

The value "eap-session" specifies that the value of the href attribute is the URI that will be used by the NF Service Consumer to provide EAP packet response during an EAP exchange. The NF Service Consumer shall use a POST to provide the EAP Packet Response to the AUSF to the corresponding URI.

6.1.6.4 Binary data

6.1.6.4.1 Introduction

There is no binary data in the current version of this API.

6.1.7 Error Handling

6.1.7.1 General

HTTP error handling shall be supported as specified in clause 5.2.4 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].

The Cause codes mapping performed by AMF between the following HTTP responses returned by the AUSF services to the AMF and the 5GMM related values is specified in clause 4.2.2 of 3GPP TS 29.524 [24].

6.1.7.2 Protocol Errors

Protocol errors shall be supported as specified in clause 5.2.7 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].

6.1.7.3 Application Errors

The common application errors defined in the Table 5.2.7.2-1 in 3GPP TS 29.500 [4] may also be used for the Nausf_UEAuthentication service. The following application errors listed in Table 6.1.7.3-1 are specific for the Nausf_Ueauthentication service.

Table 6.1.7.3-1: Application errors

Application Error	HTTP status code	Description
SERVING_NETWORK_NOT_AUTHORIZED	403 Forbidden	The serving network is not authorized, e.g. serving PLMN.
AUTHENTICATION_REJECTED	403 Forbidden	The user cannot be authenticated with this authentication method e.g. only SIM data available
INVALID_HN_PUBLIC_KEY_IDENTIFIER	403 Forbidden	Invalid HN public key identifier received
INVALID_SCHEME_OUTPUT	403 Forbidden	SUCI cannot be decrypted with received data
CONTEXT_NOT_FOUND	404 Not Found	The AUSF cannot found the resource corresponding to the URI provided by the NF Service Consumer.
USER_NOT_FOUND	404 Not Found	The user does not exist in the HPLMN
UPSTREAM_SERVER_ERROR	504 Gateway Timeout	No response is received from a remote peer, e.g. from the UDM
NETWORK_FAILURE	504 Gateway Timeout	The request is rejected due to a network problem.
AV_GENERATION_PROBLEM	500 Internal Server Error	The UDM has indicated that it was not able to generate AV.
UNSUPPORTED_PROTECTION_SCHEME	501 Not implemented	The received protection scheme is not supported by HPLMN

6.1.8 Security

As indicated in 3GPP TS 33.501 [8], the access to the Nausf_UEAuthentication Service API may be authorized by means of the OAuth2 protocol (see IETF RFC 6749 [13]), using the "Client Credentials" authorization grant, where the NRF (see 3GPP TS 29.510 [14]) plays the role of the authorization server.

If OAuth2 is used, an NF Service Consumer, prior to consuming service offered by the Nausf_UEAuthentication Service API, shall obtain a "token" from the authorization server, by invoking the Access Token Request service, as described in 3GPP TS 29.510 [14], clause 5.4.2.2.

NOTE: When multiple NRFs are deployed in a network, the NRF used as authorization server is the same NRF that the NF Service Consumer used for discovering the Nausf_UEAuthentication service.

The Nausf_UEAuthentication Service API does not define any scopes for OAuth2 authorization as specified in 3GPP TS 33.501 [8]; it defines a single scope consisting on the name of the service (i.e., "nausf-auth"), and it does not define any additional scopes at resource or operation level.

6.1.9 Feature Negotiation

The optional features in table 6.1.9-1 are defined for the Nausf_UEAuthentication API. They shall be negotiated using the extensibility mechanism defined in clause 6.6 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].

Table 6.1.9-1: Supported Features

Feature number	Feature Name	M/O	Description
1	ES3XX	M	Extended Support of HTTP 307/308 redirection An NF Service Consumer (e.g. AMF) that supports this feature shall support handling of HTTP 307/308 redirection for any service operation of the UEAuthentication service. An NF Service Consumer that does not support this feature does only support HTTP redirection as specified for 3GPP Release 15.

6.1.10 HTTP redirection

An HTTP request may be redirected to a different AUSF service instance, within the same AUSF or a different AUSF of an AUSF set, e.g. when an AUSF service instance is part of an AUSF (service) set or when using indirect communications (see 3GPP TS 29.500 [4]). See also the ES3XX feature in clause 6.1.9.

An SCP that reselects a different AUSF producer instance will return the NF Instance ID of the new AUSF producer instance in the 3gpp-Sbi-Producer-Id header, as specified in clause 6.10.3.4 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].

If an AUSF within an AUSF set redirects a service request to a different AUSF of the set using an 307 Temporary Redirect or 308 Permanent Redirect status code, the identity of the new AUSF towards which the service request is redirected shall be indicated in the 3gpp-Sbi-Target-Nf-Id header of the 307 Temporary Redirect or 308 Permanent Redirect response as specified in clause 6.10.9.1 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].

6.2 Nausf_SoRProtection Service API

6.2.1 API URI

URIs of this API shall have the following root:

`{apiRoot}/<apiName>/<apiVersion>/`

The request URIs used in HTTP requests from the NF service consumer towards the NF service producer shall have the Resource URI structure defined in clause 4.4.1 of 3GPP TS 29.501 [5], i.e.:

`{apiRoot}/<apiName>/<apiVersion>/<apiSpecificResourceUriPart>`

with the following components:

- The `{apiRoot}` shall be set as described in 3GPP TS 29.501 [6].
- The `<apiName>` shall be "nausf-sorprotection".
- The `<apiVersion>` shall be "v1".
- The `<apiSpecificResourceUriPart>` shall be set as described in clause 6.2.3.

6.2.2 Usage of HTTP

6.2.2.1 General

HTTP/2, as defined in IETF RFC 7540 [6], shall be used as specified in clause 5 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].

6.2.2.2 HTTP standard headers

6.2.2.2.1 General

The usage of HTTP standard headers is specified in clause 5.2.2 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].

6.2.2.2.2 Content type

The following content types shall be supported:

- JSON, as defined in IETF RFC 8259 [7], shall be used as content type of the HTTP bodies specified in the present specification as indicated in clause 5.4 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].
- The Problem Details JSON Object (IETF RFC 7807 [11]). The use of the Problem Details JSON object in a HTTP response body shall be signalled by the content type "application/problem+json"

6.2.2.3 HTTP custom headers

6.2.2.3.1 General

In this version of the API, no specific custom headers are defined for the "Nausf_SoRProtection" service.

For 3GPP specific HTTP custom headers used across all service based interfaces, see clause 5.2.3 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].

6.2.3 Resources

6.2.3.1 Overview

The structure of the Resource URIs of the Nausf_SoRProtection service is shown in Figure 6.2.3.1-1

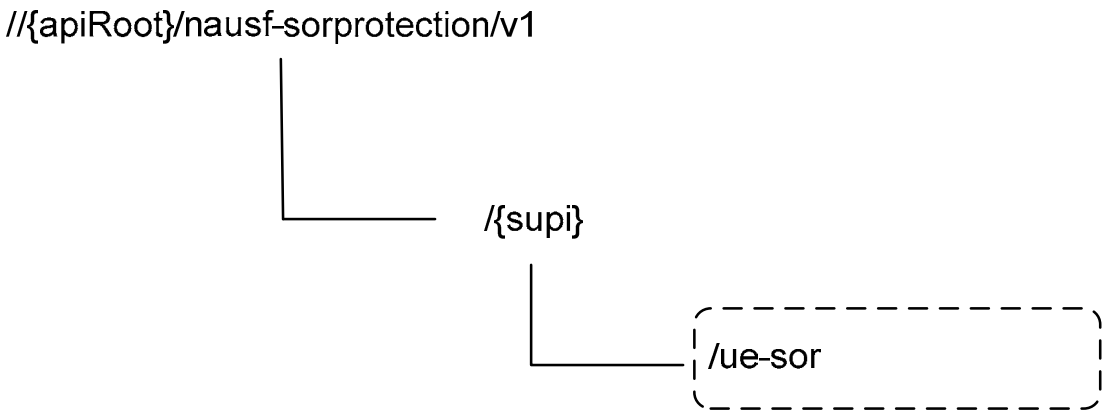


Figure 6.2.3.1-1: Resource URI structure of the SoRProtection API

Table 6.2.3.1-1 provides an overview of the resources and applicable HTTP methods.

Table 6.2.3.1-1: Resources and methods overview

Resource name	Resource URI	HTTP method or custom operation	Description
ue-sor (Custom operation)	/{supi}/ue-sor/generate-sor-data	generate-sor-data (POST)	Resource for SoR security material computation

6.2.3.2 Resource: ue-sor (Custom operation)

6.2.3.2.1 Description

It is the resource to which the custom operation used to generate the SoR security material is associated with.

6.2.3.2.2 Resource Definition

Resource URI: {apiRoot}/nausf-sorprotection/v1/{supi}/ue-sor

This resource shall support the resource URI variables defined in table 6.2.3.2.2-1.

Table 6.2.3.2.2-1: Resource URI variables for this resource

Name	Data type	Definition
apiRoot	string	See clause 6.2.1
supi	Supi	Represents the Subscription Permanent Identifier (see 3GPP TS 23.501 [2] clause 5.9.2) pattern: See pattern of type Supi in 3GPP TS 29.571 [10]

6.2.3.2.3 Resource Standard Methods

No Standard Methods are supported for this resource.

6.2.3.2.4 Resource Custom Operations

6.2.3.2.4.1 Overview

Table 6.2.3.2.4.1-1: Custom operations

Operation Name	Custom operation URI	Mapped HTTP method	Description
generate-sor-data	/generate-sor-data	POST	The AUSF calculates the SoR-MAC-IAUSF and the CounterSoR to protect the Steering Information List provided. It may also calculate the SoR-XMAC-IUE to verify that the UE received the Steering Information List if the indication that an acknowledgement is requested from the UE.

6.2.3.2.4.2 Operation: generate-sor-data

6.2.3.2.4.2.1 Description

This custom operation is used by the NF service consumer (e.g. UDM) to request the AUSF to compute the security material (SoR-MAC-IAUSF, CounterSoR and SoR-XMAC-IUE) needed to ensure the protection of the SoR procedure (see 3GPP TS 33.501 [8]).

6.2.3.2.4.2.2 Operation Definition

This method shall support the request data structures specified in table 6.2.3.2.4.2.2-1 and the response data structures and response codes specified in table 6.2.3.2.4.2.2-2.

Table 6.2.3.2.4.2.2-1: Data structures supported by the POST Request Body on this resource

Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
SorInfo	M	1	Contains the Steering Information List and shall contain the indication of whether an acknowledgement is requested from the UE or not (as specified in 3GPP TS 33.501 [8]).

Table 6.2.3.2.4.2.2-2: Data structures supported by the POST Response Body on this resource

Data type	P	Cardinality	Response codes	Description
SorSecurityInfo	M	1	200 OK	Upon success, the response body will contain SoR-MAC-IAUSF and CounterSoR and may contain the SoR-XMAC-IUE.
RedirectResponse	O	0..1	307 Temporary Redirect	Temporary redirection. The response shall include a Location header field containing a different URI, or the same URI if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP. In the former case, the URI shall be an alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. (NOTE 2)
RedirectResponse	O	0..1	308 Permanent Redirect	Permanent redirection. The response shall include a Location header field containing a different URI, or the same URI if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP. In the former case, the URI shall be an alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. (NOTE 2)
ProblemDetails	O	0..1	503 Service Unavailable	The "cause" attribute may be used to indicate one of the following application errors: - COUNTER_WRAP See table 6.2.7.3-1 for the description of these errors.
NOTE 1: The mandatory HTTP error status codes for the POST method listed in Table 5.2.7.1-1 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4] other than those specified in the table above also apply, with a ProblemDetails data type (see clause 5.2.7 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].				
NOTE 2: RedirectResponse may be inserted by an SCP, see clause 6.10.9.1 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].				

Table 6.2.3.2.4.2.2-3: Headers supported by the 307 Response Code on this resource

Name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
Location	string	M	1	An alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. Or the same URI, if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP.
3gpp-Sbi-Target-Nf-Id	string	O	0..1	Identifier of the target NF (service) instance ID towards which the request is redirected

Table 6.2.3.2.4.2.2-4: Headers supported by the 308 Response Code on this resource

Name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
Location	string	M	1	An alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. Or the same URI, if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP.
3gpp-Sbi-Target-Nf-Id	string	O	0..1	Identifier of the target NF (service) instance ID towards which the request is redirected

6.2.4 Custom Operations without associated resources

6.2.4.1 Overview

There is no Custom Operation in the current version of this API.

6.2.5 Notifications

6.2.5.1 General

There is no use of notification in the current version of this API.

6.2.6 Data Model

6.2.6.1 General

This clause specifies the application data model supported by the API.

Table 6.2.6.1-1 specifies the data types defined for the Nausf-SORProtection service based interface protocol.

Table 6.x.6.1-1: Nausf specific Data Types

Data type	Clause defined	Description
SorInfo	6.2.6.2.2	Contains the Steering Information
SorSecurityInfo	6.2.6.2.3	Contains the material generated for securing of SoR. It contains at least the SoR-MAC-IAUSF and CounterSoR.
SteeringInfo	6.2.6.2.4	Contains a combination of one PLMN identity and zero or more access technologies.
SteeringContainer	6.2.6.2.5	
SorMac	6.2.6.3.2	MAC value for protecting SOR procedure (SoR-MAC-IAUSF and SoR-XMAC-IUE)
CounterSor	6.2.6.3.2	CounterSoR
AckInd	6.2.6.3.2	Contains indication whether the acknowledgement from UE is needed
SecuredPacket	6.2.6.3.2	
AccessTech	6.2.6.3.3	Access Technology

Table 6.2.6.1-2 specifies data types re-used by the Nausf-SORProtection service based interface protocol from other specifications, including a reference to their respective specifications and when needed, a short description of their use within the Nausf service based interface.

Table 6.2.6.1-2: Nausf re-used Data Types

Data type	Reference	Comments
PlmnId	3GPP TS 29.571 [10]	PLMN ID
SupportedFeatures	3GPP TS 29.571 [10]	Supported Features

6.2.6.2 Structured data types

6.2.6.2.1 Introduction

The following clauses define the structures to be used in resource representations.

6.2.6.2.2 Type: SorInfo

Table 6.2.6.2.2-1: Definition of type SorInfo

Attribute name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
ackInd	AckInd	M	1	Contains the indication whether the acknowledgement from UE is needed.
steeringContainer	SteeringContainer	C	0..1	When present, this information contains the information needed to update the "Operator Controlled PLMN Selector with Access Technology" list stored in the USIM. It may contain an array of preferred PLMN/AccessTechnologies combinations in priority order. The first entry in the array indicates the highest priority and the last entry indicates the lowest. Or it may contain a secured packet. If no change of the "Operator Controlled PLMN Selector with Access Technology" list stored in the USIM is needed then this attribute shall be absent.
supportedFeatures	SupportedFeatures	C	0..1	This IE shall be present if at least one optional feature defined in clause 6.2.9 is supported.

6.2.6.2.3 Type: SorSecurityInfo

Table 6.2.6.2.3-1: Definition of type SorSecurityInfo

Attribute name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
sorMacIaUSF	SorMac	M	1	Contains the SoR-MAC-IAUSF.
counterSor	CounterSor	M	1	Contains the Counter _{SoR} .
sorXmacIUE	SorMac	O	0..1	When present, contains the SoR-XMAC-IUE. It shall be included, if the UDM requests the acknowledgement from the UE.

6.2.6.2.4 Type: SteeringInfo

Table 6.2.6.2.4-1: Definition of type SteeringInfo

Attribute name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
plmnId	PlmnId	M	1	Contains a preferred PLMN identity.
accessTechList	array(AccessTech)	C	1..N	When present it contains the preferred access technologies as listed in clause 4.2.5 of 3GPP TS 31.102 [15]. If absent it means that all access technologies are equivalently preferred in this PLMN.

6.2.6.2.5 Type: SteeringContainer

Table 6.2.6.2.5-1: Definition of type SteeringContainer as a list of mutually exclusive alternatives

Data type	Cardinality	Description
array(SteeringInfo)	1..N	List of PLMN/AccessTechnologies combinations.
SecuredPacket	1	A secured packet containing one or more APDUs commands dedicated to Remote File Management.

6.2.6.3 Simple data types and enumerations

6.2.6.3.1 Introduction

This clause defines simple data types and enumerations that can be referenced from data structures defined in the previous clauses.

6.2.6.3.2 Simple data types

Table 6.2.6.3.2-1: Simple data types

Type Name	Type Definition	Description
SorMac	string	pattern: "[A-Fa-f0-9]{32}\$"
CounterSor	string	pattern: "[A-Fa-f0-9]{4}\$"
AckInd	boolean	true indicates that the SoR-XMAC-I _{UE} shall be computed and returned in the response
SecuredPacket	string	Contains a secure packet as specified in 3GPP TS 24.501 [20]. It is encoded using base64 and represented as a String. Format: base64

6.2.6.3.3 Enumeration: AccessTech

Table 6.2.6.3.3-1: Enumeration AccessTech

Enumeration value	Description
"NR"	
"EUTRAN_IN_WBS1_MODE_AND_NBS1_MODE"	
"EUTRAN_IN_NBS1_MODE_ONLY"	
"EUTRAN_IN_WBS1_MODE_ONLY"	
"UTRAN"	
"GSM_AND_ECGSM_IoT"	
"GSM_WITHOUT_ECGSM_IoT"	
"ECGSM_IoT_ONLY"	
"CDMA_1xRTT"	
"CDMA_HRPD"	
"GSM_COMPACT"	
"SATELLITE_NG_RAN"	

6.2.7 Error Handling

6.2.7.1 General

HTTP error handling shall be supported as specified in clause 5.2.4 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].

6.2.7.2 Protocol Errors

Protocol Error Handling shall be supported as specified in clause 5.2.7.2 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].

6.2.7.3 Application Errors

The common application errors defined in the Table 5.2.7.2-1 in 3GPP TS 29.500 [4] may also be used for the Nausf_SoRProtection service. The following application errors listed in Table 6.2.7.3-1 are specific for the Nausf_SoRProtection service.

Table 6.2.7.3-1: Application errors

Application Error	HTTP status code	Description
COUNTER_WRAP	503 Service Unavailable	The Counter _{SoR} associated with the KAUSF of the UE is about to wrap around. The AUSF suspends the SoR protection service for the UE until a new KAUSF is generated.

6.2.8 Security

As indicated in 3GPP TS 33.501 [8], the access to the Nausf_SoRProtection API may be authorized by means of the OAuth2 protocol (see IETF RFC 6749 [13]), using the "Client Credentials" authorization grant, where the NRF (see 3GPP TS 29.510 [14]) plays the role of the authorization server.

If OAuth2 is used, an NF Service Consumer, prior to consuming services offered by the Nausf_SoRProtection API, shall obtain a "token" from the authorization server, by invoking the Access Token Request service, as described in 3GPP TS 29.510 [14], clause 5.4.2.2.

NOTE: When multiple NRFs are deployed in a network, the NRF used as authorization server is the same NRF that the NF Service Consumer used for discovering the Nausf_SoRProtection service.

The Nausf_SoRProtection Service API defines a single scope nausf-sorprotection (as specified in 3GPP TS 33.501 [8]), and it does not define any additional scopes at resource or operation level.

6.2.9 Feature Negotiation

The optional features in table 6.2.9-1 are defined for the Nausf_SoRProtection API. They shall be negotiated using the extensibility mechanism defined in clause 6.6 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].

Table 6.2.x-1: Supported Features

Feature number	Feature Name	M/O	Description
1	ES3XX	M	Extended Support of HTTP 307/308 redirection An NF Service Consumer (e.g. UDM) that supports this feature shall support handling of HTTP 307/308 redirection for any service operation of the SoRProtection service. An NF Service Consumer that does not support this feature does only support HTTP redirection as specified for 3GPP Release 15.

6.2.10 HTTP redirection

An HTTP request may be redirected to a different AUSF service instance, within the same AUSF or a different AUSF of an AUSF set, e.g. when an AUSF service instance is part of an AUSF (service) set or when using indirect communications (see 3GPP TS 29.500 [4]). See also the ES3XX feature in clause 6.2.9.

An SCP that reselects a different AUSF producer instance will return the NF Instance ID of the new AUSF producer instance in the 3gpp-Sbi-Producer-Id header, as specified in clause 6.10.3.4 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].

If an AUSF within an AUSF set redirects a service request to a different AUSF of the set using an 307 Temporary Redirect or 308 Permanent Redirect status code, the identity of the new AUSF towards which the service request is redirected shall be indicated in the 3gpp-Sbi-Target-Nf-Id header of the 307 Temporary Redirect or 308 Permanent Redirect response as specified in clause 6.10.9.1 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].

6.3 Nausf_UPUProtection Service API

6.3.1 API URI

URIs of this API shall have the following root:

`{apiRoot}/{apiName}/<apiVersion>/`

The request URIs used in HTTP requests from the NF service consumer towards the NF service producer shall have the Resource URI structure defined in clause 4.4.1 of 3GPP TS 29.501 [5], i.e.:

`{apiRoot}/<apiName>/<apiVersion>/<apiSpecificResourceUriPart>`

with the following components:

- The `{apiRoot}` shall be set as described in 3GPP TS 29.501 [6].
- The `<apiName>` shall be "nausf-upuprotection".
- The `<apiVersion>` shall be "v1".
- The `<apiSpecificResourceUriPart>` shall be set as described in clause 6.3.3.

6.3.2 Usage of HTTP

6.3.2.1 General

HTTP/2, as defined in IETF RFC 7540 [6], shall be used as specified in clause 5 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].

6.3.2.2 HTTP standard headers

6.3.2.2.1 General

The usage of HTTP standard headers is specified in clause 5.2.2 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].

6.3.2.2.2 Content type

The following content types shall be supported:

- JSON, as defined in IETF RFC 8259 [7], shall be used as content type of the HTTP bodies specified in the present specification as indicated in clause 5.4 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].
- The Problem Details JSON Object (IETF RFC 7807 [11]). The use of the Problem Details JSON object in a HTTP response body shall be signalled by the content type "application/problem+json"

6.3.2.3 HTTP custom headers

6.3.2.3.1 General

In this version of the API, no specific custom headers are defined for the "Nausf_UPUProtection" service.

For 3GPP specific HTTP custom headers used across all service based interfaces, see clause 5.2.3 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].

6.3.3 Resources

6.3.3.1 Overview

The structure of the Resource URIs of the Nausf_UPUProtection service is shown in Figure 6.3.3.1-1

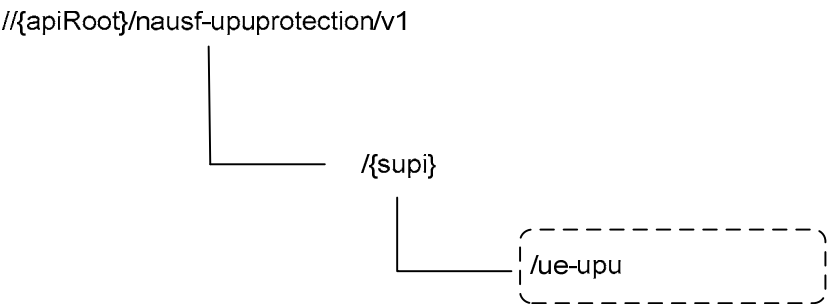


Figure 6.3.3.1-1: Resource URI structure of the UPUProtection API

Table 6.3.3.1-1 provides an overview of the resources and applicable HTTP methods.

Table 6.3.3.1-1: Resources and methods overview

Resource name	Resource URI	HTTP method or custom operation	Description
ue-upu (Custom operation)	//{supi}/ue-upu/generate-upu-data	generate-upu-data (POST)	Resource for UPU security material computation

6.3.3.2 Resource: ue-upu (Custom operation)

6.3.3.2.1 Description

It is the resource to which the custom operation used to generate the UPU security material is associated with.

6.3.3.2.2 Resource Definition

Resource URI: {apiRoot}/nausf-upuprotection/v1/{supi}/ue-upu

This resource shall support the resource URI variables defined in table 6.3.3.2.2-1.

Table 6.3.3.2.2-1: Resource URI variables for this resource

Name	Data type	Definition
apiRoot	string	See clause 6.3.1
supi	Supi	Represents the Subscription Permanent Identifier (see 3GPP TS 23.501 [2] clause 5.9.2) pattern: See pattern of type Supi in 3GPP TS 29.571 [10]

6.3.3.2.3 Resource Standard Methods

No Standard Methods are supported for this resource.

6.3.3.2.4 Resource Custom Operations

6.3.3.2.4.1 Overview

Table 6.3.3.2.4.1-1: Custom operations

Operation Name	Custom operation URI	Mapped HTTP method	Description
generate-upu-data	/generate-upu-data	POST	The AUSF calculates the UPU-MAC- I_{AUSF} and the Counter _{UPU} to protect the UE Parameters Update Data provided. It may also calculate the UPU-XMAC- I_{UE} to verify that the UE received the UE Parameters Update Data if the indication that an acknowledgement is requested from the UE is provided.

6.3.3.2.4.2 Operation: generate-upu-data

6.3.3.2.4.2.1 Description

This custom operation is used by the NF service consumer (e.g. UDM) to request the AUSF to compute the security material (UPU-MAC- I_{AUSF} , Counter_{UPU} and UPU-XMAC- I_{UE}) needed to ensure the protection of the UPU procedure (see 3GPP TS 33.501 [8]).

6.3.3.2.4.2.2 Operation Definition

This method shall support the request data structures specified in table 6.3.3.2.4.2.2-1 and the response data structures and response codes specified in table 6.3.3.2.4.2.2-2.

Table 6.3.3.2.4.2.2-1: Data structures supported by the POST Request Body on this resource

Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
UpuInfo	M	1	Contains the UE Parameters Update Data and shall contain the indication of whether an acknowledgement is requested from the UE or not (as specified in 3GPP TS 33.501 [8]).

Table 6.3.3.2.4.2.2-2: Data structures supported by the POST Response Body on this resource

Data type	P	Cardinality	Response codes	Description
UpuSecurityInfo	M	1	200 OK	Upon success, the response body will contain UPU-MAC-I _{AUSF} and Counter _{UPU} and may contain the UPU-XMAC-I _{UE} .
RedirectResponse	O	0..1	307 Temporary Redirect	Temporary redirection. The response shall include a Location header field containing a different URI, or the same URI if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP. In the former case, the URI shall be an alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. (NOTE 2)
RedirectResponse	O	0..1	308 Permanent Redirect	Permanent redirection. The response shall include a Location header field containing a different URI, or the same URI if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP. In the former case, the URI shall be an alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. (NOTE 2)
ProblemDetails	O	0..1	503 Service Unavailable	The "cause" attribute may be used to indicate one of the following application errors: - COUNTER_WRAP See table 6.3.7.3-1 for the description of these errors.
NOTE 1: The mandatory HTTP error status codes for the POST method listed in Table 5.2.7.1-1 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4] other than those specified in the table above also apply, with a ProblemDetails data type (see clause 5.2.7 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4]).				
NOTE 2: RedirectResponse may be inserted by an SCP, see clause 6.10.9.1 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].				

Table 6.3.3.2.4.2.2-3: Headers supported by the 307 Response Code on this resource

Name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
Location	string	M	1	An alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. Or the same URI, if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP.
3gpp-Sbi-Target-Nf-Id	string	O	0..1	Identifier of the target NF (service) instance ID towards which the request is redirected

Table 6.3.3.2.4.2.2-4: Headers supported by the 308 Response Code on this resource

Name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
Location	string	M	1	An alternative URI of the resource located on an alternative service instance within the same AUSF or AUSF (service) set. Or the same URI, if a request is redirected to the same target resource via a different SCP.
3gpp-Sbi-Target-Nf-Id	string	O	0..1	Identifier of the target NF (service) instance ID towards which the request is redirected

6.3.4 Custom Operations without associated resources

6.3.4.1 Overview

There is no Custom Operation in the current version of this API.

6.3.5 Notifications

6.3.5.1 General

There is no use of notification in the current version of this API.

6.3.6 Data Model

6.3.6.1 General

This clause specifies the application data model supported by the API.

Table 6.3.6.1-1 specifies the data types defined for the Nausf-UPUProtection service based interface protocol.

Table 6.3.6.1-1: Nausf specific Data Types

Data type	Clause defined	Description
UpuInfo	6.3.6.2.2	Contains the UE parameters update Information
UpuSecurityInfo	6.3.6.2.3	Contains the material generated for securing of UPU. It contains at least the UPU-MAC-I _{AUSF} and Counter _{UPU} .
UpuData	6.3.6.2.4	Contains UE parameters update data set (e.g., the updated Routing ID Data or the Default configured NSSAI).
UpuMac	6.3.6.3.2	MAC value for protecting UPU procedure (UPU-MAC-I _{AUSF} and UPU-MAC-I _{UE})
CounterUpu	6.3.6.3.2	Counter _{UPU}
UpuAckInd	6.3.6.3.2	Contains the indication of whether the acknowledgement from UE is needed
UpuHeader	6.3.6.3.2	Contains the "UPU Header" IE as specified in clause 9.11.3.53A of 3GPP TS 24.501 [20] (octet 4),

Table 6.3.6.1-2 specifies data types re-used by the Nausf-UPUProtection service based interface protocol from other specifications, including a reference to their respective specifications and when needed, a short description of their use within the Nausf service based interface.

Table 6.3.6.1-2: Nausf re-used Data Types

Data type	Reference	Comments
Snssai	3GPP TS 29.571 [10]	Default configured NSSAI
SecuredPacket	6.2.6.3.2	Secured Packet
RoutingId	3GPP TS 29.544 [22]	Routing ID
SupportedFeatures	3GPP TS 29.571 [10]	Supported Features

6.3.6.2 Structured data types

6.3.6.2.1 Introduction

The following clauses define the structures to be used in resource representations.

6.3.6.2.2 Type: UpuInfo

Table 6.3.6.2.2-1: Definition of type UpuInfo

Attribute name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
upuDataList	array(UpuData)	M	1..N	This information defines the UE Parameters Update (UPU). A secured packed with the Routing indicator update data and/or the Default configured NSSAI update data are included. See clause 6.3.6.2.4.
upuHeader	UpuHeader	O	0..1	This attribute contains UPU Header encoded as defined in clause 6.3.6.3.2.
upuAckInd	UpuAckInd	M	1	Contains the indication of whether the acknowledgement from UE is needed.
supportedFeatures	SupportedFeatures	C	0..1	This IE shall be present if at least one optional feature defined in clause 6.3.9 is supported.

6.3.6.2.3 Type: UpuSecurityInfo

Table 6.3.6.2.3-1: Definition of type UpuSecurityInfo

Attribute name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
upuMacIausf	UpuMac	M	1	Contains the UPU-MAC-I _{AUSF} .
counterUpu	CounterUpu	M	1	Contains the Counter _{UPU} .
upuXmaclue	UpuMac	O	0..1	When present, contains the UPU-XMAC-I _{UE} . It shall be included, if the UDM requests the acknowledgement from the UE.

6.3.6.2.4 Type: UpuData

Table 6.3.6.2.4-1: Definition of type UpuData

Attribute name	Data type	P	Cardinality	Description
secPacket	SecuredPacket	C	0..1	Present if the Routing Indicator update data is required to be updated on the USIM of the UE, and contains a secured packet with the Routing indicator to be updated.
defaultConfNssai	array(Snssai)	C	..N	Present if the Default configured NSSAI is required to be updated, and contains the Default configured NSSAI to be updated.
RoutingId	RoutingId	C	0..1	It may be present when sent from UDR to UDM. If the Routing Indicator update data is required to be updated on the USIM of the UE, the UDM shall make use of Nspaf services (see 3GPP TS 29.544 [22]) to encapsulate the routing id in a secured packet which is then conveyed to the AUSF and AMF. It may be present if the Routing Indicator update data is required to be updated on the ME of the UE (i.e., on an UE without USIM).

6.3.6.3 Simple data types and enumerations

6.3.6.3.1 Introduction

This clause defines simple data types and enumerations that can be referenced from data structures defined in the previous clauses.

6.3.6.3.2 Simple data types

Table 6.3.6.3.2-1: Simple data types

Type Name	Type Definition	Description
UpuMac	string	pattern: "[A-Fa-f0-9]{32}\$"
CounterUpu	string	pattern: "[A-Fa-f0-9]{4}\$"
UpuAckInd	boolean	true indicates that the UPU-XMAC-I _{UE} shall be computed and returned in the response
UpuHeader	string	It contains the "UPU Header" IE as specified in clause 9.11.3.53A of 3GPP TS 24.501 [20] (octet 4), encoded as 2 hexadecimal characters. pattern: "[A-Fa-f0-9]{2}\$"

6.3.6.3.3 Void

6.3.7 Error Handling

6.3.7.1 General

HTTP error handling shall be supported as specified in clause 5.2.4 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].

6.3.7.2 Protocol Errors

Protocol Error Handling shall be supported as specified in clause 5.2.7.2 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].

6.3.7.3 Application Errors

The common application errors defined in the Table 5.2.7.2-1 in 3GPP TS 29.500 [4] may also be used for the Nausf_UPUProtection service. The following application errors listed in Table 6.3.7.3-1 are specific for the Nausf_UPUProtection service.

Table 6.3.7.3-1: Application errors

Application Error	HTTP status code	Description
COUNTER_WRAP	503 Service Unavailable	The Counter _{UPU} associated with the K _{AUSF} of the UE is about to wrap around. The AUSF suspends the UPU protection service for the UE until a new K _{AUSF} is generated.

6.3.8 Security

As indicated in 3GPP TS 33.501 [8], the access to the Nausf_UPUProtection API may be authorized by means of the OAuth2 protocol (see IETF RFC 6749 [13]), using the "Client Credentials" authorization grant, where the NRF (see 3GPP TS 29.510 [14]) plays the role of the authorization server.

If OAuth2 is used, an NF Service Consumer, prior to consuming services offered by the Nausf_UPUProtection API, shall obtain a "token" from the authorization server, by invoking the Access Token Request service, as described in 3GPP TS 29.510 [14], clause 5.4.2.2.

NOTE: When multiple NRFs are deployed in a network, the NRF used as authorization server is the same NRF that the NF Service Consumer used for discovering the Nausf_UPUProtection service.

The Nausf_UPUProtection Service API does not define any scopes for OAuth2 authorization as specified in 3GPP TS 33.501 [8]; it defines a single scope consisting on the name of the service (i.e., "nausf-upuprotection"), and it does not define any additional scopes at resource or operation level.

6.3.9 Feature Negotiation

The optional features in table 6.3.9-1 are defined for the Nausf_UPUProtection API. They shall be negotiated using the extensibility mechanism defined in clause 6.6 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].

Table 6.3.9-1: Supported Features

Feature number	Feature Name	M/O	Description
1	ES3XX	M	Extended Support of HTTP 307/308 redirection An NF Service Consumer (e.g. UDM) that supports this feature shall support handling of HTTP 307/308 redirection for any service operation of the UPUProtection service. An NF Service Consumer that does not support this feature does only support HTTP redirection as specified for 3GPP Release 15.

6.3.10 HTTP redirection

An HTTP request may be redirected to a different AUSF service instance, within the same AUSF or a different AUSF of an AUSF set, e.g. when an AUSF service instance is part of an AUSF (service) set or when using indirect communications (see 3GPP TS 29.500 [4]). See also the ES3XX feature in clause 6.3.10.

An SCP that reselects a different AUSF producer instance will return the NF Instance ID of the new AUSF producer instance in the 3gpp-Sbi-Producer-Id header, as specified in clause 6.10.3.4 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].

If an AUSF within an AUSF set redirects a service request to a different AUSF of the set using an 307 Temporary Redirect or 308 Permanent Redirect status code, the identity of the new AUSF towards which the service request is redirected shall be indicated in the 3gpp-Sbi-Target-Nf-Id header of the 307 Temporary Redirect or 308 Permanent Redirect response as specified in clause 6.10.9.1 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [4].

Annex A (normative): OpenAPI specification

A.1 General

This Annex specifies the formal definition of the Nausf Service API(s). It consists of OpenAPI 3.0.0 specifications in YAML format.

NOTE 1: OpenAPI 3.0 does not support description of API using HATEOAS. Indeed, only relative paths can be used and as a consequence the URI provided in the "href" cannot be reused as it is.

This Annex takes precedence when being discrepant to other parts of the specification with respect to the encoding of information elements and methods within the API(s).

NOTE 2: The semantics and procedures, as well as conditions, e.g. for the applicability and allowed combinations of attributes or values, not expressed in the OpenAPI definitions but defined in other parts of the specification also apply.

Informative copies of the OpenAPI specification files contained in this 3GPP Technical Specification are available on a Git-based repository that uses the GitLab software version control system (see 3GPP TS 29.501 [5] clause 5.3.1 and 3GPP TR 21.900 [21] clause 5B).

A.2 Nausf_UEAuthentication API

```
openapi: 3.0.0
info:
  version: 1.1.3
  title: AUSF API
  description: |
    AUSF UE Authentication Service.
    © 2022, 3GPP Organizational Partners (ARIB, ATIS, CCSA, ETSI, TSDSI, TTA, TTC).
    All rights reserved.

externalDocs:
  description: 3GPP TS 29.509 V16.9.0; 5G System; 3GPP TS Authentication Server services.
  url: 'http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/Specs/archive/29_series/29.509'

servers:
- url: '{apiRoot}/nausf-auth/v1'
  variables:
    apiRoot:
      default: https://example.com
      description: apiRoot as defined in clause 4.4 of 3GPP TS 29.501.

security:
- {}
- oAuth2ClientCredentials:
  - nausf-auth

paths:
  /ue-authentications:
    post:
      requestBody:
        content:
          application/json:
            schema:
              $ref: '#/components/schemas/AuthenticationInfo'
            required: true
      responses:
        '201':
          description: UEAuthenticationCtx
          content:
            application/3gppHal+json:
              schema:
```

```

        $ref: '#/components/schemas/UEAuthenticationCtx'
      headers:
        Location:
          description: 'Contains the URI of the newly created resource according to the
structure: {apiRoot}/nausf-auth/v1/ue-authentications/{authCtxId}'
          required: true
          schema:
            type: string
      '307':
        $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/responses/307'
      '308':
        $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/responses/308'
      '400':
        description: Bad Request from the AMF
        content:
          application/problem+json:
            schema:
              $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/ProblemDetails'
      '403':
        description: Forbidden due to serving network not authorized
        content:
          application/problem+json:
            schema:
              $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/ProblemDetails'
      '404':
        description: User does not exist in the HPLMN
        content:
          application/problem+json:
            schema:
              $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/ProblemDetails'
      '500':
        description: Internal Server Error
        content:
          application/problem+json:
            schema:
              $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/ProblemDetails'
      '501':
        description: Received protection scheme is not supported by HPLMN
        content:
          application/problem+json:
            schema:
              $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/ProblemDetails'
    /ue-authentications/deregister:
      post:
        requestBody:
          content:
            application/json:
              schema:
                $ref: '#/components/schemas/DeregistrationInfo'
          required: true
        responses:
          '204':
            description: Expected response to a successful removal of security context
          '307':
            $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/responses/307'
          '308':
            $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/responses/308'
          '404':
            $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/responses/404'
    /ue-authentications/{authCtxId}/5g-aka-confirmation:
      put:
        parameters:
          - name: authCtxId
            in: path
            required: true
            schema:
              type: string
        requestBody:
          content:
            application/json:
              schema:
                $ref: '#/components/schemas/ConfirmationData'
        responses:
          '200':
            description: Request processed (EAP success or Failure)
            content:
              application/json:

```

```

      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/ConfirmationDataResponse'
    '307':
      $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/responses/307'
    '308':
      $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/responses/308'
    '400':
      description: Bad Request
      content:
        application/problem+json:
          schema:
            $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/ProblemDetails'
    '500':
      description: Internal Server Error
      content:
        application/problem+json:
          schema:
            $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/ProblemDetails'
  delete:
    summary: Deletes the authentication result in the UDM
    operationId: Delete5gAkaAuthenticationResult
    tags:
      - Authentication Result Deletion
    parameters:
      - name: authCtxId
        in: path
        required: true
        schema:
          type: string
    responses:
      '204':
        description: Expected response to a successful authentication result removal
      '307':
        $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/responses/307'
      '308':
        $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/responses/308'
      '400':
        $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/responses/400'
      '404':
        $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/responses/404'
      '500':
        $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/responses/500'
      '503':
        $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/responses/503'
      default:
        $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/responses/default'
/ue-authentications/{authCtxId}/eap-session:
  post:
    operationId: EapAuthMethod
    parameters:
      - name: authCtxId
        in: path
        required: true
        schema:
          type: string
    requestBody:
      content:
        application/json:
          schema:
            $ref: '#/components/schemas/EapSession'
    responses:
      '200':
        description: Use to handle or close the EAP session
        content:
          application/json:
            schema:
              $ref: '#/components/schemas/EapSession'

          application/3gppHal+json:
            schema:
              type: object
              properties:
                eapPayload:
                  $ref: '#/components/schemas/EapPayload'
              _links:
                type: object
                description: 'URI : {/eapSessionUri}'
                additionalProperties:

```

```

        $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/LinksValueSchema'
      minProperties: 1
    required:
      - eapPayload
      - _links
  '307':
    $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/responses/307'
  '308':
    $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/responses/308'
  '400':
    description: Bad Request
    content:
      application/problem+json:
        schema:
          $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/ProblemDetails'
  '500':
    description: Internal Server Error
    content:
      application/problem+json:
        schema:
          $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/ProblemDetails'
delete:
  summary: Deletes the authentication result in the UDM
  operationId: DeleteEapAuthenticationResult
  tags:
    - Authentication Result Deletion
  parameters:
    - name: authCtxId
      in: path
      required: true
      schema:
        type: string
  responses:
    '204':
      description: Expected response to a successful authentication result removal
    '307':
      $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/responses/307'
    '308':
      $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/responses/308'
    '400':
      $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/responses/400'
    '404':
      $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/responses/404'
    '500':
      $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/responses/500'
    '503':
      $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/responses/503'
  default:
    $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/responses/default'
/rg-authentications:
  post:
    requestBody:
      content:
        application/json:
          schema:
            $ref: '#/components/schemas/RgAuthenticationInfo'
      required: true
    responses:
      '201':
        description: RgAuthCtx
        content:
          application/json:
            schema:
              $ref: '#/components/schemas/RgAuthCtx'
        headers:
          Location:
            description: 'Contains the URI of the newly created resource according to the
structure: {apiRoot}/nausf-auth/v1/rg-authentications/{authCtxId}'
            required: true
            schema:
              type: string
      '307':
        $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/responses/307'
      '308':
        $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/responses/308'
      '403':
        description: The UE is not allowed to be authenticated
        content:

```

```

        application/problem+json:
          schema:
            $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/ProblemDetails'
      '400':
        description: Bad Request from the AMF
        content:
          application/problem+json:
            schema:
              $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/ProblemDetails'
      '404':
        description: User does not exist in the HPLMN
        content:
          application/problem+json:
            schema:
              $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/ProblemDetails'

components:
  securitySchemes:
    oAuth2ClientCredentials:
      type: oauth2
      flows:
        clientCredentials:
          tokenUrl: '{nrfApiRoot}/oauth2/token'
          scopes:
            nausf-auth: Access to Nausf_UEAuthentication API

  schemas:
    AuthenticationInfo:
      type: object
      properties:
        supiOrSuci:
          $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/SupiOrSuci'
        servingNetworkName:
          $ref: 'TS29503_Nudm_UEAU.yaml#/components/schemas/ServingNetworkName'
        resynchronizationInfo:
          $ref: 'TS29503_Nudm_UEAU.yaml#/components/schemas/ResynchronizationInfo'
        pei:
          $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/Pei'
        traceData:
          $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/TraceData'
        udmGroupId:
          $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/NfGroupId'
        routingIndicator:
          type: string
          pattern: '^([0-9]){1,4}$'
        cellCagInfo:
          type: array
          items:
            $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/CagId'
          minItems: 1
        n5gcInd:
          type: boolean
          default: false
        supportedFeatures:
          $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/SupportedFeatures'
      required:
        - supiOrSuci
        - servingNetworkName
    UEAuthenticationCtx:
      type: object
      properties:
        authType:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/AuthType'
        5gAuthData:
          oneOf:
            - $ref: '#/components/schemas/Av5gAka'
            - $ref: '#/components/schemas/EapPayload'
        _links:
          type: object
          additionalProperties:
            $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/LinksValueSchema'
        servingNetworkName:
          $ref: 'TS29503_Nudm_UEAU.yaml#/components/schemas/ServingNetworkName'
      required:
        - authType
        - 5gAuthData
        - _links

  Av5gAka:

```

```

    type: object
    required:
      - rand
      - hxresStar
      - autn
    properties:
      rand:
        $ref: 'TS29503_Nudm_UEAU.yaml#/components/schemas/Rand'
      hxresStar:
        $ref: 'TS29503_Nudm_UEAU.yaml#/components/schemas/HxresStar'
      autn:
        $ref: 'TS29503_Nudm_UEAU.yaml#/components/schemas/Autn'
ConfirmationData:
  type: object
  required:
    - resStar
  properties:
    resStar:
      $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/ResStar'
    supportedFeatures:
      $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/SupportedFeatures'
ConfirmationDataResponse:
  type: object
  properties:
    authResult:
      $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/AuthResult'
    supi:
      $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/Supi'
    kseaf:
      $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/Kseaf'

    required:
      - authResult
EapSession:
  type: object
  properties:
    eapPayload:
      $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/EapPayload'
    kSeaf:
      $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/Kseaf'
    _links:
      type: object
      additionalProperties:
        $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/LinksValueSchema'
    authResult:
      $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/AuthResult'
    supi:
      $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/Supi'
    supportedFeatures:
      $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/SupportedFeatures'
    required:
      - eapPayload
DeregistrationInfo:
  type: object
  properties:
    supi:
      $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/Supi'
    supportedFeatures:
      $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/SupportedFeatures'
    required:
      - supi
RgAuthenticationInfo:
  type: object
  properties:
    suci:
      $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/Suci'
    authenticatedInd:
      type: boolean
      default: false
    supportedFeatures:
      $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/SupportedFeatures'
    required:
      - suci
      - authenticatedInd
RgAuthCtx:
  type: object
  properties:
    authResult:

```

```

    $ref: '#/components/schemas/AuthResult'
  supi:
    $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/Supi'
  authInd:
    type: boolean
    default: false
  required:
    - authResult

AuthResult:
  type: string
  enum:
    - AUTHENTICATION_SUCCESS
    - AUTHENTICATION_FAILURE
    - AUTHENTICATION ONGOING
EapPayload:
  type: string
  format: base64
  description: contains an EAP packet
  nullable: true
Kseaf:
  type: string
  pattern: '[A-Fa-f0-9]{64}'
ResStar:
  type: string
  pattern: '[A-Fa-f0-9]{32}'
  nullable: true
HxresStar:
  type: string
  pattern: "[A-Fa-f0-9]{32}"
Suci:
  type: string
  pattern: '^((suci-(0-[0-9]{3}-[0-9]{2,3}|[1-7]-.-)-[0-9]{1,4}-(0-0-.-|[a-fA-F1-9]-([1-9]|1-9|[0-9]|1[0-9]{2}|2[0-4][0-9]|25[0-5]))-[a-fA-F0-9]+)|.+)$'
AuthType:
  anyOf:
    - type: string
    enum:
      - 5G_AKA
      - EAP_AKA_PRIME
      - EAP_TLS
    - type: string

```

A.3 Nausf_SoRProtection API

```

openapi: 3.0.0
info:
  version: 1.1.4
  title: Nausf_SoRProtection Service
  description: |
    AUSF SoR Protection Service.
    © 2025, 3GPP Organizational Partners (ARIB, ATIS, CCSA, ETSI, TSDSI, TTA, TTC).
    All rights reserved.

externalDocs:
  description: 3GPP TS 29.509 V16.11.0; 5G System; Authentication Server Services
  url: 'http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/Specs/archive/29_series/29.509'

servers:
  - url: '{apiRoot}/nausf-sorprotection/v1'
    variables:
      apiRoot:
        default: https://example.com
        description: apiRoot as defined in clause 4.4 of 3GPP TS 29.501.

security:
  - {}
  - oAuth2ClientCredentials:
    - nausf-sorprotection

paths:
  /{supi}/ue-sor:
    post:
      parameters:
        - name: supi
          in: path

```

```

        description: Identifier of the UE
        required: true
        schema:
          $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/Supi'
    requestBody:
      content:
        application/json:
          schema:
            $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/SorInfo'
        required: true
    responses:
      '200':
        description: SorSecurityInfo
        content:
          application/json:
            schema:
              $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/SorSecurityInfo'
      '307':
        $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/responses/307'
      '308':
        $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/responses/308'
      '503':
        description: Service Unavailable
        content:
          application/problem+json:
            schema:
              $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/ProblemDetails'
  components:
    securitySchemes:
      oAuth2ClientCredentials:
        type: oauth2
        flows:
          clientCredentials:
            tokenUrl: '{nrfApiRoot}/oauth2/token'
            scopes:
              nausf-sorprotection: Access to the Nausf_SorProtection API
    schemas:
# COMPLEX TYPES:
#
  SorInfo:
    type: object
    properties:
      steeringContainer:
        $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/SteeringContainer'
      ackInd:
        $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/AckInd'
      supportedFeatures:
        $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/SupportedFeatures'
    required:
      - ackInd
  SorSecurityInfo:
    type: object
    properties:
      sorMacIausf:
        $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/SorMac'
      counterSor:
        $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/CounterSor'
      sorXmacIue:
        $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/SorMac'
    required:
      - sorMacIausf
      - counterSor
  SteeringContainer:
    oneOf:
      - type: array
        items:
          $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/SteeringInfo'
        minItems: 1
      - $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/SecuredPacket'
  SteeringInfo:
    type: object
    properties:
      plmnId:
        $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/PlmnId'
      accessTechList:
        type: array
        items:
          $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/AccessTech'

```

```

        minItems: 1
        required:
          - plmnId
# SIMPLE TYPES:
#
SorMac:
  type: string
  pattern: '^[A-Fa-f0-9]{32}$'
CounterSor:
  type: string
  pattern: '^[A-Fa-f0-9]{4}$'
AckInd:
  type: boolean
SecuredPacket:
  type: string
  format: base64
# ENUMS:

AccessTech:
  anyOf:
    - type: string
      enum:
        - NR
        - EUTRAN_IN_WBS1_MODE_AND_NBS1_MODE
        - EUTRAN_IN_NBS1_MODE_ONLY
        - EUTRAN_IN_WBS1_MODE_ONLY
        - UTRAN
        - GSM_AND_ECGSM_IoT
        - GSM_WITHOUT_ECGSM_IoT
        - ECGSM_IoT_ONLY
        - CDMA_1xRTT
        - CDMA_HRPD
        - GSM_COMPACT
        - SATELLITE_NG_RAN
    - type: string

```

A.4 Nausf_UPUProtection API

openapi: 3.0.0

```

info:
  version: 1.1.4
  title: Nausf_UPUProtection Service
  description: |
    AUSF UPU Protection Service
    © 2022, 3GPP Organizational Partners (ARIB, ATIS, CCSA, ETSI, TSDSI, TTA, TTC).
    All rights reserved.

```

```

externalDocs:
  description: 3GPP TS 29.509 V16.9.0; 5G System; Authentication Server Services
  url: 'http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/Specs/archive/29_series/29.509'

```

```

servers:
  - url: '{apiRoot}/nausf-upuprotection/v1'
    variables:
      apiRoot:
        default: https://example.com
        description: apiRoot as defined in clause 4.4 of 3GPP TS 29.501.

```

```

security:
  - {}
  - oAuth2ClientCredentials:
      - nausf-upuprotection

```

```

paths:
  /{supi}/ue-upu:
    post:
      parameters:
        - name: supi
          in: path
          description: Identifier of the UE
          required: true
          schema:
            $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/Supi'
      requestBody:

```

```

    content:
      application/json:
        schema:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/UpuInfo'
    required: true
  responses:
    '200':
      description: UpuSecurityInfo
      content:
        application/json:
          schema:
            $ref: '#/components/schemas/UpuSecurityInfo'

    '503':
      description: Service Unavailable
      content:
        application/problem+json:
          schema:
            $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/ProblemDetails'
    '307':
      $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/responses/307'
    '308':
      $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/responses/307'

components:
  securitySchemes:
    oAuth2ClientCredentials:
      type: oauth2
      flows:
        clientCredentials:
          tokenUrl: '{nrfApiRoot}/oauth2/token'
          scopes:
            nausf-upuprotection: Access to the Nausf_UPUProtection API

  schemas:
#
# COMPLEX TYPES:
#
  UpuInfo:
    type: object
    properties:
      upuDataList:
        type: array
        items:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/UpuData'
        minItems: 1
      upuHeader:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/UpuHeader'
      upuAckInd:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/UpuAckInd'
      supportedFeatures:
        $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/SupportedFeatures'
    required:
      - upuDataList
      - upuAckInd

  UpuSecurityInfo:
    type: object
    properties:
      upuMacIausf:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/UpuMac'
      counterUpu:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/CounterUpu'
      upuXmacIue:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/UpuMac'
    required:
      - upuMacIausf
      - counterUpu

  UpuData:
    type: object
    properties:
      secPacket:
        $ref: 'TS29509_Nausf_SoRProtection.yaml#/components/schemas/SecuredPacket'
      defaultConfNssai:
        type: array
        items:

```

```
    $ref: 'TS29571_CommonData.yaml#/components/schemas/Snssai'
  minItems: 1
  routingId:
    $ref: 'TS29544_Nspaf_SecuredPacket.yaml#/components/schemas/RoutingId'
```

```
#
# SIMPLE TYPES:
#
```

```
UpuMac:
  type: string
  pattern: '^[A-Fa-f0-9]{32}$'
```

```
CounterUpu:
  type: string
  pattern: '^[A-Fa-f0-9]{4}$'
```

```
UpuAckInd:
  type: boolean
```

```
UpuHeader:
  type: string
  pattern: '^[A-Fa-f0-9]{2}$'
```

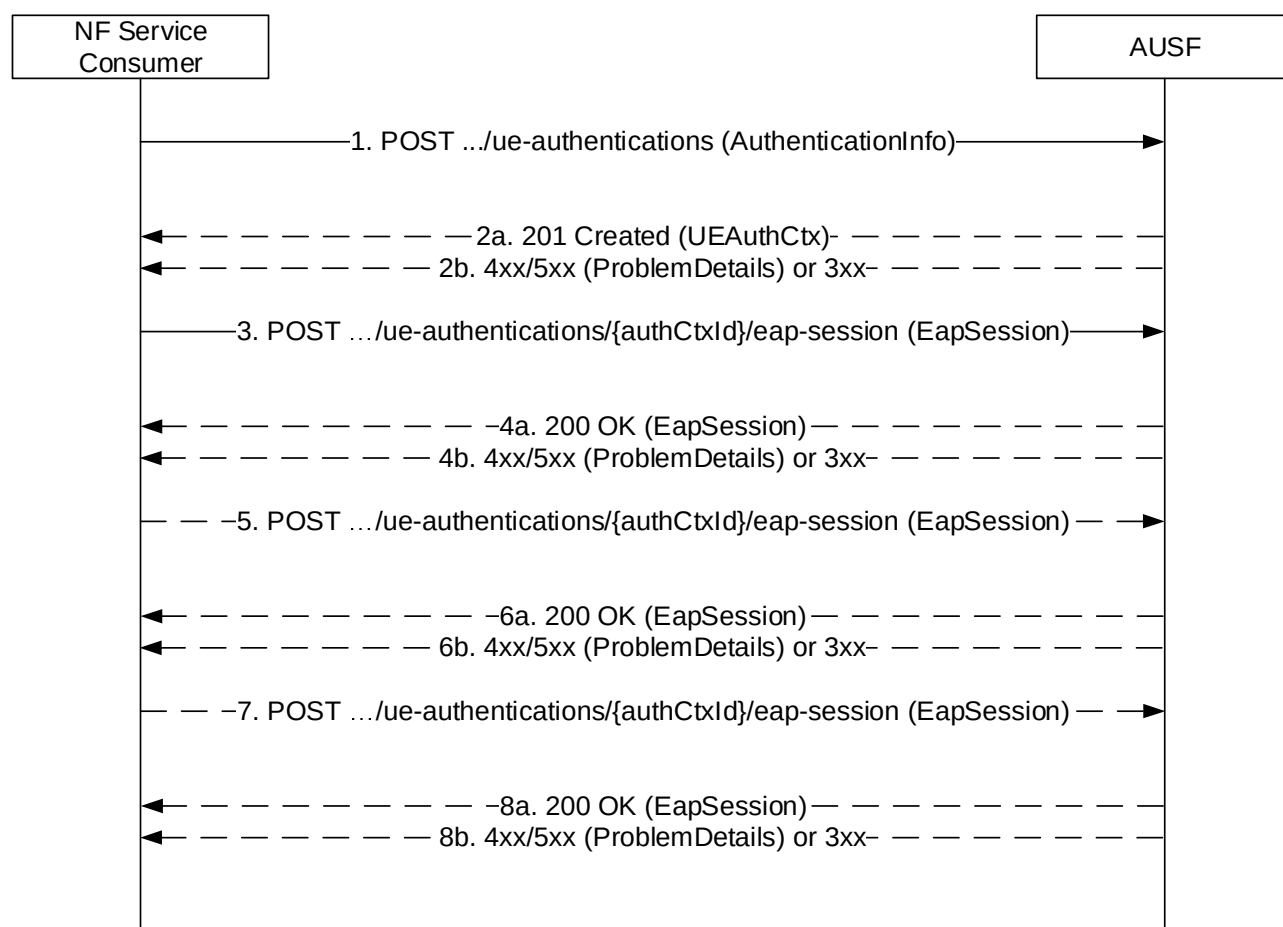
Annex B (Informative): Use of EAP-TLS

B.1 General

The Annex B of 3GPP TS 33.501 [8] describes the use of EAP-TLS as an alternative authentication method in the case of private network. This annex describes corresponding stage 3.

B.2 EAP method: EAP-TLS

EAP-TLS as defined in IETF RFC 5216 [16] is the EAP method used in this procedure. This procedure is described in Annex B.2.1 of 3GPP TS 33.501 [8].



- 1 The NF Service Consumer (AMF) shall send a POST request to the AUSF. The payload of the body shall contain at least the UE Id and Serving Network Name.
- 2a. On success, "201 Created" shall be returned. The payload body shall contain the representation of the resource generated and the "Location" header shall contain the URI of the generated resource (e.g. `.../v1/ue_authentications/{authCtxId}/eap-session`). The AUSF generates a sub-resource "eap-session". The AUSF shall provide a hypermedia link towards this sub-resource in the payload to indicate to the AMF where it shall send a POST containing the EAP packet response. The body payload shall also contain the EAP packet EAP-Request/EAP-Type=EAP-TLS (TLS Start)

- 2b. On failure or redirection, one of the HTTP status code listed in table 6.1.3.2.3.1-3 shall be returned. For a 4xx/5xx response, the message body may contain a ProblemDetails structure with the "cause" attribute set to one of the application error listed in Table 6.1.3.2.3.1-3. In particular, if the serving network is not authorized, the AUSF shall use the "Cause" SERVING_NETWORK_NOT_AUTHORIZED.
- 3. Based on the relation type, the NF Service Consumer (AMF) shall send a POST request including the EAP-Response/EAP-Type=EAP-TLS (TLS client_hello) received from the UE. The POST request is sent to the URI provided by the AUSF or derived by the NF Service Consumer (AMF).
- 4a. On success, the AUSF shall reply with a "200 OK" HTTP message containing the EAP Request as described in Annex B.2.1 of 3GPP TS 33.501 [8] and a hypermedia link towards the sub-resource "eap-session".
- 4b. On failure or redirection, one of the HTTP status code listed in table 6.1.3.4.3.1-3 shall be returned. For a 4xx/5xx response, the message body may contain a ProblemDetails structure with the "cause" attribute set to one of the application error listed in Table 6.1.3.4.3.1-3.
- 5. The NF Service Consumer (AMF) shall send a POST request including the EAP Response received from the UE. The POST request is sent to the URI provided by the AUSF or derived by the NF Service Consumer (AMF).
- 6a. On success, the AUSF shall reply with a "200 OK" HTTP message containing the EAP Request as described in Annex B.2.1 of 3GPP TS 33.501 [8] and a hypermedia link towards the sub-resource "eap-session".
- 6b. On failure or redirection, one of the HTTP status code listed in table 6.1.7.3-1 shall be returned with the message body containing a ProblemDetails structure with the "cause" attribute set to one of the application error listed in Table 6.1.7.3-1.
- 7. The NF Service Consumer (AMF) shall send a POST request including the EAP Response received from the UE. The POST request is sent to the URI provided by the AUSF or derived by the NF Service Consumer (AMF).
- 8a. If the EAP authentication exchange is successfully completed (with or without the optional Notification Request/Response messages exchange), "200 OK" shall be returned to the NF Service Consumer (AMF). The payload shall contain the result of the authentication, an EAP success/failure and the Kseaf if the authentication is successful.
- 8b. On failure or redirection, one of the HTTP status code listed in table 6.1.3.4.3.1-3 shall be returned. For a 4xx/5xx response, the message body may contain a ProblemDetails structure with the "cause" attribute set to one of the application error listed in Table 6.1.3.4.3.1-3.

Annex C (informative): Withdrawn API versions

C.1 General

This Annex lists withdrawn API versions of the APIs defined in the present specification. 3GPP TS 29.501 [5] clause 4.3.1.6 describes the withdrawal of API versions.

C.2 Nausf_SoRProtection API

The API versions listed in table C.2-1 are withdrawn for the Nausf_SoRProtection API.

Table C.2-1: Withdrawn API versions of the Nausf_SoRProtection service

API version number	Reason for withdrawal
1.0.0	The version 1.0.0 indicates that a 201 "Created" must be sent in response to the POST Custom Operations while it should be a "200 OK" as indicated in clause 6.2.3.2.4.2.2. The version 1.0.1 corrects this mistake. As a consequence, the version 1.0.0 is withdrawn in order to avoid interoperability problems with further version of the Nausf_SoRProtection service.

Annex D (informative): Change history

Change history							
Date	Meeting	TDoc	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject/Comment	New version
2017-10	CT4#80	C4-175268				Initial Draft.(Agreed Skeleton)	0.1.0
2017-10	CT4#80	C4-175394				Inclusion of pCR agrees during CT4#80: C4-175269 and C4-175270	0.2.0
2017-12	CT4#81	C4-176437				Inclusion of pCR agrees during CT4#81: C4-176267, C4-176269, C4-176426, C4-17427	0.3.0
2018-01	CT4#82	C4-181391				Inclusion of pCR agrees during CT4#82: C4-181341, C4-181342, C4-181343, C4-181344, C4-181345, C4-181346, C4-181347, C4-181155	0.4.0
2018-03	CT4#83	C4-182434				Inclusion of pCRs agrees during CT4#83: C4-182283 and C4-182279	0.5.0
2018-03	CT#79	CP-180031				Presented for information	1.0.0
2018-04	CT4#84	C4-183516				Inclusion of pCRs agreed during CT4#84: C4-183309, C4-183313, C4-183346, C4-183347 and C4-183448	1.1.0
2018-05	CT4#85	C4-184623				Inclusion of PCR agrees during CT4#83: C4-184219, C4-184220, C4-184224, C4-184227, C4-184227, C4-184362, C4-184363, C4-184367, C4-184368, C4-184370, C4-184376, C4-184380, C4-184584, C4-184624	1.2.0
2018-06	CT#80	CP-181104				Presented for approval	2.0.0
2018-06	CT#80					Approved in CT#80.	15.0.0
2018-09	CT#81	CP-182059	0002	2	F	Requester ID in Authentication Info	15.1.0
2018-09	CT#81	CP-182059	0003	1	F	HTTP method in figure 5.2.2.2.2-1 (Note: clause 6.1.3.1 is not included, already covered)	15.1.0
2018-09	CT#81	CP-182059	0004	4	F	SoRProtection service operation	15.1.0
2018-09	CT#81	CP-182059	0010	1	F	Adding TS 33.501 reference	15.1.0
2018-09	CT#81	CP-182059	0011	-	F	HTTP Custom Header	15.1.0
2018-09	CT#81	CP-182059	0013	1	F	SUPI sends to AMF	15.1.0
2018-09	CT#81	CP-182068	0014	2	B	5G Trace for AUSF	15.1.0
2018-09	CT#81	CP-182013	0015	2	F	Making OAuth 2.0 optional in OAS description	15.1.0
2018-09	CT#81	CP-182059	0016	1	F	Editorial Corrections	15.1.0
2018-09	CT#81	CP-182059	0017	1	F	Error code correction	15.1.0
2018-09	CT#81	CP-182059	0018	1	F	Add support to EAP-TLS (Optional)	15.1.0
2018-09	CT#81	CP-182059	0019	-	F	Correcting Presentation of resources for AUSF API	15.1.0
2018-09	CT#81	CP-182059	0020	1	F	Correcting confirmation message	15.1.0
2018-09	CT#81	CP-182059	0021	-	F	API version number update	15.1.0
2018-12	CT#82	CP-183017	0026	-	F	Remove the "supiOrSuci" in Confirmation Data	15.2.0
2018-12	CT#82	CP-183017	0027	-	F	Correcting Resource URI structure of the SoRProtection Service	15.2.0
2018-12	CT#82	CP-183017	0030	-	F	Cardinality	15.2.0
2018-12	CT#82	CP-183017	0031	-	F	Add supi and authResult to EapSession in OpenAPI definitions	15.2.0
2018-12	CT#82	CP-183017	0022	-	F	Requester ID not needed in initial request from AMF	15.2.0
2018-12	CT#82	CP-183017	0023	-	F	Delaying transmission of Kseaf	15.2.0
2018-12	CT#82	CP-183017	0024	1	F	Correcting the reference to EAP-AKA'	15.2.0
2018-12	CT#82	CP-183017	0025	1	F	Adding a reference to the Annex in the Specification	15.2.0
2018-12	CT#82	CP-183017	0028	1	F	Error handling in AUSF	15.2.0
2018-12	CT#82	CP-183017	0029	1	F	Add a reference to the IETF RFC 3748 on EAP Framework	15.2.0
2018-12	CT#82	CP-183017	0032	-	F	Base64 reference	15.2.0
2018-12	CT#82	CP-183017	0033	-	F	APIRoot Clarification	15.2.0
2018-12	CT#82	CP-183017	0034	-	F	Reference correction	15.2.0
2018-12	CT#82	CP-183017	0036	-	F	OpenAPI version number for Nausf_UEAuthentication service	15.2.0
2018-12	CT#82	CP-183017	0037	1	F	OpenAPI version number for Nausf_SoRProtection	15.2.0
2018-12	CT#82	CP-183017	0038	1	F	Correct "externalDocs" for Nausf_UEAuthentication OAS	15.2.0
2018-12	CT#82	CP-183017	0039	1	F	Clarification on the 200 OK returned by AUSF in case of authentication failure	15.2.0
2018-12	CT#82	CP-183017	0040	-	F	Secured packet in SorInfo	15.2.0
2018-12	CT#82	CP-183170	0035	2		Location Header in OpenAPI	15.2.0
2018-12	CT#82	CP-183172	0041	-	F	Alignment for OAuth scopes - Nausf_UEAuthentication	15.2.0
2018-12	CT#82	CP-183173	0042	-	F	Alignment for OAuth scopes - Nausf_SoRProtection	15.2.0
2018-12	CT#82	CP-183203	0043	-	F	externalDocs for Nausf_SoRProtection OpenAPI Annex	15.2.0
2019-03	CT#83	CP-190022	0047	1	F	Mandatory HTTP status codes	15.3.0
2019-03	CT#83	CP-190022	0049	1	F	SoR Protection response code alignment	15.3.0
2019-03	CT#83	CP-190022	0044	3	F	Authentication Failure scenarios	15.3.0
2019-03	CT#83	CP-190153	0046	7	F	UE parameters update support (indicated as C4-190618 + C4-190618_rev7l)	15.3.0
2019-03	CT#83	CP-19205	0050	1	F	3GPP TS 29.509 API version update	15.3.0
2019-06	CT#84	CP-191033	0051	-	F	Correct the expression of URI variables in 5g-aka-confirmation resource	15.4.0
2019-06	CT#84	CP-191033	0053	2	F	Storage of OpenAPI specification files	15.4.0
2019-06	CT#84	CP-191033	0056	-	F	AUSF Tracing Targeting a PEI	15.4.0
2019-06	CT#84	CP-191033	0055	1	F	Determination of the Authentication Method	15.4.0

2019-06	CT#84	CP-191218	0059	4	F	Add withdrawn API version Annex	15.4.0
2019-06	CT#84	CP-191033	0058	1	F	Essential correction to add Copyright on OpenAPI specifications	15.4.0
2019-06	CT#84	CP-191057	0054	1	F	Non cacheable 501 response	16.0.0
2019-06	CT#84	CP-191057	0057	1	B	UDM service discovery based on GroupID and/or RoutingID	16.0.0
2019-06	CT#84	CP-191223	0060	2	F	3GPP TS 29.509 API version update	16.0.0
2019-09	CT#85	CP-192106	0063	1	F	Missing status codes	16.1.0
2019-09	CT#85	CP-192120	0066	-	F	API version and ExternalDocs update	16.1.0
2019-10						Corrupted references fixed	16.1.1
2019-12	CT#86	CP-193063	0072	-	F	Add UPU protection in AUSF functionality	16.2.0
2019-12	CT#86	CP-193058	0067	1	B	RoutingId	16.2.0
2019-12	CT#86	CP-193134	0069	2	B	Authentication Indication from W-AGF (tmp)	16.2.0
2019-12	CT#86	CP-193241	0071	2	F	Move ExternalDocs in OpenAPI specifications	16.2.0
2019-12	CT#86	CP-193036	0068	1	F	EAP Payload	16.2.0
2019-12	CT#86	CP-193036	0070	1	F	Add reference to TS 29.524	16.2.0
2019-12	CT#86	CP-193044	0074	-	F	3GPP TS 29.509 API version update	16.2.0
2020-03	CT#87-e	CP-200020	0076	1	F	Reference to Data Type SteeringInfo	16.3.0
2020-03	CT#87-e	CP-200242	0082	-	F	Initial Registration procedure on a CAG Cell	16.3.0
2020-03	CT#87-e	CP-200039	0075	1	F	Add Corresponding API descriptions in clause 5.1	16.3.0
2020-03	CT#87-e	CP-200039	0077	2	F	Correction - formatting consistency	16.3.0
2020-03	CT#87-e	CP-200035	0078	2	F	Editorial corrections	16.3.0
2020-03	CT#87-e	CP-200035	0081	1	F	SUPI pattern	16.3.0
2020-03	CT#87-e	CP-200242	0083	1	F	AUSF service update for the authentication result removal	16.3.0
2020-03	CT#87-e	CP-200020	079	2	F	Optionality of ProblemDetails	16.3.0
2020-03	CT#87-e	CP-200052	0084	-	F	3GPP TS 29.509 Rel16 API version and External doc update	16.3.0
2020-03	CT#87-e	CP-200252	0085	-	F	OTAF NF name change to SP-AF	16.3.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201034	0093	-	D	Editorial Clarifications	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201034	0095	-	B	Maintain only latest Kausf in network	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201034	0096	-	F	AUSF service update for the authentication result removal	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201034	0097	-	F	Miscellaneous Corrections	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201048	0094	1	B	N5GC device Authentication	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201063	0086	1	F	Supported Headers Tables for Response code 201	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201063	0091	1	F	Datatype column in Resource URI variables Table	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201063	0092	1	F	Add custom operation Name	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201063	0088	2	F	Editorial Error Corrections	16.4.0
2020-06	CT#88-e	CP-201073	0098	-	F	29.509 Rel16 API version and External doc update	16.4.0
2020-09	CT#89-e	CP-202088	0100	-	F	Custom Operation Correction	16.5.0
2020-09	CT#89-e	CP-202043	0103	-	F	SoR Header	16.5.0
2020-09	CT#89-e	CP-202115	0104	-	F	Corrections on SoRProtection service	16.5.0
2020-09	CT#89-e	CP-202110	0105	-	F	Corrections on UPUProtection service	16.5.0
2020-09	CT#89-e	CP-202089	0101	1	F	Storage of YAML files in 3GPP Forge	16.5.0
2020-12	CT#90-e	CP-203042	0110	2	F	Initial Registration procedure on a CAG Cell	16.6.0
2020-12	CT#90-e	CP-203036	0111	-	F	API Version and External Doc update	16.6.0
2021-02						Clauses 5.2.2.X/5.2.2.X.1 numbered correctly	16.6.1
2021-03	CT#91-e	CP-210037	0118	1	F	HTTP 3xx redirection	16.7.0
2021-03	CT#91-e	CP-210054	0122	-	F	API version and External Doc Update	16.7.0
2021-09	CT#93-e	CP-212082	0129	1	A	UPU Header with UPU Data Protection	16.8.0
2021-09	CT#93-e	CP-212080	0133	-	F	29.509 Rel-16 API version and External doc update	16.8.0
2022-03	CT#95-e	CP-220026	0148	-	F	Routing Indicator	16.9.0
2022-03	CT#95-e	CP-220047	0140	-	F	SNPN onboarding impacts on AUSF services – R16	16.9.0
2202-03	CT#95-e	CP-22069	0150	-	F	307/308 redirection	16.9.0
2022-03	CT#95-e	CP-220073	0154	-	F	Update of RID in ME	16.9.0
2022-03	CT#95-e	CP-220067	0156	-	F	29.509 Rel-16 API version and External doc update	16.9.0
2022-06	CT#96	CP-221056	0166	-	F	IETF has published RFC 9048	16.10.0
2025-12	CT#110	CP-253133	0237	-	F	Access Tech	16.11.0
2025-12	CT#110	CP-253164	0244	-	F	29.509 Rel-16 API version and External doc update	16.11.0

History

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